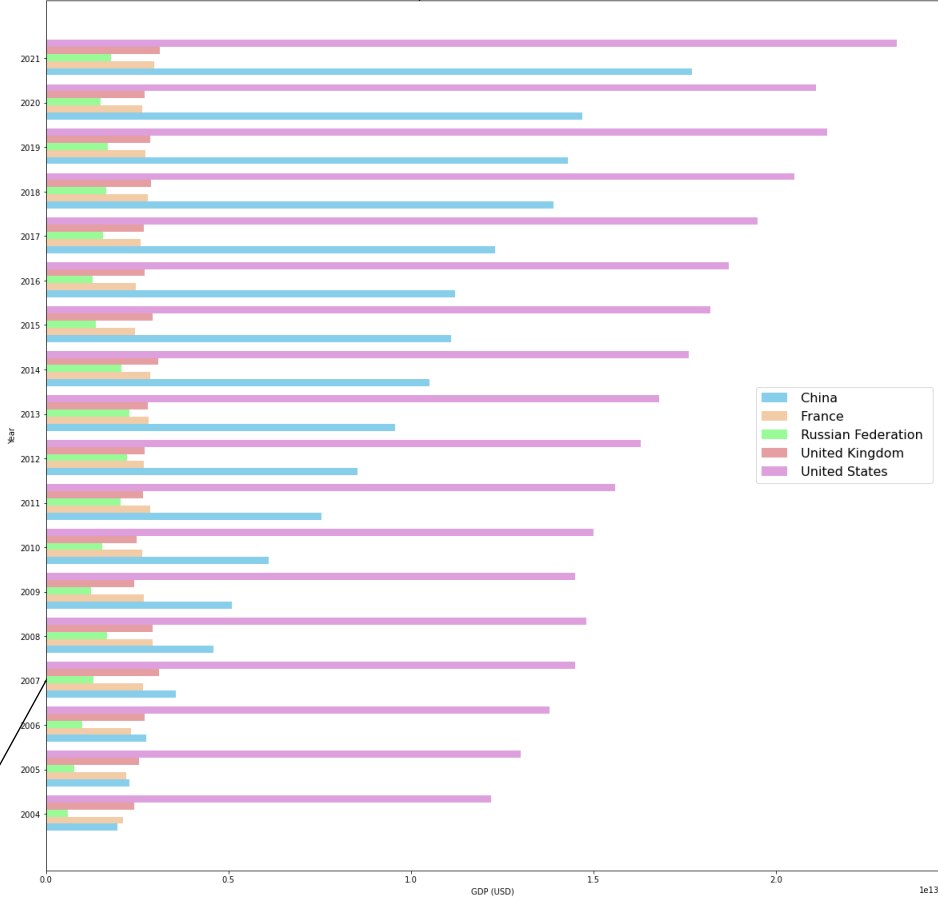
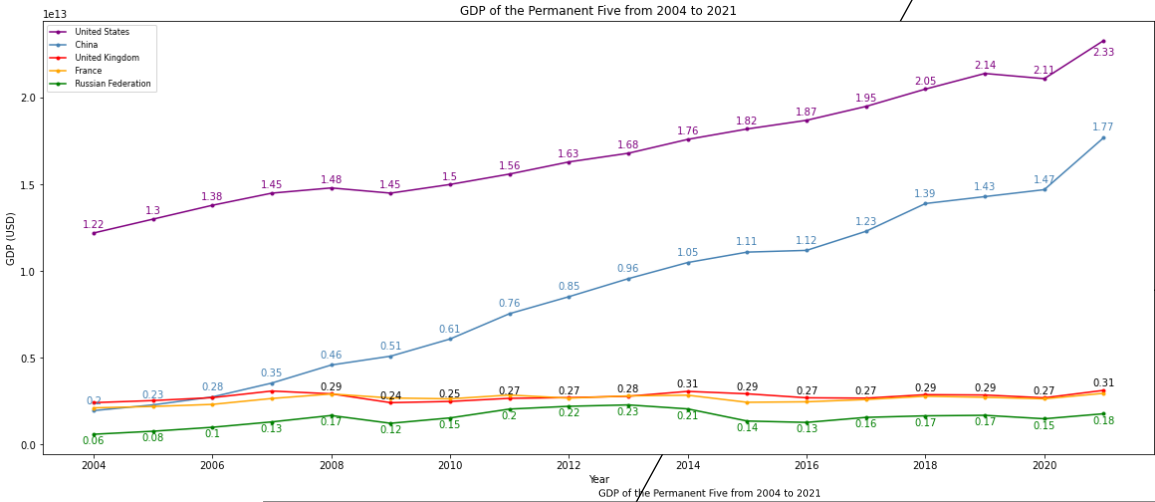


GDP OF THE PERMANENT FIVE FROM 2004 TO 2021

This is a line chart depicting statistical data of the GDP of the five permanent members from 2004 to 2021.

The bar chart illustrates the changes in GDP of different countries.

- From the chart, it can be observed that with the passage of time, the GDP of the United States and China gradually increased. In contrast, the GDP of France, the United Kingdom, and Russia remained relatively stable.
- However, there was a slowdown in growth during 2019-2020, which is likely attributable to the COVID-19 pandemic. The pandemic had a significant impact on global economies, leading to decreased economic activity, disruptions in supply chains, and declines in consumer spending, all of which contributed to the observed deceleration in GDP growth during that period.



GDP OF THE PERMANENT FIVE FROM 2004 TO 2021 COMPARED TO UK

- The stem plot displays the comparison of the GDP of the Permanent Five to that of the United Kingdom from 2004 to 2021. The red line at the bottom represents the annual GDP of the United Kingdom, serving as a reference point for all other countries. In this chart, the higher the point, the higher the annual GDP. The UK was chosen as the baseline because its GDP growth has been stable and gradual, making it more suitable as a benchmark.
- The GDP of the United States has consistently been 4 to 7 times that of the United Kingdom and has generally increased over time. In 2004, China's GDP was less than that of the UK, but as time progressed, China exhibited rapid GDP growth. After surpassing the UK in 2006, its growth continued, reaching more than 5 times the UK's GDP by 2021.
- France's GDP has been very close to that of the United Kingdom, fluctuating around the baseline from 2004 to 2021, which may indicate a significant correlation between the GDPs of the two countries.

