BDPP reading notes

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Yi Li

1 Overview

This aim of this note is to introduce the BDPP theorem for projective [BDPP13] and Kahler manifold [Ou25]. Varies applications of the BDPP theorem are shown.

2 Transcendentla cone

On a compact Kähler manifold, there may not have plently of divisors. To make sense varies positivities, it is necessary to introduce the transcendentla cones.

3 Duality between varies cones

The following theorem shows the duality between pseudo-effective cone and movable cone on the projective manifold.

Theorem 1. Let X be a projective manifold, then the pseudo-effective cone is dual to the cone of movable curves

$$\mathcal{E} = \overline{\mathrm{Mov}(X)}^{\vee}.$$

In other words, a divisor is pseudo-effective iff it has non-negative intersection with any movable curves.

Remark 2. David [WN19] proved ...

4 Characterization of the projective uniruled manifold

The projective uniruled manifold is characterized by the pseudo-effectiveness of the canonical bundle.

Lemma 3. Given a movable curve C, there exist a covering family $\bigcup_{t \in S} C_t$ contains C, which covers a dense open subset of X. To be more precise, we can find a diagram

$$\begin{array}{c}
\mathcal{C} \xrightarrow{\phi} X \\
f \downarrow \\
S
\end{array}$$

with f a fibration, with fibers C_t and ϕ is dominant generic finite morphism, with $\{C_t\}_{t\in S}$ lies the same numerical class.

Proof.

Theorem 4 ([BDPP13, Corollary 0.3]). Let X be a projective manifold. Then X is uniruled iff K_X is not pseudo-effectiveness.

Remark 5. One direction of the proof is easy, and can be adopted to the Kähler manifold. The converse direction (say K_X is not pseudo-effective) implies uniruled of X is non-trivial, which requires the Mori bend and break technique and the duality between pseudo-effective cone and movable cone.

Remark 6. Miyaoka and Mori [MM86] proved that a projective manifold is uniruled iff there exist an open subset over which there exist a K_X -negative curve passing through it. For more discussion about Miyaokao-Mori theorem (and varies properties of uniruled manifold) see my Note 15.

Proof. It's sufficient to prove that if K_X is not pseudo-effective, then X is uniruled. By duality of pseudo-effective cone and movable cone, we know that there exists a movable curve such that

$$K_X \cdot C < 0$$
.

We need to produce a covering family of K_X -negative irreducible curves using the movable curve C.

We can generalize the BDPP theorem to the singular case.

Theorem 7. Let (X, B) be a \mathbb{Q} -factorial log pair. If $K_X + B$ is not pseudo-effective, then X is uniruled.

Remark 8. Rational curves on singular space is tricky. See more discussion on my notes note-9 Rational curves on Moishezon space, Kaehler varieties.

Proof. Taking the log resolution

$$f: X' \to X$$

such that $f^*(K_X + B) = K_{X'} + B'$. Since being uniruled is birational invariant, if X is not uniruled, then so it is X'. Then by the BDPP theorem we just proved, $K_{X'}$ is pseudo-effective, thus K_X is pseudo-effective. Since B is effective, $K_X + B$ is pseudo-effective.

We can characterize the uniruled variety using subsheaf of tangent sheaf

Theorem 9. Let X be a projective manifold, $\mathscr{F} \subset T_X$ be a coherent subsheaf such that det $\mathscr{F}^* \subset T_X$ is not pseudo-effective, then X is uniruled.

Proof.

5 Proof of BDPP conjecture for Kähler manifold

Recently, [Ou25] proved the BDPP conjecture for the compact Kähler manifold. In this section, we will briefly introduce the result that he proved.

- 5.1 Algebraic integrability criteria under Kähler setting
- 5.2 Pseudo-effectiveness of the adjoint class
- 5.3 Proof of BDPP conjecture for compact Kähler manifold
- 6 Varies applications
- 6.1 Applications of duality of pseudo-effective cone and cone of movable curves
- 6.2 Producing rational curves using BDPP conjecture
- 6.3 Cone theorem using BDPP conjecture

References

- [BDPP13] Sébastien Boucksom, Jean-Pierre Demailly, Mihai Păun, and Thomas Peternell, *The pseudo-effective cone of a compact Kähler manifold and varieties of negative Kodaira dimension*, J. Algebraic Geom. **22** (2013), no. 2, 201–248.
- [MM86] Yoichi Miyaoka and Shigefumi Mori, A numerical criterion for uniruledness, Ann. of Math. (2) **124** (1986), no. 1, 65–69.
- [Ou25] Wenhao Ou, A characterization of uniruled compact kähler manifolds, 2025.
- [WN19] David Witt Nyström, Duality between the pseudoeffective and the movable cone on a projective manifold, J. Amer. Math. Soc. **32** (2019), no. 3, 675–689, With an appendix by Sébastien Boucksom.