

## Homework assignment – HW5

1.

The standard air density,  $D$ , (average of measurements made) at different heights,  $h$ , from sea level up to a height of 33 km is given below.

$h$ (km)	0	3	6	9	12	15
$D$ (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.2	0.91	0.66	0.47	0.31	0.19
$h$ (km)	18	21	24	27	30	33
$D$ (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.12	0.075	0.046	0.029	0.018	0.011

- Find a polynomial of order 3 that best fits the data.
- Create set of new values for 100 equally spaced elements of heights in the same range by interpolation using '*spline*' method.
- Plot the data points (blue circles) and the polynomial (green line).
- Title the plot, label the axes and add legend.

2.

A circular staircase can be modeled by the parametric equations:

$$x = R \cos\left(2\pi n \frac{t}{h}\right)$$

$$y = R \sin\left(2\pi n \frac{t}{h}\right)$$

$$z = \frac{t}{h}$$

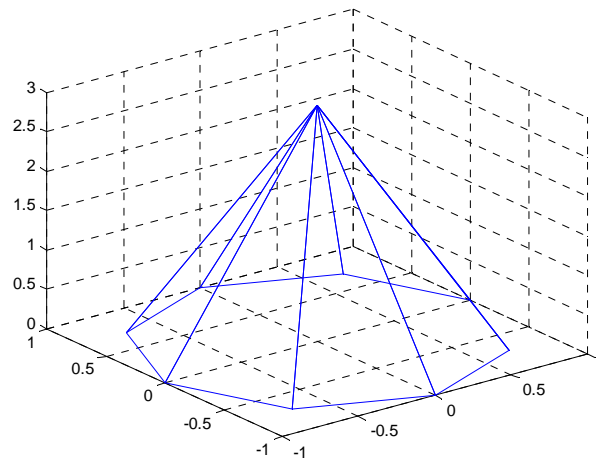
where  $R$  is the radius of the staircase,  $h$  is the height of the floors, and  $n$  is the number of revolutions that the staircase makes in each floor. A building has 2 floors with  $h = 3$  m. Make plots of two possible staircases. One with  $R = 1.5$  m and  $n = 3$ , and the other with  $R = 4$  m and  $n = 2$ . Plot the two staircases in the same figure.

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3.

Write a user-defined function that draws a pyramid. The inputs of the function will be n- the number of sides of the bases and h- the pyramid height. The name of the function will be **pyramid**.

For example, using the function **pyramid(8,3)** will give the following output:



4.

Define a function which plots a 3D-mesh, 3D-surface, 3D-contours and a combination of surface and contours for a given set of x, y and z vectors. The function uses subplot to display the four plots in one figure, titles the plots adds grids, colorbar and labels.

Use your function for:

a)  $z = -\frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{y^2}{6} \quad -4 \leq x \leq 4, -40 \leq y \leq 40$

b)  $z = \sin(x)\sin(y) \quad -180 \leq x \leq 180, -180 \leq y \leq 180$  in degrees

5.

Determine the solution of the equation  $xe^{-x} = 0.2$  in the range of  $0 \leq x \leq 8$ .

Plot the function and mark the solution in red diamonds.

6.

Find the minimum and maximum of the function  $y = x^3 - 12x^2 + 40.25x - 36.6$  in the range of  $0 \leq x \leq 8$ .

Plot the function and mark the maximum and minimum points in black triangles.

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7.

Use numerical integration to calculate the following integral:

$$\int_0^8 (x e^{-x^{0.8}} + 0.2) dx$$

- Calculate 3 times: use **quad**, **quadl** and **trapz** commands.

8.

Plot the following function  $y(x)$  in the given range with a solid black line,  $x$  in radians:

$$y = e^x \sin(x) - \cos(x) \\ -2\pi \leq x \leq \pi$$

Calculate the 1st derivative and add it to the same plot with a solid green line.

Calculate the 2nd derivative and add it to the same plot with a solid red line.

9-10.

I) Write two user-define functions that calculate the integral value of a given mathematical function without using the function "trapz". Each function should use a different method:

- a) Using a loop calculating at each interaction the area of trapezoid between two points and X axis.
- b) Using the following formula:

$$area = dx \left( \frac{y_1 + y_n}{2} + \sum_{i=2}^{i=n-1} y_i \right)$$

II) Check which method is more efficient? Use the following mathematical

function:  $e^{x/2} \sin(x) - \frac{x}{2}$  sampling the function at 10,000 points in the interval

$-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$  ( $x$  in radians).

Write a script that performs the following operations:

1. Generate 10,000 elements of  $x$  and  $y$  for the given function.
2. Calculates the integral using each of the functions written in I.
3. Calculates the integral using **quadl**
4. Compare the 3 results and the elapsed time using **tic** & **toc** Matlab function.