# Nakayama's Extension Theorems Summer 2025 Note I.1 — 08, 17, 2025 (draft version) Yi Li

The aim of this note is to prove the following two extension results appear in Nakayama's book [Nak04].

Theorem 1 ([Nak04, Theorem VI.3.7]).

(1) Let L be a  $\pi$ -pseudo-effective  $\mathbb{Z}$ -divisor of V such that  $L - (K_V + X + \Delta)$  is  $\pi$ -nef. (2) Let  $\Lambda$  be a  $\pi$ -nef and  $\pi$ -big  $\mathbb{Q}$ -divisor of V such that  $\Delta \geq \langle \Lambda \rangle$  and  $k\Lambda \in \mathbb{E}_{\text{big}}$  is for some  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ . Then (A) The homomorphism

$$\pi_* \mathcal{O}_V (lL + |\Lambda|) \to \pi_* \mathcal{O}_X (lL + |\Lambda|)$$

is surjective for  $l \gg 0$ .

(B) If  $L|_X$  is  $(\pi|_X)$ -pseudo-effective, then the homomorphism above is surjective for any l>0.

**Theorem 2** ([Nak04, Theorem VI.3.16]). Let L be a  $\pi$ -abundant divisor of V. Suppose that (1)  $\pi(X_i)$  is a prime divisor of S for any  $X_i$ , (2)  $L - (K_V + X + \Delta)$  is  $\pi$ -nef and  $\pi$ -abundant, (3)  $\kappa(L|_{X_i}; X_i/\pi(X_i)) \geq \kappa(L; V/S)$  for any i.

Then the restriction homomorphism  $\pi_*\mathcal{O}_V(lL) \to \pi_*\mathcal{O}_X(lL)$  is surjective for any  $l \geq 1$ .

Our presentation uses slightly different notation, and several simplifications are made. For example, we may assume the divisor X in the book to be the central fiber of the family, and several assumptions becomes vacus then. We also adopt the notations in [BCHM10] and [HM10] and also [Kaw24], for example the multiplier ideal sheaves are denoted as

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## 1 Base ideal sheaves and Multiplier ideal sheaves

The majore tools that will be used is the multiplier ideal sheaves.

### 2 Nakayama's blueprint theorem

The following result will be the blueprint for the extension theorem.

**Theorem 3.** Let L and L' be  $\mathbb{Q}$ -divisors of V with  $\langle L \rangle \leq \Delta$  such that (L, L') satisfies one of the three conditions (VI-3), (VI-4), and (VI-5). Suppose that there exist - a rational number  $0 < \beta < 1$ , positive integers m, m', and an integer b, -  $\mathbb{Z}$ -divisors A and D of V, and - a bimeromorphic morphism  $\rho: W \to V$  from a non-singular variety satisfying the following conditions:

- (1) mL, m'L, and bL' are  $\mathbb{Z}$ -divisors with  $mL + A \in \mathbb{E}_V, m'L + bL' \in \mathbb{E}_V$ ;
- (2)  $m\beta \le m' + b\beta$  and  $L' \beta L$  is  $\pi$ -semi-ample;
- (3)  $\mathcal{I}[mL] \subset \mathcal{J}[mL+A];$
- (4) D is an effective divisor containing no components of X and  $(V\&X, \Delta+(1/m)D)$  is log-terminal along X;
- (5)  $\rho$  satisfies the conditions **E** for mL + A and **E** for m'L + bL' in which the inequality

$$-E(mL + A) \le \rho^* D - E(m'L + bL')$$

holds. Then  $\pi_*\mathcal{O}_V\left(L_LL_\perp\right) \to \pi_*\mathcal{O}_X\left(L_LL_\perp\right)$  is surjective.

#### 3 Nakayama's extension theorem under nef and big conditions

# 4 Nakayama's extension theorem under nef and abundant conditions

In this section we will give a proof of the following result.

#### References

- [BCHM10] C. Birkar, P. Cascini, C.D. Hacon, and J. McKernan, Existence of minimal models for varieties of log general type, Journal of the American Mathematical Society 23 (2010), no. 2, 405–468.
- [HM10] C.D. Hacon and J. McKernan, Existence of minimal models for varieties of log general type. II, J. Amer. Math. Soc. 23 (2010), no. 2, 469–490.
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- [Nak04] N. Nakayama, Zariski-decomposition and abundance, MSJ Memoirs, vol. 14, Mathematical Society of Japan, Tokyo, 2004.