

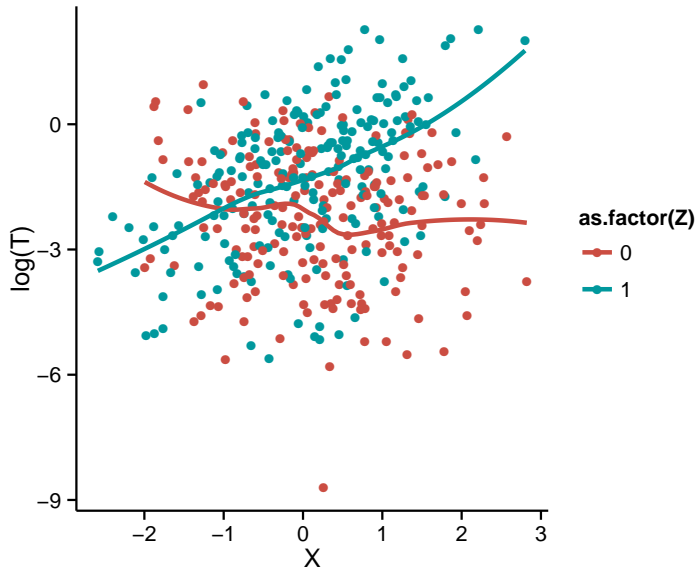
ICPSR 2017 “Advanced Maximum Likelihood”: Survival Analysis Interactions

June 24, 2017

Interactions: Binary \times Continuous

```
set.seed(1122334)
N<-400
X<-rnorm(N)
W<- -X + rchisq(N,5) # X and W correlated
Z<-rbinom(N,1,0.5)
XB<-(-0.2+0.3*W+(0.5*X)-(0.5*Z)-(1*X*Z))
T<-abs(rexp(N,rate=exp(XB)))
C<-rbinom(N,1,0.8)
df<-data.frame(X=X,W=W,Z=Z,T=T,C=C)
S<-Surv(df$T,df$C)
```

A Plot



Interactions: Cox Results

```
coxFit<-coxph(S~W+X+Z+X*Z,df)
summary(coxFit)
```

n= 400, number of events= 309

	coef	exp(coef)	se(coef)	z	Pr(> z)	
W	0.3009	1.3511	0.0218	13.80	< 2e-16	***
X	0.5746	1.7764	0.0845	6.80	0.000000000001	***
Z	-0.6454	0.5245	0.1221	-5.29	0.00000012391	***
X:Z	-1.1074	0.3304	0.1217	-9.10	< 2e-16	***

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

	exp(coef)	exp(-coef)	lower .95	upper .95
W	1.351	0.740	1.295	1.410
X	1.776	0.563	1.505	2.096
Z	0.524	1.907	0.413	0.666
X:Z	0.330	3.026	0.260	0.419

Concordance= 0.758 (se = 0.019)

Rsquare= 0.471 (max possible= 1)

Likelihood ratio test= 254 on 4 df, p=0

Wald test = 240 on 4 df, p=0

Score (logrank) test = 261 on 4 df, p=0

Interpretation: Hypothesis Tests

```
> library(car)
> linearHypothesis(coxFit,"Z+X:Z")
Linear hypothesis test
```

Hypothesis:

$Z + X:Z = 0$

Model 1: restricted model

Model 2: $S \sim W + X + Z + X * Z$

	Res.Df	Df	Chisq	Pr(>Chisq)
1	397			
2	396	1	100	<2e-16 ***

Signif. codes: 0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1

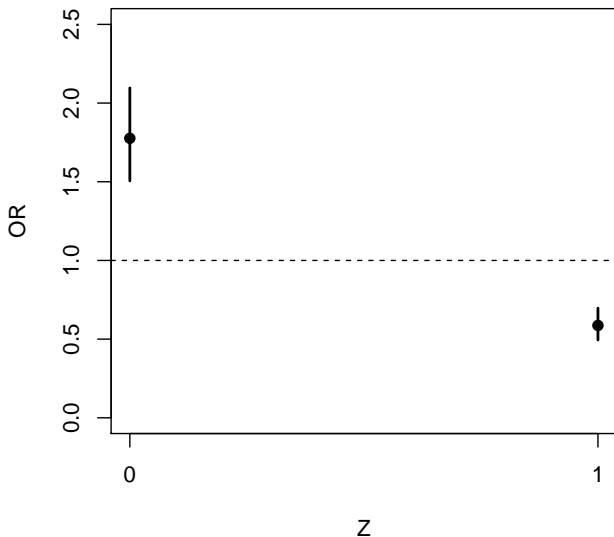
Interpretation: Hazard Ratios

```
VCV<-vcov(coxFit)
coxOR<-data.frame(Z=c(0,1),
  B=c(coxFit$coefficients[2],coxFit$coefficients[2]+coxFit$coefficients[4])
  se=c(sqrt(VCV[2,2]),sqrt(VCV[2,2]+VCV[4,4]+2*(VCV[2,4]))))
z<-qnorm(0.975)
coxOR$OR<-exp(coxOR$B)
coxOR$UB<-exp(coxOR$B + z*coxOR$se)
coxOR$LB<-exp(coxOR$B - z*coxOR$se)

with(coxOR, plot(Z,OR,ylim=c(0,2.5),xaxt="n",pch=19,
  main="Estimated Odds Ratios for a One-unit\nChange in X at Z=0 and Z=1"))
with(coxOR, lines(c(0,0),c(UB[1],LB[1]),lwd=2))
with(coxOR, lines(c(1,1),c(UB[2],LB[2]),lwd=2))
abline(h=1,lwd=1,lty=2)
axis(1,at=c(0,1))
```

Interpretation: Hazard Ratios

**Estimated Odds Ratios for a One-Unit
Change in X at Z=0 and Z=1**



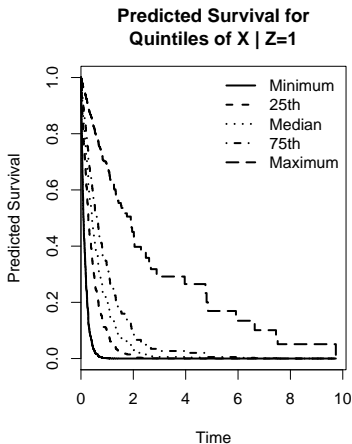
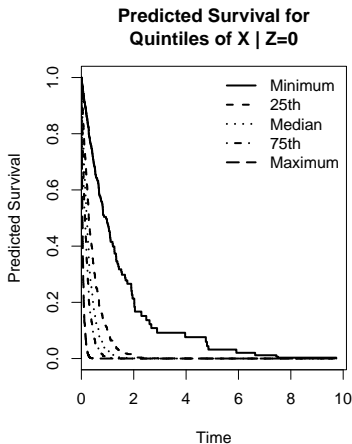
Interpretation: Predicted Survival

```
curves<-5
dfZ0<-data.frame(W=rep(mean(df$W),times=curves),
                  X=quantile(X,probs=seq(0,1,length=curves)),
                  Z=rep(0,times=curves))
SZ0<-survfit(coxFit,dfZ0)

plot(SZ0,mark.time=FALSE,lty=seq(1:5),lwd=2,
     main="Predicted Survival for\nQuintiles of X | Z=0",
     xlab="Time",ylab="Predicted Survival")
legend("topright",lty=seq(1:5),bty="n",lwd=2,
     legend=c("Minimum","25th","Median","75th","Maximum"))
```

(Repeat for $Z = 1 \dots$)

Interpretation: Predicted Survival



Interactions: Continuous \times Continuous

```
set.seed(2719)
N<-400
X1<-rnorm(N)
W<- -X1 + rchisq(N,5) # X1 and W are correlated
X2<-rpois(N,20)
XB<-(-0.2 + 0.3*W + (0.5*X1) - (0.5*X2) - (1*X1*X2))
T<-abs(rexp(N,rate=exp(XB)))
C<-rbinom(N,1,0.8)
df2<-data.frame(W=W,X1=X1,X2=X2,T=T,C=C)
S2<-Surv(df2$T,df2$C)
```

Cox Model Fit

```
cox2<-coxph(S2~W+X1+X2+X1*X2,df2)
summary(cox2)
```

n= 400, number of events= 318

	coef	exp(coef)	se(coef)	z	Pr(> z)	
W	0.3267	1.3864	0.0230	14.19	<2e-16	***
X1	0.6872	1.9881	0.3459	1.99	0.047	*
X2	-0.5072	0.6022	0.0294	-17.26	<2e-16	***
X1:X2	-1.0243	0.3590	0.0536	-19.13	<2e-16	***

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

	exp(coef)	exp(-coef)	lower .95	upper .95
W	1.386	0.721	1.325	1.450
X1	1.988	0.503	1.009	3.916
X2	0.602	1.661	0.568	0.638
X1:X2	0.359	2.785	0.323	0.399

Concordance= 0.98 (se = 0.019)

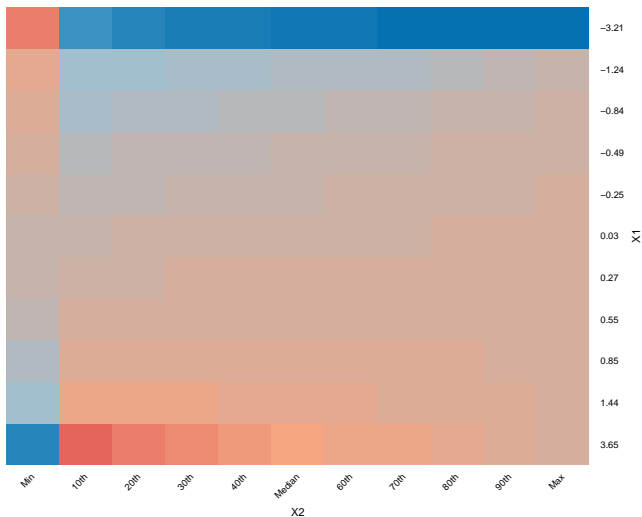
Rsquare= 0.988 (max possible= 1)

Likelihood ratio test= 1756 on 4 df, p=0

Wald test = 413 on 4 df, p=0

Score (logrank) test = 527 on 4 df, p=0

Predicted Relative Risk: Heatmap



Predicted (log-)Relative Risk: Level Plot

