

CS520 Theory of Programming Languages

Introduction

Hongseok Yang
KAIST

How to analyze programming languages (their constructs, type systems, implementations, etc) **formally**?

We will study **mathematical tools** for doing such analysis.

Preview 1:

Abstract syntax

- What is a program? What kind of syntactic object is it?

Preview 1:

Abstract syntax

- What is a program? What kind of syntactic object is it?
- Bad answer: a sequence of characters.

Preview 1:

Abstract syntax

- What is a program? What kind of syntactic object is it?
- Bad answer: a sequence of characters.
- Our answer: an instance of an abstract syntax.
- Mathematically, an element of an **initial algebra**.

Preview 2:

Domain theory

```
>>> def F(g): return g  
...
```

- Which mathematical object does the program F denote?

Preview 2:

Domain theory

```
>>> def F(g): return g
...
```

- Which mathematical object does the program F denote?
- Identity function in $[D \rightarrow D]$ for some D .

Preview 2:

Domain theory

```
>>> def F(g): return g
...
>>> F(F)
<function F at 0x10c573410>
```

- Which mathematical object does the program F denote?
- Identity function in $[D \rightarrow D]$ for some D .
- But D should include $[D \rightarrow D]$. Impossible if D is a set.

Preview 2:

Domain theory

```
>>> def F(g): return g
...
>>> F(F)
<function F at 0x10c573410>
```

- Which mathematical object does the program F denote?
- Identity function in $[D \rightarrow D]$ for some D .
- But D should include $[D \rightarrow D]$. Impossible if D is a set.
- Possible if D is a **domain** & $[D \rightarrow D]$ has only **continuous fns**.

Preview 3:

Evaluation order

```
>>> def f(x): return (x+x)
...
>>> f(f(3))
12
```

- Should we compute $f(3)$ before applying f to $f(3)$?

Preview 3:

Evaluation order

```
>>> def f(x): return (x+x)
...
>>> f(f(3))
12
```

- Should we compute $f(3)$ before applying f to $f(3)$?
- Yes. Eager evaluation. Python, OCaml, Scheme, etc.
- No. Normal-order evaluation or lazy evaluation. Haskell.

Preview 3:

Evaluation order

```
>>> def f(x): return 3
...
>>> f(f(3))
12
```

- Should we compute $f(3)$ before applying f to $f(3)$?
- Yes. Eager evaluation. Python, OCaml, Scheme, etc.
- No. Normal-order evaluation or lazy evaluation. Haskell.

Preview 3:

Evaluation order

```
>>> def f(x): return 3
...
>>> f(f(3))
12
```

- Should we compute $f(3)$ before applying f to $f(3)$?
- Yes. Eager evaluation. Python, OCaml, Scheme, etc.
- No. Normal-order evaluation or lazy evaluation. Haskell.
- To be analysed via **operational** and **denotational semantics**.

Preview 4:

Type system

```
import typing
from typing import Callable

def twice(f: Callable[[int],int], x: int) -> int:
    return(f(f(x)))
```

- Types help develop correct programs.

Preview 4:

Type system

```
import typing
from typing import Callable

def twice(f: Callable[[int],int], x: int) -> int:
    return(f(f(x)))
```

- Types help develop correct programs.
- Can we infer types automatically?
- What mathematical objects do types denote?

Preview 4:

Type system

```
import typing
from typing import Callable

def twice(f: Callable[[int],int], x: int) -> int:
    return(f(f(x)))
```

- Types help develop correct programs.
- Can we infer types automatically? **Type inference algo.**
- What mathematical objects do types denote? **Partial equivalence relation.**

- Predicate Logic (Ch1).
- The Simple Imperative Language (Ch2).
- Program Specification and Their Proofs (Ch3).
- Failure, Input-Output, and Continuation (Ch5).
- Transition Semantics (Ch6).
- An Introduction to Category Theory (Tennent Ch8).
- Recursively-Defined Domains (Tennent Ch10).
- The Lambda Calculus (Ch10).
- An Eager Functional Language (Ch11).
- Continuation in a Functional Language (Ch12).
- Iswim-like Languages (Ch13).
- A Normal-Order Language (Ch14).
- The Simple Type System (Ch15).

Imperative Languages

- Predicate Logic (Ch1).
- The Simple Imperative Language (Ch2).
- Program Specification and Their Proofs (Ch3).
- Failure, Input-Output, and Continuation (Ch5).
- Transition Semantics (Ch6).
- An Introduction to Category Theory (Tennent Ch8).
- Recursively-Defined Domains (Tennent Ch10).
- The Lambda Calculus (Ch10).
- An Eager Functional Language (Ch11).
- Continuation in a Functional Language (Ch12).
- Iswim-like Languages (Ch13).
- A Normal-Order Language (Ch14).
- The Simple Type System (Ch15).

Imperative Languages

- Predicate Logic (Ch1).
- The Simple Imperative Language (Ch2).
- Program Specification and Their Proofs (Ch3).
- Failure, Input-Output, and Continuation (Ch5).
- Transition Semantics (Ch6).
- An Introduction to Category Theory (Tennent Ch8).
- Recursively-Defined Domains (Tennent Ch10).
- The Lambda Calculus (Ch10).
- An Eager Functional Language (Ch11).
- Continuation in a Functional Language (Ch12).
- Iswim-like Languages (Ch13).
- A Normal-Order Language (Ch14).
- The Simple Type System (Ch15).

Functional Languages

Imperative Languages

- Predicate Logic (Ch1).
- The Simple Imperative Language (Ch2).
- Program Specification and Their Proofs (Ch3).
- Failure, Input-Output, and Continuation (Ch5).
- Transition Semantics (Ch6).
- An Introduction to Category Theory (Tennent Ch8).
- Recursively-Defined Domains (Tennent Ch10).
- The Lambda Calculus (Ch10).
- An Eager Functional Language (Ch11).
- Continuation in a Functional Language (Ch12).
- Iswim-like Languages (Ch13).
- A Normal-Order Language (Ch14).
- The Simple Type System (Ch15).

Math tools

Functional Languages

Course webpage

<https://github.com/hongseok-yang/graduatePL18>

- Primary source of information about the course.

Blackboard lectures

- Nearly all the lectures will use blackboard, not slides.
- My handwritten notes will be available in the course webpage.

Evaluation

- Final exam — 40%.
- Homework (4 to 6 problem sheets) — 30%.
- Two critical reviews — 30%.

Evaluation

- Final exam — 40%.
- Homework (4 to 6 problem sheets) — 30%.
- Two critical reviews — 30%.

Critical reviews

- Read an assigned book chapter or research papers.
- Write a review (up to 3 pages).
- Try to go beyond simple summary.
- Your own thoughts. Connection with other PL concepts. Or further in-depth study.

Review assignment 1

- Deadline: 26 Oct (Friday). By midnight.
- Material: Chapter 7 of our textbook.
- Topic: Nondeterminism and weakest preconditions.

Review assignment 2

- Deadline: 3 Dec (Monday). By midnight.
- Material: “Monads for Functional Programming” and “Computational Lambda-Calculus and Monad”.
- Topic: Monad.

Teaching staffs

- Prof Hongseok Yang (Lecturer). hongseok00@gmail.com.
Office hour: 6pm-7pm on Tue at 3403 in E3-1.
- Mr Hyoungjin Lim (TA1). lmkmkr@kaist.ac.kr
- Mr Hangeol Yu (TA2). yhk1344@kaist.ac.kr
- TAs' office hours will be announced shortly.

Schedule change

The following four lectures are cancelled:

6 Sep (Thu), 4 Oct (Thu), 4 Dec (Tue), 6 Dec (Thu).

We will have two additional lectures:

1. 9:30 - 11:30 on 18 Oct (Thu) during the midterm period.
2. 4pm - 6pm on 30 Nov (Fri).