

# Math 324

(1)

## "single sample Tests"

1)  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n \stackrel{i.i.d.}{\sim} N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  (i)  $\begin{cases} H_0: \mu \leq \mu_0 \\ H_1: \mu > \mu_0 \end{cases}$

$\sigma^2$  unknown

Rejection Region:

$$T \geq t_{(n-1)}^{(\alpha)}$$

Test statistic:  $T = \frac{\bar{X}_n - \mu_0}{S_n / \sqrt{n}}$  (ii)  $\begin{cases} H_0: \mu \geq \mu_0 \\ H_1: \mu < \mu_0 \end{cases}$

under  $H_0$ :  $T \sim t_{(n-1)}$

$$T \leq -t_{(n-1)}^{(\alpha)}$$

(small sample)

~~$\sigma^2$  is known &  $\mu_0$  is known~~

(iii)  $\begin{cases} H_0: \mu = \mu_0 \\ H_1: \mu \neq \mu_0 \end{cases}$

$$|T| \geq t_{n-1}^{(\alpha)}$$

2)  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  are i.i.d

$\sigma^2$  unknown;  $n \geq 30$

Rejection Region

(i)  $\begin{cases} H_0: \mu \leq \mu_0 \\ H_1: \mu > \mu_0 \end{cases}$

$$Z \geq z_\alpha$$

(ii)  $\begin{cases} H_0: \mu \geq \mu_0 \\ H_1: \mu < \mu_0 \end{cases}$

$$Z \leq -z_\alpha$$

Test statistic  $Z = \frac{\bar{X}_n - \mu_0}{S_n / \sqrt{n}}$

under  $H_0$ :  $Z \stackrel{\text{approx}}{\sim} N(0, 1)$

(Large sample)

(iii)  $\begin{cases} H_0: \mu = \mu_0 \\ H_1: \mu \neq \mu_0 \end{cases}$

$$|Z| \geq z_{\alpha/2}$$

3)  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n \stackrel{i.i.d.}{\sim} N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

$\mu$  is unknown

(i)  $\begin{cases} H_0: \sigma^2 \leq \sigma_0^2 \\ H_1: \sigma^2 > \sigma_0^2 \end{cases}$

Rejection Region

$$Q \geq \chi^2_{(n-1; \alpha)}$$

Test statistic:  $Q = \frac{(n-1)S_n^2}{\sigma_0^2}$

under  $H_0$ :  $Q \sim \chi^2_{n-1}$

$$Q \geq \chi^2_{(n-1; \alpha)}$$

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3) continued ...

$$\begin{cases} H_0: \sigma^2 \geq \sigma_0^2 \\ H_1: \sigma^2 < \sigma_0^2 \end{cases}$$

Rejection Region:

$$Q \leq \chi_{(n-1; 1-\alpha)}^2$$

$$\begin{cases} H_0: \sigma^2 = \sigma_0^2 \\ H_1: \sigma^2 \neq \sigma_0^2 \end{cases}$$

$$Q > \chi_{(n-1; \frac{\alpha}{2})}^2$$

$$\text{or } Q \leq \chi_{(n-1; 1-\frac{\alpha}{2})}^2$$

4)  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Ber}(p)$ 

such that  $\sum_{i=1}^n X_i = X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p)$ ,  $\hat{p}_n = \frac{X}{n} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i}{n}$

 $(n \geq 30)$ 

Test statistic:  $Z = \frac{\hat{p}_n - p_0}{\sqrt{\frac{p_0(1-p_0)}{n}}}$

$$\begin{cases} H_0: p \leq p_0 \\ H_1: p > p_0 \end{cases}$$

Rejection Region

$$Z \geq z_\alpha$$

Under  $H_0$ :  $Z \stackrel{\text{approx.}}{\sim} N(0, 1)$ 

$$\begin{cases} H_0: p \geq p_0 \\ H_1: p < p_0 \end{cases}$$

$$Z \leq -z_\alpha$$

$$\begin{cases} H_0: p = p_0 \\ H_1: p \neq p_0 \end{cases}$$

$$|Z| \geq z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

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### "Two-Sample Tests"

5)  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_m \stackrel{iid}{\sim} N(\mu_1, \sigma_1^2)$       (i)  $H_0: \mu_1 \leq \mu_2$   
 $Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n \stackrel{iid}{\sim} N(\mu_2, \sigma_2^2)$        $H_1: \mu_1 > \mu_2$

Rejection Region

$$T > t_{m+n-2}(\alpha)$$

the two samples are indep.

$\sigma_1^2$  &  $\sigma_2^2$  are unknown      (ii)  $H_0: \mu_1 \geq \mu_2$   
&  $\sigma_1^2 = \sigma_2^2 = \sigma^2$  (i.e. they are equal)       $H_1: \mu_1 < \mu_2$

$$T < -t_{m+n-2}(\alpha)$$

- Test statistic:  $T = \frac{\bar{X}_m - \bar{Y}_n}{S_{\text{Pooled}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{m} + \frac{1}{n}}}$       (iii)  $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$   
 $S_{\text{Pooled}}^2 = \frac{(m-1)S_m^2 + (n-1)S_n^2}{m+n-2}$        $H_1: \mu_1 \neq \mu_2$

$$|T| > t_{m+n-2}(\alpha/2)$$

- under  $H_0$ :  $T \sim t_{(m+n-2)}$

Rejection Region

6)  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_m$  are iid with  $\mu_1, \sigma_1^2$       (i)  $H_0: \mu_1 \leq \mu_2$   
 $Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n$  are iid with  $\mu_2, \sigma_2^2$        $H_1: \mu_1 > \mu_2$

$$z \geq z_\alpha$$

the samples are indep.,  $m \geq 30$

$\sigma_1^2$  &  $\sigma_2^2$  are unknown  $n \geq 30$

$$H_0: \mu_1 \geq \mu_2$$

$$z \leq -z_\alpha$$

Test statistic:  $Z = \frac{\bar{X}_m - \bar{Y}_n}{\sqrt{\frac{S_m^2}{m} + \frac{S_n^2}{n}}}$

$$(ii) H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$$

$$|Z| \geq z_{\alpha/2}$$

under  $H_0$ :  $Z \sim N(0, 1)$   
approx.

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7)  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_m \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Ber}(p_1)$  where  $X = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \sim \text{Bin}(m, p_1)$

$Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Ber}(p_2)$  where  $Y = \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i \sim \text{Bin}(n, p_2)$

The two samples are indep.

Denote  $\hat{p}_1 = \frac{X}{m}$ ,  $\hat{p}_2 = \frac{Y}{n}$

$m \geq 30, n \geq 30$

,  $\hat{p} = \frac{X+Y}{n+m}$

Test statistic:  $Z = \frac{\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2}{\sqrt{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})\left(\frac{1}{m} + \frac{1}{n}\right)}}$

under  $H_0$ :  $Z \stackrel{\text{approx.}}{\sim} N(0, 1)$

$$(i) \quad \begin{cases} H_0: p_1 \leq p_2 \\ H_1: p_1 > p_2 \end{cases}$$

Rejection Region

$$Z \geq z_\alpha$$

$$(ii) \quad \begin{cases} H_0: p_1 \geq p_2 \\ H_1: p_1 < p_2 \end{cases}$$

$$Z \leq -z_\alpha$$

$$(iii) \quad \begin{cases} H_0: p_1 = p_2 \\ H_1: p_1 \neq p_2 \end{cases}$$

$$|Z| \geq z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

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