

Mission 1

1)

```
3 + 4;  
(* val it = 7 *)
```

```
- 3+4;  
val it = 7 : int
```

2)

```
3 + 2.0;  
(* 错误, real 和 int 类型不匹配, 改成 3.0 + 2.0 *)
```

```
- 3+2.0;  
stdIn:2.1-2.6 Error: operator and operand don't agree [literal]  
operator domain: int * int  
operand:         int * real  
in expression:  
  3 + 2.0
```

3)

```
it + 6;  
(* val it = 13 *)
```

```
- it+6;  
val it = 13 : int
```

4)

```
val it = "hello";  
(* val it = "hello" *)
```

```
- val it = "hello";  
val it = "hello" : string
```

5)

```
it + "world";
```

(* 错误, 字符串类型没有+操作符, 要用^操作符拼接*)

```
- it+"world";
stdIn:4.3 Error: overloaded variable not defined at type
symbol: +
type: string
```

6)

```
it + 5;
```

(* 错误, string 和 int 类型不匹配 *)

```
- it+5;
stdIn:1.2-1.6 Error: operator and operand don't agree [literal]
operator domain: string * string
operand:         string * int
in expression:
  it + 5
stdIn:1.4 Error: overloaded variable not defined at type
symbol: +
type: string
```

7)

```
val a = 5;
```

(* val a = 5 *)

```
- val a = 5;
val a = 5 : int
```

8)

```
a = 6;
```

(* val it = false *)

```
- a=6;
val it = false : bool
```

9)

```
a + 8;  
(* val a = 13 *)
```

```
- a+8;  
val it = 13 : int
```

10)

```
val twice = (fn x => 2 * x);  
(* val twice = fn : int -> int *)
```

```
- val twice = (fn x => 2 * x);  
val twice = fn : int -> int
```

11)

```
twice a;  
(* val it = 10 *)
```

```
- twice a;  
val it = 10 : int
```

12)

```
let x = 1 in x end;  
(* 错误, x=1 是 bool 值, 给 x 赋值要用 val x = 1 *)
```

```
- let x = 1 in x end;  
stdIn:9.1-9.8 Error: syntax error: deleting LET ID EQUALOP  
stdIn:9.11 Error: syntax error found at IN
```

13)

```
foo;  
(* 错误, foo 未绑定 *)
```

```
- foo;  
stdIn:1.2-1.5 Error: unbound variable or constructor: foo
```

14)

```
[1, "foo"];
```

(* 错误, list 里面不能包含不同类型的成员 *)

```
- [1, "foo"];
stdIn:1.2-3.4 Error: operator and operand don't agree [literal]
operator domain: int * int list
operand:         int * string list
in expression:
  1 :: "foo" :: nil
```

Mission 2

```
(* mult : int list -> int *)
(* REQUIRES: true *)
(* ENSURES: mult(L) evaluates to the product of the
  integers in L. *)
fun mult [] = 1
  | mult (x::L) = x * (mult L);
```

Mission 3

```
(* Mult : int list list -> int *)
(* REQUIRES: true *)
(* ENSURES: Mult(R) evaluates to the product of all
  the integers in the lists of R. *)
fun Mult [] = 1
  | Mult (r::R) = (mult r) * (Mult R);
```

Mission 4

```
(* mult' : int list * int -> int *)
(* REQUIRES: true *)
(* ENSURES: mult'(L) evaluates to the product of the
integers in L and a. *)
fun mult' ([],a) = a
    | mult' (x::L,a) = mult' (L,x*a);
```

Mission 5

```
(* double : int -> int *)
(* REQUIRES: n>=0 *)
(* ENSURES: double n evaluates to 2*n. *)
fun double (0:int):int = 0
    | double n = 2 + double(n-1);

(* square : int -> int *)
(* REQUIRES: n>=0 *)
(* ENSURES: square n evaluates to n*n. *)
fun square (0:int):int = 0
    | square (1:int):int = 1
    | square n = double(n) + double(n-
2) + square(n-2);
```

Mission 6

```
(* divisibleByThree : int -> bool *)
(* REQUIRES: true *)
(* ENSURES: divisibleByThree n evaluates to true if
n is a multiple of 3 and to false otherwise *)
fun divisibleByThree (n:int):bool =
    n = (n div 3) * 3;
```

Mission 7

```
(* oddP : int -> bool *)
(* REQUIRES: n >= 0 *)
(* ENSURES: oddP n evaluates to true if n is odd *)
fun oddP (0:int):bool = false
  | oddP 1 = true
  | oddP n = oddP (n-2);
```

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