

正项级数: $\sum a_n, a_n \geq 0$

$$S_n \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n$$

EX: $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(\ln n)^2}{n^{3/2}}$

(US) $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{\ln n}{n^{3/2}}$

EX: ① $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin n}{n^2}$

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{|\sin n|}{n^2}$

② $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin n}{n}$ or $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{a_n}{n}$

$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$

Remark: 关于 Leibniz 定理:

① $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{2^3} + \dots$

② $-\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{3^3} - \dots$

$\sum (-1)^{n+1} u_n$
 $u_n = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2^n} \\ \frac{1}{3^n} \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2^2} - \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{2^3} - \frac{1}{3^3} + \dots$

Thm. 若 $\sum u_n$ 绝对收敛, 则 $\sum u_n^+$ 与 $\sum u_n^-$ 都收敛; 若 $\sum u_n$ 条件收敛, 则 $\sum u_n^+$ 与 $\sum u_n^-$ 都发散到 $+\infty$.

级数的重排.

Riemann 定理: 若 $\sum u_n$ 条件收敛, 则 $\forall a \in \mathbb{R}$,
 $\exists \sum u_n$ 的重排级数 $\sum \tilde{u}_n$, s.t.

$$\sum \tilde{u}_n = a.$$

如 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{1}{n} = 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{7} - \frac{1}{8} + \dots$

证明思路: $\sum u_n^+ = +\infty$
 $\sum u_n^- = +\infty$