

# VE414 Assignment 5

## Sample Questions

---

### Problem 1

Let  $X, y$  be  $n$  examples of training data and labels and let  $X^*, y^*$  be  $m$  examples of test data and labels. Let  $0_n, 0_m$  denote zero vectors of length  $n, m$  respectively, and let  $k$  be some kernel function. Suppose that

$$p(y, y^*) = N\left(\begin{bmatrix} y \\ y^* \end{bmatrix}; \begin{bmatrix} 0_n \\ 0_m \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} K(X, X) & K(X, X^*) \\ K(X^*, X) & K(X^*, X^*) \end{bmatrix}\right)$$

Show that the posterior distribution is

$$p(y^*|X, y, X^*) = N(y^*; \mu, \Sigma)$$

where  $\mu = K(X^*, X)K(X, X)^{-1}y$  and  $\Sigma = K(X^*, X^*) - K(X^*, X)K(X, X)^{-1}K(X, X^*)$ .  
Note: For this question, you may assume that the conditional distribution is of a Normal form, however you must derive the mean and variance.

### Problem 2

Let's consider modeling  $f$  with a Gaussian process prior distribution:  $p(f) = GP(f; \mu, K)$  and conditioning on the following set of data  $D = (x, y)$ :

$$x = [2.5, 1.5, 0.5, 0.5, 1.5, 2.5]$$

$$y = [0.0019305, 0.1054, 0.7788, 0.7788, 0.1054, 0.0019305]$$

We will fix the prior mean function  $\mu$  to be identically zero;  $\mu(x) = 0$ .

First, let us consider about kernel selection. Consider the following two choices for the covariance function  $K$ :

$$K_1(x, x') = \exp(-|x - x'|^2)$$

$$K_2(x, x') = \exp(-|x - x'|)$$

Each kernel defines a Gaussian process model:

$$p(f|M_i) = GP(f; \mu, K_i)$$

We also assume a uniform prior distribution over these models:

$$P(M_i) = 1/2 \quad i = 1, 2$$

- (a) Compute the log model likelihood for each model given the data D above. i.e.  $\log P(D|M_i)$
- (b) Compute the model posterior  $P(M|D)$
- (c) Please write out the predictive mean and standard deviation at  $x^* = 0$  for each of the kernels,  $P(y^*|x^*, D, M_i)$

## Problem 3

The following table gives the number of deaths to women 80 years and older reported by day during the years 1910-1912.

Number of Deaths $k$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Observed Frequency $n_k$	162	267	271	185	111	61	27	8	3	1

- (a) If the deaths are unrelated (independent) and their frequency is constant over time, a Poisson distribution  $Poisson(\lambda)$  is appropriate to describe the data. What is the maximum likelihood estimation (MLE) for  $\lambda$  in Poisson distribution?
- (b) There are likely to be different patterns of deaths in winter and summer, in which case a mixture of two Poisson distribution may provide a much better fit. Assuming a mixture of two Poisson distributions. Let  $p_h$  denote the proportion of the population from  $h^{th}$  Poisson distribution ( $\sum_{h=1}^2 p_h = 1$ ). What is the probability of  $p(y_i|\lambda, p)$ ?
- (c) Formulate an EM algorithm for this mixture model. You need to specify the complete and the missing data and derive the E-step and the M-step.

## Problem 4

Suppose we recorded number of failures  $Y_i$  and the length of operation time  $t_i$  for 20 machines: The number of failures is assumed to follow a Poisson distribution

$$Y_i \sim Poisson(\theta_i t_i), \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, 20$$

$$\theta_i \sim \Gamma(1, \beta)$$

$$\beta \sim \Gamma(1/20, 1)$$

- (a) Calculate the conditional posterior distributions for  $\theta_i$  and  $\beta$
- (b) Describe a sampler to sample the posterior distribution of  $\theta_i$  and  $\beta$