



WATSKY

@gwatsky

always work on two projects at once, that way you can procrastinate on project A by messing around on project B, and when you get tired of project B you can waste time by working on project A. you will be twice as productive while doing nothing but procrastinate

Posted in r/ShittyLifeProTips by u/My_Memes_Will_Cure_U



Module 3-7

- Difference between the DOM and HTML
- Select elements from the DOM
- Describe the DOM structure
- innerText on HTML elements
- Create new DOM elements
- Traverse the DOM
- Investigate the living DOM in the browser

Document Object Model

- The Document Object Model (DOM for short) is a tree representation of all the HTML elements on a given web page.
- Most browsers have a "Developer Tools" interface that allows for quick inspection of a DOM element and how it relates to other elements on the page.
- The focus of today's lecture is how to use JavaScript to interact with the DOM.

DOM Manipulation

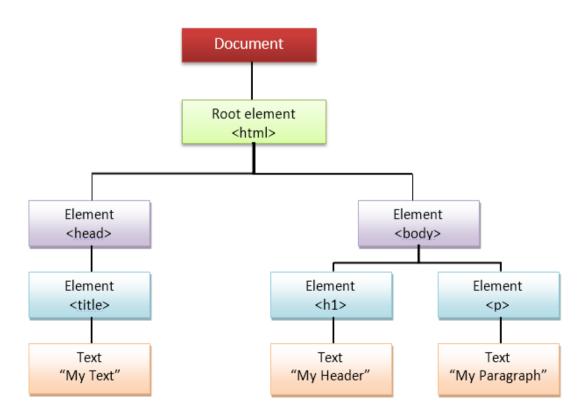
- Writing code to change and select information on the DOM using JavaScript while the page is loaded in the browser. We will be using Vanilla JavaScript for DOM manipulation
- Vanilla JavaScript
 - JavaScript that does not rely on any outside utility libraries to do things that can be done with functions and objects defined in the ECMAScript specification.



DOM vs. HTML

- The DOM is a model of a document with an associated API for manipulating it.
- HTML is markup language that lets you represent a certain kind of DOM in text.
- DOM is tree model to represent HTML.
- DOM doesn't always match the HTML source code

DOM



Chrome Developer Tools Demo



DOM Elements: ID's and Classes

Let's review id and classes for HTML elements. Consider the following HTML code:

```
I dedicate this page to my dog Horace
Some Widgets are Doodads
Some Doodads are Thingamagjigs
All Thingamajigs are Whatchamacallits
```

- The first paragraph is marked with an id ideally we use an id to uniquely identify one element.
- All other paragraphs are marked with a class ideally we can apply a class to several elements that we feel share some commonality.

DOM Elements: Properties

The id and class names are properties of a DOM Object. We have already dealt with a lot of these properties while learning CSS: height, width, color, etc.



getElementById

We can use getElementById to identify and assign a DOM element to a JavaScript variable. We can then interrogate or change its properties. Consider this example:



Note that we start off by targeting the intro paragraph, since we know it has an id of intro we can use the getElementByld method.

We assigned this DOM object to a variable called introParagrah.

We changed the innerText property to contain a different sentence.

getElementById

The end result of this example is that the HTML page will have "I
dedicate this page to Horatio The Cat", thus changing the original text.

- There is a similar property called innerHTML, that should be avoided as it allows for injection of unwanted JavaScript content beyond the text.
 - innerHTML that takes input from a user sets your page up for XSS
 - Rule of thumb if you want to change text, use innerText like we have done here.

Cross-Site Scripting attack (XSS)

- Hackers execute malicious JavaScript within a victim's browser
 - Code is run within user's browser
 - Code sits on top of legitimate website, tricking browsers into executing malware
- Persistent XSS
- Reflected XSS
- Self XSS
- Blind XSS
- DOM-based XSS

https://sucuri.net/guides/what-is-cross-site-scripting/

querySelectorAll

 getElementById is useful for identifying one DOM element but sometimes we need to identify several elements in one blow.

 In order to do this, we can leverage querySelectorAll which will return all matching elements and place them in an array.

querySelectorAll

Let's look at this example again:

```
class = 'content'>Some Widgets are Doodads
class = 'content'>Some Doodads are Thingamagjigs
class = 'content'>All Thingamajigs are Whatchamacallits
```

let paragraphs = document.querySelectorAll('.content');
console.log(paragraphs.length);

for (i = 0; i < paragraphs.length; i++) {
 let paragraph = paragraphs[i];
 paragraph.style.color = 'blue';
}</pre>

browser:

I dedicate this page to my dog.

Some Widgets are Doodads

Some Doodads are Thingamagjigs

All Thingamajigs are Whatchamacallits

querySelectorAll

Here's another example note what we've passed to the querySelectorAll method:

```
I dedicate this page to my dog.
Some Widgets are Doodads
Some Doodads are Thingamagjigs
All Thingamajigs are Whatchamacallits
```

```
let paragraphs = document.querySelectorAll('p');
console.log(paragraphs.length);

for (i = 0; i < paragraphs.length; i++) {
   let paragraph = paragraphs[i];
   paragraph.style.color = 'blue';
}</pre>
```

browser:

I dedicate this page to my dog.

Some Widgets are Doodads

Some Doodads are Thingamagjigs

All Thingamajigs are Whatchamacallits

querySelector

Finally, we have querySelector() which returns the first element found that matches a given criteria.

```
I dedicate this page to my dog Horace
Some Widgets are Doodads
Some Doodads are Thingamagjigs
All Thingamajigs are Whatchamacallits
```

```
let paragraph = document.querySelector('p');
console.log(paragraphs.innerText);

"I dedicate this page to my
dog Horace"
```

value and checked properties

value gets the value from a text field. checked returns status of radio or checkbox elements:



Creating DOM Elements

We can create brand new DOM elements from scratch. Consider the following

code: HTML Some Widgets are Doodads A brand new element (a list item) is being Some Doodads are Thingamagjigs created. All Thingamajigs are Whatchamacallits </111> <script src="thisScript.js"></script> We identify the parent. JS let extraListItem = document.createElement('li'); extraListItem.innerText = 'All Foos are Bars'; Append the brand new let parentList = document.getElementById('theList'); element to the parent. parentList.appendChild(extraListItem);

Assigning a class to an element

We can create brand new DOM elements from scratch. Consider the following code:

css
.importantStuff {
 color:red;
}

browser:

- Some Widgets are Doodads
- Some Doodads are Thingamagjigs
- All Thingamajigs are Whatchamacallits
- All Foos are Bars

JS

Inserting elements into the DOM

- insertAdjacentElement
 - beforeBegin
 - o afterBegin
 - beforeEnd
 - afterEnd

```
<!-- beforebegin -->

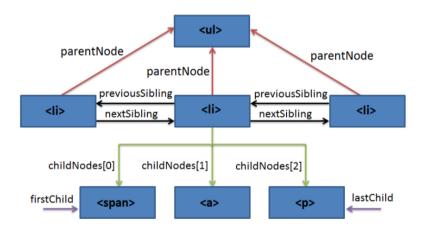
<!-- afterbegin -->
    foo
    <!-- beforeend -->

<!-- afterend -->
```

Traversing the DOM

```
\ul>
\node
\span>\node</span><a href="#">\node</a>\node
\node
```

- previousSibling
- nextSibling
- childNodes
- firstChild
- lastChild
- parentNode



Selecting children with children and childNodes

children

- Returns an HTML collection, which you can turn into array
- Returns elements that are children
 - Only contains HTML elements
 - Not text that might be in element

childNodes

- Returns a NodeList object that contains all nodes inside element (can also turn into array)
- Returns nodes that are children of element
 - Includes text and comments that are in DOM

parentNode and adjacent elements

- parentNode
 - Returns parent of element
- Adjacent elements
 - nextElementSibling
 - previousElementSibling

Exercise time...

(but first)...

Product Reviews for Cigar Parties for Dummies

Host and plan the perfect cigar party for all of your squirrelly friends.

Malcolm Gladwell



*** What a book!

It certainly is a book. I mean, I can see that. Pages kept together with glue (I hope that's glue) and there's writing on it, in some language.

Tim Ferriss



★★★★ Had a cigar party started in less than 4 hours.

It should have been called the four hour cigar party. That's amazing. I have a new idea for muse because of this.

Ramit Sethi



what every new entrepreneurs needs. A door stop.

When I sell my courses, I'm always telling people that if a book costs less than \$20, they should just buy it. If they only learn one thing from it, it was worth it. Wish I learned something from this

Gary Vaynerchuk



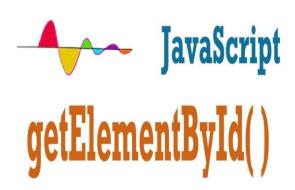
* And I thought I could write

There are a lot of good, solid tips in this book. I don't want to ruin it, but prelighting all the cigars is worth the price of admission alone.

Difference between the DOM and HTML

```
html
head
title
My first web page
body
Hello, world!
P
How are you?
```

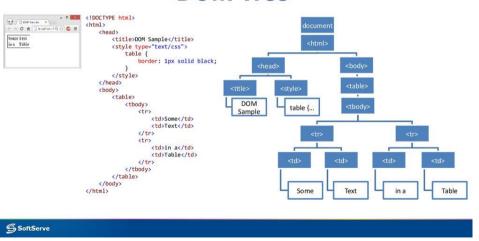
- Difference between the DOM and HTML
- Select elements from the DOM





- Difference between the DOM and HTML
- Select elements from the DOM
- Describe the DOM structure

DOM Tree



- Difference between the DOM and HTML
- Select elements from the DOM
- Describe the DOM structure
- innerText on HTML elements

```
Elements
                    Console
                             Sources
    0
                                  Filter Defau
        top
> let text = document.getElementById('eye-of-the-
  tiger');
undefined
> text.innerText = "it's the thrill of the fight";
"it's the thrill of the fight"
> text
    it's the thrill of
    the fight
> let textC = document.getElementById('eye-of-the-
  tiger');
undefined
> textC.textContent = "Risin' up to the challenge
  of our rival";
"Risin' up to the challenge of our rival"
```

- Difference between the DOM and HTML
- Select elements from the DOM
- Describe the DOM structure
- innerText on HTML elements
- Create new DOM elements

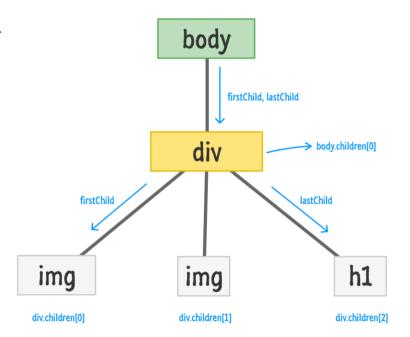
```
const mainDiv = document.querySelector(".main-div");
mainDiv.setAttribute("draggable", "true");

const deleteButton = document.createElement("button");
deleteButton.classList.add("deleteButton");
mainDiv.appendChild(deleteButton);

10
11
12
13
14
```



- Difference between the DOM and HTML
- Select elements from the DOM
- Describe the DOM structure
- innerText on HTML elements
- Create new DOM elements
- Traverse the DOM



- Difference between the DOM and HTML
- Select elements from the DOM
- Describe the DOM structure
- innerText on HTML elements
- Create new DOM elements
- Traverse the DOM
- Investigate the living DOM in the browser

```
<
```