# SUMMARY OF "RUN FLOW" IN MICROBOONE

WESLEY KETCHUM
LANL

#### WHAT I UNDERSTAND OF THE...

## **BASIC FLOW**

#### RUN CONTROL

- Resource manager takes/reserves resources at request of run control
  - Permanently...?
- Application manager starts apps (sebApp, assemblerMain, monitoring?, etc.)
  - Configurations from a database
  - Processed into a fhicl file?
- We then progress through the state machine...

## **DAQ** SETUP

- Load configurations
- Configure
  - Assembler: not much...
  - Sebs: configure the readout crates
  - ASICs: configure
- "Make connections" (or, software configure)
  - Make connections between seb and assembler
  - Create internal buffers, files to write
- And then begin the run
  - Explicitly allow triggers?

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#### DATA FLOW IN TRIGGERED MODES

- See Georgia's description of triggers
  - Docdb 3137
- Trigger → data flow through the system
  - FEMs to XMIT (via VME backplane)
  - XMIT to PCIe card (via optical fiber)
  - PCIe card to SEB (via DMA)
  - SEB to EVB (via Ethernet)
- After N events, we seamlessly(?) start a new subrun
  - N determined by optimal data size for transfer to tape/ accessing data from tape (~ 200 GB ~ 10,000 events?)
  - Currently EVB just does this on its own, but EVB could report to run control...
  - New subrun → new files on evb (and sebs?)
- Start a new run after set amount of time
  - Based on stability of DAQ and/or necessity of calibrations

### **NEARLINE HANDLING**

- Swizzling on evb(?)
  - Beam data attached
  - Data gets out into LArSoft format
- Nearline monitoring
  - Could run on pre-LArSoft or post-LArSoft files
- Data to enstore from evb
  - Mechanics still to be worked out
  - Raw binaries and swizzled data sent out
- Offline process runs calibration process
  - Keeps accessing of calibration database off DAQ machines

NOW FOR SOMETHING COMPLETELY DIFFERENT...

## **ASIC CALIBRATION**

### WHAT'S DIFFERENT AND THE SAME

- Starts with run control again
- Basic configuration of assembler and sebs
  - Though no PMT FEMs used/configured (though, still that SEB gets used)
  - Readout window size is reduced
  - Events / subrun is smaller and definition of subrun a little different here
    - Each subrun will be a set of ASIC calibration and pulser settings
- Trigger: internal trigger
  - CALIB out triggers pulser

#### **BASIC FLOW**

- Configure and start run
- Pause after 100 events
  - Pause issued by evb?
- Change ASIC/pulser settings
- Resume
  - Decided by some flow manager in run control
- Repeat for all desired ASIC/pulser settings
- Swizzle and process events via a calibration run analysis routine
  - On evb?
- Put calibration results in database
- Read results back from database and check that they are good
  - Along with some other checks?
- Ship data to enstore at some point along here...

#### AND NOW FOR SOMETHING ALMOST THE SAME!

# LED FLASHER RUN

## WHAT'S DIFFERENT AND THE SAME

- All the same basic run control handles
- Include PMT FEMs in configuration, but otherwise very similar
  - Will need to define what subruns mean here, but likely different LED flash configurations
- Trigger: internal trigger
  - Again, with pulser driven by CALIB out
- Similar post-run handling
  - Swizzle, analyze, push to calibrations database, and verify

#### AND, A WHOLE DIFFERENT ANIMAL:

## LASER CALIBRATION

#### LASER RUN: ONLINE

- Run control starts the show again
- Software and hardware configuration
  - PMTs off
  - TPCs and SEBs configured normally
  - Laser and Laser SEBs included in run
  - Trigger set up for only the laser (IN2)
- Once everything is ready, run control gives the OK for the laser to fire
  - Laser SEB issues command to fire
  - Diode triggers readout on other crates
- All data collected on EVB
  - TPC/PMT SEB: deliver the typical information
  - Laser SEB sends its data to EVB as well
- EVB sends message saying full event recorded
  - Run control checks status of everything, then gives OK for the next trigger
- No subruns necessary here

#### LASER RUN: NEARLINE

- Swizzling of data, and then ship to enstore
- Analsysis likely done offline?
  - I assume so because I wonder if it's simple enough to do in near-real time
- Probably some quick monitoring histograms to check things are OK

# QUESTIONS?