

THE STREET VIEW HOUSE NUMBERS (SVHN) DATASET PROJECT

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GOOGLE STREET VIEW IMAGES DATASET

SVHN is obtained from house numbers in Google Street View images

It has over 600,000 digit images and the numbers are in the natural scene images.

- The dataset has ten classes, one for each digit. Digit '0' has label 0, '9' has label 9.
- In the dataset, they separate data into two groups: 73,257 digits for training and 26,032 digits for testing. There also have 531,131 additional data to use as extra training data.
- In this project, we are going to use the 32-by-32 color images that all images are resized to the fixed resolutions.



OBJECTIVE

We aimed at applying various deep learning techniques in order to do the image classification.

The models:

- Multilayer Perceptron Networks (MLP)
- Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) by Pytorch
- CNN by Caffe.

Though these different models, we can also find out how these algorithms compare to each other and how can we improve our model.



MULTILAYER PERCEPTRON NETWORKS (MLP)

MLP network has two linear layers and one ReLU layer.

- has input size as $3*32*32$ and output size as `hidden_size`(=500).
- has input size as `hidden_size` and output size as the number of classes(=10).
- Mini batch = 100, 200, 500, 1000.
 - we also find out the best result comes out when mini batch = 500
- Learning rate = 0.001

	MLP
Accuracy	0.80
Time (s)	130.97
F1 score	0.79



RESULT FOR MLP

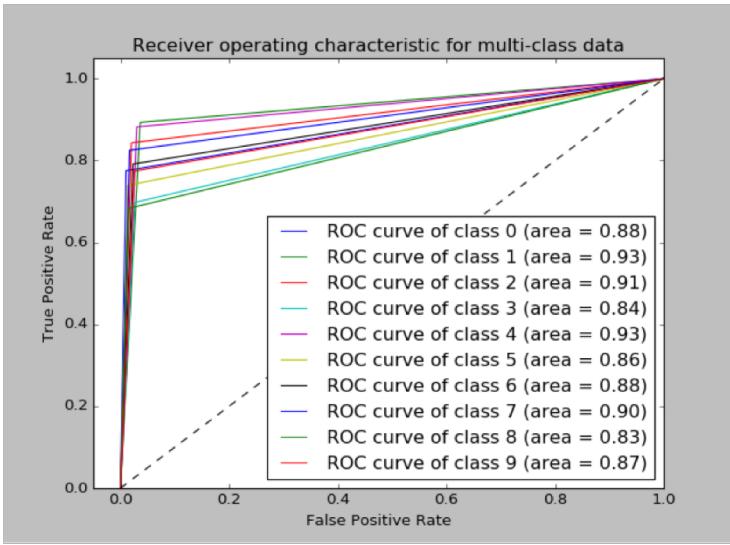


Figure: The loss of MLP

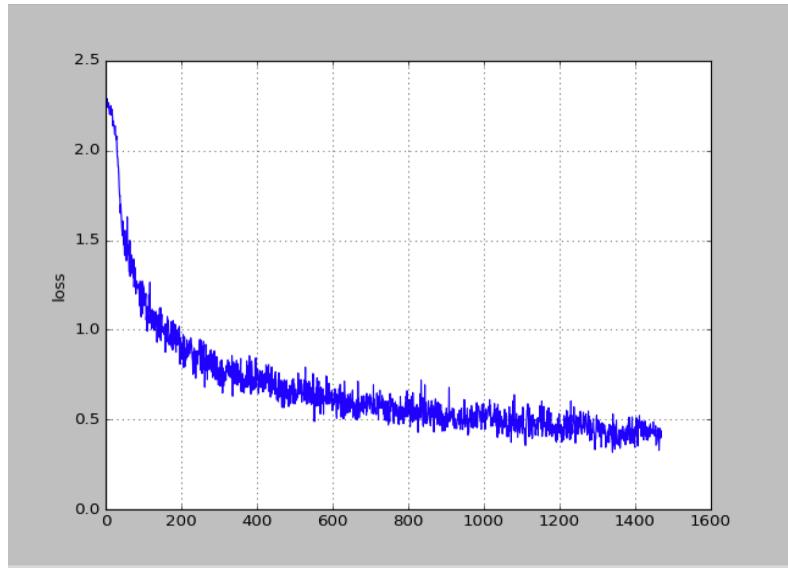


Figure : The ROC of MLP

The loss of the MLP model maintains between 0.3 to 0.9. The highest single class accuracy can reach 90% (class 2), and the lowest single accuracy is around 67% (class 3). This simple MLP model can reach the 80% overall accuracy with 10 epochs training process, and the result doesn't change a lot when we adding more training iterations, try different batch sizes or the number of hidden sizes.



ACCURACY & F1-SCORE

Accuracy of	0 : 77 %
Accuracy of	1 : 89 %
Accuracy of	2 : 84 %
Accuracy of	3 : 69 %
Accuracy of	4 : 88 %
Accuracy of	5 : 73 %
Accuracy of	6 : 79 %
Accuracy of	7 : 82 %
Accuracy of	8 : 68 %
Accuracy of	9 : 77 %

Classification report:					
	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
0	0.84	0.78	0.81	1744	
1	0.86	0.89	0.87	5099	
2	0.89	0.84	0.87	4149	
3	0.77	0.70	0.73	2882	
4	0.76	0.88	0.82	2523	
5	0.85	0.74	0.79	2384	
6	0.74	0.79	0.76	1977	
7	0.81	0.83	0.82	2019	
8	0.76	0.68	0.72	1660	
9	0.67	0.77	0.72	1595	
avg / total	0.81	0.81	0.81	26032	
Precision: 0.793					
Recall: 0.791					
F1: 0.790					



CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK(CNN)

CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK

MODEL 1:
CONV1 + MAXPOOL
CONV2 +MAXPOOL
F1 SCORE : 0.844
ACUARRY : 85%

MODEL 2:
CONV1 + MAXPOOL+RELU
CONV2 +MAXPOOL+RELU
F1 SCORE : 0.87
ACUARRY : 88%

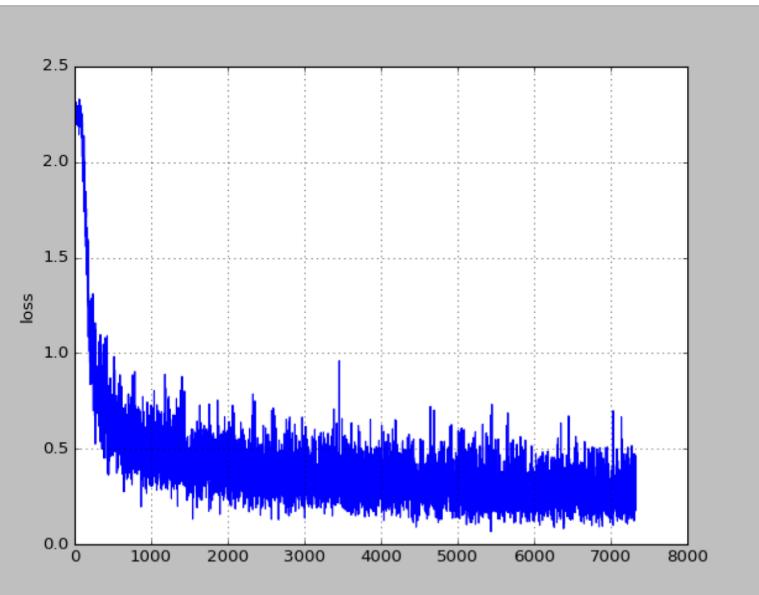
MODEL 3:
CONV1 + MAXPOOL+RELU+DROPOUT(0.2)
CONV2 +MAXPOOL+RELU+DROPOUT(0.2)
F1 SCORE : 0.872
ACUARRY : 88%

MODEL 4:
CONV1 + MAXPOOL+RELU+DROPOUT(0.2)
CONV2 +MAXPOOL+RELU+DROPOUT(0.2)
FC1(RELU)
FC2(RELU)
FC3
F1 SCORE : 0.9
ACUARRY : 91%

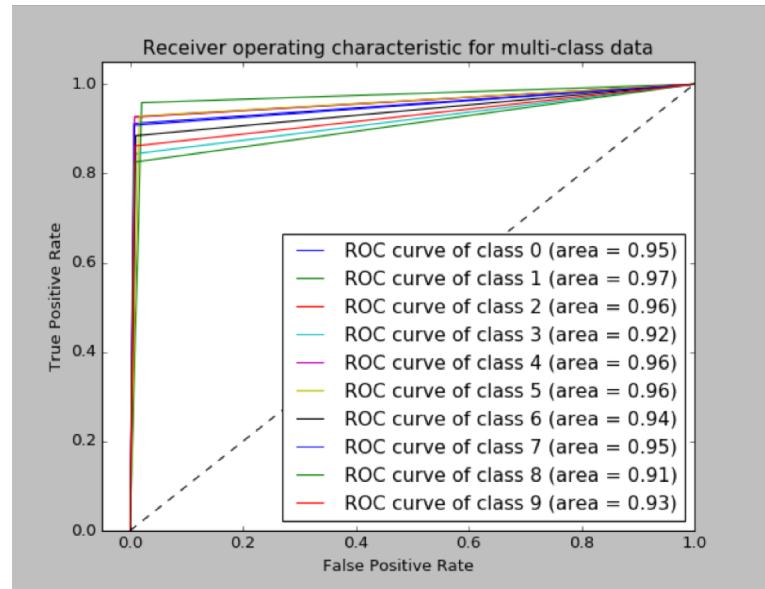
MODEL 5:
CONV1 + MAXPOOL+RELU+DROPOUT(0.2)
CONV2 +MAXPOOL+RELU+DROPOUT(0.2)
FC1(RELU)
FC2(TANH)
FC3
F1 SCORE : 0.875
ACUARRY : 88%

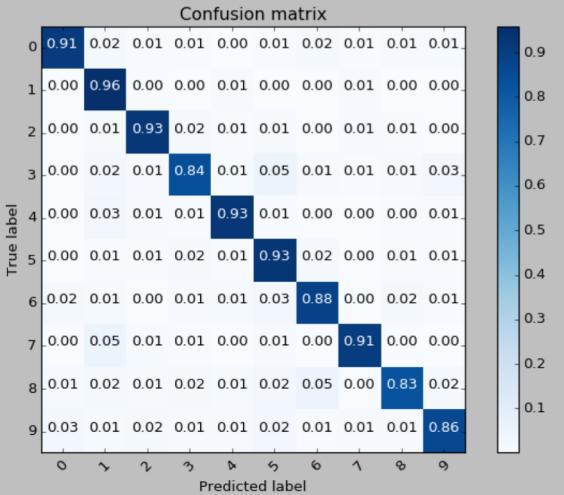


RESULT FOR CNN



	CNN (ver1)	CNN (ver2)	CNN (ver3)	CNN (ver4)	CNN (ver5)
Accuracy	0.85	0.88	0.88	0.91	0.88
Time (s)	142.60	141.79	144.45	141.80	136.55
F1 score	0.844	0.87	0.872	0.90	0.875





Confusion Matrix of CNN Model 4

```
Confusion matrix, without normalization
[[1590  31  11  10   3  14  34  13  16  22]
 [ 23 4887  24  20  47  16  14  48  15  5]
 [  9  47 3842  67  30  39  13  61  29  12]
 [ 10  71  30 2433  16  148  26  23  33  92]
 [  7  80  26  18 2339  13   6   9  12  13]
 [  7  16  13  40  15 2214  47   2  14  16]
 [ 39  28   4  17  27  55 1749   9  37  12]
 [  3 107  25  15   4  18   5 1833   3   6]
 [ 21  28  15  33  24  41  89   4 1370  35]
 [ 47  23  35  18  14  38  11  17  18 1374]]
```

The Normalized Confusion Matrix Plot of CNN Model 4

Accuracy of 0	:	91 %
Accuracy of 1	:	95 %
Accuracy of 2	:	92 %
Accuracy of 3	:	84 %
Accuracy of 4	:	92 %
Accuracy of 5	:	92 %
Accuracy of 6	:	88 %
Accuracy of 7	:	90 %
Accuracy of 8	:	82 %
Accuracy of 9	:	86 %

	Classification report:			
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.91	0.91	0.91	1744
1	0.92	0.96	0.94	5099
2	0.95	0.93	0.94	4149
3	0.91	0.84	0.88	2882
4	0.93	0.93	0.93	2523
5	0.85	0.93	0.89	2384
6	0.88	0.88	0.88	1977
7	0.91	0.91	0.91	2019
8	0.89	0.83	0.85	1660
9	0.87	0.86	0.86	1595
avg / total	0.91	0.91	0.91	26032

Precision: 0.901

Recall: 0.898

F1: 0.899



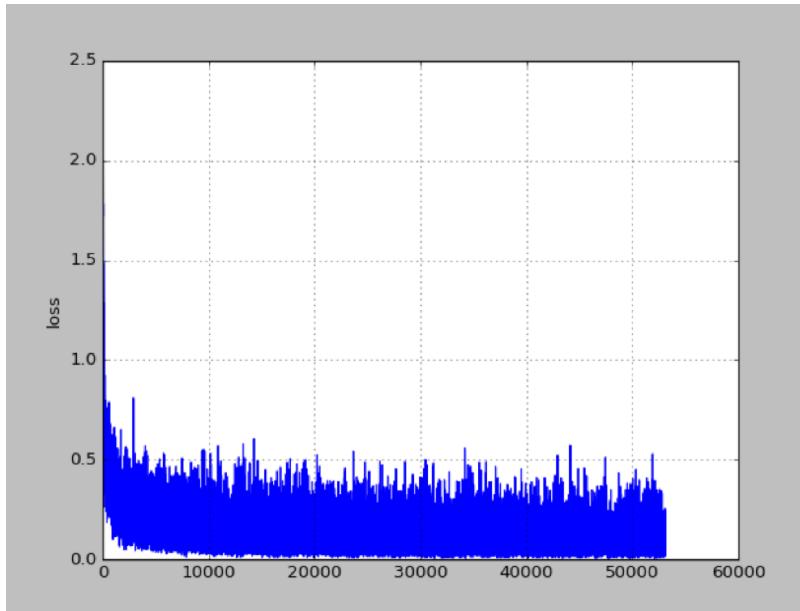
MORE IMPLEMENTS

- Mini-batches: 100
- Learning rate: 0.001
- Used 531,131 additional training data in order to see there have improvements for our models.

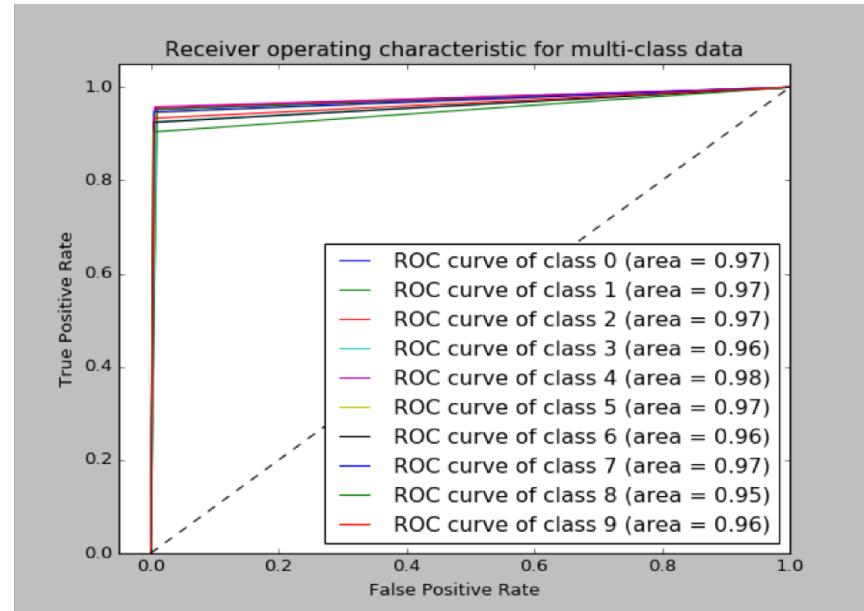
CNN model 4	Training dataset	Extra Training dataset
Accuracy	0.91	0.94
Time (s)	141.80	1048.43
F1 score	0.90	0.939



CNN MODEL 4 BY USING EXTRA TRAINING DATA



The Loss of CNN Model 4



The ROC of CNN Model 4



CONCLUSION & FUTURE RESEARCH

- With training dataset,
 - MLP has the lowest accuracy of 80% and f1 score of 0.79
 - CNN model 4 has the highest accuracy of 91% and f1 score of 0.9
- With the same CNN model 4:
 - the performance on the test dataset with training dataset(~ 70k) has the accuracy of 91%
 - the performance on the test dataset with the extra training dataset(~ 531k) has the accuracy of 94%.

The results above show that the CNN has higher accuracy and lower loss than the MLP model.

Future Research

- Add more layer:
 - Someone add CNN model to 20 layers and get about 93% accuracy:
 - The link: <https://github.com/hangyao/street view house numbers>
- Changing the different Pooling layers:
 - Another research shows CNN with mix-pooling(50 average-pooling /50 mix-pooling) can increase the accuracy.



THANK YOU

