

# Lab 2

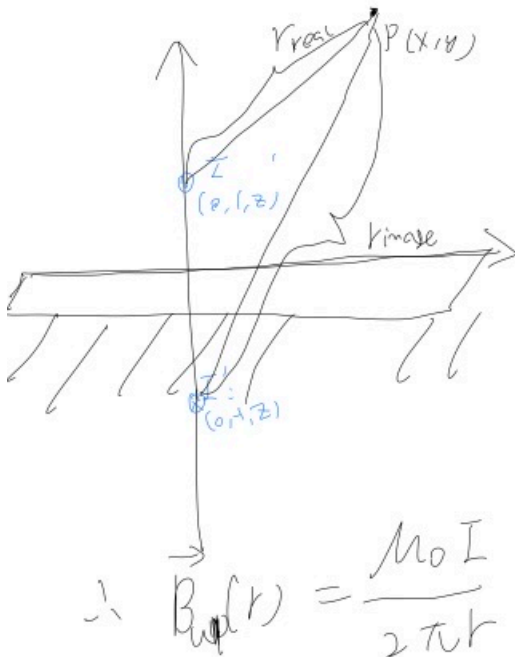
*Method of images in  
magnetostatics*

# *Matlab* assignment

- Derive an images solution for an infinite (unit) line current situated (a unit distance) above and parallel to a hyper-ferromagnetic infinite plane bounding an infinite hyper-ferromagnetic half space.
- Write a program to simulate the magnetic flux lines (directional curves) in this configuration (projected to a plane orthogonal to the current).
- Your solution should include sample *Matlab* code and 2-dimensional plots of the field lines generated therefrom.

Hint: consider the analogy with the electric case.

Yichen Lu 400247918 1 ug 191



Assume the wire position  $Z: (0, 1, z)$   
 Current  $I, [0, 0, I]$  (parallel with  $xy$ -plane)  
 image wire position  $[0, -1, z]$  current  $[0, 0, -I]$   
 Test point  $P: (x, y, z)$

$$\oint_L \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{L} = \mu_0 \sum I$$

(Ampere's law)

$$\therefore \vec{B} \cdot 2\pi r = \mu_0 I$$

$$\therefore \vec{B}_{\text{up}}(r) = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \quad \rightarrow \quad B_{\text{down}} = -\frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r}$$

$$\therefore r_{\text{real}} = \sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (y-1)^2} \quad ; \quad r_{\text{image}} = \sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (y+1)^2}$$

$$\therefore r = \sqrt{x^2 + (y-1)^2} \quad ; \quad r = \sqrt{x^2 + (y+1)^2}$$

$$\therefore \vec{B} = \vec{B}_{\text{real}} + \vec{B}_{\text{image}} = \frac{\mu_0 I x [x, y, 0]}{2\pi (\sqrt{x^2 + (y-1)^2})^2} - \frac{\mu_0 I x [x, y, 0]}{2\pi (\sqrt{x^2 + (y+1)^2})^2}$$

$$= \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi} \left( \frac{2}{2x^2 + (y-1)^2 + (y+1)^2} \right) a_x$$

$$+ \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi} \left( \frac{2x}{2x^2 + (y-1)^2 + (y+1)^2} \right) a_y$$

(for  $y > 0$ )