Airline Database Project - Stage 2   **Yishai Dredzen and Asher Remer**

In this stage, we wrote several SQL statements and timed them using the methods we learnt in class.

In the first part, we created two backups and logged the outputs.

We then went on to create the SQL statements. Here is a general overview of our queries that we wrote:

Select Queries:

1. List all flights departing from 'New York, USA' along with the number of available seats.
2. Calculate the average price of tickets in 'Business' class for each flight
3. Retrieve the contact information for passengers who have booked a flight to 'London, UK'
4. Sum the total cost of bookings for each passenger who has bookings in the 'Complete' status

Deletes:
5. Delete all bookings with status 'Cancelled' and return the count of deleted rows
6. Delete a flight record by FlightNumber and cascade the delete to associated tickets

Updates:
7. Update the status of tickets to 'CheckedIn' for a flight departing on a specific date
8. Update the seat number for a specific ticket and ensure the seat is not already taken

Parameterized Queries:
9. Find flights departing on a specific date with available seats
10. Update ticket status based on user input and ensure the ticket exists
11. Delete bookings for a given passenger and return the count of deleted rows
12. Calculate the total cost of bookings within a date range for a specific passenger

The actual queries can be found in Queries.sql (1-8) and ParamQueries.sql (9-12) files.

The timing took as follows:

Query	Preparation Time (ms)	Execution Time (ms)
1	2.256	31.855
2	0.379	28.704
3	21.932	198.084
4	0.427	81.574
5	1.705	14.958
6	1.506	0.706
7	0.551	36.417
8	0.244	0.073

Query	Preparation Time (ms)	Execution Time (ms)
9	0.524	27.887
10	0.264	0.156
11	0.235	12.577
12	0.211	45.154

Indexes

We made the following indexes:

Booking Table:

Passengerid, status

Passengerid, cost

Flight Table:

ArrivalLocation

DepartureLocation

Ticket Table:

FlightNumber

Class, FlightNumber

FlightNumber, status

Times after indexing:

Query 1:

Preparation time: 6.297ms

Execution time: 29.847ms

Query 2:

Preparation time: 0.663ms

Execution Time: 25.142ms

Query 3:

Preparation time: 11.638ms

Execution time: 73.439ms

Query 4:

Preparation time: 0.412ms

Execution time: 43.623ms

Checking Constraints:
Query: INSERT INTO SEAT VALUES(123, '19T');

ERROR: new row for relation "seat" violates check constraint "chk_seat_number"

DETAIL: Failing row contains (123, 19T).

Explanation: The constraint checks that the Seat is a possible seat which is checked using a regular expression. A seat is any two digit number followed by any of the letters A-K, excluding I.

QUERY: INSERT INTO Ticket (FlightNumber, SeatNumber, Price, Status, Class, PassengerID) VALUES (1, '12A', -100, 'Booked', 'Economy', 1);

ERROR: new row for relation "ticket" violates check constraint "chk_price"

DETAIL: Failing row contains (3, 1, 12A, -100, Booked, Economy, 1).

Explanation: The constraint checks that price is greater than zero. The error above occurred due to inputting -100 as the price.

QUERY: DELETE FROM Seat WHERE SeatNumber LIKE '%E';

ERROR: update or delete on table "seat" violates foreign key constraint "ticket_flightnumber_seatnumber_fkey" on table "ticket"

DETAIL: Key (flightnumber, seatnumber)=(484, 12E) is still referenced from table "ticket".

Explanataion: The delete doesn't work due to the seat number being referenced to from the Ticket table.

QUERY: INSERT INTO booking(PassengerID, BookingDate, status, cost, ticketnumber) VALUES (128, '12-12-2024', 'Pendin

g', -999.50, 43);

ERROR: New row for relation "booking" violates check constraint "chk_price"

DETAIL: Failing row contains (1, 128, 2024-12-12, Pending, -999.5, 43).

Explanation: The constraint ensures that the cost field is positive, the attempted input had a negative cost so an error was thrown.