

2022/06/20

Arduino Nano 33 IoT

→ 3.3V device - Jumper - USB - VUSB - sending 3.3V.

(SAM D21G 32-bit microcontroller) 48MHz, Internal Real-time clock

(Wifi & Bluetooth using u-blox NINA-W102 module) 2.4 GHz Antenna.

LSM6DS3 IAXU (inertial measurement unit)

{ ADC5 - SCL internal pull-up
ADC4 - SDA internal pull-up

Modulation capable pin: PWM: D2 D3 D5 D6 DP D10 D11 D12

Library: Wi-Fi NINA - Wifi

Arduino LSM6DS3 - Inertial measurement

Arduino RTCZero - Real time clock

Arduino BLE - Bluetooth

Download Arduino IDE

Json Format → Example code

Arduino code → Example

pin configuration.

Arduino Nano 33 IoT

★ → deserialization message (Json format)

→ set pin output (High/Low)

★ Read Practicle/pendduino / Example code.

LTC 7800 control chip
+ separate

TG BG come from the chip.

Controls

R4 33k Frequency

R3 100k PLLIN/
Mode 3 modes

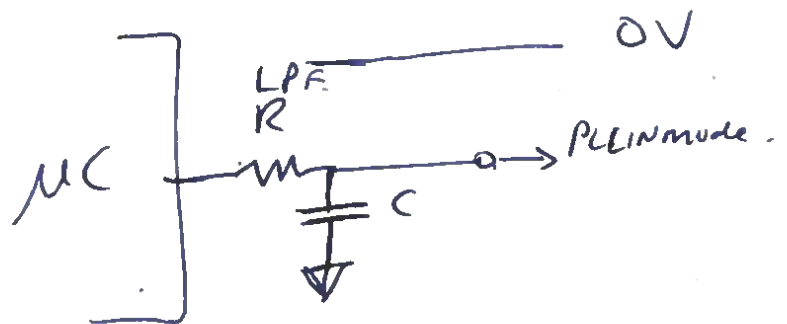
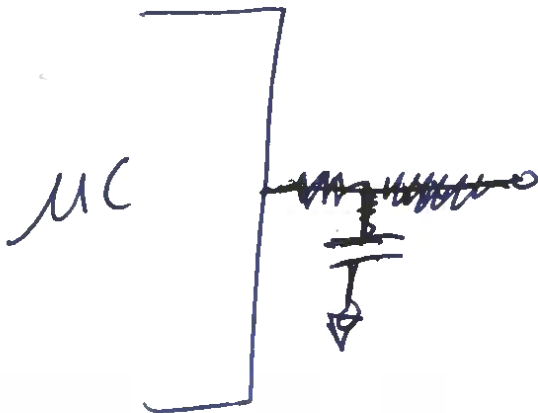
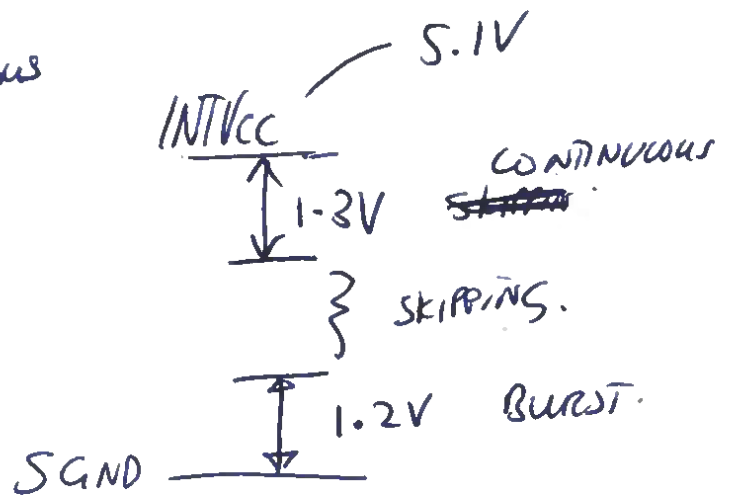
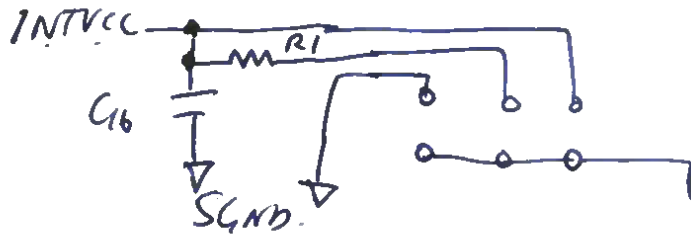
SCND Burst

INTVcc continuous

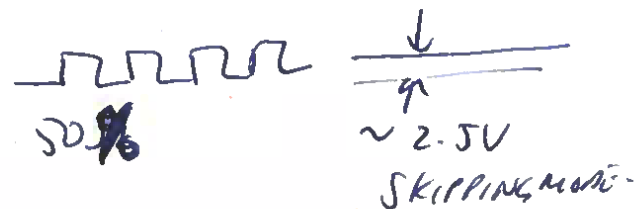
1.2V \rightarrow INTVcc - 1.3V

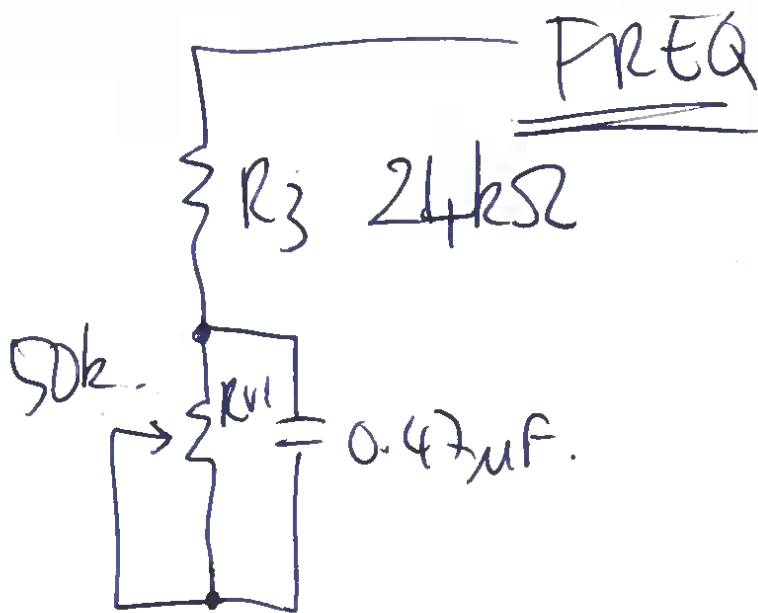
Digital Potentiometer

OUTPUT.



Vcc \sim INTVcc





R3 ?

RV1 ?

replace RV1 with 50kΩ digital potentiometer, ~~also~~ controlled by MC.

RV3, RV4 Setpoint change to digital potentiometer 2.2kΩ MAX16054AZ.

keep 2x indicator lights D3, D4 } control direct from microcontroller.

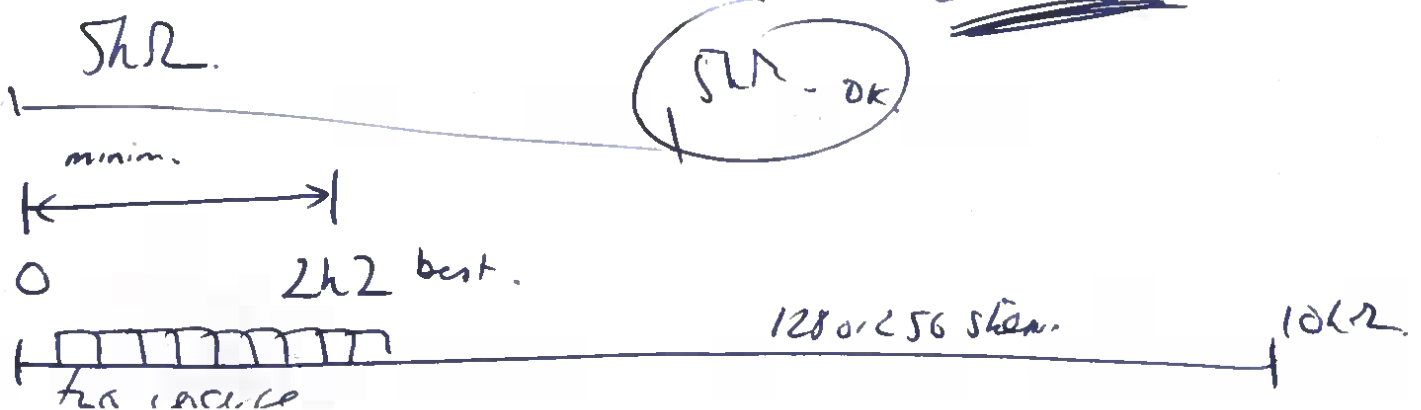
remove B3S-1000 SW1 (switch)

remove DB MAX16054AZT+ - (switch - on/off controller)

keep SPDT SN74LVCI931J7DBVR.

1kΩ, 10kΩ potentiometers.

check, but
might be
5kΩ?



CAPSELECT

power handling?

use either analogue switch or transistors to select.

5V 4A \rightarrow 20W

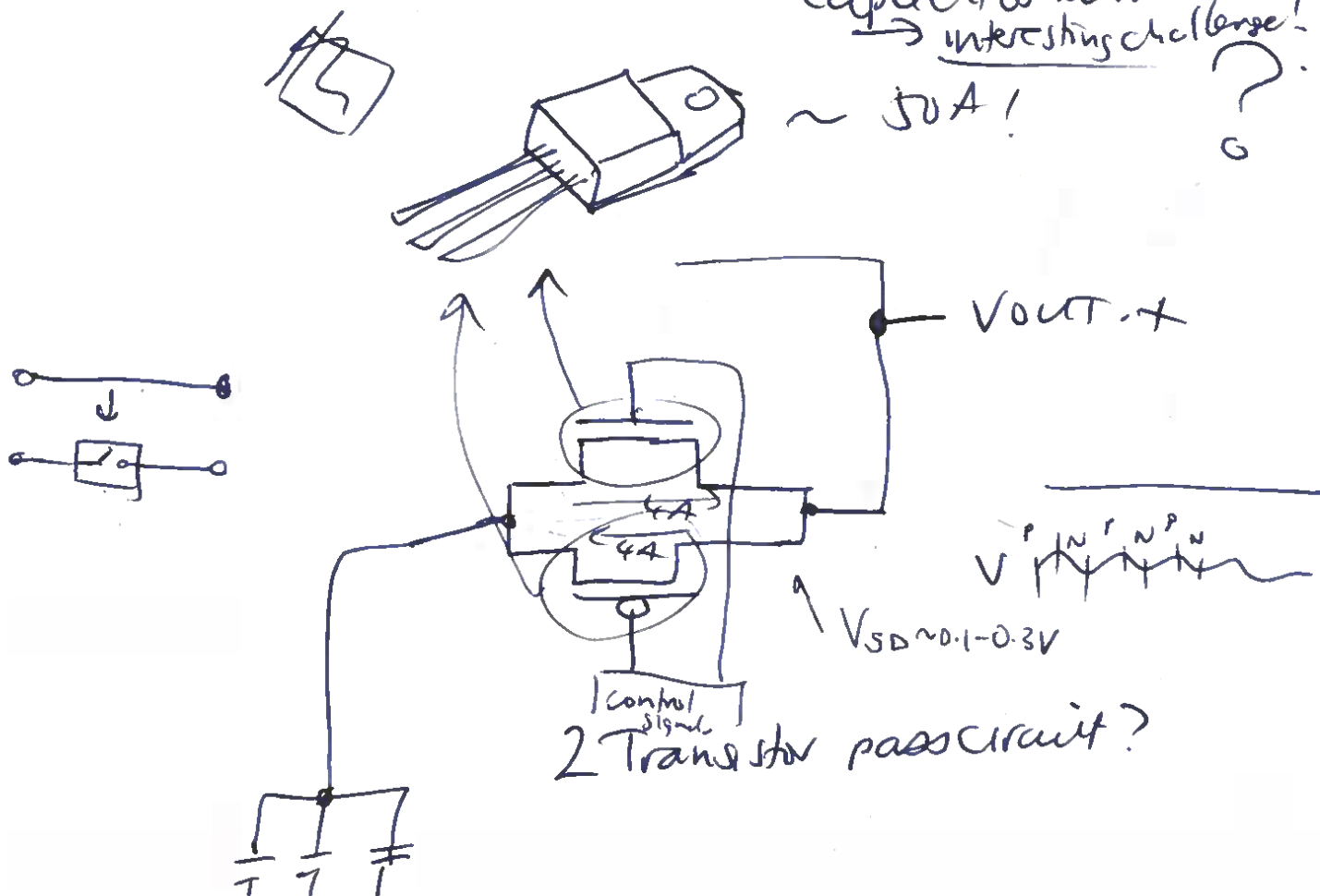
high current!

MAXIM 4655-4658 series.

peak currents are 300-400mA 10X too low!

\Rightarrow POWER MOSFET switches

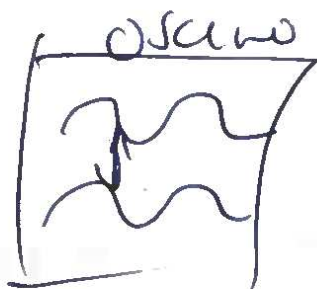
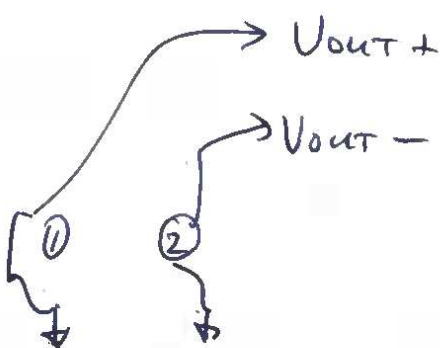
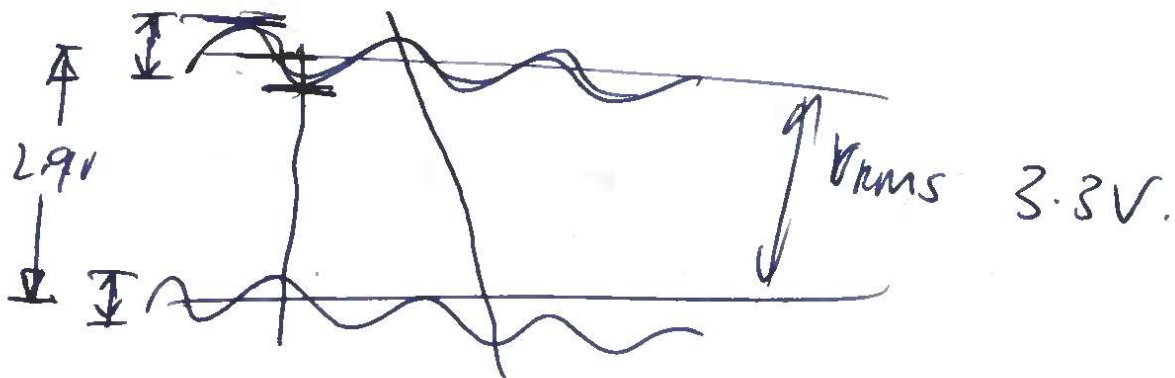
Switchable capacitor bank
 \rightarrow interesting challenge!
~ 50A!
?

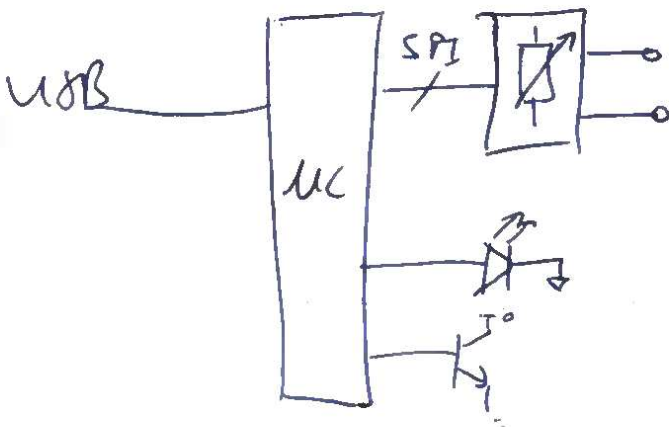
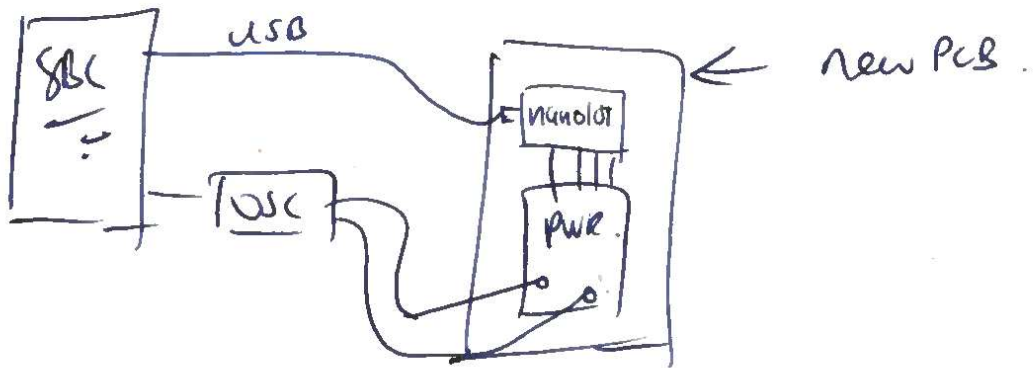
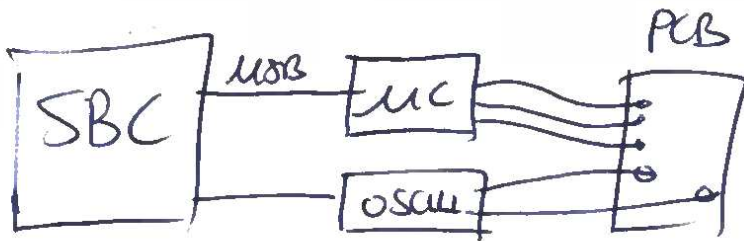


→ V_{OUT+} $\textcircled{3.6V}$

→ V_{OUT-} $\textcircled{\frac{0.7V}{V_{pp}}}$

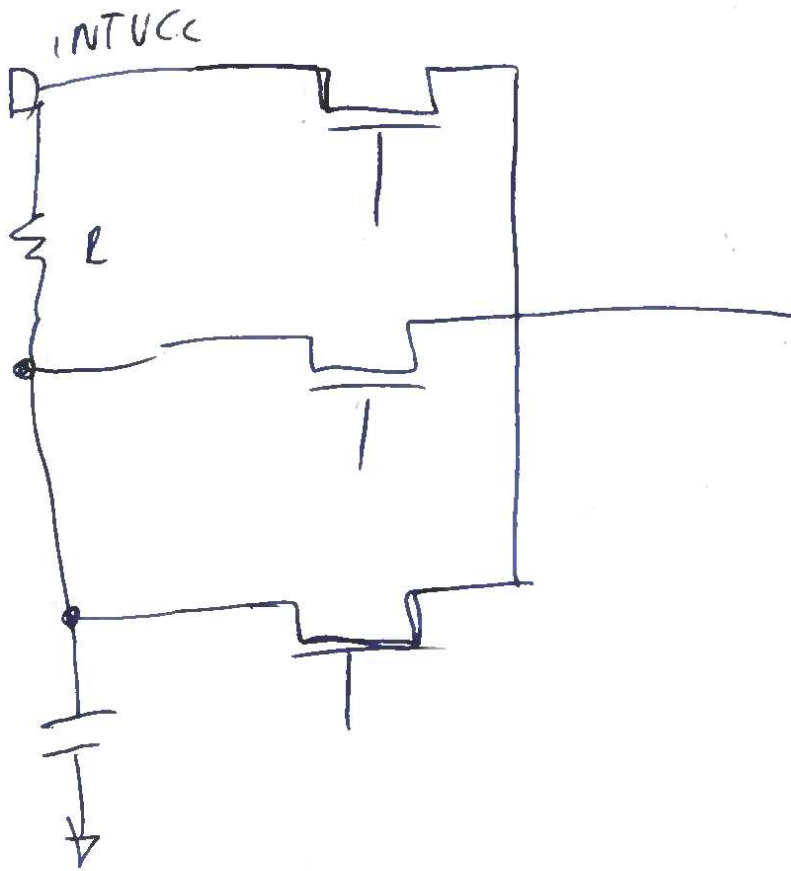
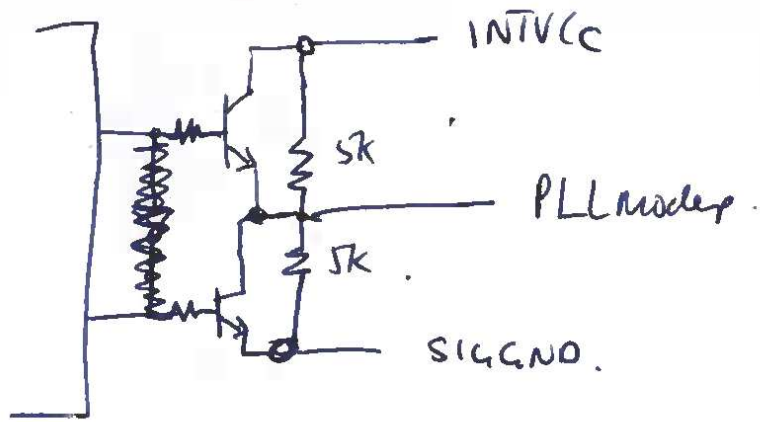
R_{LOAD} V_{RMS} 3.3V





$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{120\text{mV} \times 40}{5100} = \frac{40}{5100} \times 120\text{mV} \\
 & = \frac{40}{5100} \times 120\text{mV} = 9.6\text{mV} \\
 & \frac{9.6\text{mV}}{120\text{mV}} = \frac{9.6}{120} = 0.08 = 8\%
 \end{aligned}$$

PLL IN MODE



ASL Alascler

Iain Gold —

PCB manufacture
in house

or order externally?
(except no orders
15 July?)