Tutorial Week 3: Pandas for Datasets (Solutions)

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Example: Load the automobile dataset and print the first 5 rows

Hint:

- Click to download the data file automobile data.csv.
- Use Pandas read_csv() to load the automobile dataset.
- Use Pandas head() to return the first n rows.

```
[1]: import pandas as pd

### Start your code here ###

df = pd.read_csv("automobile_data.csv")
    df.head(5)

### End your code here ###
```

[1]:	index	company	body-style	wheel-base	length	engine-type	\
0	0	alfa-romero	convertible	88.6	168.8	dohc	
1	1	alfa-romero	convertible	88.6	168.8	dohc	
2	2	alfa-romero	hatchback	94.5	171.2	ohcv	
3	3	audi	sedan	99.8	176.6	ohc	
4	4	audi	sedan	99.4	176.6	ohc	
num-of-cylinders horsepower average-mileage			price				
0		four	111	21	13495		

	- o_ oj		a	P00
0	four	111	21	13495
1	four	111	21	16500
2	si	154	19	16500
3	four	102	24	13950
4	five	e 115	18	17450

1 Questions

Hint:

- Click to download the data file automobile data.csv.
- Write your code between two comment lines: ### Start/End your code here ###.
- Expected output is shown at the end of each question (directly below the code cell).

1.1 Drop the rows where at least one element is missing

Hint:

• Use Pandas dropna().

```
[2]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# dictionary with list object in values
details = {
        'Name': ['Ankit', 'Aishwarya', 'Shaurya', 'Shivangi'],
        'Age': [23, np.nan, 22, 21],
        'University': ['BHU', 'JNU', np.nan, 'BHU'],
}

# creating a Dataframe object
df = pd.DataFrame(details)

### Start your code here ###

df1 = df.dropna()
df1

### End your code here ###
```

[2]: Name Age University
0 Ankit 23.0 BHU
3 Shivangi 21.0 BHU

1.2 Print all details of Toyota cars

Hint:

• Use Pandas selection method.

```
[3]: import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv("automobile_data.csv")

### Start your code here ###

df1 = df.loc[df['company']=='toyota']
df1

### End your code here ###
```

```
[3]:
         index company body-style wheel-base length engine-type num-of-cylinders
     → \
     44
            66 toyota hatchback
                                         95.7
                                                158.7
                                                              ohc
                                                                               four
                                         95.7
     45
            67 toyota hatchback
                                                158.7
                                                              ohc
                                                                               four
                                         95.7
                                                                               four
     46
            68 toyota hatchback
                                                158.7
                                                              ohc
     47
            69 toyota
                                         95.7
                            wagon
                                                169.7
                                                              ohc
                                                                               four
     48
           70 toyota
                            wagon
                                         95.7
                                                169.7
                                                              ohc
                                                                               four
     49
           71 toyota
                            wagon
                                         95.7
                                                169.7
                                                              ohc
                                                                               four
     50
            79 toyota
                            wagon
                                        104.5
                                                187.8
                                                             dohc
                                                                                six
```

	horsepower	average-mileage	price
44	62	35	5348
45	62	31	6338
46	62	31	6488
47	62	31	6918
48	62	27	7898
49	62	27	8778
50	156	19	15750

1.3 Find the most expensive car's company name

• Print most expensive car's company name and price.

```
[4]: import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv("automobile_data.csv")

### Start your code here ###

df1 = df.loc[df['price']==df['price'].max()]

df2 = df1[['company','price']]

df2

### End your code here ###
```

[4]: company price 32 mercedes-benz 45400

1.4 Count total cars per company

Hint:

• Use Pandas value_counts().

```
[5]: import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv("automobile_data.csv")

### Start your code here ###

df1 = df['company'].value_counts()
df1

### End your code here ###
```

```
[5]: toyota 7
bmw 6
mazda 5
nissan 5
audi 4
mercedes-benz 4
```

```
mitsubishi
                  4
                  4
volkswagen
                  3
alfa-romero
                  3
honda
                  3
jaguar
                  2
chevrolet
                  2
dodge
                  2
porsche
volvo
                  2
isuzu
                  1
```

Name: company, dtype: int64

Find each company's Higesht price car 1.5

```
[6]: import pandas as pd
     df = pd.read_csv("automobile_data.csv")
     ### Start your code here ###
     df1 = df.groupby('company')['price'].max()
     df1
     ### End your code here ###
```

[6]: company

```
alfa-romero
                  16500
audi
                  18920
bmw
                  41315
chevrolet
                   6575
dodge
                   6377
honda
                  12945
isuzu
                  6785
jaguar
                  36000
mazda
                  18344
mercedes-benz
                  45400
mitsubishi
                  8189
                  13499
nissan
porsche
                  37028
toyota
                  15750
volkswagen
                  9995
volvo
                  13415
Name: price, dtype: int64
```

Find the average mileage of each car making company

```
[7]: import pandas as pd
     df = pd.read_csv("automobile_data.csv")
     ### Start your code here ###
```

```
df1 = df.groupby('company')['average-mileage'].mean()
df1
### End your code here ###
```

[7]: company alfa-romero 20.333333 audi 20.000000 bmw 19.000000 chevrolet 38.000000 dodge 31.000000 honda 26.333333 isuzu 24.000000 jaguar 14.333333 mazda 28.000000 mercedes-benz 18.000000 29.500000 mitsubishi nissan 31.400000 porsche 17.000000 toyota 28.714286

Name: average-mileage, dtype: float64

31.750000

23.000000

1.7 Sort all cars by Price column in descending order

Hint:

volkswagen volvo

- Use Pandas sort_values().
- Print the first 5 rows of the sorted Dataframe.

```
[8]: import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv("automobile_data.csv")

### Start your code here ###

df1 = df.sort_values(by=['price'], ascending=False)
df1.head(5)

### End your code here ###
```

```
[8]:
         index
                      company
                                body-style wheel-base length engine-type \
     32
            47
               mercedes-benz
                                   hardtop
                                                  112.0
                                                          199.2
                                                                       ohcv
     11
            14
                          bmw
                                     sedan
                                                  103.5
                                                          193.8
                                                                        ohc
     31
            46 mercedes-benz
                                     sedan
                                                  120.9
                                                          208.1
                                                                       ohcv
                                                                       ohcf
     43
                               convertible
            62
                      porsche
                                                  89.5
                                                          168.9
     12
            15
                          bmw
                                     sedan
                                                  110.0
                                                          197.0
                                                                        ohc
        num-of-cylinders horsepower
                                     average-mileage price
                                 184
                                                    14 45400
     32
                   eight
```

11	six	182	16	41315
31	eight	184	14	40960
43	six	207	17	37028
12	six	182	15	36880

1.8 Concatenate two Dataframes and reset the index of the combined Dataframe

Hint:

• Use Pandas concat() and its ignore_index option.

```
[9]:
           Company
                     Price
              Ford
                     23845
          Mercedes 171995
    1
    2
               BMV 135925
    3
              Audi 71400
    4
            Toyota 29995
             Honda 23600
    5
            Nissan 61500
    7 Mitsubishi
                     58900
```

1.9 Merge two data frames using the following condition

- Create two DataFrames using the following two Dictionarys.
- Merge two DataFrames on the Company column.

```
### Start your code here ###

df3 = pd.merge(df1, df2, on="Company")
df3

### End your code here ###
```

[10]:		Company	Price	horsepower
	0	Toyota	23845	141
	1	Honda	17995	80
	2	BMV	135925	182
	3	Audi	71400	160
	4	Jaguar	23725	220