

ETH ROBOTICS SUMMER SCHOOL

LINUX & ROS CHEAT SHEET

AUTONOMOUS SYSTEMS LAB
LAST UPDATED: MAY 15, 2020

File Commands

\$ ls	list contents of the current directory
\$ ls -al	list hidden contents of the current directory
\$ cd	change the directory to home
\$ cd -	change the directory to the previous one
\$ cd \$DIR	change the directory to \$DIR
\$ mkdir \$DIR	make a new directory named \$DIR
\$ pwd	print the working directory
\$ rm \$FILE	remove \$FILE
\$ rm -r \$DIR	remove \$DIR recursively
\$ rm -f \$FILE	force remove \$FILE
\$ rm -rf \$DIR	force remove \$DIR recursively
\$ cp \$FILE1 \$FILE2/\$DIR	copy \$FILE1 to \$FILE2/\$DIR
\$ cp -r \$DIR1 \$DIR2	copy \$DIR1 to \$DIR2 recursively
\$ mv \$FILE1 \$FILE2/\$DIR	move \$FILE1 to \$FILE2/\$DIR
\$ ln -s \$FILE \$LINK	create a symbolic link \$LINK to \$FILE
\$ touch \$FILE	create \$FILE
\$ cat \$FILE	view content of \$FILE
\$ cat > \$FILE	write input into \$FILE
\$ echo \$STRING/\$VAR	print \$STRING/value of \$VAR
\$ more \$FILE	print content of \$FILE
\$ head \$FILE	print the first 10 lines of \$FILE
\$ tail \$FILE	print the last 10 lines of \$FILE
\$ gedit \$FILE	edit \$FILE using GUI text editor
\$ vim \$FILE	edit \$FILE using Vim

System Information

\$ env	print environment variables
\$ date	print system date and time
\$ man \$COMMAND	print user manual of \$COMMAND
\$ whereis \$APP	print locations of \$APP
\$ which \$APP	print executable file of \$APP
\$ ps	print process status
\$ ps -aux	print all running process
\$ htop	print currently running processes and more
path symbolic links	. current directory
	.. parent directory
	~ home directory
	/ root directory
output direction	> to a file (rewrite)
	>> to a file (append)
	pipe output of first command to second

Linux Shell

Ctrl+C	kill the current process
Ctrl+Z	suspend the current process
\$ fg	resume the suspended process in foreground
\$ bg	resume the suspended process in background
Ctrl+W	erase one word in the current line
Ctrl+U	erase the whole current line
Ctrl+R	reverse search in the previous commands
Ctrl+A	go to the beginning of the line
Ctrl+E	go to the end of the line
Ctrl+D	log out of the current session
\$ exit	log out of the current session
\$ clear	clear the terminal screen

Use Ctrl+R to reverse search, type part of a command and hit Ctrl+R repeatedly. Ctrl+A is especially useful when you forget to add sudo before the command.

Git

\$ git clone \$URL	clone the repository from \$URL
\$ git status	print current branch status \$BRANCH
\$ git branch \$BRANCH	create a new branch named \$BRANCH
\$ git checkout \$BRANCH	switch to the branch named \$BRANCH
\$ git merge \$BRANCH	combine \$BRANCH into the current one
\$ git fetch	download all history from GitHub
\$ git merge	combine remote branches into local branch
\$ git push	upload all local branch commits to GitHub
\$ git pull	update local branch from GitHub
\$ git log	list version history for current branch
\$ git log --follow \$FILE	list version history for \$FILE
\$ git show \$COMMIT	output content changes of \$COMMIT
\$ git add \$FILE	stage \$FILE
\$ git commit -m "\$MESSAGE"	commit staged file with \$MESSAGE
\$ git reset \$FILE	reset \$FILE
\$ git reset --hard	reset all uncommitted changes
\$ git clean -fd	recursively force remove unstaged files

Secure Shell (SSH)

\$ ssh \$USER@\$HOST	connect \$HOST as \$USER
\$ ssh \$IP_ADDRESS	connect \$IP_ADDRESS
\$ ssh -p \$PORT \$USER@\$HOST	connect \$HOST on \$PORT as \$USER
\$ ssh-copy-id \$USER@\$HOST	add the key to \$HOST as \$USER

Package

\$ sudo apt-get update	synchronize package index files from sources
\$ sudo apt-get upgrade	install latest versions of installed packages
\$ sudo apt-get install \$PACKAGE	install \$PACKAGE
\$ sudo dpkg -i \$PACKAGE.deb	install a Debian package \$PACKAGE.deb
./configure	configure building settings
\$ make	build the program from source code
\$ make install	install the program

Terminator

Ctrl+Shift+I	open a new window
Ctrl+Shift+T	open a new tab
Ctrl+Shift+E	split terminals vertically
Ctrl+Shift+O	split terminals horizontally
Alt+<arrow key>	switch to a different terminal

Terminal Multiplexer (TMUX)

\$ tmux	start TMUX
\$ tmux ls	list all sessions
\$ tmux a -t \$SESSION_NAME	attach to \$SESSION_NAME
\$ tmux new -s [\$SESSION_NAME]	create a new session with \$SESSION_NAME
Ctrl+B	prefix
Prefix+%	split terminals horizontally
Prefix+"	split terminals vertically
Prefix+<arrow key>	switch to a different terminal
Prefix+C	create a new window in current session
Prefix+\$NUM	switch to \$NUM window
Prefix+D	detach from the current session

Searching

\$ grep \$PATTERN \$FILES	search for \$PATTERN in \$FILES
\$ grep -r \$PATTERN \$DIR	search for \$PATTERN recursively in \$DIR
\$ grep -n \$PATTERN \$FILES	search for \$PATTERN and print line numbers
\$ grep -C1 \$PATTERN \$FILES	search for \$PATTERN and print 1-line context
\$ \$CMD grep \$PATTERN	search for \$PATTERN in \$CMD's output
\$ sudo updatedb	update searching database for locate command
\$ locate -b \$PATTERN	find files and dirs containing \$PATTERN

Docker

\$ Placeholder
\$ Placeholder
\$ Placeholder
\$ Placeholder
\$ Placeholder
\$ Placeholder
\$ Placeholder
\$ Placeholder

Miscellaneous

\$ sudo \$COMMAND	run \$COMMAND with elevated privilege
\$ \$COMMAND --help	print \$COMMAND's usage help
\$ ip address	print all internet protocol addresses
\$ ping \$HOST	ping \$HOST and print results
\$ tar xzf \$FILE.tar.gz	extract files from \$FILE.tar.gz

ROS Catkin Workspace

<code>\$ roscd \$PACKAGE</code>	change directory to <code>\$PACKAGE</code> 's location
<code>\$ catkin build</code>	build the whole workspace
<code>\$ catkin build \$PACKAGE</code>	build <code>\$PACKAGE</code>
<code>\$ catkin clean</code>	clean the whole workspace
<code>\$ catkin config \$OPTIONS</code>	configure catkin workspace with <code>\$OPTIONS</code>
<code>\$ wstool init</code>	set up current directory as workspace
<code>\$ wstool merge \$ROSINSTALL</code>	merge <code>\$ROSINSTALL</code> into the workspace
<code>\$ wstool up</code>	update configuration elements

Always remember to `$ source ~/catkin_ws/devel/setup.bash`.

ROS Run

<code>\$ roscore</code>	invoke the core of ROS
<code>\$ roslaunch \$PACKAGE \$LAUNCHFILE</code>	launch <code>\$LAUNCHFILE</code> in <code>\$PACKAGE</code>
<code>\$ rosrun \$PACKAGE \$EXECUTABLE { \$PARAM:~\$VALUE }</code>	run node <code>\$EXECUTABLE</code> from <code>\$PACKAGE</code> [with <code>\$PARAM</code> set to <code>\$VALUE</code>]

Eg. `$ rosrun rviz rviz -d maplab.rviz`

ROS Node

<code>\$ roscore ping \$NODE</code>	test connectivity to <code>\$NODE</code>
<code>\$ roscore list</code>	list active nodes
<code>\$ roscore info \$NODE</code>	print information about <code>\$NODE</code>
<code>\$ roscore machine</code>	list nodes running on the machine
<code>\$ roscore kill \$NODE</code>	kill the running <code>\$NODE</code>

ROS Parameter

<code>\$ rosparam list</code>	list all parameter names
<code>\$ rosparam set \$PARAM \$VAL</code>	set value of <code>\$PARAM</code> to <code>\$VAL</code>
<code>\$ rosparam get \$PARAM</code>	print value of <code>\$PARAM</code>
<code>\$ rosparam load \$YAML</code>	load parameters from <code>\$YAML</code>
<code>\$ rosparam dump \$YAML</code>	dump parameters to <code>\$YAML</code>
<code>\$ rosparam delete \$PARAM</code>	delete <code>\$PARAM</code>

ROS Topic

<code>\$ rostopic list</code>	print information about active topics
<code>\$ rostopic bw \$TOPIC</code>	display bandwidth used by <code>\$TOPIC</code>
<code>\$ rostopic echo \$TOPIC</code>	print messages from <code>\$TOPIC</code>
<code>\$ rostopic find \$TYPE</code>	find topics of <code>\$TYPE</code>
<code>\$ rostopic hz \$TOPIC</code>	display publishing rate of <code>\$TOPIC</code>
<code>\$ rostopic info \$TOPIC</code>	print information about <code>\$TOPIC</code>
<code>\$ rostopic pub \$TOPIC</code>	publish data to <code>\$TOPIC</code>
<code>\$ rostopic type \$TOPIC</code>	print type of <code>\$TOPIC</code>
<code>\$ rosmmsg show \$TYPE</code>	print structure of <code>\$TYPE</code>

ROS Service

<code>\$ rosservice list</code>	list active services
<code>\$ rosservice call \$SERVICE \$ARGS</code>	call <code>\$SERVICE</code> with <code>\$ARGS</code>
<code>\$ rosservice find \$TYPE</code>	find services of <code>\$TYPE</code>
<code>\$ rosservice info \$SERVICE</code>	print information about <code>\$SERVICE</code>
<code>\$ rosservice type \$SERVICE</code>	print type of <code>\$SERVICE</code>
<code>\$ rosservice uri \$SERVICE</code>	print uri of <code>\$SERVICE</code>
<code>\$ rossrv show \$TYPE</code>	print structure of <code>\$TYPE</code>

ROS Environmental Variables

<code>ROS_ROOT</code>	location of core ROS packages
<code>ROS_MASTER_URI</code>	location of the master
<code>ROS_PACKAGE_PATH</code>	location for more ROS packages
<code>ROS_HOSTNAME</code>	network address of a node
<code>ROS_IP</code>	IP address of a node

ROS Bag

<code>\$ rosbag record \$TOPIC</code>	record <code>\$TOPIC</code> into bag
<code>\$ rosbag info \$BAG</code>	print content summary of <code>\$BAG</code>
<code>\$ rosbag play \$BAG</code>	play back content of <code>\$BAG</code>
<code>\$ rosbag check \$BAG</code>	check play-ability of <code>\$BAG</code> in current system
<code>\$ rosbag compress \$BAG</code>	compress <code>\$BAG</code> using BZ2
<code>\$ rosbag decompress \$BAG</code>	decompress <code>\$BAG</code> using BZ2

When simulating in ROS, remember `$ set use_sim_time true` and to append `--clock`.

ROS Visualization Tools

<code>\$ rviz</code>	3D visualization of data and models
<code>\$ gzclient</code>	Gazebo GUI
<code>\$ rqt</code>	powerful GUI tool
<code>\$ rqt_plot</code>	simple and lightweight plotting
<code>\$ rqt_bag</code>	visualize content of a bag
<code>\$ rqt_image_view</code>	visualize camera images
<code>\$ rqt_graph</code>	visualize computation graph
<code>\$ rqt_tf_tree</code>	visualize TF frame tree

ROS Packge Structure

<code>package.xml</code>	manifest, dependencies and plugins
<code>CMakeLists.txt</code>	description of compilation procedure
<code>src/</code>	C and C++ source codes
<code>build/</code>	generated makefiles and support files
<code>devel/</code>	compiled binaries, libraries, headers
<code>include/</code>	C and C++ header files
<code>scripts/</code>	Python and bash scripts
<code>config/</code>	YMAL configuration files
<code>cfg/</code>	dynamic reconfigure scripts
<code>launch/</code>	launch files

ROS TF2

<code>\$ rosrn tf tf_echo \$FRAME1 \$FRAME2</code>	print frame relationship between <code>\$FRAME1</code> and <code>\$FRAME2</code>
Eg. <code>\$ rosrn tf tf_echo /map /odom</code>	
<code>\$ rosrn tf view frames</code>	visualize coordinate transform tree

tf2 is a power package to deal with coordinate transform. It maintains the relationship between coordinate frames in a tree structure buffered in time, and lets the user transform points, vectors, etc between any two coordinate frames at any desired point in time.

ROS Launch File

<node name= <code>\$NODE</code> pkg= <code>\$PACKAGE</code> type= <code>\$EXE</code> [args= <code>\$ARGS</code>]/>	
launch <code>\$NODE</code> using the <code>\$EXE</code> from <code>\$PACKAGE</code> with command line arguments <code>\$ARGS</code>	
Eg. <node name="rosbag_record" pkg="rosbag" type="record" args="-a" output="screen"/>	
<include file= <code>\$LAUNCH_FILE</code> />	import <code>\$LAUNCH_FILE</code> into the current one
Eg. <include file="\$(smb_local_planner)/launch/local_planner.launch"/>	
<arg name= <code>\$ARG</code> />	declare the existence of <code>\$ARG</code>
<arg name= <code>\$ARG</code> value= <code>\$VAL</code> />	declare <code>\$ARG</code> with constant value <code>\$VAL</code>
<arg name= <code>\$ARG</code> default= <code>\$VAL</code> />	declare <code>\$ARG</code> with default value <code>\$VAL</code>
Eg. <arg name="rviz" value="true"/>	
<param name= <code>\$PARAM</code> value= <code>\$VAL</code> />	set <code>\$PARAM</code> to <code>\$VAL</code>
Eg. <param name="frequency" value="300"/>	
<remap from= <code>\$OLD</code> to= <code>\$NEW</code> />	remap name <code>\$OLD</code> to name <code>\$NEW</code>
Eg. <remap from="/base_pose_measured" to="/base_pose_measured_disabled"/>	

SMB Workspace

Key Packages	
rovio	robust visual inertial odometry framework
maplab	visual-inertial mapping framework
voxblox	volumetric mapping library
apriltag	visual fiducial system
elevation_mapping	produce elevation map around robot
traversability_estimation	traversability mapping for rough terrain
icp_mapper	iterative closest point based slam system
smb_local_planner	path planning system for SMB
Configuration	
Placeholder	
Placeholder	
Placeholder	
Placeholder	
Placeholder	
Placeholder	
Launch Files	
Placeholder	
Placeholder	
Placeholder	
Placeholder	
Placeholder	

Always remember to charge your SMB after each use.

CANDIDATE
CONTENTS

Compression

\$ tar cf \$FILE.tar \$FILES	convert \$FILES into \$FILE.tar
\$ tar xf \$FILE.tar	extract files from \$FILE.tar
\$ tar czf \$FILE.tar.gz \$FILES	compress \$FILES into \$FILE.tar.gz using Gzip
\$ tar xzf \$FILE.tar.gz	extract files from \$FILE.tar.gz using Gzip
\$ gzip \$FILE	compress \$FILE and rename it as \$FILE.gz
\$ gzip -d \$FILE.gz	decompress \$FILE.gz back to \$FILE

Network

\$ ip address	print all internet protocol addresses
\$ ping \$HOST	ping \$HOST and print results
\$ whois \$DOMAIN	print information about \$DOMAIN
\$ dig \$DOMAIN	print DNS of \$DOMAIN
\$ dig -x \$HOST	reverse lookup \$HOST
\$ wget \$FILE	download \$FILE

ROS Launch File Elements

<node>	launch a node
<param>	set a parameter on the parameter server
<remap>	declare a name mapping
<rosparam>	set ROS parameters for the launch
<include>	include other roslaunch files
<env>	specify an environment variable for launched nodes
<arg>	declare an argument
<group>	group enclosed elements sharing a namespace or remap

Thomas Comments

Ctrl+Alt+T is a desktop environment shortcut actually, not Linux Shell command.

launch file section is only useful, if the (at least most commonly used) arguments are explained as well.

ROS variables.