



# EL8-EC Series AC Servo Drive

## User Manual

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# Foreword

Thank you for purchasing Leadshine EL8-EC series AC Servo drives. This manual will provide information on the EL8-EC series servo products regarding product safety & specifications, installations & wiring, tuning & problem diagnostics.

**Please contact us at [tech@leadshine.com](mailto:tech@leadshine.com) if you need further technical support.**

Incorrect operation may cause unexpected accident, please read this manual carefully before using product.

- ✧ We reserve the right to modify equipment and documentation without prior notice.
- ✧ We won't undertake any responsibility with any customer's modification of product and the warranty of product will be canceled at the same time.

## Safety Precautions

Please read the safety instructions carefully before using the products and pay attention to the safety signs.

	Might incur death or serious injury
	Might cause injury to operating personals or damage to equipment
	Might cause damage to equipment
	High voltage. Might cause electrocution to personals in contact
	Hot surface. Do not touch
	Protective Earth

## Safety instructions

### **Warning**

- ✓ The design of the product is not to be used in mechanical system which may incur health hazard.
- ✓ Users should be aware of the product safety precautions during design and installations of the equipment to prevent any unwanted accident.

## Upon receiving

### **Caution**

- ✓ The use of damaged or faulty product(s) is prohibited.
- ✓ Please refer to item checklist. If the labels don't match, please do not install.

## Transportation

 **Caution**

- ✓ Please provide storage and transportation under protected conditions.
- ✓ Do not stack the products too high up to prevent toppling.
- ✓ The product should be packaged properly during transportation,
- ✓ Do not hold the product by the cable, motor shaft or encoder while transporting it.
- ✓ The product should be protected from external forces and shock.

## Installation

 **Caution**

### **Servo drive and Motor:**

- ✓ Do not install around combustibles to prevent fire hazard.
- ✓ Avoid vibration and impact.
- ✓ Do not install products that are damaged or incomplete.

### **Servo drive:**

- ✓ Please install in electrical cabinet with sufficient protection from outside elements.
- ✓ Reserve sufficient gap as per the installation guide.
- ✓ Make sure to have good heat sinking.
- ✓ Avoid dust, corrosive gas, conductive object or fluid and combustibles.

### **Servo Motor:**

- ✓ Make sure installation is tight to prevent it from loosening.
- ✓ Prevent fluid from leaking into motor and encoder.
- ✓ Protect motor from impact to avoid damaging encoder.
- ✓ Motor shaft should not bear the load beyond the limits as specified.

## Wiring

 **Warning**

- ✓ Participate installation personals should have sufficient training in product installation safety.
- ✓ Please power off and wait for 10 minutes to make sure a full discharge of electricity.
- ✓ Servo drive and motor must be connected to ground.
- ✓ Connect the cables only after servo drive motor installed correctly
- ✓ Make sure the wires are properly managed and insulation layer is not torn to prevent electrocution.

 **Caution**

- ✓ Wiring must be correctly connected to prevent damage to product(s)
- ✓ Servo motor U, V, W terminal should be connected correctly and NOT connected directly to an AC power supply.
- ✓ Capacitor, inductor or filter shouldn't be installed between servo motor and servo drive.
- ✓ Connecting wires or any non-heat resistant components should be put near to heat sink of the servo drive or motor.
- ✓ The flyback diode which is connected in parallel to output signal DC relay must not be connected in reverse.

## Tuning and running

### **Caution**

- ✓ Make sure the wirings of servo drive and servo motor are installed and fixed properly before powering on.
- ✓ On the first time tuning of the product, it is recommended to run unloaded until all the parameter settings are confirmed to prevent any damage to the product or machine.

## Usage

### **Caution**

- ✓ Please install an emergency stop button on machine to stop operation immediately if there is an accident.
- ✓ Please make sure machine is stopped before clearing an alarm.
- ✓ Servo drive must be matched with specified motor.
- ✓ Frequent restart of the servo system might incur damage to the product.
- ✓ Servo drive and motor will be hot to touch shortly after power off. Please be careful.
- ✓ Modification(s) to servo system is prohibited.

## Error Handling

### **Warning**

- ✓ Please wait for 5 minutes after powering off for the electricity to be fully discharged before uninstalling the cables.
- ✓ Participate maintenance personals should have sufficient training in maintenance and operation of this product series.

### **Caution**

- ✓ Please handle the error before clearing an alarm.
- ✓ Keep away from machine after a restart upon alarm. Mechanical axis might suddenly move. Such hazard should be prevented during the utilization of the product.

## Model Selection

### **Caution**

- ✓ Rated torque of the servo motor should be higher than continuous designated torque when fully loaded.
- ✓ Load inertia ratio of the motor should be lower or equals to recommended value for specified models
- ✓ Servo drive must be matched with specified motor.

# Warranty Information

## Available for

Leadshine overseas warranty only covers Leadshine AC servo products that are obtained through **Leadshine certified sales channel outside of China**.

## Warranty claim

- All Leadshine AC servo products (Servo drives and motors) overseas enjoy **18-month** warranty period.
- Due to unforeseen circumstances in different sales regions around the globe, we recommend users to seek technical support from directed sales channel as any warranty claim or repair services may be required.
- Please be informed that any maintenance/repair work that is outside of the warranty claim conditions might incur some charges and to be confirmed before product(s) is being sent in.
- The duration required for maintenance work to be done is to be confirmed after initial check-up but we reserve the right to prolong the repair duration if needed.
- Discontinued products within warranty period will be replaced with a product of similar specifications.

## Steps to warranty claim

1. Visit Leadshine global site [www.leadshine.com](http://www.leadshine.com) to look for local certified sales channel.
2. Contact designated sales channel to check if any fee might incur. May include repair fee, spare part cost or shipping cost.

## Circumstances where warranty claim is not available

- Damage/Loss due to occurrence of natural or man-made disaster such as fire, flood or earthquake.
- Installation or wiring error
- If there is any modification done to the product
- Warranty label on products is torn or not existing
- Not a product bought from Leadshine certified global network of retailers/distributors.

## Before warranty claim

- Please backup device parameters before any repair work/warranty claim. Leadshine and Leadshine certified retailers/distributors will not be held responsibilities for any data loss.
- If available, please send product back in original packaging or make sure it is well packaged to prevent any damage to the product during shipping.

*Leadshine Technology Co.,Ltd. and its certified sales channel reserved the final right of the interpretation of the warranty information.*

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## List of abbreviations used in this manual

Abbreviation	Full Form
Bit/S	Bit Per Second
CoE	CANopen Over EtherCAT
IP	Init To Pre-Operation
PI	Pre-Operational To Init
PS	Pre-Operational To Safe-Operational
SP	Safe-Operational To Pre-Operational
SO	Safe-Operational To Operational
OS	Operational To Safe-Operational
OI	Operational To Init
SI	Safe-Operational To Init
VS	Versus
PDO	Process Data Objects
SDO	Service Data Objects
SM	Synchronization Manager
FMMU	Fieldbus Memory Management Unit
h	Hex
U8	Unsigned Char
U16	Unsigned Short
U32	Unsigned Long
I8	signed Char
I16	signed Short
I32	signed Long
RW	Read Write
RO	Read Only
WO	Write Only
Var.	Variable
ETG	EtherCAT Technology Group
ESC	EtherCAT Slave Controller
ESM	EtherCAT State Machine
DI	Digital Input
DO	Digital Output
AI	Analog Input
AO	Analog Output
PP	Profile Position Mode
PV	Profile Velocity Mode
PT	Profile Torque Mode
HM	Homing Mode
CSP	Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode
CSV	Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode
CST	Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode
Uint	—
Uint/S	—
Uint/S <sup>2</sup>	—
P	Pulse
S	Second
RPM	Revolutions Per Minute

# Chapter 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Product Introduction

EL8-EC Series AC Servo Product is a whole new high-end AC servo drivers and motors product range that we have proudly developed at Leadshine Technology Co.,Ltd. This product series provides more in demand functionalities with better performance and safety assurance. Applicable in most high end usages.

EL8-EC series AC servo drivers range from power rating of 450W up to 2000W. Our EL8-EC series AC servo drivers supports EtherCAT communication protocol which can be seamlessly connected to motion controllers (PLC)/drivers that support this standard protocol.

Besides, our standard servo driver features such as dynamic braking and internal holding brake which comes with internal regenerative resistor, our EL8-EC drivers now also comes with Safe Torque Off (STO) function, Gantry synchronization, full closed loop functionalities and much more.

First time user of the EL8-EC series servo products can refer to this manual for more information on this product that cannot be covered in this short introduction. For further technical support, please do contact us or any local Leadshine certified retailers on Contact Us page.

## 1.2 Model Number Structure

### 1.2.1 Servo Drive

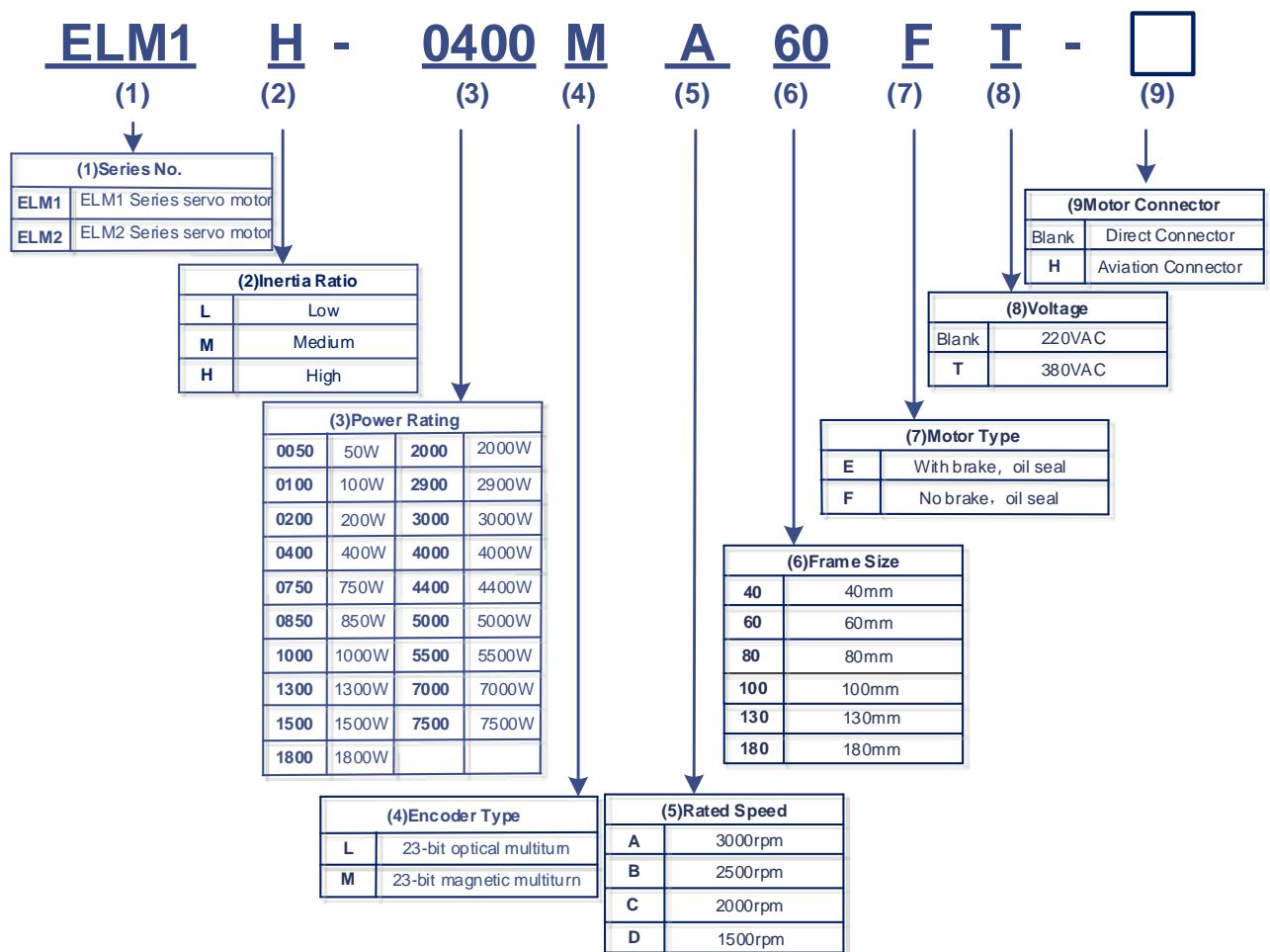


No.	Description	
(1)	Series No.	EL8: EL8 AC Servo Drive Series
(2)	Communication protocol	RS : Pulse train + RS485 EC : EtherCAT
(3)	Power Rating	400: 400W      750: 750W 1000:1000W    1500: 1500W    2000: 2000W
(4)	Type	F: Full functions
(5)	Extra(customized)	Blank: Standard

### Driver label



## 1.2.2 Servo motor

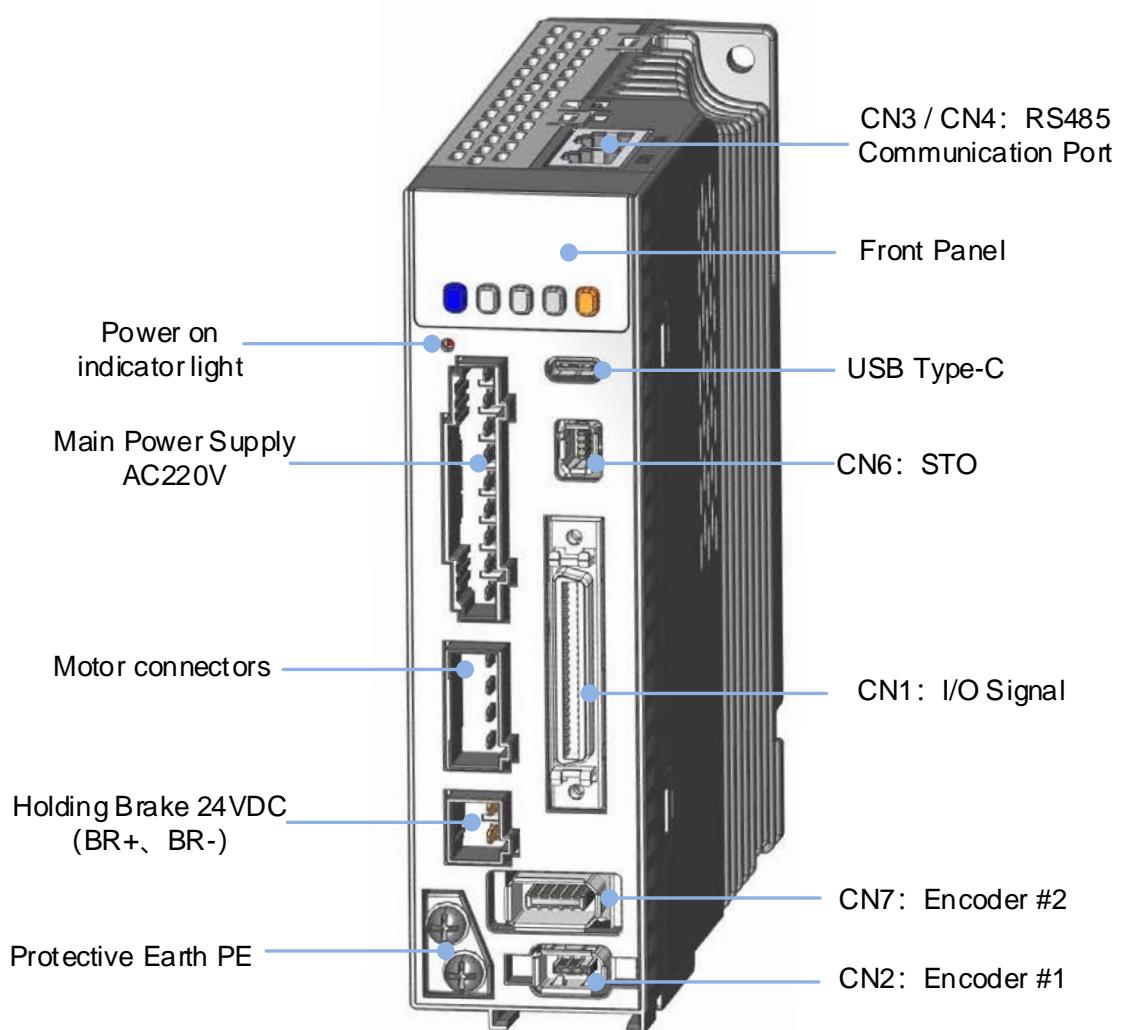


## 1.3 Servo Drive Technical Specifications

EL8-EC Series Driver		EL8-EC400F	EL8-EC750F	EL8-EC1000F	EL8-EC1000F	EL8-EC2000F											
<b>Power Rating</b>		400W	750W	1000W	<i>Coming Soon!</i>												
<b>Rated Current (A)</b>		2.8	5.5	7.0													
<b>Peak Current (A)</b>		9.3	16.9	21.2													
<b>Control circuit power supply</b>		1-Ph AC 200V-240V, -10% - +10%, 50/60Hz															
<b>Main power supply</b>		1-Ph/3-Ph AC 200V-240V,-10% - +10%, 50/60Hz															
Regenerative resistor	Resistance(Ω)	100	50	-													
	Power rating(W)	50	75	-													
<b>Cooling method</b>		Air-cooled	Fan-cooled														
<b>Dimension H*L*W(mm)</b>		150*150*43	150*160*55														
Ports		Descriptions															
<b>USB Type-C</b>		Modify or read driver parameters without connecting to main power supply															
<b>Crossover Frequency Output</b>		Supports phase A/B/Z differential crossover frequency output Supports phase Z open collector crossover frequency output															
<b>Analog Input</b>		2 analog inputs (AI1/AI2) ,-10V~+10V, Max. voltage: ±12V															
<b>Analog Output</b>		2 analog outputs (AO1/AO2) , -10V~+10V															
<b>Digital Input</b>	8 Digital Inputs (Supports common anode or cathode connection) 1. Clear Alarm (A-CLR) 2. Positive limit switch (POT) 3. Negative limit switch (NOT) 4. Homing switch (HOME-SWITCH) 5. Emergency stop (E-Stop)																
	3 Digital outputs (3 double-ended, DO1~DO3) 1. Alarm (ALM) 2. Servo ready (SRDY) 3. External brake off (BRK-OFF) 4. Positioning completed (INP) 5. Velocity at arrival (AT-SPEED) 6. Torque limiting command (TLC) 7. Zero speed position (ZSP) 8. Velocity coincidence (V-COIN) 9. Position command (P-CMD) 10. Velocity limit (V-LIMIT) 11. Velocity command (V-CMD) 12. Servo enabled (SRV-ST) 13. Homing done (HOME-OK) 14. Position comparison (CMP-OUT)																
<b>Digital Output</b>		1. Alarm (ALM) 2. Servo ready (SRDY) 3. External brake off (BRK-OFF) 4. Positioning completed (INP) 5. Velocity at arrival (AT-SPEED) 6. Torque limiting command (TLC) 7. Zero speed position (ZSP) 8. Velocity coincidence (V-COIN) 9. Position command (P-CMD) 10. Velocity limit (V-LIMIT) 11. Velocity command (V-CMD) 12. Servo enabled (SRV-ST) 13. Homing done (HOME-OK) 14. Position comparison (CMP-OUT)															
<b>Safe Torque Off (STO)</b>		Available for all EL8-ECF series servo drives															
<b>Encoder #2</b>																	
<b>Holding brake</b>		Internal holding brake. External relay not needed															
<b>Communication Port</b>		EtherCAT Protocol, RJ45 port															
Control Mode																	
<b>Position</b>	Profile Position Mode (PP) Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode (CSP) Homing Mode (HM)																
	Profile Velocity Mode (PV) Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode (CSV)																
	Profile Torque Mode (PT)																

	Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode (CST)
<b>Control Features</b>	
<b>Drive Mode</b>	IGBT SVPWM sinusoidal wave drive
<b>Feedback Method</b>	Encoder: RS485 Protocol
<b>Standardized Parameters</b>	Quick tuning of servo driver parameters can be achieved through PC tuning tools.
<b>Easy-to-use</b>	One-click tuning, Single parameter tuning, Black box, Zero tracking control
<b>Notch Filter</b>	Mechanical resonance suppression. Supports up to 3 filters, 50Hz~4000Hz
<b>Vibration suppression</b>	End vibration suppression
<b>DI/DO settings</b>	Digital inputs and outputs can be set accordingly
<b>Alarm</b>	Overcurrent. Overvoltage. Undervoltage. Overheat. Overload. Overtravel. Single-Phasing. Regenerative resistor error. Position deviation error. Encoder feedback error. Excessive braking rate. EEPROM error
<b>Front Panel</b>	5 push buttons, 8-segments display, 5 warning LEDs
<b>Software</b>	Driver tuning through <b>Motion Studio</b> Ver. 2.2.x. Parameters tuning in current loop, position loop, velocity loop; Modify I/O signal and motor parameters; Variables(velocity, position deviation, etc.) monitoring using step diagrams
<b>Communication</b>	<b>USB Type-C</b> Modbus USB2.0 (No need to connect driver to power supply)
	<b>EtherCAT</b> RJ45. Communication up to 128 axes to a host
<b>Dynamic Brake</b>	Internal dynamic brake
<b>Position Comparison</b>	42 position comparison outputs
<b>Suitable Load Inertia</b>	30 times smaller than motor inertia
<b>Environmental requirements</b>	
<b>Temperature</b>	Storage: -20-80°C (Condensation free); Installation: 0-55°C (Not frozen)
<b>Humidity</b>	Under 90%RH (Condensation free)
<b>Altitude</b>	Up to 1000m above sea level
<b>Vibration</b>	Less than 0.5G (4.9m/s <sup>2</sup> ) 10-60Hz (non-continuous working)
<b>IP ratings</b>	IP20

## 1.4 Servo Drive Ports and Connectors

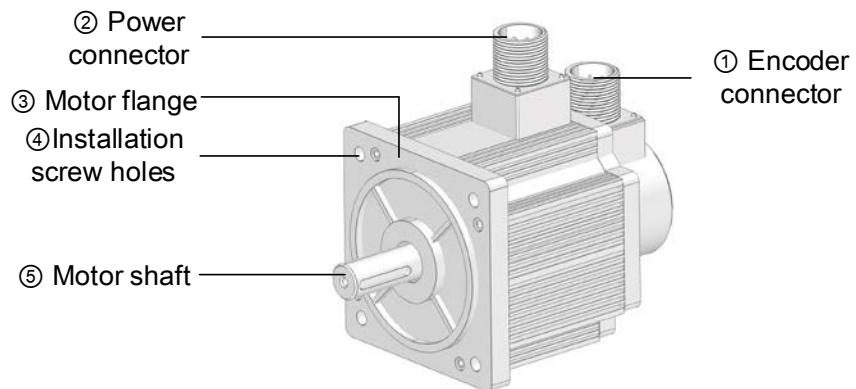


*Front View of EL8-EC AC Servo Drive*

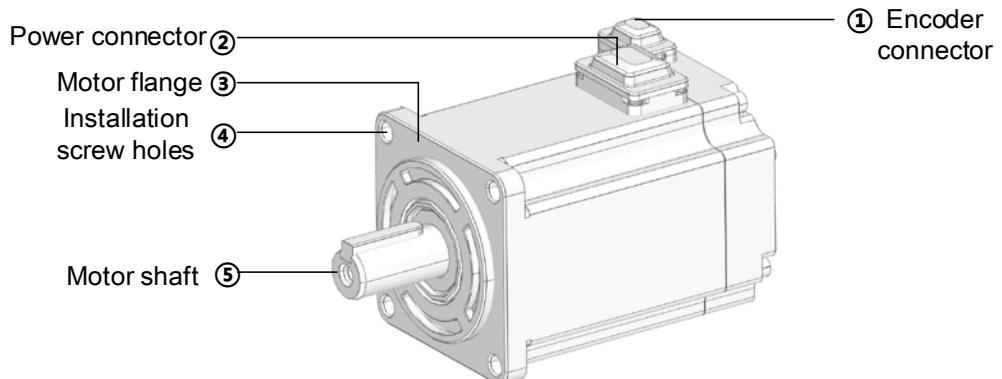
Parts & Connectors	Description
Front Panel	<p>Including a LED display and 5 buttons. LED display is used to display servo driver status and parameter settings.</p> <p>5 buttons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>M</b> : To switch between different modes and parameters</li> <li><b>◀</b> : Switch between value</li> <li><b>▲</b> : Switch between sub-menus/Increase</li> <li><b>▼</b> : Switch between sub-menus/Decrease</li> <li><b>S</b> : Enter</li> </ul>
Type-C Data Port	Connect to computer for tuning of servo driver. Parameters of the servo driver can be modified without connecting to main power supply.
CN6 STO(Safety Torque Off)	STO connectors. Used for any application requiring STO functions.
CN1 I/O signal	I/O signal connection terminals(SCSI-26PIN)
CN2 Encoder #1	Connect to motor encoder
CN7 Encoder #2	Connect to external encoder ( Supports ABZ incremental encoder only.)
CN3 CN4 RS485 Communication Port	Connect to controller with RS485 interface
Holding Brake 24VDC	BR+/BR- brake terminals
Power-on indicator light	<p>Lights up when servo driver is connected to main power supply. Please do not touch the power terminal immediately after power off as the capacitor might require some time to discharge.</p>
Main power supply 220VAC	<p><b>L1C, L2C</b> : Control circuit power supply(Single phase 220VAC)  <b>L1, L2, L3</b>: Main power supply 220VAC  <i>Note: EL8 series supports 1P/3P 220VAC main power supply</i>  <b>P+,B1,B2</b>: Connect B1 and B2 to use internal regenerative resistor ; If an external regenerative resistor is needed, connect it to P+ and B2, disconnect B1 and B2.</p>
Motor connectors	U,V,W Motor connector: Connect to U,V,W terminals on servo motor PE motor earth terminal: Connect to motor PE terminal
Protective Earth PE	Connect to PE of main power supply. For grounding

## 1.5 Motor ports and connectors

### Motors with aviation connectors



### Motors with direct connectors



## Chapter 2 Installation & Wiring

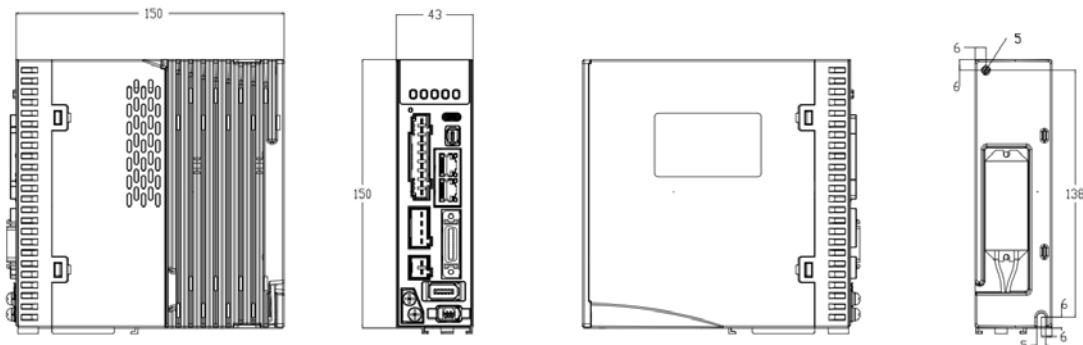
### 2.1 Servo Drive Installation

#### 2.1.1 Servo drive installation environment

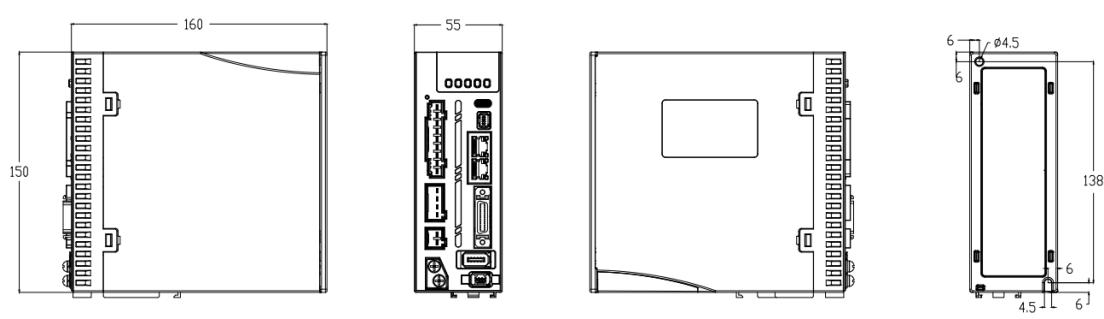
<b>Temperature</b>	Storage: -20-80°C (Condensation free); Installation: 0-55°C (Not frozen)
<b>Humidity</b>	Under 90%RH (Condensation free)
<b>Altitude</b>	Up to 1000m above sea level
<b>Vibration</b>	Less than 0.5G (4.9m/s <sup>2</sup> ) 10-60Hz (non-continuous working)
<b>Atmospheric</b>	No corrosive gas, combustibles, dirt or dust.
<b>IP ratings</b>	IP20

#### 2.1.2 Servo drive dimension

##### Dimension 1: EL8-EC400F

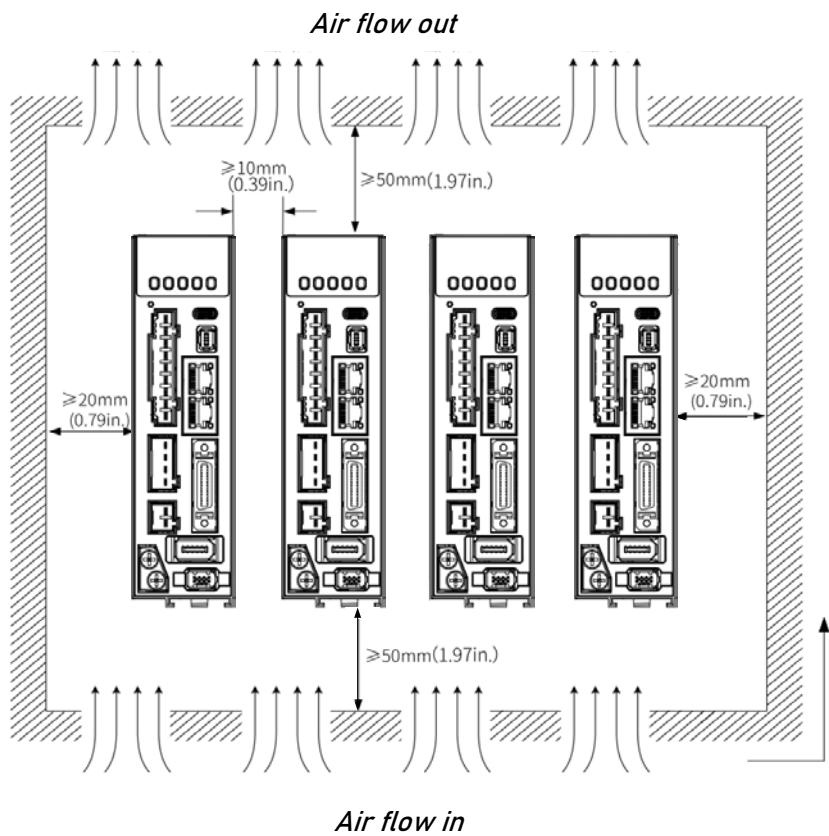


##### Dimension 2: EL8-EC750 / 1000F



## Space requirement for installation

In order to ensure efficient heat dissipation, please leave at least 10mm installation space in between drivers. If drivers need to be mounted compactly, please leave at 1mm of installation space. Please keep in mind that under such conditions, the drivers can only run at 75% of actual load rate.



### ➤ Installation method

Please install the driver vertical to ground facing forward for better heat dissipation. Always install in rows and use heat insulation board to separate between rows. Cooling fans are recommended for drivers to achieve optimal performance.

### ➤ Grounding

PE terminals must be grounded to prevent electrocution hazard or electromagnetic interference.

### ➤ Wiring

Please ensure there is no liquid around the wiring and connectors as liquid leakage may cause serious damage to the driver(s).

### ➤ RJ45 port cover

Please cover unconnected RJ45 port(s) on top of the driver to prevent dust or liquid from damaging the ports.

### ➤ Battery kit

If there is a need for battery kit, please remember to leave a room in the electrical cabinet for it.

## 2.2 Servo Motor Installation

### 2.2.1 Installation conditions

Installation conditions may affect the lifespan of a motor

- Please keep away from corrosive fluid and combustibles.
- If dusty working environment is unavoidable, please use motors with oil seal.
- Please keep away from heat source.
- If motor is used in enclosed environment without heat dissipation, motor lifespan will be short.
- Please check and clean the installation spot before installation.

### 2.2.2 Precautions during installation

#### Installation method

##### Install horizontal to ground

Make sure power cable and encoder cable is facing downwards to make sure fluid doesn't leak into the ports.

##### Install vertical to ground

Please use a motor with oil seal when paired with a reducer to prevent reducer oil from leaking into the motor.

#### Oil- and waterproofing

- Do not submerge motor/cable under oil/water
- Please use a motor with oil seal when paired with a reducer to prevent reducer oil from leaking into the motor.
- If there is an unavoidable fluid leakage near the motor, please use motor with better IP ratings.
- Make sure power cable and encoder cable is facing downwards to make sure fluid doesn't leak into the ports.
- Avoid the usage of motor in water/oil leaking prone environment.

#### Cable under stress

- Do not bend the cable especially at each ends of the connectors.
- Make sure to not let the cables be too tight and under tremendous stress especially thinner cables such as signal cables.

#### Connectors

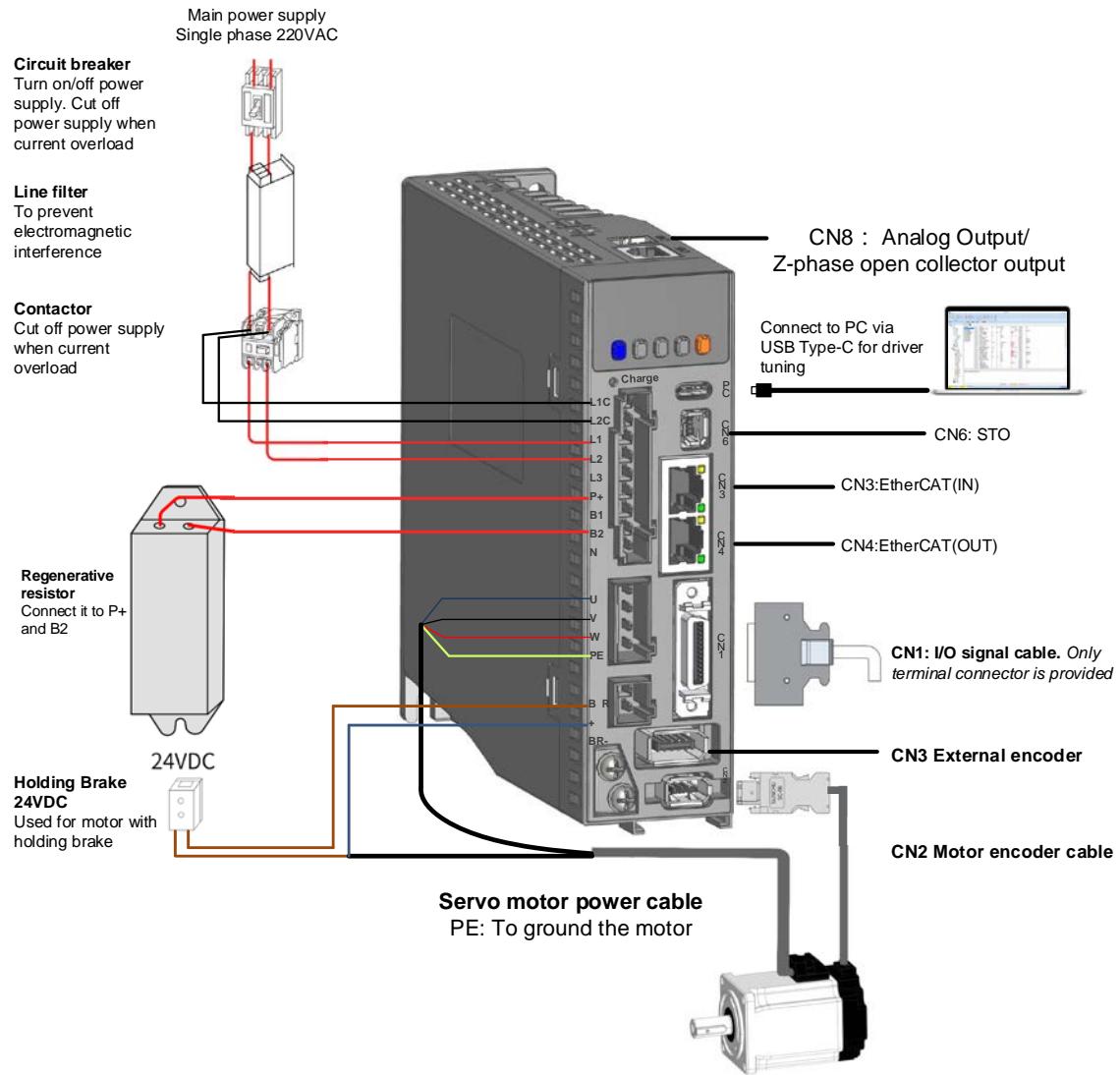
- Please remove any conductive foreign objects from the connectors before installation
- The connectors are made of resin. May not withstand impact.
- Please hold the driver during transportation, not the cables.
- Leave enough "bend" on the connector cables to ensure less stress upon installation.

### Encoder & coupling

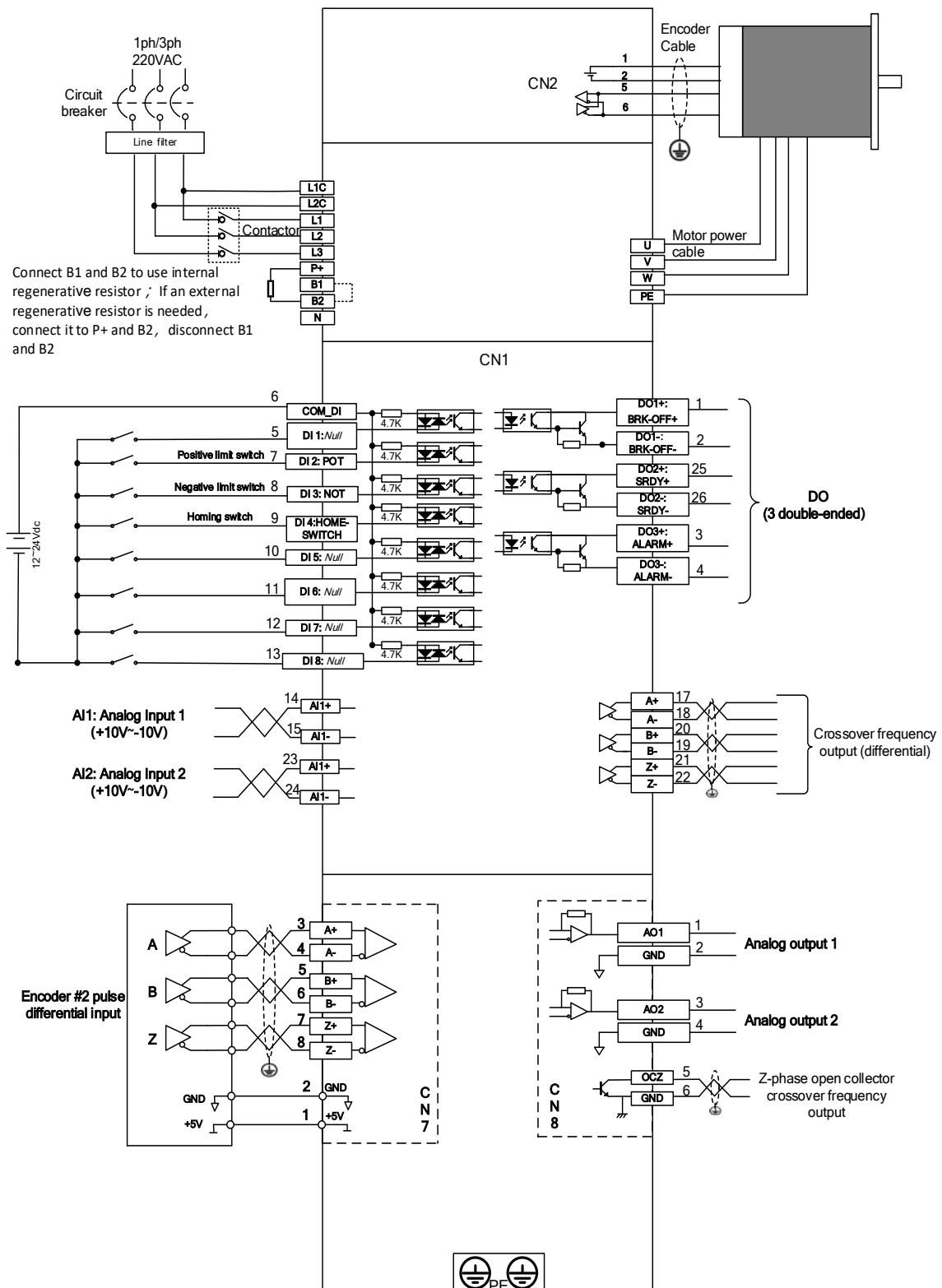
- During installation or removal of coupling, please do not hit the motor shaft with a hammer as it would cause damage to internal encoder.
- Please make sure to centralize the motor shaft and coupling, it might cause damage to motor or encoder due to vibration.
- Please make sure axial and radial load is within the limits specified as it might affect the lifespan of the motor or cause damage to it.

## 2.3 EL8-EC Wiring Diagram

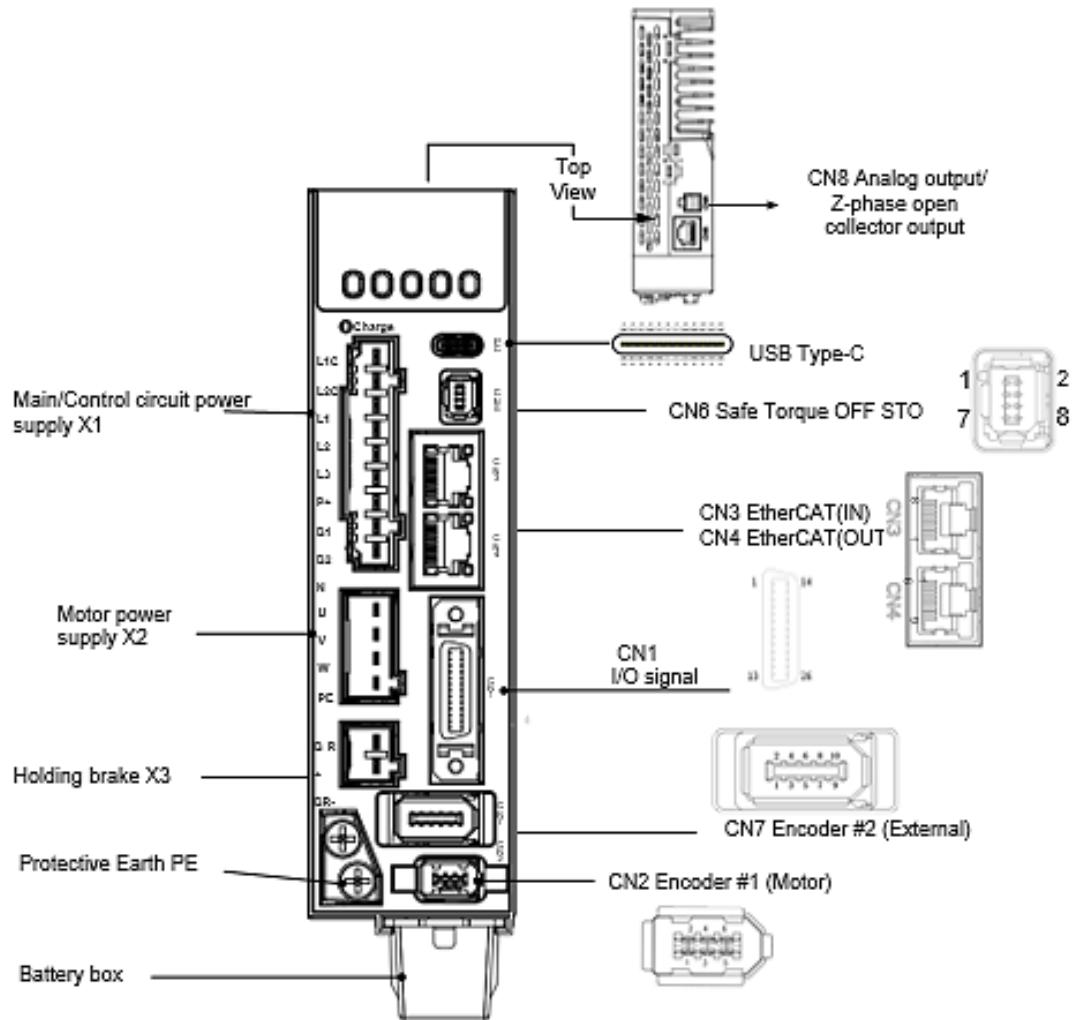
### EL8-EC 220VAC Wiring Diagram



## EL8-EC 220VAC Electrical Wiring Diagram

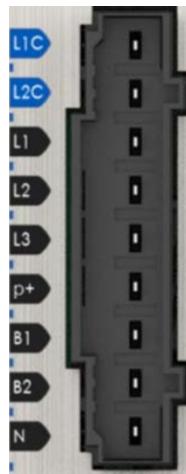


## 2.4 Servo Drive Ports



Port	Description
CN1	I/O Signal (50 pins)
CN2	Motor encoder feedback input
CN3	EtherCAT (IN) Communication Port
CN4	EtherCAT (OUT) Communication Port
CN5	RS422 Communication Port
CN6	Safe Torque Off (STO)
CN7	2 <sup>nd</sup> Encoder feedback input (External)
CN8	Analog output/Z-phase open collector output
X1/X2	Main/Control circuit power supply; Motor power supply
X3	Holding Brake
USB	USB Type-C (Connect to PC)

## 2.5 Main/Control circuit power supply X1



Pin	Label	Explanation	Remarks
L1C	Control circuit L1	Control circuit power supply. Single phase 220VAC	① Optional isolated switching power supply; ② Connecting to 380VAC will cause damage to driver; ③ Line filter is suggested in environment with strong interference; Use a fuseless circuit breaker to turn on/off power supply to driver.
L2C	Control circuit L2		
L1	Main power supply L1	Single phase 220VAC. Supports 1ph/3ph 220VAC,-10%~+10%,50/60Hz	Connect B1 and B2 to use internal regenerative resistor If an external regenerative resistor is needed, connect it to P+ and B2, disconnect B1 and B2.
L2	Main power supply L2		
L3	Main power supply L3		
P +	DC Bus positive terminal	1. Internal DC bus positive terminal 2、External regenerative resistor P terminal	Connect B1 and B2 to use internal regenerative resistor If an external regenerative resistor is needed, connect it to P+ and B2, disconnect B1 and B2.
B1	Regenerative resistor terminal	Internal regenerative resistor drawing terminal	
B2	Regenerative resistor terminal	Internal IGBT transistor	Please don't connect to any cable
N	DC Bus negative terminal	Internal DC bus negative terminal	

## 2.5.1 Main power supply cable selection

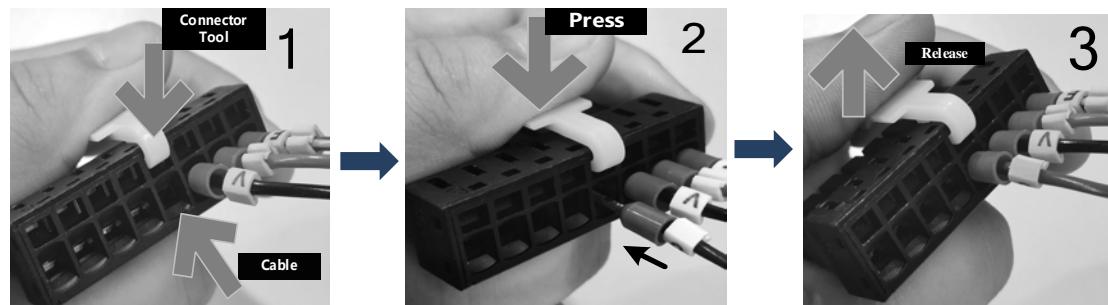
Please connect to L1C/L2C (Control circuit) and L1/L2/L3 (Main power) to rated power supply voltage for the driver to operate under normal working condition. Driver will not function without both connected properly.

**Main power supply wire gauge**

Driver	Wire diameter (mm <sup>2</sup> /AWG)					
	L1	L2	P+	BR	U V W	PE
EL8-EC400F	0.81/AWG18		2.1/AWG14		1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14
EL8-EC750F	0.81/AWG18		2.1/AWG14		1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14
EL8-EC1000F	0.81/AWG18		2.1/AWG14		2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14

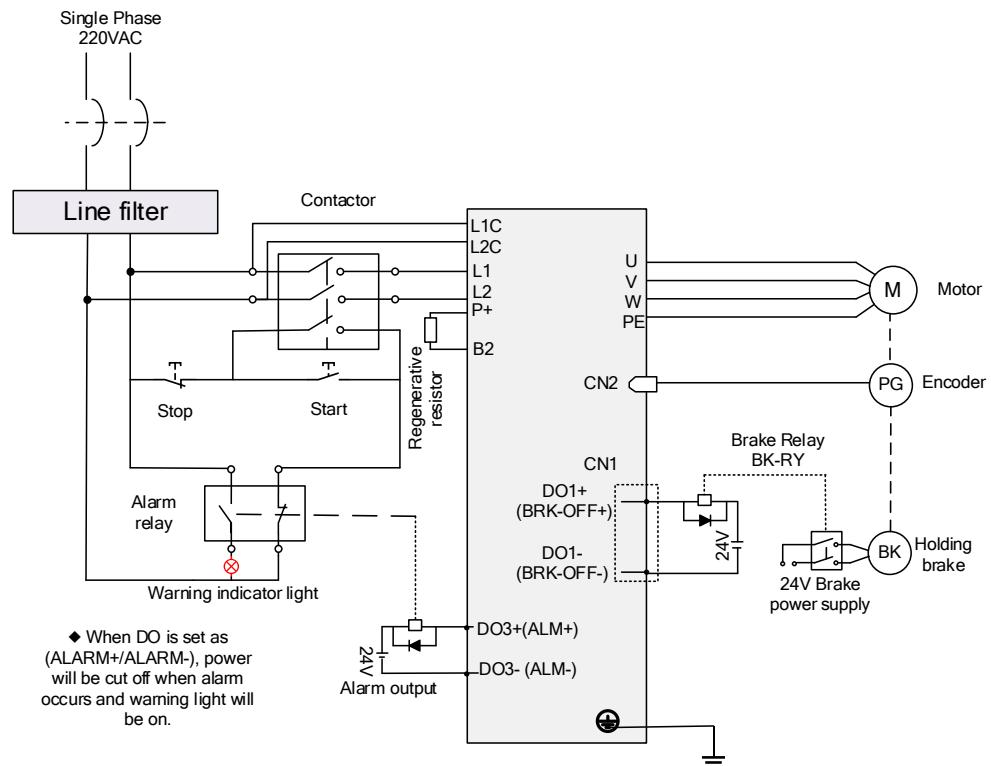
- Grounding: Grounding wire should be thicker. Ground PE terminal of servo drive and servo motor together with resistance <100 Ω.
- A 3-phase isolation transformer is recommended to lessen the risk of electrocution
- Connect a line filter to power supply to reduce electromagnetic interference.
- Please install a fuseless circuit breaker to cut off power supply in time when the driver fails.

### To fix wire cables into connector

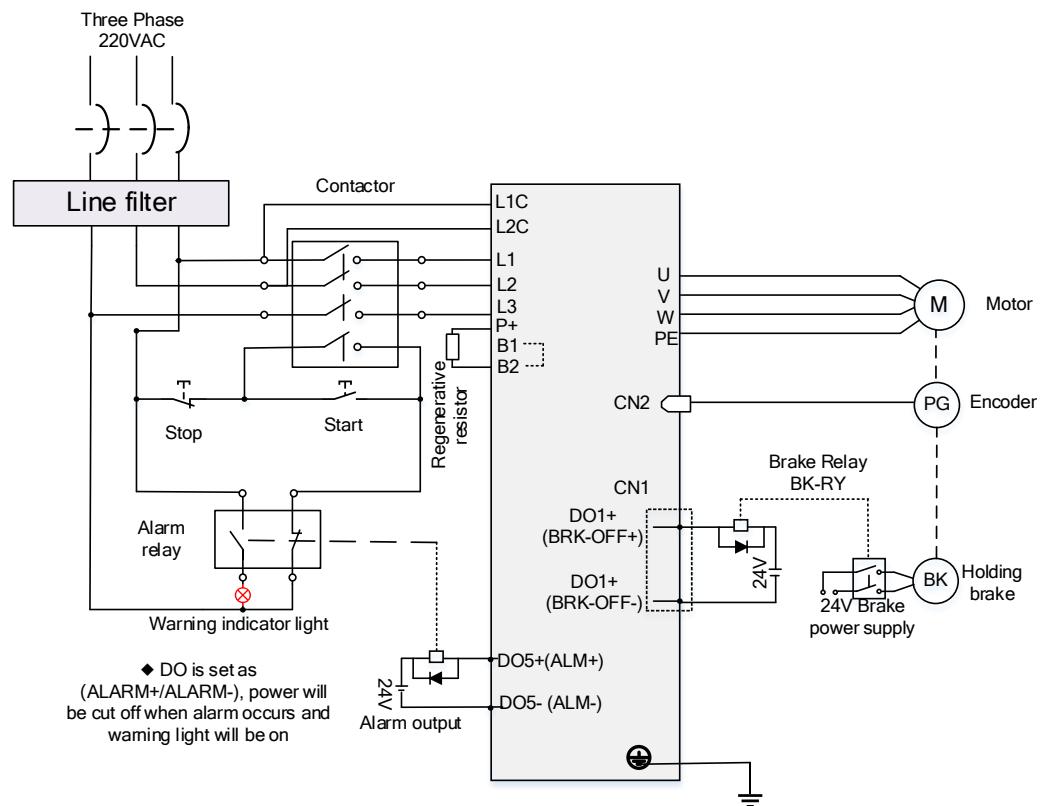


## 2.5.2 Single/Three phase power supply wiring diagram

### Single Phase 220VAC



### Three Phase 220VAC

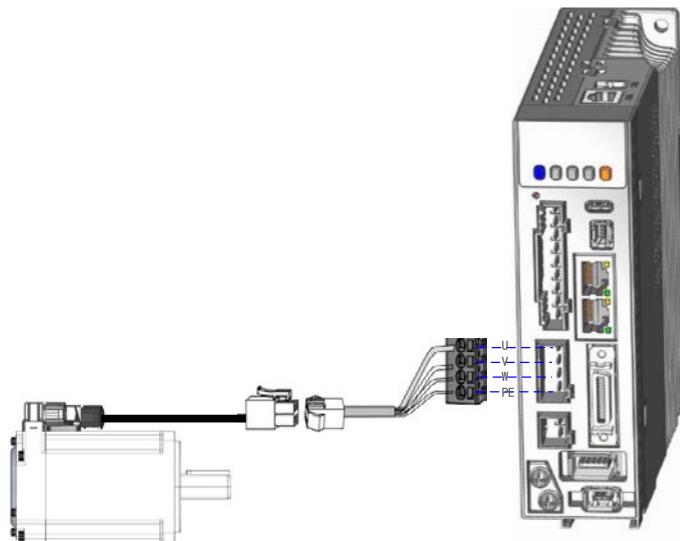


## 2.6 Motor Power Supply X2



Pin	Label	Explanation	Remarks
U	U terminal	To motor U terminal	① Please make sure U, V, W terminals of driver and motor are correctly connected. ② Connect motor PE to driver PE and ground.
V	V terminal	To motor V terminal	
W	W terminal	To motor W terminal	
PE	PE	Motor frame	

### 2.6.1 Motor power cable selection (Port X2)

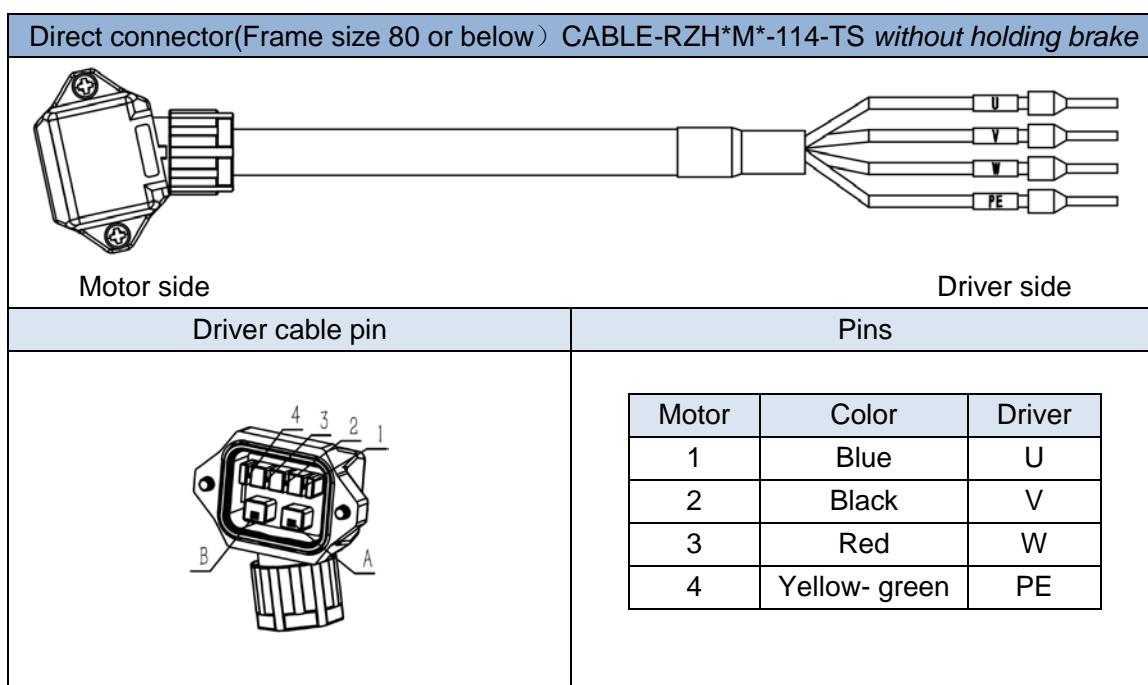
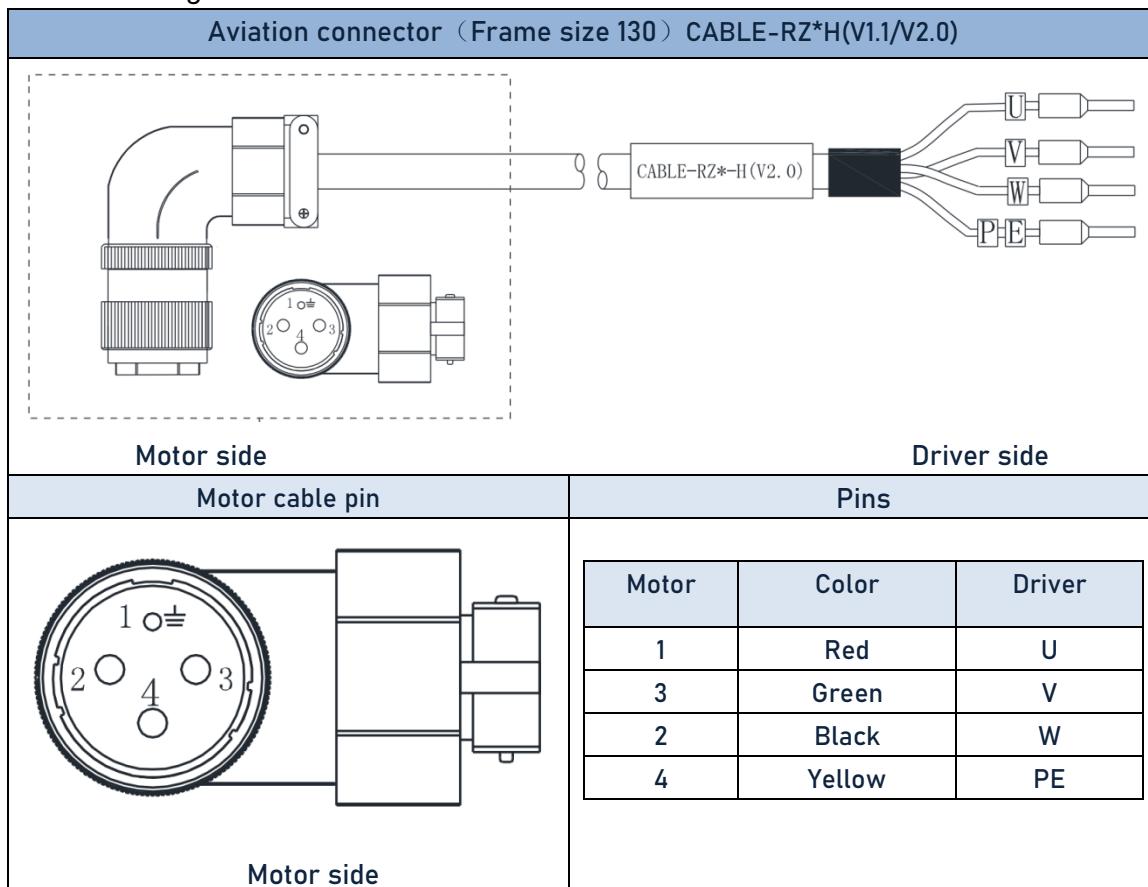


Example of motor power cable connection using an AMP electrical connector  
*Please connect the wires to corresponding terminals as labeled.*

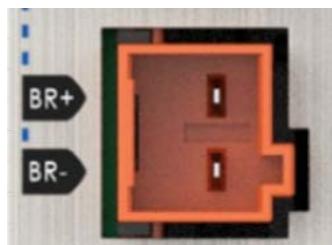
#### Motor winding power cable

- Wire length available: 1.5m, 3m and 5m
- Connectors type available: AMP electrical connectors, aviation connectors, direct connectors (recommended)
- Please contact Leadshine sales team or any Leadshine certified local retailers for any customized needs.

*\*M\*: Length of the cable*



## 2.7 Holding Brake X3



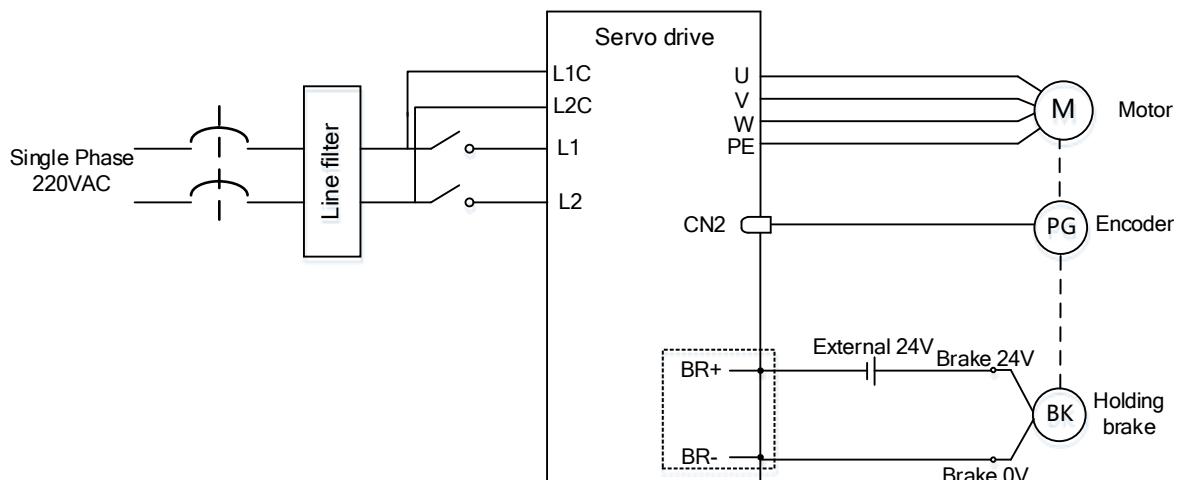
Pin	Label	Explanation
BR+ (BR1)	Brake positive terminal	Connect to external power supply 24v negative terminal
BR- (BR2)	Brake negative terminal	Connect to motor brake terminal 0V

## 2.7.1 Holding brake wiring diagram

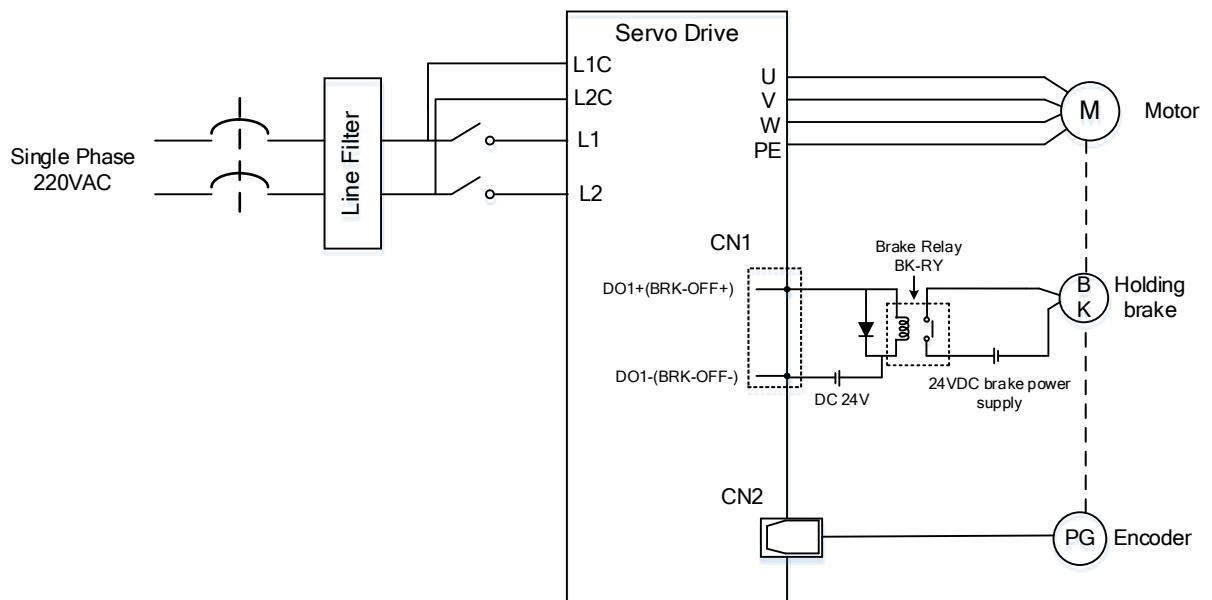
Holding brake is activated when servo drive is not powered on to prevent axis from moving due to gravitational pull or other external forces by locking the motor in place. Usually used on axis mounted vertically to the ground so that the load would not drop under gravitational force when the driver is powered off or when alarm occurs.

EL8 series servo drives support direct drive holding brake. Please connect BR+ and BR- to an external 24v power supply and motor brake terminal to control the holding brake. There is no need for an external relay.

### 1. Using internal holding brake output port X3 (Easy wiring, no need for an extra relay)

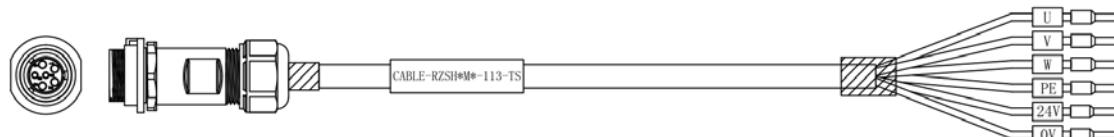


### 2. Connect to the DO(BRK+/BRK-)



## 2.7.2 Cable selection for motor with holding brake

Aviation connector (Frame size 80 or below) CABLE-RZSH\*M\*-113-TS Winding cable with holding brake

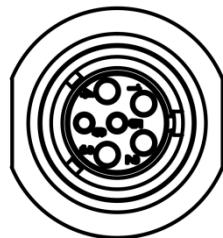


Motor side

Driver side

Motor cable pin

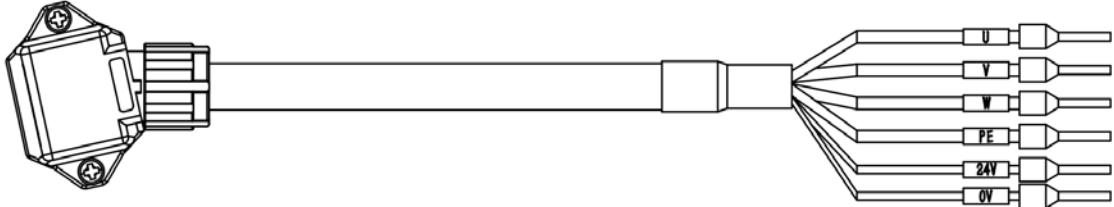
Pins



Motor side

Motor	Color	Driver
1	Blue	U
2	Red	W
3	Black	V
4	Yellow-green	PE
5	Black	0V
6	Red	24V

Direct connector CABLE-RZH\*M\*-114-TS Winding cable with holding brake

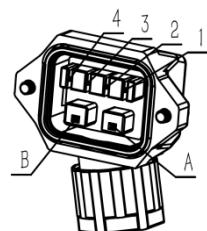


Motor side

Driver side

Motor cable pin

Pin

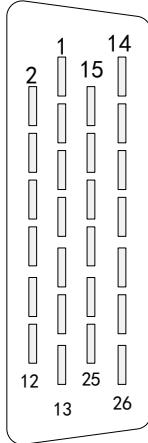


Motor	Color	Driver
1	Blue	U
2	Black	V
3	Red	W
4	Yellow-green	PE
A	Black	0V
B	Red	24V

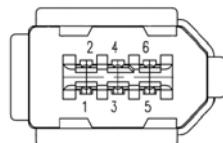
- Mechanical noise might exist when motor with holding brake is in operation but it doesn't affect the functionality of the motor.
- When the holding brake circuit is closed (holding brake deactivated), there might be magnetic flux leakage. Please be aware to not use magnetic sensor around motor with holding brake.
- 24V operating voltage for the holding brake has to be ensured to maintain the functionality of the holding brake. Please consider the voltage dropped over lengthy motor cables due to increase in cable resistance.
- It is recommended to have an isolated switching power supply for the holding brake to prevent malfunctioning of the holding brake in case of voltage drop.

## 2.8 I/O signal CN1

EL8-EC series servo drives use SCSI 26-pin connector.

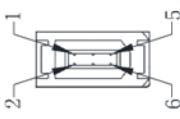
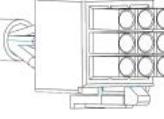
Port	Diagram	Pin	Label	Signal	Description
CN1		6	DI-COM	Input	Common digital input
		5	DI1	-	Digital input 1
		7	DI2	POT	Positive limit switch
		8	DI3	NOT	Negative limit switch
		9	DI4	HOME-SWITCH	Homing switch
		10	DI5	-	Digital input 5
		11	DI6	-	Digital input 6
		12	DI7	-	Digital input 7
		13	DI8	-	Digital input 8
		1	DO1+	BRK-OFF+	External brake released signal
		2	DO1-	BRK-OFF-	
		25	DO2+	S-RDY+	Servo ready signal output
		26	DO2-	S-RDY-	
		3	DO3+	ALM+	Alarm output
		4	DO3-	ALM-	
		17	A+	Differential output	Phase A crossover frequency output
		18	A-		Phase B crossover frequency output
		20	B+		Phase Z crossover frequency output
		19	B-		
		21	Z+		
		22	Z-		
		16	GND	Signal ground	Signal ground
		14	GND	AI1	Analog input 1
		15	AI1		
		23	AI2	AI2	Analog input 2
		24	GND		
		Frame		FG	Ground

## 2.9 Encoder #1 (Motor) CN2



Connector	Pin	Signal	Explanation
CN2	1	VCC5V	Power supply 5V
	2	GND	Power supply ground
	3	BAT+	Battery positive terminal
	4	BAT-	Battery negative terminal
	5	SD+	SSI Data+
	6	SD-	SSI Data-
	Frame	PE	Shield grounding

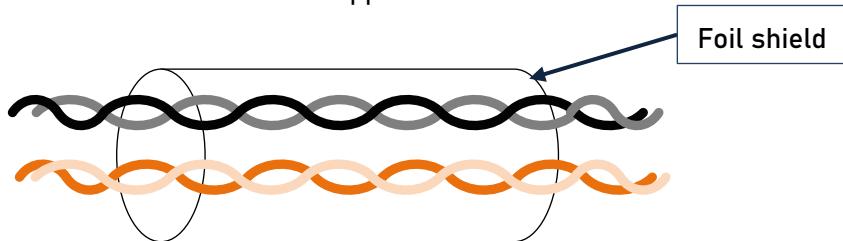
**Pin terminals on motor side**

Driver side (1394 6PIN)	Pin	Motor side		
		Frame 80 or below	Frame 130	Frame 130 (850w,1300w,1800w)
Frame		1 (Shielding)	1 (Shielding)	1 (Shielding)
1	5V	2	2	7
2	0V	3	3	5
5	SD+	4	4	6
6	SD-	5	5	4
(3)	BAT+	(6)	(6)	(3)
(4)	BAT-	(7)	(7)	(2)
				

### 2.9.1 Cable selection for I/O signal port CN1 and encoder feedback port CN2

**I/O signal cable**

To ensure I/O signal to not be affected by electromagnetic interference, a **shielded twisted pair cable** is recommended for this application.



**Diameter:** Recommended to use stranded and shielded cable. For CN1,  $\geq 0.14\text{mm}^2$ , CN2 $\geq 0.25\text{mm}^2$ , shielding layer needs to be grounded.

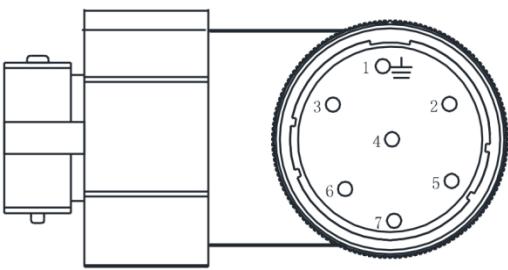
**Length:** Cable length should be as short as possible. No more than 3m for CN1 and 20m for CN2.

**Placement:** Place the cable away from power cables.

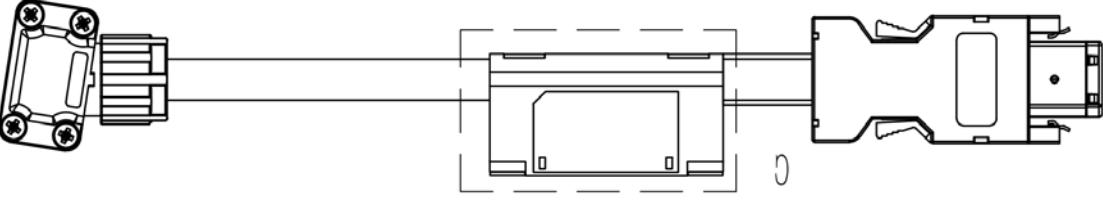
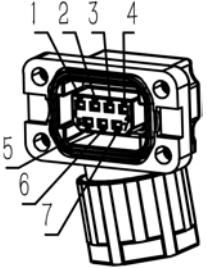
- Install a surge suppressor in feedback circuit; flyback diode inversely connected in parallel in DC coil and capacitor connected in parallel in AC coil.
- I/O signal included DI, DO and relay output signal
- Please keep 30cm away from main power supply cable or motor power cable to avoid electromagnetic interference.

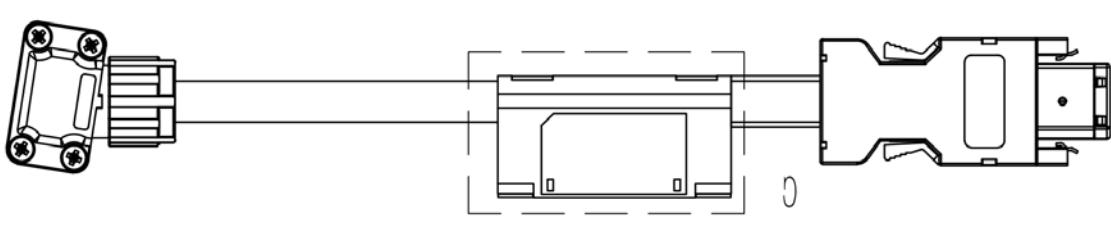
**Motor encoder cable and connector selection**

Aviation connector (Frame size 130) CABLE-7BM\*HZ(V3.0)

Motor side		Driver side		
Motor cable pin		Pin		
		<b>Motor</b>	<b>Driver</b>	<b>Signal</b>
		1	Frame	Shielded
		2	1	+5V
		3	2	0V
		4	5	SD+
		5	6	SD-
		6	3	BAT+
		7	4	BAT-

Direct connector(Frame size 80 or below) CABLE-BMH\*M\*-114-TS Incremental encoder

Motor side		Driver side		
Motor cable pin		Pin		
		<b>Motor</b>	<b>Driver</b>	<b>Signal</b>
		1	Frame	Shielded
		2	1	+5V
		3	2	0V
		4	5	SD+
		5	6	SD-

**Direct connector(Frame size 80 or below) CABLE-BMAH\*M\*-124-TS Absolute encoder**


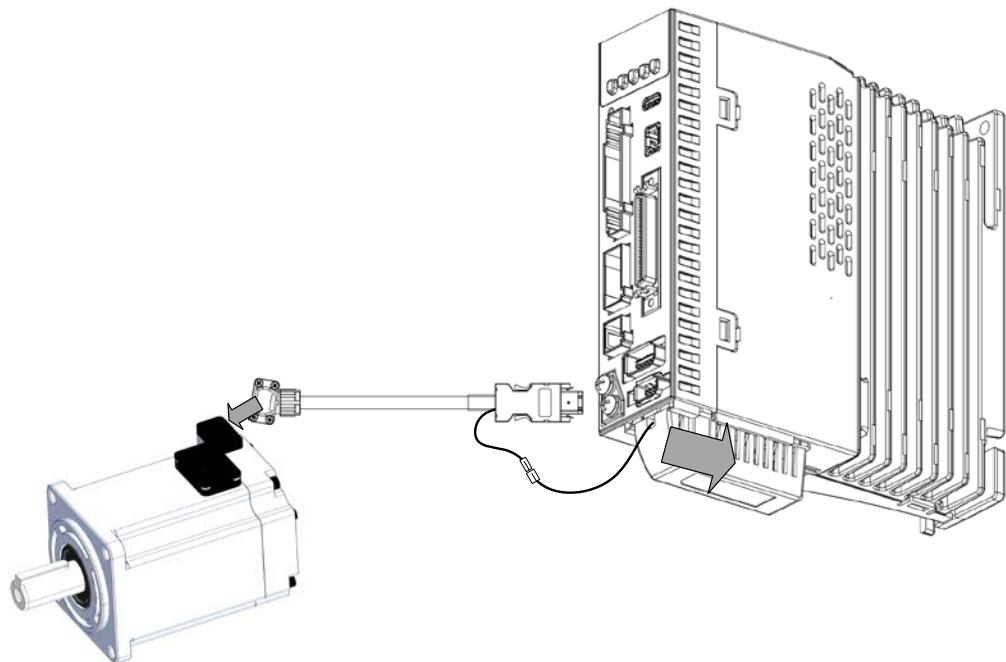
Motor side    Driver side

Motor cable pin	Pin		
	Motor	Driver	Signal
1	1	Frame	Shielded
2		1	+5V
3		2	0V
4		5	SD+
5		6	SD-
6		3	BAT+
7		4	BAT-

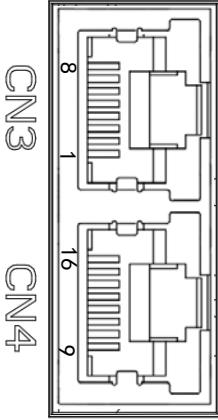
Motor side

**Battery box for absolute encoder**

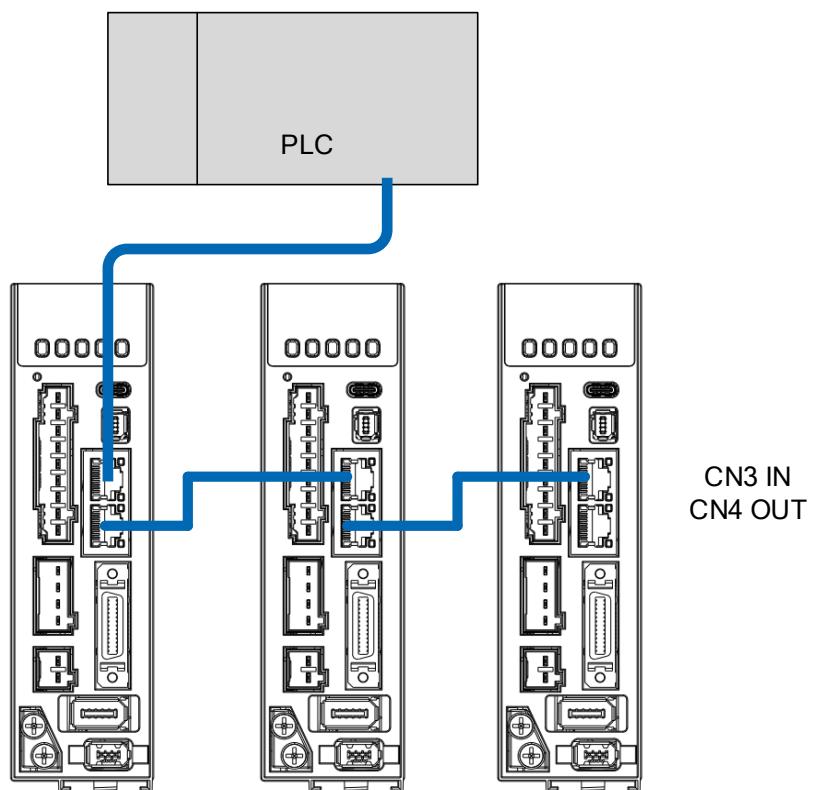
EL8-EC series servo drives come with battery kit installed on the driver or on the encoder cable.



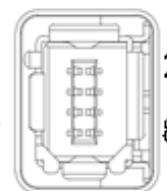
## 2.10 EtherCAT communication port CN3/CN4

Port	Diagram	Pin	Signal	Description
CN3 CN4		1, 9	E_TX+	EtherCAT Data sending positive terminal
		2, 10	E_TX-	EtherCAT Data sending negative terminal
		3, 11	E_RX+	EtherCAT Data receiving positive terminal
		4, 12	--	--
		5, 13	--	--
		6, 14	E_RX-	EtherCAT Data receiving negative terminal
		7, 15	--	--
		8, 16	--	--
		Frame	PE	Shielding grounded

EtherCAT communication can be between multiple drivers and a master device or single driver and a master device.



## 2.11 Safe Torque Off (STO) Port

Port	Pin	Signal	Description	Remarks
	1	24V	24v power supply	Connect to SF1 and SF2 when not in use. Do not use to supply power.
	2	0V	Reference ground	
	3	SF1+	Control signal 1 positive input	When SF1 = OFF or SF2 = OFF, STO is enabled.
	4	SF1-	Control signal 1 negative input	
	5	SF2+	Control signal 2 positive input	When SF1 = OFF or SF2 = OFF, EDM = ON
	6	SF2-	Control signal 2 negative input	
	7	EDM +	External monitoring device (EDM) with differential double ended output	
	8	EDM -		

### Introduction to Safe Torque Off (STO)

Function: Cut off motor current supply physically (through mechanical means)

STO module (CN6 connector) consists of 2 input channels. It cuts off the motor current supply by blocking of PWM control signal from the power module. When the motor current is cut off, the motor will still move under inertia and stops gradually.

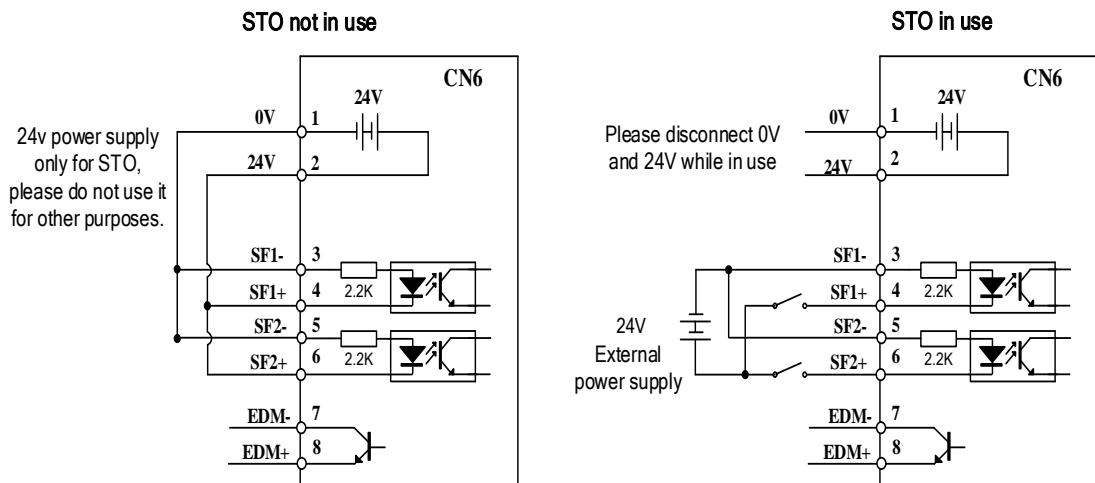
The STO function is set up ready to be used by factory default. Please remove STO connector if it is not needed.

### STO functional principle

STO module cuts off the motor current supply and stops motor gradually by blocking of PWM control signal from the power module through 2 isolated circuits. When a STO error occurs, the actual status of STO can be determined by the EDM status feedback.

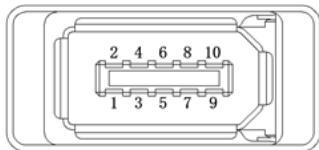
SF1 Input Status	SF2 Input Status	EDM Output Status	PWM control signal	Alarm code
ON	ON	OFF	Normal	-
ON	OFF	OFF	Blocked	Er 1c2
OFF	ON	OFF	Blocked	Er 1c1
OFF	OFF	ON	Blocked	Er 1c0

## STO wiring diagram



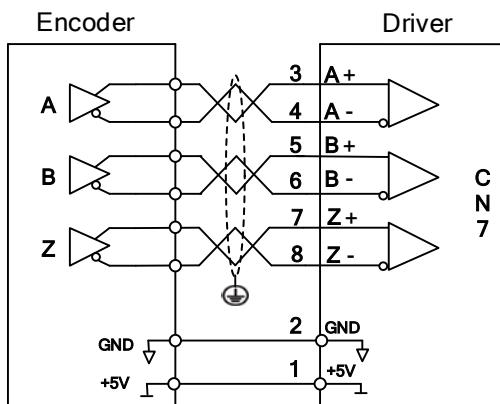
- Please take precautions when enabling STO functions as servo drive will lose control over the motion of the motor. Motor might drop under gravitational pull (vertically mounted load) or moved when external forces are applied to it. Alternatively, motor with holding brake can be chosen.
- STO is not meant to cut off the power supply of the servo drivers and motors completely. Please power off and wait for a few minutes before starting maintenance work.
- It is recommended to use an isolated power supply for STO signal input as any current leakage might cause STO malfunction.
- Please remove the shorting connector from the STO port and use the provided STO cable if the function is required.

## 2.12 Encoder #2 (External) CN7



Pin	Signal	Description
1	5V	Power supply 5V
2	GND	Power supply ground
3	A+	Phase A+ pulse input
4	A-	Phase A- pulse input
5	B+	Phase B+ pulse input
6	B-	Phase B- pulse input
7	Z+	Phase Z+ pulse input
8	Z-	Phase Z- pulse input
Frame	FG	Shield grounding

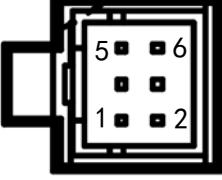
### External encoder pulse input



- Please connect the encoder reference ground terminal to driver ground terminal.  
Recommended to use double winding cable with shielding foil, Connect the shielding foil to CN7 connector to reduce noise interference.
- External encoder input method: Differential input

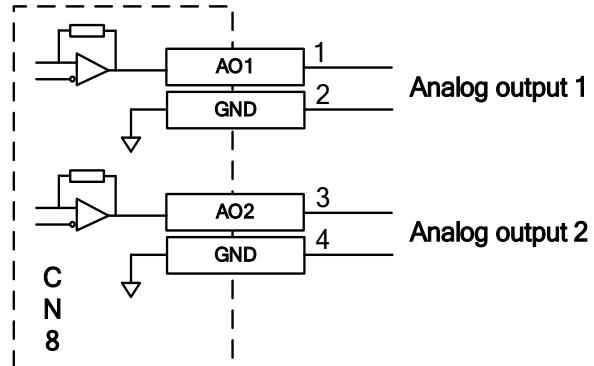
## 2.13 Analog and Z-phase open collector output CN8

CN8 has 2 analog outputs and 1 Z-phase open collector output

Port	Diagram	Pin	Signal	Description	Remarks
CN8		1	AO1	Analog output 1	
		2	GND	Signal ground	
		3	AO2	Analog output 2	
		4	GND	Signal ground	
		5	OCZ	Z-Phase open collector output	Only NPN Open collector output
		6	GND	Signal ground	

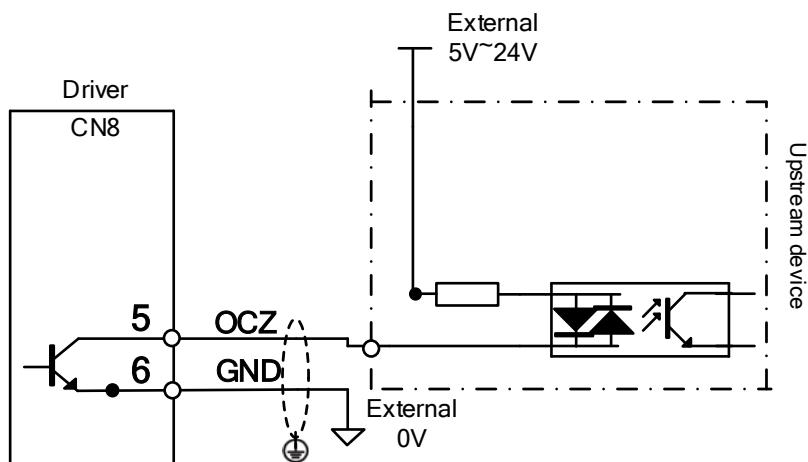
### Analog outputs

Both analog outputs settings can be modified in Pr4.65 and Pr4.70.



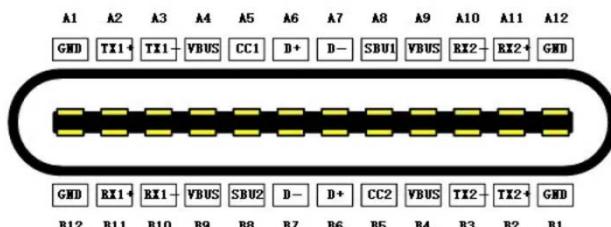
### Encoder Z-phase crossover frequency output (Open Collector)

Encoder output signal will be through Open Collector after frequency division. Please connect ground terminal of external power supply to CN6 pin 6 signal ground using double winding shielded cable for better protection against interference.



## 2.14 USB Type-C tuning port

EL8-EC series servo drive can be connected to PC for performance tuning, data monitoring and parameters modifying using a **USB Type-C data cable**. Can be done without the servo drive connecting to main power supply.



Port	Pin	Signal	Description
USB Type-C	A4, B4,A9, B9	VCC 5V	Power supply positive terminal 5V
	A12,B12,A1,B1	GND	Power supply negative terminal
	A6,B6	D+	USB data positive terminal
	A7,B7	D-	USB data negative terminal
	Frame	USB_GND	Ground through capacitor

## 2.15 Regenerative resistor selection and connections

### The use of regenerative resistor

When the motor opposes the direction of rotation as in deceleration or vertical axis escalation, part of the regenerative energy will be delivered back to the driver. This energy will first be stored in internal capacitors of the driver. When the energy stored in the capacitors reach the maximum capacity, a regenerative resistor is required to prevent excessive energy to prevent over-voltage.

### Selection of regenerative resistor

EL8-EC series servo drives are equipped with internal regenerative resistor. If an external resistor is needed, please refer to the table below.

Model no.	Internal regenerative resistor		Minimum allowable	
	Resistance(Ω)	Power rating(W)	Resistance(Ω)	Power rating(W)
EL8-EC400	100	50	50	50
EL8-EC750	50	75	40	50
EL8-EC1000	50	75	30	75

### Calculation of regenerative resistance under normal operation

Steps:

1. Determine if driver comes with a regenerative resistor. If not, please prepare a regenerative resistor with resistance value higher than might be required.
2. Monitor the load rate of the regenerative resistor using front panel (d14). Set the driver on high velocity back and forth motions with high acceleration/deceleration.
3. Please make sure to obtain the value under following conditions: Driver temperature < 60°C, d14<80(Won't trigger alarm), Regenerative resistor is not fuming, No overvoltage alarm(Err120).

$$P_b(\text{Regenerative power rating}) = \text{Resistor power rating} \times \text{Regenerative load rate (\%)} \quad (1)$$

Please choose a regenerative resistor with power rating  $P_r$  about **2-4 times the value of  $P_b$**  in considered of harsh working conditions and some 'headroom'.

If the calculated  $P_r$  value is less than internal resistor power rating, external resistor is not required.

$$R(\text{Max. required regenerative resistance}) = (380^2 - 370^2)/P_r \quad (2)$$

Problem diagnostics related to regenerative resistor:

- If driver temperature is high, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an external regenerative resistor.
- If regenerative resistor is fuming, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an

- external regenerative resistor with higher power rating.
- If d14 is overly large or increasing too fast, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an external regenerative resistor with higher power rating.
  - If driver overvoltage alarm (Er120) occurs, please use an external regenerative resistor with lower resistance or connect another resistor in parallel.

Please take following precautions before installing an external regenerative resistor.

1. Please set the correct resistance value in Pr0.16 and resistor power rating Pr0.17 for the external regenerative resistor.
2. Please ensure the resistance value is higher or equals to the recommended values in table 2-3. Regenerative resistors are generally connected in series but they can also be connected in parallel to lower the total resistance.
3. Please provided enough cooling for the regenerative resistor as it can reach above 100°C under continuous working conditions.
4. The min. resistance of the regenerative resistor is dependent on the IGBT of the regenerative resistor circuit. Please refer to the table above.

## Theoretical selection of regenerative resistor

Without external loading torque, the need for an external regenerative resistor can be determined as the flow chart below

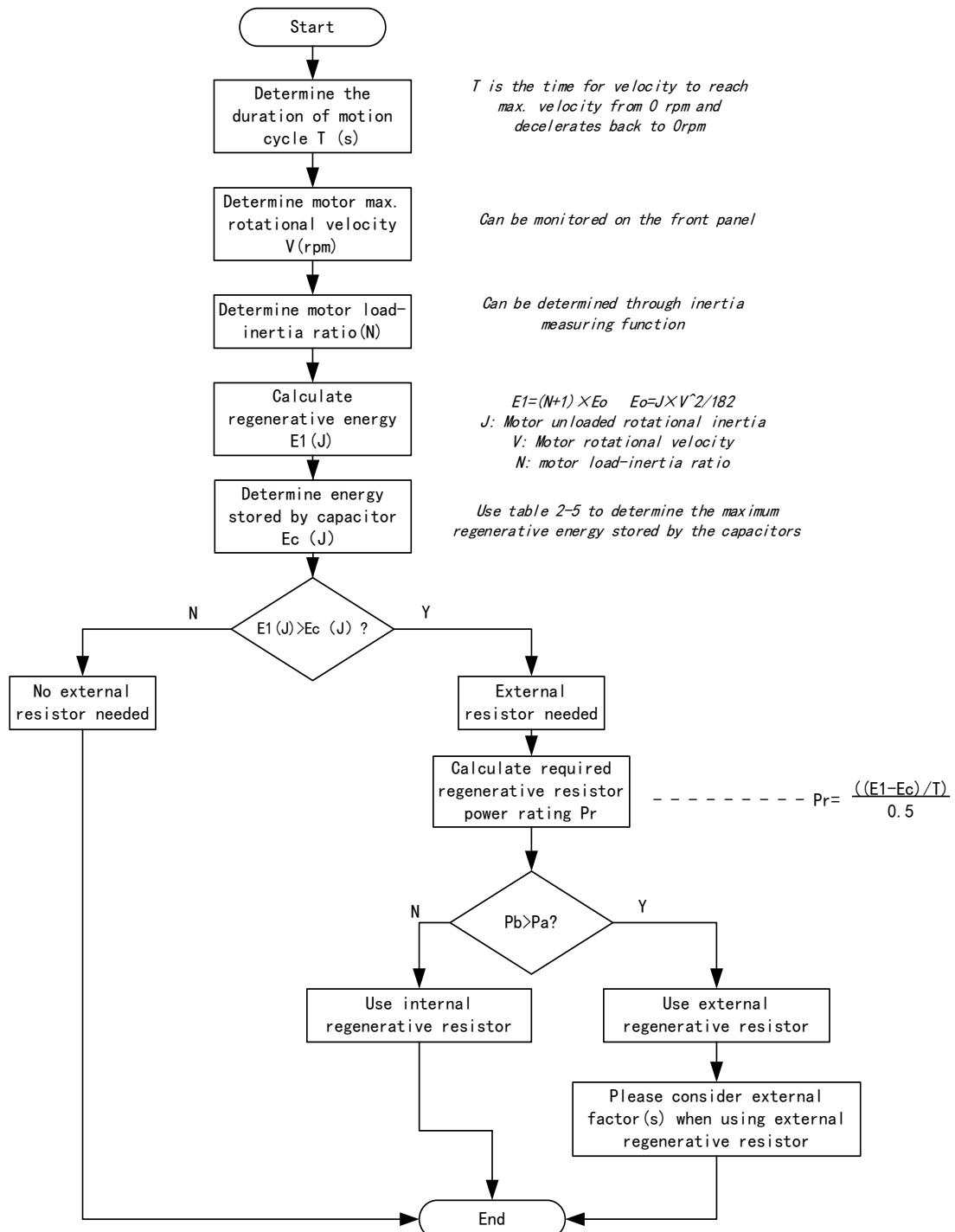
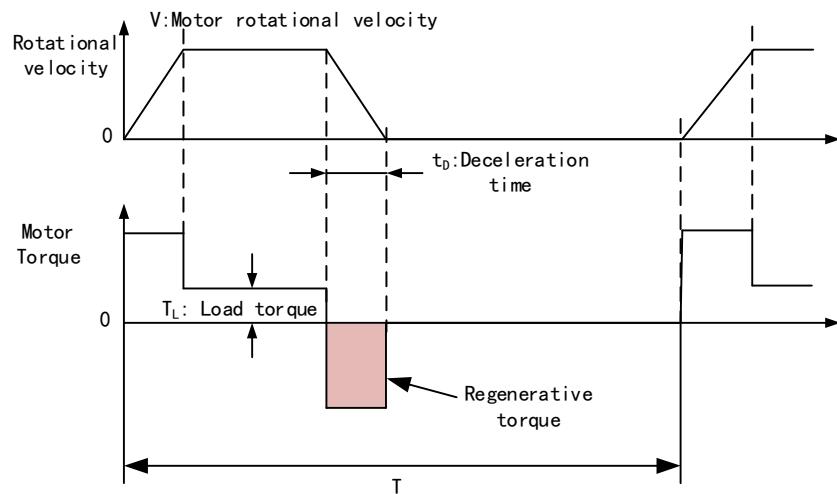


Diagram below shows the acceleration and deceleration cycle periods and the regenerative torque that occurs during the process.



#### Steps to calculate capacity of regenerative resistor

Steps	Calculation	Symbol	Formula
1	Servo system regenerative energy	$E_1$	$E_1 = (N+1) \times J \times V^2 / 182$
2	Depleted energy from loss of load system during acceleration	$E_L$	$E_L = (\pi/60) V \times T_L \times tD$ If loss is not determined, please assume $E_L = 0$ .
3	Depleted energy due to motor coil resistance.	$E_M$	$E_M = (U^2/R) \times tD$ R = coil resistance, U = operating voltage If R is not determined, please assume $E_M = 0$ .
4	Energy stored by internal DC capacitors	$E_C$	Please refer to table 2-5
5	Depleted energy due to regenerative resistance	$E_K$	$E_K = E_1 - (E_L + E_M + E_C)$ , If loss is ignored, $E_K = E_1 - E_C$
6	Required power rating of regenerative resistor	$P_R$	$P_R = E_K / (0.5 \times T)$

#### Internal capacitor capacity and rotor inertia

EL8-EC Drivers	Servo motor	Rotor Inertia ( $\times 10^{-4} \text{kg.m}^2$ )	Max. regenerative energy stored in capacitor $E_C(J)$
400W	ACM2-06004H2	0.58	13.47
750W	ACM2-08008H2	1.66	22.85
1000W	ACM8010M2	1.79	27.74
	ACM13010M2	8.5	

There are motors with low, medium and high inertia. Different motor models have different rotor inertia. Please refer to product catalogue for more information on rotor inertia.

Calculation examples:

Servo drive: EL8-EC750F, Servo Motor: ACM2-08008H2. When T = 2s, rotational velocity = 3000rpm, load inertia is 5 times of motor inertia.

EL8-EC Drivers	Servo motor	Rotor Inertia ( $\times 10^{-4}$ kg.m $^2$ )	Max. regenerative energy stored in capacitor Ec(J)
750W	ACM2-08008H2	1.66	22.85

Regenerative energy produced:

$$E1 = \frac{(N + 1) \times J \times V^2}{182} = \frac{(5 + 1) \times 1.66 \times 3000^2}{182} = 49.3J$$

If E1<Ec, internal capacitors can't take in excessive regenerative energy, regenerative resistor is required.

Required regenerative resistor power rating Pr:

$$Pr = \frac{(E1 - Ec)}{0.5T} = \frac{49.3 - 22.85}{0.5 \times 2} = 26.45W$$

Hence, with the internal regenerative resistor Pa = 75W, Pr<Pa, no external regenerative resistor is required.

Let's assume if the load inertia is 15 times of motor inertia, Pr = 108.6W, Pr>Pa, external regenerative resistor is required. And to consider for harsh working environment,

$$Pr(\text{external})=108.6/(1-40\%)=181 W$$

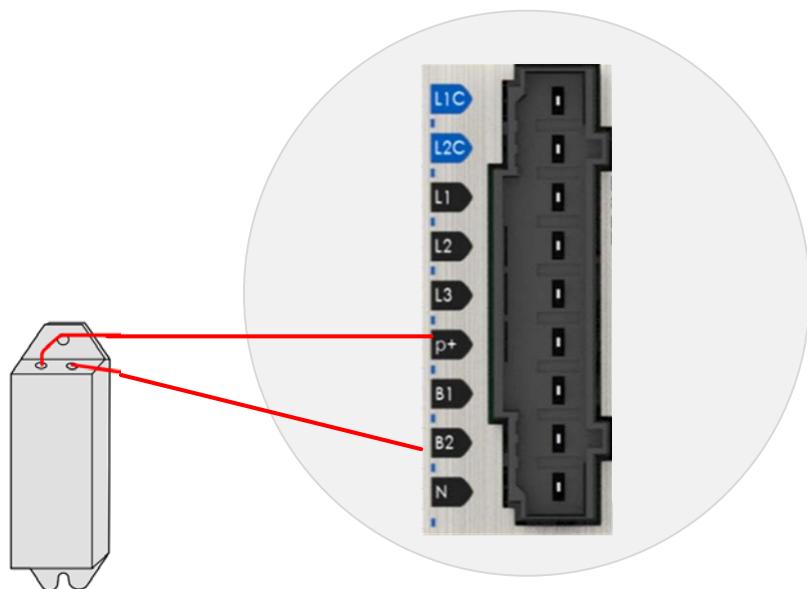
When selecting the resistance of the regenerative resistor, please be higher than the minimum value recommended in table 2-3 but lower than Rmax

$$R_{\text{max}} = (380^2 - 370^2)/Pr = 7500/108.6 = 69\Omega$$

In conclusion, a regenerative resistor with resistance 40Ω - 70Ω and power rating 110W to 180W can be chosen.

*Please take note that theoretical calculations of the regenerative resistance is not as accurate as calculations done under normal operation.*

## Regenerative resistor connection



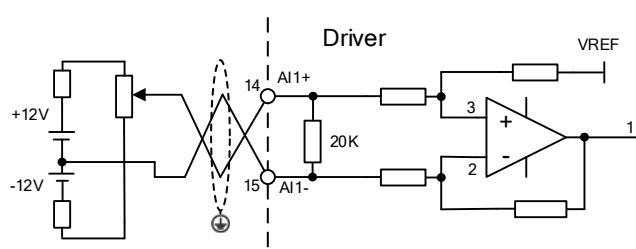
- If B1 and B2 are connected, internal regenerative resistor is now functional; if an external regenerative resistor is required, please disconnect B1 and B2 and connect P+ to B1 to prevent overcurrent.
- Please do not connect external regenerative resistor directly to N or it might cause fire hazard.
- Please refer to the section above to select minimum allowable resistance for the external regenerative resistor or it might damage the driver.
- Please confirm Pr0.16 and Pr0.17 before using any regenerative resistor.
- Do not set the regenerative resistor near any flammable object.

## 2.16 I/O Signal

### 2.16.1 Analog input signal

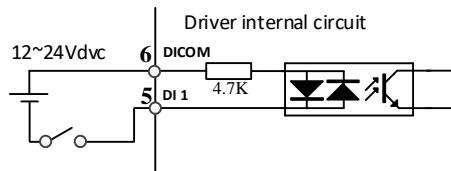
CN1 Pin	Signal	Description
14	AI1+	
15	AI1-	Differential, Input voltage: $\pm 10\text{VDC}$ ,
23	AI2+	Input resistance: $20\text{k}\Omega$
24	AI2-	

If variable resistor or resistor is needed, please refer to following diagram.



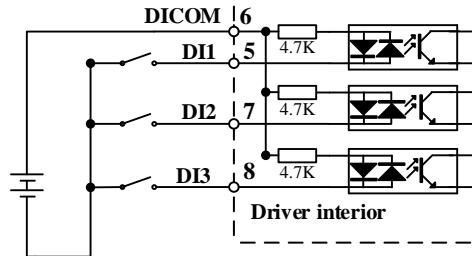
## 2.16.2 Common digital input

The internal circuit of common input is a bidirectional optocoupler which supports common anode and common cathode configurations. There are 2 types of outputs from master device: Relay output and Open Collector output as shown below.

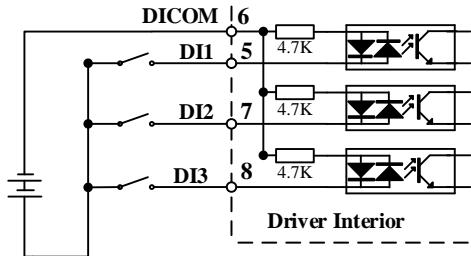


### ① Output from master device: Relay

Common anode:

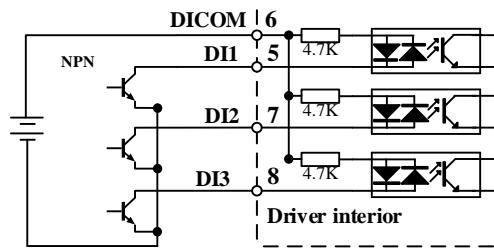


Common cathode:

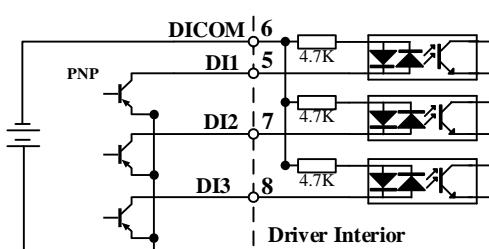


### ② Output from master device: Open Collector

NPN configuration:



PNP configuration:

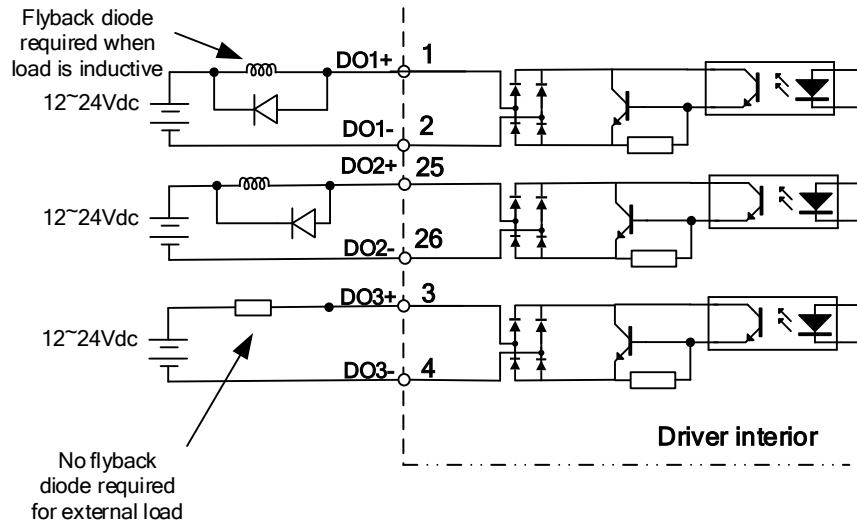


*Please prepare switching power supply with output of 12-24VDC, current  $\geq 100mA$ ;*

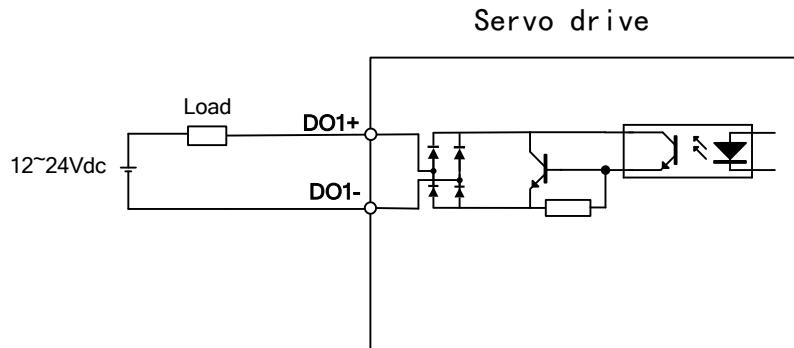
## 2.16.3 Common digital output

There are 3 digital outputs which are double-ended, having an isolated 24v power supply.

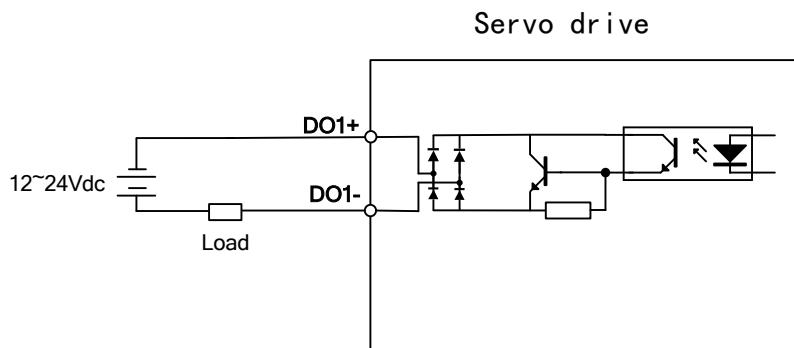
### Double-ended output DO1-DO3



### NPN configuration DO1-DO3



### PNP configuration DO1-DO3

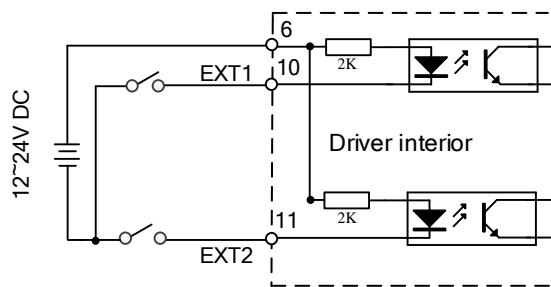


- Power supply is provided by user. Please be aware that reversed power supply polarity might cause damage to the driver.

- When it is an open collector output, max current: 50mA, max supplying voltage: 25V. Please ensure the switching power supply fulfills the conditions.
- If the load is an inductive load such as a relay, please connect a flyback diode in parallel in reverse. A wrong installation of the flyback diode might cause damage to the driver.
- Pin 12, 40 and 41 are 2 single ended outputs; pin 11+10 and 35+34, pin 37+36 and 39+38 are 2 double ended outputs.

## 2.16.4 Probe input

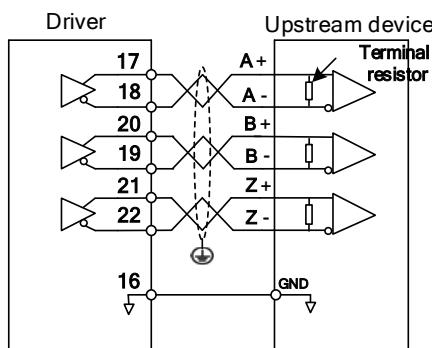
EL8-EC series servo drives use DI5 and DI6 as probe input terminals. DI5/DI6 is default as probe function if no other function is assigned to them. Internal circuit is a bidirectional optocoupler.



## 2.16.5 Encoder crossover frequency output

Pin	Signal	Description
17	A+	Motor encoder A-phase crossover frequency output
18	A-	
20	B+	Motor encoder B-phase crossover frequency output
19	B-	
21	Z+	Motor encoder Z-phase crossover frequency output
22	Z-	
16	GND	Open collector signal ground

When upstream device uses differential receiving, please install terminal resistor between differential input circuits. Set resistance accordingly.



## 2.16.6 Digital Input Signal Settings

CN1 PIN	Signal	Parameter	Default function	Default status
6	DI-COM	-	Common DI	-
5	DI1	Pr4.00	-	Normally open
7	DI2	Pr4.01	POT	Normally open
8	DI3	Pr4.02	NOT	Normally open
9	DI4	Pr4.03	HOME-SWITCH	Normally open
10	DI5	Pr4.04	-	Normally open
11	DI6	Pr4.05	-	Normally open
12	DI7	Pr4.06	-	Normally open
13	DI8	Pr4.07	-	Normally open

- When limit switch or emergency stop is used, POT, NOT and E-STOP signal will be normally close (NC) by default. Please make sure there is no safety concern if these signals need to be set to normally open (NO).
- Servo drive power on signal (SRV-ON) is set as normally open (NO) as default. Please make sure there is no safety concern if this signal needs to be set to normally close (NC).
- If a same function is assigned to multiple pins, Er210 might occur.

## 2.16.7 Digital Output Signal Settings

CN1	Signal	Parameter	Function
1	DO1+	Pr4.10	External break released BRK-OFF
2	DO1-		
25	DO2+	Pr4.11	Servo Ready S-RDY
26	DO2-		
3	DO3+	Pr4.12	Servo Alarm (ALARM)
4	DO3-		

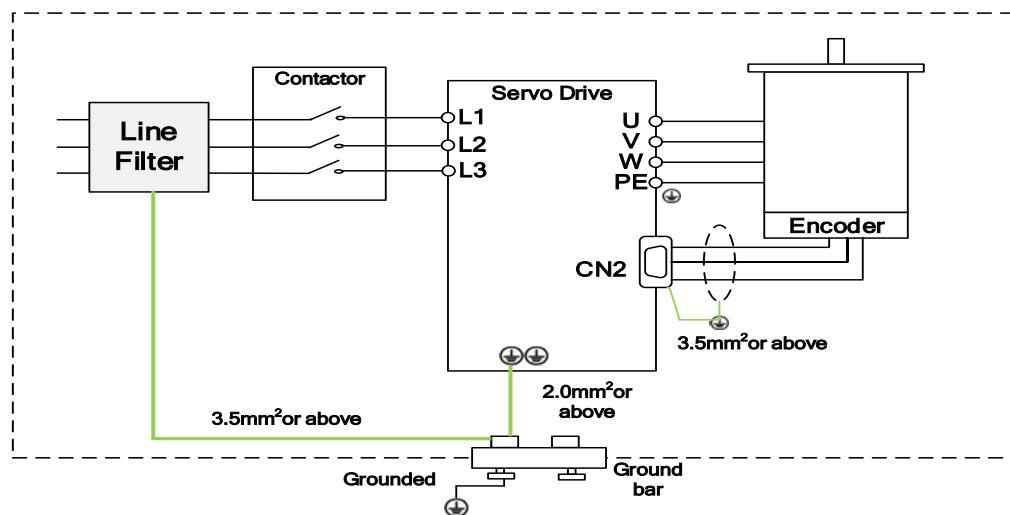
- Digital output functions can be assigned to multiple pins at the same time.

## 2.17 Measures against electromagnetic interference

To reduce interference, please take the following measures:

- I/O signal cable > 3m; Encoder cable > 20m
- Use cable with larger diameter for grounding
  - ①Grounding resistance > 100Ω
  - ②When there are multiple drivers connected in parallel, PE terminal of the main power supply and ground terminal of servo drives must be connected to copper ground bar in the electrical cabinet and the copper ground bar needs to be connected to the metal frame of the cabinet.
- Please install a line filter on main power supply cable to prevent interference from radio frequency.
- In order to prevent malfunctions caused by electromagnetic interference, please take following measures:
  - ⒶInstall master device and line filter close to the servo drive
  - ⒷInstall surge suppressor for relay and contactor
  - ⒸPlease separate signal/encoder cable from power cable with a space of at least 30cm
  - ⒹInstall a line filter for the main power supply if a device with high frequency generation such as a welding machine exists nearby

### 2.17.1 Grounding connection and other anti-interference wiring connections

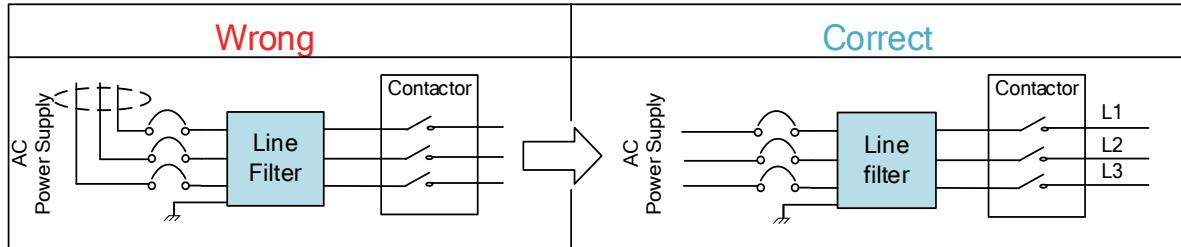


- Servo motor frame should be grounded. Please connect the PE terminal of servo motor and servo drive and ground them together to reduce interference.
- Ground both ends of the foil shield of encoder cable.

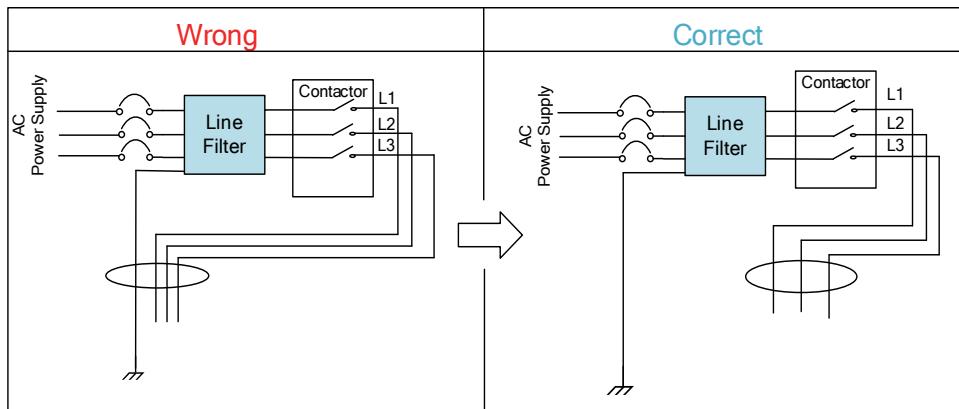
## 2.11.2 Using line filter

To reduce interference from main power supply cable and to prevent from affecting other sensitive components around the servo drive, please choose a line filter based on actual supply current. Please do be aware of the following mistake when installing a line filter.

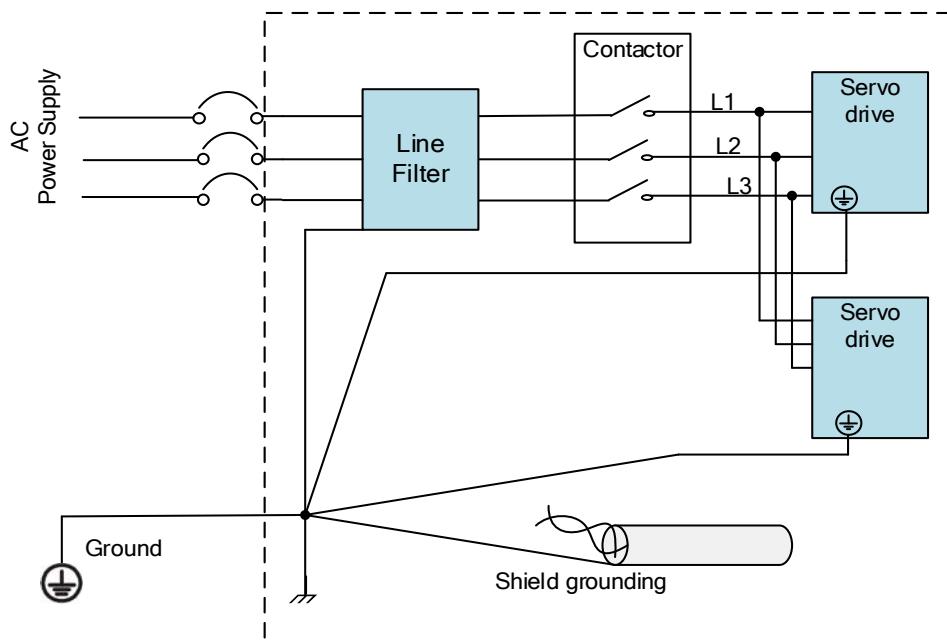
Do not band the main power supply cable together.



Separate the ground wire from the line filter and the main power supply cable.



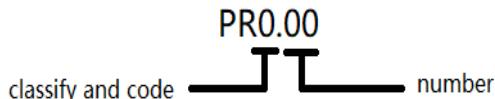
Ground wires inside an electrical cabinet



## Chapter 3 Parameter

### 3.1 Parameter List

- Panel Display as follows:



- Parameter Valid Mode

CSP: Valid in cyclic synchronous position mode  
CSV: Valid in cyclic synchronous velocity mode  
CST: Valid in cyclic synchronous torque mode  
HM: Valid in homing mode  
PP: Valid in profile position mode  
PV: Valid in profile velocity mode  
PT: Valid in profile torque mode  
F: Valid in ALL modes

#### 3.1.1 Servo drive parameter

Class	Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Activation	Valid Mode							
[Class 0] Basic settings	Model-following bandwidth	2000h	PR_000	Immediate								F
	Control Mode Settings	2001h	PR_001	After restart								F
	Real time Auto Gain Adjusting	2002h	PR_002	Immediate								F
	Real time auto stiffness adjusting	2003h	PR_003	Immediate								F
	Inertia ratio	2004h	PR_004	Immediate								F
	Command polarity inversion	2006h	PR_006	After restart								F
	Probe signal polarity settings	2007h	PR_007	After restart								F
	Command pulse counts per revolution	2008h	PR_008	After restart	P P	P V		H M	CSP	CSV		
	Encoder pulse output per revolution	2011	PR_011	After restart								F
	Pulse output logic inversion	2012	PR_012	After restart								F
	1 <sup>st</sup> Torque Limit	2013h	PR_013	Immediate								F
	Excessive Position Deviation Settings	2014h	PR_014	Immediate	P P			H M	CSP			
	Absolute Encoder settings	2015h	PR_015	After restart								F
	Regenerative resistance	2016h	PR_016	Immediate								F

Class	Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Activation	Valid Mode					
[Class 1] Gain adjustments	Regenerative resistor power rating	2017h	PR_017	Immediate						F
	Friction compensation setting	2019h	PR_019	Immediate						F
	EtherCAT slave ID	2023h	PR_023	After restart						F
	Source of slave ID	2024h	PR_024	After restart						F
	Synchronous compensation time 1	2025h	PR_025	After restart				CSP		
	Synchronous compensation time 2	2026h	PR_026	After restart				CSP		
	Synchronization mode command delay cycle counts	2027h	PR_027	After restart				CSP		
	CSP mode safe self-running position setting	2028h	PR_028	Immediate				CSP		
	Encoder feedback mode	2030h	PR_030	Immediate						F
	External encoder type	2031h	PR_031	After restart						F
	External encoder direction	2032h	PR_032	After restart						F
	Excessive hybrid deviation	2033h	PR_033	After restart						F
	Clear excess hybrid control deviation	2034h	PR_034	After restart						F
	External encoder frequency divider numerator	2035h	PR_035	After restart						F
	External encoder frequency divider denominator	2036h	PR_036	After restart						F
	External encoder feedback pulse count per revolution	2037h	PR_037	After restart						F
	Z-signal pulse input source	2038h	PR_038	After restart						F
	1 <sup>st</sup> position loop gain	2100h	PR_100	Immediate	P P			H M	CSP	
	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity loop gain	2101h	PR_101	Immediate						F
	1 <sup>st</sup> Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop	2102h	PR_102	Immediate						F
	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity detection filter	2103h	PR_103	Immediate						F
	1 <sup>st</sup> Torque Filter Time Constant	2104h	PR_104	Immediate						F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Position Loop Gain	2105h	PR_105	Immediate	P P			H M	CSP	
	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity loop gain	2106h	PR_106	Immediate						F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop	2107h	PR_107	Immediate						F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity detection filter	2108h	PR_108	Immediate						F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Torque Filter Time Constant	2109h	PR_109	Immediate						F
	Velocity feed forward gain	2110h	PR_110	Immediate	P P			H M	CSP	
	Velocity feed forward filter time constant	2111h	PR_111	Immediate	P P			H M	CSP	
	Torque feed forward gain	2112h	PR_112	Immediate	P P V			H M	CSP	CSV

Class	Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Activation	Valid Mode						
[Class 2] Vibration suppression	Torque feed forward filter time constant	2113h	PR_113	Immediate	P P	P V		H M	CSP	CSV	
	Position control gain switching mode	2115h	PR_115	Immediate							F
	Position control gain switching level	2117h	PR_117	Immediate							F
	Hysteresis at position control switching	2118h	PR_118	Immediate							F
	Position gain switching time	2119h	PR_119	Immediate							F
	External ABZ encoder filter time	2136h	PR_136	Immediate	P P				CSP		
	Special function registry	2137h	PR_137	Immediate							F
	Special function registry 1	2138h	PR_138	Immediate							F
	Special function registry 2	2139h	PR_139	Immediate							F
[Class 3] Position control	Adaptive filtering mode settings	2200h	PR_200	Immediate							F
	1 <sup>st</sup> notch frequency	2201h	PR_201	Immediate							F
	1 <sup>st</sup> notch bandwidth selection	2202h	PR_202	Immediate							F
	1 <sup>st</sup> notch depth selection	2203h	PR_203	Immediate							F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch frequency	2204h	PR_204	Immediate							F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch bandwidth selection	2205h	PR_205	Immediate							F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch depth selection	2206h	PR_206	Immediate							F
	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch frequency	2207h	PR_207	Immediate							F
	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch bandwidth selection	2208h	PR_208	Immediate							F
	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch depth selection	2209h	PR_209	Immediate							F
	1 <sup>st</sup> damping frequency	2214h	PR_214	Immediate							F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> damping frequency	2216h	PR_216	Immediate							F
	Position command smoothing filter	2222h	PR_222	Keep stop							F
	Position command FIR filter	2223h	PR_223	Disable	P P			H M	CSP		
	5 <sup>th</sup> resonant frequency	2231h	PR_231	Immediate	P P			H M	CSP		
	5 <sup>th</sup> resonant Q value	2232h	PR_232	Immediate							F
	5 <sup>th</sup> anti-resonant frequency	2233h	PR_233	Immediate							F
	5 <sup>th</sup> anti-resonant Q value	2234h	PR_234	Immediate							F
	6 <sup>th</sup> resonant frequency	2235h	PR_235	Immediate							F
	6 <sup>th</sup> resonant Q value	2236h	PR_236	Immediate							F
	6 <sup>th</sup> anti-resonant frequency	2237h	PR_237	Immediate							F
	6 <sup>th</sup> anti-resonant Q value	2238h	PR_238	Immediate							F
	Adjustment mode	2248h	PR_248	Immediate							F

Class	Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Activation	Valid Mode						
[Class 3] Velocity control	MFC type	2250h	PR_250	Immediate							F
	Velocity feedforward compensation coefficient	2251h	PR_251	Immediate	P P			H M	CSP		
	Torque feedforward compensation coefficient	2252h	PR_252	Immediate	P P	P V		H M	CSP	CSV	
	Dynamic friction compensation coefficient	2253h	PR_253	Immediate							F
	Overshoot time coefficient	2254h	PR_254	Immediate							F
	Overshoot suppression gain	2255h	PR_255	Immediate							F
[Class 4] Position control	Acceleration time settings	2312h	PR_312	Immediate		P V				CSV	
	Deceleration time settings	2313h	PR_313	Immediate		P V				CSV	
	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration settings	2314h	PR_314	Disable		P V				CSV	
	Zero speed clamp level	2316h	PR_316	Immediate		P V				CSV	
	Position mode zero speed	2323h	PR_323	Immediate		P V				CSV	
	Position comparison 1 target value	2332h	PR_332	Immediate							F
	Position comparison 2-42 target value	2333h- 2373h	PR_333- PR_373	Immediate							F
	Position comparison 1-42 attribute value	2374h- 2394h	PR_374- PR_394	Immediate							F
[Class 5] Input/Output	Input selection DI1	2400h	PR_400	Immediate							F
	Input selection DI2	2401h	PR_401	Immediate							F
	Input selection DI3	2402h	PR_402	Immediate							F
	Input selection DI4	2403h	PR_403	Immediate							F
	Input selection DI5	2404h	PR_404	Immediate							F
	Input selection DI6	2405h	PR_405	Immediate							F
	Input selection DI7	2406h	PR_406	Immediate							F
	Input selection DI8	2407h	PR_407	Immediate							F
	Output selection DO1	2410h	PR_410	Immediate							F
	Output selection DO2	2411h	PR_411	Immediate							F
	Output selection DO3	2412h	PR_412	Immediate							F
	Analog input 1 zero drift	2422h	PR_422	Immediate							F
	Analog input 1 filter	2423h	PR_423	Immediate							F
	Analog input 1 overvoltage	2424h	PR_424	Immediate							F
	Analog input 2 zero drift	2425h	PR_425	Immediate							F
	Analog input 2 filter	2426h	PR_426	Immediate							F
	Analog input 2 overvoltage	2427h	PR_427	Immediate							F
	Positioning complete range	2431h	PR_431	Immediate	P P			H M	CSP		
	Positioning complete output setting	2432h	PR_432	Immediate	P P			H M	CSP		
	INP positioning delay time	2433h	PR_433	Immediate	P P			H M	CSP		F

Class	Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Activation	Valid Mode							
[Class 4] I/O monitoring settings	Zero speed	2434h	PR_434	Immediate								F
	Velocity coincidence range	2435h	PR_435	Immediate		P	V				CSV	
	Arrival velocity	2436h	PR_436	Immediate		P	V				CSV	
	Motor power-off delay time	2437h	PR_437	Immediate								F
	Delay time for holding brake release	2438h	PR_438	Immediate								F
	Holding brake activation velocity	2439h	PR_439	Immediate								F
	Emergency stop function	2443h	PR_443	Immediate								F
	AO1 output	2464h	PR_464	Immediate								F
	AO1 signal	2465h	PR_465	Immediate								F
	AO1 amplification	2466h	PR_466	Immediate								F
	AO1 communication settings	2467h	PR_467	Immediate								F
	AO1 offset	2468h	PR_468	Immediate								F
	AO2 output	2469h	PR_469	Immediate								F
	AO2 signal	2470h	PR_470	Immediate								F
	AO2 amplification	2471h	PR_471	Immediate								F
[Class 5] System parameters	AO2 communication settings	2472h	PR_472	Immediate								F
	AO2 offset	2473h	PR_473	Immediate								F
	Warning indicator light 1 signal	2474h	PR_474	Immediate								F
	Warning indicator light 2 signal	2475h	PR_475	Immediate								F
	Warning indicator light 3 signal	2476h	PR_476	Immediate								F
[Class 6] Servo parameters	Warning indicator light 4 signal	2477h	PR_477	Immediate								F
	Warning indicator light 5 signal	2478h	PR_478	Immediate								F
	Driver prohibition input settings	2504h	PR_504	Immediate								F
	Servo-off mode	2506h	PR_506	After restart								F
	Main power-off detection time	2509h	PR_509	Immediate								F
[Class 7] Servo protection	Servo-off due to alarm mode	2510h	PR_510	After restart								F
	Servo braking torque setting	2511h	PR_511	Immediate								F

Class	Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Activation	Valid Mode					
[Class 5] Extension settings	Overload level setting	2512h	PR_512	Immediate						F
	Overspeed level settings	2513h	PR_513	Immediate						F
	I/O digital filter	2515h	PR_515	Immediate						F
	Counter clearing input mode	2517h	PR_514	Immediate						F
	Position unit settings	2520h	PR_520	After restart	P P	H M	CSP			
	Torque limit selection	2521h	PR_521	Immediate						F
	2 <sup>nd</sup> torque limit	2522h	PR_522	Immediate						F
	LED initial status	2528h	PR_528	After restart						F
	Torque limit detection time during torque initialization	2537h	PR_537	Immediate						F
	3 <sup>rd</sup> torque limit	2539h	PR_539	Immediate						F
	D41 set value	2540h	PR_540	Immediate						F
	Frequency divider output – Z-signal polarity	2542h	PR_542	After restart						F
	Frequency divider output – Z-signal width	2543h	PR_543	After restart						F
	Frequency divider output source	2544h	PR_544	After restart						F
	External encoder overspeed feedback threshold	2545h	PR_545	Immediate						F
	Vent overload level	2546h	PR_546	Immediate						F
	Enable position comparison	2570h	PR_570	Immediate						F
	Position comparison mode	2571h	PR_571	Immediate						F
	Position comparison pulse output bandwidth	2572h	PR_572	Immediate						F
	Position comparison output delay offset	2573h	PR_573	After restart						F
	Position comparison starting point	2574h	PR_574	Immediate						F
	Position comparison end point	2575h	PR_575	Immediate						F
	No. of cycles for N cycle comparison	2576h	PR_576	Immediate						F
	Position comparison – Set current position as origin	2577h	PR_577	Immediate						F
	Position comparison - offset to origin	2578h	PR_578	Immediate						F
[Class 6] Position control	Encoder zero position compensation	2601h	PR_601	After restart						F
	JOG trial run torque command	2603h	PR_603	Immediate						F
	JOG trial run velocity command	2604h	PR_604	Immediate	P P	H M	CSP			
	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain valid time	2605h	PR_605	Immediate	P P	H M	CSP			
	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain scale factor	2606h	PR_606	Immediate	P P	H M	CSP			

Class	Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Activation	Valid Mode					
[Class 6] Extra settings	Torque command additional value	2607h	PR_607	Immediate						F
	Positive direction torque compensation value	2608h	PR_608	Immediate						F
	Negative direction torque compensation value	2609h	PR_609	Immediate						F
	Current response settings	2611h	PR_611	Immediate						F
	Max. time to stop after disabling	2614h	PR_614	Immediate						F
	Trial run distance	2620h	PR_620	Immediate						F
	Trial run waiting time	2621h	PR_621	Immediate						F
	No. of trial run cycles	2622h	PR_622	Immediate						F
	Trial run acceleration	2625h	PR_625	Immediate						F
	Velocity observer gain	2628h	PR_628	Immediate						F
	Velocity observer bandwidth	2629h	PR_629	Immediate						F
	Frame error window time	2634h	PR_634	Immediate						F
	Frame error window	2635h	PR_635	Immediate						F
	Absolute value rotation mode denominator setting	2654h	PR_654	After restart	P P		H M	CSP		
	Rotor blocked torque limit threshold	2656h	PR_656	Immediate						F
	Z-signal sustaining time	2661h	PR_661	Immediate						F
	Absolute multiturn data upper limit	2663h	PR_663	After restart						F

### 3.1.2 Manufacturer parameter

Index	Sub index	Label	Unit	Default	Min	Max	Details
5004	01	RPDO length		8	0	64	
	02	TPDO length		17	0	64	
	03	The number of RPDO		1	0	4	
	04	The number of TPDO		1	0	2	
	05	Sync0 Watchdog counter		0	0	65535	
	06	Reserved			0	65535	
	07	Sync0 Watchdog limit		4	0	65535	73B alarm threshold value, set to zero shield

	08	Sync0 Drift watchdog counter		0	0	65535																					
	09	Sync0 Drift watchdog limit		4	0	65535	73C alarm threshold value, set to zero shield																				
	0A	SM2 watchdog counter		0	0	65535																					
	0B	SM2 Watchdog limit		4	0	65535	73A alarm threshold value, set to zero shield																				
	0C	Application layer SM2/Sync0 watchdog counter		0																							
	0D	Application layer SM2/Sync0 watchdog limit		4																							
	0E	Reserved			0	500																					
	0F	Time interval between SM2 and Sync0	ns	0	0	10000 00000	832h Alarm detection																				
5006	00	Synchronous alarm setting		0xFFFF F	0	0xFFFF F	Bit0:818h Alarm enable switch Bit1: 819h Bit2: 81Ah Bit3: 824h Bit4: 825h Bit5: Reserved Bit6: Reserved Bit7: 82Ch Bit8: 82Dh Bit9: 832h Bit10~15: Reserved Notes: 0 invalid; 1 valid																				
5010	00	PDO watchdog overtime	ms	0	0	60000	0: invalid; > 0: valid; Unit: ms; Such as RPDO timeout alarm 818h, TPDO timeout alarm 819h																				
5012	04	Homing setting	-	5	Bit0: Abnormal signal protection 0: invalid; 1: valid Bit1: pull back if overtravel while final stop 0: invalid; 1: valid Bit2/Bit3: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit2</th> <th>Bit 3</th> <th>Positive limit position</th> <th>Negative limit position</th> <th>Feedback after the homing proc</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>607D-0 2+ 607C</td> <td>607D-01 + 607C</td> <td>6064 = 607C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>607D-0 2- 607C</td> <td>607D-01 - 607C</td> <td>6064 = -607C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>-</td> <td>607D-0 2</td> <td>607D-01</td> <td>6064 = 0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> Bit4: Deal with Overtravel between the high speed and low speed during homing process 0: Homing process error (set 6041h bit13=1);			Bit2	Bit 3	Positive limit position	Negative limit position	Feedback after the homing proc	0	0	607D-0 2+ 607C	607D-01 + 607C	6064 = 607C	0	1	607D-0 2- 607C	607D-01 - 607C	6064 = -607C	1	-	607D-0 2	607D-01	6064 = 0
Bit2	Bit 3	Positive limit position	Negative limit position	Feedback after the homing proc																							
0	0	607D-0 2+ 607C	607D-01 + 607C	6064 = 607C																							
0	1	607D-0 2- 607C	607D-01 - 607C	6064 = -607C																							
1	-	607D-0 2	607D-01	6064 = 0																							

					1: As normal, continue homing process		
5400	01	Set synchronization cycle minimum value	us	250	125	1000	
5400	02	Set synchronization cycle maximum value	us	10000	4000	20000	
5500	01	Absolute encoder multturn number	r	-	-	-	-
	02	Encoder single turn position	Pulse	-	-	-	-
	03	Encoder feedback position 32 bit low	Pulse	-	-	-	-
	04	Encoder feedback position 32 bit high	Pulse	-	-	-	-
	05	The actual mechanical position 32 bit low	Unit	-	-	-	-
	06	The actual mechanical position 32 bit high	Unit	-	-	-	-
	07	Number of encoder communication exceptions		-	-	-	-
5501	01	Motor Speed	r/min	-	-	-	-
	02	Speed of position command	r/min	-	-	-	-
	03	Speed command	r/min	-	-	-	-
	04	Actual torque	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	05	Torque command	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	06	Relative position error	Pulse	-	-	-	-
	07	Internal position command	Pulse	-	-	-	-
	08	Overload ratio	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	09	Discharge load rate	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	0A	Inertia ratio	%	-	-	-	-
	0B	Actual positive torque limit value	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	0C	Actual negative torque limit value	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	0D	U phase current detect value	0.1%	-	-	-	-
	0E	W phase current detect value	0.1%	-	-	-	-
5502	01	DI input signal	-	-	-	-	-
	02	SO output signal	-	-	-	-	-
	03	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-
	04	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-
	05	Bus voltage	V	-	-	-	-

	06	Temperature	°C	-	-	-	-
	07	Power on time	S	-	-	-	-

### 3.1.3 Motion parameter starting with object dictionary 6000

Index	Sub-index	Label	Unit	Default	Min	Max	Mode
603F	0	Error code	-	0x0	0x0	0xFFFF	F
6040	0	Control word	-	0x0	0x0	0xFFFF	F
6041	0	Status word	-	0x0	0x0	0xFFFF	F
605A	0	Quick stop option code	-	2	0	7	F
605B	0	Motor deceleration-stopping mode selection	-	0	0	1	F
605C	0	Axis disabled-stopping mode selection	-	0	0	1	F
605D	0	Pause-stopping mode selection	-	1	1	3	F
605E	0	Alarm - stopping mode selection	-	0	0	2	F
6060	0	Operation mode selection	-	8	1	11	F
6061	0	Operation mode display	-	0	0	10	F
6062	0	Position command	Command unit	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	CSP/P P/HM
6063	0	Actual internal position	Encoder unit	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	F
6064	0	Actual position feedback	Command unit	-	-21474 83648	214748 3647	F
6065	0	Position deviation window	Command unit	30000	0	214748 3647	PP/CS P/HM
6066	0	Position deviation detection time	ms	10	0	65535	PP/CS P/HM
6067	0	Position window	Command unit/s	0	0	214748 3647	PP/CS P/HM
6068	0	Position window time	ms	0	0	65535	PP/CS P/HM
606B	0	Internal command velocity	Command unit/s	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	CSV/P V
606C	0	Velocity feedback	Command unit/s	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	PP/CS P/HM
606D	0	Velocity window	Command unit /s	10	0	65535	PV/CS V
606E	0	Velocity window time	ms	0	0	65535	PV/CS V
606F	0	Zero-speed threshold	Command unit/s	10	0	65535	PV/CS V
6071	0	Target torque	0.001	0	-32768	32767	CST/P T
6072	0	Maximum torque	0.001	3000	0	65535	F
6073	0	Maximum current	0.001	3000	-	65535	F

6074	0	Internal command torque	0.001	0	-32768	32767	F
6075	0	Motor current rating	mA	3000	0	214748 3647	F
6077	0	Actual torque	0.1%	0	-32768	32767	F
6079	0	DC bus voltage	mV	0	0	214748 3647	F
607A	0	Target position	Command unit	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	CSP/P P
607C	0	Homing position offset	Command unit	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	HM
607D	1	Min. software limit	Command unit	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	CSP/P P
	2	Max. software limit	Command unit	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	CSP/P P
607E	0	Motor rotational direction	-	0x0	0x0	0xFF	F
607F	0	Maximum protocol velocity	Command unit /s	21474 83647	0	214748 3647	PP/HM /PV/C ST
6080	0	Maximum motor velocity	r/min	6000	0	214748 3647	F
6081	0	Profile velocity	Command unit /s	10000	0	214748 3647	PP
6083	0	Profile acceleration	Command unit /s <sup>2</sup>	10000	1	214748 3647	PP/PV/
6084	0	Profile deceleration	Command unit /s <sup>2</sup>	10000	1	214748 3647	PP/PV
6085	0	Emergency stop deceleration	Command unit /s <sup>2</sup>	10000 000	1	214748 3647	CSP/C SV/PP/ PV/HM
6087	0	Torque slope	0.001/s	5000	1	214748 3647	PT
608F	1	Encoder resolution	Encoder unit	0	0	214748 3647	F
6091	1	Electronic gear ratio numerator	r	1	1	214748 3647	F
	2	Electronic gear ratio denominator	r	1	1	214748 3647	F
6092	1	Number of pulses per rotation	Command unit/r	10000	1	214748 3647	F
6098	0	Homing method	-	19	-6	37	HM
6099	1	High velocity homing	Command unit /s	10000	0	214748 3647	HM
	2	Low velocity homing	Command unit /s	5000	0	214748 3647	HM
609A	0	Homing acceleration /deceleration	Command unit /s <sup>2</sup>	50000 0	1	214748 3647	HM
60B0	0	Position feedforward	Command unit	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	CSP
60B1	0	Velocity feedforward	Command unit /s	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	CSP/C SV/PP/ PV/HM
60B2	0	Torque feedforward	0.001	0	-32768	32767	F



60B8	0	Probe function	-	0x0	0x0	0xFFFF	F
60B9	0	Probe status	-	0x0	0x0	0xFFFF	F
60BA	0	Probe 1 rising edge captured position	Command unit	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	F
60BB	0	Probe 1 falling edge captured position	Command unit	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	F
60BC	0	Probe 2 rising edge captured position	Command unit	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	F
60BD	0	Probe 2 falling edge captured position	Command unit	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	F
60C5	0	Protocol maximum acceleration	Command unit /s <sup>2</sup>	10000 0000	1	214748 3647	F
60C6	0	Protocol maximum deceleration	Command unit /s <sup>2</sup>	10000 0000	1	214748 3647	F
60D5	0	Probe 1 rising edge captured count(s)	-	0	0	65535	F
60D6	0	Probe 1 falling edge captured count(s)	-	0	0	65535	F
60D7	0	Probe 2 rising edge captured count(s)	-	0	0	65535	F
60D8	0	Probe 2 falling edge captured count(s)	-	0	0	65535	F
60E0	0	Max. torque in positive direction	0.001	3000	0	65535	F
60E1	0	Max. torque in negative direction	0.001	3000	0	65535	F
60F4	0	Actual following error	Command unit	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	CSP/P P/HM
60FA	0	Position loop velocity output	Command unit /s	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	CSP/P P/HM
60FC	0	Internal command position	Encoder unit	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	CSP/P P/HM
60FD	0	Input status	-	0x0	0x0	0x7FFF FFFF	F
60FE	1	Output valid	-	0x0	0x0	0x7FFF FFFF	F
	2	Output enabled	-	0x0	0x0	0x7FFF FFFF	F
60FF	0	Target velocity	Command unit /s	0	-21474 83648	214748 3647	CSV/P V
6502	0	Supported operation modes	-	0x0	0x0	0x7FFF FFFF	F

## 3.2 Parameter Function

- Panel Display as follows:

PR0.00  
 classify and code  number

- Parameter valid under following modes
  - CSP: Cyclic synchronous position mode
  - CSV: Cyclic synchronous velocity mode
  - CST: Cyclic synchronous torque mode
  - HM: Homing mode
  - PP: Profile position mode
  - PV: Profile velocity mode
  - PT: Profile torque mode
  - F: All modes

### 3.2.1 【Class 0】 Basic Settings

Pr0.00	Label	Model-following bandwidth			Valid Mode							<b>F</b>															
	Range	0~5000			Unit	0.1Hz	Default		1	Index		2000h															
	Activation	Immediate																									
Model-following bandwidth, also known as model-following control (MFC), is used to control the position loop to improve the responsiveness to commands, speed up positioning time and reduce following error. The effect is obvious especially in low and medium mechanical stiffness.																											
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Explanation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>Disable the function.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Enable the function to set bandwidth automatically, recommended for most applications. Pr0.00=Pr1.01</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3-9</td> <td>Invalid</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> Pr0.00>9: Model-following bandwidth value set by Pr0.00. 10<Pr0.00<5000: Specifies the bandwidth. <i>*Recommended settings for belt application: 30&lt;Pr0.00&lt;100.</i>													Value	Explanation	0	Disable the function.	1	Enable the function to set bandwidth automatically, recommended for most applications. Pr0.00=Pr1.01	2	Reserved	3-9	Invalid					
Value	Explanation																										
0	Disable the function.																										
1	Enable the function to set bandwidth automatically, recommended for most applications. Pr0.00=Pr1.01																										
2	Reserved																										
3-9	Invalid																										

Pr0.01	Label	Control Mode Settings			Valid Mode							<b>F</b>															
	Range	0~9			Unit	—	Default		9	Index		2001h															
	Activation	After restart																									
Set value to use following control modes:																											
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Content</th> <th>Details</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0-8</td> <td>Reserved</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9</td> <td>EtherCAT mode</td> <td>PP/PV/PT/HM/CSP/CSV/CST</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>													Value	Content	Details	0-8	Reserved	Reserved	9	EtherCAT mode	PP/PV/PT/HM/CSP/CSV/CST						
Value	Content	Details																									
0-8	Reserved	Reserved																									
9	EtherCAT mode	PP/PV/PT/HM/CSP/CSV/CST																									

<b>Pr0.02</b>	Label	Real time Auto Gain Adjusting			Valid Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0x0~0xFFFF	Unit	—	Default	0x001	Index	2002h				
	Activation	Immediate										

Set up the mode of the real time auto gain adjusting.

Data bits	Category	Settings	Application	
0x00_	Motion setting mode	Used to set motion setting mode, which can be selected according to the motion characteristics or setting requirements. Generally, it is recommended to select mode 1 with good generality when there is no special requirement, mode 2 when rapid positioning is needed If mode 1 and mode 2 cannot meet the requirements, please choose mode 0.		
		0:Manual	Pr0.03 invalid. Gain value must be adjusted manually and accordingly.	
		1:Standard	Pr0.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be achieved by changing Pr0.03 stiffness value. Gain switching is not used in this mode, suitable for applications with requirements for stability.	
0x_0	Load type setting	2:Positioning	Pr0.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be achieved by changing Pr0.03 stiffness value. This mode is suitable for applications requiring quick positioning. Not recommended for load mounted vertical to ground, or please compensate for the load using Pr6.07	
		Used to select the load type, choose according to load-inertia ratio and mechanical structure.		
		0: Rigid structure	This mode prioritizes system responsiveness. Use this mode when there is a relatively rigid structure with low load inertia. Typical application including directly connected high-precision gearbox, lead screw, gears, etc.	
		1:High inertia	For applications with higher load inertia (10 times or above), gain settings take into account both machine stability and responsiveness. Not recommended to set stiffness above 15 for high load inertia.	
0x_00	reserved	2: Flexible structure	This mode prioritizes system stability. Use this mode when there is low rigidity structure with high load inertia. Typical applications included belts and chains.	

The setting type combination is a hexadecimal standard, as follows:

Setting type combination	Application type
0X000	Rigid structure Manual
0X001	Rigid structure +Standard
0X002	Rigid structure +Positioning
0X010	High inertia + Manual
0X011	High inertia + Standard
0X012	High inertia + Positioning
0X020	Flexible structure + Manual
0X021	Flexible structure +Standard
0X022	Flexible structure +Positioning

Pr0.03	Label	Real time auto stiffness adjusting			Mode								F
	Range	50 ~ 81	Unit	—	Default	70	Index	2003h					
	Activation	Immediate											

Valid when Pr0.03 = 1,2

Low → Mechanical stiffness → High

Low → Servo gain → High

81.80.....70.69.68.....51.50

Low → Responsiveness → High

Lower values ensure better system responsiveness and mechanical stiffness but machine vibration might occur, please set accordingly.

Pr0.04	Label	Inertia ratio			Mode								F
	Range	0~2000 0	Unit	%	Default	250	Index	2004h					
	Activation	Immediate											

**Pr0.04=( load inertia/motor rotational inertia)×100%**

**Notice:**

Set inertia ratio according to actual load inertia. When both are uniform, actual motor velocity loop responsiveness and gain settings will be consistent. If inertia ratio is greater than actual value, velocity loop gain settings will be higher and vice versa.

<b>Pr0.06</b>	Label	Command polarity inversion			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0 ~ 1	Unit	—	Default	0	Index		2006h			
	Activation	After restart										

Used to change the rotational direction of the motor.

Set value	Details
0	Polarity of the command is not inverted. The direction of rotation is consistent with the polarity of command.
1	Polarity of command is inverted. The direction of rotation is opposite to the polarity of command.

Note: Rotational direction of the motor is recommended to be set through object dictionary 607E. However, Pr0.06 has higher priority than object dictionary 607E. 607E only takes effect when Pr0.06 = 0.

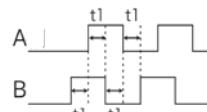
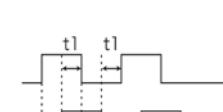
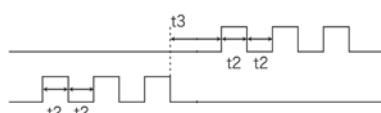
<b>Pr0.07</b>	Label	Probe signal polarity settings			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0 ~ 3	Unit	—	Default	3	Index		2007h			
	Activation	After restart										

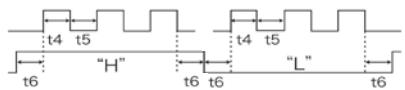
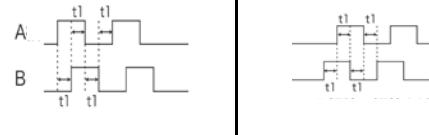
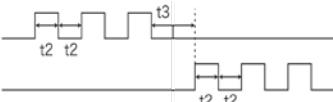
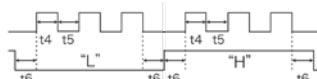
Probe signal polarity settings take effect when Pr0.01 = 9

Set value	Details
0	Probe 1 & 2 polarity inversion
1	Probe 2 polarity inversion
2	Probe 1 polarity inversion
3	No polarity inversion for probe 1 & 2

If Pr0.01 ≠ 9, Pr0.07 = Command pulse input mode settings.

#### Command pulse input

Command Polarity inversion (Pr0.06)	Command pulse input mode settings (Pr0.07)	Command Pulse Mode	Positive signal	Negative signal
【0】	0 or 2	90°phase difference 2 phase pulse (Phase A+ Phase B)		
	1	CW pulse sequence + CCW pulse sequence		

	【3】	Pulse sequence + Directional symbol	
1	0 or 2	90°phase difference 2 phase pulse (Phase A+Phase B)	
	1	CW pulse sequence + CCW pulse sequence	
	3	Pulse sequence + Directional symbol	

**Command pulse input signal max. frequency and min. duration needed**

Command pulse input interface		Max. Frequency	Min. duration needed (μs)					
			t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6
Pulse sequence interface	Differential drive	500 kHz	2	1	1	1	1	1
	Open collector	200 kHz	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5

Please set >0.1μs for the duration between rising and falling edge of command pulse input signal.

1 revolution with 2500 pulses 2-phase pulse input when Pr0.07=0 or 2, Pr0.08 = 10000;

1 revolution with 10000 pulses 1-phase pulse input when Pr0.07=1 or 3, Pr0.08 = 10000

<b>Pr0.08</b>	Label	Command pulse counts per revolution			Mode							<b>F</b>					
	Range	0~838860 8			Default	0	Index			2008h							
	Activation	After restart															
Pulses per revolution can be set using object dictionary 608F, 6091, 6092. However, Pr0.08 has higher priority.																	

<b>Pr0.11</b>	Label	Encoder pulse output per revolution			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~65535			Default	2500	Index			2011		
	Activation	After restart										

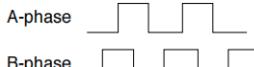
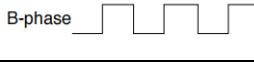
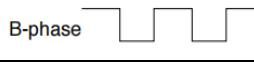
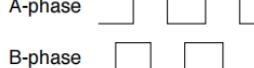
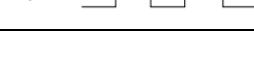
Including rising and falling edge of phase A and B, so encoder actual differential output pulse count = Pr0.011 x 4

Please make sure: Motor rotational speed x Pr0.11 x 4≤1MHz. If exceeds, alarm Er280 might occur.

Pr0.12	Label	Pulse output logic inversion			Mode								F
	Range	0~1	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2012			
	Activation	After restart											

To set phase B logic and output source from encoder pulse output.

#### Pulse output logic inversion

Pr0.12	Phase B logic	CW direction	CCW direction
[0]	Not inverted	A-phase  B-phase 	A-phase  B-phase 
[1]	Inverted	A-phase  B-phase 	A-phase  B-phase 

Pr0.13	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> Torque Limit			Mode								F
	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	300	Index			2013h			
	Activation	Immediate											

1<sup>st</sup> torque limit is set according to ratio percentage of motor rated current. Do not exceed max driver output current.  
Actual torque limit is the smaller value of Pr0.13 and object dictionary 6072

Pr0.14	Label	Excessive Position Deviation Settings			Mode	PP			HM	CS	P		
	Range	0~500	Unit	0.1rev	Default	30	Index			2014h			
	Activation	Immediate											

Please set threshold value for position deviation accordingly. Default factory setting = 30, Err180 will be triggered if positive deviation is in excess of 3 revolutions.

Pr0.15	Label	Absolute Encoder settings			Mode	PP			HM	CS	P		
	Range	0~32767	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2015h			
	Activation	Immediate											

**0: Incremental mode:**  
Used as an incremental encoder. Doesn't retain position data on power off. Unlimited travel distance.

**1: Multiturn linear mode:**  
Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retain position data on power off. For applications with fixed travel distance and no multiturn data overflow.

**2: Multiturn rotary mode:**  
Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retain position data on power off. Actual data feedback in between 0-(Pr6.63). Unlimited travel distance.

**3: Single turn absolute mode:**

Used when travel distance is within 1 revolution of the encoder. Data overflow will trigger alarm.

- 5:** Clear multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 5 after 3s, please solve according to Er153.
- 9:** Clear multiturn position, reset multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 9 after 3s, please solve according to Er153. Please disable axis before setting to 9 and home the axis before using.

<b>Pr0.16</b>	Label	Regenerative resistance			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	40~500	Unit	Ohm	Default	100	Index		2016h			
	Activation	Immediate										

To set resistance value of regenerative resistor

<b>Pr0.17</b>	Label	Regenerative resistor power rating			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	20~500 0	Unit	W	Default	50	Index		2017h			
	Activation	Immediate										

To set power rating of regenerative resistor.

Pr0.16 and Pr0.17 determines the threshold value of Er 120. Please set accordingly or it might trigger false alarm or damage to servo driver.

*Note: If external regenerative resistor is used, please set according to its labeled power rating.*

<b>Pr0.19</b>	Label	Friction compensation setting			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~1000	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2019h			
	Activation	Immediate										

Friction compensation setting = 0, default = 1;

Friction compensation setting = x, indicating x+1/10000 of friction compensation runway;

<b>Pr0.23</b>	Label	EtherCAT slave ID			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~3276 7	Unit	—	Default	2	Index		2023h			
	Activation	After restart										

Set ID number of the slave station under EtherCAT mode

<b>Pr0.24</b>	Label	Source of slave ID			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~1	Unit	—	Default	1	Index		2024h			
	Activation	After restart										

0: Master device automatically assigns a slave address.  
 1: The slave ID = Pr0.23



Pr0.25	Label	Synchronous compensation time 1			Mode					CS P		
	Range	1~100	Unit	0.1us	Default	10	Index		2025h			
	Activation	After restart										

Synchronous dithering compensation range. Used for master device with poor synchronization.

Pr0.26	Label	Synchronous compensation time 2			Mode					CS P		
	Range	1~2000	Unit	0.1us	Default	50	Index		2026h			
	Activation	After restart										

Synchronous dithering compensation range. Used for master device with poor synchronization.

Pr0.27	Label	Synchronization mode command delay cycle counts			Mode					CS P		
	Range	1~50	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2027h			
	Activation	After restart										

Driver delays N position loop cycle counts to receive position command from master device. To solve motor jitter caused by master device with poor synchronization.

Pr0.28	Label	CSP mode safe self-running position setting			Mode					CS P		
	Range	0~1000 0	Unit	-	Default	10	Index		2028h			
	Activation	Immediate										

Synchronous dithering compensation range. Used for master device with poor synchronization.

Pr0.30	Label	Encoder feedback mode			Mode							F
	Range	0~1	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2030h			
	Activation	Immediate										

To set encoder feedback source.

Set value	Description
【0】	Feedback from motor (Internal) encoder
1	Use under full closed loop control, external encoder feedback

Pr0.31	Label	External encoder type			Mode								<b>F</b>							
	Range	0~3	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2031h										
	Activation	Immediate																		
	Set value	Description																		
	【0】	ABZ encoder																		
	1~3	<i>Reserved for future upgrades</i>																		

Pr0.32	Label	External encoder direction			Mode								<b>F</b>							
	Range	0~1	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2032h										
	Activation	Immediate																		
	Set value	Description																		
	【0】	Default direction																		
	1	Inversed direction																		

Pr0.33	Label	Excessive hybrid deviation			Mode	<b>PP</b>				<b>H</b>	<b>CS</b>								
	Range	0~1342 17728	Unit	Comma nd unit	Default	16000	Index			2033h									
	Activation	After restart																	
	To set the excessive hybrid deviation threshold value, please set accordingly. Use in full closed loop control. Factory default: 16000. Er191 might occur if position deviation during hybrid control exceeds 16000 pulse counts.																		

Pr0.34	Label	Clear hybrid control deviation			Mode	<b>PP</b>				<b>H</b>	<b>CS</b>									
	Range	0~100	Unit	R	Default	0	Index			2034h										
	Activation	After restart																		
	To set condition to clear position deviation under hybrid control mode (Full closed loop)																			
	Set value	Description																		
	【0】	OFF																		
	1~100	Revolution count to clear hybrid control deviation																		

Pr0.35	Label	External encoder frequency divider numerator			Mode								<b>F</b>						
	Range	0~2 <sup>23</sup>	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2035h									
	Activation	After restart																	
	When Pr0.35 = 0, numerator = resolution of encoder																		

Pr0.36	Label	External encoder frequency divider denominator			Mode								F						
	Range	0~2 <sup>23</sup>	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2036h									
	Activation	After restart																	
When Pr0.37 = 0, External encoder feedback pulse count per revolution = Pr0.36																			

Pr0.37	Label	External encoder feedback pulse count per revolution			Mode								F						
	Range	0~2 <sup>31</sup>	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2037h									
	Activation	After restart																	
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #d3d3d3; width: 15%;">Set value</th> <th style="background-color: #d3d3d3; width: 85%;">Pulse count</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">【0】</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Pr0.36</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">1~2<sup>31</sup></td> <td style="text-align: center;">Pr0.37</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>														Set value	Pulse count	【0】	Pr0.36	1~2 <sup>31</sup>	Pr0.37
Set value	Pulse count																		
【0】	Pr0.36																		
1~2 <sup>31</sup>	Pr0.37																		

Pr0.38	Label	Z-signal pulse input source			Mode								F																																							
	Range	0~3	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2038h																																										
	Activation	After restart																																																		
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### 3.2.2 【Class 1】 Gain Adjustments

Pr1.00	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> position loop gain			Mode	PP			HM	CS	P								
	Range	0~3000 0	Unit	0.1/s	Default	320	Index			2100h									
	Activation	Immediate																	
<p>Higher position loop gain value improves the responsiveness of the servo driver and lessens the positioning time.</p> <p>Position loop gain value shouldn't exceed responsiveness of the mechanical system and take in consideration velocity loop gain, if not it might cause vibration, mechanical noise and overtravel.</p> <p>As velocity loop gain is based on position loop gain, please set both values accordingly.</p> <p>Recommended range: 1.2≤Pr1.00/Pr1.01≤1.8</p>																			

Pr1.01	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity loop gain			Mode								F
	Range	1~3276 7	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	180	Index			2101h			

	Activation	Immediate								
	To determine the responsiveness of the velocity loop. If inertia ratio of Pr0.04 is uniform with actual inertia ratio, velocity loop responsiveness = Pr1.01. To increase position loop gain and improve responsiveness of the whole system, velocity loop gain must be set at higher value. Please notice that if the velocity loop gain is too high, it might cause vibration.									

Pr1.02	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop			Mode						F		
	Range	1~1000 0	Unit	0.1ms	Default	310	Index			2102h			
	Activation	Immediate											
	If auto gain adjusting function is not enabled, Pr1.02 is activated. The lower the set value, the closer the lag error at stop to 0 but might cause vibration. If the value set is overly large, overshoot, delay of positioning time duration and lowered responsiveness might occur. Set 10000 to deactivate Pr1.02. Recommended range: 50000≤PA1.01xPA1.02≤150000 For example: Velocity loop gain Pr1.01=500(0.1Hz), which is 50Hz. Integral time constant of velocity loop should be 100(0.1ms)≤Pr1.02≤300(0.1ms)												

Pr1.03	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity detection filter			Mode						F																																																																				
	Range	0~1000 0	Unit	—	Default	15	Index			2103h																																																																					
	Activation	Immediate																																																																													
	This filter is a low pass filter. It blocks high frequencies which cause system instability from velocity feedback data. The higher the set value, lower frequencies will be blocked and velocity responsiveness will also be lowered. Pr1.03 needs to match velocity loop gain. Please refer to the following table.																																																																														
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Set Value</th> <th>Velocity Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency(Hz)</th> <th>Set Value</th> <th>Velocity Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency(Hz)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>2500</td><td>16</td><td>750</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>2250</td><td>17</td><td>700</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>2100</td><td>18</td><td>650</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>2000</td><td>19</td><td>600</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>1800</td><td>20</td><td>550</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>1600</td><td>21</td><td>500</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>1500</td><td>22</td><td>450</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>1400</td><td>23</td><td>400</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>1300</td><td>24</td><td>350</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>1200</td><td>25</td><td>300</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>1100</td><td>26</td><td>250</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>1000</td><td>27</td><td>200</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>950</td><td>28</td><td>175</td></tr> <tr><td>13</td><td>900</td><td>29</td><td>150</td></tr> <tr><td>14</td><td>850</td><td>30</td><td>125</td></tr> <tr><td>15</td><td>800</td><td>31</td><td>100</td></tr> </tbody> </table>											Set Value	Velocity Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency(Hz)	Set Value	Velocity Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency(Hz)	0	2500	16	750	1	2250	17	700	2	2100	18	650	3	2000	19	600	4	1800	20	550	5	1600	21	500	6	1500	22	450	7	1400	23	400	8	1300	24	350	9	1200	25	300	10	1100	26	250	11	1000	27	200	12	950	28	175	13	900	29	150	14	850	30	125	15	800	31	100
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<b>Pr1.04</b>	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> Torque Filter Time Constant			Mode							<b>F</b>					
	Range	0~250 0	Unit	0.01ms	Default	126	Index			2104h							
	Activation	Immediate															
<p>To set torque command low-pass filter, add a filter delay time constant to torque command and filter out the high frequencies in the command.</p> <p>Often used to reduce or eliminate some noise or vibration during motor operation, but it will reduce the responsiveness of current loop, resulting in undermining velocity loop and position loop control. Pr1.04 needs to match velocity loop gain.</p> <p>Recommended range: <math>1,000,000/(2\pi \times \text{Pr1.04}) \geq \text{Pr1.01} \times 4</math></p> <p>For example: Velocity loop gain Pr1.01=180(0.1Hz) which is 18Hz. Time constant of torque filter should be <math>\text{Pr1.01} \leq 221(0.01\text{ms})</math></p> <p>If mechanical vibration is due to servo driver, adjusting Pr1.04 might eliminate the vibration. The smaller the value, the better the responsiveness but also subjected to machine conditions. If the value is too large, it might lower the responsiveness of current loop.</p> <p>With higher Pr1.01 value settings and no resonance, reduce Pr1.04 value;</p> <p>With lower Pr1.01 value settings, increase Pr1.04 value to lower motor noise.</p>																	

<b>Pr1.05</b>	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> Position Loop Gain			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>HM</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>P</b>	
	Range	0~30000	Unit	0.1/s	Default	380	Index			2105h		
	Activation	Immediate										

<b>Pr1.06</b>	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity loop gain			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	1~32767	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	180	Index			2106h		
	Activation	Immediate										

<b>Pr1.07</b>	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	1~1000 0	Unit	0.1ms	Default	10000	Index			2107h		
	Activation	Immediate										

<b>Pr1.08</b>	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity detection filter			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~31	Unit	—	Default	15	Index			2108h		
	Activation	Immediate										

Pr1.09	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> Torque Filter Time Constant			Mode							F
	Range	0~2500	Unit	0.01ms	Default	126	Index		2109h			
	Activation	Immediate										

Position loop, velocity loop, velocity detection filter, torque command filter each have 2 pairs of gain or time constant (1st and 2nd).

Pr1.10	Label	Velocity feed forward gain			Mode	PP			HM	CS P		
	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.10%	Default	300	Index		2110h			
	Activation	Immediate										

Used for decreasing following error caused by low responsiveness of velocity loop. Might cause overshoot or increase in noise if set value is too high.

Pr1.11	Label	Velocity feed forward filter time constant			Mode	PP			HM	CS P		
	Range	0~6400	Unit	0.01ms	Default	50	Index		2111h			
	Activation	Immediate										

Set velocity feed forward low pass filter to eliminate high or abnormal frequencies in velocity feed forward command. Often used when position command with low resolution or high electronic gear ratio to smoothen velocity feed forward.

Position deviation under constant velocity can be lowered with higher velocity feed forward gain. Please refer to the equation below.

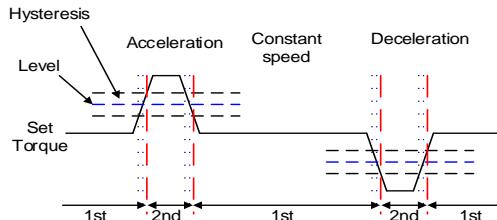
$$\text{Position deviation[Uint]} = \frac{\text{Set velocity} \left[ \frac{\text{Uint}}{\text{s}} \right]}{\text{Position loop gain} [\text{Hz}]} \times \frac{100 - \text{Velocity feed forward gain} [\%]}{100}$$

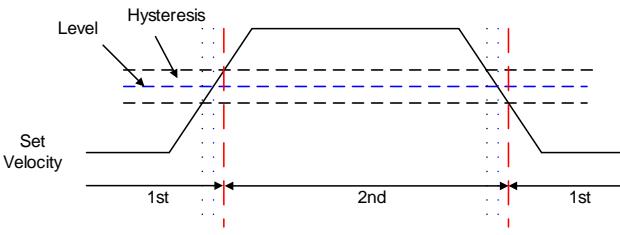
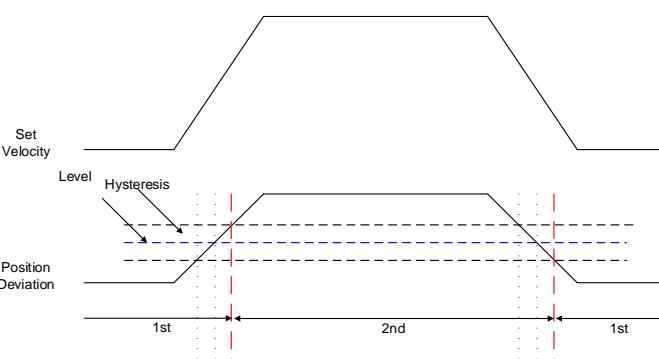
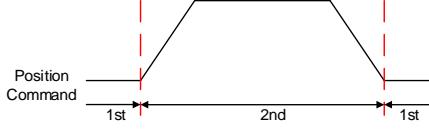
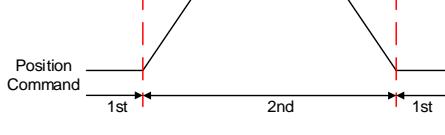
Pr1.12	Label	Torque feed forward gain			Mode	PP	PV	HM	CS P	CS V		
	Range	0~100	Unit	0.1%	Default	0	Index		2112h			
	Activation	Immediate										

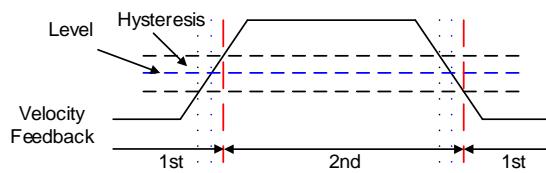
Before using torque feed forward, please set correct inertia ratio. By increasing torque feed forward gain, position deviation on constant acceleration/deceleration can be reduced to close to 0. Under ideal condition and trapezoidal speed profile, position deviation of the whole motion can be reduced to close to 0. In reality, perturbation torque will always exist, hence position deviation can never be 0.

Pr1.13	Label	Torque feed forward filter time constant			Mode	PP	PV	HM	CS P	CS V							
	Range	0~640 0	Unit	0.01ms	Default	0	Index			2113h							
	Activation	Immediate															
Low pass filter to eliminate abnormal or high frequencies in torque feed forward command. Usually used when encoder has lower resolution or precision. Noise reduces if torque feed forward filter time constant is set higher but position deviation will increase at acceleration varied points.																	

Pr1.15	Label	Position control gain switching mode			Mode							F																					
	Range	0~11	Unit	—	Default	0	Index			2115h																							
	Activation	Immediate																															
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Set Value</th> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Condition</th> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Gain switching condition</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">0</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">1<sup>st</sup> gain fixed</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Fixed on using 1<sup>st</sup> gain(Pr1.00-Pr1.04)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">2<sup>nd</sup> gain fixed</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Fixed on using 2<sup>nd</sup> gain (Pr1.05-Pr1.09)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">2</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Reserved</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">3</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">High set torque</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">           Switch to 2<sup>nd</sup> gain when set torque command absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[%]            Switch to 1<sup>st</sup> gain when set torque command absolute value smaller than (level + hysteresis)[%]         </td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">4</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Reserved</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">5</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">High set velocity</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">           Valid for position and velocity control.            Switch to 2<sup>nd</sup> gain when set velocity command absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[r/min]            Switch to 1<sup>st</sup> gain when set velocity command absolute value smaller than (level-hysteresis)[r/min]         </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Set Value	Condition	Gain switching condition	0	1 <sup>st</sup> gain fixed	Fixed on using 1 <sup>st</sup> gain(Pr1.00-Pr1.04)	1	2 <sup>nd</sup> gain fixed	Fixed on using 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain (Pr1.05-Pr1.09)	2	Reserved		3	High set torque	Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain when set torque command absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[%] Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain when set torque command absolute value smaller than (level + hysteresis)[%]	4	Reserved	Reserved	5	High set velocity	Valid for position and velocity control. Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain when set velocity command absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[r/min] Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain when set velocity command absolute value smaller than (level-hysteresis)[r/min]	
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4	Reserved	Reserved																															
5	High set velocity	Valid for position and velocity control. Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain when set velocity command absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[r/min] Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain when set velocity command absolute value smaller than (level-hysteresis)[r/min]																															



		
6	Large position deviation	<p>Valid for position control.  Switch to 2<sup>nd</sup> gain when position deviation absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[pulse]  Switch to 1<sup>st</sup> gain when position deviation absolute value smaller than (level-hysteresis)[pulse]</p> 
7	Pending position command	<p>Valid for position control.  Switch to 2<sup>nd</sup> gain if position command ≠ 0  Switch to 1<sup>st</sup> gain if position command remains = 0 throughout the duration of delay time.</p> 
8	Not yet in position	<p>Valid for position control.  Switch to 2<sup>nd</sup> gain if position command is not completed.  Switch to 1<sup>st</sup> gain if position command remains uncompleted throughout the duration of delay time.</p> 
9	High actual velocity	<p>Valid for position control.  Switch to 2<sup>nd</sup> gain when actual velocity absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[r/min]  Switch to 1<sup>st</sup> gain when actual velocity absolute value remains smaller throughout the duration of delay time than (level-hysteresis)[r/min]</p>



		<p>Valid for position control. Switch to 2<sup>nd</sup> gain if position command ≠ 0 Switch to 1<sup>st</sup> gain if positional command = 0 throughout the duration of delay time and absolute value of actual velocity remains smaller than (level - hysteresis) (r/min)</p>
10	Pending position command +actual velocity	

For position control mode, set Pr1.15=3,5,6,9,10;

For velocity control mode, set Pr1.15=3,5,9;

**\*\* Above 'level' and 'hysteresis' are in correspondence to Pr1.17 Position control gain switching level and Pr1.18 Hysteresis at position control switching.**

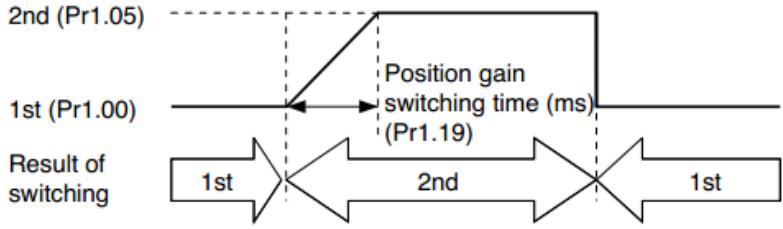
Pr1.17	Label	Position control gain switching level			Mode									F																		
	Range	0~2000	Unit	Mode dependent	Default	50	Index	2117h																								
	Activation	Immediate																														
Set threshold value for gain switching to occur. Unit is mode dependent.																																
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Switching condition</th> <th>Unit</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Position</td> <td>Encoder pulse count</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Velocity</td> <td>RPM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Torque</td> <td>%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>															Switching condition	Unit	Position	Encoder pulse count	Velocity	RPM	Torque	%										
Switching condition	Unit																															
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Velocity	RPM																															
Torque	%																															
<i>Please set level ≥ hysteresis</i>																																

<b>Pr1.18</b>	Label	Hysteresis at position control switching			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~2000 0	Unit	Mode dependent	Default	33	Index			2118h		
	Activation	Immediate										

To eliminate the instability of gain switching. Used in combination with Pr1.17 using the same unit.  
If level < hysteresis, drive will set internally hysteresis = level.

<b>Pr1.19</b>	Label	Position gain switching time			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~1000 0	Unit	0.1ms	Default	33	Index			2119h		
	Activation	Immediate										

During position control, to ease torque changes and vibration due to rapid changes in position loop gain, set suitable Pr1.19 value  
For example: 1st (pr1.00) <-> 2nd (Pr1.05)



<b>Pr1.36</b>	Label	External ABZ encoder filter time			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>CS</b>			
	Range	0~300	Unit	0.01us	Default	20	Index			2136h		
	Activation	Immediate										

To set filter time for external ABZ encoder

<b>Pr1.39</b>	Label	Special function registry 2			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0-0xFFFF F	Unit	0.01us	Default	0	Index			2139h		
	Activation	Immediate										

	Set value	Description										
	【0】	Reserved										
	1	=1, activate full closed loop during trial run										
	2	=1, hybrid position deviation clearing										

### 3.2.3 【Class 2】 Vibration Suppression

Pr2.00	Label	Adaptive filtering mode settings			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~4	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2200h			
	Activation	Immediate											

Set value	Explanation		
0	Adaptive filter: invalid Parameters related to 3 <sup>rd</sup> and 4 <sup>th</sup> notch filter remain unchanged		
1	Adaptive filter: 1 filter valid for once. 1 adaptive filter becomes valid. 3 <sup>rd</sup> notch filter related parameters updated accordingly. Pr2.00 switches automatically to 0 once updated.		
2	Adaptive filter: 1 filter remains valid 1 adaptive filter becomes valid. 3 <sup>rd</sup> notch filter related parameters will keep updating accordingly.		
3-4	Reserved -		

Pr2.01	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> notch frequency			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	50~4000	Unit	Hz	Default	4000	Index			2201h			
	Activation	Immediate											

Set center frequency of 1<sup>st</sup> torque command notch filter.  
Set Pr2.01 to 4000 to deactivate notch filter

Pr2.02	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> notch bandwidth selection			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~20	Unit	-	Default	4	Index			2202h			
	Activation	Immediate											

Set notch bandwidth for 1<sup>st</sup> resonant notch filter.  
Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.01 and Pr2.03, Pr2.02 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

<b>Pr2.03</b>	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> notch depth selection			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~99	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2203h			
	Activation	Immediate										

Set notch depth for 1<sup>st</sup> resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.01 and Pr2.02, Pr2.03 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

<b>Pr2.04</b>	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch frequency			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	50~4000	Unit	Hz	Default	4000	Index		2204h			
	Activation	Immediate										

Set center frequency of 2<sup>nd</sup> torque command notch filter.

Set Pr2.04 to 4000 to deactivate notch filter

<b>Pr2.05</b>	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch bandwidth selection			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~20	Unit	-	Default	4	Index		2205h			
	Activation	Immediate										

Set notch bandwidth for 2<sup>nd</sup> resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.04 and Pr2.06, Pr2.05 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

<b>Pr2.06</b>	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> notch depth selection			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~99	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2206h			
	Activation	Immediate										

Set notch depth for 1<sup>st</sup> resonant notch filter.

When Pr2.06 value is higher, notch depth becomes shallow, phase lag reduces. Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with Pr2.04 and Pr2.05, Pr2.06 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

<b>Pr2.07</b>	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch frequency			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	50~4000	Unit	Hz	Default	4000	Index		2207h			
	Activation	Immediate										

Set center frequency of 3<sup>rd</sup> torque command notch filter.

Set Pr2.07 to 4000 to deactivate notch filter

<b>Pr2.08</b>	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch bandwidth selection			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~20	Unit	-	Default	4	Index		2287h				
	Activation	Immediate											

Set notch bandwidth for 3<sup>rd</sup> resonant notch filter.  
Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings.

<b>Pr2.09</b>	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> notch depth selection			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~99	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2206h				
	Activation	Immediate											

Set notch depth for 1<sup>st</sup> resonant notch filter.  
When Pr2.09 value is higher, notch depth becomes shallow, phase lag reduces.

<b>Pr2.14</b>	Label	1 <sup>st</sup> damping frequency			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~2000	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	0	Index		2214h				
	Activation	Immediate											

0: Deactivate  
  
To suppress wobble at load end. Often used when wobble of flexible structure due to high deceleration upon stopping. Especially effective for wobble with frequencies under 100Hz. Set Pr2.15 to wobble frequency (wobble frequency can be determined using tracing function of Motion Studio)

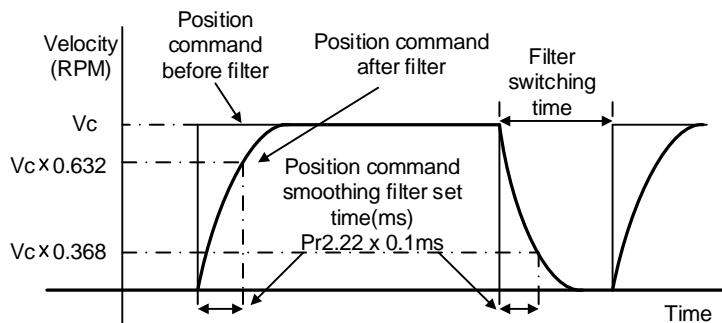
<b>Pr2.16</b>	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> damping frequency			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~2000	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	0	Index		2216h				
	Activation	Immediate											

0: Deactivate  
  
To suppress wobble at load end. Often used when wobble of flexible structure due to high deceleration upon stopping. Especially effective for wobble with frequencies under 100Hz. Set Pr2.15 to wobble frequency (wobble frequency can be determined using tracing function of Motion Studio)

<b>Pr2.22</b>	<b>Label</b>	Position command smoothing filter			<b>Mode</b>	<b>PP</b>			<b>H</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>P</b>	
	<b>Range</b>	0~32767			Unit	0.1ms	Default			0	Index		
	<b>Activation</b>	Stop axis											

To set time constant of 1 time delay filter of position command.

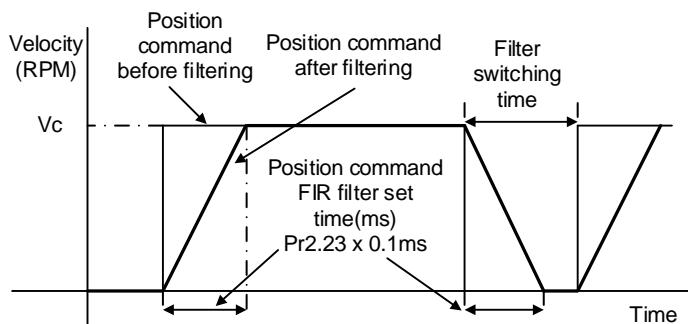
To set time constant of 1 time delay filter, according to target velocity  $V_c$  square wave command as show below.



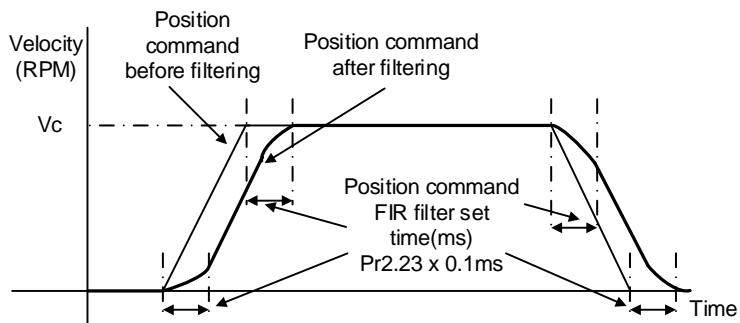
Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration. If Pr2.22 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

<b>Pr2.23</b>	<b>Label</b>	Position command FIR filter			<b>Mode</b>	<b>PP</b>			<b>H</b>	<b>CS</b>	
	<b>Range</b>	0~10000			<b>Unit</b>	0.1ms	<b>Default</b>	0	<b>Index</b>		
	<b>Activation</b>	Disable axis									

As shown below, when target velocity  $V_c$  square wave command reaches  $V_c$ , it becomes trapezoidal wave after filtering.



As shown below, when target velocity  $V_c$  trapezoidal command reaches  $V_c$ , it becomes S wave after filtering.



Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration. If Pr2.23 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

*\*\*Please wait for command to stop and after filter idle time to modify Pr2.23.*

*Filter switching time = (Pr2.23 set value x 0.1ms + 0.25ms)*

<b>Pr2.31</b>	<b>Label</b>	5 <sup>th</sup> resonant frequency			<b>Mode</b>						<b>F</b>			
	<b>Range</b>	50~400 0			<b>Unit</b>	Hz	<b>Default</b>	4000	<b>Index</b>					
	<b>Activation</b>	Immediate												
To set zero-valued eigenfrequency of 5 <sup>th</sup> resonant notch filter. Pr2.31 corresponds to machine specific resonant frequency. Notch filter deactivated if Pr2.31 is set to any value.														

Pr2.32	Label	5 <sup>th</sup> resonant Q value			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~1000 0	Unit	Hz	Default	0	Index			2232h			
	Activation	Immediate											

To set notch Q value of 5<sup>th</sup> resonant notch filter

Pr2.33	Label	5 <sup>th</sup> anti-resonant frequency			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	50~4000 0	Unit	Hz	Default	4000	Index			2233h			
	Activation	Immediate											

To set zero-valued eigenfrequency of 5<sup>th</sup> resonant notch filter. Pr2.31 corresponds to machine-specific anti-resonant frequency.

Pr2.34	Label	5 <sup>th</sup> anti-resonant Q value			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~9900	Unit	Hz	Default	0	Index			2234h			
	Activation	Immediate											

To set resonant Q value of 5<sup>th</sup> resonant notch filter

Pr2.35	Label	6 <sup>th</sup> resonant frequency			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	50~400 0	Unit	Hz	Default	4000	Index			2235h			
	Activation	Immediate											

To set zero-valued eigenfrequency of 6<sup>th</sup> resonant notch filter. Pr2.35 corresponds to machine-specific resonant frequency.  
Notch filter deactivated if Pr2.31 is set to any value.

Pr2.36	Label	6 <sup>th</sup> resonant Q value			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~1000 0	Unit	Hz	Default	0	Index			2236h			
	Activation	Immediate											

To set notch Q value of 6<sup>th</sup> resonant notch filter

Pr2.37	Label	6 <sup>th</sup> anti-resonant frequency			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	50~4000 0	Unit	Hz	Default	4000	Index			2237h		
	Activation	Immediate										

To set zero-valued eigenfrequency of 6<sup>th</sup> resonant notch filter. Pr2.37 corresponds to machine-specific anti-resonant frequency.

Pr2.38	Label	6 <sup>th</sup> anti-resonant Q value			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~9900	Unit	Hz	Default	0	Index			2238h		
	Activation	Immediate										

To set resonant Q value of 6<sup>th</sup> resonant notch filter

Pr2.48	Label	Adjustments mode			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~1	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2248h		
	Activation	Immediate										

To turn on/off automatic adjustments

Set value	Description		
【0】	Turn off automatic adjustments		
1	Activate automatic adjustments, real time inertia measuring and vibration suppression. Inertia measuring deactivated after reaching 4 times in 5 minutes, triggering conditions: changes in mechanical stiffness.		

Pr2.50	Label	MFC type			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>CS</b>			
	Range	0~3	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2250h		
	Activation	After restart										

Set value

Set value	Description		
【0】	Model following control		
1	Zero tracking control		
2	3 inertia (future upgrade)		
3	Path following (future upgrade)		

Pr2.51	Label	Velocity feedforward compensation coefficient			Mode	PP			CS P			
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2251h			
	Activation	Immediate										

To compensate for velocity feedforward

Pr2.52	Label	Torque feedforward compensation coefficient			Mode	PP	PV		CS P	CS V		
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	Hz	Default	0	Index		2252h			
	Activation	Immediate										

To compensate for torque feedforward

Pr2.53	Label	Dynamic friction compensation coefficient			Mode							F
	Range	0~1000	Unit	%	Default	0	Index		2253h			
	Activation	Immediate										

To set ratio of rated torque/rated rotational speed, to compensate for dynamic friction during motion and have better control over acceleration/deceleration.

Dynamic friction coefficient

$$= \frac{\text{Torque(Rotational speed 1)} - \text{Torque(Rotational speed 2)}}{\text{Rotational speed 1} - \text{Rotational speed 2}} * \text{rated rotational speed}$$

When there is an excess position deviation during acceleration/deceleration, please adjust Pr2.53 to reduce the deviation to 0.

Pr2.54	Label	Overshoot time coefficient			Mode							F
	Range	0~10000	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2254h			
	Activation	Immediate										

To set overtravel time coefficient

Pr2.55	Label	Overshoot suppression gain			Mode								F
	Range	0~1000	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2255h				
	Activation	Immediate											

Suppression improves with larger set value but might affect the performance of MFC. Please use with caution for any value above 100.

### 3.2.4 【Class 3】 Velocity Control

Pr3.12	Label	Acceleration time settings			Mode		PV					CS V	
	Range	0~10000	Unit	ms/ (1000RPM)	Default	0	Index		2312h				
	Activation	Immediate											

Pr3.13	Label	Deceleration time settings			Mode		PV					CS V	
	Range	0~10000	Unit	ms/ (1000RPM)	Default	0	Index		2313h				
	Activation	Immediate											

Set max acceleration/deceleration for velocity command.

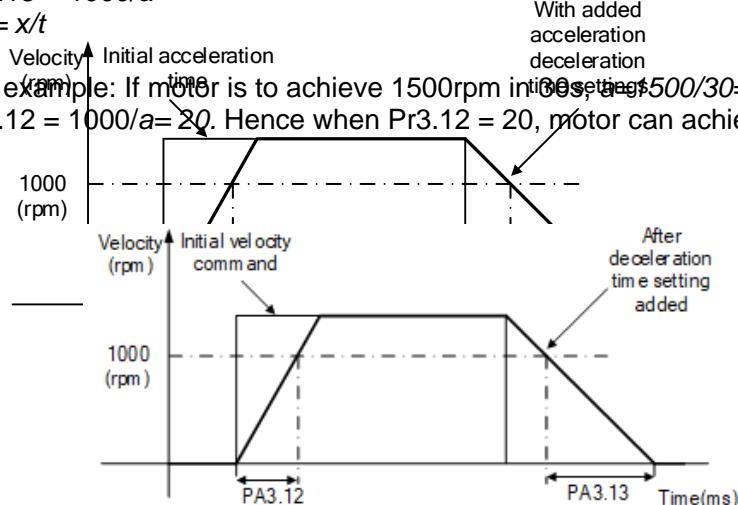
If target velocity =  $x$  [rpm], max acceleration =  $a$  [unit: rpm/ms], acceleration time =  $t$  [ms]

$$\text{Pr3.12} = 1000/a$$

$$\text{Pr3.13} = 1000/a$$

$$a = x/t$$

For example: If motor is to achieve 1500rpm in 30s setting  $1500/30=50$  rpm/ms  
 $\text{Pr3.12} = 1000/a = 20$ . Hence when  $\text{Pr3.12} = 20$ , motor can achieve 1500rpm in 30s.

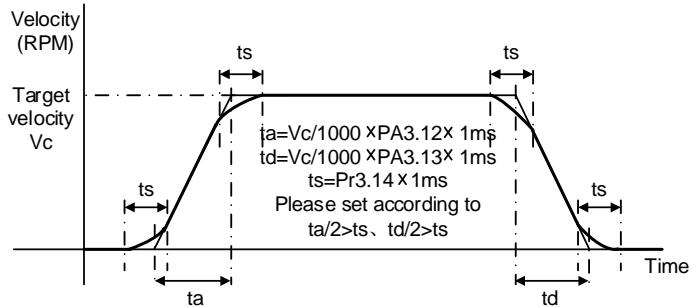


Usually used when there is rapid acceleration or trapezoidal wave velocity command due to many different internal speed segments under velocity control mode which causes instability while motor in motion.

Under velocity control mode, 6083 and 6084 is limited by Pr3.12 and Pr3.13 correspondingly.

Pr3.14	Label	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration settings			Mode		PV				CS V	
	Range	0~1000	Unit	ms	Default	0	Index		2314h			
	Activation	Axis disable										

To set sigmoid acceleration and deceleration turning point in accordance to Pr3.12 and Pr3.13.



Pr3.15	Label	Zero speed clamp function selection			Mode							F
	Range	0~3	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2315h			
	Activation	Immediate										

Set value	Zero speed clamp function
0	Invalid: zero speed clamp deactivated
1	Velocity command is forced to 0 when the zero speed clamp (ZEROOSPD) input signal is valid.
2	Velocity command is forced to 0 when actual velocity is lower than Pr3.16.
3	Includes conditions from 1 and 2

Pr3.16	Label	Zero speed clamp level			Mode		PV				CSV	
	Range	10~2000	Unit	RPM	Default	30	Index		2316h			
	Activation	Immediate										

Velocity command is forced to 0 when actual velocity is lower than Pr3.16 and after static time set in Pr3.23

Pr3.23	Label	Zero speed clamp static time			Mode	PV				CSV			
	Range	0~32767	Unit	ms	Default	0	Index	2323h					
	Activation	Immediate											
To set delay time for zero speed clamp. To prevent creeping at low speed, velocity command forced to 0 when velocity goes under Pr3.16 after time set in Pr3.23													

Pr3.32 – Pr3.73	Label	Position comparison 1-42 target value			Mode						F		
	Range	-2 <sup>31</sup> ~ 2 <sup>31</sup>	Unit	Comma nd unit	Default	0	Index	2323h					
	Activation	Immediate											
When target position(value) is reached, position comparison output will be depended on the position comparison properties value set.													

Pr3.74	Label	Position comparison 1 & 2 attributes value			Mode						F																																	
	Range	0~32767	Unit	Comma nd unit	Default	0	Index	2332h – 2373h																																				
	Activation	Immediate																																										
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Position comparison 1</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>Positive traversal comparison. 0=OFF,1=ON</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Negative traversal comparison. 0=OFF,1=ON</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2~5</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>Output property settings: =0: Pulse mode =1: Flipping mode</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>DO1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>DO2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9</td> <td>DO3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10~12</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>13</td> <td>Frequency divider Phase A output</td> </tr> <tr> <td>14</td> <td>Frequency divider Phase B output</td> </tr> <tr> <td>15</td> <td>Frequency divider Phase Z output</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Position comparison 2</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>16</td> <td>Positive traversal comparison. 0=OFF,1=ON</td> </tr> <tr> <td>17</td> <td>Negative traversal comparison. 0=OFF,1=ON</td> </tr> <tr> <td>18~21</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>22</td> <td>Output property settings: =0: Pulse mode</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>											Bit	Position comparison 1	0	Positive traversal comparison. 0=OFF,1=ON	1	Negative traversal comparison. 0=OFF,1=ON	2~5	Reserved	6	Output property settings: =0: Pulse mode =1: Flipping mode	7	DO1	8	DO2	9	DO3	10~12	Reserved	13	Frequency divider Phase A output	14	Frequency divider Phase B output	15	Frequency divider Phase Z output	Bit	Position comparison 2	16	Positive traversal comparison. 0=OFF,1=ON	17	Negative traversal comparison. 0=OFF,1=ON	18~21	Reserved	22	Output property settings: =0: Pulse mode
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Bit	Position comparison 2
16	Positive traversal comparison. 0=OFF,1=ON
17	Negative traversal comparison. 0=OFF,1=ON
18~21	Reserved
22	Output property settings: =0: Pulse mode

	=1: Flipping mode								
23	DO1								
24	DO2								
25	DO3								
26~28	Reserved								
29	Frequency divider Phase A output								
30	Frequency divider Phase B output								
31	Frequency divider Phase Z output								

Pr3.75~ Pr3.94	Label	Position comparison x & y attributes value			Mode							F			
	Range	0x0~0xFF FFFFFF			Unit	-	Default		0	Index		2375h- 2394h			
	Activation	Immediate													
x,y = (3,4), (5,6).....(41,42) bit 0~15: Position comparison x; bit 16~31: Position comparison y Please refer to Pr3.74															

### 3.2.5 【Class 4】 I/O Interface Setting

Pr4.00	Label	Input selection DI1			Mode							F
	Range	0x0~0xFF			Unit	-	Default		0x0	Index		2400h
	Activation	Immediate										
Pr4.01	Label	Input selection DI2			Mode							F
	Range	0x0~0xFF			Unit	-	Default		0x1	Index		2401h
	Activation	Immediate										
Pr4.02	Label	Input selection DI3			Mode							F
	Range	0x0~0xFF			Unit	-	Default		0x2	Index		2402h
	Activation	Immediate										
Pr4.03	Label	Input selection DI4			Mode							F
	Range	0x0~0xFF			Unit	-	Default		0x16	Index		2403h
	Activation	Immediate										
Pr4.04	Label	Input selection DI5			Mode							F
	Range	0x0~0xFF			Unit	-	Default		0x0	Index		2404h
	Activation	Immediate										
Pr4.05	Label	Input selection D16			Mode							F
	Range	0x0~0xFF			Unit	-	Default		0x0	Index		2405h

	Activation	Immediate																																											
Pr4.06	Label	Input selection DI7			Mode					F																																			
	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	—	Default	0x4	Index		2406h																																				
	Activation	Immediate																																											
Pr4.07	Label	Input selection DI8			Mode					F																																			
	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	—	Default	0x0	Index		2407h																																				
	Activation	Immediate																																											
Digital input DI allocation using hexadecimal system																																													
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Input</th> <th rowspan="2">Symbol</th> <th colspan="2">Set value</th> <th rowspan="2">0x60FD(bit )</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Normally open</th> <th>Normally close</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Invalid</td> <td>—</td> <td>0h</td> <td>-</td> <td>x</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Positive limit switch</td> <td>POT</td> <td>1h</td> <td>81h</td> <td>Bit1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Negative limit switch</td> <td>NOT</td> <td>2h</td> <td>82h</td> <td>Bit0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Clear alarm</td> <td>A-CLR</td> <td>4h</td> <td>-</td> <td>x</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Forced alarm</td> <td>E-STOP</td> <td>14h</td> <td>94h</td> <td>x</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Home switch</td> <td>HOME-SWITCH</td> <td>16h</td> <td>96h</td> <td>Bit2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>									Input	Symbol	Set value		0x60FD(bit )	Normally open	Normally close	Invalid	—	0h	-	x	Positive limit switch	POT	1h	81h	Bit1	Negative limit switch	NOT	2h	82h	Bit0	Clear alarm	A-CLR	4h	-	x	Forced alarm	E-STOP	14h	94h	x	Home switch	HOME-SWITCH	16h	96h	Bit2
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Clear alarm	A-CLR	4h	-	x																																									
Forced alarm	E-STOP	14h	94h	x																																									
Home switch	HOME-SWITCH	16h	96h	Bit2																																									
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Please don't set anything other than listed in table above.</li> <li>Normally open: Valid when input = ON   Normally close: Valid when input = OFF</li> <li>Er210 might occur if same function is allocated to different channels at the same time</li> <li>Channel that has no value doesn't affect driver motion.</li> <li>Front panel is of hexadecimal system.</li> <li>Pr4.00 – Pr4.07 corresponds to DI1 – DI8. External sensors can be connected if the parameters are all set to 0. Controller will read 60FD bit4 – 11 to get DI1 – DI8 actual status.</li> </ul>																																													
Pr4.10	Label	Output selection DO1			Mode					F																																			
	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	—	Default	0x1	Index		2410h																																				
	Activation	Immediate																																											
Pr4.11	Label	Output selection DO2			Mode					F																																			
	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	—	Default	0x3	Index		2411h																																				
	Activation	Immediate																																											
Pr4.12	Label	Output selection DO3			Mode					F																																			
	Range	0x0~0xFF	Unit	—	Default	0x4	Index		2412h																																				
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External brake released	BRK-OFF	03h	83h	
Positioning completed	INP	04h	84h	
At-speed	AT-SPEED	05h	85h	
Torque limit signal	TLC	06h	86h	
Zero speed clamp detection	ZSP	07h	87h	
Velocity coincidence	V-COIN	08h	88h	
Position command ON/OFF	P-CMD	0Bh	8Bh	
Velocity limit signal	V-LIMIT	0Dh	8Dh	
Velocity command ON/OFF	V-CMD	0Fh	8Fh	
Servo status	SRV-ST	12h	92h	
Homing done	HOME-OK	22h	A2h	
Position comparison	CMP-OUT	14h	94h	

Please don't set any other than the outputs listed in the table above.

- Normally open: Active low
- Normally close: Active high
- Front panel is of hexadecimal system.
- Pr4.10 – Pr4.12 corresponds to DO1 – DO3. If all parameters are set to 0, master device controls the outputs, object dictionary 0x60FE sub-index 01 bit16-18 corresponds to DO1-DO3.

<b>Pr4.22</b>	Label	Analog input 1 zero drift			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	-32766~32766			Unit	0.3mv	Default	0	Index			2422h
	Activation	Immediate										

To set zero drift compensation value for zero drift correction.

<b>Pr4.23</b>	Label	Analog input 1 filter			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~6400			Unit	0.01ms	Default	0	Index			2423h
	Activation	Immediate										

To set a delay filter time coefficient for AI1 input voltage. When filter time takes effect, input voltage will be smoothen.

<b>Pr4.24</b>	Label	Analog input 1 overvoltage			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~100			Unit	0.1V	Default	0	Index			2424h
	Activation	Immediate										

When Pr4.23 = 0, Pr4.23 invalid. Er270 might occur when the input voltage of AI1 is higher than the voltage after zero drift correction.

<b>Pr4.25</b>	Label	Analog input 2 zero drift			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	-32766-32766			Unit	-	Default	1	Index			2425h
	Activation	Immediate										

To set zero drift compensation value for zero drift correction.

<b>Pr4.26</b>	Label	Analog input 2 filter			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~6400			Unit	-	Default	1	Index			2426h
	Activation	Immediate										

To set a delay filter time coefficient for AI1 input voltage. When filter time takes effect, input voltage will be smoothen.

Pr4.27	Label	Analog filter 2 overvoltage			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~100	Unit	-	Default	1	Index		2427h			
	Activation	Immediate										

When Pr4.27 = 0, Pr4.27 invalid. Er270 might occur when the input voltage of AI1 is higher than the voltage after zero drift correction.

Pr4.31	Label	Positioning complete range			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>H</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>CSP</b>	
	Range	0~1000 0	Unit	Command unit	Default	20	Index		2431h			
	Activation	Immediate										

To set position deviation range of INP1 positioning completed output signal.

Pr4.32	Label	Positioning complete output setting			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>H</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>CSP</b>	
	Range	0~4	Unit	-	Default	1	Index		2432h			
	Activation	Immediate										

Output conditions of INP1 positioning completed output signal

Set value	Positioning completed signal
0	Signal valid when the position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31
1	Signal valid when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31
2	Signal valid when there is no position command, zero-speed clamp detection (ZSP) signal is ON and the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31
3	Signal valid when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31. Signal ON when within the time set in Pr4.33 otherwise OFF.
4	When there is no command, position detection starts after the delay time set in Pr4.33. Signal valid when there is no position command and positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31.

Pr4.33	Label	INP positioning delay time			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>H</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>CSP</b>	
	Range	0~15000	Unit	1ms	Default	0	Index		2433h			
	Activation	Immediate										

To set delay time when Pr 4.32 = 3

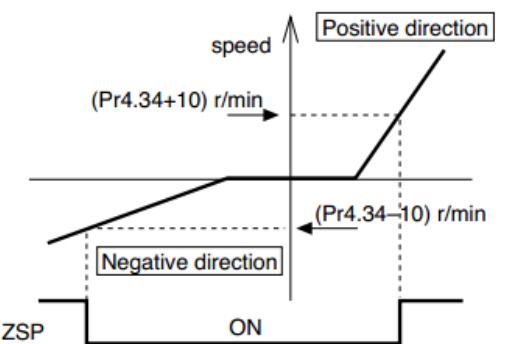
Set value	Positioning completed signal
0	Indefinite delay time, signal ON until next position command
1-15000	OFF within the time set; ON after time set. Switch OFF after receiving next position command.

Pr4.34	Label	Zero speed			Mode							F
	Range	1~200 0	Unit	RPM	Default	50	Index			2434h		
	Activation	Immediate										

To set threshold value for zero speed clamp detection.

Zero speed clamp detection (ZSP) output signal valid when motor speed goes under the value set in Pr4.34

- Disregard the direction of rotation, valid for both directions.
- Hysteresis of 10RPM. Please refer to diagram on the right side.



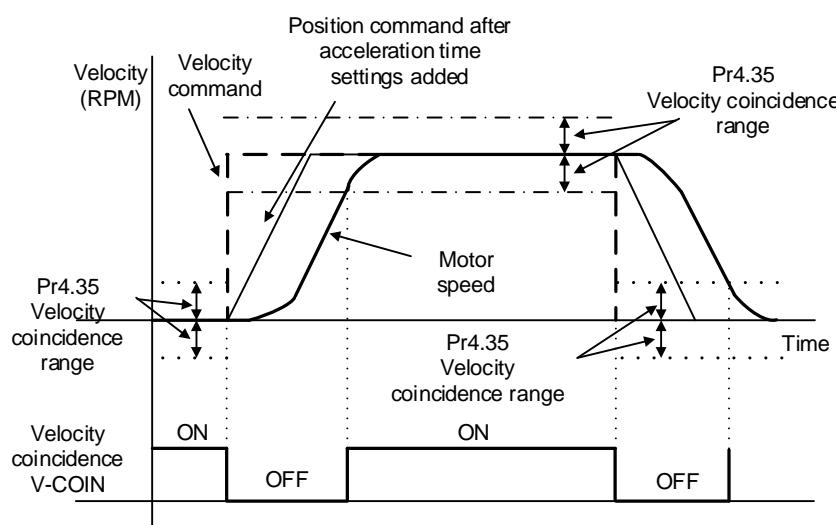
Pr4.35	Label	Velocity coincidence range			Mode		PV				CSV	
	Range	10~2000	Unit	RPM	Default	50	Index			2435h		
	Activation	Immediate										

If the difference between velocity command and motor actual speed is below Pr4.35, Velocity coincidence (V-COIN) output signal valid.

Due to 10RPM hysteresis:

Velocity coincidence output OFF -> ON timing (Pr4.35 -10) r/min

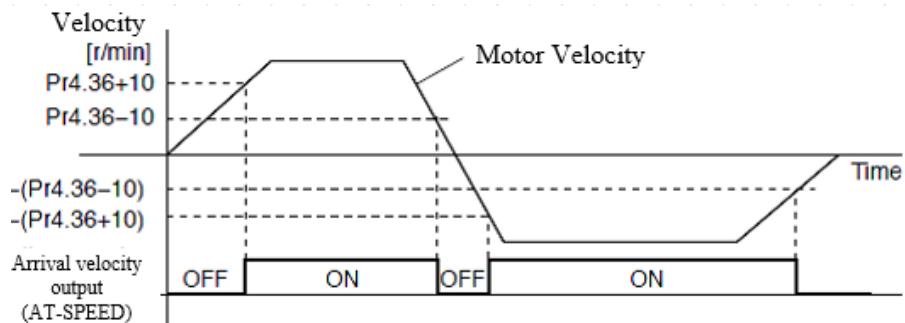
Velocity coincidence output ON -> OFF timing (Pr4.35 +10) r/min



Pr4.36	Label	Arrival velocity (AT-speed)			Mode	PV			CSV	
	Range	10~2000	Unit	RPM	Default	1000	Index		2436h	
	Activation	Immediate								

When motor velocity > Pr4.36, AT-speed output signal is valid.

Detection using 10RPM hysteresis.

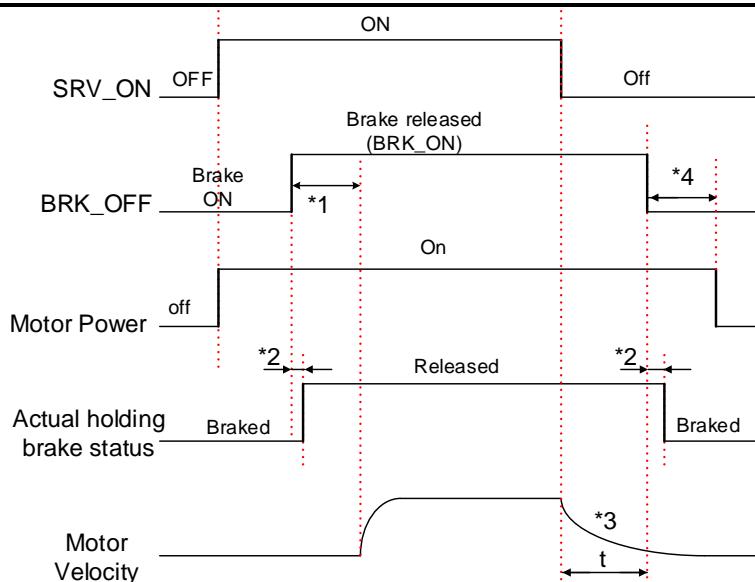


Pr4.37	Label	Motor power-off delay time			Mode					F
	Range	0~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	100	Index		2437h	
	Activation	Immediate								

To set delay time for holding brake to be activated after motor power off to prevent axis from sliding.

Pr4.38	Label	Delay time for holding brake release			Mode					F
	Range	0~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	0	Index		2438h	
	Activation	Immediate								

To set delay time for holding brake to be released after motor power on. Motor will remain at current position and input command is masked to allow holding brake to be fully released before motor is set in motion.



\*1: Delay time set in Pr4.38

\*2: Delay time from the moment **BRK\_OFF** signal is given until actual holding brake is released or **BRK\_ON** signal is given until actual holding brake is activated. It is dependent on the holding brake of the motor.

\*3: Deceleration time is determined by Pr6.14 or if motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first. **BRK\_OFF** given after deceleration time.

\*4: Pr4.37 set time value.

*Delay time from the moment **SRV\_ON** is given until **BRK\_OFF** switch to **BRK\_ON**, is less than 500ms.*

Pr4.39	Label	Holding brake activation speed			Mode				F
	Range	30~3000	Unit	RPM	Default	30	Index	2439h	
	Activation	Immediate							

To set the activation speed for which holding brake will be activated.

When **SRV-OFF** signal is given, motor decelerates, after it reaches below Pr4.39 and Pr6.14 is not yet reached, **BRK\_OFF** is given.

**BRK\_OFF** signal is determined by Pr6.14 or if motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first.

Application:

- After disabling axis, Pr6.14 has been reached but motor speed is still above Pr4.39, **BRK\_OFF** signal given.
- After disabling axis, Pr6.14 has not been reached but motor speed is below Pr4.39, **BRK\_OFF** signal given.

Pr4.43	Label	Emergency stop function			Mode							F
	Range	0~1	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2443h		
	Activation	Immediate 0: Emergency stop is valid, servo driver will be forced to STOP and alarm occurs. 1: Emergency stop is invalid, servo driver will not be forced to STOP.										

Pr4.64	Label	AO1 output mode			Mode							F
	Range	0~1	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2464h		
	Activation	Immediate										

Bit 0 – 15: AO signal source; Bit 16 – 31: DO extension channel

Bit0~Bit15	Signal source
0x0	-
0x1	Motor rotational speed (V/krpm)
0x2	Position command velocity (V/krpm)
0x3	Internal position command velocity (V/krpm)
0x4	Torque command (0.03V/0.01)
0x5	Position command deviation (mV/Command unit)
0x6	Position command deviation (mV/Encoder unit)
0x7	Analog 1 (V/V)
0x8	Analog 2 (V/V)
0x9	Analog 3 (V/V)
0xA	Extension DO (0V/5V)
0xB	As per Pr4.67

Bit 16 – 31: Only available when AO signal source = 0xA

Bit16~Bit31	Channel
01h	Alarm output
02h	Servo ready
03h	External brake released
04h	Positioning completed
...	Please refer to Pr4.12 for other signal channels

Pr4.66	Label	AO1 amplification			Mode							F
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	0.01	Default	100	Index			2466h		
	Activation	Immediate										

To set the amplification of AO1, actual voltage output = amplification x theoretical voltage

<b>Pr4.67</b>	Label	AO1 communication setting			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2467h		
	Activation	Immediate										

Available when AO1 = 0xB, AO1 output = output setting of Pr4.67

<b>Pr4.68</b>	Label	AO1 offset			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2468h		
	Activation	Immediate										

To set AO1 offset value.

<b>Pr4.69</b>	Label	AO2 output mode			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~10	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2469h		
	Activation	Immediate										

Set value	Description
【0】	Negative/Positive value: -10~10V
1	Absolute value output: 0~10V
Other	Reserved

<b>Pr4.70</b>	Label	AO2 signal			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0x0~0x7FF FFFFF	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2470h		
	Activation	Immediate										

Bit 0 – 15: AO signal source; Bit 16 – 31: DO extension channel

Bit0~Bit15	Signal source
0x0	-
0x1	Motor rotational speed (V/krpm)
0x2	Position command velocity (V/krpm)
0x3	Internal position command velocity (V/krpm)
0x4	Torque command (0.03V/0.01)
0x5	Position command deviation (mV/Command unit)
0x6	Position command deviation (mV/Encoder unit)
0x7	Analog 1 (V/V)
0x8	Analog 2 (V/V)
0x9	Analog 3 (V/V)
0xA	Extension DO (0V/5V)
0xB	As per Pr4.72

Bit 16 – 31: Only available when AO signal source = 0xA

Bit16~Bit31	Channel
01h	Alarm output
02h	Servo ready
03h	External brake released
04h	Positioning completed

	...	Please refer to Pr4.12 for other signal channels								
Pr4.71	Label	AO2 amplification			Mode					
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		F 2471h	
	Activation	Immediate								
To set the amplification of AO2, actual voltage output = amplification x theoretical voltage										
Pr4.72	Label	AO2 communication setting			Mode					
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		F 2472h	
	Activation	Immediate								
Available when AO1 = 0xB, AO1 output = output setting of Pr4.72										
Pr4.73	Label	AO2 offset			Mode					
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		F 2473h	
	Activation	Immediate								
To set AO2 offset value.										

Pr4.74	Label	Warning indicator light 1 signal			Mode					
	Range	0~100	Unit	-	Default	1	Index		F 2474h	
	Activation	Immediate								
To select warning signal for warning indicator light 1, as the table in Pr4.78										
Pr4.75	Label	Warning indicator light 2 signal			Mode					
	Range	0~100	Unit	-	Default	2	Index		F 2475h	
	Activation	Immediate								
To select warning signal for warning indicator light 2, as the table in Pr4.78										
Pr4.76	Label	Warning indicator light 3 signal			Mode					
	Range	0~100	Unit	-	Default	3	Index		F 2476h	
	Activation	Immediate								
To select warning signal for warning indicator light 3, as the table in Pr4.78										
Pr4.77	Label	Warning indicator light 4 signal			Mode					
	Range	0~100	Unit	-	Default	4	Index		F 2477h	
	Activation	Immediate								
To select warning signal for warning indicator light 4, as the table in Pr4.78										
Pr4.78	Label	Warning indicator light 5 signal			Mode					

	Range	0~100	Unit	-	Default	5	Index	2478h															
	Activation	Immediate																					
To select warning signal for warning indicator light 1																							
<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Set value</th> <th>Signal</th> </tr> <tr> <td>【0】</td> <td>None</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Negative limit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Battery low voltage</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Overload</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Torque limit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Positive limit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>other</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> </table>		Set value	Signal	【0】	None	1	Negative limit	2	Battery low voltage	3	Overload	4	Torque limit	5	Positive limit	other	Reserved						
Set value	Signal																						
【0】	None																						
1	Negative limit																						
2	Battery low voltage																						
3	Overload																						
4	Torque limit																						
5	Positive limit																						
other	Reserved																						
During normal operation, warning indicator light will be lighted in a cycle.																							

### 3.2.6 【Class 5】 Extension settings

Pr5.04	Label	Driver prohibition input settings			Mode							F							
	Range	0~2	Unit	—	Default	0	Index			2504h									
	Activation	Immediate																	
To set driver prohibition input (POT/NOT): If set to 1, no effect on homing mode.																			
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Set value</th> <th>Explanation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>POT → Positive direction drive prohibited NOT → Negative direction drive prohibited</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>POT and NOT invalid</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Any single sided input from POT or NOT might cause Er260</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Set value	Explanation	0	POT → Positive direction drive prohibited NOT → Negative direction drive prohibited	1				POT and NOT invalid	2	Any single sided input from POT or NOT might cause Er260							
Set value	Explanation																		
0	POT → Positive direction drive prohibited NOT → Negative direction drive prohibited																		
1	POT and NOT invalid																		
2	Any single sided input from POT or NOT might cause Er260																		
In homing mode, POT/NOT invalid, please set object dictionary 5012-04 bit0=1																			

Pr5.06	Label	Servo-off mode			Mode							F																						
	Range	0~5	Unit	—	Default	0	Index			2506h																								
	Activation	After restart																																
To set servo driver disable mode and status.																																		
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Set value</th> <th colspan="2">Explanation</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Mode</th> <th>Status</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>Servo braking</td> <td>Dynamic braking</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Free stopping</td> <td>Dynamic braking</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Dynamic braking</td> <td>Dynamic braking</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Servo braking</td> <td>Free-run</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Free stopping</td> <td>Free-run</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Dynamic braking</td> <td>Free-run</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Set value	Explanation		Mode	Status				0	Servo braking	Dynamic braking	1	Free stopping	Dynamic braking	2	Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking	3	Servo braking	Free-run	4	Free stopping	Free-run	5	Dynamic braking	Free-run							
Set value	Explanation																																	
	Mode	Status																																
0	Servo braking	Dynamic braking																																
1	Free stopping	Dynamic braking																																
2	Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking																																
3	Servo braking	Free-run																																
4	Free stopping	Free-run																																
5	Dynamic braking	Free-run																																

<b>Pr5.09</b>	Label	Main power-off detection time			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	50~2000	Unit	ms	Default	50	Index			2509h		
	Activation	Immediate										

To set duration time for detection of main power-off or low voltage supply.

<b>Pr5.10</b>	Label	Servo-off due to alarm mode			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~2	Unit		Default	0	Index			2510h		
	Activation	After restart										

To set servo driver disable mode and status if alarm is triggered.

Alarm type 2:

<b>Set value</b>	<b>Explanation</b>	
	<i>Mode</i>	<i>Status</i>
0	Servo braking	Dynamic braking
1	Free stopping	Dynamic braking
2	Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking
3	Servo braking	Free-run
4	Free stopping	Free-run
5	Dynamic braking	Free-run

Alarm type 1:

<b>Set value</b>	<b>Explanation</b>	
	<i>Mode</i>	<i>Status</i>
0		
1	Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking
2		
3	Servo braking	Free-run
4	Free stopping	Free-run
5	Dynamic braking	Free-run

<b>Pr5.11</b>	Label	Servo braking torque setting			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	0	Index			2511h		
	Activation	Immediate										

To set torque limit for servo braking mode.

If Pr5.11 = 0, use torque limit as under normal situation.

Between max. torque 6072 and Pr5.11, actual torque limit will take smaller value.

Pr5.12	Label	Overload level setting			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~11 5	Unit	%	Default	0	Index			2512h			
	Activation	Immediate											

If Pr5.12 = 0, overload level = 115%  
 Use only when overload level degradation is needed.

Pr5.13	Label	Overspeed level settings			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~10000	Unit	RPM	Default	0	Index			2513h			
	Activation	Immediate											

If motor speed exceeds Pr5.13, Er1A0 might occur.  
 When Pr5.13 = 0, overspeed level = max. motor speed x 1.2

Pr5.15	Label	I/O digital filter			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~255	Unit	0.1ms	Default	10	Index			2515h			
	Activation	Immediate											

Digital filtering of I/O input. Overly large value set will cause control delay.

Pr5.17	Label	Counter clearing input mode			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~4	Unit	-	Default	3	Index			2515h			
	Activation	Immediate											

To set the clearing conditions for deviation counter clearing input signal.

Set value	Condition
0/2/4	Invalid
1	Always clear
3	Clear only once

Pr5.20	Label	Position unit settings			Mode	<b>PP</b>				<b>HM</b>	<b>CSP</b>		
	Range	0~2	Unit	-	Default	2	Index			2520h			
	Activation	Disable											

<b>Set value</b>	<b>Unit</b>
0	Encoder unit
1	Command unit
2	0.0001rev

Command unit: Pulse from host

Encoder unit: Pulse from encoder

Pr5.20 only changes the unit use on host tracing function, has no relation with any position related parameters.

<b>Pr5.21</b>	Label	Torque limit selection			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>HM</b>	<b>CS P</b>	
	Range	0~2	Unit	—	Default	2	Index			2521h	
	Activation	Immediate									

<b>Set value</b>	<b>Positive limit value</b>	<b>Negative limit value</b>
0	Pr0.13	Pr0.13
1	Pr0.13	Pr5.22
2	60E0	60E1

Between max. torque 6072 and Pr5.21, actual torque limit will take smaller value.

<b>Pr5.22</b>	Label	2 <sup>nd</sup> torque limit			Mode						<b>F</b>
	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	300	Index			2522h	
	Activation	Immediate									

Limited by motor max. torque.

Between max. torque 6072 and Pr5.22, actual torque limit will take smaller value.

<b>Pr5.28</b>	Label	LED initial status			Mode						<b>F</b>
	Range	0~42	Unit	—	Default	34	Index			2528h	
	Activation	After restart									

To set content display on front panel of the servo driver at servo driver power on.

<b>Set value</b>	<b>Content</b>	<b>Set value</b>	<b>Content</b>	<b>Set value</b>	<b>Content</b>
0	Position command deviation	15	Overload rate	30	No. of encoder communication error
1	Motor speed	16	Inertia ratio	31	Accumulated operation time
2	Position command velocity	17	No rotation cause	32	Automatic motor identification
3	Velocity control command	18	No. of changes in I/O signals	33	Driver temperature
4	Actual feedback torque	19	Number of over current signals	34	Servo status
5	Sum of feedback pulse	20	Absolute encoder data	35	/

	6	Sum of command pulse		21	Single turn position		36	Synchronous period			
	7	Maximum torque during motion		22	Multiturn position		37	No. of synchronous loss			
	8	/		23	Communication axis address		38	Synchronous type			
	9	Control mode		24	Encoder position deviation		39	Whether DC is running or not			
	10	I/O signal status		25	Motor electrical angle		40	Acceleration/Deceleration status			
	11	/		26	Motor mechanical Angle		41	Sub-index of OD index			
	12	Error cause and history record		27	Voltage across PN		42	Value of sub-index of OD index			
	13	Alarm code		28	Software version						
	14	Regenerative load rate		29	/						

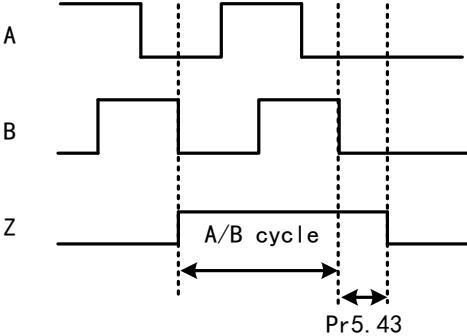
Pr5.37	Label	Torque limit duration during initialization				Mode									F								
	Range	0~5000		Unit	ms		Default	500		Index			2537h										
	Activation	Immediate																					
To set time threshold for output torque to reach limit under torque initialization mode. Only applicable for torque initialization method -6 to -1 Under torque initialization mode, motor torque reached Pr5.39 and the duration reaches Pr5.37 before moving into next step.																							

Pr5.39	Label	3 <sup>rd</sup> torque limit				Mode									F								
	Range	0~500		Unit	%		Default	80		Index			2539h										
	Activation	Immediate																					
To set torque limit during torque initialization Between max. torque 6072 and Pr5.22, actual torque limit will take smaller value.																							

Pr5.40	Label	D41 set value				Mode									F								
	Range	0x0~0xFFFF		Unit	%		Default	0X30C		Index			2540h										
	Activation	Immediate																					
Set object word monitored by D41, index (left 4 bits) + sub-index (right 1 bit), if monitoring 0x6092-01, set Pr5.40 to 0x60921.																							

Pr5.42	Label	Frequency divider output - ABZ signal polarity				Mode									F
	Range	0~7		Unit	-		Default	0		Index			2542h		

	Activation	After restart							
	Bit	Polarity	Description						
	Bit0	0 = Positive	Z polarity setting of frequency divider output and position comparison						
		1 = Negative							
	Bit1	0 = Positive	Only valid in position comparison. Polarity setting when phase A frequency divider as position comparison output						
		1 = Negative							
	Bit2	0 = Positive	Only valid in position comparison. Polarity setting when phase B frequency divider as position comparison output						

Pr5.43	Label	Frequency divider output – Z-signal width			Mode								F															
	Range	0~500	Unit	μs	Default	0	Index	2543h																				
	Activation	After restart																										
Set value																												
【0】 Z bandwidth equivalent to 1 cycle of A/B																												
1~500 Delay setting on top of A/B cycle width																												
When Pr5.43 = 0, width of frequency divider output Z-signal is equivalent to width of 1 cycle of A/B, value set in Pr5.43 + A/B cycle width = delay setting.																												
																												

Pr5.44	Label	Frequency divider output source			Mode								F															
	Range	0~4	Unit	-	Default	0	Index	2544h																				
	Activation	After restart																										
Set Value																												
【0】 Position feedback of encoder #1(motor encoder)																												
1 Position feedback of encoder #2(external encoder)																												
2 Reserved																												
3 Pulse input command position synchronous output; position comparison not available in this mode																												
4 Frequency divider output prohibited																												



Pr5.45	Label	External encoder overspeed feedback threshold			Mode								F
	Range	0~10000	Unit	rpm	Default	0		Index	2545h				
	Activation	Immediate											

To set external encoder overspeed feedback threshold

Pr5.46	Label	Vent overload level			Mode								F
	Range	0~115	Unit	%	Default	0		Index	2546h				
	Activation	Immediate											

Set value      Description  
【0】      Default level: 80%  
1~115      Set vent overload level accordingly

Pr5.70	Label	Enable position comparison			Mode								F
	Range	0~1	Unit	%	Default	0		Index	2570h				
	Activation	Immediate											

Set Value      Description  
【0】      Disable  
1      Enable (Rising edge)

Pr5.71	Label	Position comparison mode			Mode								F
	Range	0~2	Unit	-	Default	0		Index	2571h				
	Activation	Immediate											

Set value      Description  
【0】      Single comparison  
1      N cycles comparison  
2      Cycle comparison

Detailed explanations is available in Chapter 6 Application under Position Comparison section

Pr5.72	Label	Position comparison pulse output width			Mode								F
	Range	0~4095	Unit	ms	Default	0.1ms		Index	2572h				
	Activation	Immediate											

To set output signal pulse width of position comparison

Pr5.73	Label	Position comparison output delay time compensation			Mode								F
	Range	-10000~10000			Unit	0.1μs	Default	0		Index	2573h		
	Activation	After restart											

To set delay time compensation for delay due to DO/ frequency divider

Pr5.74	Label	Position comparison starting point			Mode								F
	Range	1~42			Unit	-	Default	1		Index	2574h		
	Activation	Immediate											

To set the starting point of position comparison.

Pr5.75	Label	Position comparison end point			Mode								F
	Range	1~42			Unit	-	Default	1		Index	2575h		
	Activation	Immediate											

To set the end point of position comparison.

Pr5.76	Label	No. of cycle for N cycles comparison			Mode								F
	Range	1~50000			Unit	-	Default	1		Index	2576h		
	Activation	Immediate											

To set the number of cycles for N cycles comparison in position comparison.

Pr5.77	Label	Position comparison – set current position as origin			Mode								F
	Range	0~1			Unit	-	Default	0		Index	2577h		
	Activation	Immediate											

Set Value	Description
【0】	Disable
1	Enable (Rising edge)

Set origin for position comparison, set current position as origin at rising edge.

Pr5.78	Label	Position comparison – Offset to origin			Mode								F
	Range	-2 <sup>31</sup> ~2 <sup>31</sup> -1			Unit	-	Default	0		Index	2578h		
	Activation	Immediate											

To set offset value of position in comparison to origin set in Pr5.77

### 3.2.7 【Class 6】 Other settings

Pr6.01	Label	Encoder zero position compensation			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~360	Unit	°	Default	0	Index		2601h				
	Activation	After restart											

Angle of the encoder after zero position calibration

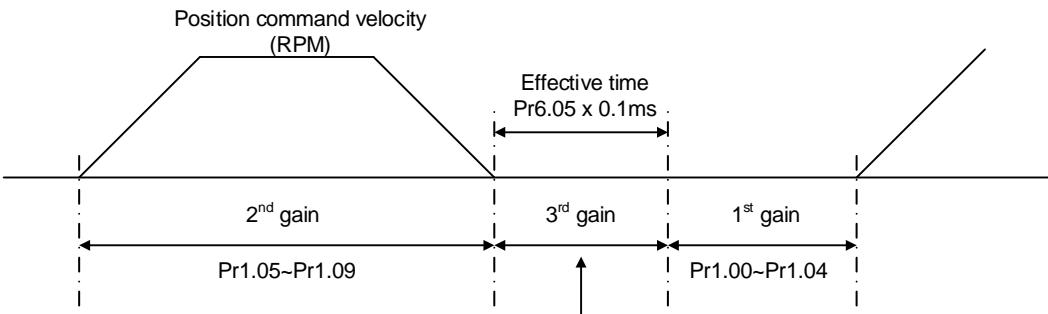
Pr6.03	Label	JOG trial run torque command			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~350	Unit	%	Default	350	Index		2603h				
	Activation	Immediate											

To set torque for JOG trial run command.

Pr6.04	Label	JOG trial run velocity command			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	30	Index		2604h				
	Activation	Immediate											

To set velocity for JOG trial run command.

<b>Pr6.05</b>	Label	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain valid time			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>HM</b>	<b>CS</b>	P																					
	Range	0~10000		Unit	0.1ms	Default		0	Index			2605h																				
	Activation	Immediate																														
To set time for 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain to be valid When not in use, set Pr6.05=0, Pr6.06=100																																
<b>Pr6.06</b>	Label	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain scale factor			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>HM</b>	<b>CS</b>	P																					
	Range	0~1000		Unit	100%	Default		100	Index			2606h																				
	Activation	Immediate																														
Set up the 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain by multiplying factor of the 1 <sup>st</sup> gain																																
 <p>Position command velocity (RPM)</p> <p>Effective time Pr6.05 x 0.1ms</p> <p>2<sup>nd</sup> gain      3<sup>rd</sup> gain      1<sup>st</sup> gain</p> <p>Pr1.05~Pr1.09      Pr1.00~Pr1.04</p> <p>Position loop gain = Pr1.00 x Pr6.06/100 Velocity loop gain = Pr1.01 x Pr6.06/100 Velocity loop integral time constant, Velocity detection filter, Torque filter time constant still uses 1<sup>st</sup> gain</p>																																
$3^{\text{rd}} \text{ gain} = 1^{\text{st}} \text{ gain} * \text{Pr6.06}/100$ <p>Only effective under position control mode, set Pr6.05≠0, 3<sup>rd</sup> gain function activated, set 3<sup>rd</sup> gain value in Pr6.06. When 2<sup>nd</sup> gain switches to 1<sup>st</sup> gain, will go through 3<sup>rd</sup>, switching time value set in Pr1.19.</p> <p>Above diagram is illustrated using Pr1.15 = 7.</p>																																

<b>Pr6.07</b>	Label	Torque command additional value			Mode								<b>F</b>						
	Range	-100~100		Unit	%	Default		0	Index			2607h							
	Activation	Immediate																	
To set torque forward feed additional value of vertical axis. Applicable for loaded vertical axis, compensate constant torque. Application: When load move along vertical axis, pick any point from the whole motion and stop the load at that particular point with motor enabled but not rotating. Record output torque value from d04, use that value as torque command additional value (compensation value)																			
<b>Pr6.08</b>	Label	Positive direction torque compensation value			Mode								<b>F</b>						
	Range	-100~100		Unit	%	Default		0	Index			2608h							
	Activation	Immediate																	

<b>Pr6.09</b>	Label	Negative direction torque compensation value			Mode							<b>F</b>					
	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0	Index		2609h								
	Activation	Immediate															
	<p>To reduce the effect of mechanical friction in the movement(s) of the axis. Compensation values can be set according to needs for both rotational directions.</p> <p>Applications:</p> <p>1. When motor is at constant speed, d04 will deliver torque values.</p> <p>Torque value in positive direction = T1;</p> <p>Torque value in negative direction = T2</p> $\text{Pr6.08/Pr6.09} = T_f = \frac{ T_1 - T_2 }{2}$																
<b>Pr6.11</b>	Label	Current response settings			Mode							<b>F</b>					
	Range	50~100	Unit	%	Default	100	Index		2611h								
	Activation	Immediate															
	To set driver current loop related effective value ratio																
<b>Pr6.14</b>	Label	Max. time to stop after disabling			Mode							<b>F</b>					
	Range	0~3000	Unit	ms	Default	500	Index		2614h								
	Activation	Immediate															
	<p>To set the max. time allowed for the axis to stop on emergency stop or normal axis disabling. After disabling axis, if motor speed is still higher than Pr4.39 but the time set in Pr6.14 is reached, BRK_ON given and holding brake activated.</p> <p>BRK_ON given time is determined by Pr6.14 or when motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first.</p> <p>Applications:</p> <p>1. After disabling axis, if motor speed is still higher than Pr4.39 but the time set in Pr6.14 is reached, BRK_ON given and holding brake activated.</p> <p>2. After disabling axis, if motor speed is already lower than Pr4.39 but the time set in Pr6.14 is not yet reached, BRK_ON given and holding brake activated.</p>																
<b>Pr6.20</b>	Label	Trial run distance			Mode							<b>F</b>					
	Range	0~1200	Unit	0.1rev	Default	10	Index		2620h								
	Activation	Immediate															
	JOG (Position control) : Distance travel of each motion																

<b>Pr6.21</b>	Label	Trial run waiting time			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~30000		Unit	ms	Default	300		Index		2621h	
	Activation	Immediate										

JOG (Position control) : Waiting time after each motion

<b>Pr6.22</b>	Label	No. of trial run cycles			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~32767		Unit	PCS	Default	5		Index		2622h	
	Activation	Immediate										

JOG (Position control) : No. of cycles

<b>Pr6.25</b>	Label	Trial run acceleration			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~1000 0		Unit	ms/(1000rpm)		Default	200		Index		2625h
	Activation	Immediate										

To set the acceleration/deceleration time for JOG command between 0 rpm to 1000 rpm

<b>Pr6.28</b>	Label	Velocity observer gain			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~32767		Unit	—	Default	0		Index		2628h	
	Activation	Immediate										

0: Default stable gain; Modifications are not recommended.

<b>Pr6.29</b>	Label	Velocity observer bandwidth			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~32767		Unit	ms	Default	0		Index		2629h	
	Activation	Immediate										

0: Default stable bandwidth; Modifications are recommended.

<b>Pr6.34</b>	Label	Frame error window time			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~32767		Unit	ms	Default	100		Index		2634h	
	Activation	Immediate										

To set EtherCAT data frame error detection window time

<b>Pr6.35</b>	Label	Frame error window			Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0~32767		Unit	-	Default	50		Index		2635h	
	Activation	Immediate										

To set EtherCAT data frame error detection window

<b>Pr6.54</b>	Label	Absolute value rotation mode denominator setting			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>HM</b>	<b>CS</b>	<b>P</b>		
	Range	0~32766		Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2654h		
	Activation	After restart											

To set denominator of absolute encoder in rotational mode.  
When Pr0.15 = 2 and use in combination with Pr6.54:  
Feedback load position 6064=  $\frac{PA6.63}{PA6.54} \times$  Electronic gear ratio

<b>Pr6.56</b>	Label	Blocked rotor alarm torque threshold			Mode								
	Range	0~300		Unit	%	Default	300	Index			2656h		
	Activation	Immediate											

To set the torque threshold of blocked rotor to trigger alarm. (Alarm triggered if torque output% larger than threshold value & under 10rpm)  
If Pr6.56 = 0, blocked rotor alarm deactivated. (This applicable only to 220VAC drivers)  
If motor speed is 10rpm or above, Er102 won't be triggered.

<b>Pr6.57</b>	Label	Blocked rotor alarm delay time			Mode								
	Range	0~1000		Unit	ms	Default	400	Index			2657h		
	Activation	Immediate											

To set delay time for blocked rotor alarm to trigger

<b>Pr6.59</b>	Label	Homing mode position threshold			Mode								
	Range	0~100		Unit	0.00001rev	Default	5	Index			2659h		
	Activation	Immediate											

To set position threshold for homing mode.

<b>Pr6.61</b>	Label	Z signal holding time			Mode								<b>F</b>
	Range	0~100		Unit	ms	Default	10	Index			2661h		
	Activation	Immediate											

To set the holding time for Z signal to maintain active high  
Application:  
1. Z signal for 60FDH;  
2. Z signal for homing process  
3. Z-phase frequency output pulse width. Unit = 0.1ms;

Please set Pr6.61≥0.2ms if used for 3 applications as above

Pr6.63	Label	Absolute multiturn data upper limit			Mode							F
	Range	0~32766			Unit	rev	Default		0	Index		2663h
	Activation	After restart										

To set upper limit of multiturn data with absolute encoder set as rotational mode.  
When Pr0.15 = 2 and use in combination with Pr6.54:  

$$\text{Feedback load position } 6064 = \frac{\text{PA6.63}}{\text{PA6.54}} \times \text{Electronic gear ratio}$$

### 3.2.8 【Class 7】 Factory settings

*Please take precaution when modifying Class 7 parameters. Might cause driver errors*

Pr7.15	Label	Motor model			Mode							F
	Range	0x0~0x7FF F			Unit	-	Default		0x200	Property		R/W
	Activation	After restart			Data length			16 bit				

Set value	Description	
0x100	Read from EEPROM	
[0x200]	Read from Encoder	

When Pr7.15 = 0x200(2xx):

Parameter	Label
Pr7.00	Current loop gain
Pr7.01	Current loop integral time
Pr7.05	No. of motor pole pairs
Pr7.06	Motor phase resistance
Pr7.07	Motor D/Q induction
Pr7.08	Motor back EMF coefficient
Pr7.09	Motor torque coefficient
Pr7.10	Motor rated rotational speed
Pr7.11	Motor max. rotational speed
Pr7.12	Motor rated current
Pr7.13	Motor rotor inertia
Pr7.14	Driver power rating
Pr7.16	Encoder
Pr7.17	Motor max. current
Pr7.18	Encoder index angle compensation

Pr7.16	Label	Encoder			Mode							F
	Range	0x0~0x200			Unit	-	Default		As per encoder	Property		R/W
	Activation	After restart			Data length			16 bit				

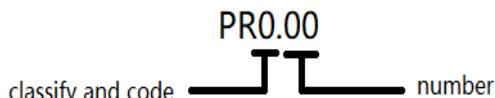
Set value	Description	
0x0	17-bit encoder	
0x7	23-bit encoder	

Pr7.54	Label	External grating ruler precision			Mode							F
	Range	1-1000000	Unit	nm	Default	100	Property	R/W				
	Activation	After restart			Data length	16 bit						

To select external grating ruler precision

### 3.3 402 Parameters Function

- Panel Display as follows:



- Parameter Valid mode Description

CSP: Valid in cyclic synchronous position mode  
CSV: Valid in cyclic synchronous velocity mode  
CST: Valid in cyclic synchronous torque mode  
HM: Valid in homing mode  
PP: Valid in profile position mode  
PV: Valid in profile velocity mode  
PT: Valid in profile torque mode  
F: Valid in all modes

<b>Index 603Fh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Error code			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Uint 16
	<b>Access</b>	RO	Mapping	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0x0~0xFFFF	<b>Default</b>	0X0
Please refer to Chapter 9 for more details on error codes.										

<b>Index 6040h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Control word			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Uint 16
	<b>Access</b>	RW	Mapping	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0x0-0xFFFF	<b>Default</b>	0X0

Bit	Label	Description
0	Start	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
1	Main circuit power on	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
2	Quick stop	0 - valid, 1 - invalid
3	Servo running	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
4-6	Running mode related	Related to each servo running mode
7	Fault reset	Reset resettable fault alarm. Rising edge of Bit7 is valid, bit7 remains at 1, and all other instructions are invalid
8	Pause	For more information on how to pause in each mode, refer to Object Dictionary 605Dh
9	No definition	Undefined
10	Reserved	Undefined
11-15	Reserved	Undefined

Index 6041h	Label	Status word			Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Type	Uint 16
	Access	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Mode	ALL	Range	0x0~ 0xFF FF	Default	0x0

Bit	Label	Description
0	Servo ready	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
1	Start	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
2	Servo running	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
3	Fault	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
4	Main circuit power on	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
5	Quick stop	0 - valid, 1 - invalid
6	Servo cannot run	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
7	Warning	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
8	Reserved	Reserved
9	Remote control	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
10	Arrived at position	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
11	Internal limit valid	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
12-13	Mode related	Related to each servo operation mode
14	Reserved	Reserved
15	Origin found	1 - valid, 0 - invalid

Index 605Ah	Label	Quick stop option code			Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Type	INT 16
	Access	RW	Mapping	-	Mode	ALL	Range	0~7	Default	2

Motor stops when quick stop command is given.

PP, CSP, CSV, PV

0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.

1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084h. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.

2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085h. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.  
 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6h. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.  
 5 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084h. Status: Quick stop  
 6 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085h. Status: Quick stop  
 7 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6h. Status: Quick stop

**HM**

0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.  
 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609Ah. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.  
 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085h. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.  
 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6h. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.  
 5 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609Ah. Status: Quick stop  
 6 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085h. Status: Quick stop  
 7 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6h. Status: Quick stop

**CST**

0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.  
 1, 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6087h. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.  
 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through torque = 0. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.  
 5, 6 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6087h. Status: Quick stop  
 7 : Motor decelerates and stops through torque = 0. Status: Quick stop

Index 605Bh	Label	Motor deceleration-stopping mode selection			Mode								F
	Range	RW	Unit	-	Range	0~1	Default	0					

PP, CSP, CSV, PV

0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06, Pr5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), Pr5.06=1(Free stop)  
 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084h

**HM**

0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06, Pr5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), Pr5.06=1(Free stop)  
 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609Ah

**CST**

0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06, Pr5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), Pr5.06=1(Free stop)  
 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6087h

Index 605Ch	Label	Axis disabled-stopping mode selection			Mode								F
	Range	RW	Unit	-	Range	0~1	Default	0					

PP, CSP, CSV, PV

0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06, Pr5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), Pr5.06=1(Free stop)  
 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084h

**HM**

0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06, Pr5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), Pr5.06=1(Free stop)

1	: Motor decelerates and stops through 609Ah
CST	
0	: To stop motor through Pr5.06, Pr5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), Pr5.06=1(Free stop)
1	: Motor decelerates and stops through 6087h

<b>Index 605Dh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Pause-stopping mode selection			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structure</b>	<b>VAR</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>INT 16</b>
	<b>Access</b>	RW	Mapping	-	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	1~3	<b>Default</b>	1
When control word – pause sets decelerating, stopping mode. Also suitable for deceleration mode settings during mode switching										
PP, CSP, CSV, PV										
1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084h. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.										
2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085h. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.										
3 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6h. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.										
HM										
1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609Ah. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.										
2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085h. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.										
3 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6h. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.										
CST										
1, 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6087h. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.										
3 : Motor decelerates and stops through torque = 0. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.										

<b>Index 605Eh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Alarm - stopping mode selection			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structure</b>	<b>VAR</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>INT 16</b>
	<b>Access</b>	RW	Mapping	-	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0~2	<b>Default</b>	0
Select stopping mode when servo alarm (Err 8xx) occurs.										
PP, CSP, CSV, PV										
0 : Select motor stopping mode according to alarm properties. Status: Fault, axis disabled.										
1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084h. Status: Fault, axis disabled.										
2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085h. Status: Fault, axis disabled.										
HM										
0 : Select motor stop by the alarm attribute for emergency stop, the fault state and disable										
1 : After the 609Ah motor is decelerated and stopped,, the fault state and disable										
2 : After the 6085h motor is decelerated and stopped, the fault state and disable										
CST										
0, 1 : Select motor stop by the alarm attribute for emergency stop, the fault state and disable										
2 : After the 6087 motor is decelerated and stopped, the fault state and disable										
When other alarms, i.e. drive-side alarms:										
Select motor stop by the alarm attribute for emergency stop, the fault state and disable										

<b>Index 6060h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Operation mode selection			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structure</b>	<b>VAR</b>	<b>Type</b>	Int 8																							
	<b>Access</b>	RW	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	1~11	<b>Default</b>	8																							
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4	profile Torque mode	PT																															
6	Homing mode	HM																															
8	Cyclic synchronous position mode	CSP																															
9	Cyclic synchronous velocity mode	CSV																															
10	Cyclic synchronous torque mode	CST																															

<b>Index 6061h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Operation mode display			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structure</b>	<b>VAR</b>	<b>Type</b>	Int 8																							
	<b>Access</b>	RW	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	1~11	<b>Default</b>	8																							
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10	Cyclic synchronous torque mode	CST																															

<b>Index 6062h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Position command			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit	<b>Structure</b>	<b>VAR</b>	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	PP/CSP/HM	<b>Range</b>	-2147483648~2147483647	<b>Default</b>	0
Reflects position command when servo driver is enabled.										

<b>Index 6063h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Actual internal position			<b>Unit</b>	Encoder unit	<b>Structure</b>	<b>VAR</b>	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	-2147483648~2147483647	<b>Default</b>	0
Reflects motor absolute position (Encoder unit)										

<b>Index 6064h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Actual position feedback			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	R 0	Mappin g	TPD O	Mod e	F	Range	-21474836 48~214748 3647	Default	0
Reflects user's real time absolute position 6064h*Gear ratio = 6063h										

<b>Index 6065h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Position deviation window			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R 0	Mappin g	TPD O	Mod e	PP/CSP/ HM	Range	0~2147483 647	Default	0
To set an acceptable deviation for requested position. When actual position exceed position deviation window, error might occur.										

<b>Index 6066h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Position deviation detection time			<b>Unit</b>	ms	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	R 0	Mappin g	TPD O	Mod e	PP/CSP/ HM	Range	0~65535	Default	0
To set position deviation detection time										

<b>Index 6067h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Position window			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R 0	Mappin g	TPD O	Mod e	PP/CSP/ HM	Range	0~2147483 647	Default	0
To set an acceptable extent of arrival position										

<b>Index 6068h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Position window time			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	R 0	Mappin g	TPD O	Mod e	PP/CSP/ HM	Range	0~65535	Default	0
To set the time between arrival to the output of INP (In position) signal.										

<b>Index 606Bh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Internal command velocity			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	R 0	Mappin g	TPD O	Mod e	ALL	Range	-21474836 48~214748 3647	Default	0
To set the time between arrival to the output of INP (In position) signal.										

<b>Index 606Ch</b>	<b>Label</b>	Velocity feedback			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	R0	Mapping	TPD O	Mode	CSV/PP	Range	-21474836 48~214748 3647	Default	0
Reflects user's internal command velocity feedback value										

<b>Index 606Dh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Velocity window			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	R0	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	PV/CSV	Range	0~65535	Default	10
Set the range of velocity										

<b>Index 606Eh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Velocity window time			<b>Unit</b>	ms	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	R0	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	PV/CSV	Range	0~65535	Default	0
To set the time between velocity reached and status word set to TargetReached.										

<b>Index 606Fh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Zero-speed threshold			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	R0	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	PV/CSV	Range	0~65535	Default	10
To set to zero-speed threshold.										

<b>Index 6070h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Zero-speed threshold time			<b>Unit</b>	ms	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	R0	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	PV/CSV	Range	0~65535	Default	100
To set the time until status word – zero speed detection is canceled.										

<b>Index 6071h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Target torque			<b>Unit</b>	0.1%	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	PT/CSV	Range	-32768~ 32767	Default	0
To set target torque for protocol and cyclic torque mode.										

<b>Index 6072h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Maximum torque			<b>Unit</b>	0.1%	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	RW	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0~6553 5	<b>Default</b>	3000
To set max. torque for servo driver. Limited by motor max. torque.										

<b>Index 6073h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Maximum current			<b>Unit</b>	0.1%	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0~6553 5	<b>Default</b>	3000
To set max. current for servo driver.										

<b>Index 6074h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Internal command torque			<b>Unit</b>	0.1%	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 16
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	-32768~ 32767	<b>Default</b>	0
Internal command torque										

<b>Index 6075h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Motor current rating			<b>Unit</b>	mA	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0~2147 483647	<b>Default</b>	3000
Shows motor rated current.										

<b>Index 6077h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Actual torque			<b>Unit</b>	0.1%	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 16
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	-32768~ 32767	<b>Default</b>	0
Shows servo driver actual torque feedback										

<b>Index 6079h</b>	<b>Label</b>	DC bus voltage			<b>Unit</b>	mV	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0~2147 483647	<b>Default</b>	0
Shows DC bus voltage across P, N terminals										

<b>Index 607Ah</b>	<b>Label</b>	Target position			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	R W	<b>Mapping</b>	TPD O	<b>Mod e</b>	PP/CSP	<b>Range</b>	-21474836 47~214748 3647	<b>Default</b>	0
To set the target position under protocol and cyclic position mode.										

<b>Index 607Ch</b>	<b>Label</b>	Homing position offset			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	R W	<b>Mappin g</b>	TPD O	<b>Mod e</b>	HM	<b>Range</b>	-21474836 47~214748 3647	<b>Default</b>	0
To set position offset to compensate for the deviation of mechanical origin from motor origin under homing										

<b>Index 607Dh-0 1</b>	<b>Label</b>	Min. software limit			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	RW	<b>Mappin g</b>	TPD O	<b>Mode</b>	HM	<b>Range</b>	-214748364 7~2147483 647	<b>Defaul t</b>	0
To set lower limit with calculated position and actual position using absolute position after homing.										

<b>Index 607Dh-0 2</b>	<b>Label</b>	Max. software limit			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	RW	<b>Mappin g</b>	TPD O	<b>Mode</b>	HM	<b>Range</b>	-214748364 7~2147483 647	<b>Defaul t</b>	0
To set upper limit with calculated position and actual position using absolute position after homing.										

<b>Index 607Eh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Motor rotational direction			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 8																																																															
	<b>Access</b>	RW	<b>Mappin g</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	HM	<b>Range</b>	0x0 – 0xFF	<b>Default</b>	0x0																																																															
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #d9e1f2; width: 20%;">Mode</th> <th colspan="10" style="background-color: #d9e1f2;">Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="3" style="vertical-align: top; padding-right: 10px;">Position mode</td> <td>PP</td> <td colspan="10" rowspan="3">0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 128: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CS P</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2" style="vertical-align: top; padding-right: 10px;">Velocity mode</td> <td>PV</td> <td colspan="10" rowspan="2">0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 64: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CS V</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="2" style="vertical-align: top; padding-right: 10px;">Torque mode</td> <td>PT</td> <td colspan="10" rowspan="2">0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 32: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CST</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top; padding-right: 10px;">ALL mode</td> <td></td> <td colspan="10">0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 224: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>											Mode	Value										Position mode	PP	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 128: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command										HM	CS P	Velocity mode	PV	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 64: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command										CS V	Torque mode	PT	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 32: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command										CST	ALL mode		0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 224: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command									
Mode	Value																																																																								
Position mode	PP	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 128: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command																																																																							
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	CST																																																																								
ALL mode		0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 224: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command																																																																							
Sets the input polarity of the command.																																																																									

<b>Index 607Fh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Maximum protocol velocity			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R W	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	PP/HM/P V/CST	<b>Range</b>	0~214 74836 47	<b>Default</b>	21474836 47

To set maximum allowable velocity. Limited by 6080.

<b>Index 6080h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Maximum motor velocity			<b>Unit</b>	R/min	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R W	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0~214 74836 47	<b>Default</b>	6000

To set the maximum allowable motor velocity.

<b>Index 6081h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Profile velocity			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R W	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	PP	<b>Range</b>	0~214 74836 47	<b>Default</b>	10000

To set target velocity. Limited by 607Fh.

<b>Index 6083h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Profile acceleration			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s <sup>2</sup>	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R W	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	PP/PV	<b>Range</b>	1~214 74836 47	<b>Default</b>	10000

To set motor acceleration

<b>Index 6084h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Profile deceleration			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s <sup>2</sup>	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R W	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	CSP/CSV /PP/PV/H M	<b>Range</b>	1~214 74836 47	<b>Default</b>	10000000

To set motor deceleration

<b>Index 6085h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Emergency stop deceleration			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s <sup>2</sup>	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R W	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	PP/PV	<b>Range</b>	1~214 74836 47	<b>Default</b>	10000

To set the deceleration during an emergency stop

<b>Index 6087h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Torque slope			<b>Unit</b>	%/1/s	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R W	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	PT	<b>Range</b>	1~214 74836 47	<b>Default</b>	5000
To set values for tendency torque command										

<b>Index 608Fh-0 1</b>	<b>Label</b>	Encoder resolution			<b>Unit</b>	Encoder unit	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R 0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	1~214 74836 47	<b>Default</b>	0
To set encoder resolution										

<b>Index 6091h-0 1</b>	<b>Label</b>	Electronic gear ratio numerator			<b>Unit</b>	r	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Dint 32
	<b>Access</b>	RW	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	1-21474 83647	<b>Default</b>	1
To set electronic gear ratio numerator										
<b>Index 6091h-0 2</b>	<b>Label</b>	Electronic gear ratio denominator			<b>Unit</b>	r	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Dint 32
	<b>Access</b>	RW	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	1-21474 83647	<b>Default</b>	1
To set electronic gear ratio denominator										
<b>Index 6092h-0 1</b>	<b>Label</b>	Number of pulses per rotation			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/r	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	RW	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	1~2147 483647	<b>Default</b>	10000
If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is not equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = Encoder resolution / 6092h-01										
If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = 6091-01 / 6092h-01										

<b>Index 6098h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Homing method			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 8
	<b>Access</b>	RW	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	-6-37	<b>Default</b>	19
The table below describes the velocity, direction and stopping conditions of each homing methods.										
<b>Ref no.</b>	<b>Description</b>									
	<i>Velocity</i>	<i>Direction</i>	<i>Stop</i>							
-6	Low	Negative	When torque reached							
-5	Low	Positive	When torque reached							
-4	High	Negative	Inversed when torque reached, after torque is gone							
-3	High	Positive	Inversed when torque reached, after torque is gone							
-2	High	Negative	Inversed when torque reached, received 1 <sup>st</sup> Z-signal after torque is gone							
-1	High	Positive	Inversed when torque reached, received 1 <sup>st</sup> Z-signal after torque is							

			gone	
	<i>Direction</i>	<i>Deceleration point</i>	<i>Home</i>	<i>Before Z-signal</i>
1	Negative	Negative limit switch	Motor Z-signal	Negative limit switch falling edge
2	Positive	Positive limit switch	Motor Z-signal	Positive limit switch falling edge
3	Positive	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Falling edge on same side of homing switch
4	Positive	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch
5	Negative	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Falling edge on same side of homing switch
6	Negative	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch
7	Positive	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Falling edge on same side of homing switch
8	Positive	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch
9	Positive	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch
10	Positive	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Falling edge on same side of homing switch
11	Negative	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Falling edge on same side of homing switch
12	Negative	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch
13	Negative	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal on other side of homing switch	Rising edge on other side of homing switch
14	Negative	Homing switch	Motor Z-signal on other side of homing switch	Falling edge on other side of homing switch
15				
16				
17-32		Similar with 1-14, but deceleration point = homing point		
33		Home in negative direction, Homing point = motor Z-signal		
34		Home in positive direction, Homing point = motor Z-signal		
35-37		Set current position as homing point		

Index 6099h-0 1	Label	High speed homing			Unit	Command unit/s	Structure	VAR	Type	UInt 32
	Access	R W	Mappin g	RPD O	Mode	HM	Range	0~214 74836 47	Default	10000
To set the speed used in homing										

Index 6099h-0 2	Label	Low speed homing			Unit	Command unit/s	Structure	VAR	Type	UInt 32
	Access	R W	Mappin g	RPD O	Mode	HM	Range	0~214 74836 47	Default	5000
To set the speed used in homing										

<b>Index 609Ah</b>	<b>Label</b>	Homing acceleration /deceleration			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s <sup>2</sup>	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R 0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	HM	<b>Range</b>	1~214 74836 47	<b>Default</b>	500000
To set acceleration and deceleration used in homing										

<b>Index 60B0h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Position feedforward			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	R 0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	HM	<b>Range</b>	-214748364 7~2147483 647	<b>Default</b>	0
To add position deviation to target position										
<b>Index 60B1h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Velocity feedforward			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	R 0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	CSP/CSV/P P/PV/HM	<b>Range</b>	-214748364 7~2147483 647	<b>Default</b>	0
To deviate velocity command										
<b>Index 60B2h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Torque feedforward			<b>Unit</b>	0.1%	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 16
	<b>Access</b>	R W	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	CSP/CSV/P P/PV/HM	<b>Range</b>	0x0~0xFFFF	<b>Default</b>	0x0
To add or deviate torque command										

Index 60B8h	Label	Probe function		Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Type	UInt 16																																							
	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	0x0-0xFFFF	Default	0x0																																						
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th><th>Description</th><th>Details</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>Probe 1</td><td>0--Disable 1--Enable</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>Probe 1 trigger mode</td><td>0--Single trigger, triggered only when trigger signal is valid 1—Continuous trigger</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>Probe 1 trigger signal selection</td><td>0—Probe 1 captured 1--Z signal</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>Reserved</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>Probe 1 rising edge enabled</td><td>0--Disable 1--Enable</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>Probe 1 falling edge enabled</td><td>0--Disable 1--Enable</td></tr> <tr><td>6-7</td><td>Reserved</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>Probe 2</td><td>0--Disable 1--Enable</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>Probe 2 trigger mode</td><td>0--Single trigger, triggered only when trigger signal is valid 1—Continuous trigger</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>Probe 2 trigger signal selection</td><td>0—Probe 2 captured 1--Z signal</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>Reserved</td><td>-</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>Probe 2 rising edge enabled</td><td>0—Rising edge not latched 1—Rising edge latched</td></tr> <tr><td>13</td><td>Probe 2 falling edge enabled</td><td>0—Falling edge not latched 1—Falling edge latched</td></tr> <tr><td>14-15</td><td>Reserved</td><td>-</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Bit	Description	Details	0	Probe 1	0--Disable 1--Enable	1	Probe 1 trigger mode	0--Single trigger, triggered only when trigger signal is valid 1—Continuous trigger	2	Probe 1 trigger signal selection	0—Probe 1 captured 1--Z signal	3	Reserved	-	4	Probe 1 rising edge enabled	0--Disable 1--Enable	5	Probe 1 falling edge enabled	0--Disable 1--Enable	6-7	Reserved	-	8	Probe 2	0--Disable 1--Enable	9	Probe 2 trigger mode	0--Single trigger, triggered only when trigger signal is valid 1—Continuous trigger	10	Probe 2 trigger signal selection	0—Probe 2 captured 1--Z signal	11	Reserved	-	12	Probe 2 rising edge enabled	0—Rising edge not latched 1—Rising edge latched	13	Probe 2 falling edge enabled	0—Falling edge not latched 1—Falling edge latched	14-15	Reserved	-	0	Probe 1	0--Disable 1--Enable
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2	Probe 1 trigger signal selection	0—Probe 1 captured 1--Z signal																																														
3	Reserved	-																																														
4	Probe 1 rising edge enabled	0--Disable 1--Enable																																														
5	Probe 1 falling edge enabled	0--Disable 1--Enable																																														
6-7	Reserved	-																																														
8	Probe 2	0--Disable 1--Enable																																														
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14-15	Reserved	-																																														
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2	Probe 1 trigger signal selection	0—Probe 1 captured 1--Z signal																																														
3	Reserved	-																																														
4	Probe 1 rising edge enabled	0--Disable 1--Enable																																														
5	Probe 1 falling edge enabled	0--Disable 1--Enable																																														
6-7	Reserved	-																																														
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13	Probe 2 falling edge enabled	0—Falling edge not latched 1—Falling edge latched																																														
14-15	Reserved	-																																														

<b>Index 60B9h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Probe status			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structure</b>	<b>VAR</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>UInt 16</b>
	<b>Access</b>	R0	Mapping	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	00x-0xF FFF	<b>Default</b>	0x0
Bit Definition Details										
0	Probe 1					0--Disable 1--Enable				
1	Probe 1 rising edge latching					0—Rising edge not latched 1—Rising edge latched				
2	Probe 1 falling edge latching					0—Falling edge not latched 1—Falling edge latched				
3-5	-					-				
6-7	-					-				
8	Probe 2					0--Disable 1--Enable				
9	Probe 2 rising edge latching					0—Rising edge not latched 1—Rising edge latched				
10	Probe 2 falling edge latching					0—Falling edge not latched 1—Falling edge latched				
11-13	-					-				
14-15	-					-				

<b>Index 60BAh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Probe 1 rising edge captured position			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit	<b>Structure</b>	<b>VAR</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Int 32</b>
	<b>Access</b>	R0	Mapping	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	-21474836 47~214748 3647	<b>Default</b>	0
Shows position feedback at rising edge of probe 1 signal										
<b>Index 60BBh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Probe 1 falling edge captured position			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit	<b>Structure</b>	<b>VAR</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Int 32</b>
	<b>Access</b>	R0	Mapping	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	-21474836 47~214748 3647	<b>Default</b>	0
Shows position feedback at falling edge of probe 1 signal										
<b>Index 60BCh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Probe 2 rising edge captured position			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit	<b>Structure</b>	<b>VAR</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Int 32</b>
	<b>Access</b>	R0	Mapping	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	-21474836 47~214748 3647	<b>Default</b>	0
Shows position feedback at rising edge of probe 2 signal										
<b>Index 60BDh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Probe 2 falling edge captured position			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit	<b>Structure</b>	<b>VAR</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Int 32</b>
	<b>Access</b>	R0	Mapping	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	-21474836 47~214748	<b>Default</b>	0

								3647		
Shows position feedback at falling edge of probe 2 signal										

Index <b>60C5h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Protocol maximum acceleration			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s <sup>2</sup>	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R W	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	1~2147483 647	<b>Default</b>	100000 000
To set upper limit of acceleration.										

Index <b>60C6h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Protocol maximum deceleration			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s <sup>2</sup>	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R W	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	1~2147483 647	<b>Default</b>	100000 000
To set lower limit of acceleration.										

Index <b>60D5h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Probe 1 rising edge captured count(s)			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0~65535	<b>Default</b>	0
Shows the number of times probe 1 rising edge latched.										

Index <b>60D6h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Probe 1 falling edge captured count(s)			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0~65535	<b>Default</b>	0
Shows the number of times probe 1 falling edge latched.										

Index <b>60D7h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Probe 2 rising edge captured count(s)			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0~65535	<b>Default</b>	0
Shows the number of times probe 2 rising edge latched.										

Index <b>60D8h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Probe 2 falling edge captured count(s)			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0~65535	<b>Default</b>	0
Shows the number of times probe 2 falling edge latched.										

<b>Index 60E0h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Max. torque in positive direction			<b>Unit</b>	0.1%	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	R W	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0~65535	<b>Default</b>	3000

To set the maximum torque of servo driver in positive direction

<b>Index 60E1h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Max. torque in negative direction			<b>Unit</b>	0.1%	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 16
	<b>Access</b>	R W	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mod e</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0~65535	<b>Default</b>	3000

To set the maximum torque of servo driver in negative direction

<b>Index 60F4h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Actual following error			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPD O	<b>Mod e</b>	CSP/PP/ HM	<b>Range</b>	-21474836 47~214748 3647	<b>Default</b>	0

Shows position following error

<b>Index 60FAh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Position loop velocity output			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit/s	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	CSP/PP/ HM	<b>Range</b>	-21474836 47~21474 83647	<b>Default</b>	0

Shows internal command velocity (Position loop output)

<b>Index 60FCh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Internal command position			<b>Unit</b>	Encoder unit	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	CSP/PP/ HM	<b>Range</b>	-21474836 47~21474 83647	<b>Default</b>	0

Shows internal command position of servo driver.

<b>Index 60FDh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Input status			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UINT 32
	<b>Access</b>	R0	<b>Mapping</b>	TPDO	<b>Mode</b>	CSP/PP/ HM	<b>Range</b>	-21474836 48~214748 3647	<b>Default</b>	0

The bits of 60FDh object are functionally defined as follow:

	<b>Bit31</b>	<b>Bit30</b>	<b>Bit29</b>	<b>Bit28</b>	<b>Bit27</b>	<b>Bit26</b>	<b>Bit25</b>	<b>Bit24</b>	
Z signal	Reserve d	Reserve d	Reserve d	Reserve d	Probe 2	Probe 1	BRAKE	INP/V-C OIN /TLC	
<b>Bit23</b>	<b>Bit22</b>	<b>Bit21</b>	<b>Bit20</b>	<b>Bit19</b>	<b>Bit18</b>	<b>Bit17</b>	<b>Bit16</b>		
E-STOP	Reserve d	DI14	DI13						
<b>Bit15</b>	<b>Bit14</b>	<b>Bit13</b>	<b>Bit12</b>	<b>Bit11</b>	<b>Bit10</b>	<b>Bit9</b>	<b>Bit8</b>		
DI12	DI11	DI10	DI9	DI8	DI7	DI6	DI5		
<b>Bit7</b>	<b>Bit6</b>	<b>Bit5</b>	<b>Bit4</b>	<b>Bit3</b>	<b>Bit2</b>	<b>Bit1</b>	<b>Bit0</b>		
DI4	DI3	DI2	DI1	Reserve d	HOME	POT	NOT		

<b>Index 60FEh-0 1</b>	<b>Label</b>	Output valid			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	RW	Mapping	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0x0~0x7FFF FFFF	<b>Default</b>	0x0

The bits of 60FEh object are functionally defined as follow:

<b>Bit Sub-ind ex</b>	31~21	21	20	19	18	17	16	15~0
01h	Reserv ed	DO6 valid	DO5 valid	DO4 valid	DO3 valid	DO2 valid	DO1 valid	Reserve d

<b>Index 60FEh-0 2</b>	<b>Label</b>	Output enabled			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R W	Mapping	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0x0~0xFFFF FF	<b>Defaul t</b>	0xFFFF 0000

The bits of a 60FEh object are functionally defined as follow:

<b>Bit Sub-ind ex</b>	31~21	21	20	19	18	17	16	15~0
02h	Reserve d	DO6 enable d	DO5 enable d	DO4 enable d	DO3 enable d	DO2 enable d	DO1 enable d	Reserve d

<b>Index 60FFh</b>	<b>Label</b>	Target velocity			<b>Unit</b>	Command unit	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	Int 32
	<b>Access</b>	R W	Mapping	RPDO	<b>Mod e</b>	CSV/PV	<b>Range</b>	-2147483647 ~2147483647	<b>Defaul t</b>	0

Shows set target velocity. Limited by 6080h

<b>Index 6502h</b>	<b>Label</b>	Supported operation modes			<b>Unit</b>	-	<b>Structure</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	R0	Mapping	TPDO	<b>Mod e</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	0x0~0xFFFF FFFF	<b>Defaul t</b>	0x0

Shows the control modes supported by the servo drive.

## Chapter 4 Servo Drive Operation

### 4.1 Get Started with Driver Operation

#### 4.1.1 Checklist before operation

No.	Description
Power supply	
1	The voltage of main and control circuit power supply is within rated values.
2	Power supply polarity is rightly connected.
Wiring	
1	Power supply input is rightly connected.
2	Driver's power output UVW matches UVW terminals on the main circuit.
3	No short circuit of driver's input and output UVW terminals.
4	Signal cables are correctly and well connected.
5	Drivers and motors are connected to ground
6	All cables under stress within recommended range.
7	No foreign conductive objects inside/outside the driver.
Mechanical	
1	Driver and external holding brake are not place near combustibles.
2	Installations of driver, motor and axis is fastened.
3	Movement of motors and mechanical axes are not obstructed.

#### 4.1.2 Power On

Connect 380V power supply into main power supply R, S, T terminals and 220V power supply into control circuit power supply L1C, L2C. After power on, light indicator will light up and front panel will display **rEAdY**, then LED initial status will be displayed. Driver is ready for operation if no alarm occurs.

#### 4.1.3 Trial Run

Servo drive must be disabled before performing trial run. For safety precautions, please JOG under minimal velocity.

### Related Parameters

No	Parameters	Label	Set value	Unit
1	PA0.01	Control mode settings	9	/
2	PA6.04	JOG trial run command velocity	User defined	r/min
3	PA6.25	Trial run acc-/deceleration time	User defined	ms/1000rpm

- Please make sure the mechanical axis is within the range of motion and travelled distance should not be too long to avoid collision.*
- Set optimal velocity and acceleration for trial run (not too high!)*
- Do not modify any gain related parameters during motion to avoid vibration.*

Please refer to “Section 3.5 AF\_Vog Trial Run” for detailed explanations on how to perform trial run using front panel operation

#### 4.1.4 Motor rotational direction settings

Motor rotational direction can be changed through Pr0.06 without changing the polarity of the input command.

Pr0.06	Name	Command polarity inversion			Mode								F								
	Range	0 ~ 1	Unit	—	Default	0	Index			2006h											
	Activation	After restart																			
Used to change the rotational direction of the motor.																					
Set value		Details																			
0		Polarity of the command is not inversed. The direction of rotation is consistent with the polarity of command.																			
1		Polarity of command is inversed. The direction of rotation is opposite to the polarity of command.																			
Note: Rotational direction of the motor is recommended to be set through object dictionary 607E. However, Pr0.06 has higher priority than object dictionary 607E. 607E only takes effect when Pr0.06 = 0.																					

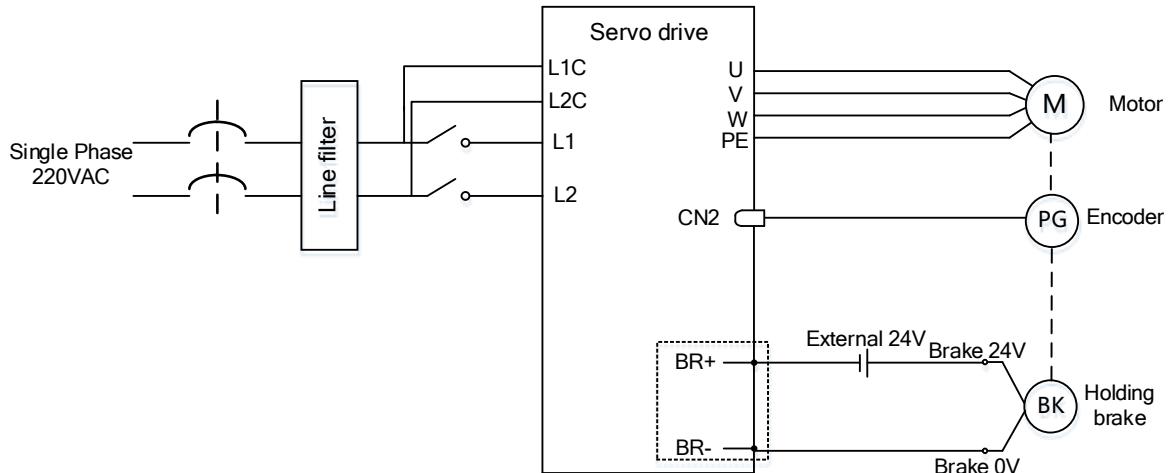
#### 4.1.5 Holding Brake Settings

Holding brake is designed to hold the axis in position to prevent it from sliding due to applied external forces when the driver is disabled. Holding brake is optional and depends on the model of motor chosen for the application.

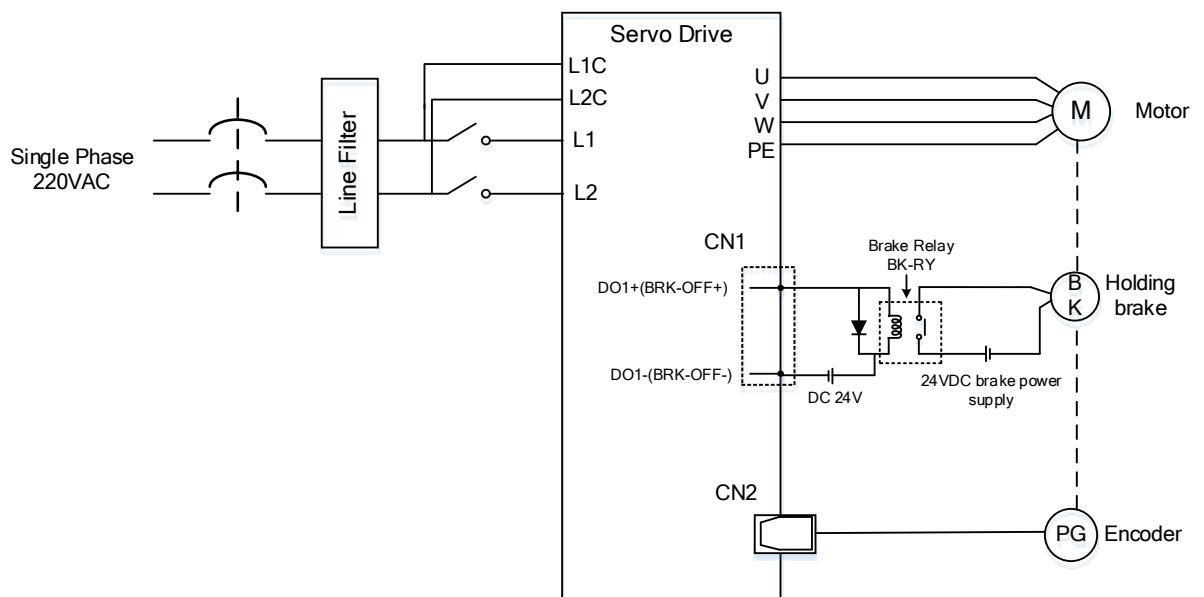
- Please only use holding brake when motor is stopped. No applicable when motor is in motion.*
- Holding brake coil has no polarity.*
- Motor should be disabled after stopped.*
- There is some noise when motors with brake are in motion but that doesn't affect its functionality.*
- Magnetic sensors might be affected when the holding brake is on. Please be aware.*

## Holding brake wiring diagram

1. Using internal holding brake output port X3 (Easy wiring, no need for an extra relay)



2. Connect to the DO(BRK+/BRK-)



### 4.1.6 Servo Running

#### 1. Enable servo driver

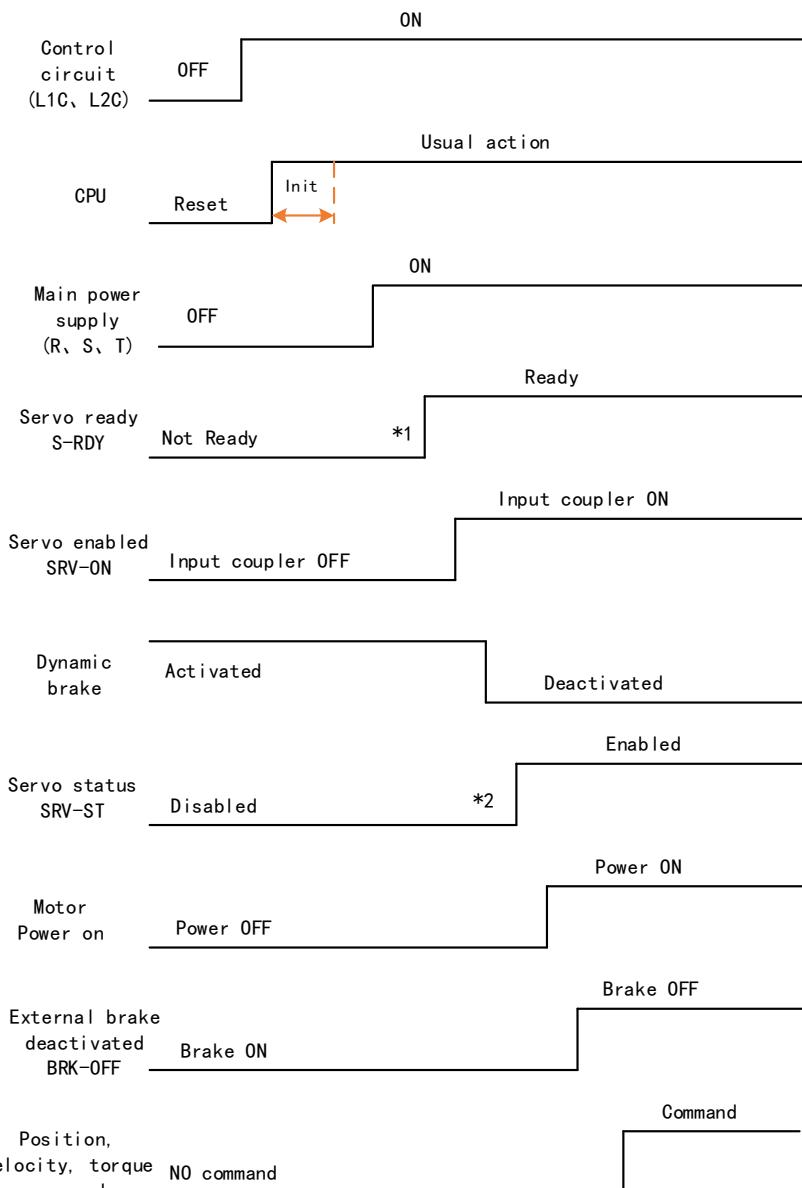
Check if CN3/CN4 is connected properly. Servo driver is in ready mode. Motor is stopped and holding brake is activated. Front panel display shows 402 state machine = Operational, EtherCAT communication status = operational, Running mode = 8, servo is in stop mode.



## 2. Motor starts to move after command input

- i. On first time operation, please use suitable command at low velocity. Confirm if motor is working normally.
- ii. Check if motor rotational direction is correct. If not, please check input command or parameter settings. (Pr0.06).
- iii. If motor is working normally, motion data such as motor rotational velocity "d01SP" and actual torque feedback "d04tr" can be monitored on the front panel or through Motion Studio.

## 3. Power on sequence diagram



Please enter servo status, position, velocity, torque command as sequence diagram above.

- \*\* 1. *S-RDY signal is given after CPU initialization and main power supply powered on.*
2. *SRV-ST signal is received when servo driver is enabled. Command input is not allowed yet.*

#### 4.1.7 Servo stop

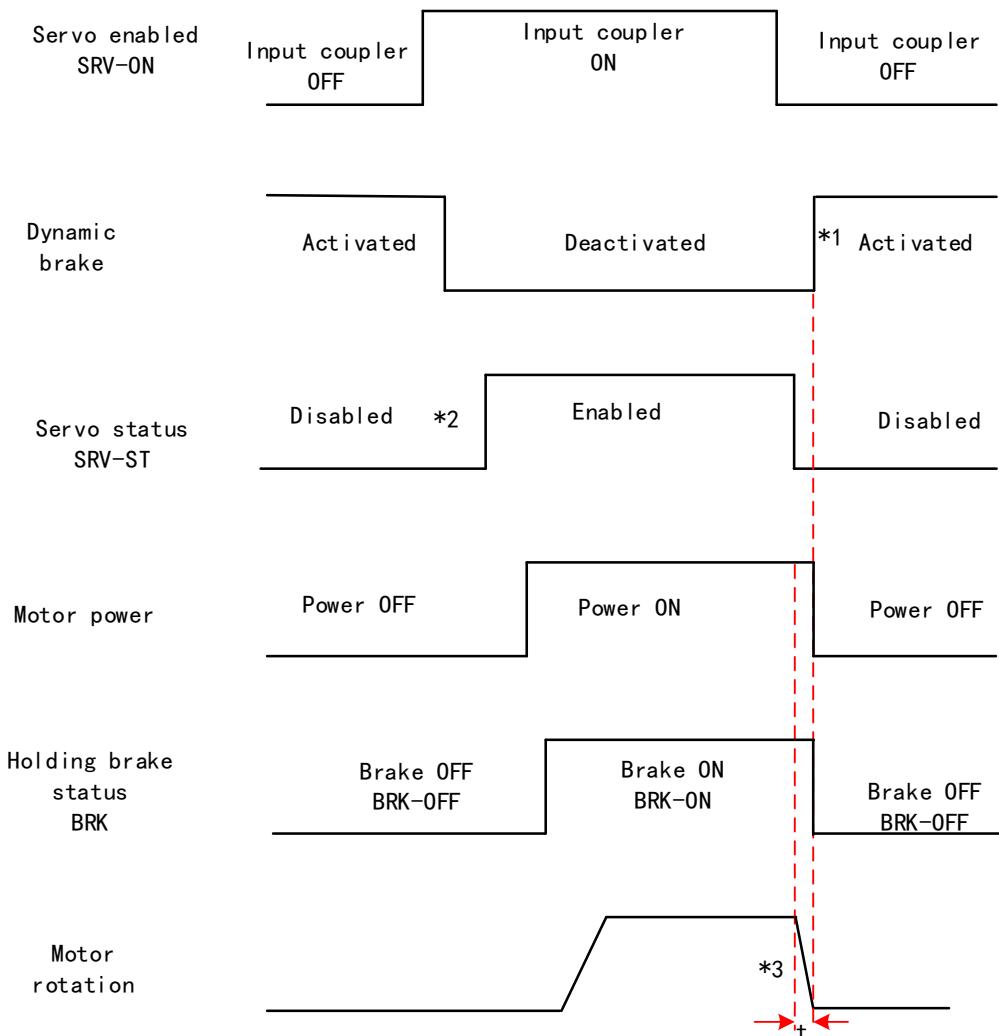
Servo stopping are of 3 different methods: Servo braking method, free stopping method, dynamic braking method.

Stopping method	Description	Details
Servo braking	Servo driver delivers braking torque in opposite direction	Quick stopping but mechanical impact might exist
Free stopping	Motor power cut off. Free to move until velocity = 0. Affected inertia, friction and other factors	Smooth deceleration, low mechanical impact but slow stopping
Dynamic braking	Brake activated when in motion	Quick stopping but mechanical impact might exist

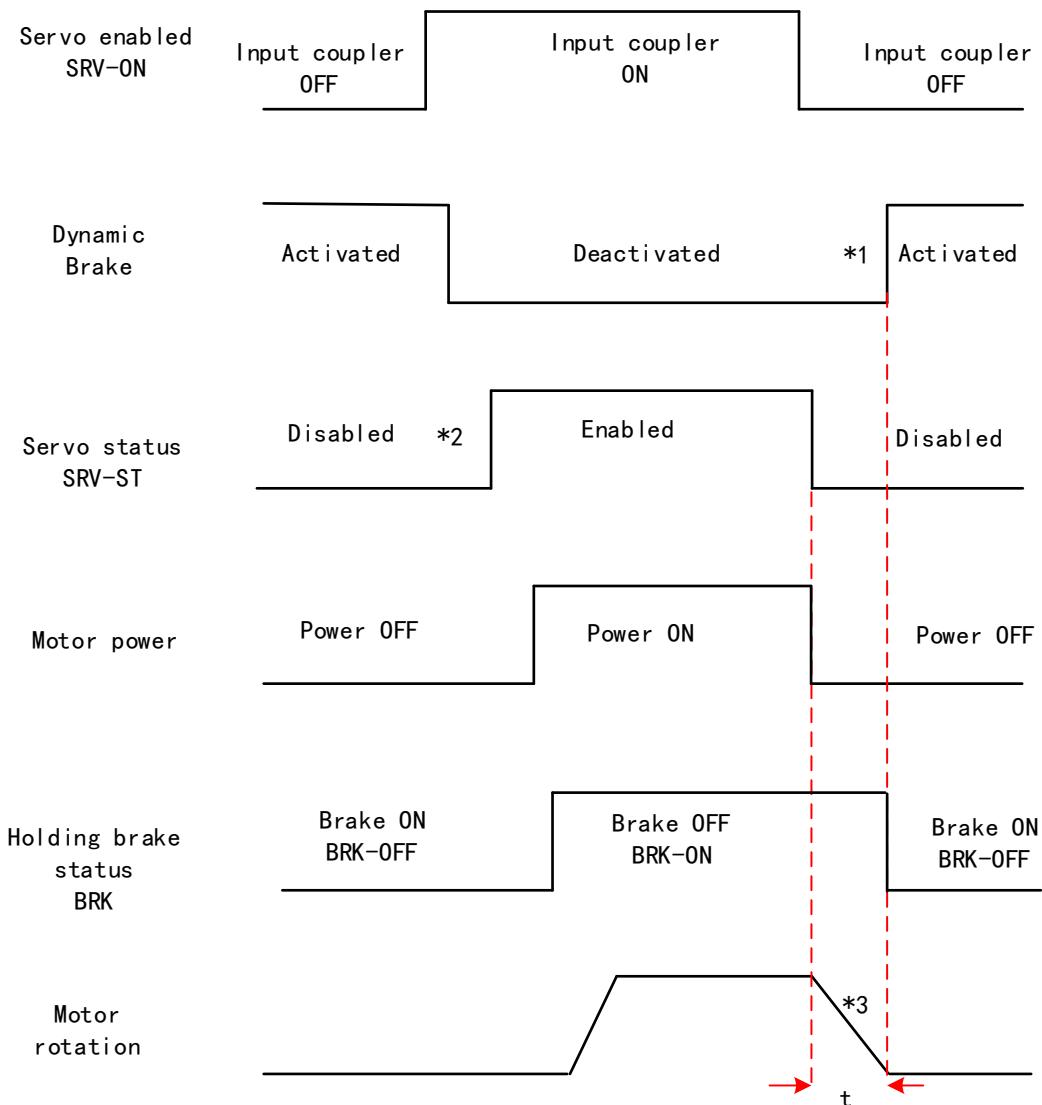
Stopping status	Status after stopped
Free running	Motor is powered off, rotor is free to rotate
Dynamic braking	Motor is powered off, rotor is not free to rotate
Holding brake stopping	Motor axis is locked, cannot rotate freely

**Motor stopping (Servo disabled) - Sequence Diagram**

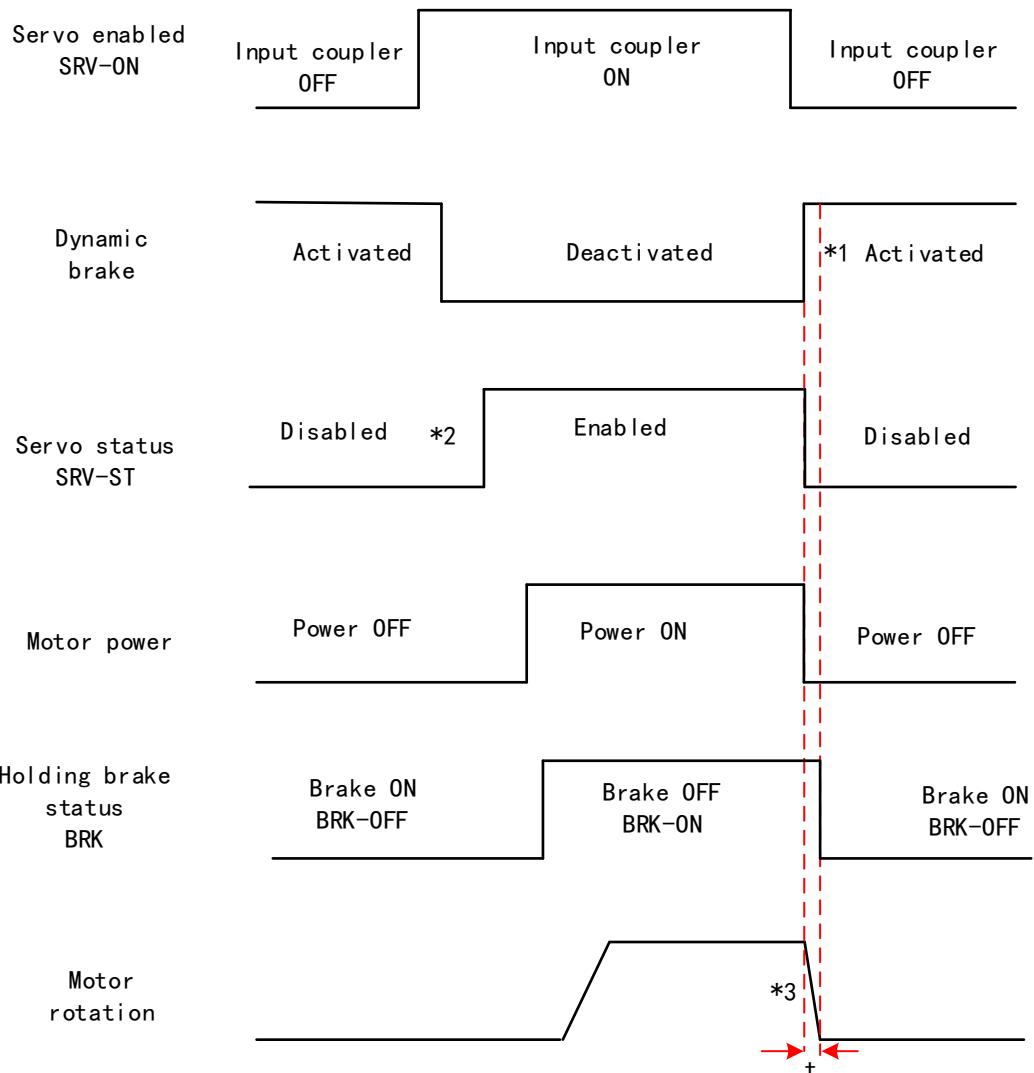
Servo braking method. Status after stopping: Dynamic braking



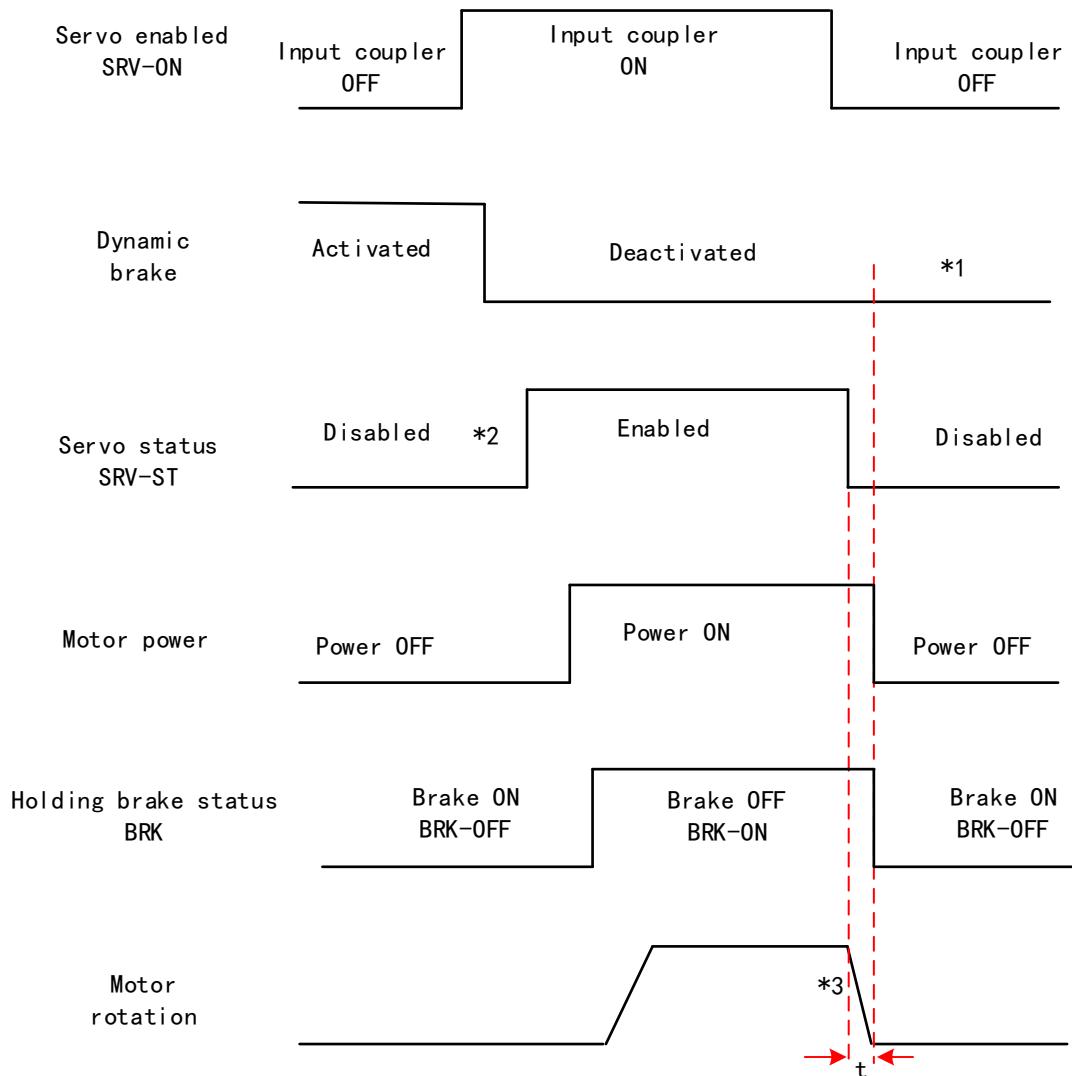
Free stopping method. Status after stopping: Dynamic braking



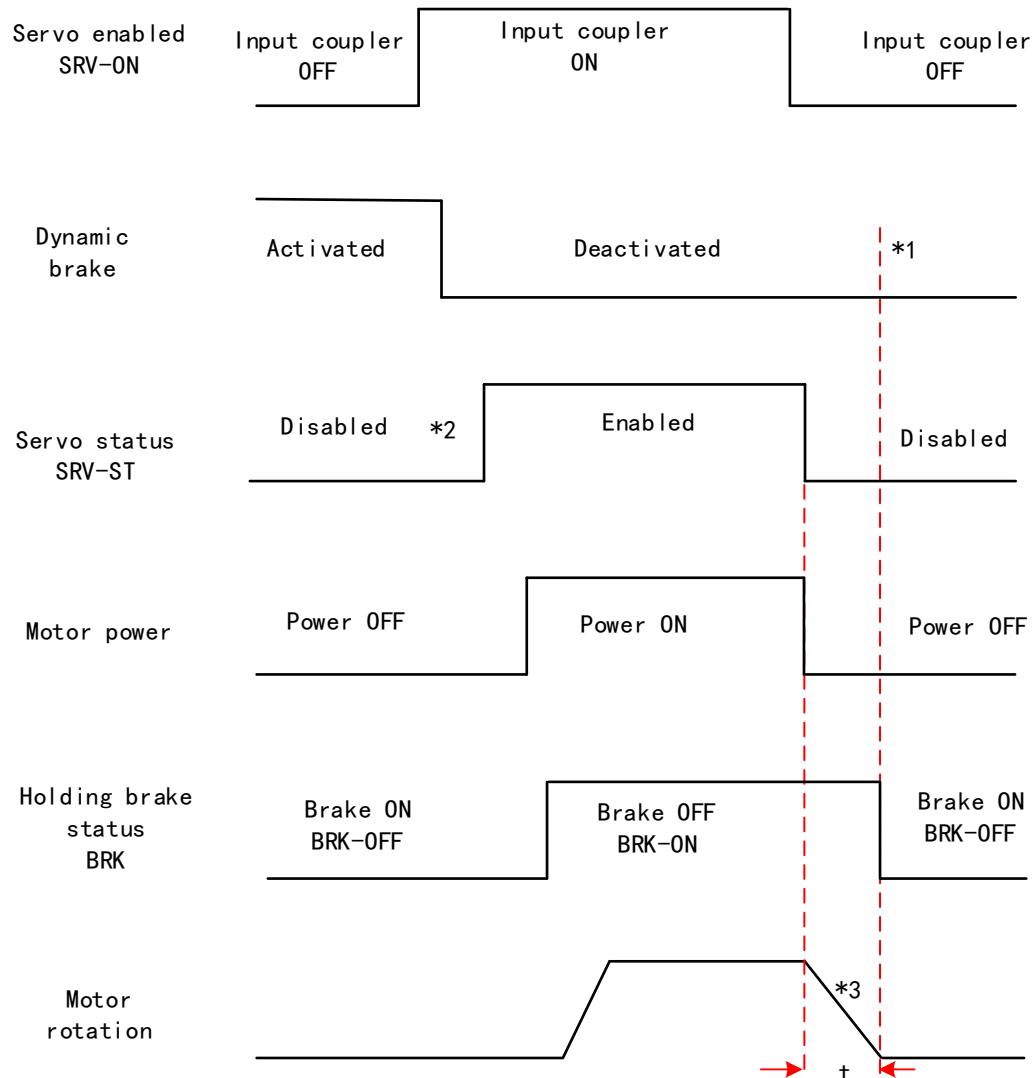
Dynamic braking method. Status after stopping: Dynamic braking



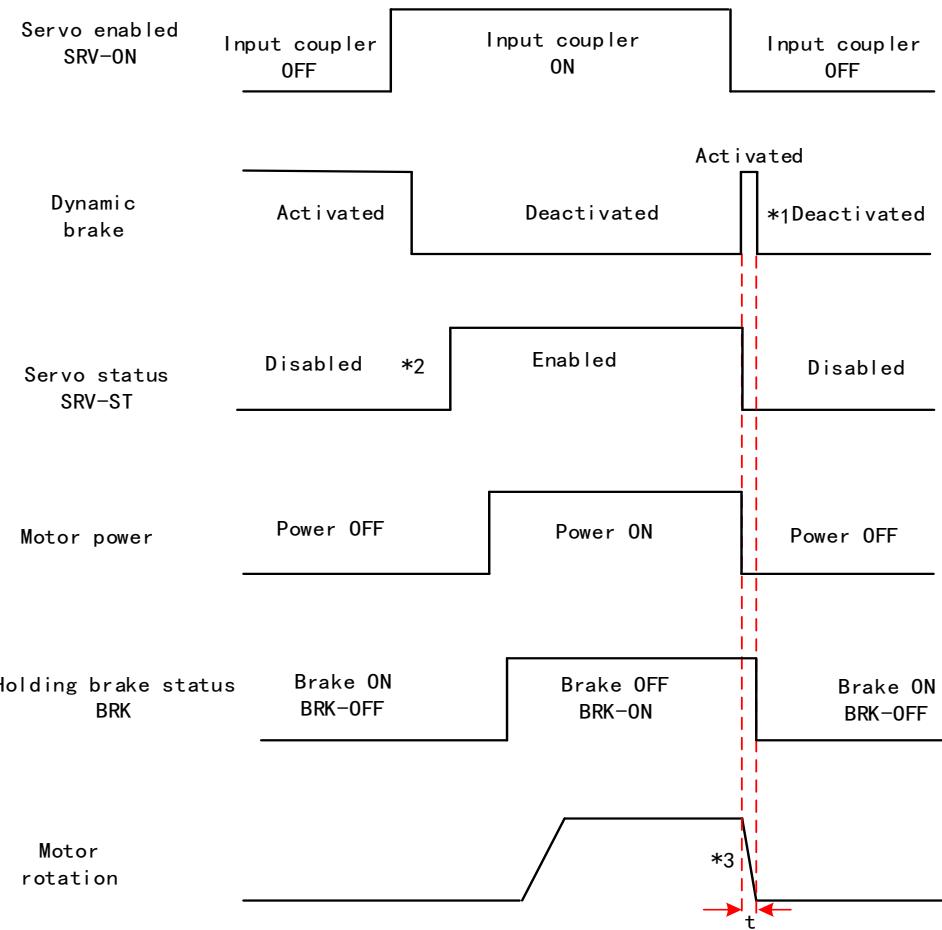
Servo stopping method. Status after stopping: Free running



Free stopping method. Status after stopping: Free running



Dynamic braking method. Status after stopping: Free running



\*\* 1. Status after stopping is as defined in Pr5.06.

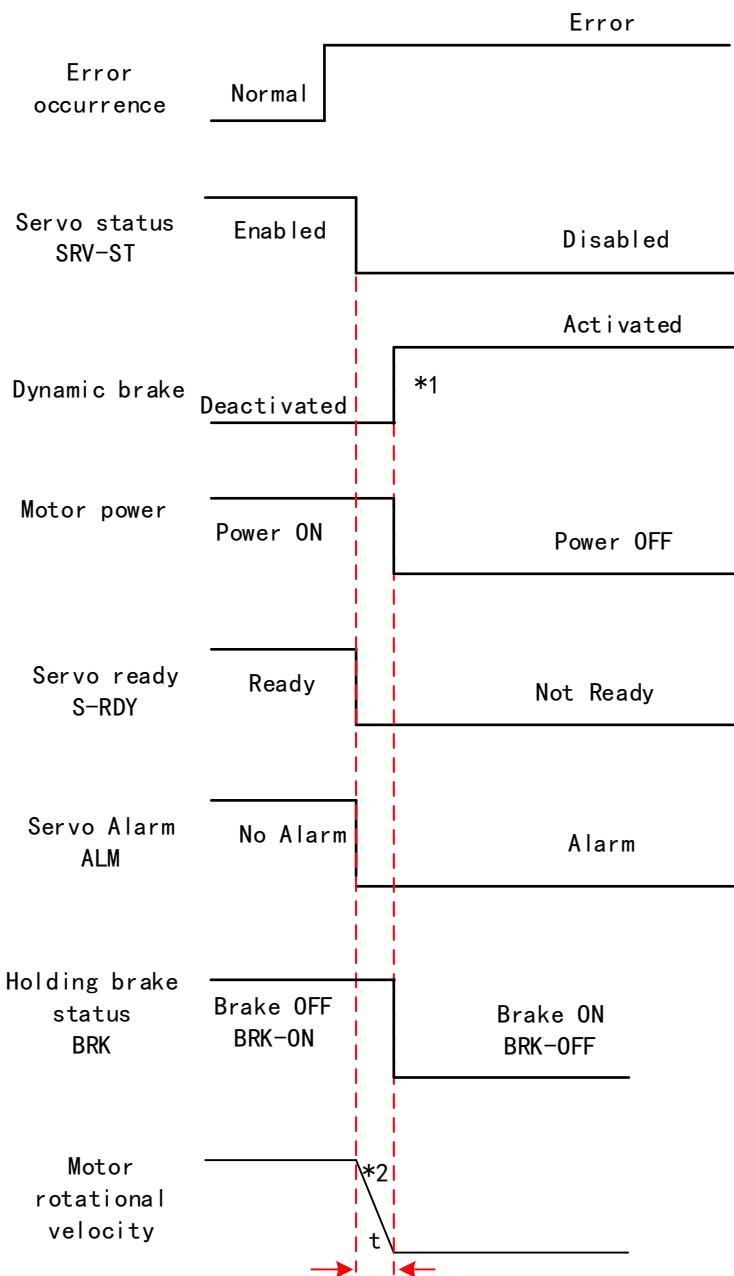
2. SRV-ST signal is received when servo driver is enabled. Command input is not allowed yet.

3. Servo stopping method is as defined in Pr5.06; braking torque in opposite direction to decelerate the motor is as defined in Pr5.11. Deceleration time  $t$  is determined by whichever comes first between time set in Pr6.14 and time needed for motor to drop below velocity set in Pr4.39. After deceleration time  $t$ , dynamic braking will be off and holding brake signal will be set to OFF (Holding brake is activated). Although BRK-OFF signal is valid, actual activation of holding brake is dependent on whether the motor comes with holding brake).

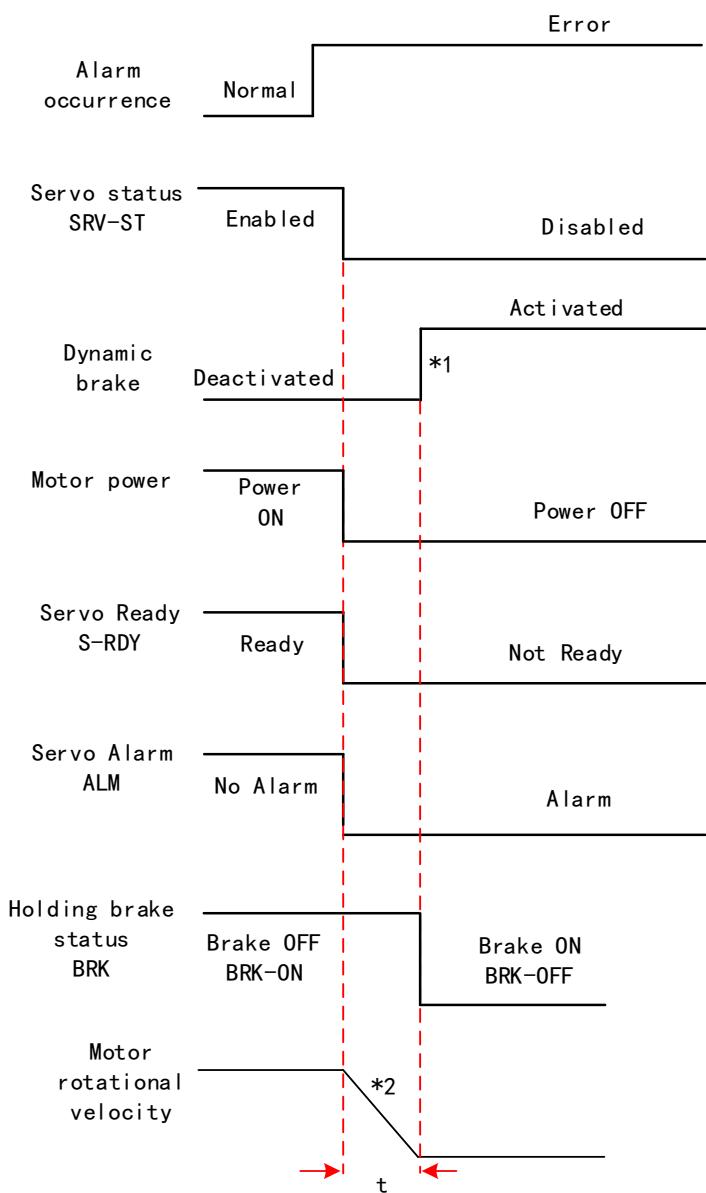
4. BRK-ON signal doesn't indicate the activation of holding brake but the validation of the signal. Holding brake is not applied when BRK-ON signal is valid. Same idea goes for BRK-OFF signal.

**Stopping when alarm occurs – Sequence Diagram**

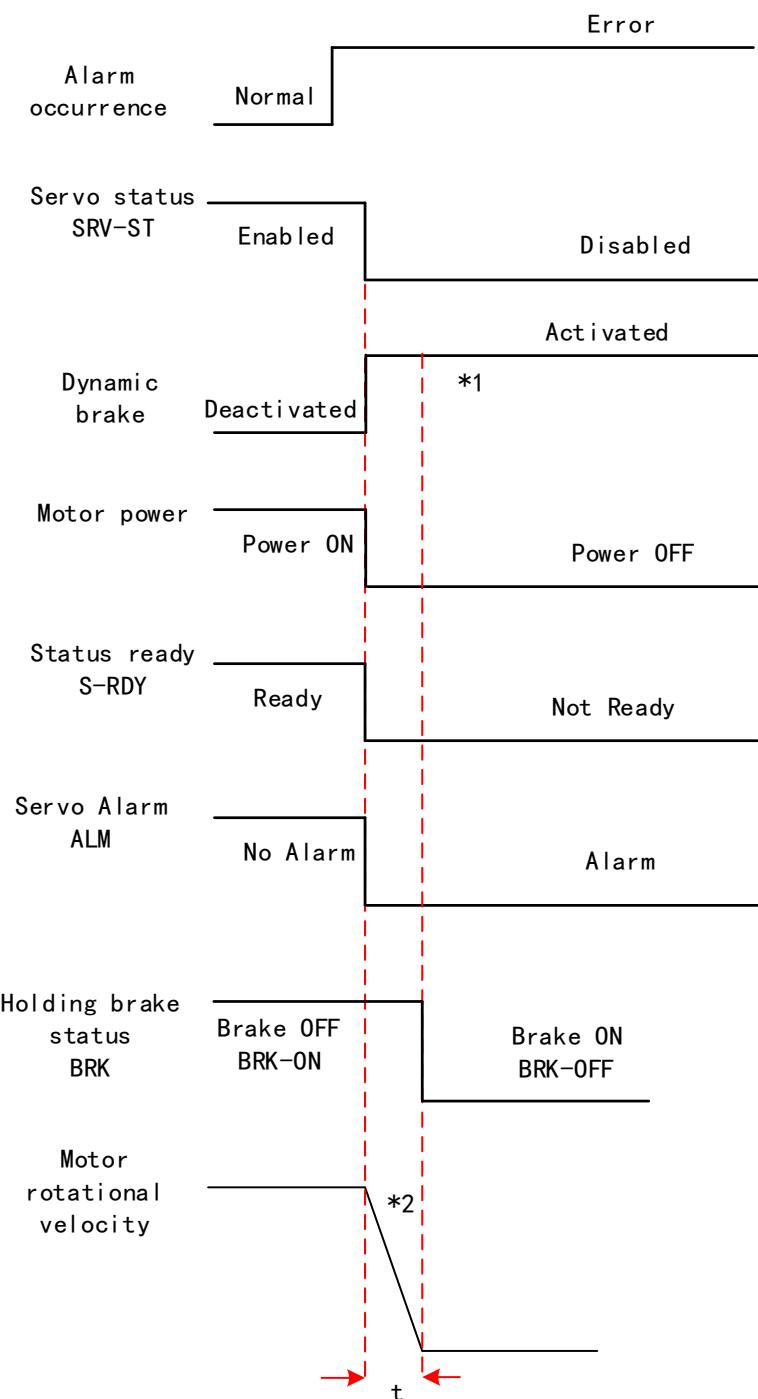
Servo braking method. Status after stopping: Dynamic braking



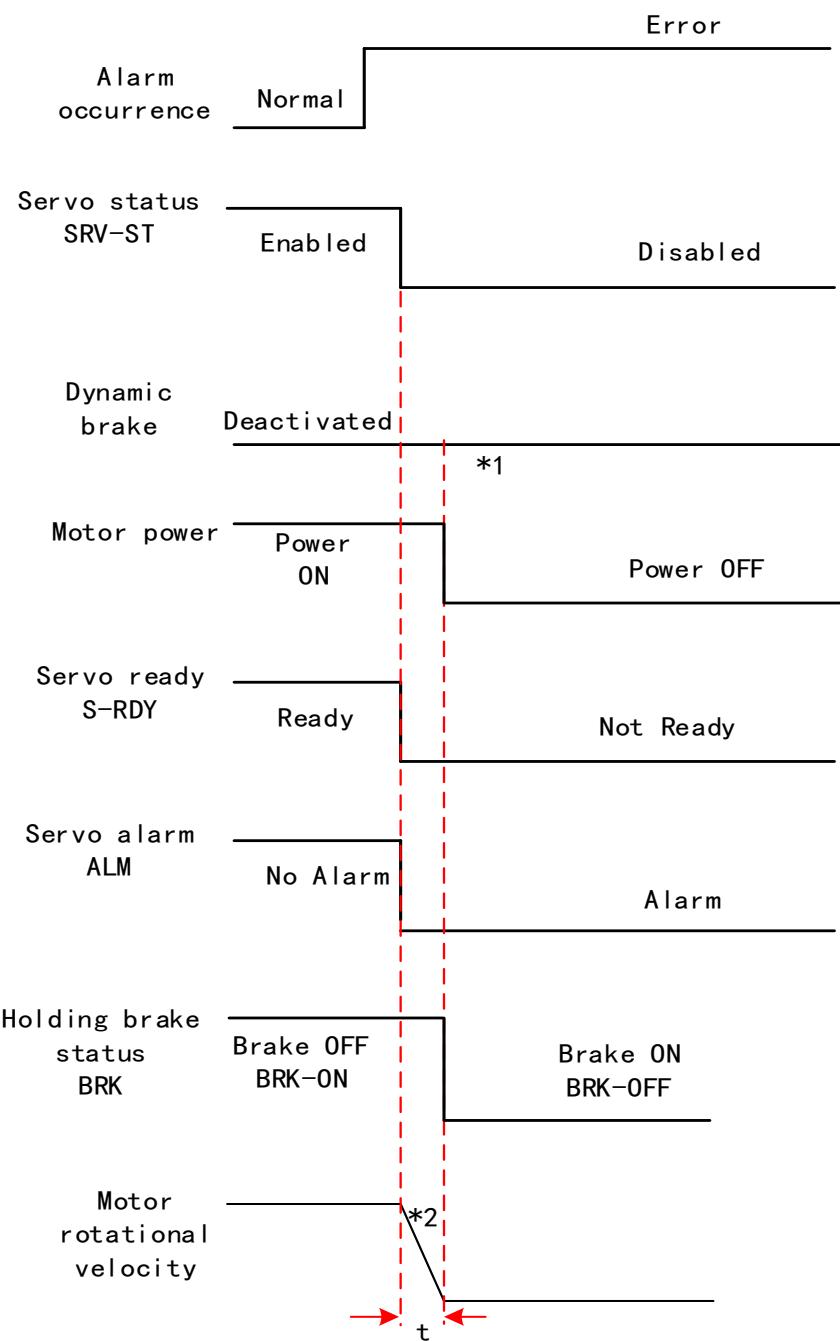
Free stopping method. Status after stopping: Dynamic braking



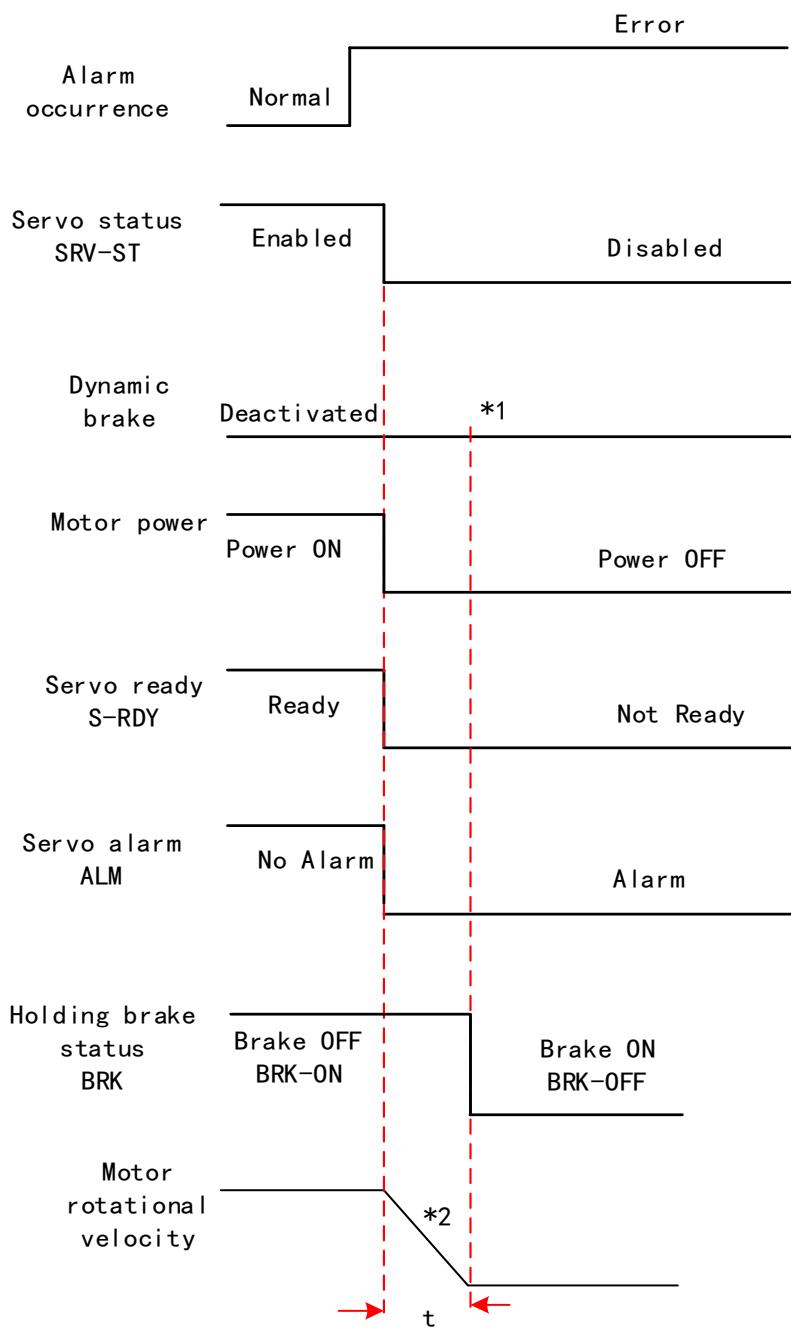
Dynamic braking method. Status after stopping: Dynamic braking



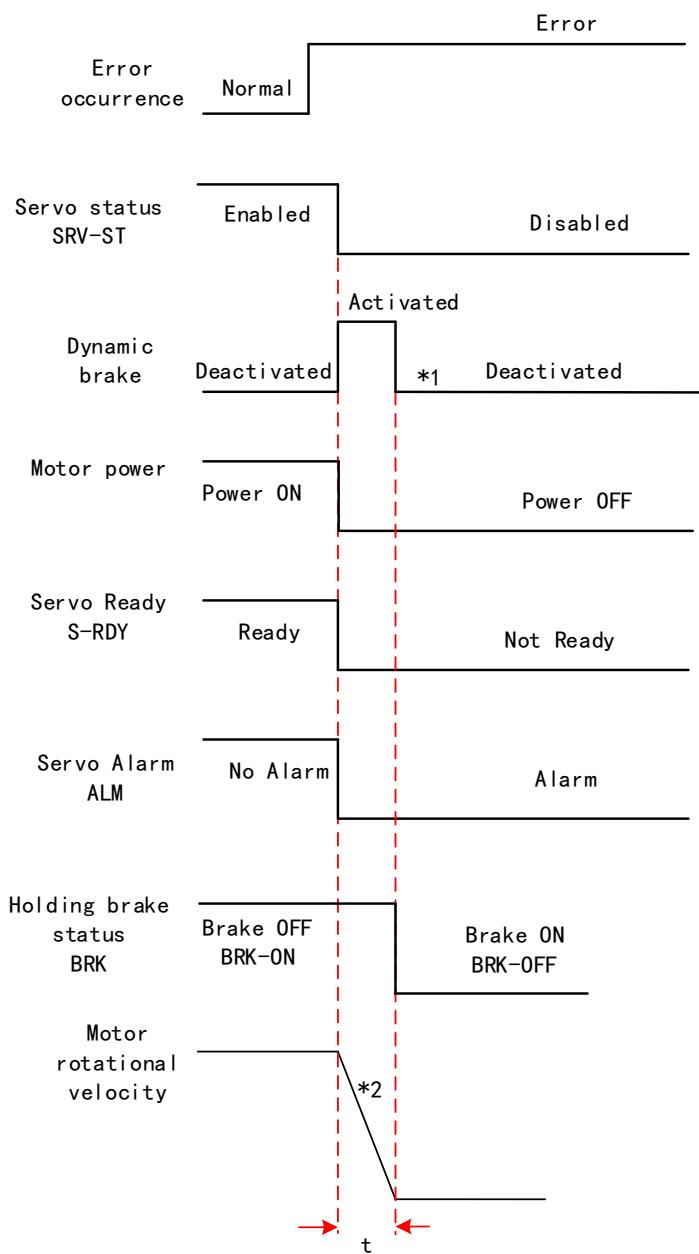
Servo braking method. Status after stopping: Free running



Free stopping method. Status after stopping: Free moving



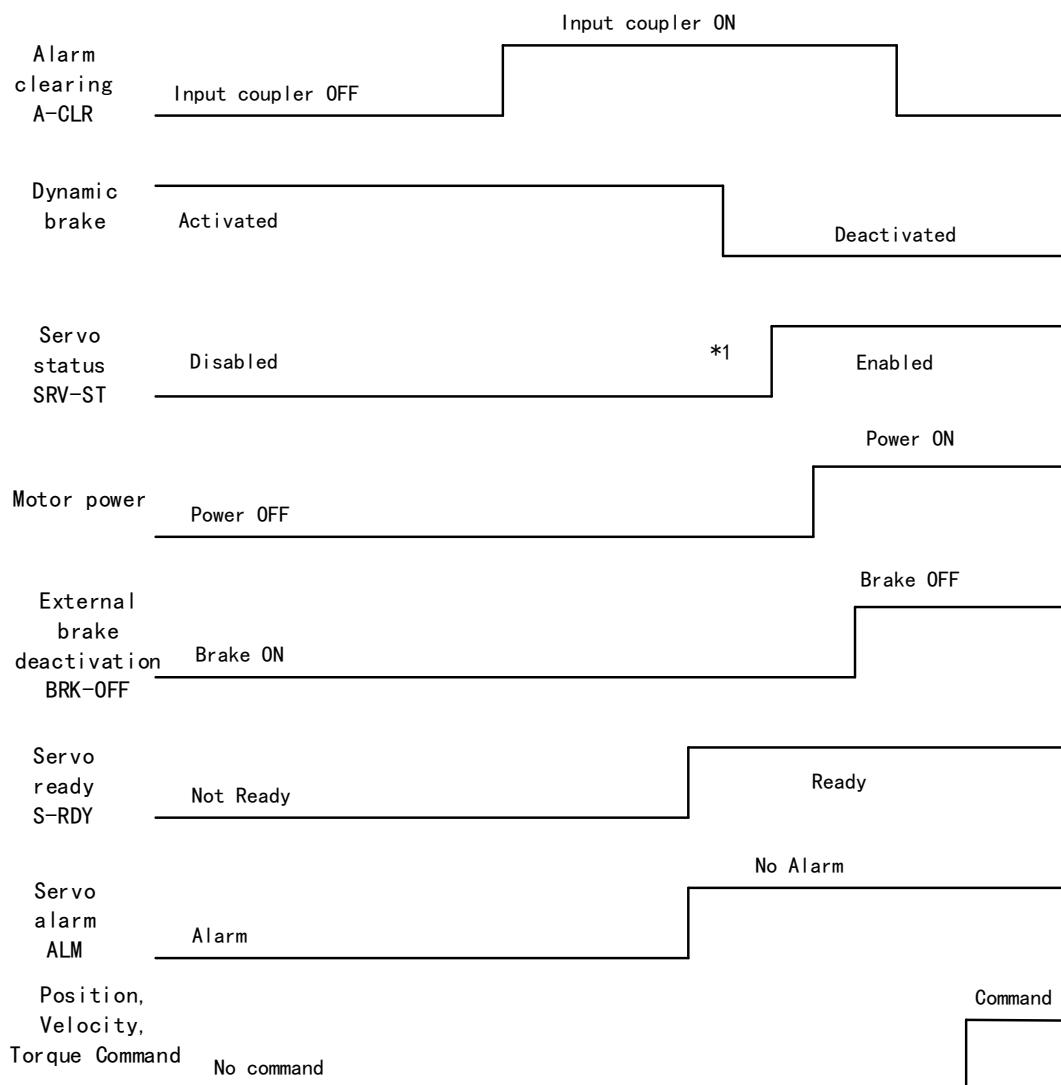
Dynamic braking. Status after stopping: Free moving



\*\* 1. Status after stopping is as defined in Pr5.10.

2. Servo stopping method is as defined in Pr5.10. Deceleration time  $t$  is determined by whichever comes first between time set in Pr6.14 and time needed for motor to drop below velocity set in Pr4.39. After deceleration time  $t$ , dynamic braking will be off and holding brake signal will be set to OFF (Holding brake is activated). Although BRK-OFF signal is valid, actual activation of holding brake is dependent on whether the motor comes with holding brake).

3. BRK-ON signal doesn't indicate the activation of holding brake but the invalidation of the signal. Holding brake is not applied when BRK-ON signal is valid. Same idea goes for BRK-OFF signal.

**Alarm clearing - Sequence diagram**


\*\* 1. SRV-ST signal is received when servo driver is enabled. Command input is not allowed yet

2. BRK-OFF signal doesn't indicate the deactivation of holding brake but the invalidation of the signal. Holding brake is applied when BRK-OFF signal is invalid.

## 4.2 Electronic gear ratio

When loaded axis moved for 1 command unit, it corresponds to motor encoder unit which is converted in more comprehensible physical units such as  $\mu\text{m}$ . The use of electronic gear ratio is to turn the movement in physical units to required pulse count equivalency.

$$\text{Electronic gear ratio} = \frac{\text{Rotor movement (Encoder unit)}}{\text{Loaded axis movement(Command unit)}}$$

Rotor might be connected to load through reducer or other mechanical structures. Hence, the gear ratio is closely related to reducer gear ratio, position encoder resolution and mechanical dimensions related parameters.

$$\text{Electronic gear ratio} = \frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{\text{Loaded axis resolution}}$$

Electronic gear can be set through Pr0.08. If  $\text{Pr0.08} \neq 0$ ,  $\text{Pr0.08}$  is valid. If  $\text{Pr0.08} = 0$ , object dictionary 6092-01 is valid.

Command pulse count per motor revolution needs to be  $\geq$  Encoder Pulse Count per Revolution / 8000.

EL8-EC series comes with motors with 23-bit encoder. Pulse count per revolution for 23-bit encoder = 8388608. From the condition above, the command pulse count per motor revolution for 23-bit encoder  $\geq 1049$ .

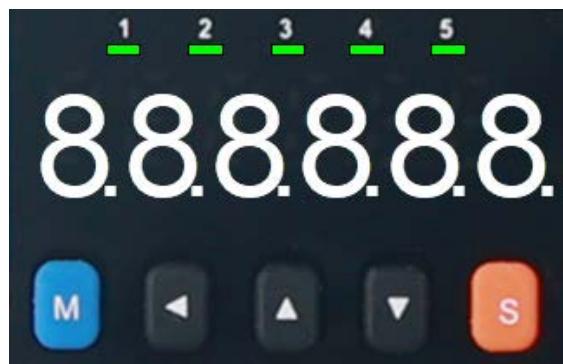
Pr0.08	Name	Command pulse counts per revolution			Mode								F						
	Range	0~8388608		Unit	P-	Default		0	Index			2008h							
	Activation	After restart																	
Pulses per revolution can be set using object dictionary 608F, 6091, 6092. However, Pr0.08 has higher priority.																			

Index 608Fh-0 1	Name	Encoder resolution			Unit	Encoder unit	Structure	VAR	Type	Uln32
	Access	R 0	Mappin g	TPDO	Mode	F	Range	1~214 74836 47	Default	0
To set encoder resolution										
Index 6091h-0 1	Name	Electronic gear ratio numerator			Unit	r	Structur e	VAR	Type	Dint 32
	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	1-21474 83647	Default	1
To set electronic gear ratio numerator										
Index	Name	Electronic gear ratio			Unit	r	Structur	VAR	Type	Dint

<b>6091h-0 2</b>		denominator				<b>e</b>				32
	<b>Access</b>	RW	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	1-2147 83647	<b>Default</b>	1
To set electronic gear ratio denominator										
<b>Index 6092h-0 1</b>	<b>Name</b>	Number of pulses per rotation			<b>Unit</b>	Comma nd unit/r	<b>Structur e</b>	VAR	<b>Type</b>	UInt 32
	<b>Access</b>	RW	<b>Mapping</b>	RPDO	<b>Mode</b>	F	<b>Range</b>	1~2147 483647	<b>Default</b>	10000
If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is not equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = Encoder resolution / 6092h-01										
If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = 6091-01 / 6092h-01										

### 4.3 Front Panel

Servo Drive front panel consists of 5 push buttons , a 8-segments display and 5 green LED as warning indicators. Can be used for displaying of status, alarms, functions, parameters setting and auxiliary functions.



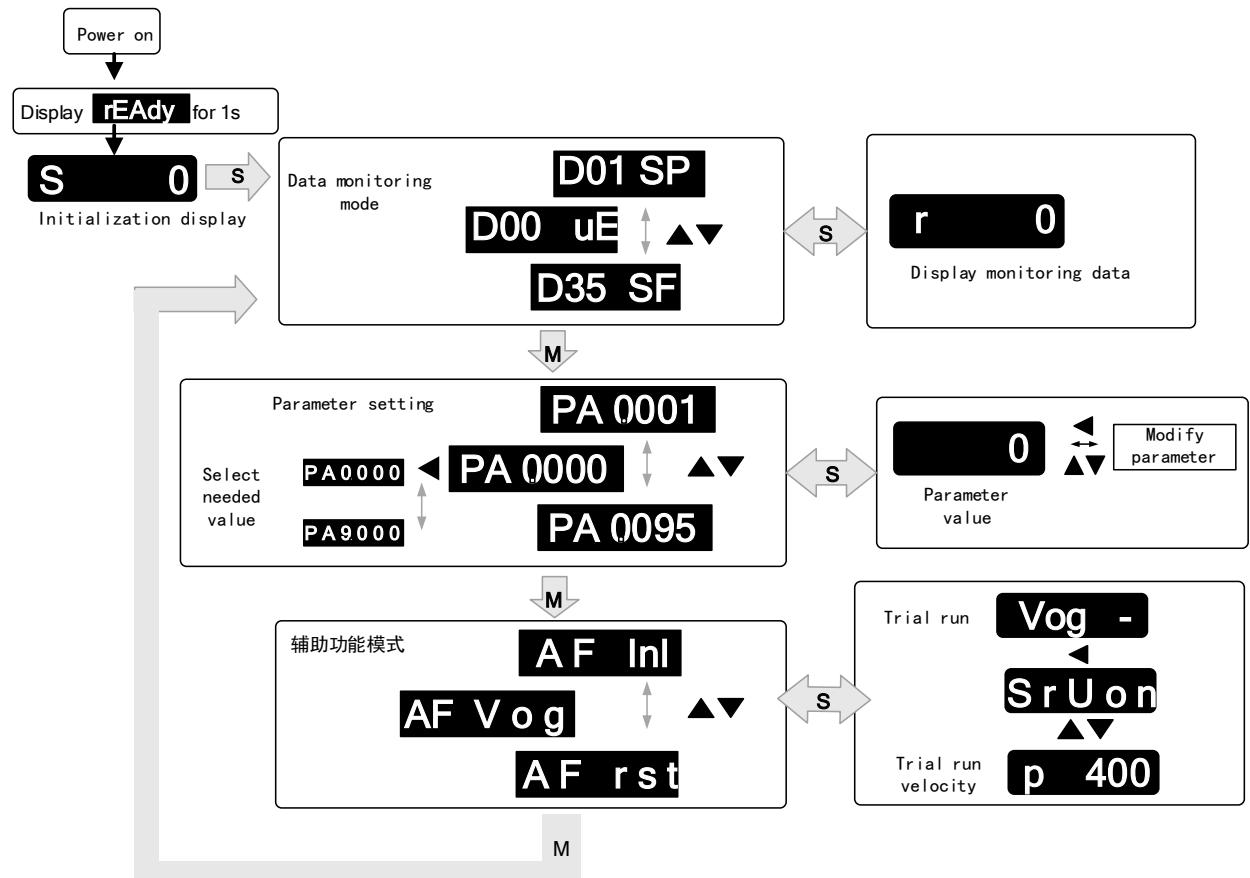
Front panel

#### Buttons and functions

Label	Symbol	Function
Display	/	Consists of 5 push buttons , a 8-segments display and 5 green LED as warning indicators
Mode	M	To switch between 3 modes: 1. Data monitoring mode : To monitor changes of motion data values 2. Parameters setting mode : To set parameters 3. Auxiliary functions mode: To operate common functions, such as trial run, alarm clearing
Enter	S	To enter or confirm
Up	▲	To switch between sub-menus / Increase
Down	▼	To switch between sub-menus / Decrease
Left	◀	To switch between values

## 4.4 Panel Display and Operation

### 4.4.1 Panel Operation



Flow diagram of panel operation

- (1) **rEAdY** will be displayed for about 1 second after driver is powered on. Then, automatically enters data monitoring mode and displays initial data value. Otherwise, alarm code will be displayed if error occurs.
- (2) Press **M** key to switch between modes.  
Data monitoring mode → Parameters setting mode → Auxiliary functions mode  
Alarm code will be displayed regardless of any mode if alarm occurs. Press **M** to switch to other modes.
- (3) Press **▲** or **▼** to select the type of parameters in data monitoring mode. Press **S** to confirm.
- (4) Press **◀** to select current segment in parameters settings mode. Press **▲** or **▼** to increase/decrease the value of segment. Press **S** to confirm the modified value(s) and save the parameters.

## Front Panel Locking

To prevent any misuse of the front panel, it can be locked. Limitations when locked are as shown below.

Mode	Limitation
Data monitoring	Not limited
Parameters setting	Parameters can only be read, not modified.
Auxiliary functions	Not limited

To lock and unlock the front panel

	Front Panel	Motion Studio
Lock	① Set Pr5.35 = 1. ② Restart driver. ③ Front panel is now locked.	
Unlock	① Please refer to auxiliary function <b>A F U n L</b> ② Front panel is now unlocked.	① Set Pr5.35 = 0. ② Front panel is now unlocked.

### 4.4.2 Data Monitoring Mode

EL7 series servo driver offers the function to monitor different types of data in data monitoring mode. After entering this mode, press **S** to monitor any data that starts with **d**. Press **S** again to get back to data monitoring mode and **M** to switch to any other modes.

**Data list in data monitoring mode**

No.	Label	Descriptions	Display	Unit	Data Format (x = numerical value)
0	d00uE	Position command deviation	<b>d00uE</b>	pulse	“xxxx”
1	d01SP	Motor velocity	<b>d01SP</b>	r/min	“ <b>r</b> xxxx” – Motor actual velocity “ <b>F</b> xxxx” – External encoder feedback velocity
2	d02CS	Position control command velocity	<b>d02CS</b>	r/min	“xxxx”
3	d03Cu	Velocity control command velocity	<b>d03Cu</b>	r/min	“xxxx”
4	d04tr	Actual feedback torque	<b>d04tr</b>	%	“xxxx”
5	d05nP	Feedback pulse sum	<b>d05nP</b>	pulse	“xxxx”
6	d06cP	Command pulse sum	<b>d06CP</b>	pulse	“xxxx”
7	d07	Maximum torque during motion	<b>d07</b>	/	“ <b>d</b> xxxx” – Max torque % “ <b>V</b> xxxx” - Average load ratio

8	d08FP	Internal command position sum	<b>d08FP</b>	pulse	“xxxx”
9	d09cn	Control mode	<b>d09Cn</b>	/	Position: “ <b>Ct PoS</b> ” Velocity: “ <b>Ct SPd</b> ” Torque: “ <b>Ct trq</b> ”
10	d10lo	I/O signal status	<b>d10 lo</b>	/	-
11	d11Ai	Analog input	<b>d11Ai</b>	V	-
12	d12Er	Alarm cause and record	<b>d12Er</b>	/	“ <b>Er xxx</b> ” Alarm code
13	d13rn	Warning	<b>d13rn</b>	/	“ <b>H xxx</b> ” Warning code
14	d14r9	Regeneration load factor	<b>d14r9</b>	%	“xxx”
15	d15oL	Overload factor	<b>d15oL</b>	%	“ <b>L xxx</b> ” – Motor overload % “ <b>d xxx</b> ” – Driver overload %
16	d16Jr	Inertia ratio	<b>d16Jr</b>	%	“xxx”
17	d17ch	Motor not running cause	<b>d17Ch</b>	/	“ <b>CP xxx</b> ” Error code
18	d18ic	No. of changes in I/O signals	<b>d18ic</b>	/	“xxx”
19	d19	Internal use	<b>d19</b>	/	“xxxx”
20	d20Ab	CSP position command sum	<b>d20Ab</b>	pulse	“xxxx”
21	d21AE	Single turn encoder data	<b>d21AE</b>	pulse	“ <b>A xxxx</b> ” – motor encoder single turn data “ <b>F xxxx</b> ” – external encoder single turn data
22	d22rE	Multiturn encoder data	<b>d22rE</b>	r	“xxxx”
23	d23 id	485 received frame	<b>d23id</b>	/	“id xxx” “Fr xxx”
24	d24PE	Position deviation	<b>d24PE</b>	Unit	“ <b>A xxxx</b> ” – Position deviation “ <b>F xxxx</b> ” – Full closed loop deviation (Command unit) “ <b>H xxxx</b> ” - Full closed loop deviation (Encoder unit)
25	d25PF	Motor electrical angle	<b>d25PF</b>	pulse	“xxxx”
26	d26hy	Motor mechanical angle	<b>d26hy</b>	pulse	“xxxx”
27	d27 Pn	Voltage across PN	<b>d27Pn</b>	V	“xxxx”
28	d28 no	Software version	<b>d28no</b>	/	“d xxx Servo software” “F xx Communication software” “p xxx Servo power rating” “C xx CPLD software”
29	d29AS	Internal usage	<b>d29AS</b>	/	“ <b>A xxxx</b> ” “ <b>F xxxx</b> ” – external encoder serial no.
30	d30NS	No. of times of encoder communication error	<b>d30sE</b>	/	“ <b>A xxxx</b> ” – Motor encoder communication error count “ <b>F xxxx</b> ” – External encoder communication error count
31	d31 tE	Accumulated uptime	<b>d31tE</b>	/	“xxxx”
32	d32Au	Automatic motor identification	<b>d32Au</b>	/	“r xxx Motor no.” “E xxx Servo no.”
33	d33At	Driver temperature	<b>d33At</b>	°C	“ <b>d xxx</b> ” – driver temperature

					<b>"C xxx"</b> – MCU temperature
34	d34	Servo status	<b>d34</b>	/	"xxx"
35	d35 SF	Internal usage	<b>d35SF</b>	/	"xxxxxx"
43	d43	External encoder Z-Phase counter	<b>D43</b>	/	"xxxxxx"
44	d44	External encoder pulse count per revolution	<b>D44</b>	pulse	"xxxxxx"
45	d45	External encoder direction	<b>D45</b>	/	"xxxxxx"
46	d46	Position compared to current position	<b>D46</b>	/	"xxxxxx"

### Following are parameters related to EtherCAT bus

36	d36	Synchronizing cycle	<b>d36dc</b>	ms	"xxxxxx"
37	d37	No. of times of synchronization loss	<b>d37sc</b>	/	"xxxxxx"
38	d38	Synchronization Type	<b>d38st</b>	freerun/D C	"xxxxxx"
39	d39	If DC is running	<b>d39dr</b>	/	"xxxxxx"
40	d40	Acceleration and deceleration status	<b>d40sn</b>	/	"xxxxxx"
41	d41	Object dictionary address	<b>d41od</b>	/	"xxxxxx" Index(4 bit)+subindex(2 bit)
42	d42	Object dictionary value	<b>d42od</b>	/	"xxxxxx" 1、 If OD does not exist, ODNEXT is displayed. 2、 If OD is out of range, ODRNG is displayed.

**-08St** " is displayed after power on ( When servo is not enabled).

### Description of data monitoring function

When using the front panel to monitor data, data is divided in low/high bit and positive/negative.

. 2 .

608850

High bit: 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> values on the right has two decimal points  
Low bit: 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> values on the right has no decimal point.

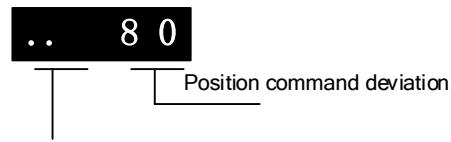
. . 50

50

Positive: 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> values on the left has no decimal point.  
Negative: 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> values on the left has two decimal points

## 1. d00uE Position command deviation

Shows high bit and low bit of position deviation



Positive: 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> values on the left has no decimal point.  
Negative: 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> values on the left has two decimal points

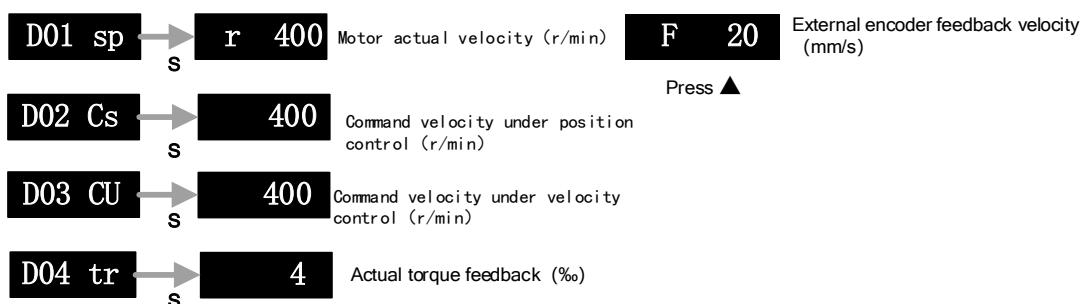
Press **◀** to switch between low and high bit  
Example : Position command deviation=260885



High bit: 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> values on the right has two decimal points  
Low bit: 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> values on the right has no decimal point.

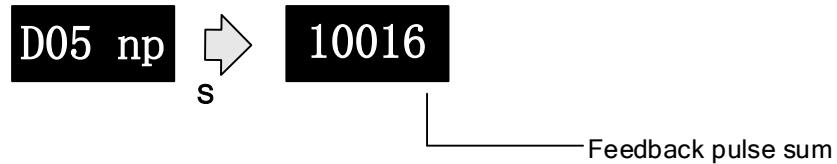
## 2. d01SP Motor velocity, d02CS Position control command velocity, d03CU Velocity control command velocity, d04 tr Actual torque feedback

**d04 tr** reflects actual current.



### 3. d05nP Feedback pulse sum d06CP Command pulse sum

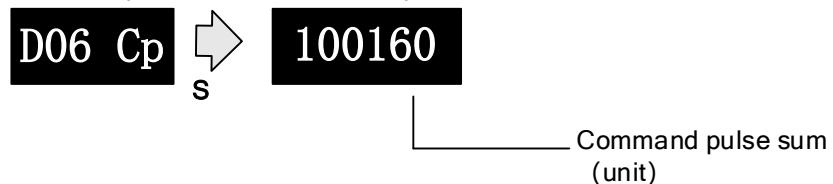
Feedback pulse sum(Encoder feedback pulse)



Press **◀** to switch between high/low bit  
Example: Feedback pulse sum=2100160



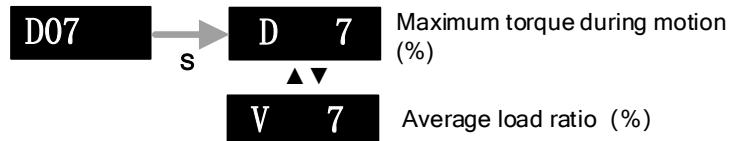
Command pulse sum (Command pulse)



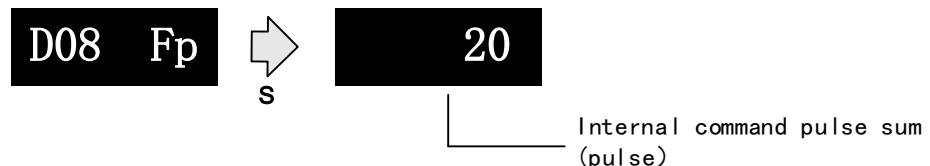
Press **◀** to switch between high/low bit  
Example: Command pulse sum=2100170



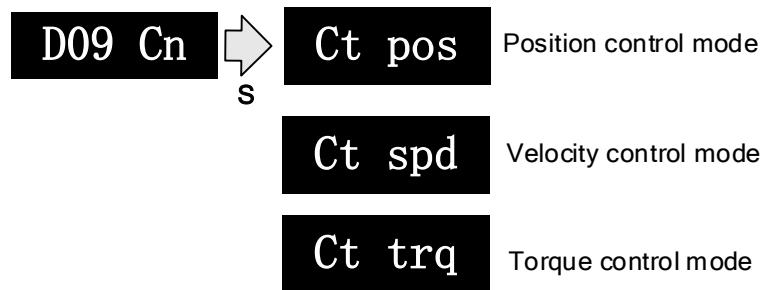
### 4. d07 Maximum torque during motion



### 5. d08FP Internal command pulse sum



## 6. d09Cn Control mode



## 7. d10Io I/O signal status

When the top half of the digital tube is lighted, the signal is valid; when the bottom half of the digital tube is lighted, the signal is not valid. Decimal points represent I/O status, input when lighted, output when not lighted.

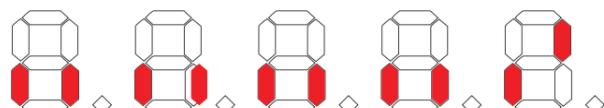
- **Input:** From low to high bit(Right to left) DI1,DI2....DI10. Decimal point is lighted to represent input signals.

In the example below, DI1, DI8 and DI10 input signal is valid; DI2-DI7, DI9 input signal is invalid.

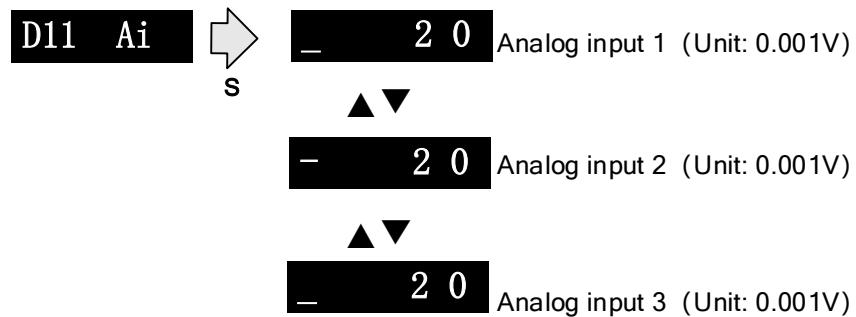


- **Output:** From low to high bit(Right to left) DO1,DO2....DO10. Decimal point is not lighted to represent output signals.

In the example below, DO1 output signal is valid; DO2-DO10 output signal is invalid.

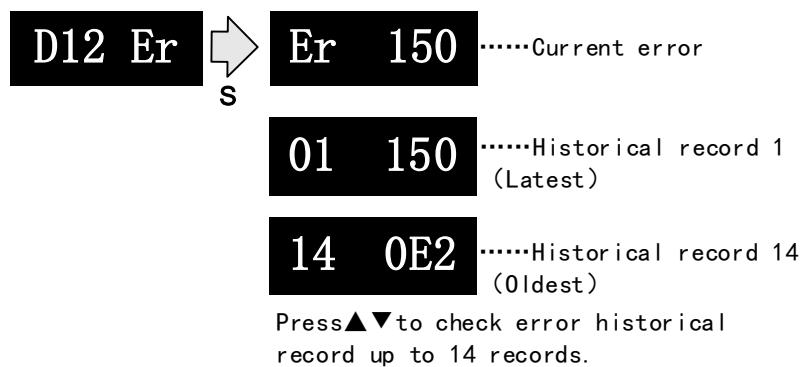


## 8. d11Ai Analog input



3 analog inputs can be monitored through d11. Left most bar at the top: 1<sup>st</sup> analog input; at the middle: 2<sup>nd</sup> analog input; at the bottom 3<sup>rd</sup> analog input. Points on 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> value means negative value.

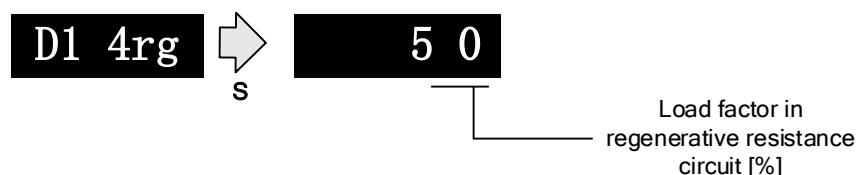
## 9. d12Er Alarm cause and historical record



Please refer to the alarm list table in chapter 8 for alarms that can be recorded.

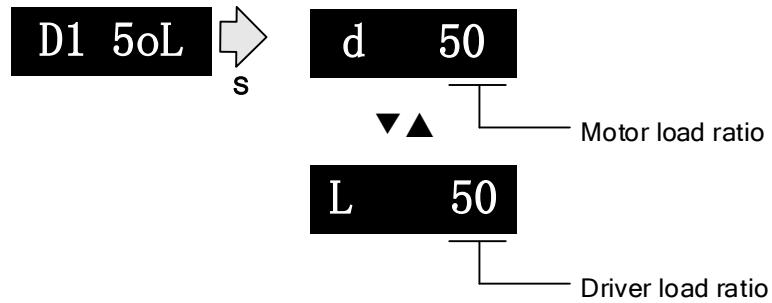
## 10. d14rg Regenerative load factor d15oL Overload factor

Regenerative load factor (Er120 might occur, if the value increases indefinitely)



Overload factor (Er100 might occur, if L increases indefinitely)

Er101 might occur, if L increases indefinitely)

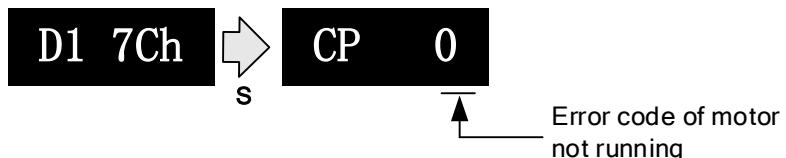


### 11、d16Jr Inertia ratio



Use auxiliary function **AF\_GL** or Motion studio to measure the inertia ratio. The result will be shown on **D1 6Vr**, hold M to write the value in Pr0.04.

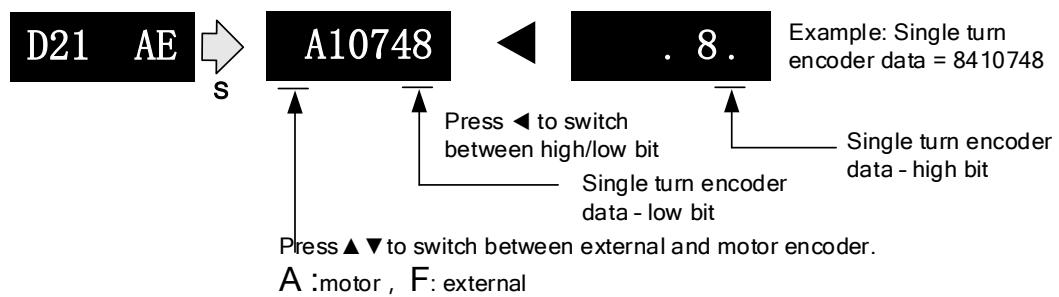
### 12、d17Ch Motor not running cause



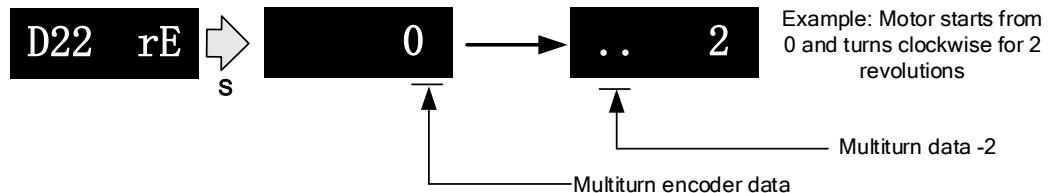
**“d17Ch” Motor No Running Cause - Codes & Descriptions**

Display Code	Description	Content
<b>CP 0</b>	Normal	
<b>CP 1</b>	DC bus undervoltage	Check if DC bus voltage is too low on D27
<b>CP 2</b>	No SRV-ON signal	Servo-ON input (SRV-ON) is not connected to COM-
<b>CP 3</b>	POT/NOT input valid	Pr5.04 = 0, POT is in open circuit, velocity command is in positive direction NOT is in open circuit, velocity command is in negative direction
<b>CP 4</b>	Driver alarm	/
<b>CP 5</b>	Relay not clicked	Check input voltage
<b>CP 6</b>	Pulse input prohibited(INH)	Pr5.18=0
<b>CP 7</b>	Position command too low	No command or too low
<b>CP 8</b>	CL valid	Pr5.17=0, deviation counter connected to COM-
<b>CP 9</b>	Zero speed clamp valid	Pr3.15 = 1, Zero speed clamp input is open

### 13、d21AE Single turn encoder data d22rE Multiturn encoder data

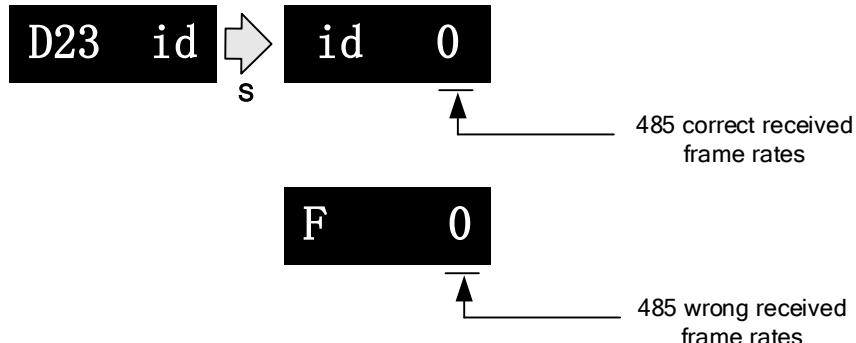


For 23-bit encoder, single turn encoder data = 0~8388607. Each value corresponds to certain position in a single revolution of the rotor, clockwise motion as negative, counter clockwise motion as positive. When counter clockwise single turn data > 8388607, multturn data +1, clockwise single turn data < 0, multturn data -1.

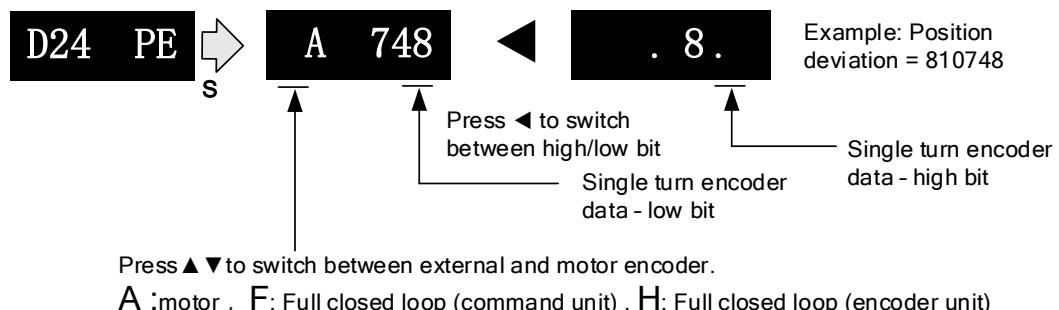


Multiturn encoder data range:-32768~+32767, As no. of revolution goes over range, 32767 will jump to -32768、 -32767(counter clockwise); -32768 will jump to 32767、 32766 (clockwise)

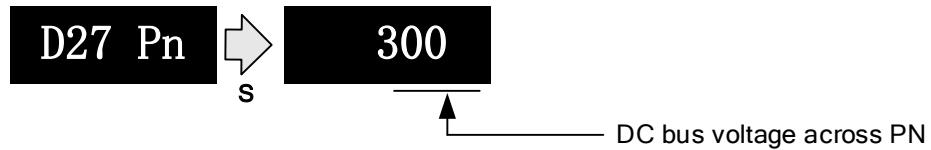
### 14.d23id 485 received frame



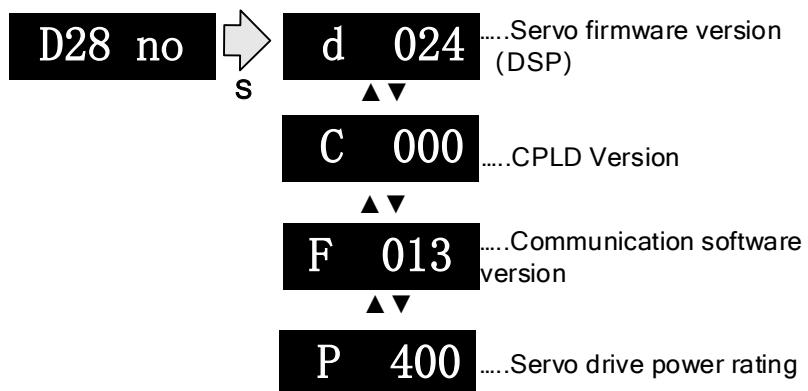
### 15. d24PE Position deviation



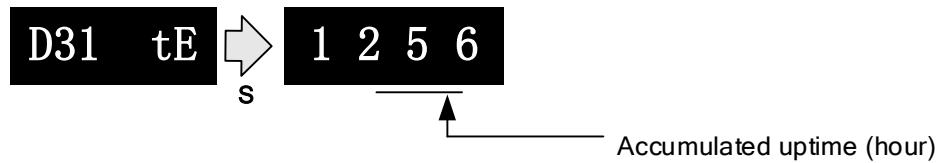
### 15. d27Pn DC bus voltage



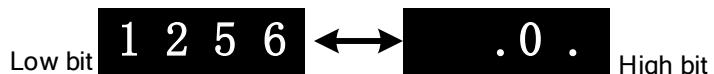
### 16. d28no Software version



### 17. d31tE Accumulated operation time

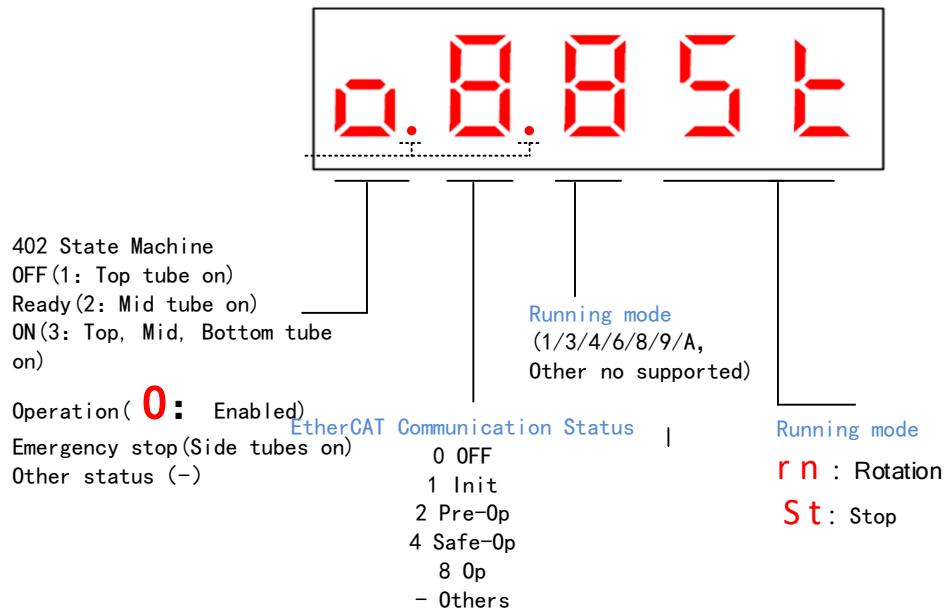


Press **◀** to switch between high/low bit



## 18. d34 Servo driver status display

Driver status: 402 state machine, EtherCAT communication, running mode, running



### Display setting at power on

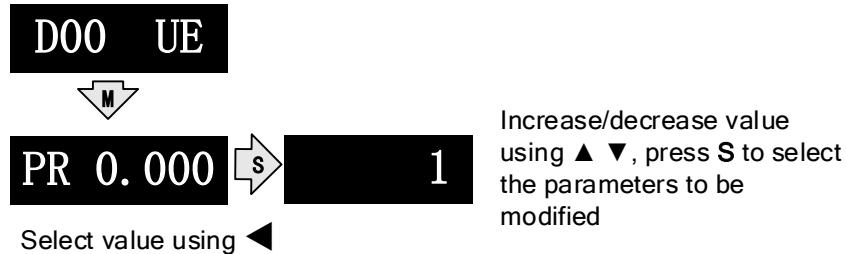
- Default setting for initialization display settings at power on is **d34**, if any other display is required, please set on Pr5.28.

Please refer to Pr5.28 for any display content required on the front panel during initialization

Pr5.28	Name	LED initial status			Mode							F			
	Range	0~42	Unit	—	Default	34	Index	2528h							
	Activation	After restart													
To set content display on front panel of the servo driver at servo driver power on.															
Set value	Content	Set value	Content	Set value	Content										
0	Position command deviation	15	Overload rate	30	No. of encoder communication error										
1	Motor speed	16	Inertia ratio	31	Accumulated operation time										
2	Position command velocity	17	No rotation cause	32	Automatic motor identification										
3	Velocity control command	18	No. of changes in I/O signals	33	Driver temperature										
4	Actual feedback torque	19	Number of over current signals	34	Servo status										
5	Sum of feedback pulse	20	Absolute encoder data	35	/										
6	Sum of command pulse	21	Single turn position	36	Synchronous period										
7	Maximum torque during motion	22	Multiturn position	37	No. of synchronous loss										
8	/	23	Communication axis address	38	Synchronous type										
9	Control mode	24	Encoder position deviation	39	Whether DC is running or not										
10	I/O signal status	25	Motor electrical angle	40	Acceleration/Deceleration status										
11	/	26	Motor mechanical Angle	41	Sub-index of OD index										
12	Error cause and history record	27	Voltage across PN	42	Value of sub-index of OD index										
13	Alarm code	28	Software version												
14	Regenerative load rate	29	/												

## 4.5 Parameters saving

### Save using driver's front panel

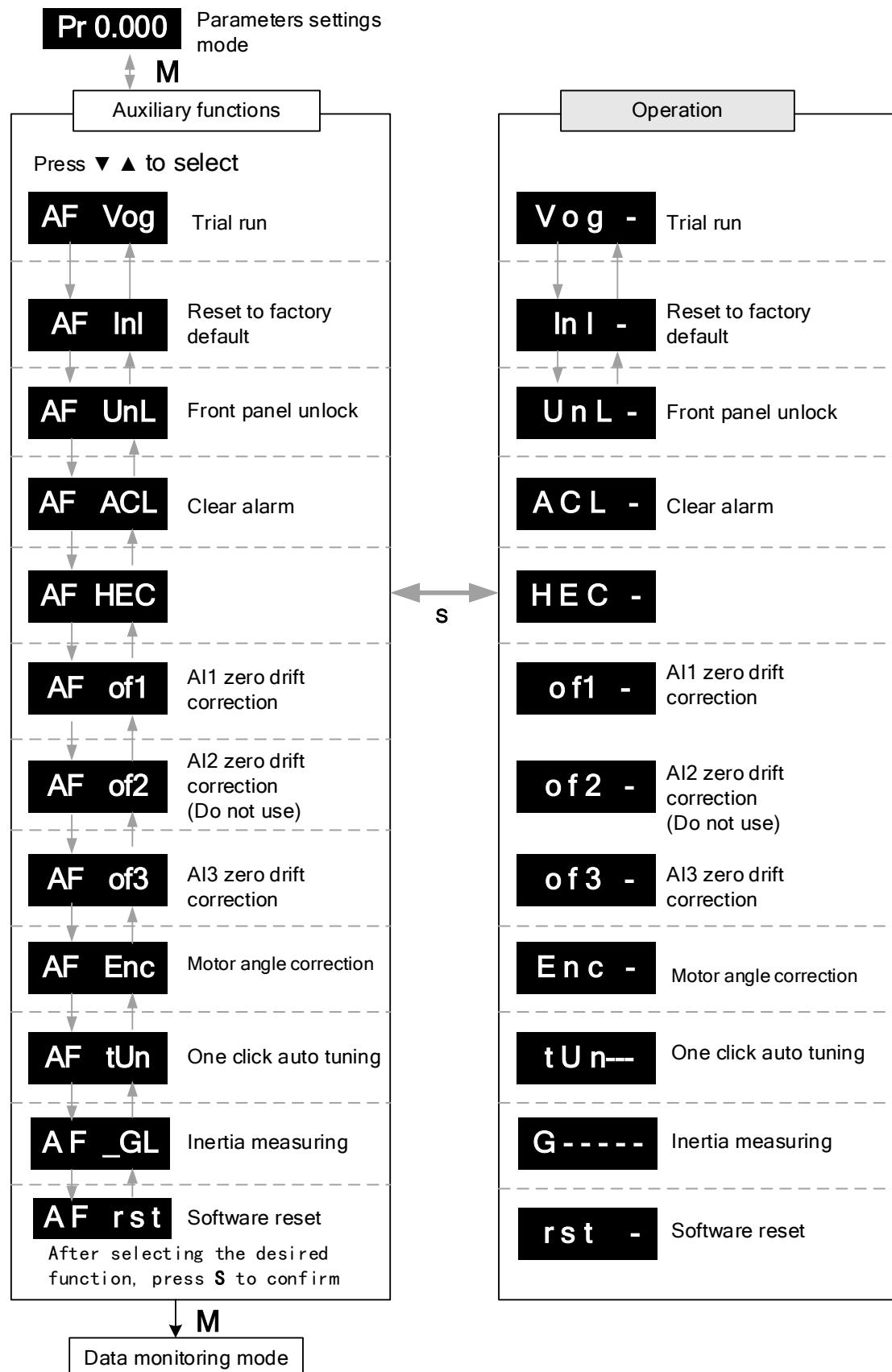


After modifying the selected parameter to desired values, press **S** to confirm and save the changes. If the parameter is modified but user does not want to save the changes, press **M** to exit without saving. Some parameter modifications will only take effect after the driver is restarted.

### Save using object dictionary

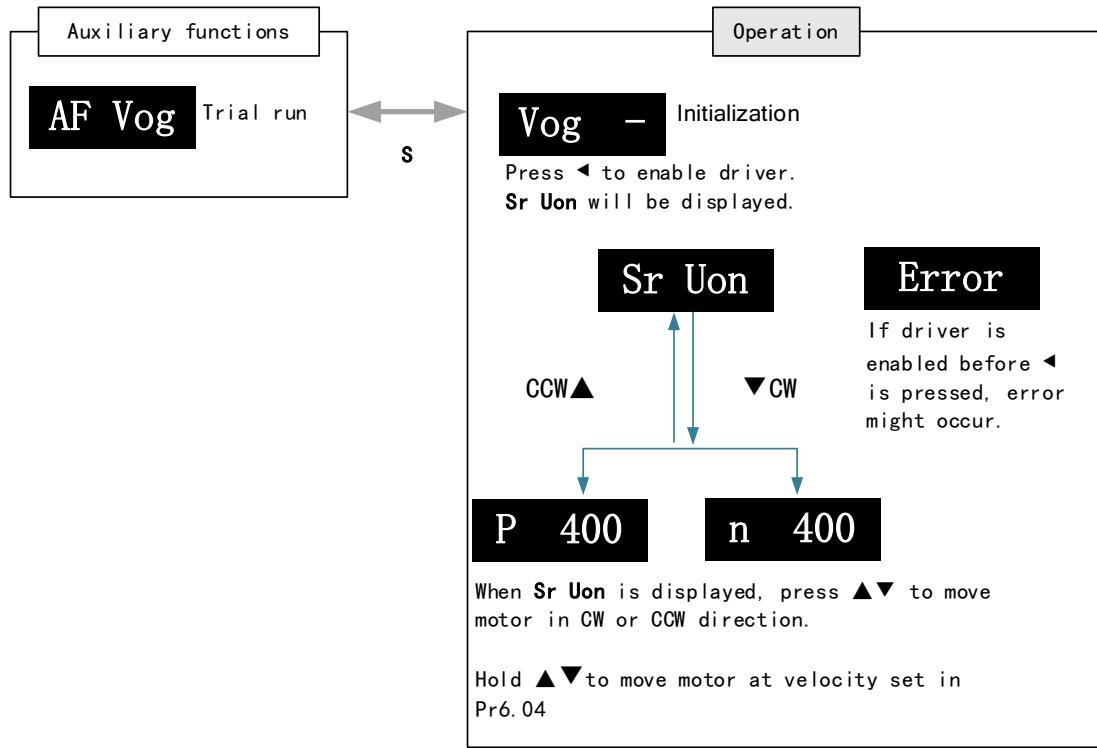
Objects	Types	Explanations
0x1010-01	ALL parameters	Master device can save <b>all</b> parameters to EEPROM using 0x1010-01. When the driver detects 0x1010-01 data from master device as 0x65766173, driver will save current parameters to EEPROM. After saving, 1010-01=1.
0x1010-02	Communication parameters	Master device can save communication parameters to EEPROM using 0x1010-02. When the driver detects 0x1010-02 data from master device as 0x65766173, driver will save current parameters to EEPROM. After saving, 1010-02=1.
0x1010-03	402 parameters	Master device can save 402 parameters to EEPROM using 0x1010-01. When the driver detects 0x1010-03 data from master device as 0x65766173, driver will save current parameters to EEPROM. After saving, 1010-03=1.
0x1010-04	Manufacturer's parameters	Master device can save manufacturer's parameters to EEPROM using 0x1010-01. When the driver detects 0x1010-01 data from master device as 0x65766173, driver will save current parameters to EEPROM (including 0x2000 to 0xFFFF parameters and electronic gear ratio parameters)

## 4.6 Auxiliary function



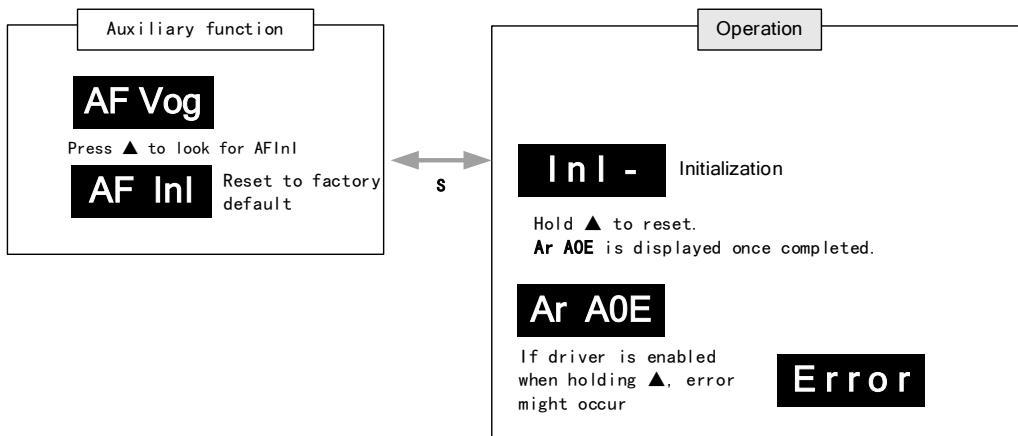
### AF Vog Trial run

- Please disable servo driver before performing any trial run.
- Please don't modify gain related parameters during trial run to prevent any occurrence of mechanical vibrations.
- Only use trial run when Pr0.01 set to 0, 1, 6.
- Please check Pr6.04 (JOG velocity) and Pr6.25 (JOG acceleration) before running.
- Press **S** to exit trial run.

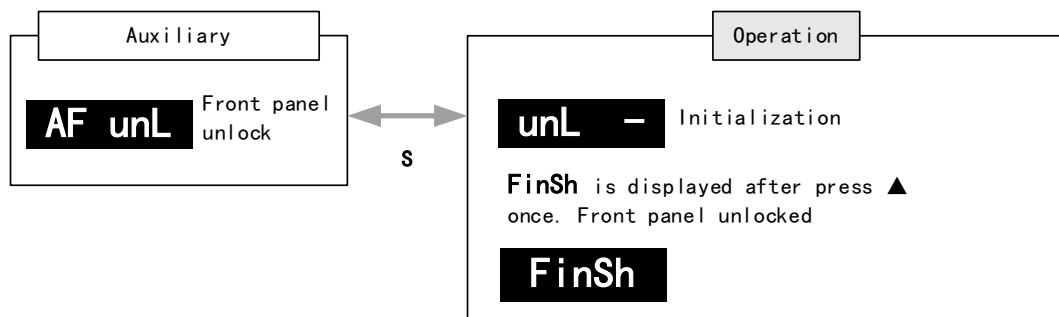


### AF Inl Reset to factory default

To reset parameters settings to factory default. Can be used to reset parameters using auxiliary function on front panel or using object dictionary.

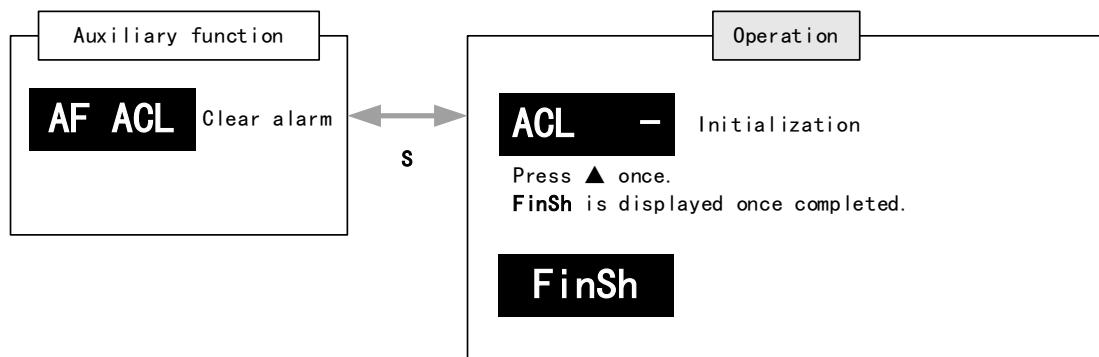


### AF unL Front panel unlock



### AF ACL Clear alarm

Alarm can be cleared using this auxiliary function but before that, the error needs to be solved and driver needs to be restarted.

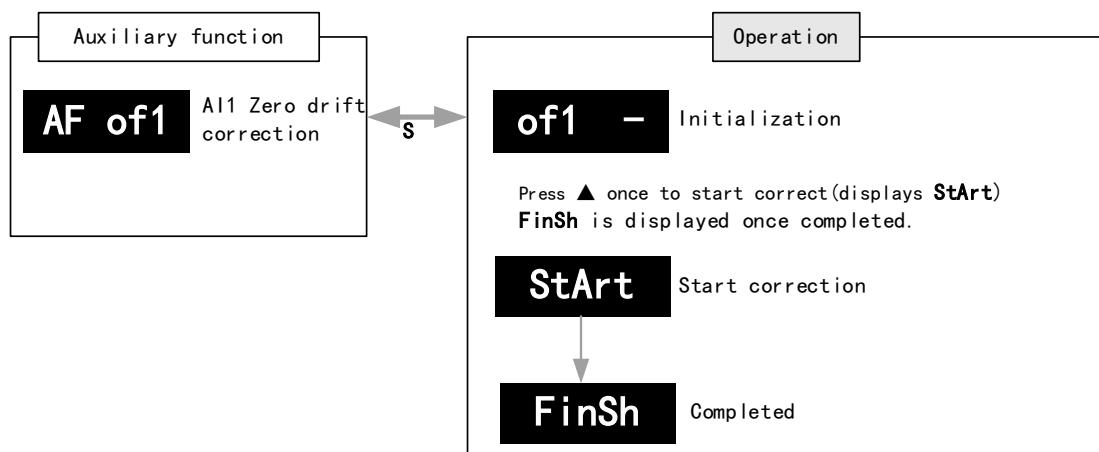


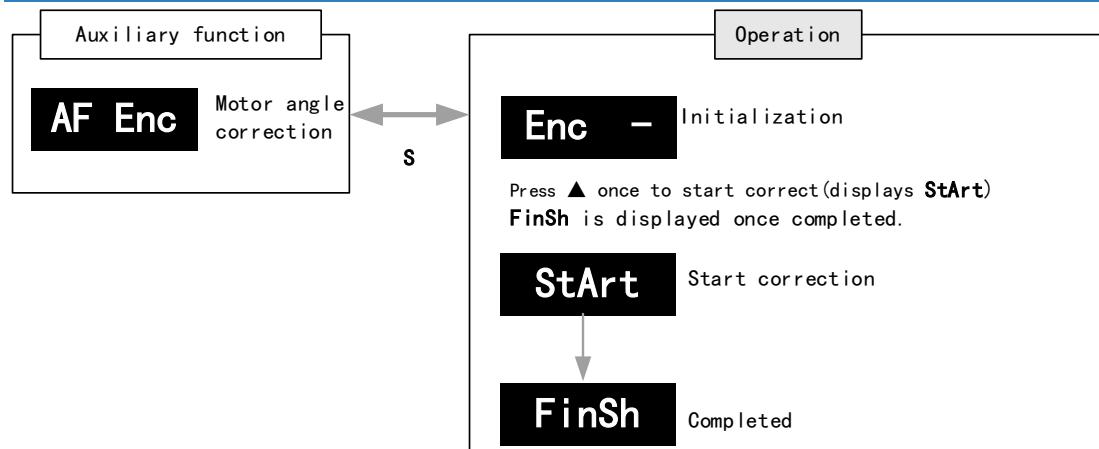
*For alarms that can be cleared using this function, please refer to table in Chapter 8.*

### AF of1 - AF of3 Analog input AI1-3 zero drift correction

Auto adjustment of analog input zero drift settings

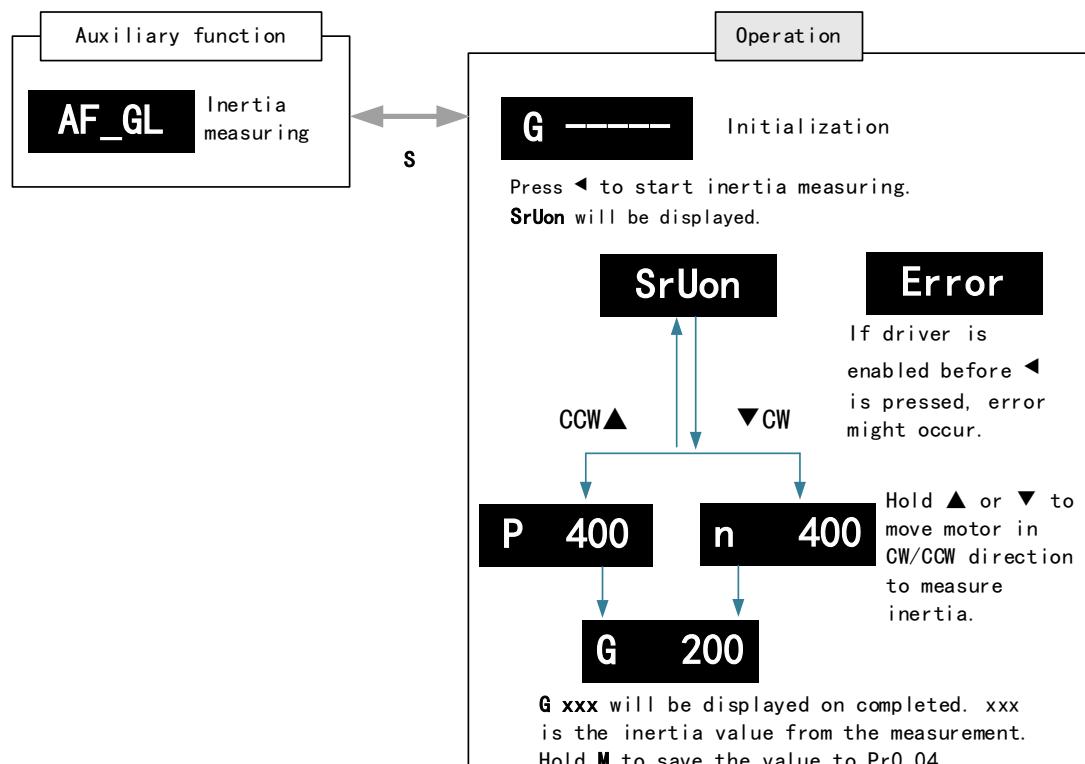
Analog input	Parameter (Zero drift settings)
AI1	Pr4.22
AI2	Pr4.25
AI3	Pr4.28



**AF Enc Motor angle correction**

**AF\_GL Inertia measuring**

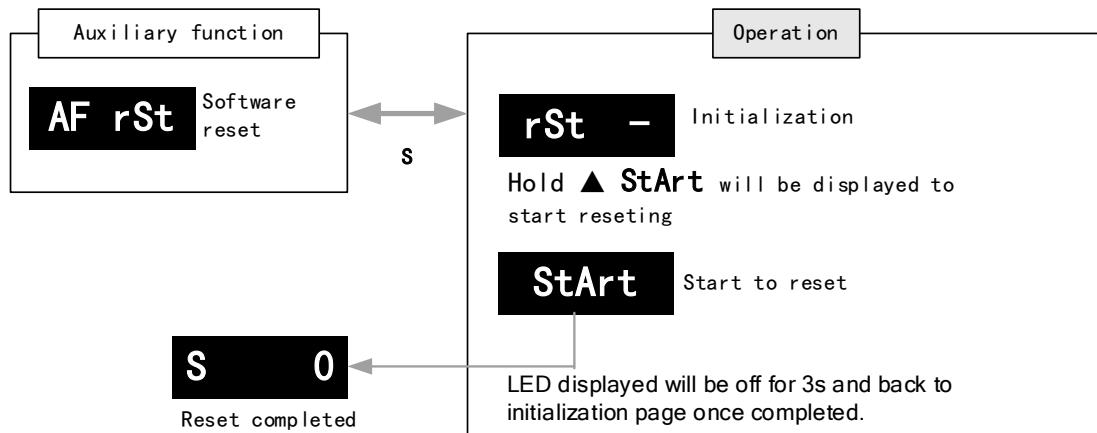
Please make sure: 1. Velocity < 300RPM, average velocity duration < 50ms  
2. Acceleration/Deceleration time < 500ms

Press **S** to exit and disable the driver once completed.



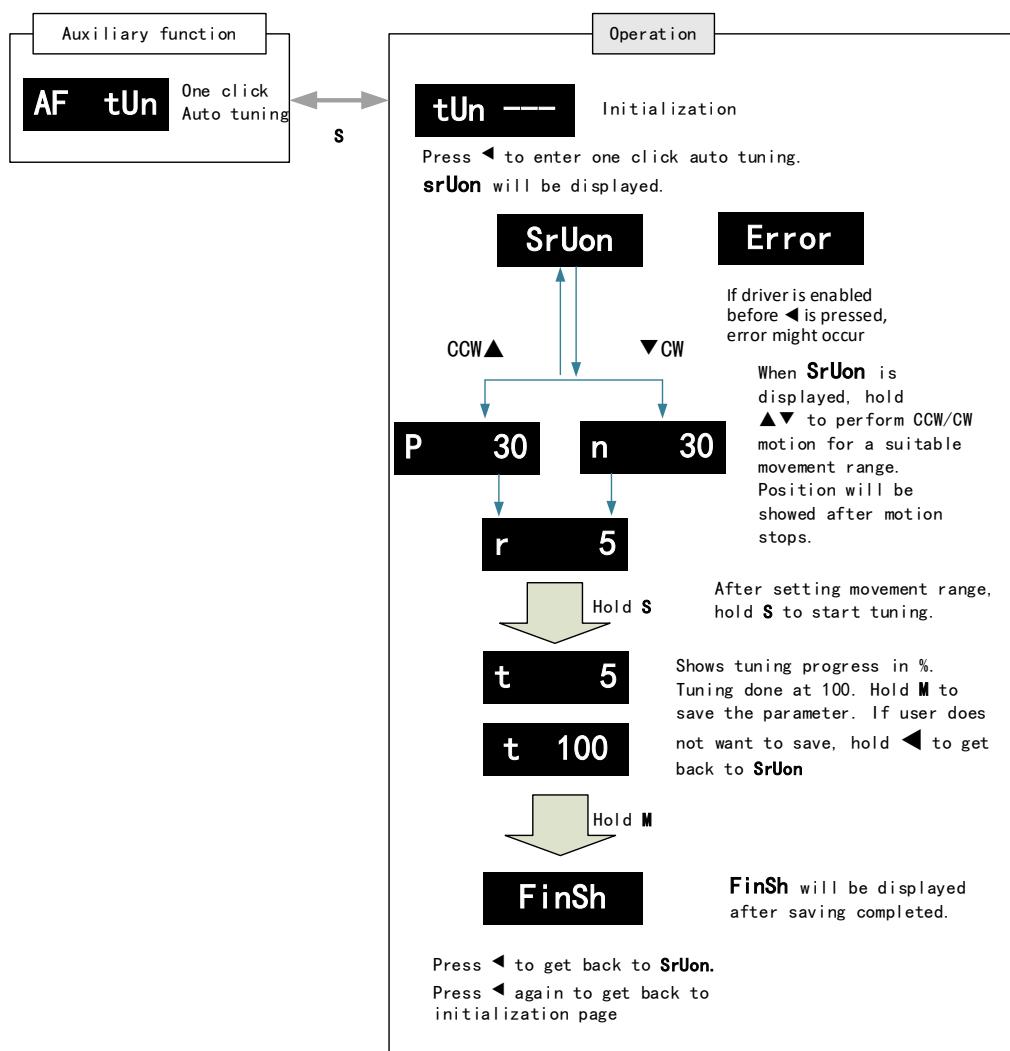
### AF rSt Software reset

Software reset is used mainly on parameters modification that takes effect only after driver restart.



### AF\_tun One click auto tuning

One click auto tuning can be applied by operating the front panel. Set simple movement range and movement range has to be more than 0.5 motor revolution.



## 4.7 Front panel warning indicator



### Warning indicator light status

1. Servo powered on but disabled: All 5 LEDs off
2. Servo powered on and enabled: All 5 LEDs lighted in cycles.
3. Warning status: All 5 LEDs lighted in accordance to assigned signals. Please refer to the table below.

Warning indicator	Parameter	Assignment	
		Set value	Signal
LED 1	Pr4.74	[0] 1 2 3 4 5	Null
LED 2	Pr4.75		Negative limit switch
LED 3	Pr4.76		Battery low voltage
LED 4	Pr4.77		Overload
LED 5	Pr4.78		Torque limit
			Positive limit switch

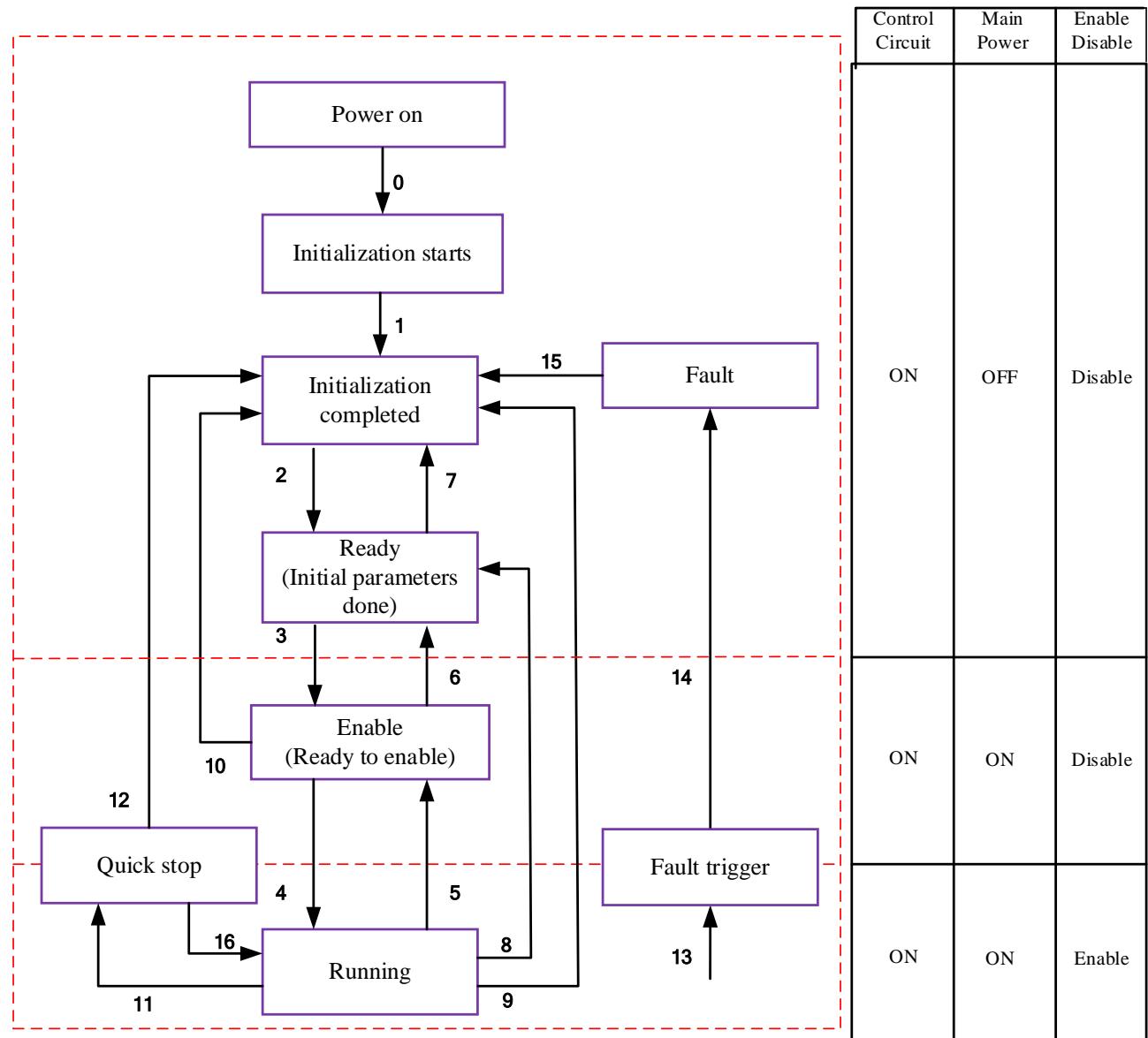
## Chapter 5 Control Mode

### 5.1 EL8-EC motion control step-by-step

- A. EtherCAT master device sends "control word (6040h)" to initialize the drive.
- B. Driver sends feedback "status word (6041h)" to the master device to indicate ready status (status word indication).
- C. Master device sends enable command (control word switch).
- D. The driver enables and sends feedback status to the master device.
- E. The master station sends homing command to home the axis. (Homing parameter and control word switch)
- F. Driver returns to home and sends feedback homed status to master device (status word indication)
- G. The master station sends the position mode command for position movement (position motion parameters and control word switch) or sends the velocity command for velocity movement (velocity motion parameters and control word switch).
- H. When the drive is finished executing the command (position command), EL8-EC feedbacks the position/velocity to the master device for monitoring during the motion.
- I. The master device sends commands for the next motion.

## 5.2 CIA402 State Machine

**State machine switchover diagram**



**Figure 5.1 EL8-EC 402 State Machine switchover diagram**

**Table 5.1 Status description**

Status	Description
Initialization starts	Driver powered on, initialization starts; Holding brake activated; Axis disabled
Initialization done	Initialization done; Parameters initialize, faultless; Axis disabled.
Ready	Parameter initialization done; Axis disabled.
Enable	Servo driver is ready to be enabled.
Running	Driver enabled, faultless
Quick stop	Quick stop activated
Fault triggered	Alarm not solved yet; Axis disabled.
Fault	Alarm solved. Waiting to switch from 402 state machine to Initialization starts; Axis disabled.

402 state machine switching is dependent on master device controlled servo driver control word (6040h)

CiA402 status switching		Control word 6040h	Status word 6041h Bit1-Bit9
0	Power on → Initialization	Transit automatically	0x0000
1	Initialization → Faultless	Transit automatically, Enter 13 if fault occurs	0x0250
2	Faultless-- ► Ready	0x0006	0x0231
3	Servo ready--> Waiting to enable	0x0007	0x0233
4	Waiting to enable-- ► Running	0x000F	0x0237
5	Running→ Waiting to enable	0x0007	0x0233
6	Waiting to enable → Ready	0x0006	0x0231
7	Ready→ Faultless	0x0000	0x0250
8	Running → Ready	0x0006	0x0231
9	Running-- ► Faultless	0x0000	0x0250
10	Waiting to enable → Faultless	0x0000	0x0250
11	Running-- ► Quick stop	0x0002	0x0217
12	Quick stop → Faultless	Transit automatically	0x0250
13	Fault stop	Transit automatically	0x021F
14	Fault stop-- ► Fault	Transit automatically	0x0218
15	Fault → Faultless	0x80	0x0250
16	Quick stop-- ► Running	0x0F	0x0237

## 5.3 Driver Control Mode Setting

### 5.3.1 Supported control mode (6502h)

EL8-EC supports seven modes, as defined in 6502h.

Bit	31~10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0																
Mode	Reserve d	CS T	CS V	CS P	Reserve d	H M	Reserve d	P T	P V	Reserve d	P P																
1:Supported	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1																
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #d9e1f2;">Description</th> <th style="background-color: #d9e1f2;">Abbr.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Profile position mode</td> <td>PP</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Profile velocity mode</td> <td>PV</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Profile Torque mode</td> <td>PT</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Homing mode</td> <td>HM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cyclic synchronous position mode</td> <td>CSP</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cyclic synchronous velocity mode</td> <td>CSV</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cyclic synchronous torque mode</td> <td>CST</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>												Description	Abbr.	Profile position mode	PP	Profile velocity mode	PV	Profile Torque mode	PT	Homing mode	HM	Cyclic synchronous position mode	CSP	Cyclic synchronous velocity mode	CSV	Cyclic synchronous torque mode	CST
Description	Abbr.																										
Profile position mode	PP																										
Profile velocity mode	PV																										
Profile Torque mode	PT																										
Homing mode	HM																										
Cyclic synchronous position mode	CSP																										
Cyclic synchronous velocity mode	CSV																										
Cyclic synchronous torque mode	CST																										

### 5.3.2 Operational mode setting (6060h) and Operational mode display (6061h)

The operation mode of the servo drive is set in 6060h. The operation mode of the servo drive is viewed in 6061h.

Bit	Description	Abbr.
1	Profile position mode	PP
3	Profile velocity mode	PV
4	Profile Torque mode	PT
6	Homing mode	HM
8	Cyclic synchronous position mode	CSP
9	Cyclic synchronous velocity mode	CSV
10	Cyclic synchronous torque mode	CST

## 5.4 Common Functions for All Modes

### 5.4.1 Digital input setting and status display

Please refer to chapter 5 for more details on digital I/O input and polarity settings. 60FDh object complies with IEC61800-200 standard input I/O status mapping object. 60FDh is set according to function as the table below shows.

<b>Bit31</b>	<b>Bit30</b>	<b>Bit29</b>	<b>Bit28</b>	<b>Bit27</b>	<b>Bit26</b>	<b>Bit25</b>	<b>Bit24</b>
Z signal	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Touch Probe 2	Touch Probe 1	BRAKE	INP/V-COIN /TLC
<b>Bit23</b>	<b>Bit22</b>	<b>Bit21</b>	<b>Bit20</b>	<b>Bit19</b>	<b>Bit18</b>	<b>Bit17</b>	<b>Bit16</b>
E-STOP	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	DI14	DI13
<b>Bit15</b>	<b>Bit14</b>	<b>Bit13</b>	<b>Bit12</b>	<b>Bit11</b>	<b>Bit10</b>	<b>Bit9</b>	<b>Bit8</b>
DI12	DI11	DI10	DI9	DI8	DI7	DI6	DI5
<b>Bit7</b>	<b>Bit6</b>	<b>Bit5</b>	<b>Bit4</b>	<b>Bit3</b>	<b>Bit2</b>	<b>Bit1</b>	<b>Bit0</b>
DI4	DI3	DI2	DI1	Reserved	HOME	POT	NOT

### 5.4.2 Digital output setting and control operation method

In addition to the internal operation of the servo system, EL8-EC also provides a function for the master device to operate digital I/O output of the servo driver.

If I/O output function is set up as master device control, master device can control servo driver digital I/O output through 60FEh object

<b>Bit Sub-index</b>	<b>31~21</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>15~0</b>
01h	Reserved	DO6 valid	DO5 valid	DO4 valid	DO3 valid	DO2 valid	DO1 valid	Reserved
02h		DO6 enabled	DO5 enabled	DO4 enabled	DO3 enabled	DO2 enabled	DO1 enabled	

### 5.4.3 Motor Rotational Direction

Rotational direction is defined in 607Eh.

<b>Mode</b>		<b>Set value</b>
Position Mode	PP	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 128: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command
	HM	
	CSP	
Velocity Mode	PV	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 64: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command
	CSV	
Torque Mode	PT	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 32: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command
	CST	
ALL Modes		0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 224: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command

#### 5.4.4 Stop Settings

EL8-EC provides quick stop function. Stopping is different under different modes.

Controlled by using object dictionary 605A.

Index 605Ah	Name	Quick stop option code		Unit	-	Structure	VAR	Type	INT 16
	Access	RW	Mapping	-	Mode	ALL	Range	0~7	Default
Motor stops when quick stop command is given.									
PP, CSP, CSV, PV									
0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled. 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084h. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled. 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085h. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled. 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6h. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled. 5 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084h. Status: Quick stop 6 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085h. Status: Quick stop 7 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6h. Status: Quick stop									
HM									
0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled. 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609Ah. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled. 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085h. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled. 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6h. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled. 5 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609Ah. Status: Quick stop 6 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085h. Status: Quick stop 7 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6h. Status: Quick stop									
CST									
0 : To stop motor through Pr5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled. 1, 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6087h. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled. 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through torque = 0. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled. 5, 6 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6087h. Status: Quick stop 7 : Motor decelerates and stops through torque = 0. Status: Quick stop									

When 402 state machine is disabled, the motor will stop freely.

When bit8(Halt) of 6040h is 1, the motor will stop with deceleration set in 6083h/6084h.

#### 5.4.5 Position mode – Electronic Gear

EL8-EC position mode consists of cyclic synchronous position mode (CSP), protocol position mode (PP) and homing mode (HM), only in these three modes is the electronic gear valid.

Electronic gear ratio range is 0.001~8000(23-bit encoder), otherwise ErA00 might occur if over range (the warning is not saved, after modification to a reasonable range, alarm on operational panel will automatically disappear, but the 402 state will still be in the "error" state, write 0x80 into 6040h).

Method 1:

Electronic gear ratio setting is defined by 608Fh (Position encoder resolution), 6091h (Gear ratio), 6092h (Feed constant) to change the motor position. Only valid under pre-operational mode.

608Fh (Position encoder resolution) is the resolution of the encoder, which is read internally without additional setting. 6092h\_01 represents the number of pulses that can be set for each revolution of the motor. 6091h\_01/6091h\_02 is real-time update effective.

Electronic gear subdivision method can be determined by modifying 6092h\_01 (Feed constant)

1. If 6092h\_01 (Feed constant) is not equal to 608Fh (Position Encoder resolution), then:

$$\text{Electronic gear ratio} = \text{encoder resolution} / 6092h_01$$

2. If 6092h\_01(Feed constant) is equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then:

$$\text{Electronic gear ratio} = 6091\_01/6092h\_01$$

Electronic gear ratio range is 0.001~8000(23 bit encoder), 0.001~125(17 bit encoder)

Command pulse count per motor revolution needs to be  $\geq$  Encoder Pulse Count per Revolution / 8000.

EL7 series comes with motors with 17-bit and 23-bit encoder. Pulse count per revolution for 17-bit encoder = 131072; for 23-bit encoder = 8388608. From the condition above, the command pulse count per motor revolution for 17-bit encoder should be  $\geq$  17; for 23-bit encoder  $\geq$  1049.

Method 2:

Electronic gear can be set through Pr0.08. If Pr0.08  $\neq$  0, Pr0.08 is valid. If Pr0.08 = 0, object dictionary 6092-01 is valid.

**Note:** when the setting value exceeds this range, the error will be reported and automatically reset to the default value. The default values of 6091\_01, 6091\_02 and 6092\_01 are 1, 1 and 10000.

## 5.4.6 Position Limits

The hardware limit is valid in all operational modes, and the software limit is valid only in the absolute operational mode of cyclic synchronous position mode (CSP) and profile position mode (PP)

The limit of the software is defined by 607Dh. The maximum position in the negative direction is defined in 607d-01h and the maximum position in the positive direction is defined in 607d-02h, the unit is consistent with the command unit.

The setting of object dictionary 0x5012-04 not only affects the homing offset of 607C, but also affects the software limit, 607D needs to be modified before the operational state

5012-04		Actual Positive Position Limit			Actual Negative Position Limit		
Bit2	Bit3						
0	0	607D-02 + 607C			607D-01 + 607C		
0	1	607D-02 - 607C			607D-01 - 607C		
1	X	607D-02			607D-01		

EL8-EC Software position limits valid conditions:

1. It can only be set in the pre-operational state of ESM. It is recommended to configure it by SDO when the system starts.
2. Only in the absolute mode of CSP and PP, in CSP mode, it is recommended to use the software limit function of the master station to achieve the fastest limit performance.
3. The incremental encoder motor is not effective until the homing process completed.
4. The setting rule is 607d-01h < 607d-02h, that is, the negative position limit value is less than the positive position limit value.

#### 5.4.7 Control Word

Bit definition of Control Word 6040h.

Bit	15~1 1	10~9	8	7	6~4	3	2	1	0
Definition	-	-	Halt	Fault reset	Related to modes	Operation enable	Quick stop	Voltage output	Switch on

Command	Bit7 and Bit0 to Bit3					6040 Value	402 State machine *1)
	7: Fault reset	3: Operation enable	2: Quick stop	1: Voltage output	0: Start		
Power off	0	x	1	1	0	0006h	2;6;8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	0007h	3*
Switch on	0	1	1	1	1	000Fh	3**
No voltage output	0	x	x	0	x	0000h	7;9;10;12
Quick stop	0	x	0	1	x	0002h	7;10;11
Operation enable	0	0	1	1	1	0007h	5
enable	0	1	1	1	1	000Fh	4;16
Fault reset	Rising edge	x	x	x	x	0080h	15

x is not affected by this bit state

\* indicates that this transition is performed in the device start state

\*\* indicates that it has no effect on the start state and remains in the start state

\*1) The state machine switch corresponds to figure 7.1

Definition of bit 8 and bit 6~4 in different operation modes are shown in the following table

Bit	Operation Mode						
	Profile Position (PP)	Profile Velocity (PV)	Profile Torque (PT)	Homing (HM)	Cyclic Sync Position (CSP)	Cyclic Sync Velocity (CSV)	Cyclic Sync Torque (CST)
8	Stop with deceleration	Stop with deceleration	Stop with deceleration	Stop with deceleration	-	-	-
6	Absolute/ Increment	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Immediately trigger	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	New Position	-	-	Start	-	-	-

#### 5.4.8 Status Word

Bit definition of Status Word 6041h.

Bit	Definition
15~14	Reserved
13~12	Related to modes
11	Position limit valid
10	Position arrival
9	Distance
8	Related to modes
7	Reserved
6	Not switch on
5	Quick stop
4	Voltage output
3	Fault
2	Operation enable
1	Switch on
0	Ready to switch on

Bit 11 is valid when the software or hardware limit is in effect.

The combination of bit 6 and bit 3~0 represents the device state shown in following table

Combination of bit 6 and bit 3~0	Description
xxxx,xxxx,x0xx,0000	Not ready to switch on
xxxx,xxxx,x1xx,0000	Switch on disabled
xxxx,xxxx,x01x,0001	Ready to switch on
xxxx,xxxx,x01x,0011	Switch on
xxxx,xxxx,x01x,0111	Operation enabled
xxxx,xxxx,x00x,0111	Quick stop active
xxxx,xxxx,x0xx,1111	Fault reaction active
xxxx,xxxx,x0xx,1000	Fault

x is not affected by this bit state

Definition of bit 8 and bit 13~12 in different operation modes are shown in the following table

Bit	Operation Mode						
	Profile Position (PP)	Profile Velocity (PV)	Profile Torque (PT)	Homing (HM)	Cyclic Sync Position (CSP)	Cyclic Sync Velocity (CSV)	Cyclic Sync Torque (CST)
13	Position error is too large	-	-	Homing Process error	-	-	-
12	-	Velocity is 0	-	Homing Process completed	Following valid	Following valid	Following valid
8	Abnormal stop	-	-	Abnormal stop	Abnormal stop	-	-

#### 5.4.9 Synchronous cycle time setting

The default synchronous cycle time range of EL8-EC series is 250us – 10ms. Min value: 125us; Max value: 20ms. Please make sure the values set is the multiplier of 250us.

#### 5.4.10 Driver Enabling

This section describes how to use control words 6040h/ status word 6041h command switching/status determination for EL8-EC controlled motor.

**Steps:**

- 1: Write 0 to the control word 6040h, and then AND 0x250 by bit, whether it is equal to 0x250
- 2: Write 6 to the control word 6040h, and then AND 0x231 by bit, whether it is equal to 0x231
- 3: Write 7 to the control word 6040h, and then AND 0x233 by bit, whether it is equal to 0x233
- 4: Write 15 to the control word 6040h, and then AND 0x237 by bit, whether it is equal to 0x237

## 5.5 Position Mode (CSP、PP、HM)

### 5.5.1 Common Functions of Position Mode

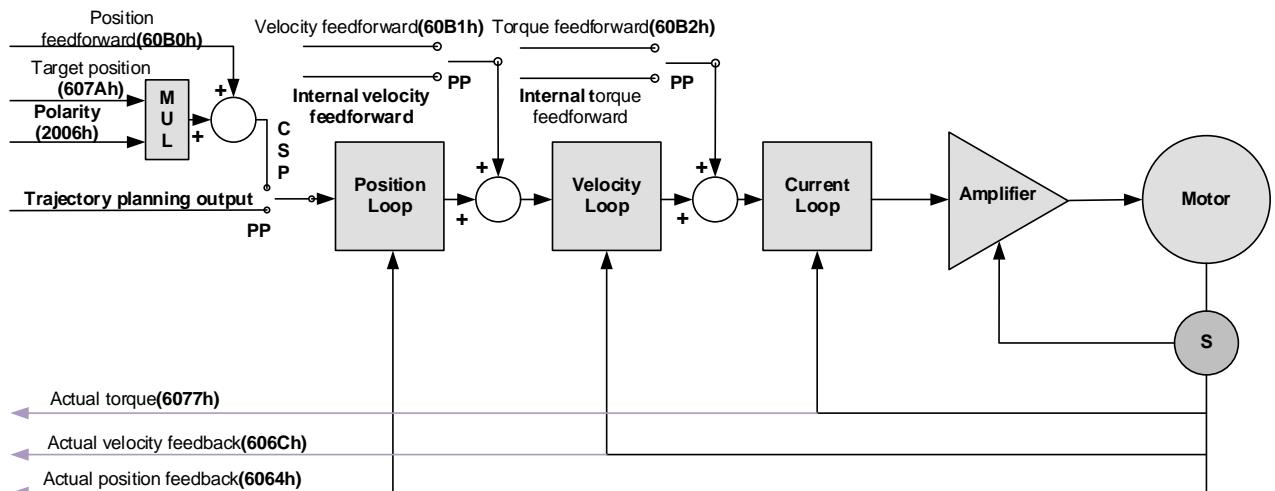
Index	Sub-Index	Label	Access	PDO	Mode		
					PP	CSP	HM
6040	0	Control word	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6072	0	Max torque	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
607A	0	Target position	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	/
607D	1	Min. software limit	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	/
	2	Max. software limit	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	/
607F	0	Maximum protocol velocity	RW	RxPDO	Yes	/	Yes
6080	0	Maximum motor velocity	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6081	0	Profile velocity	RW	RxPDO	Yes	/	/
6083	0	Profile acceleration	RW	RxPDO	Yes	/	/
6084	0	Profile deceleration	RW	RxPDO	Yes	/	/
60C5	0	Protocol maximum acceleration	RW	RxPDO	Yes	/	Yes
60C6	0	Protocol maximum deceleration	RW	RxPDO	Yes	/	Yes

Index	Sub-Index	Label	Access	PDO	Mode		
					PP	CSP	HM
6041	0	Status word	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6062	0	Position command	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6063	0	Actual internal position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6064	0	Actual position feedback	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6065	0	Position deviation window	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	/
6066	0	Position deviation detection time	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	/
606C	0	Velocity feedback	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes

6074	0	Internal command torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6076	0	Rated torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6077	0	Actual torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
60F4	0	Actual following error	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
60FA	0	Position loop velocity output	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
60FC	0	Internal command position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes

## 5.5.2 Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode (CSP)

CSP Block Diagram



## Related Objects

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
(RXPDO)	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	—	Required
	607A-00h	Target position	I32	RW	Uint	Required
	60B0-00h	Position feedforward	I32	RW	Uint	Optional
	60B1-00h	Velocity feedforward	I32	RW	Uint /S	Optional
	60B2-00h	Torque feedforward	I16	RW	0.1%	Optional
(TXPDO)	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	—	Required
	6064-00h	Actual feedback position	I32	RO	Uint	Required
	606C-00h	Actual feedback velocity	I32	RO	Uint /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	I32	RO	Uint	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Optional

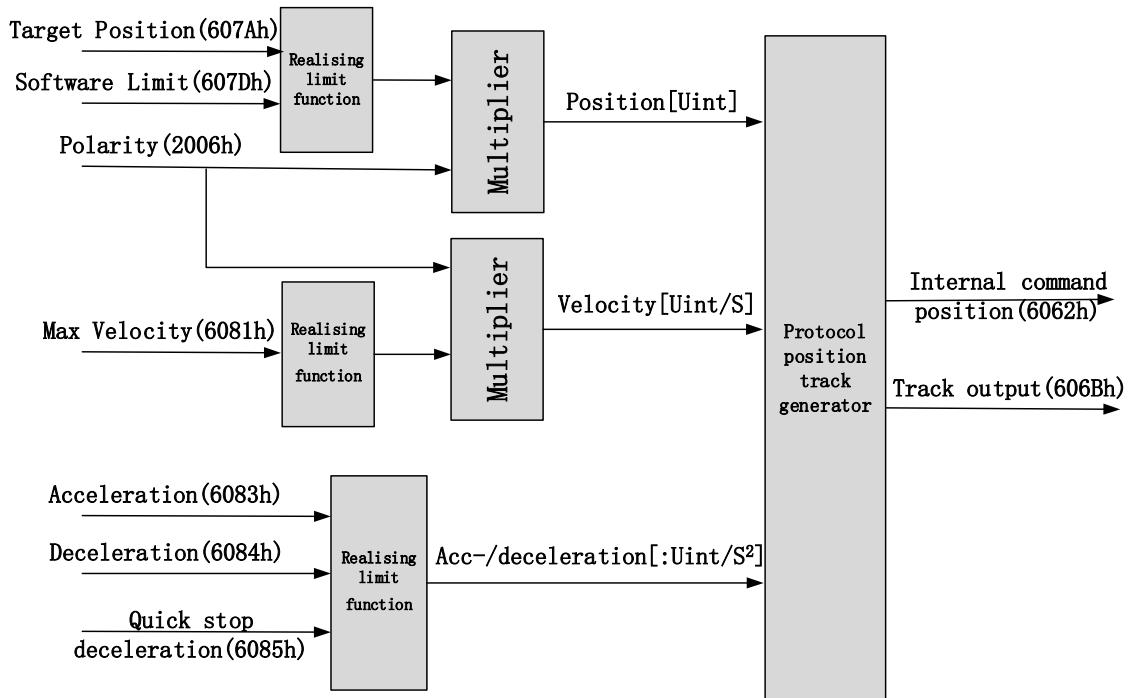
#### Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	—
6060-00h	Operation mode	I8	RW	—
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	I8	RO	—
6062-00h	Position demand value	I32	RO	Uint
606B-00h	Internal command speed	I32	RO	Uint
607D-01h	Min. software limit	I32	RO	Uint
607D-02h	Max. software limit	I32	RO	Uint
605A-00h	Quick stop option code	I16	RW	—
6085-00h	Emergency stop deceleration	U32	RW	Uint /S
608F-01h	Encoder resolution	U32	RO	P
608F-02h	Motor turns	U32	RO	—
6091-01h	Electronic gear ratio numerator	U32	RW	—
6091-02h	Electronic gear ratio denominator	U32	RW	—
6092-01h	Number of pulses per rotation	U32	RW	—
6092-02h	Number of physical axis turns	U32	RO	—

### 5.5.3 Protocol Position Mode (PP)

Under non-synchronous mode, master device is responsible for only sending parameters and control command; After receiving enable command from master device, servo driver will plan motion route according to parameters. Under non-synchronous mode, motor motion between each axes are asynchronous.

From the perspective of servo driver functions, the difference between PP and CSP mode is that PP mode requires track generator function from L7EC



### Related Parameters

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
(RXPDO)	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	—	Required
	607A-00h	Target position	I32	RW	Uint	Required
	6081-00h	Max. velocity	I32	RW	Uint	Required
	6083-00h	Acceleration	I32	RW	Uint /S	Optional
(TXPDO)	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	—	Required
	603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	—	Optional
	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	I32	RO	Uint	Required
	606C-00h	Actual velocity feedback	I32	RO	Uint /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	I32	RO	Uint	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Optional

Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	—
6060-00h	Operation mode	I8	RW	—
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	I8	RO	—
6062-00h	Position demand value	I32	RO	Uint
606B-00h	Internal command speed	I32	RO	Uint
607D-01h	Min. software limit	I32	RO	Uint
607D-02h	Max. software limit	I32	RO	Uint

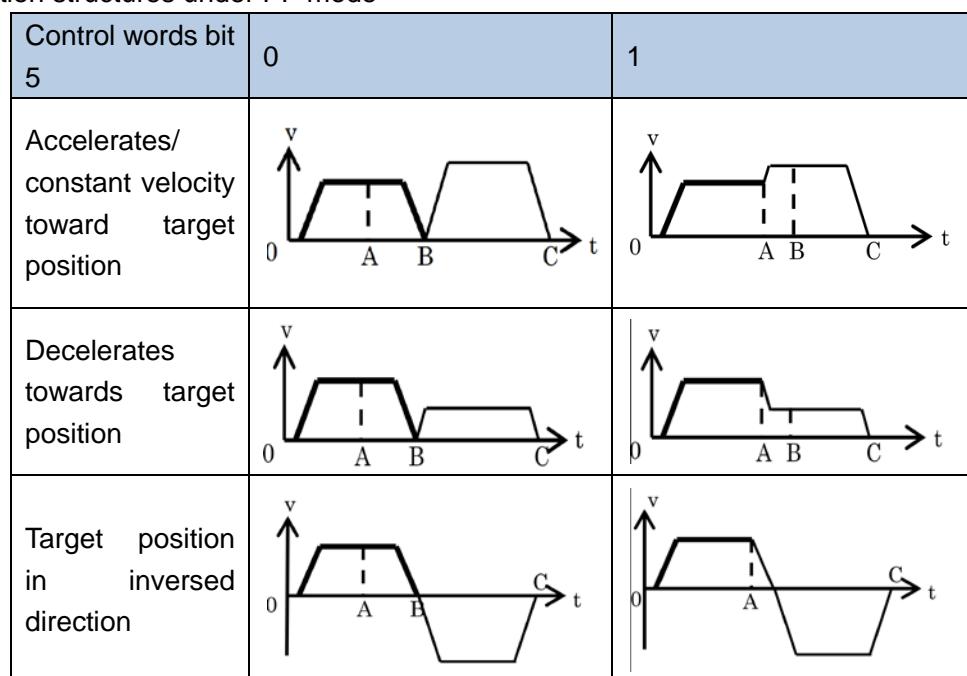
605A-00h	Quick stop option code	I16	RW	—
6085-00h	Emergency stop deceleration	U32	RW	Uint /S
608F-01h	Encoder resolution	U32	RO	P
608F-02h	Motor turns	U32	RO	—
6091-01h	Electronic gear ratio numerator	U32	RW	—
6091-02h	Electronic gear ratio denominator	U32	RW	—
6092-01h	Number of pulses per rotation	U32	RW	—
6092-02h	Number of physical axis turns	U32	RO	—

### Control and status words under PP mode

Control word bits 4~6 definition under PP mode

Bit	Value	Definition
4 (New position)	0→1	Latest target position(607Ah)、Max. Velocity(6081h)、Acc-/deceleration(6083h/6084h) Starts
5 (Instant trigger)	0	Trigger new position command once current one is completed.
	1	Interrupted current position command and trigger new position command
6(Absolute/ relative)	0	Set target position(607Ah)as absolute position
	1	Set target position(607Ah) as relative position

5 motion structures under PP mode



A: Command switching time from master device

B: Arrival time before target position renewal

C: Arrival time after target position renewal

Thick line: Motion before command changed

Thin line : Motion after command changed

Status word bits 12-15, 10, 8 definition under PP mode

Bit	Value	Definition
8(Abnormal Stoppage)	0	Normal motion
	1	Abnormal stoppage triggered, motor stopped *1)
10(Arrived at position)	0	Motion not completed
	1	Target position reached
12(New position)	0	Current motion completed/interruptible, able to execute new position command *2)
	1	Current motion not completed/interruptible, unable to execute new position command
14(Motion Parameter = 0)	0	Motion parameters valid, necessary parameters all not set to 0.
	1	Parameter = 0 under current motion. One of 3 parameters, Max. velocity (6081h), acceleration (6083h) and deceleration (6084h) = 0.
15(Trigger)	0	Current motion incomplete/uninterruptable, new target position cannot be renewed. *3)
	1	Current motion completed/interruptible, new target position can be renewed.

\*1) Bit 8 abnormal stoppage usually valid when hardware limit, deceleration stoppage and quick stop are triggered.

\*2) Bit 12 under control word(6040h)bit 5 valid and bit 4 invalid, motion interruptible.

\*3) Bit 15 and bit 12 have inversed logic under PP mode.

#### Application: Realization of relative position motion

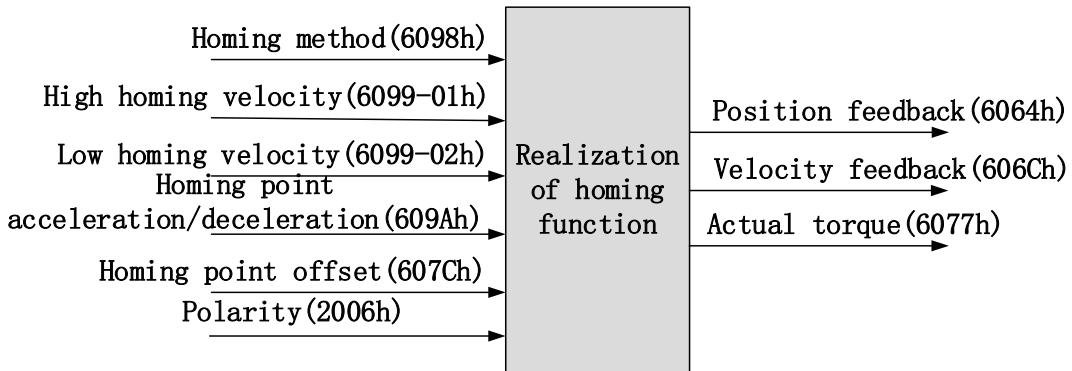
Step 1: 6060h = 1, determine if 6061h =1. Servo driver is now under PP mode.

Step 2: Write motion parameters: Target position 607Ah, Max. velocity 6081h, acceleration 6083h, deceleration 6084h

Step 3: Enable servo driver and switch bit 6 and 4 to realize relative position motion.

### 5.5.4 Homing mode (HM)

EL8-EC servo system supports every other homing method except for method 36. Output/input parameters of L7EC are as shown below.



#### Related Parameters

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
(RXPDO)	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	—	Required
	6098-00h	Homing mode	I8	RW	Uint	Optional
	6099-01h	High homing velocity	U32	RW	Uint/S	Optional
	6099-02h	Low homing velocity	U32	RW	Uint /S	Optional
	609A-00h	Homing point acceleration	U32	RW	Uint /S <sup>2</sup>	Optional
	607C-00h	Homing point offset	I32	RW	Uint	Optional
(TXPDO)	60-00h	Status word	U16	RO	—	Required
	603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO		Optional
	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	I32	RO	Uint	Optional
	606C-00h	Actual velocity feedback	I32	RO	Uint /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	I32	RO	Uint	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Optional

Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	—
6060-00h	Operation mode	I8	RW	—
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	I8	RO	—
6062-00h	Position demand value	I32	RO	Uint
606B-00h	Internal command speed	I32	RO	Uint
608F-01h	Encoder resolution	I32	RO	Uint
608F-02h	Motor revolution	I32	RO	Uint

6091-01h	Electronic gear ratio numerator	U32	RW	—
6091-02h	Electronic gear ratio denominator	U32	RW	—
6092-01h	Number of pulses per rotation	U32	RW	—
6092-02h	Number of physical axis turns	U32	RO	—

### Control and status words under HM mode

Control word bit 4 definition under HM mode

Bit	Value	Definition
4(Homing motion starts/stops)	0→1	Homing motion starts
	1→0	Homing motion stops, motor stops

Status word bits 12-15, 10, 8 definition under PP mode

Bit	Value	Definition
8(Abnormal Stoppage)	0	Normal motion
	1	Abnormal stoppage triggered, motor stops *1)
10(Arrived at position)	0	Motion not completed
	1	Target position reached
12(Homing done)	0	Homing not done
	1	Homing done, valid after reaching position(bit 10) *2)
14(Motion Parameter = 0)	0	Motion parameters valid, necessary parameters all not set to 0.
	1	Parameter = 0 under current motion. One of 4 parameters, Homing mode (6098h), high homing velocity(6099h-01), low homing velocity (6099h-02) and homing point acc-/deceleration (609Ah) = 0.
15(Trigger)	0	Homing triggered/completed *3)
	1	Homing triggers

\*1) Bit 8 abnormal stoppage usually valid when hardware limit, deceleration stoppage and quick stop are triggered.

\*2) Determine if homing is done, determine if bit 10/12 is occupied.

\*3) Use to indicate if homing is able to trigger or already triggered.

### Incorrect position triggering conditions

Triggering condition	Remarks
Absolute encoder homing	Control words 6040h bit 4 from 0 to 1
2 limit switch signals detected	Positive and negative limit switches detected during homing

Negative limit valid when positive limit is used	Negative limit valid under 2,7-10,23-26 homing modes
Positive limit valid when negative limit is used	Positive limit valid under 1,11-14,27-30 homing modes
Limit switch valid when not in used	Limit switch valid under 3,4,19,20 homing modes
Limit switch/homing signal valid when only z-signal is used	Limit switch and homing sensor valid under 33,34 homing modes

## Homing mode

### Torque limiting mode

**Mode-6:** Search for homing point in **negative direction at low velocity**. Stop after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39 and homing done signal delivers after the time value set in Pr5.37



**Mode -5:** Search for homing point in **positive direction at low velocity**. Stop after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39 and homing done signal delivers after the time value set in Pr5.37



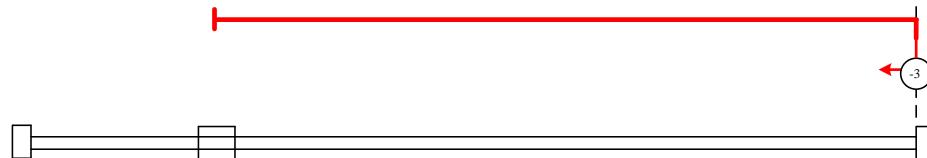
**Mode -4:** Search for homing point in **negative direction at high velocity**. Move in **positive direction** after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone. Homing done signal delivers after the time value set in Pr5.37

| Start      ○ Stop      — High velocity  
6099h-01h      — Low velocity  
6099h-02h



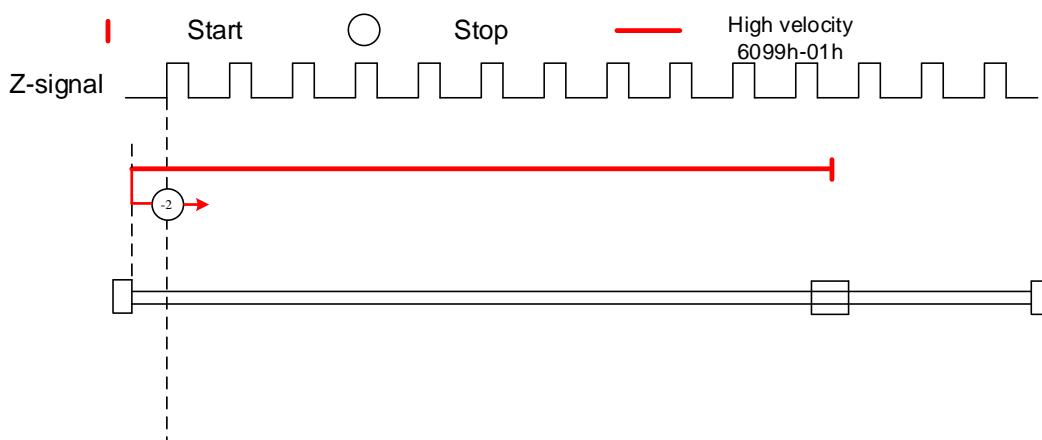
**Mode -3:** Search for homing point in **positive direction at high velocity**. Move in **negative direction** after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone. Homing done signal delivers after the time value set in Pr5.37

| Start      ○ Stop      — High velocity  
6099h-01h      — Low velocity  
6099h-02h



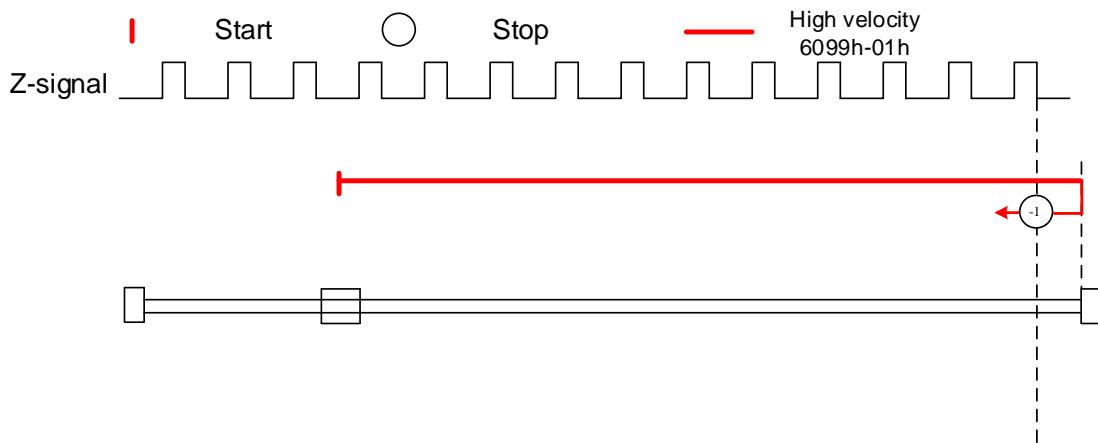
### Torque limiting+Z-signal mode

**Mode -2:** Search for homing point in **negative direction at high velocity**. Move in **positive direction** after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone with the **first Z-signal**.



**Mode -1:** Search for homing point in **positive direction at high velocity**. Move in **negative direction** after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is

gone with the **first Z-signal**.



### Limit switch signal+Z-signal mode

#### Mode 1:

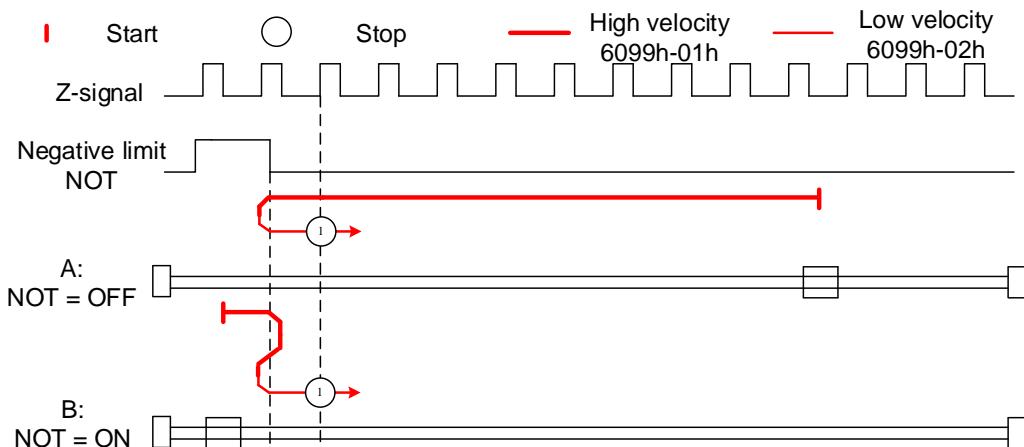
Diagram A: *Negative limit switch = OFF*

1. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **negative limit switch valid**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after negative limit switch and first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: *Negative limit switch = ON*

1. Start to move at **negative limit switch position** in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **negative limit switch invalid**.
2. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **negative limit switch valid**.
3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after negative limit switch and first encoder Z-signal valid**

*If the positive limit signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.*



**Mode 2:**

Diagram A: *Positive limit switch = OFF*

1. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **positive limit switch valid**.
2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after positive limit switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: *Positive limit switch = ON*

1. Start to move at **positive limit switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **positive limit switch invalid**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **positive limit switch valid**.
3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after positive limit switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

*If the negative limit signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.*

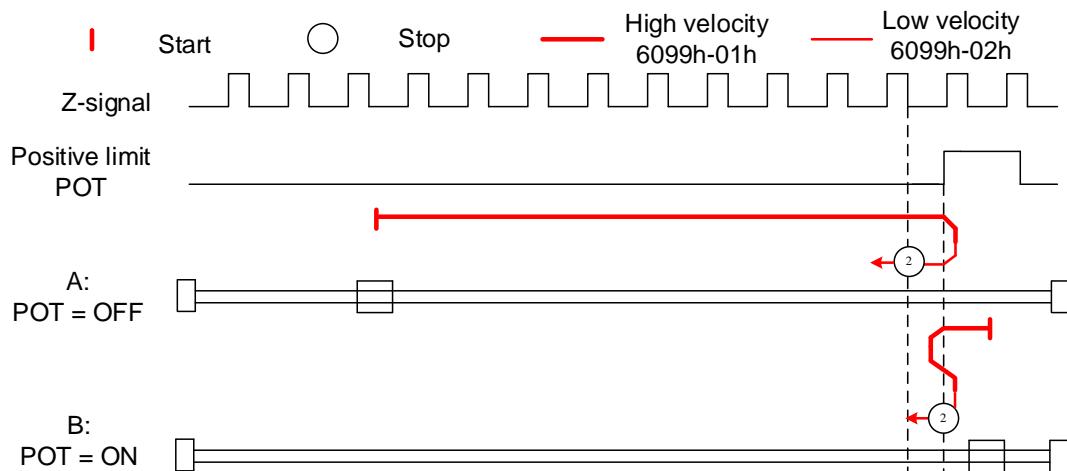

**Homing switch signal+Z-signal mode**
**Mode 3:**

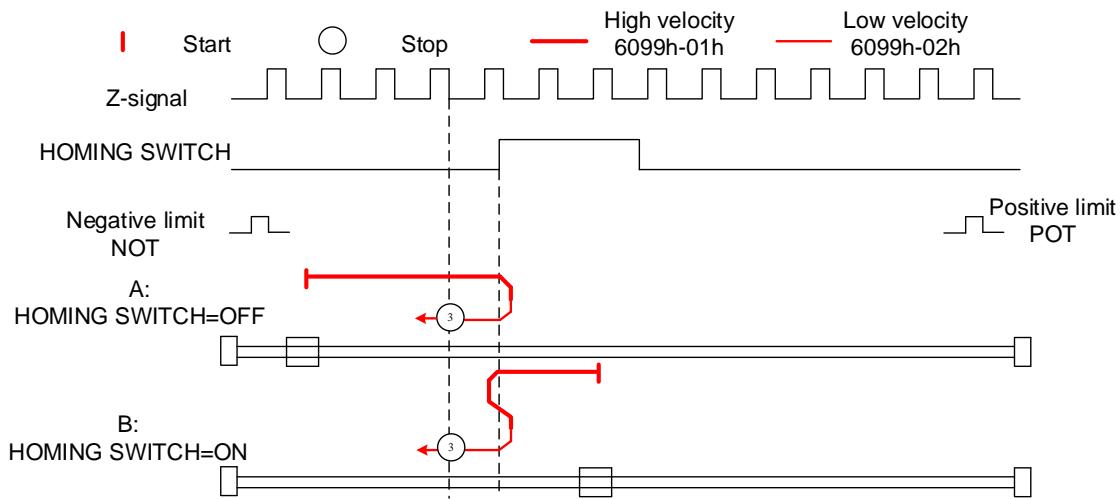
Diagram A: *Homing switch = OFF*

1. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: *Homing switch = ON*

1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

If the positive/negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



#### Mode 4:

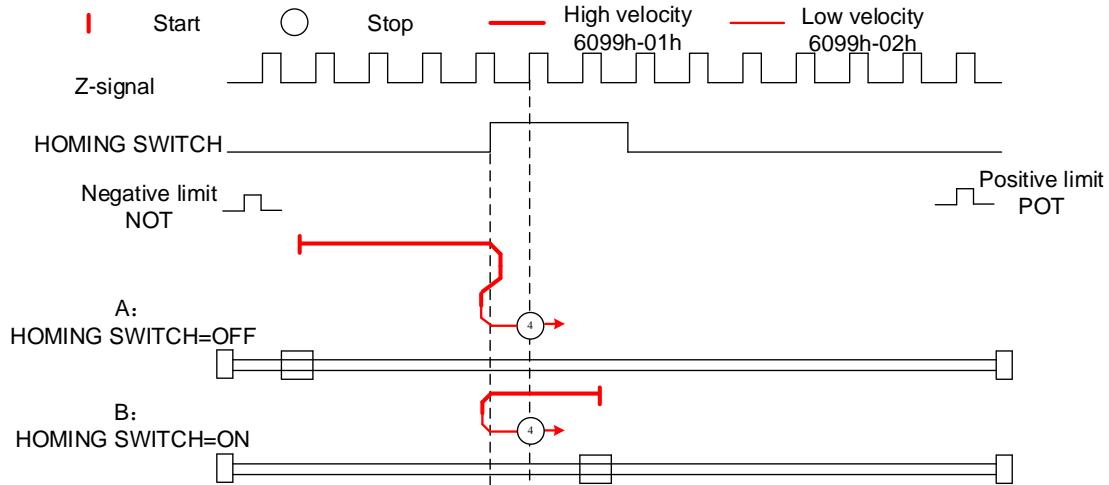
Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

1. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
2. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch invalid**.
3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

If the positive/negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



### Mode 5:

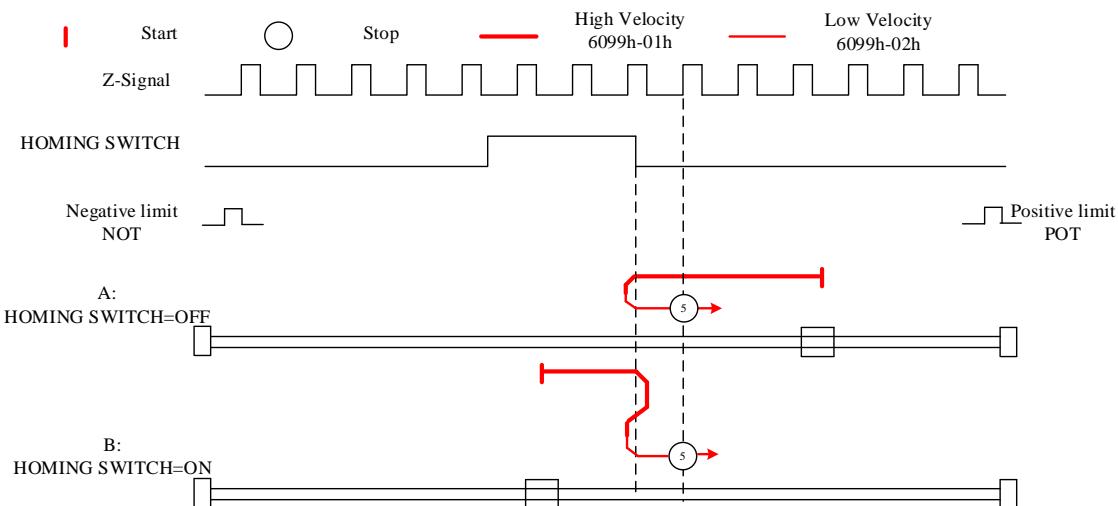
Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

1. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until homing switch valid.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

1. Start to move at **homing switch position in positive direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
2. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until homing switch valid.
3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid**

*If the positive/negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.*



### Mode 6:

Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

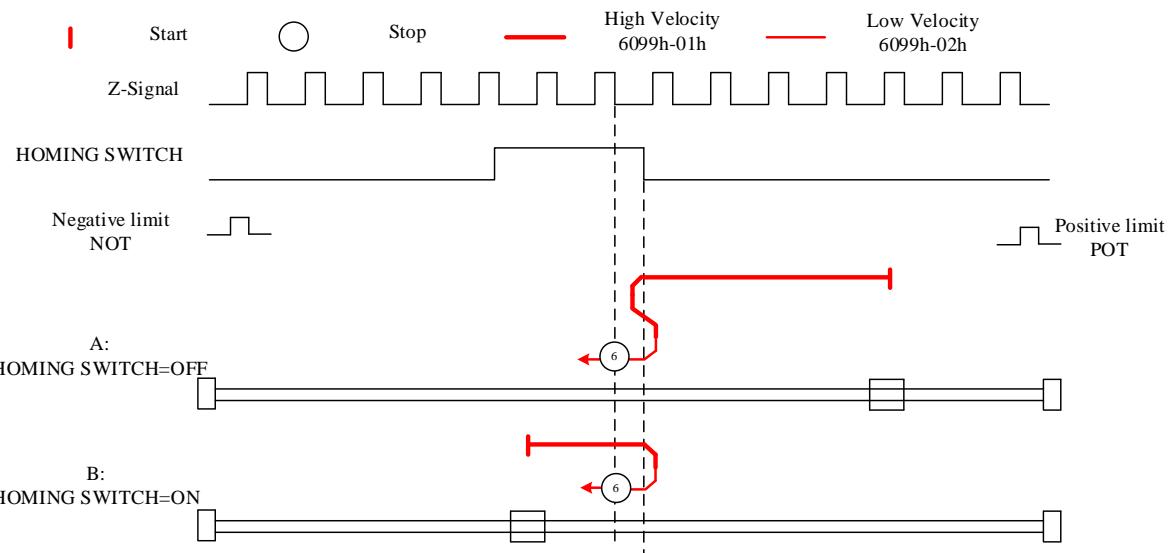
1. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until homing switch valid.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until homing switch invalid.
3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after homing switch valid and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

1. Start to move at **homing switch position in positive direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after homing switch valid and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

*If the positive/negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop*

immediately.



### Limit switch signal+homing switch signal+Z-signal mode

#### Mode 7

Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

1. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
2. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

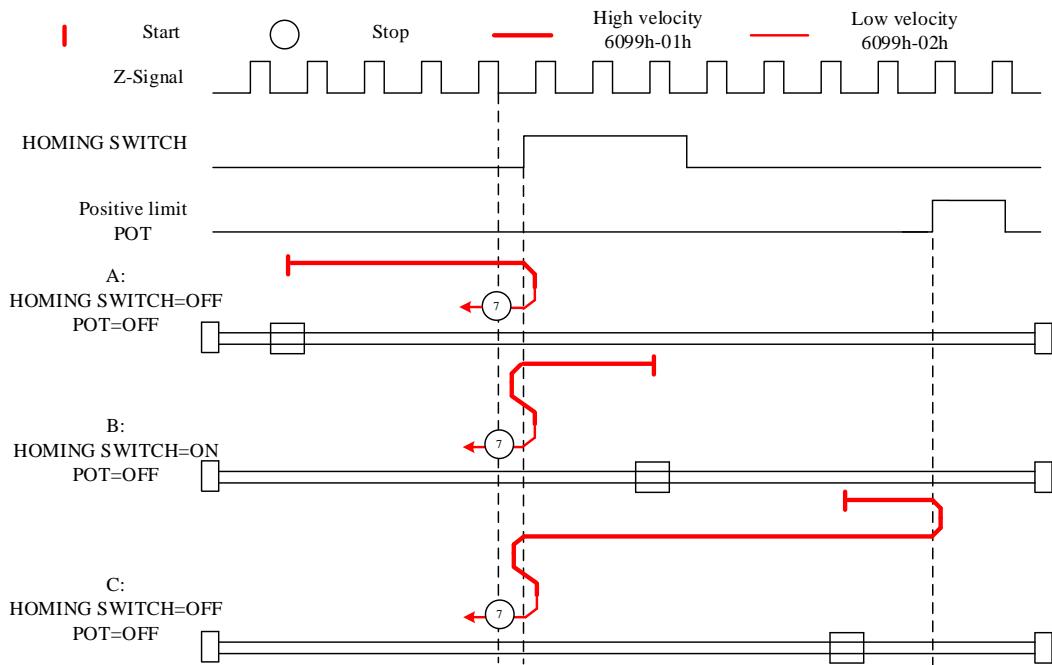
Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

1. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **positive limit switch valid**.
2. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
3. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
4. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid**

If the negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



## Mode 8

Diagram A: *Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF*

1. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
2. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

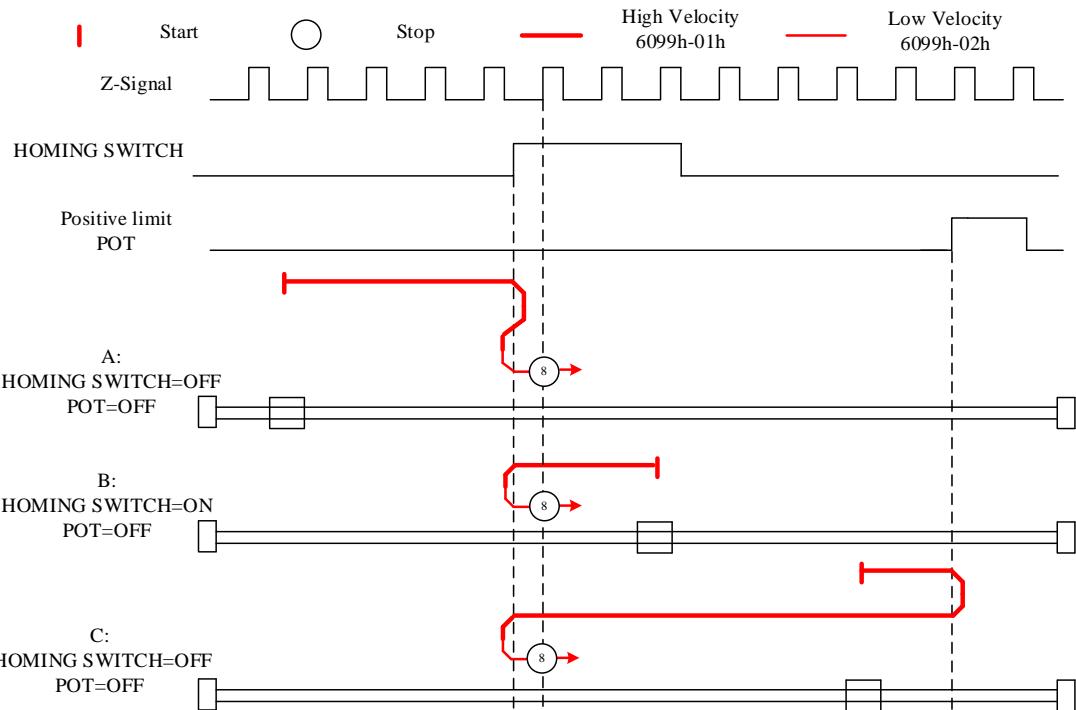
Diagram B: *Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF*

1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: *Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF*

1. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **positive limit switch valid**.
2. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

If the negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



## Mode 9

Diagram A: *Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF*

1. Move in **positive direction at high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
2. Move in **negative direction at low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

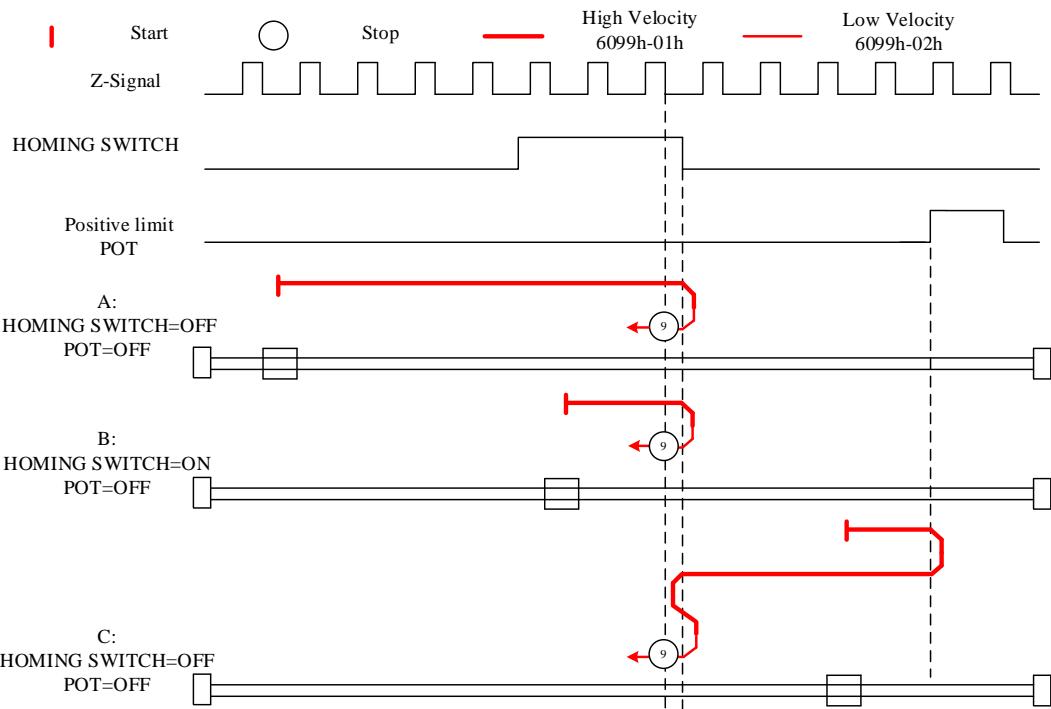
Diagram B: *Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF*

1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **positive direction at high velocity** until **homing switch invalid**.
2. Move in **negative direction at low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: *Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF*

1. Move in **positive direction at high velocity** until **positive limit switch valid**.
2. Move in **negative direction at high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
3. Move in **positive direction at high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
4. Move in **negative direction at low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z signal valid**

If the negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



## Mode 10

Diagram A: *Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF*

1. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
2. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

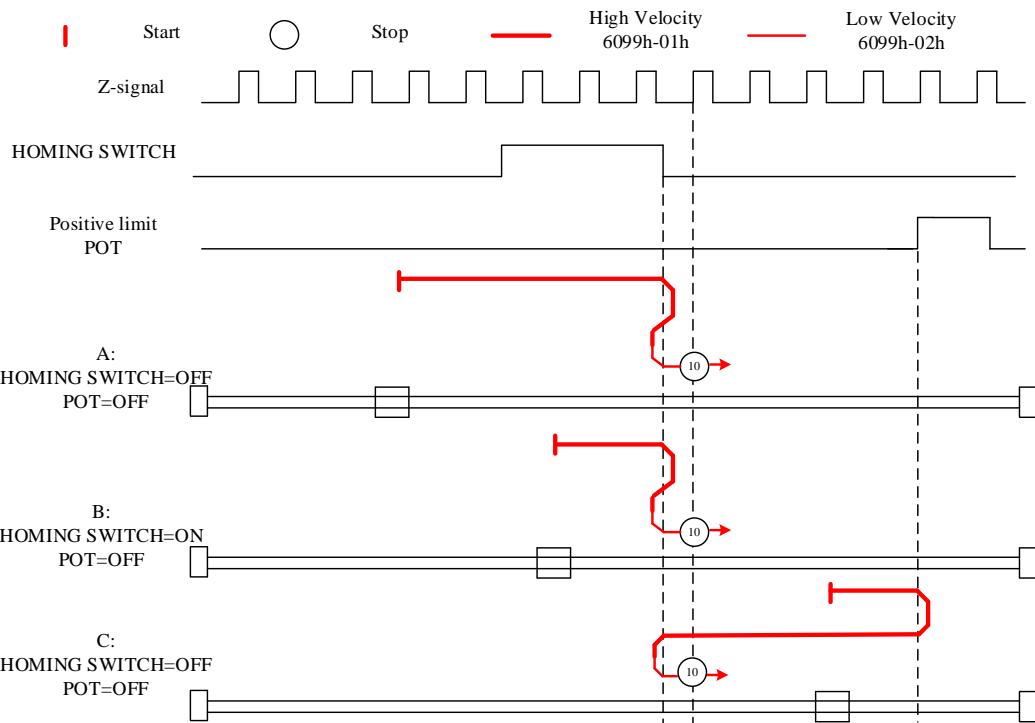
Diagram B: *Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF*

1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
2. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: *Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF*

1. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **positive limit switch valid**.
2. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid**

If the negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



## Mode 11

Diagram A: *Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF*

1. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

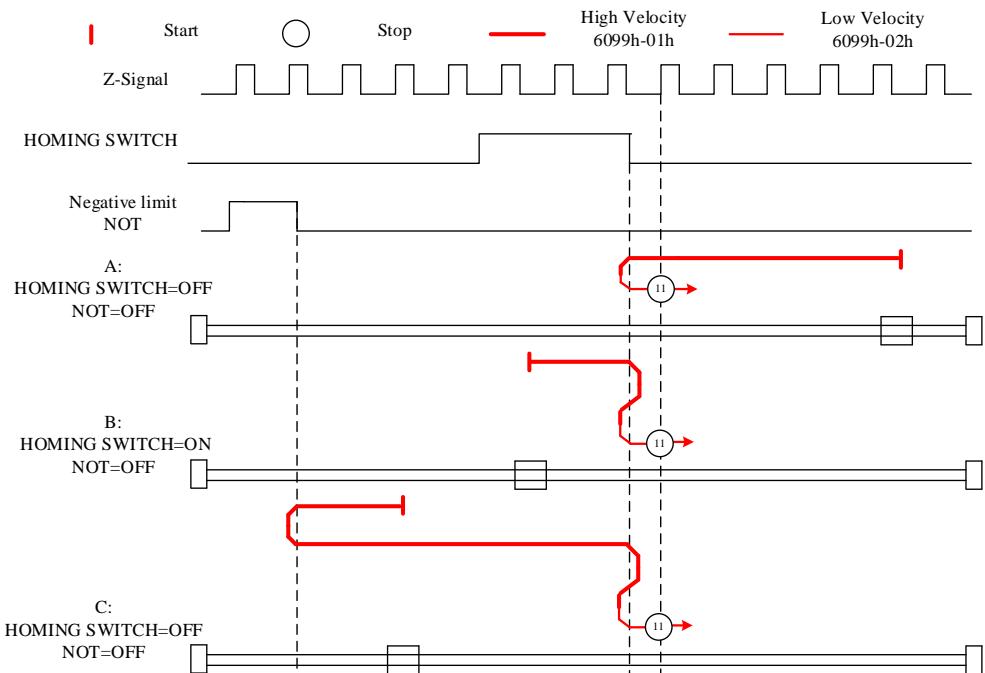
Diagram B: *Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF*

1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
2. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
3. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

Diagram C: *Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF*

1. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until the **negative limit switch valid**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch invalid**.
3. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
4. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch** and **first encoder Z signal valid**

If the positive limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



## Mode 12

Diagram A: *Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF*

1. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**

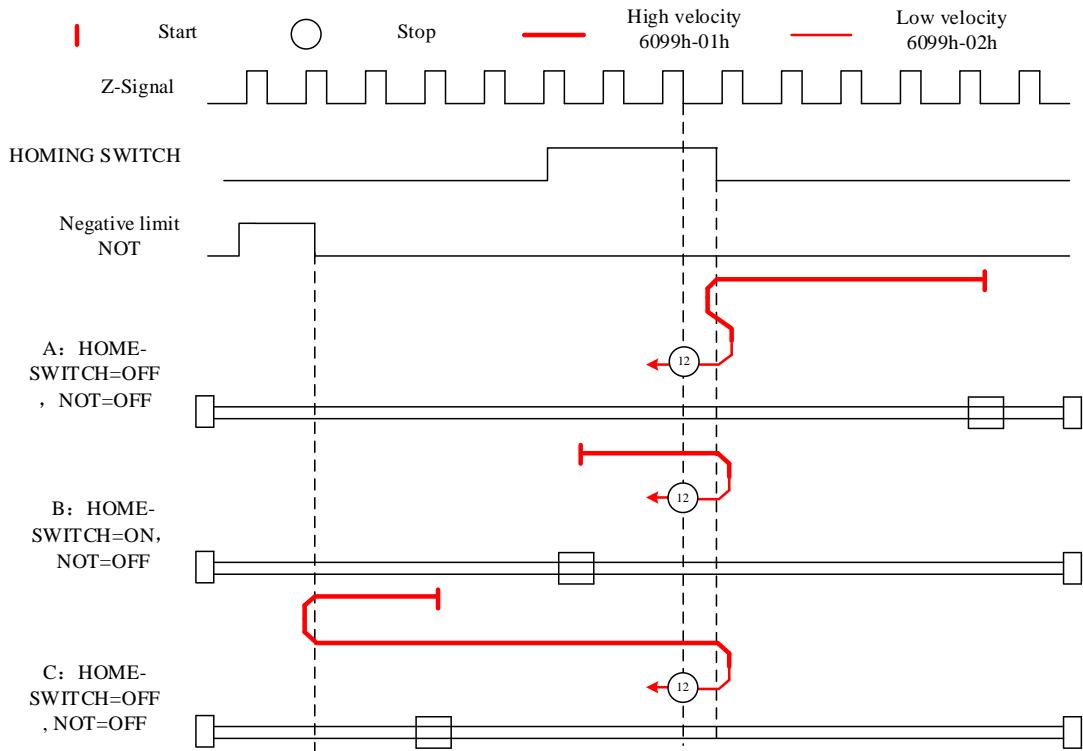
Diagram B: *Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF*

1. Move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

Diagram C: *Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF*

1. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **negative limit switch valid**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

*If the positive limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.*



### Mode 13

Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

1. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

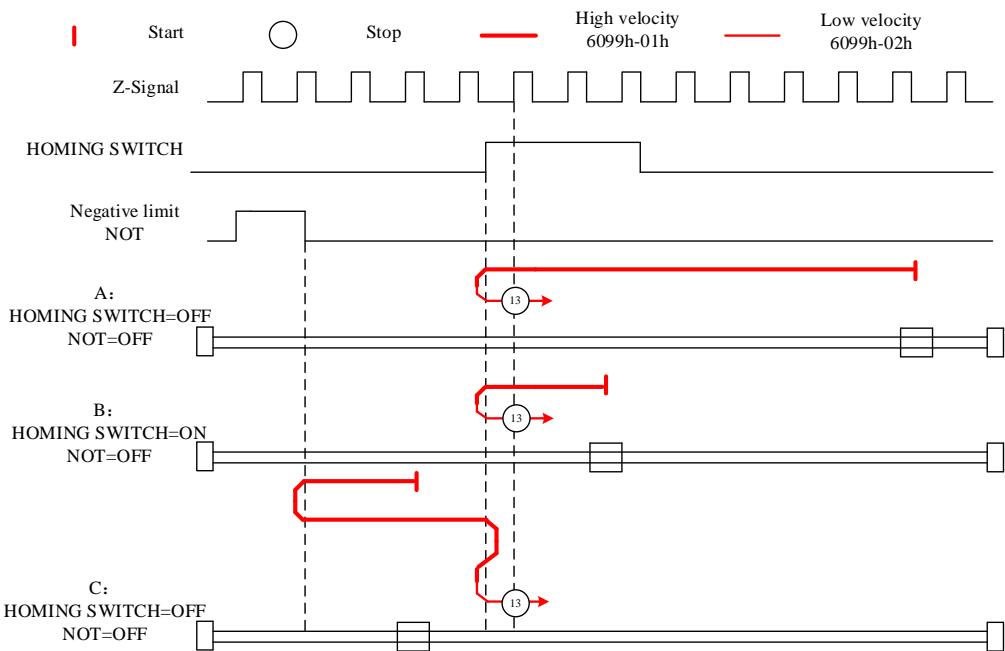
Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

1. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **negative limit switch valid**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
3. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
4. Move in **positive direction** at **low velocity** and stops after **homing switch valid** and **first encoder Z-signal valid**.

If the positive limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



#### Mode 14

Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

1. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **after homing switch**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid**.

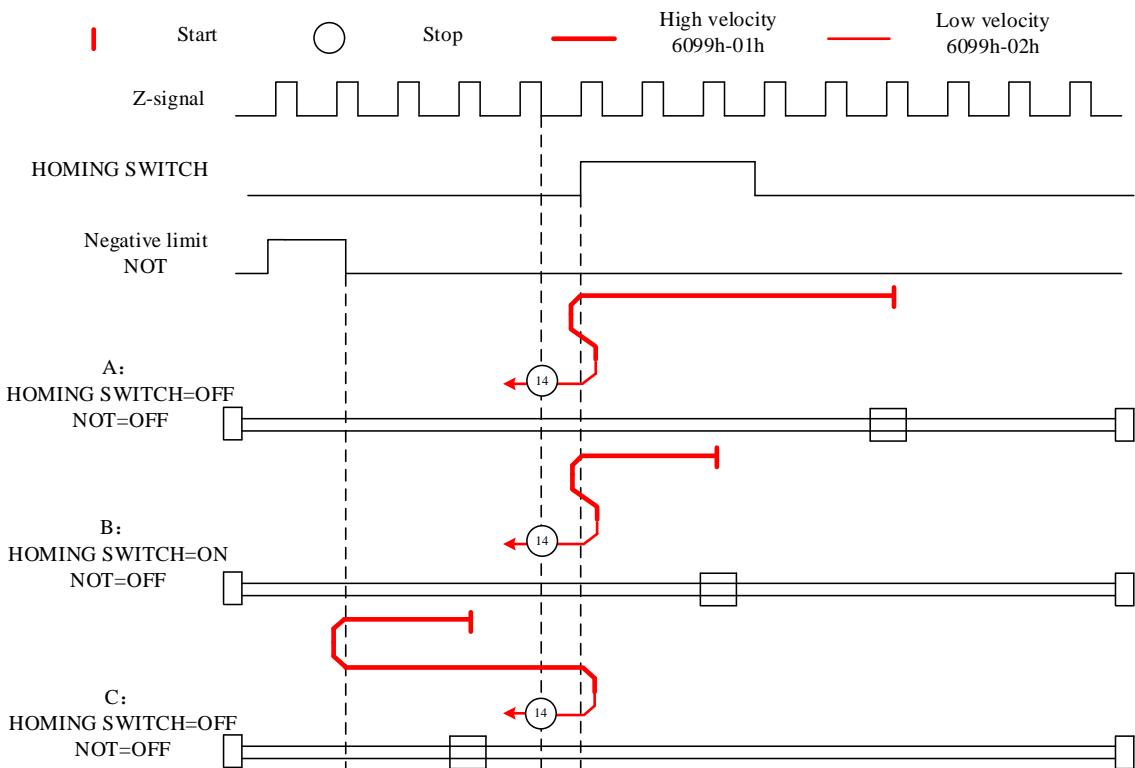
Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

1. Start to move at **homing switch position** in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch invalid**.
2. Move in **positive direction** until **homing switch valid**.
3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch and first encoder Z signal valid**.

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

1. Move in **negative direction** at **high velocity** until **negative limit switch valid**.
2. Move in **positive direction** at **high velocity** until **homing switch valid**.
3. Move in **negative direction** at **low velocity** and stops **after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid**.

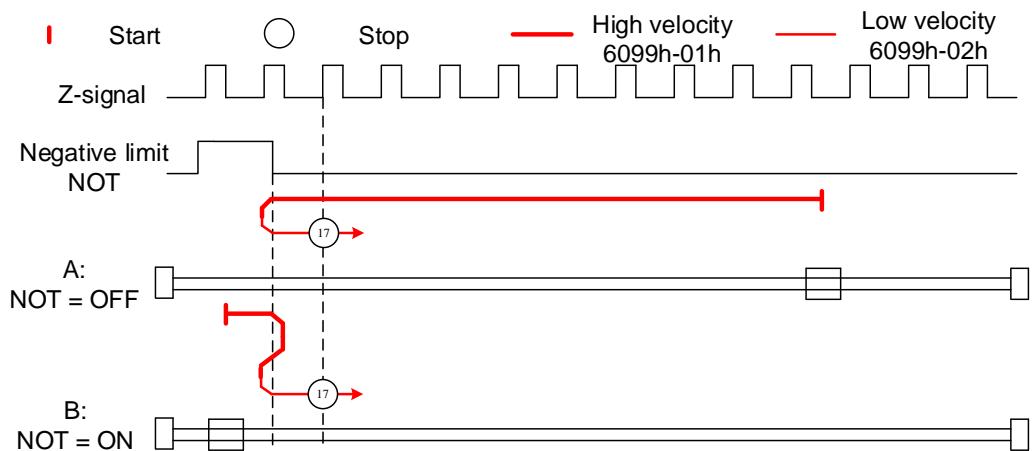
If the positive limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



### Limit switch signal triggering detection mode

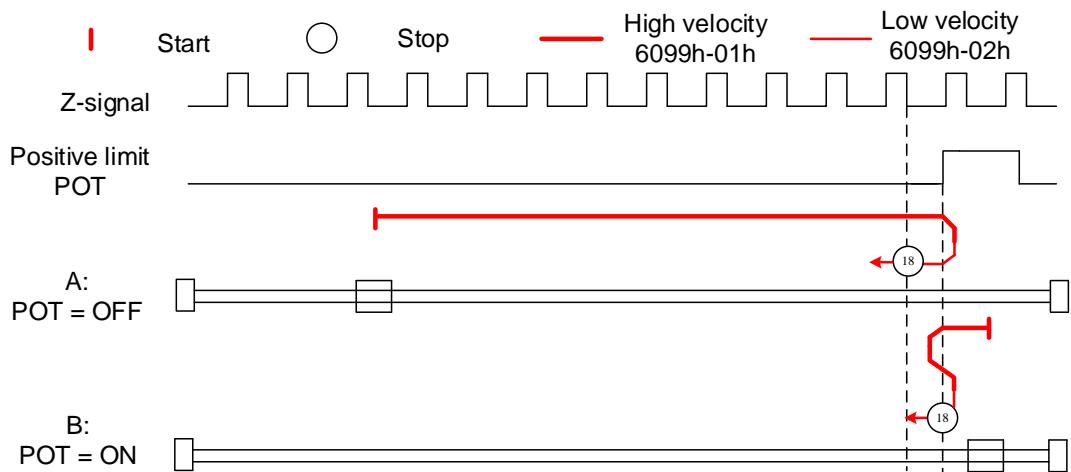
#### Mode 17:

This mode is similar to mode 1. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of negative limit switch signal

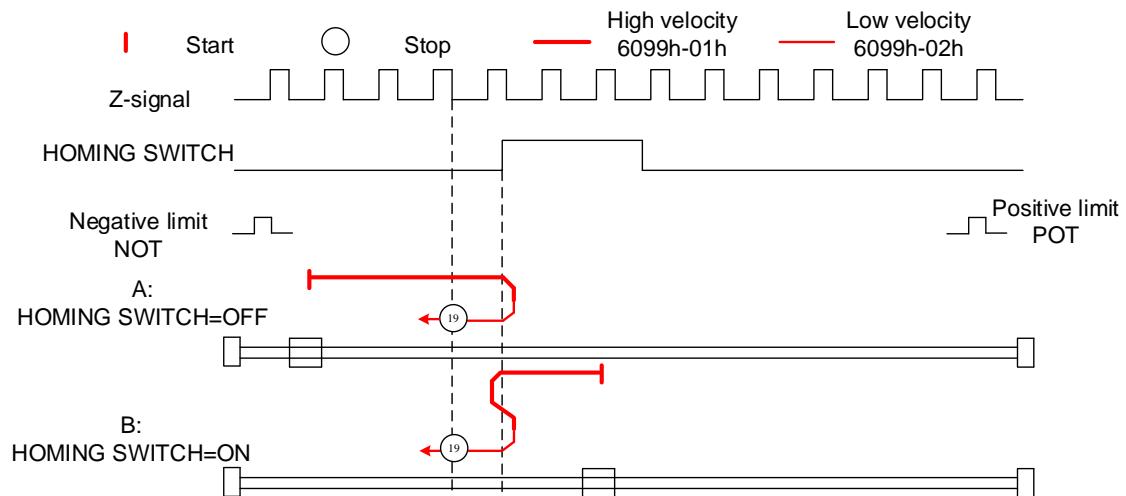


**Mode 18:**

This mode is similar to mode 2. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through switching of positive limit switch signal

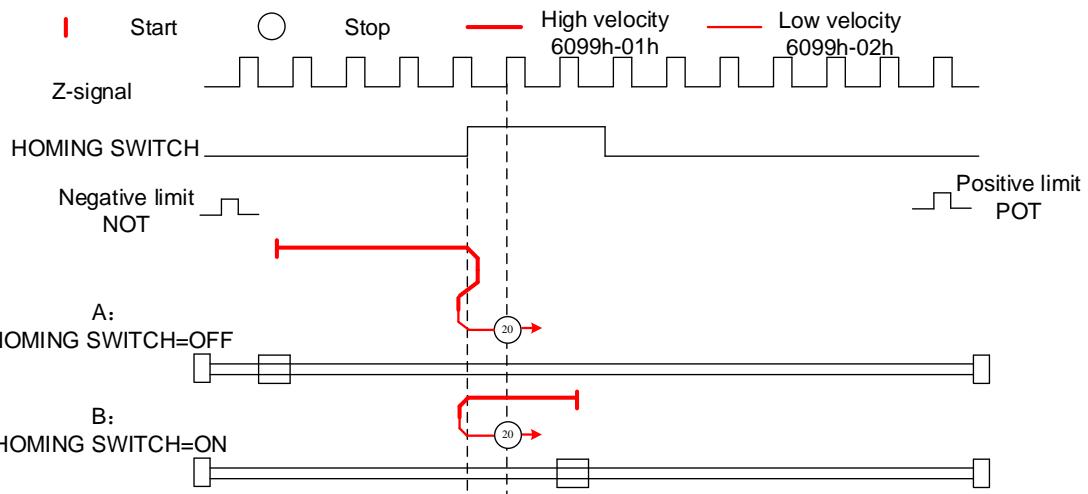

**Homing switch signal triggering detection mode**
**Mode 19:**

This mode is similar to mode 3. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal

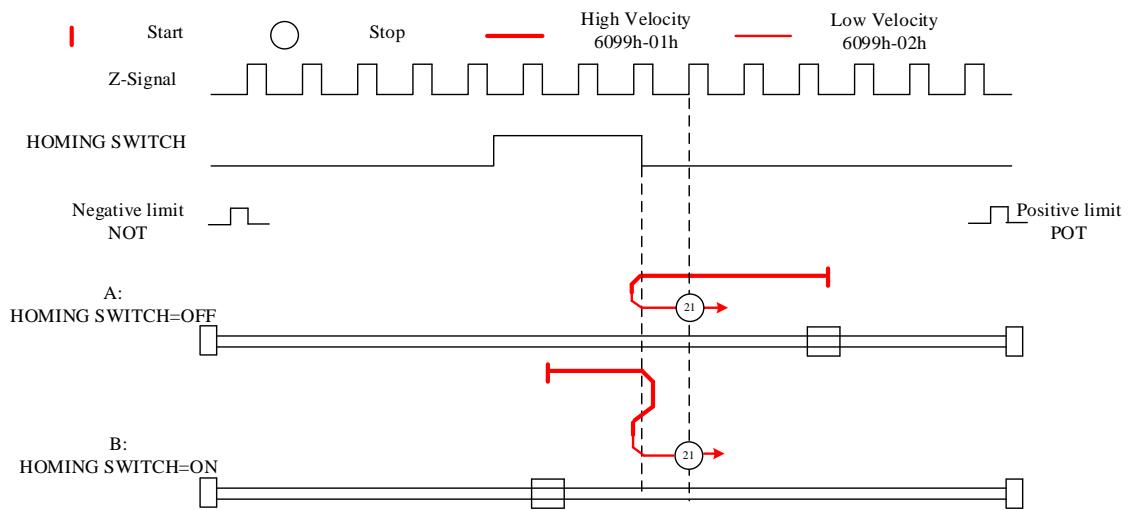


**Mode 20:**

This mode is similar to mode 4. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal

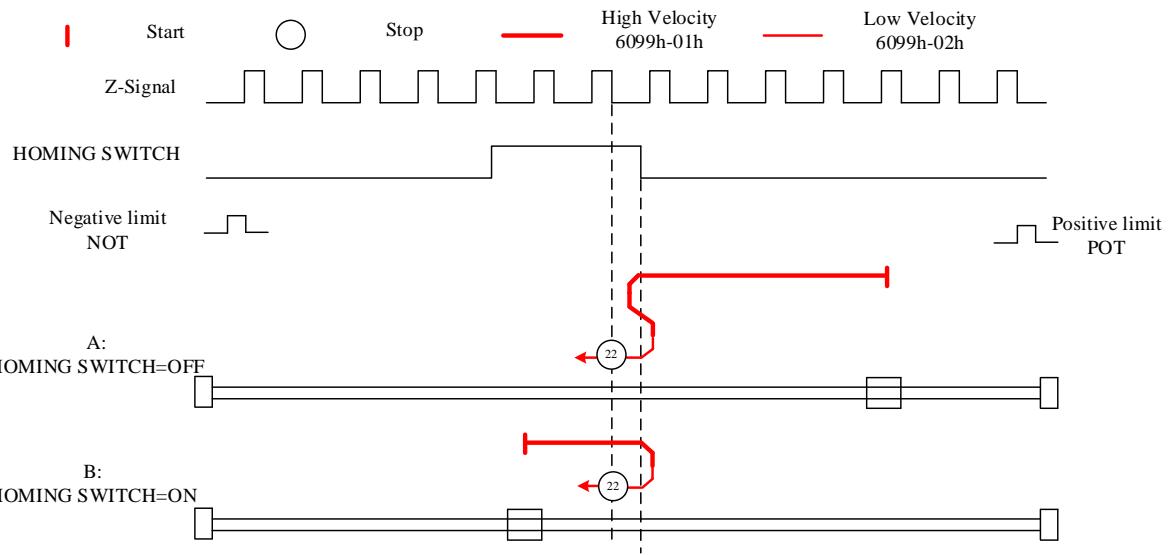

**Mode 21:**

This mode is similar to mode 5. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.

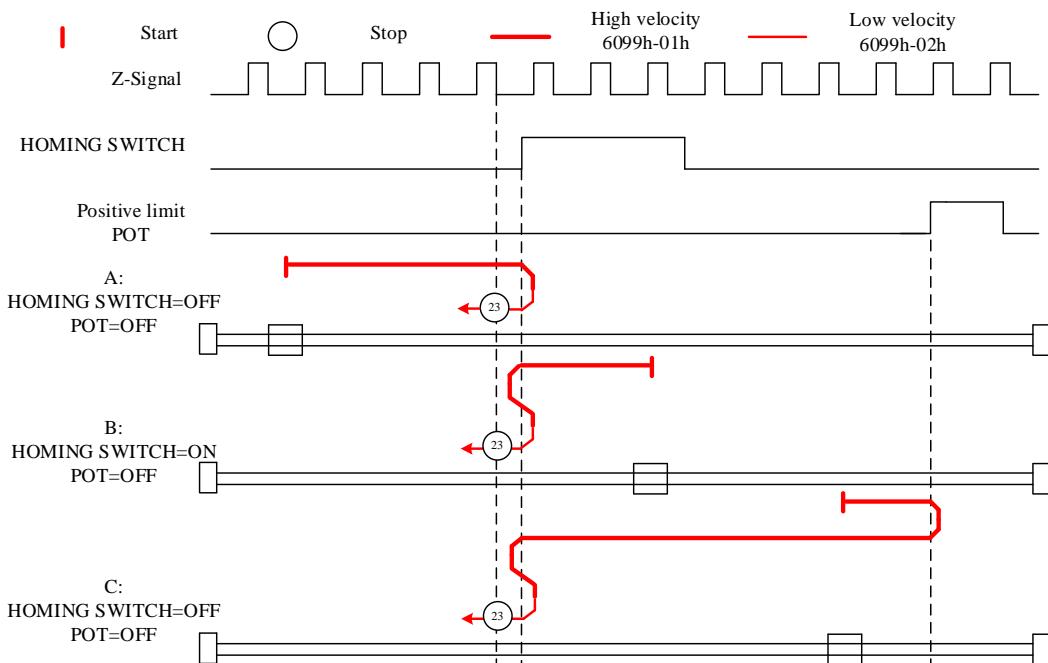


**Mode 22:**

This mode is similar to mode 6. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.

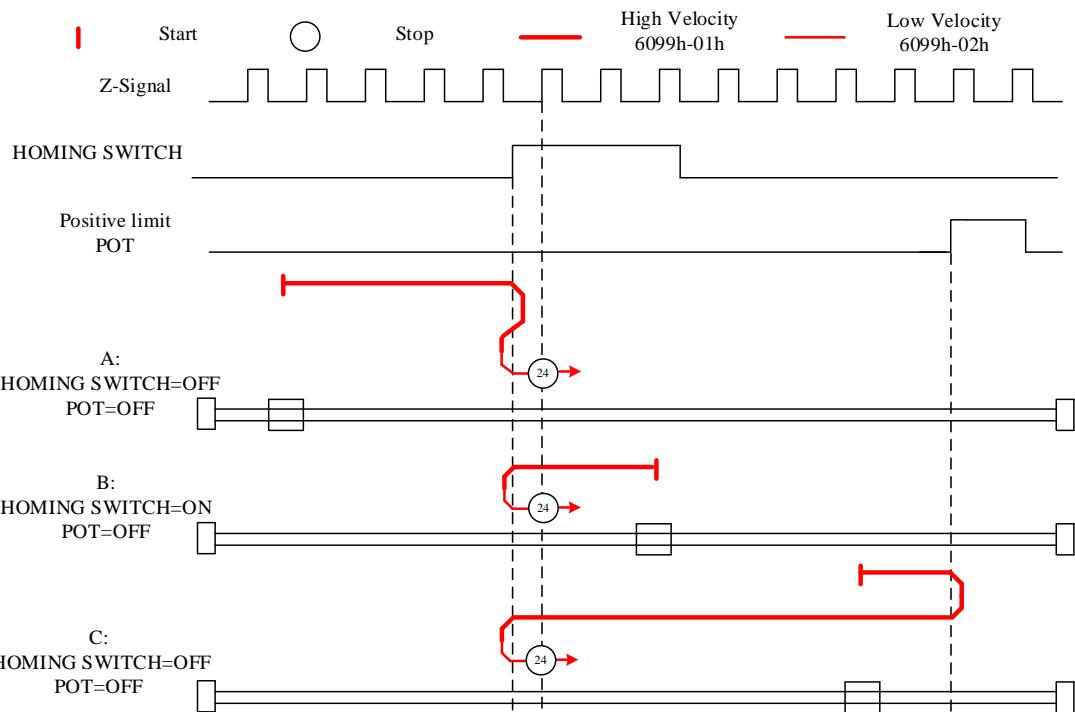

**Mode 23:**

This mode is similar to mode 7. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.

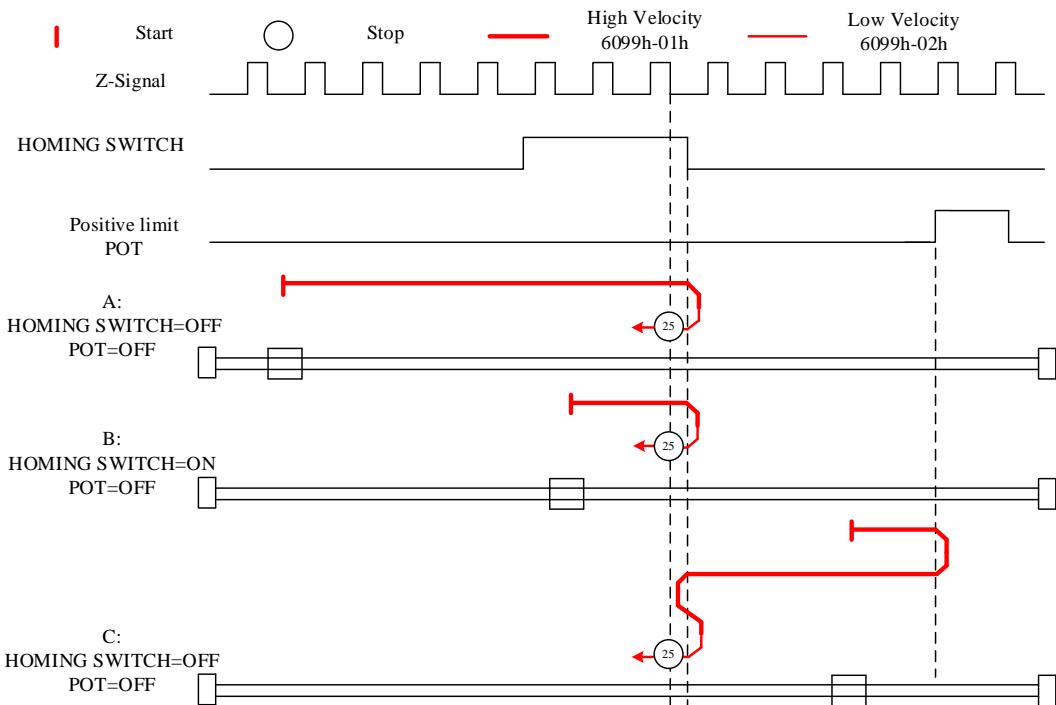


**Mode 24:**

This mode is similar to mode 8. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.

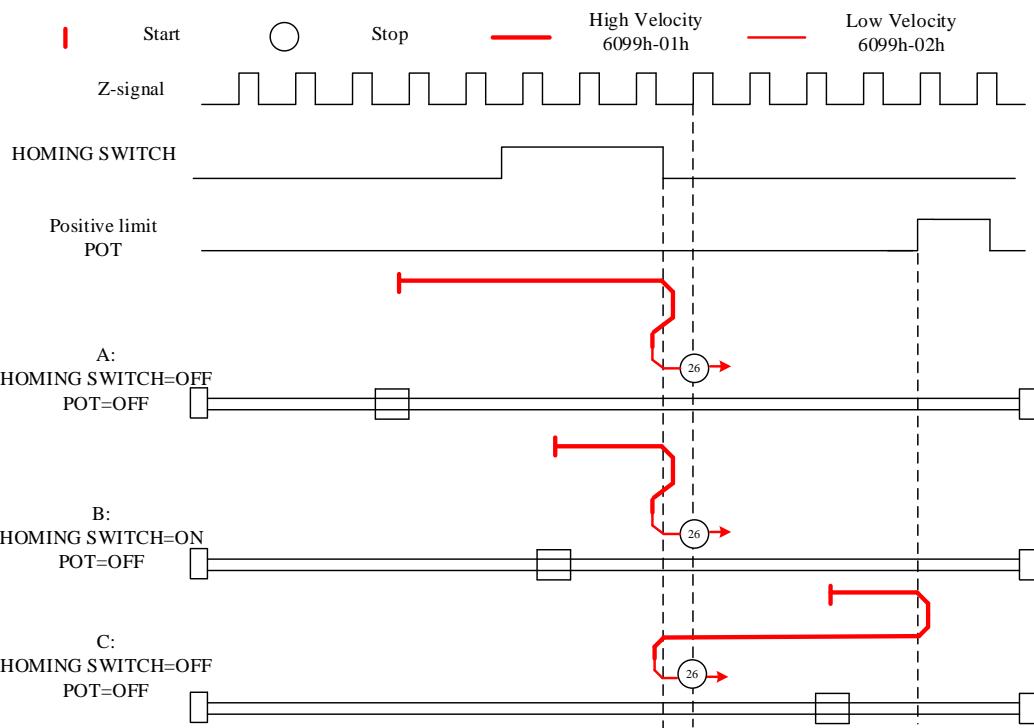

**Mode 25:**

This mode is similar to mode 9. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



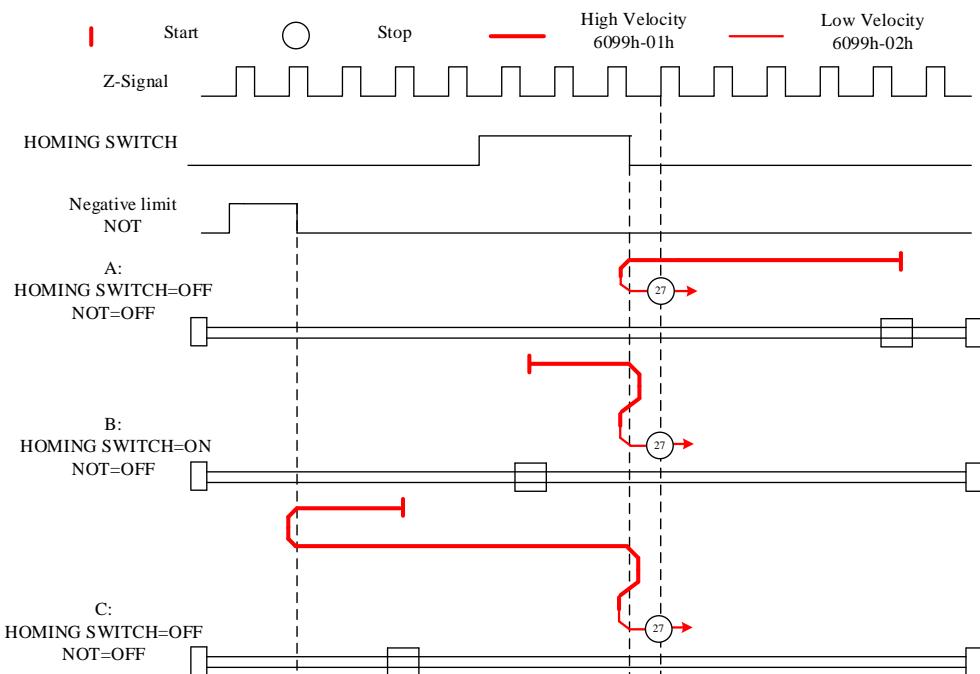
### Mode 26:

This mode is similar to mode 10. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



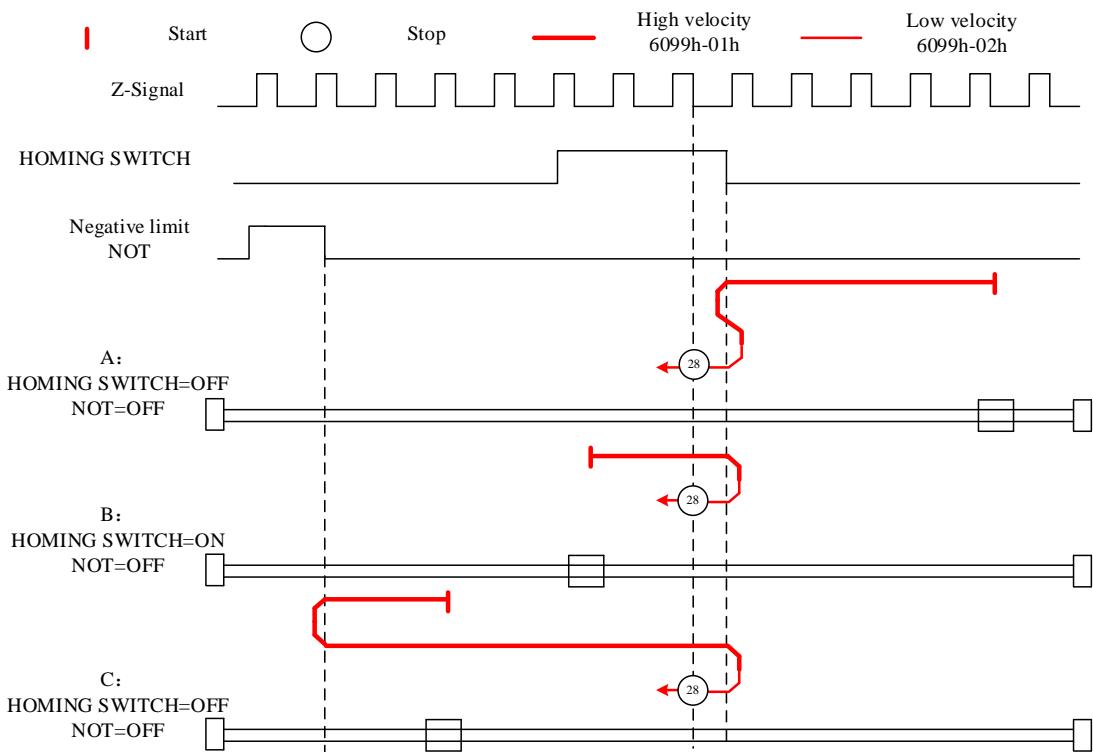
### Mode 27:

This mode is similar to mode 11. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal

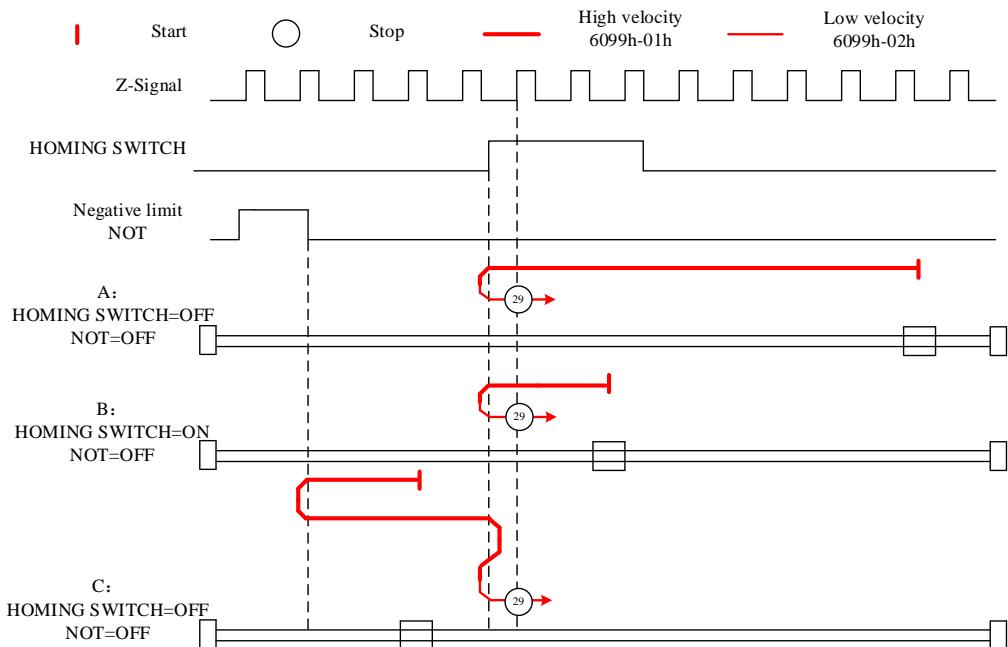


**Mode 28:**

This mode is similar to mode 12. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal

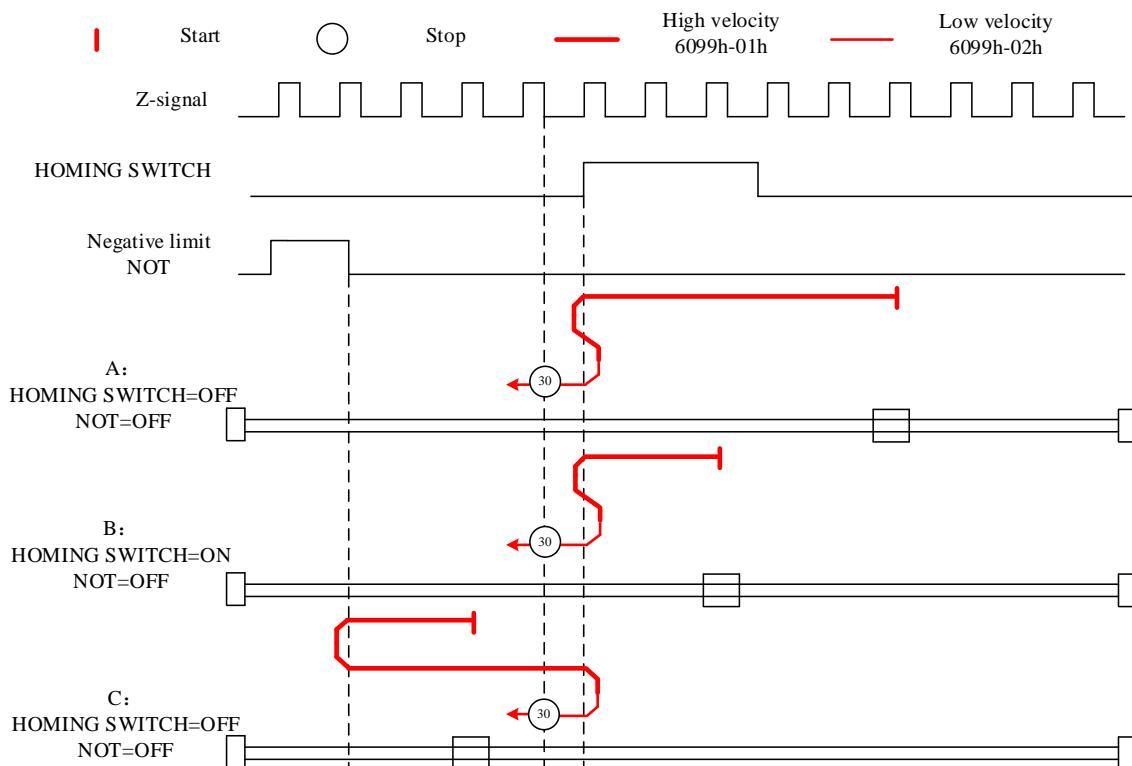

**Mode 29:**

This mode is similar to mode 13. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



### Mode 30:

This mode is similar to mode 14. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal

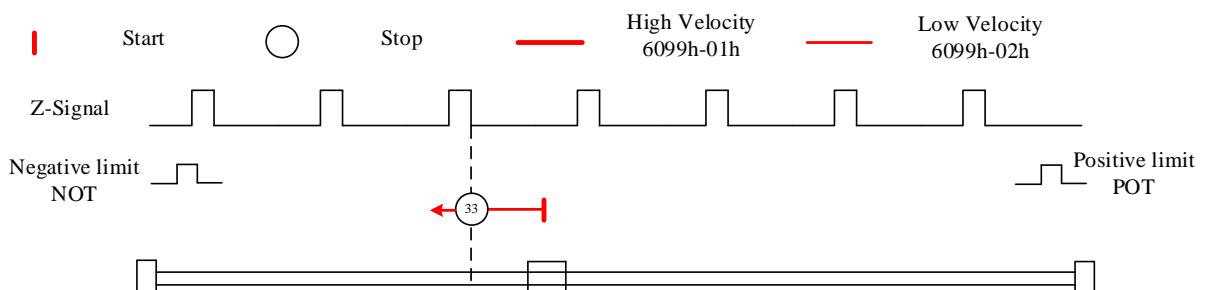


### Other modes

#### Mode 33:

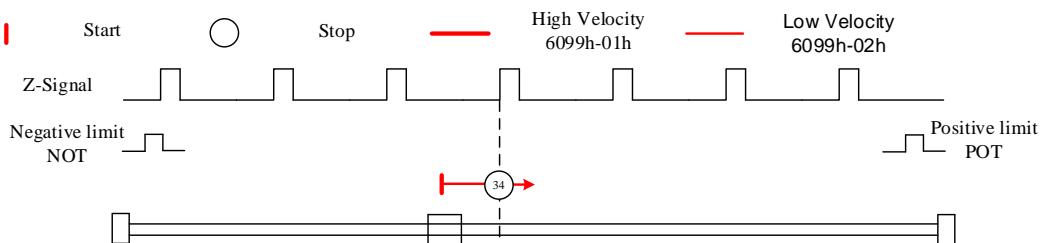
The motor starts to move in **negative direction** and stops when the **Z-signal is valid**.

If the positive/negative limit switch signal or homing switch is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.

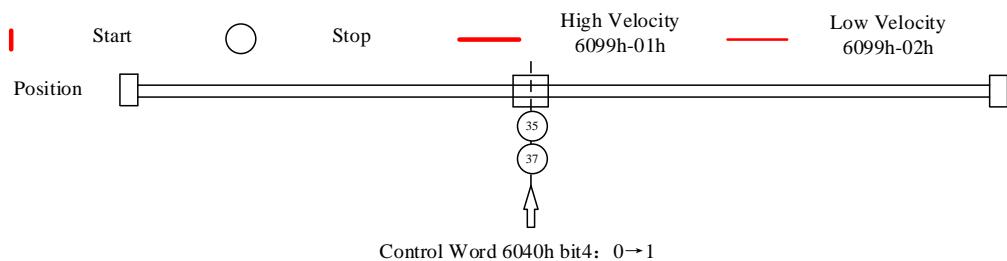


**Mode 34:**

The motor starts to move in **positive direction** and stops when the **Z-signal is valid**.  
*If the positive/negative limit switch signal or homing switch is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.*


**Mode 35/37:**

Set the current position as homing point. Using this mode, motor doesn't have to be enabled. Set control word 6040h bit 4 from 0 to 1.


Application: Realization of homing motion

Step 1: 6060h = 6, determine if 6061h = 6. Servo driver is now under HM mode.

Step 2: Write motion parameters: Homing method 6098h, Homing velocity

6099h-01/6099h-02 and acceleration/deceleration 609Ah.

Step 3: Enable servo driver and switch bit 4 from 0 to 1 to start homing motion.

## 5.6 Velocity Control Mode (CSV、PV)

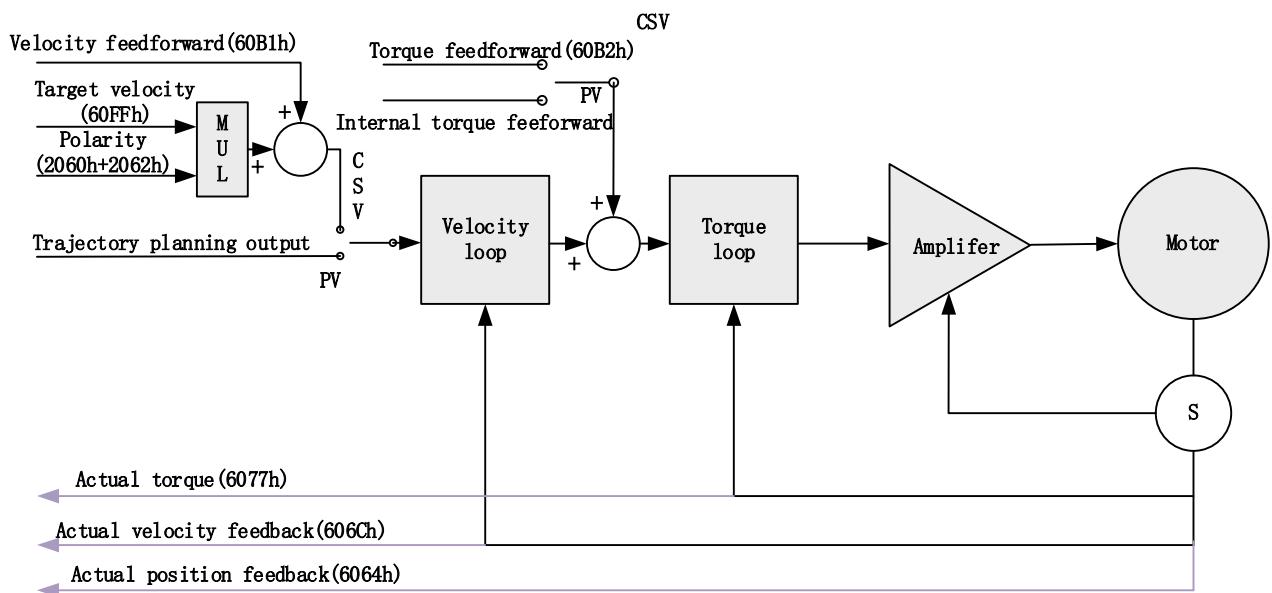
### 5.6.1 Common Functions of Velocity Control

Index	Sub Index	Name	Access	PDO	Mode	
					CSV	PV
6040	0	Control word	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6072	0	Max torque	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6080	0	Maximum motor velocity	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
60B1	0	Velocity feedforward (Restricted by 6080)	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
60B2	0	Torque feedforward	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
60FF	0	Target velocity (Restricted by 6080)	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes

Index	Sub Index	Name	Access	PDO	Mode	
					CSV	PV
6041	0	Status word	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6063	0	Actual internal position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6064	0	Actual feedback position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
606B	0	Internal command velocity	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
606C	0	Actual feedback velocity	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6074	0	Internal torque command	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6076	0	Rated torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6077	0	Actual torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes

## 5.6.2 Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode (CSV)

### CSV Block Diagram



### Related Objects

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Remarks
(RXPDO)	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	—	Required
	60FF-00h	Target velocity	I32	RW	Uint	Required
	60B1-00h	Velocity feedforward	I32	RW	Uint /S	Optional
	60B2-00h	Torque feedforward	I16	RW	0.1%	Optional
(TXPDO)	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	—	Required
	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	I32	RO	Uint	Optional

	606C-00h	Actual speed feedback	I32	RO	Uint /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	I32	RO	Uint	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Optional

### Extended object

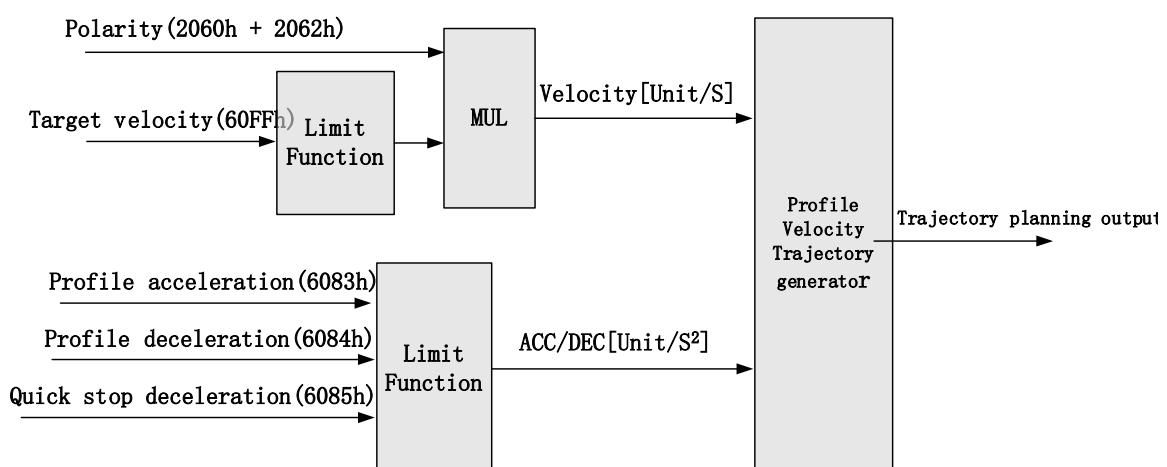
Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	—
6060-00h	Operation mode	I8	RW	—
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	I8	RO	—
606B-00h	Internal command velocity	I32	RO	Uint
605A-00h	Quick stop option	I16	RW	—
6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Uint /S

### 5.6.3 Profile Velocity Mode (PV)

In asynchronous motion mode, master device is only responsible for sending motion parameters and control commands. EL8-EC servo drive will conduct trajectory planning according to the motion parameters sent by master device after receiving the motion start command from the master device. In asynchronous motion mode, the motion between each axes is asynchronous.

#### PV Block Diagram

The difference between PV and CSV mode is that PV needs EL8-EC to have the function of trajectory generator. The input and output structure of the trajectory generator is shown in figure 5.8



## Related Objects

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
(RXPDO)	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	—	Required
	60FF-00h	Target velocity	I32	RW	Uint	Required
	6083-00h	Acceleration	I32	RW	Uint /S	Optional
(TXPDO)	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	—	Required
	6064-00h	Position feedback	I32	RO	Uint	Optional
	606C-00h	Velocity feedback	I32	RO	Uint /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	I32	RO	Uint	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Optional

Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	—
6060-00h	Operation mode	I8	RW	—
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	I8	RO	—
605A-00h	Quick stop option	I16	RW	—
6084-00h	Deceleration	U32	RW	Uint /S
6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Uint /S

## **Control Word and Status Word for Profile Velocity Mode**

The bit6~4 of control words (6040h) associated with the control mode in PV mode are invalid. The motion in PV mode can be triggered as long as the motion parameters (target velocity (60FFh) ACC/DEC (6083h/6084h)) are given after the axis is enabled.

**Table7. Bit15~12、10、8 of Status word (6041h) for Profile Velocity Mode**

Bit (Label)	Value	Details
8 (Quick stop)	0	Quick stop invalid
	1	Quick stop valid
10 (Velocity reached)	0	Velocity not yet reached
	1	Velocity reached
12 (Zero speed)	0	It's not zero speed. It's moving. *1)
	1	Zero speed or it's going to slow down to zero speed *1)

\*1) Zero speed of bit 12 is generally effective when deceleration stop and hardware limit valid.

Application: Realization of profile velocity motion

Step 1: 6060h = 3, determine if 6061h = 3. Servo driver is now under PV mode.

Step 2: Write motion parameters: Target velocity 60FFh, acceleration 6083h and deceleration 6084h.

## 5.7 Torque Mode (CST、PT)

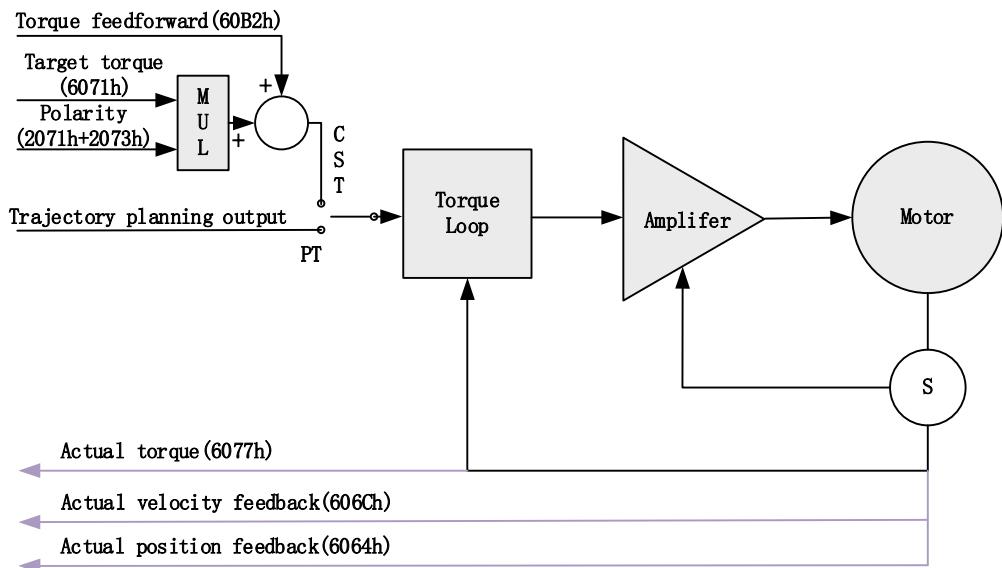
### 5.7.1 Common Functions of Torque Mode

Index	Sub Index	Label	Access	PDO	Mode	
					CST	PT
6040	0	Control word	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6071	0	Target torque	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6072	0	Max torque	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6080	0	Maximum motor speed	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6087	0	Torque change rate	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
60B2	0	Torque feedforward	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes

Index	Sub Index	Label	Access	PDO	Mode	
					CST	PT
6041	0	Status word	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6063	0	Actual internal position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6064	0	Actual feedback position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
606C	0	Actual feedback velocity	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6074	0	Internal torque command	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6075	0	Rated current	RO	No	Yes	Yes
6076	0	Rated torque	RO	No	Yes	Yes
6077	0	Actual torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6079	0	Bus voltage	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes

## 5.7.2 Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode (CST)

### CST Block Diagram



### Related Objects

#### Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Remarks
(RXPDO)	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	—	Required
	6071-00h	Target torque	I16	RW	Uint	Required
	6087-00h	Torque feed-forward	U32	RW	0.1%/S	Optional
(TXPDO)	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	—	Required
	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	I32	RO	Uint	Optional
	606C-00h	Actual velocity feedback	I32	RO	Uint /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	I32	RO	Uint	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Required

#### Extended object

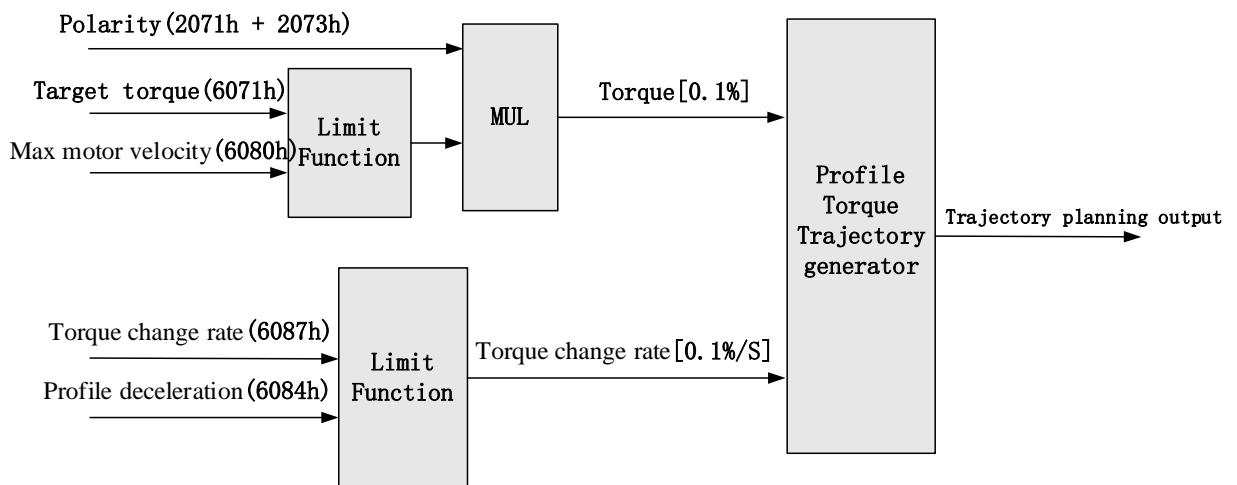
Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	—
6060-00h	Operation mode	I8	RW	—
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	I8	RO	—
6074-00h	Internal command torque	I16	RO	0.1%
605A-00h	Quick stop option	I16	RW	—
6080-00h	Maximum motor velocity	U32	RW	Uint /S

6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Uint /S
60B1-00h	Velocity feedforward	I32	RW	Uint /S
2077-00h	Velocity limit	I16	RW	RPM

### 5.7.3 Profile Torque Mode (PT)

In asynchronous motion mode, master device is only responsible for sending motion parameters and control commands. EL7-EC servo drive will conduct trajectory planning according to the motion parameters sent by master device after receiving the motion start command from the master device. In asynchronous motion mode, the motion between each axes is asynchronous.

#### PT Block Diagram



#### Related Objects

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
(RXPDO)	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	—	Required
	6071-00h	Target torque	I16	RW	0.1%	Required
	6087-00h	Torque change rate	U32	RW	0.1%/S	Optional
(TXPDO)	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	—	Required
	6064-00h	Actual feedback position value	I32	RO	Uint	Optional
	606C-00h	Actual feedback speed value	I32	RO	Uint /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	I32	RO	Uint	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Optional

## Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	—
6060-00h	Operation mode	I8	RW	—
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	I8	RO	—
6074-00h	Internal command torque	I16	RO	0.1%
6080-00h	Maximum motor velocity	U32	RW	Uint /S
605A-00h	Quick stop option	I16	RW	—
6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Uint /S
2077-00h	Velocity limit	I16	RW	RPM

Application: Realization of profile torque motion

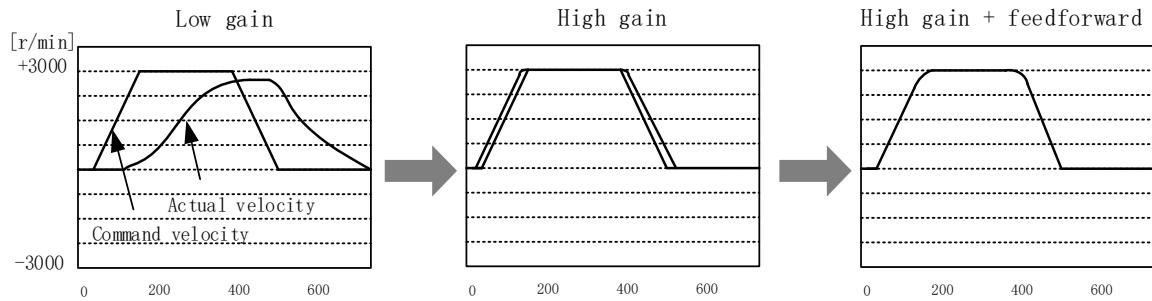
Step 1: 6060h = 4, determine if 6061h = 4. Servo driver is now under PT mode.

Step 2: Write motion parameters: Target torque 6071h, Torque change rate 6087h, and Max. velocity limit 6080h

## Chapter 6 Application

### 6.1 Gain Adjustment

In order for servo driver to execute commands from master device without delay and to optimize machine performance, gain adjustment has to be done yet.

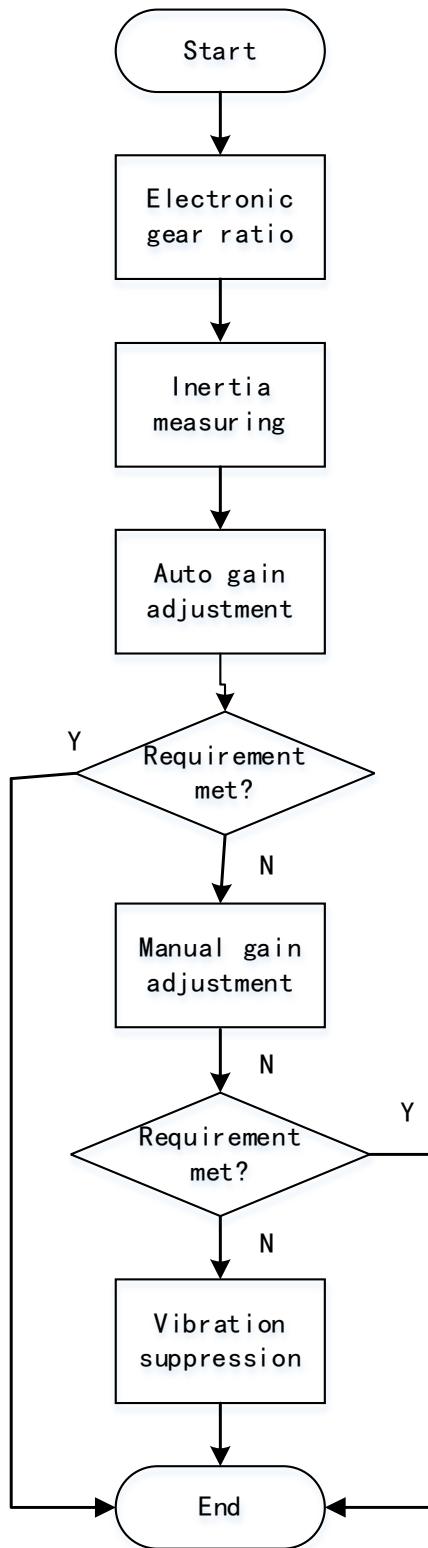


**Position loop gain:** 320 (0.1/s)  
**Velocity loop gain:** 180 (0.1Hz)  
**Velocity loop integral time constant:** 31ms

**Position loop gain:** 900 (0.1/s)  
**Velocity loop gain:** 500 (0.1Hz)  
**Velocity loop integral time constant:** 31ms

**Position loop gain:** 900 (0.1/s)  
**Velocity loop gain:** 500 (0.1Hz)  
**Velocity loop integral time constant:** 31ms

Servo driver gain adjustment is done in combination with a few other parameters (Inertia ratio, Position loop gain, Velocity loop gain and Filters settings). These parameters will have an effect on each other so it always advisable to tune each parameter accordingly in order to achieve optimal machine performance. Please refer to the steps below



*Gain adjustment flow*

Steps	Functions	Explanation
Inertia ratio identification	Online	Motor moves with command from controller, servo driver will automatically calculate load-inertia ratio
	Offline	Using servo driver inertia determining function, servo driver can automatically calculate load-inertia ratio
Auto gain adjustment	Auto gain adjustment	Real time determining of mechanical load, gain value is set accordingly. 1. One-click tuning (Can be realized using Motion Studio. Auto tuning of gain and inertia according to actual data) 2. Real time auto adjustment (Set by selecting mechanical stiffness level, related gain parameters will be automatically adjusted accordingly)
Manual gain adjustment	Basic gain	On top of auto gain adjustment, manually adjust related parameters so that machine can have better responsiveness and following
	Basic steps	1. Gain related parameters tuning under position mode 2. Gain related parameters tuning under velocity mode 3. Gain related parameters tuning under torque mode
	Gain switching	Gain switching through internal data or external signal. Lower vibration at stop, shorten tuning time, improve command following.
	Model following control	Improve responsiveness, shorten positioning time (Only available in position mode)
	Command pulse filter	Set filter for position, velocity and torque command pulse.
	Gain feedforward	Enable feedforward function to improve following behavior
	Friction compensation	Reduce the effect of mechanical friction
	3 <sup>rd</sup> gain switching	Base on usual gain switching function. Can be set to switch gain at stopping and reduce positioning time.
Vibration suppression	Mechanical resonance	Using notch filtering function to suppress mechanical resonance.
	End vibration suppression	To suppress low frequency vibration of mechanical end

## 6.2 Inertia ratio identification

Inertia ratio = Total mechanical load rotational inertia / Electronic gear rotational inertia

Inertia ratio is an important parameter. Setting a suitable value can help with the precise tuning of the servo system. Inertia ratio can be set manually and also be determined automatically through servo driver

## 6.2.1 Online inertia determination

Enable motor using controller. Let motor run at above 400rpm, make sure there are acceleration, constant velocity and deceleration phase during the whole run. Cycle through 2-3 times to calculate load-inertia ratio. Result can be found on the front panel d16 or through Motion Studio system monitoring page. Enter the calculated value into Pr0.04 and save.

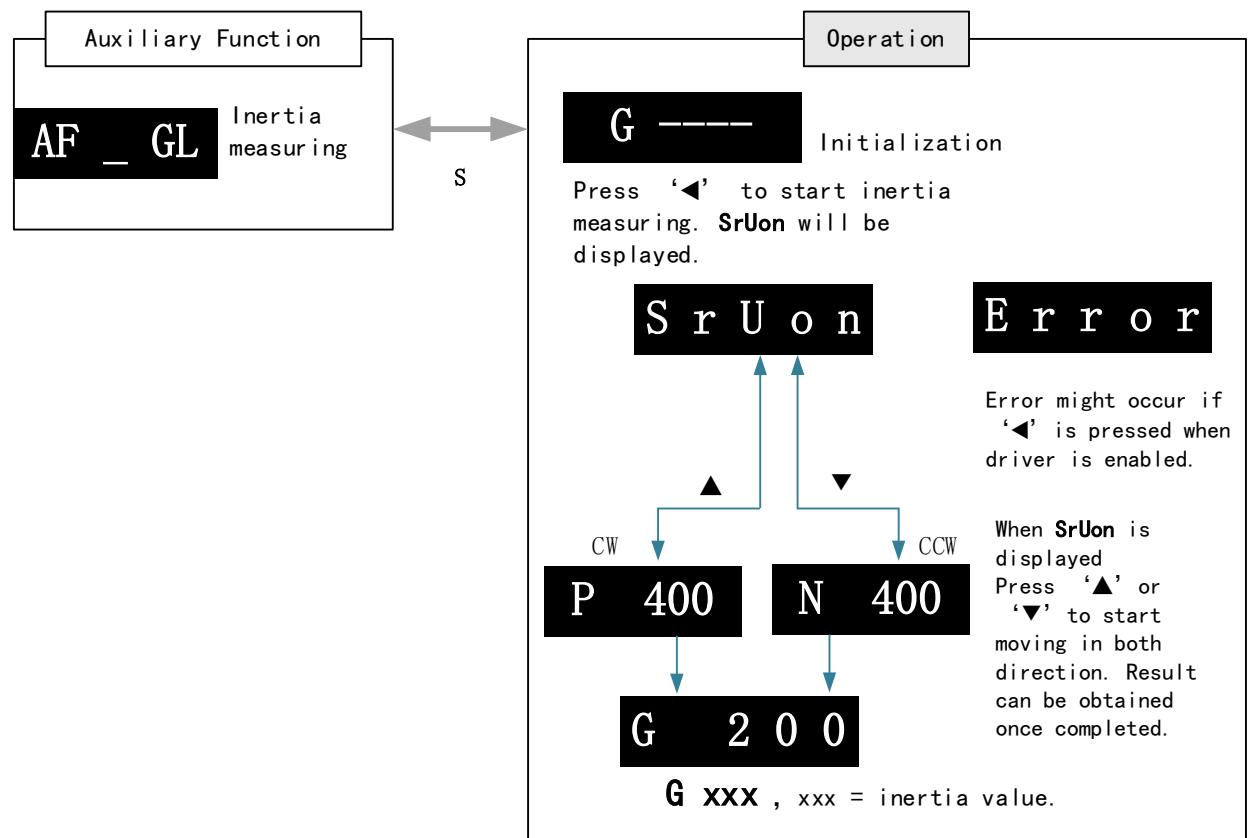
## 6.2.2 Offline inertia determination

Can be achieved through driver front panel or on Motion Studio

Please make sure: 1. Servo driver is disabled.

2. Axis is within safe and allowed range and limit switch is not triggered to prevent axis from over travelling.

### Auxiliary function to determine inertia on front panel



### Steps:

- 1、Set the trial run velocity **Pr6.04**. Value set shouldn't be too large, please keep it at around **400 r/min**.
- 2、Enter **AF\_GL** for auxiliary function – Inertia ratio determination into front panel
- 3、Press S once to enter. “**G---**” will be displayed on the front panel.
- 4、Press **◀** once to display “**StUon**”
- 5、Press **▲** or **▼** once to start to calculate the inertia.
- 6、After the calculation is done, G **xxx** will be displayed and **xxx** is the value of inertia calculated.
- 7、Write the corresponding value into Pr0.04. Please refer to for parameter saving on servo driver.

### Inertia measuring using Motion Studio

1. Start Motion Studio and maneuver to inertia measuring page under performance tuning. Set trial run velocity Pr6.04 and acc-/deceleration time Pr6.25, click on ‘Upload’ to upload parameters to servo driver.
2. Tick “Prohibit external enabling” and click on “servo on”.
3. Click and hold “CCW” to start the motor. Current position will show motor cycles of revolution. Click on POS 1 to save current position as starting point. Click and hold “CW” to start the motor again. Click on POS 2 to save current position as ending point.
4. Set the waiting time between each cycle in Pr6.21 and no. of cycles in Pr6.22. Click on ‘Run’ and motor will run according to the parameters set.
5. After the calculation is done, inertia ratio will be calculated automatically and click on ‘write’ to enter the calculated value into Pr0.04.
6. Click on “” to enter parameters management to check or modify Pr0.04. Then, click on “” to save parameters to driver.

*Please take note:*

1. Trial run velocity and distance should be optimal to prevent any axis from bumping into objects.
2. It is recommended to move only in 1 direction for vertically mounted axis. Take precaution before moving the axis.
3. For applications with higher frictional drag, please set a minimal travel distance.

Pr0.04	Name	Inertia ratio			Mode						F
	Range	0~2000 0	Unit	%	Default	250	Index			2004h	
	Activation	Immediate									

$$\text{Pr0.04} = (\text{load inertia/motor rotational inertia}) \times 100\%$$

**Notice:**

Set inertia ratio according to actual load inertia. When both are uniform, actual motor velocity loop responsiveness and gain settings will be consistent. If inertia ratio is greater than actual value, velocity loop gain settings will be higher and vice versa.

## Common issues

Error	Cause	Solution
Inertia ratio identification failure	Loose load connection	Check for mechanical failure
	Measuring distance is too short	Increase measuring distance
	Belt load	Please pre-set an inertia ratio when using a belt to prevent jolt due to low inertia.

## 6.3 Easy Tuning

### 6.3.1 Single Parameter Tuning

Set a mechanical stiffness level and the driver will automatically tune the parameters accordingly, including inertia measuring and vibration suppression to fulfill responsiveness and stability needs. At same time, more advanced functions can be applied, for example: Command pulse filter, low frequency vibration suppression, etc.

Recommended for applications where inertia changes is minute. Single parameter tuning is more complicated to set up compared to one-click tuning. Use single parameter tuning when one-click tuning doesn't fulfill the needs.

	Recommended application scenarios
Control mode	Suitable in position mode or EtherCAT mode (Not applicable in other modes)
Others	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Servo ON (SRV-ON) status</li> <li>➤ Set suitable position/torque limit so that motor can run normally</li> <li>➤ Use trial run or any external controller to make sure no clash of axes</li> </ul>

	Factors affecting single parameter tuning
Load inertia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ External load smaller or 30 times larger than rotor inertia</li> <li>➤ Inertia measuring might fail upon changes in load inertia</li> <li>➤ Load torque changes drastically</li> </ul>
Load	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Mechanical stiffness is too low</li> <li>➤ Existence of gear backlash or any other non-linear factors</li> <li>➤ Complicated mechanical load structure</li> </ul>
Motion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Low speed, no more than 300[r/min].</li> <li>➤ Acceleration/deceleration time too long, more than = 600ms</li> <li>➤ Speed &gt; 300r/min, acceleration/deceleration time &lt; 600ms but travelling time duration &lt; 50ms.</li> </ul>

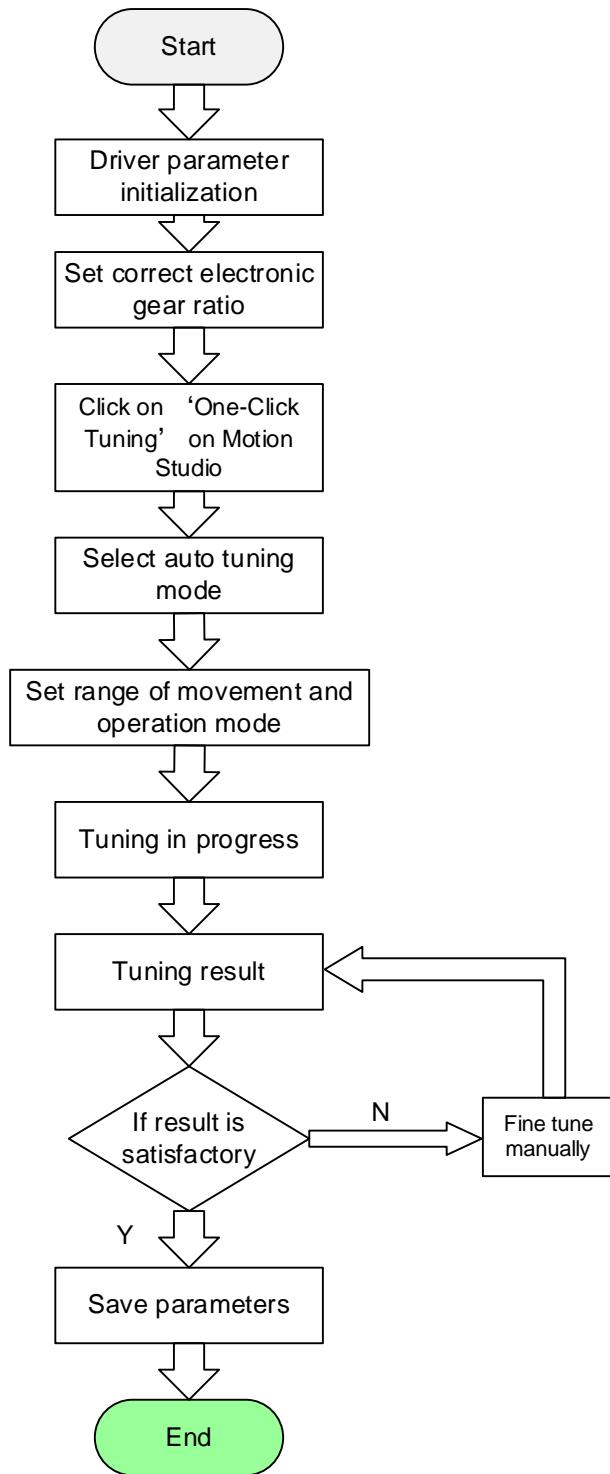
### 6.3.2 One-click Tuning

This function is able to automatically tune the most optimal gain parameters for the specific applications after the axis is in operation and learning. Corresponding paths and responsiveness level need to be set before using this function. Please refer to the flow chart below. Parameter will be saved to parameters file and can be used on similar axes.

Recommended for applications where inertia changes is minute.

Recommended application scenarios	
Control mode	Suitable in position mode or EtherCAT mode (Not applicable in other modes)
Others	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Make sure servo drive can't be enabled externally or any external command that can rotate the motor. Set range of movement, velocity and acceleration/deceleration time for one-click tuning.</li> <li>➤ Prohibit external command. Make sure there is no obstacle within the range of movement of the axis and motor can rotate freely.</li> </ul>

Factors affecting one-click tuning	
Load inertia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ External load smaller or 30 times larger than rotor inertia</li> <li>➤ Drastic changes in load inertia during motion. <i>Under heavy load (more than 30 times inertia), please make sure of safety</i></li> </ul>
Load	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Mechanical load is loosely connected.</li> <li>➤ Existence of gear backlash or any other non-linear factors</li> <li>➤ Complicated mechanical load structure</li> </ul>
Motion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Range of movement is too short or too long which cost the time to be overdue.</li> <li>➤ Not smaller than 0.5R</li> </ul>



## 6.4 Auto gain adjustment

This function will measure real time mechanical properties and set gain values in accordance to mechanical stiffness. Can be used in any control mode

Conditions to implement	
Control mode	Please refer to Pr0.02 for detailed explanations. Auto gain adjustment is different for each control mode.
Other	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Servo driver needs to be enabled</li> <li>• Set up input signals such as deviation counter clearing and command input; Torque limit and other motion control parameters to enable motor to move normally without obstacles.</li> </ul>

Under certain conditions, external factors might affect automatic gain adjustment functions.

If the conditions as listed exist or unfavorable, please disable the automatic gain adjustment function.

Affecting conditions	
Load inertia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If inertia is less than 3 times or over 20 times of rotor inertia.</li> <li>• Changes in load inertia</li> </ul>
Load	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Very low mechanical stiffness</li> <li>• If gear backlash is a non-linear property</li> </ul>
Motion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Velocity less than 100r/min or continuously in low velocity mode</li> <li>• Acc-/deceleration to 2000r/min within 1s. .</li> <li>• Acc-/deceleration torque lower than eccentric load, frictional torque.</li> <li>• Velocity &lt; 100r/min, acc-/deceleration to 2000r/min within 1s but not longer than 50ms</li> </ul>

To enable automatic gain adjustment:

1. Disable the servo driver.
2. Set Pr0.02 = 0x01/0x11 or 0x02/0x12. Then, set Pr0.03
3. Servo enabled. Run motion as normal to start measuring load properties.

Related parameters will be automatically set.

4. Increase motor responsiveness by increasing Pr0.03. Please check if there is any vibration before setting Pr0.03 to max. value.
5. Save the parameters.

*Please take note:*

- Please stop the motor before modifying any parameter. Pr0.02 only takes effect after saving modified parameter values into EEPROM and restarting the driver.
- After enabling the servo driver for the first time or when increasing Pr0.03, mechanical noise or vibration might occur for the first run, it is normal. If it persists, please set Pr0.03 to lower value.

### Parameters that change in accordance to real time gain adjustment

No.	Parameters	Label	Remarks
1	Pr1.00	1 <sup>st</sup> position loop gain	When stiffness setting is valid, parameters will be updated to match stiffness value
2	Pr1.01	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity loop gain	
3	Pr1.02	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity integral time constant	
4	Pr1.03	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity detection filter	
5	Pr1.04	1 <sup>st</sup> torque filter	
6	Pr1.05	2 <sup>nd</sup> position loop gain	
7	Pr1.06	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity loop gain	
8	Pr1.07	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity integral time constant	
9	Pr1.08	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity detection filter	
10	Pr1.09	2 <sup>nd</sup> torque filter	

If auto gain adjustment is valid, the parameters listed above can't be manually modified. Only when Pr0.02 = 0x00 or 0x10, can the gain related parameters be modified manually.

### Gain related parameters that don't change with the real time gain adjustment

No.	Parameter	Label
1	Pr1.10	Velocity feedforward gain constant
2	Pr1.11	Velocity feedforward filter time constant
3	Pr1.12	Torque feedforward gain
4	Pr1.13	Torque feedforward filter time constant
5	Pr1.15	Position control gain switching mode
6	Pr1.17	Position control switching level
7	Pr1.18	Position control switching hysteresis
18	Pr1.19	Position gain switching time

### Types of mechanical load

Please select mechanical load according to load-inertia ratio and mechanical structures:

Load types	Description
0x00_ : Rigid structure	When load is <b>rigid</b> with relatively <b>low inertia</b> . Gain adjustments prioritize <b>system responsiveness</b> . Structures including high precision reducer, lead screws, mechanical gears, etc.
0x01_ : High inertia	<b>High load inertia</b> (10 times or above). Gain adjustments prioritize <b>operation stability and responsiveness</b> . Recommended mechanical stiffness level <b>not more than 15</b> .
0x02_ : Flexible structure	When load is <b>flexible</b> with relatively <b>high inertia</b> . Gain adjustments prioritize <b>operation stability</b> . Structures including long transportation belt or chain.

*Structures with high inertia can have better performance if inertia ratio is set accurately.*

<b>Pr0.02</b>	Name	Real time Auto Gain Adjusting			Valid Mode							<b>F</b>
	Range	0x0~0xFF F	Unit	—	Default	0x001	Index		2002h			
	Activation	Immediate										

Set up the mode of the real time auto gain adjusting.

Data bits	Category	Settings	Application
0x00_	Motion setting mode	Used to set motion setting mode, which can be selected according to the motion characteristics or setting requirements. Generally, it is recommended to select mode 1 with good generality when there is no special requirement, mode 2 when rapid positioning is needed. If mode 1 and mode 2 cannot meet the requirements, please choose mode 0.	
		0:Manual	Pr0.03 invalid. Gain value must be adjusted manually and accordingly.
		1:Standard	Pr0.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be achieved by changing Pr0.03 stiffness value. Gain switching is not used in this mode, suitable for applications with requirements for stability.
		2:Positioning	Pr0.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be achieved by changing Pr0.03 stiffness value. This mode is suitable for applications requiring quick positioning. Not recommended for load mounted vertical to ground, or please compensate for the load using Pr6.07
0x0_0	Load type setting	Used to select the load type, choose according to load-inertia ratio and mechanical structure.	
		0: Rigid structure	This mode prioritizes system responsiveness. Use this mode when there is a relatively rigid structure with low load inertia. Typical application including directly connected high-precision gearbox, lead screw, gears, etc.
		1:High inertia	For applications with higher load inertia (10 times or above), gain settings take into account both machine stability and responsiveness. Not recommended to set stiffness above 15 for high load inertia.
		2: Flexible structure	This mode prioritizes system stability. Use this mode when there is low rigidity structure with high load inertia. Typical applications included belts and chains.
0x_00	reserved		

The setting type combination is a hexadecimal standard, as follows:

Setting type combination	Application type
0X000	Rigid structure Manual
0X001	Rigid structure +Standard
0X002	Rigid structure +Positioning
0X010	High inertia + Manual

	0X011	High inertia + Standard													
	0X012	High inertia + Positioning													
	0X020	Flexible structure + Manual													
	0X021	Flexible structure +Standard													
	0X022	Flexible structure +Positioning													
<b>Pr0.03</b>	Name	Real time auto stiffness adjusting			Mode						<b>F</b>				
	Range	50 ~ 81	Unit	—	Default	70	Index		2003h						
	Activation	Immediate													
Valid when Pr0.03 = 1,2															
<p style="text-align: center;">Low → Mechanical stiffness → High</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Low → Servo gain → High</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <tr> <td>81.80.....</td> <td>70.69.68.....</td> <td>51.50</td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">Low → Responsiveness → High</p>											81.80.....	70.69.68.....	51.50		
81.80.....	70.69.68.....	51.50													
<p style="text-align: center;">Lower values ensure better system responsiveness and mechanical stiffness but machine vibration might occur, please set accordingly.</p>															

### Gain parameters settings table

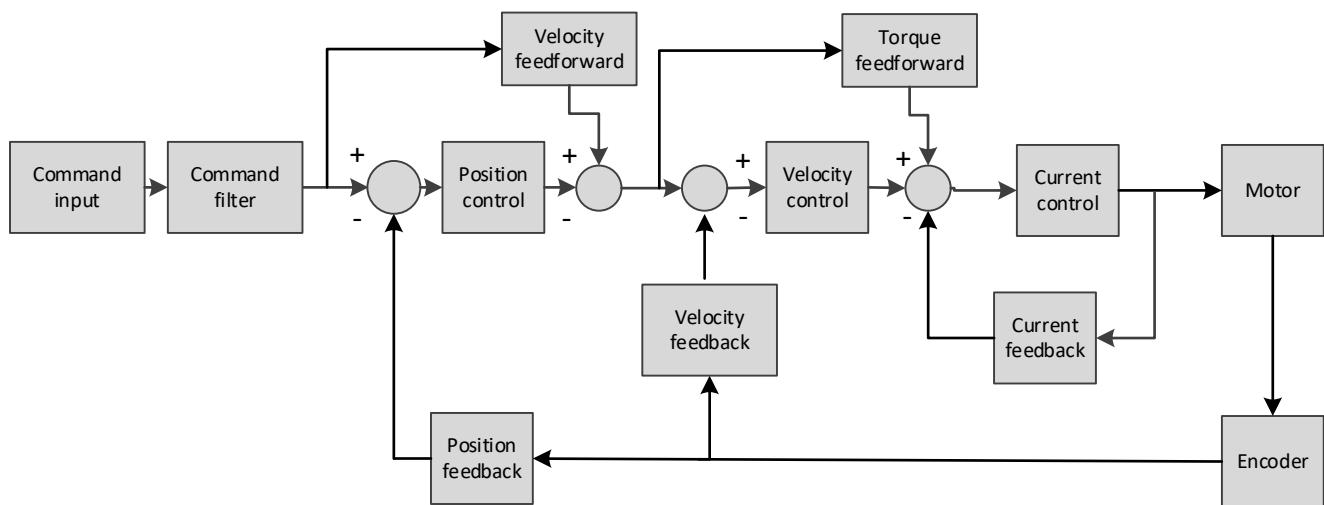
Stiffness	1 <sup>st</sup> gain				2 <sup>nd</sup> gain				Pr1.09
	Pr1.00	Pr1.01	Pr1.02	Pr1.04	Pr1.05	Pr1.06	Pr1.07	Pr1.09	
0	Position loop gain (0.1/s)	Velocity loop gain (Hz)	Velocity loop integral time constant (0.1ms)	Torque filter (0.01ms)	Position loop gain (0.1/s)	Velocity loop gain (Hz)	Velocity loop integral time constant (0.1ms)	Torque filter (0.01ms)	
1	20	15	3700	1500	25	15	10000	1500	
2	25	20	2800	1100	30	20	10000	1100	
3	30	25	2200	900	40	25	10000	900	
4	40	30	1900	800	45	30	10000	800	
5	45	35	1600	600	55	35	10000	600	
6	55	45	1200	500	70	45	10000	500	
7	75	60	900	400	95	60	10000	400	
8	95	75	700	300	120	75	10000	300	
9	115	90	600	300	140	90	10000	300	
10	140	110	500	200	175	110	10000	200	
11	175	140	400	200	220	140	10000	200	
	320	180	310	126	380	180	10000	126	

12	390	220	250	103	460	220	10000	103
13	480	270	210	84	570	270	10000	84
14	630	350	160	65	730	350	10000	65
15	720	400	140	57	840	400	10000	57
16	900	500	120	45	1050	500	10000	45
17	1080	600	110	38	1260	600	10000	38
18	1350	750	90	30	1570	750	10000	30
19	1620	900	80	25	1880	900	10000	25
20	2060	1150	70	20	2410	1150	10000	20
21	2510	1400	60	16	2930	1400	10000	16
22	3050	1700	50	13	3560	1700	10000	13
23	3770	2100	40	11	4400	2100	10000	11
24	4490	2500	40	9	5240	2500	10000	9
25	5000	2800	35	8	5900	2800	10000	8
26	5600	3100	30	7	6500	3100	10000	7
27	6100	3400	30	7	7100	3400	10000	7
28	6600	3700	25	6	7700	3700	10000	6
29	7200	4000	25	6	8400	4000	10000	6
30	8100	4500	20	5	9400	4500	10000	5
31	9000	5000	20	5	10500	5000	10000	5

## 6.5 Manual gain adjustment

Due to limitation of load conditions, automatic gain adjustment might not achieve expected performance. Control can be improved through manual gain adjustment

The servo system is made up of 3 control loops. From outer to inner: position loop, velocity loop, current loop as shown in the diagram below.



Inner control loop demands higher responsiveness. In order to avoid system instability, please tune in accordance to this principle. Current loop gain usually satisfies the responsiveness demand without tuning. When gain adjustment is done under position control mode, in order to keep the system stable, position and velocity loop gain have to be increased at the same time to make sure the responsiveness of the position loop is lower than velocity loop.

### Steps to tuning (Position and velocity control)

For servo gain, if any one of the parameters is changed, please modify other gain related parameters accordingly. Make sure to the change at around 5% and follow the rules as below.

- 1) Increase responsiveness
  - a) Reduce torque command filter time
  - b) Increase velocity loop gain
  - c) Decrease velocity loop integral time
  - d) Increase position loop gain
- 2) Decrease responsiveness, prevent vibration and over shoot
  - a) Reduce position loop gain
  - b) Increase velocity loop integral time
  - c) Reduce velocity loop gain
  - d) Increase torque filter time

Pr1.00	Name	1 <sup>st</sup> position loop gain			Mode	PP			HM	CS P							
	Range	0~3000 0	Unit	0.1/s	Default	320	Index			2100h							
	Activation	Immediate															
Higher position loop gain value improves the responsiveness of the servo driver and lessens the positioning time. Position loop gain value shouldn't exceed responsiveness of the mechanical system and take in consideration velocity loop gain, if not it might cause vibration, mechanical noise and overtravel. As velocity loop gain is based on position loop gain, please set both values accordingly. Recommended range: $1.2 \leq Pr1.00/Pr1.01 \leq 1.8$																	
Pr1.02	Name	1 <sup>st</sup> Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop			Mode							F					
	Range	1~1000 0	Unit	0.1ms	Default	310	Index			2102h							
	Activation	Immediate															
If auto gain adjusting function is not enabled, Pr1.02 is activated. The lower the set value, the closer the lag error at stop to 0 but might cause vibration. If the value set is overly large, overshoot, delay of positioning time duration and lowered responsiveness might occur. Set 10000 to deactivate Pr1.02. Recommended range: $50000 \leq PA1.01 \times PA1.02 \leq 150000$  For example: Velocity loop gain $Pr1.01 = 500(0.1\text{Hz})$ , which is 50Hz. Integral time constant of velocity loop should be $100(0.1\text{ms}) \leq Pr1.02 \leq 300(0.1\text{ms})$																	
Pr1.04	Name	1 <sup>st</sup> Torque Filter Time Constant			Mode							F					
	Range	0~250 0	Unit	0.01ms	Default	126	Index			2104h							
	Activation	Immediate															
To set torque command low-pass filter, add a filter delay time constant to torque command and filter out the high frequencies in the command. Often used to reduce or eliminate some noise or vibration during motor operation, but it will reduce the responsiveness of current loop, resulting in undermining velocity loop and position loop control. Pr1.04 needs to match velocity loop gain. Recommended range: $1,000,000/(2\pi \times Pr1.04) \geq Pr1.01 \times 4$  For example: Velocity loop gain $Pr1.01 = 180(0.1\text{Hz})$ which is 18Hz. Time constant of torque filter should be $Pr1.01 \leq 221(0.01\text{ms})$ If mechanical vibration is due to servo driver, adjusting Pr1.04 might eliminate the vibration. The smaller the value, the better the responsiveness but also subjected to machine conditions. If the value is too large, it might lower the responsiveness of current loop. With higher Pr1.01 value settings and no resonance, reduce Pr1.04 value; With lower Pr1.01 value settings, increase Pr1.04 value to lower motor noise.																	

## 6.6 Parameters adjustment under different control modes

Under different control mode, parameters adjustment has to be adjusted in this order:  
 “Inertia measuring” -> “Auto gain adjustment”-> “Manual gain adjustments”

### Position control mode

Set load-inertia ratio Pr0.04 after inertia determination.

No.	Parameter	Label
1	Pr1.00	1 <sup>st</sup> position loop gain
2	Pr1.01	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity loop gain
3	Pr1.02	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity integral time constant
4	Pr1.03	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity detection filter
5	Pr1.04	1 <sup>st</sup> torque filter time constant
6	Pr1.05	2 <sup>nd</sup> position loop gain
7	Pr1.06	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity loop gain
8	Pr1.07	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity integral time constant
9	Pr1.08	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity detection filter
10	Pr1.09	2 <sup>nd</sup> torque filter time constant
11	Pr1.10	Velocity feedforward gain constant
12	Pr1.11	Velocity feedforward filter time constant
13	Pr1.12	Torque feedforward gain
14	Pr1.13	Torque feedforward filter time constant
15	Pr1.15	Position control gain switching mode
16	Pr1.17	Position control switching level
17	Pr1.18	Position control switching hysteresis
18	Pr1.19	Position gain switching time

1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> gain initial values are obtained by automatic gain adjustment

No.	Parameter	Label
1	Pr1.00	1 <sup>st</sup> position loop gain
2	Pr1.01	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity loop gain
3	Pr1.02	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity integral time constant
4	Pr1.03	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity detection filter
5	Pr1.04	1 <sup>st</sup> torque filter time constant
6	Pr1.05	2 <sup>nd</sup> position loop gain
7	Pr1.06	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity loop gain
8	Pr1.07	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity integral time constant
9	Pr1.08	2 <sup>nd</sup> velocity detection filter
10	Pr1.09	2 <sup>nd</sup> torque filter time constant

### Manually adjusted gain parameters

No.	Parameter	Label
1	Pr1.00	1 <sup>st</sup> position loop gain
2	Pr1.01	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity loop gain
3	Pr1.02	1 <sup>st</sup> velocity integral time constant
4	Pr1.04	1 <sup>st</sup> torque filter time constant
5	Pr1.10	Velocity feedforward gain constant
6	Pr1.11	Velocity feedforward filter time constant

### Velocity control mode

Velocity control mode parameters adjustment is pretty similar to position control mode. Except for position loop gain Pr1.00 and Pr1.05, velocity feedforward gain (Pr1.10)

### Torque control mode

Parameters adjustment for torque control mode has to be differentiate into 2 conditions:

1. When actual velocity reaches velocity limit, adjustment will be as per velocity control mode. Motor will switch from torque control to velocity limit as velocity control.
2. When actual velocity doesn't reach velocity limit yet, Except for position loop gain, velocity loop gain and feedforward gain, parameter adjustments as per velocity control mode.

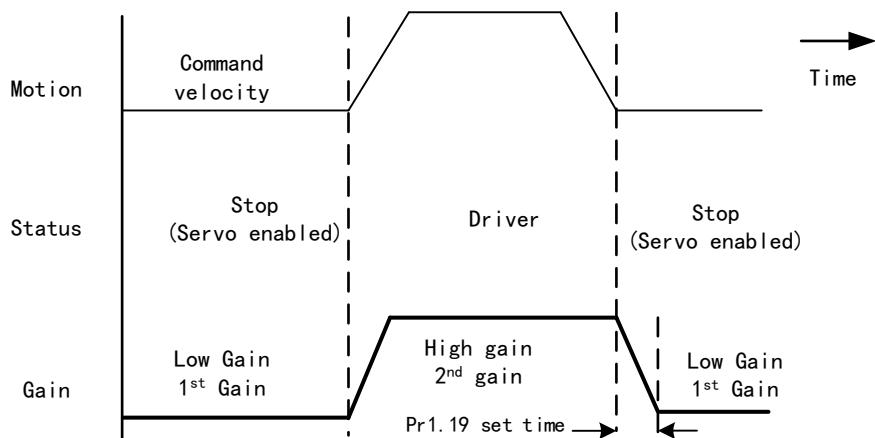
If there is no velocity limit and control is through torque command, please deactivate torque and notch filter, set velocity limit to max. value and increase velocity loop gain to as high as possible.

## 6.7 Gain switching

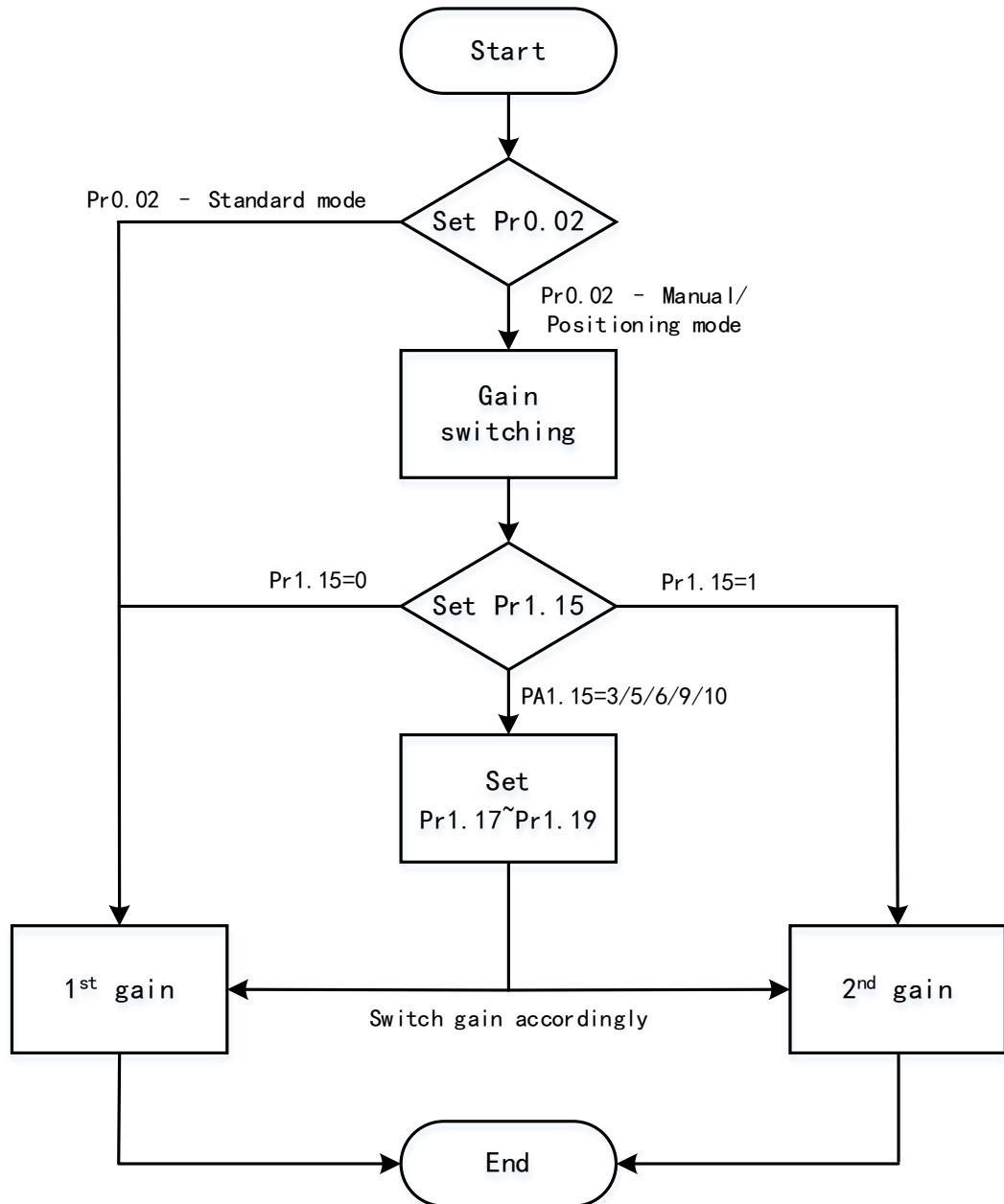
Gain switching function can be triggered internally in servo driver. Only valid under position or velocity control mode. Following effects can be realized by gain switching:

1. Switch to lower gain when motor stops to suppress vibration
2. Switch to higher gain when motor is moving at a low velocity to shorten positioning time
3. Switch to higher gain when motor is moving at a high velocity to improve command following behavior.

Diagram below shows gain switching when motor stops.

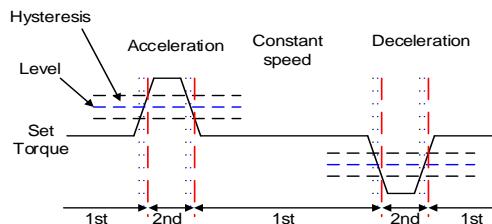
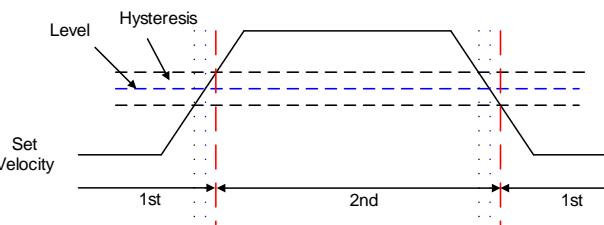


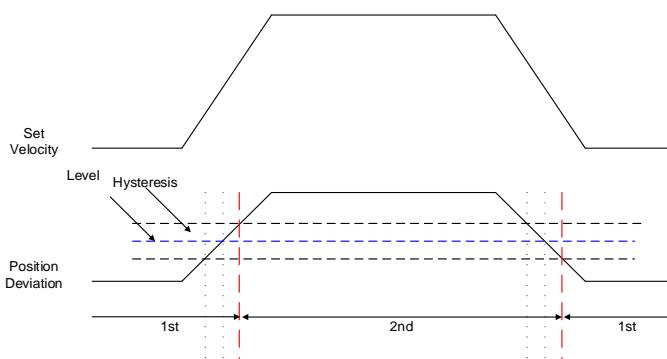
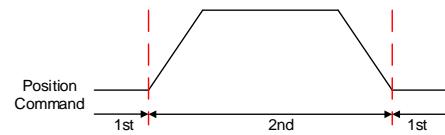
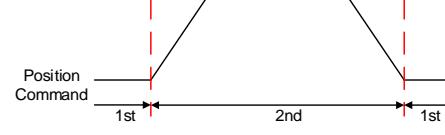
1<sup>st</sup> gain (Pr1.00-Pr1.04) and 2<sup>nd</sup> gain (Pr1.05-Pr1.09) switching can be realized through manual and positioning mode. Switching condition is set through Pr1.15. Gain switching is invalid under standard mode.

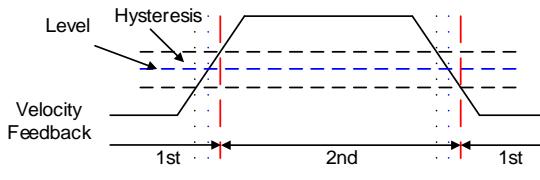
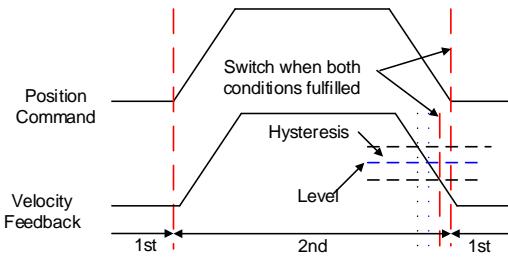


#### Related parameters on gain switching

No.	Parameter	Label	Remarks
1	Pr1.15	Position control gain switching mode	In position control, set Pr1.15=3、5、6、9、10. In velocity control, set Pr1.15=3、5、9
2	Pr1.17	Position control level switching	Please set Pr1.17≥Pr1.18
3	Pr1.18	Position control hysteresis switching	If Pr1.17<Pr1.18, driver will set Pr1.17=Pr1.18
4	Pr1.19	Position gain time switching	

<b>Pr1.15</b>	Name	Position control gain switching mode			Mode						<b>F</b>						
	Range	0~11	Unit	—	Default	0	Index			2115h							
	Activation	Immediate															
	Set Value	Condition	Gain switching condition														
	0	1 <sup>st</sup> gain fixed	Fixed on using 1 <sup>st</sup> gain(Pr1.00-Pr1.04)														
	1	2 <sup>nd</sup> gain fixed	Fixed on using 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain (Pr1.05-Pr1.09)														
	2	Reserved															
	3	High set torque	Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain when set torque command absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[%] Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain when set torque command absolute value smaller than (level + hysteresis)[%] 														
	4	Reserved	Reserved														
	5	High set velocity	 Valid for position and velocity control. Switch to 2 <sup>nd</sup> gain when set velocity command absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[r/min] Switch to 1 <sup>st</sup> gain when set velocity command absolute value smaller than (level-hysteresis)[r/min]														

6	Large position deviation	<p>Valid for position control.  Switch to 2<sup>nd</sup> gain when position deviation absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[pulse]  Switch to 1<sup>st</sup> gain when position deviation absolute value smaller than (level-hysteresis)[pulse]</p> 
7	Pending position command	<p>Valid for position control.  Switch to 2<sup>nd</sup> gain if position command <math>\neq 0</math>  Switch to 1<sup>st</sup> gain if position command remains = 0 throughout the duration of delay time.</p> 
8	Not yet in position	<p>Valid for position control.  Switch to 2<sup>nd</sup> gain if position command is not completed.  Switch to 1<sup>st</sup> gain if position command remains uncompleted throughout the duration of delay time.</p> 
9	High actual velocity	<p>Valid for position control.  Switch to 2<sup>nd</sup> gain when actual velocity absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[r/min]  Switch to 1<sup>st</sup> gain when actual velocity absolute value remains smaller throughout the duration of delay time than (level-hysteresis)[r/min]</p>

		 <p>The graph illustrates the switching logic for position control. It shows two horizontal dashed lines labeled 'Level' and 'Hysteresis'. A solid blue line labeled 'Velocity Feedback' oscillates between these levels. Red vertical lines mark the '1st' and '2nd' switching points. Arrows indicate the direction of level crossing. The 'Position Command' is a step function that triggers the switching logic.</p>
10	Pending position command +actual velocity	<p>Valid for position control. Switch to 2<sup>nd</sup> gain if position command ≠ 0 Switch to 1<sup>st</sup> gain if positional command = 0 throughout the duration of delay time and absolute value of actual velocity remains smaller than (level - hysteresis) (r/min)</p>  <p>This detailed graph shows the logic for switching between gain levels. It includes a 'Position Command' step function and a 'Velocity Feedback' line. Red lines indicate specific switching points: '1st' and '2nd' for the position command, and '1st' for the velocity feedback. Annotations explain that the switch occurs when both conditions are fulfilled: the position command reaches its limit and the velocity feedback crosses the 'Level' and 'Hysteresis' boundaries.</p>

For position control mode, set Pr1.15=3,5,6,9,10;

For velocity control mode, set Pr1.15=3,5,9;

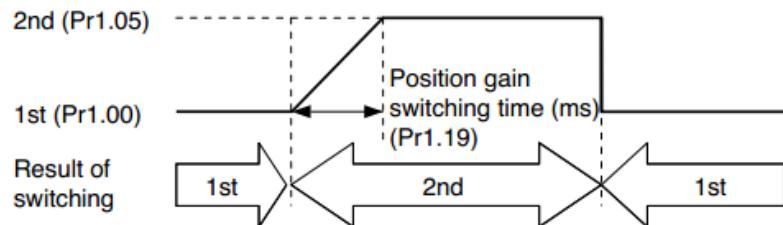
**\*\* Above 'level' and 'hysteresis' are in correspondence to Pr1.17 Position control gain switching level and Pr1.18 Hysteresis at position control switching.**

Pr1.17	Name	Position control gain switching level			Mode									F									
	Range	0~2000 0	Unit	Mode dependent	Default	50		Index			2117h												
	Activation	Immediate																					
Set threshold value for gain switching to occur. Unit is mode dependent.																							
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Switching condition</th> <th>Unit</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Position</td> <td>Encoder pulse count</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Velocity</td> <td>RPM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Torque</td> <td>%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Switching condition	Unit	Position	Encoder pulse count										Velocity	RPM	Torque	%					
Switching condition	Unit																						
Position	Encoder pulse count																						
Velocity	RPM																						
Torque	%																						
<i>Please set level ≥ hysteresis</i>																							
Pr1.18	Name	Hysteresis at position control switching			Mode									F									
	Range	0~2000 0	Unit	Mode dependent	Default	33		Index			2118h												
	Activation	Immediate																					

To eliminate the instability of gain switching. Used in combination with Pr1.17 using the same unit.  
If level < hysteresis, drive will set internally hysteresis = level.

Pr1.19	Name	Position gain switching time			Mode								F
	Range	0~1000 0	Unit	0.1ms	Default	33	Index	2119h					
	Activation	Immediate											

During position control, to ease torque changes and vibration due to rapid changes in position loop gain, set suitable Pr1.19 value  
For example: 1st (pr1.00) <-> 2nd (Pr1.05)

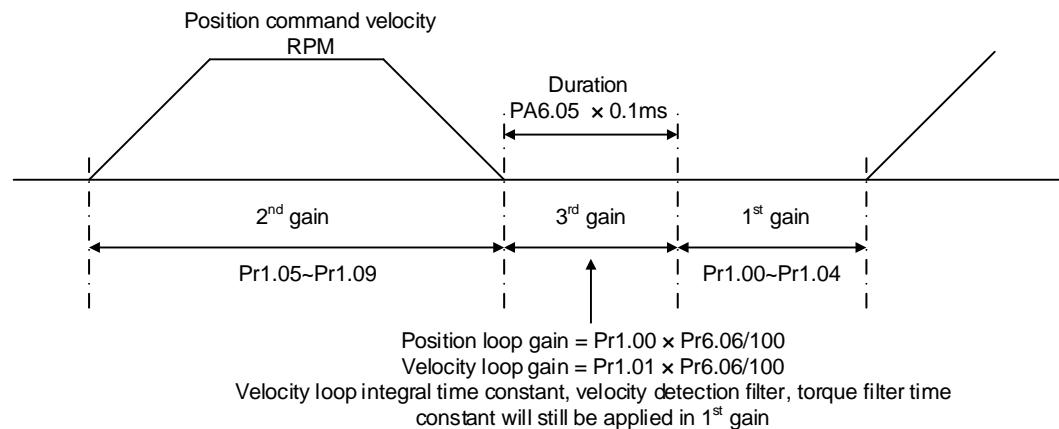


## 6.7 3<sup>rd</sup> Gain Switching

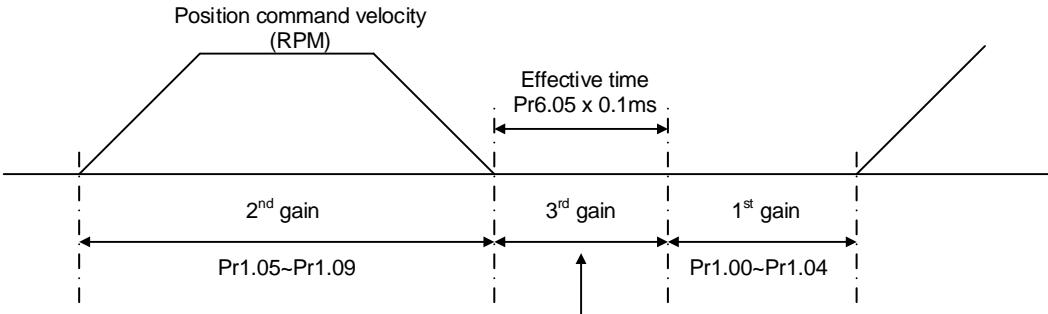
Besides switching between 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> gain, a 3<sup>rd</sup> gain switching is added to set gain at the moment of stopping to reduce positioning time.

Only available under position mode and Pr6.05 ≠ 0, set Pr6.06 for 3<sup>rd</sup> gain value. When 2<sup>nd</sup> gain switches to 1<sup>st</sup> gain, it has to go through 3<sup>rd</sup> gain, switching time is set in Pr1.19.

Diagram below shows when Pr1.15 = 7.



**Related parameters**

<b>Pr6.05</b>	Label	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain valid time			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>HM</b>	<b>CS P</b>																		
	Range	0~10000			Unit	0.1ms	Default			0	Index																	
	Activation	Immediate																										
To set time for 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain to be valid When not in use, set Pr6.05=0, Pr6.06=100																												
<b>Pr6.06</b>	Label	Position 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain scale factor			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>HM</b>	<b>CS P</b>																		
	Range	0~1000			Unit	100%	Default			100	Index																	
	Activation	Immediate																										
Set up the 3 <sup>rd</sup> gain by multiplying factor of the 1 <sup>st</sup> gain																												
 <p>Position command velocity (RPM)</p> <p>Effective time Pr6.05 x 0.1ms</p> <p>2<sup>nd</sup> gain      3<sup>rd</sup> gain      1<sup>st</sup> gain</p> <p>Pr1.05~Pr1.09      Pr1.00~Pr1.04</p> <p>Position loop gain = Pr1.00 x Pr6.06/100 Velocity loop gain = Pr1.01 x Pr6.06/100 Velocity loop integral time constant, Velocity detection filter, Torque filter time constant still uses 1<sup>st</sup> gain</p>																												
$3^{\text{rd}} \text{ gain} = 1^{\text{st}} \text{ gain} * \text{Pr6.06}/100$ <p>Only effective under position control mode, set Pr6.05≠0, 3<sup>rd</sup> gain function activated, set 3<sup>rd</sup> gain value in Pr6.06. When 2<sup>nd</sup> gain switches to 1<sup>st</sup> gain, will go through 3<sup>rd</sup>, switching time value set in Pr1.19.</p> <p>Above diagram is illustrated using Pr1.15 = 7.</p>																												

## 6.8 Feedforward gain

In position control, velocity feedforward is calculated by comparing the velocity control command calculated internally and velocity command calculated from position feedback. Comparing to control only using feedbacks, this will reduce position deviation and increase responsiveness. Besides, by comparing the torque needed during motion from velocity control command in comparison with velocity feedback, torque feedback can be calculated to improve system responsiveness.

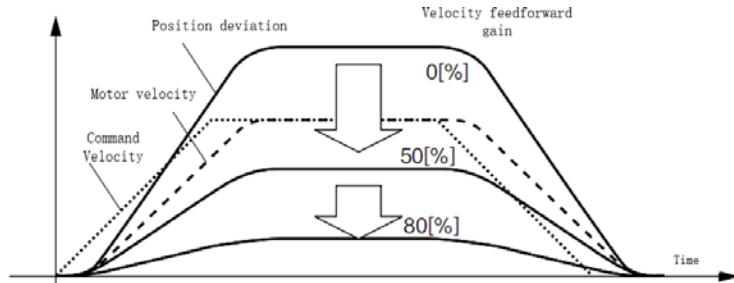
## 6.8.1 Velocity feedforward

Velocity feedforward can be used in position control mode. When the function is enabled, it can increase velocity responsiveness, reduce position deviation during constant velocity.

<b>Pr1.10</b>	Name	Velocity feed forward gain			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>HM</b>	<b>CS P</b>							
	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.10%	Default	300	Index		2110h								
	Activation	Immediate															
Used for decreasing following error caused by low responsiveness of velocity loop. Might cause overshoot or increase in noise if set value is too high.																	
<b>Pr1.11</b>	Name	Velocity feed forward filter time constant			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>HM</b>	<b>CS P</b>							
	Range	0~6400	Unit	0.01ms	Default	50	Index		2111h								
	Activation	Immediate															
Set velocity feed forward low pass filter to eliminate high or abnormal frequencies in velocity feed forward command. Often used when position command with low resolution or high electronic gear ration to smoothen velocity feed forward. Position deviation under constant velocity can be lowered with higher velocity feed forward gain. Please to refer to the equation below. $\text{Position deviation[Uint]} = \frac{\text{Set velocity} \frac{\text{Uint}}{\text{s}}}{\text{Position loop gain} [\text{Hz}]} \times \frac{100 - \text{Velocity feed foward gain} [\%]}{100}$																	

### Velocity feedforward application

Set Pr1.11 to around 50 (0.5ms), then tune Pr1.10 from 0 to bigger values until the velocity feedforward achieves better performance. Under constant velocity, the position deviation in a motion will decrease as the velocity feedforward gain increase.



### Steps to tuning:

1. Increase Pr1.10 to increase responsiveness but velocity overshoot might occur during acc-/deceleration.
2. By reducing Pr1.11, velocity feedforward would be more effective and vice versa. Pr1.10 and Pr1.11 need to be tuned to a balance.
3. If mechanical noise exists under normal working conditions, please increase Pr1.11 or use position command filter (1 time delay/ FIR smoothing filter)

## 6.8.2 Torque feedforward

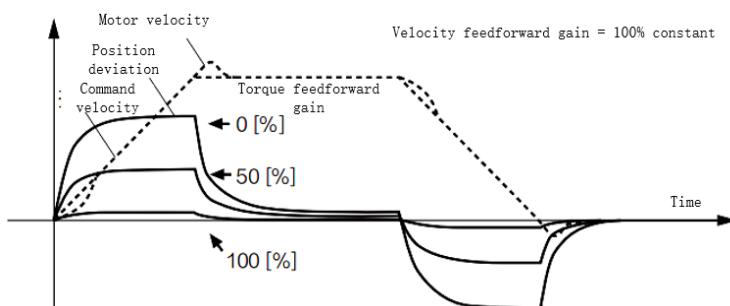
Position control mode: Torque feedforward can increase the responsiveness of torque command, decrease position deviation during constant acc-/deceleration.

Velocity control mode: Torque feedforward can increase the responsiveness of torque command, decrease velocity deviation during constant velocity.

Pr1.12	Name	Torque feed forward gain			Mode	PP	PV	HM	CS P	CS V							
	Range	0~100 0	Unit	0.1%	Default	0	Index			2112h							
	Activation	Immediate															
Before using torque feed forward, please set correct inertia ratio. By increasing torque feed forward gain, position deviation on constant acceleration/deceleration can be reduced to close to 0. Under ideal condition and trapezoidal speed profile, position deviation of the whole motion can be reduced to close to 0. In reality, perturbation torque will always exist, hence position deviation can never be 0.																	
Pr1.13	Name	Torque feed forward filter time constant			Mode	PP	PV	HM	CS P	CS V							
	Range	0~640 0	Unit	0.01ms	Default	0	Index			2113h							
	Activation	Immediate															
Low pass filter to eliminate abnormal or high frequencies in torque feed forward command. Usually used when encoder has lower resolution or precision. Noise reduces if torque feed forward filter time constant is set higher but position deviation will increase at acceleration varied points.																	

### Torque feedforward application

Set Pr1.13 to around 50 (0.5ms), then tune Pr1.10 from 0 to bigger values until torque feedforward achieves better performance. Under constant acc-/deceleration, the position deviation in a motion will decrease as the velocity feedforward gain increase.



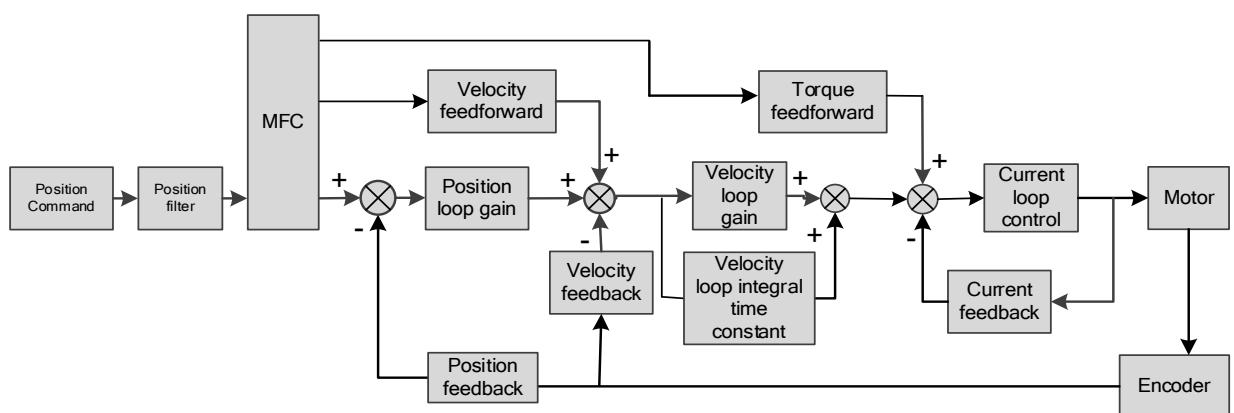
#### Steps to tuning:

2. Increase Pr1.12 to increase responsiveness but velocity overshoot might occur during acc-/deceleration.
3. By reducing Pr1.13, torque feedforward would be more effective and vice versa. Pr1.12 and Pr1.13 need to be tuned to a balance and reduce noise.

## 6.9 Model following control

Model following control is a type of closed loop control system. First, an ideal model is constructed and acts as a reference for actual model in a closed loop control. Model following control can be treated as a control mode with 2 flexibilities: Model reference can be used to improve command responsiveness and closed loop control used to increase responsiveness of the system towards interference. They don't affect each other.

Model following control can be used in position loop control to increase responsiveness to commands, reduce positioning time and following error. This function is only available in position control mode.



To adjust model following control

### 1. Automatic adjustment

Set model following bandwidth Pr0.00 = 1 for automatic adjustment. Now, Pr0.00 = Pr1.01, model following bandwidth is adjusted automatically according to different velocity loop gain.

### 3. Manual adjustment

Please used manual adjustment if

- Automatic adjustment is not satisfactory.
- Responsiveness needs further improvement in comparison with automatic adjustment.
- There is a need to set servo gain or model following control parameters manually.

### Steps to manually adjust

Step	Content
1	Set up vibration suppression.
2	Set up the right inertia ratio.
3	Manually adjust gain.
4	Increase Pr0.00 provided that there is no overshoot and vibration. Usually Pr0.00 ≥ Pr1.01 is recommended.

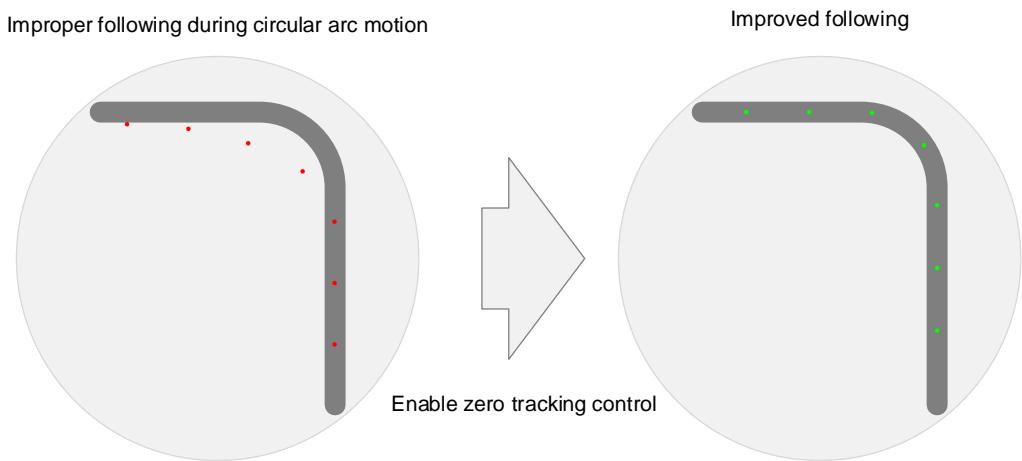
Model following bandwidth determines the responsiveness of the servo system. Increase the value set will increase responsiveness and reduce positioning time. Overshoot can be prevented if it is set at a lower value but responsiveness will be lowered. Model following bandwidth shouldn't be too large for mechanical structure with lower stiffness, excessive position deviation alarm might occur under high velocity.

## 6.10 Zero tracking control

Zero tracking control (ZTC) is able to realize a zero position deviation during acceleration/deceleration. This function increase multi axis precision and master-slave following.

Recommended application:

### 1. Multi axis



### 2. Master-slave following

Used when driving axis sends frequency divider signal to lead following axis to improve the following control.

- *ZTC only available under position control mode.*
- *ZTC can only be enabled when Pr0.00 is valid.*
- *Model following control (MFC) and Zero Tracking Control (ZTC) cannot be used together at the same time.*

Zero tracking control can achieve better performance with the following limiting factors.

	Limiting factors
Electronic gear ratio	Electronic gear ratio should be lower to prevent current noise.
Mechanical structure	Better structural rigidity to prevent vibration.

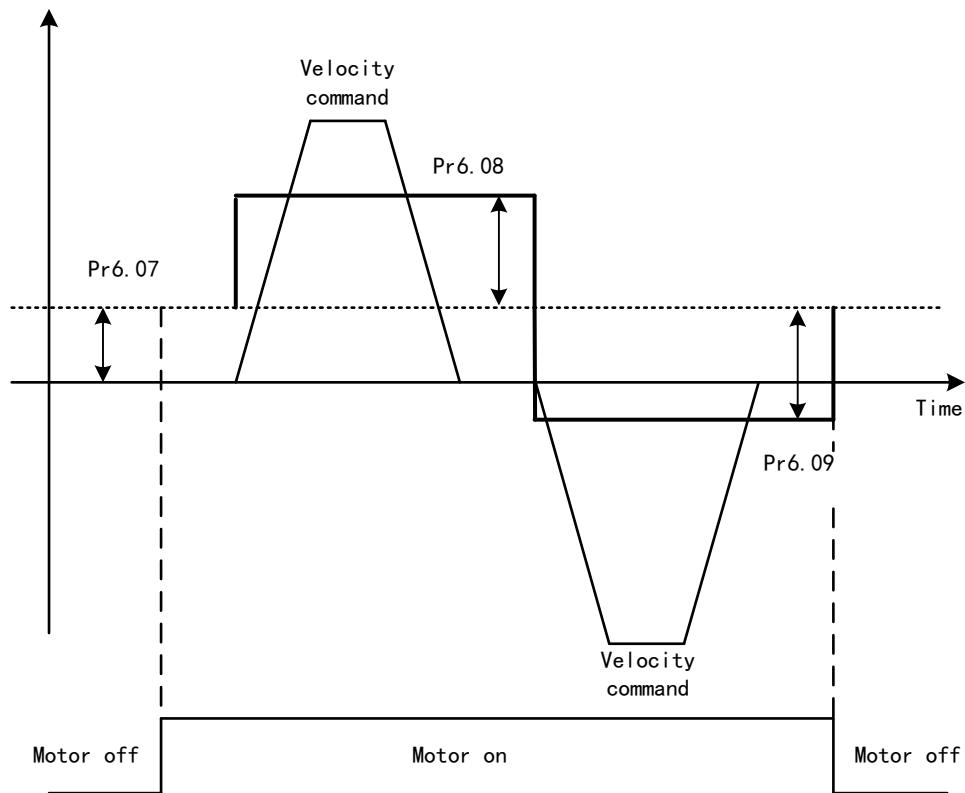
Motion	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Command acceleration should be continuously low to prevent deviation change during drastic changes in acceleration.</li> <li>2. Callback or overtravel might exist in positioning; sigmoid signal command might improve the problem.</li> </ol>
--------	---

### Related parameters

Parameter	Label	Description
Pr2.50	Model following control	0: Model following control - Default 1: Zero tracking control
Pr2.53	Dynamic friction compensation coefficient	Range: 0-1000, unit: 0.1% Unit: Changes in torque with the effect of friction on rotational speed. Only valid when MFC is activated
Pr0.00	Model following bandwidth	If Pr0.00 = 0, MFC and ZTC is deactivated. When Pr2.50 = 1 (Zero tracking control), higher bandwidth will improve following performance but noise will be higher.
Set the following parameters to default		
Pr2.51	Velocity feedforward compensation coefficient	Default value = 0 for zero tracking control.
Pr2.52	Torque feedforward compensation coefficient	
Pr2.54	Overtravel time constant	
Pr2.55	Overtravel suppression gain	

## 6.11 Friction compensation function

This function is to compensation for changes in load to reduce the effect of friction in motion. The compensation value is directional.



**Vertically loaded axis:** A constant eccentric load torque is applied on the motor. By adjusting Pr6.07, positioning deviation due to different motional direction can be reduced.

**Belt-driven axis:** Due to large radial load with dynamic frictional torque. Positioning time delay and deviation can be reduced by adjusting Pr6.08 and Pr6.09.

<b>Pr6.07</b>	Name	Torque command additional value			Mode								<b>F</b>					
	Range	-100~100			Unit	%	Default			0	Index			2607h				
	Activation	Immediate																
To set torque forward feed additional value of vertical axis. Applicable for loaded vertical axis, compensate constant torque. Application: When load move along vertical axis, pick any point from the whole motion and stop the load at that particular point with motor enabled but not rotating. Record output torque value from d04, use that value as torque command additional value (compensation value)																		
<b>Pr6.08</b>	Name	Positive direction torque compensation value			Mode								<b>F</b>					
	Range	-100~100			Unit	%	Default			0	Index			2608h				
	Activation	Immediate																
<b>Pr6.09</b>	Name	Negative direction torque			Mode								<b>F</b>					

		compensation value																
	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0	Index		2609h									
	Activation	Immediate																
<p>To reduce the effect of mechanical friction in the movement(s) of the axis. Compensation values can be set according to needs for both rotational directions.</p> <p>Applications:</p> <p>1. When motor is at constant speed, d04 will deliver torque values.</p> <p>Torque value in positive direction = T1;</p> <p>Torque value in negative direction = T2</p> $\text{Pr6.08/Pr6.09} = T_f = \frac{ T_1 - T_2 }{2}$																		

## 6.12 Vibration Suppression

### 6.12.1 Mechanical resonance suppression

Mechanical system has certain resonance frequencies. When servo gain is increased, resonance might occur at around mechanical resonant frequencies, preventing gain value from increasing. In such situation, notch filter can be used to suppress resonance to set higher gains or lower vibration.

To suppress mechanical resonance:

1. Torque command filter time constant

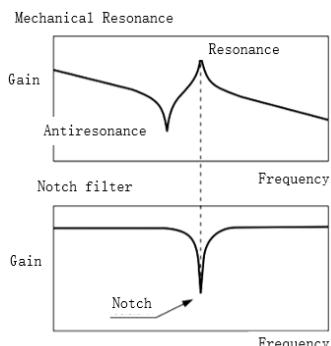
Set filter time constant to reduce gain at around resonant frequencies

Torque command filter blocked frequencies (Hz)  $fc=1/[2\pi \times PA1.04(0.01ms) \times 0.00001]$

2. Notch filter

Notch filter suppress mechanical resonance by reducing gain at certain frequencies.

When notch filter is correctly set, resonance can be suppressed and servo gain can be increased.



- Notch filter bandwidth

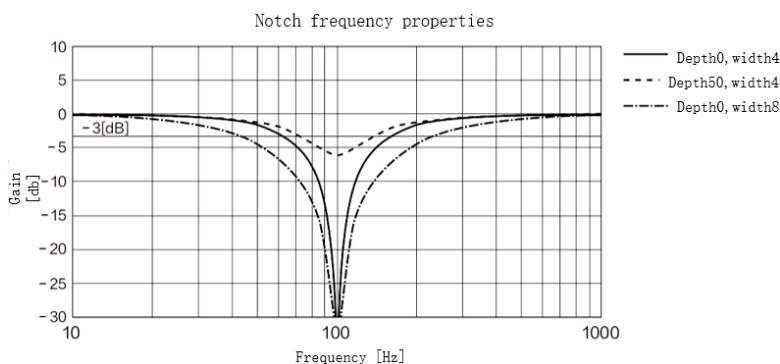
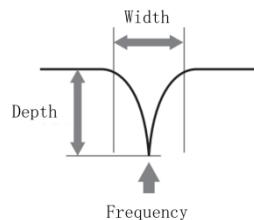
Center frequency of the notch filter, frequency bandwidth with reduction of -3dB.

- Notch filter depth

The ratio between input and output of center frequency.

When depth = 0, center frequency output is totally off and when depth = 100,

Hence when notch filter depth is set at lower value, the depth is higher and better at suppressing mechanical resonance but it might cause system instability.



If the \_\_\_ from mechanical properties analysis tool doesn't show any obvious peak but vibration did occur, it might not be due to mechanical resonance, it may be that servo gain has reached its limit. This kind of vibration can't be suppressed by using notch filter, only by reducing gain and torque command filter time.

### To use notch filter

#### Automatic notch filter

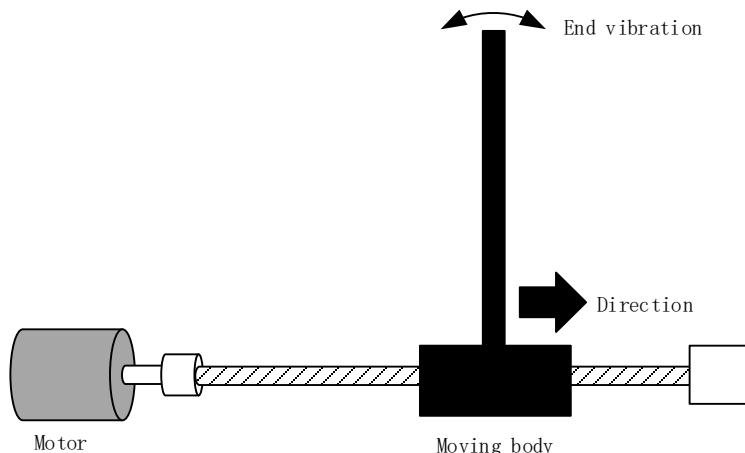
1. Set Pr2.00 = 1 for auto notch filter adjustment
2. If Pr0.03 stiffness increases, 3<sup>rd</sup> group of notch filter (Pr2.07/Pr2.08/Pr2.09) updates automatically when driver is enabled. Pr2.00 = 0, auto adjustments stop. If resonance is suppressed, it means self-adjusting notch filter is working. If resonance occurs when mechanical stiffness increases, please use manual notch filter, set filter frequency to actual resonant frequency.

#### Manual notch filter

There are 2 ways to use manual notch filter.

1. After enabling self-adjusting notch filter, set the values from 3<sup>rd</sup> group of filters to 1<sup>st</sup> group of notch filter (Pr2.01/Pr2.02/Pr2.03), see if resonance is suppressed. If there is other resonance, set Pr2.00 = 1, then set the values from 3<sup>rd</sup> group of filters to 2<sup>nd</sup> group of notch filter (Pr2.04/Pr2.05/Pr2.06)
2. Get resonant frequency, notch filter bandwidth and depth and set it into the corresponding parameters through Motion Studio.

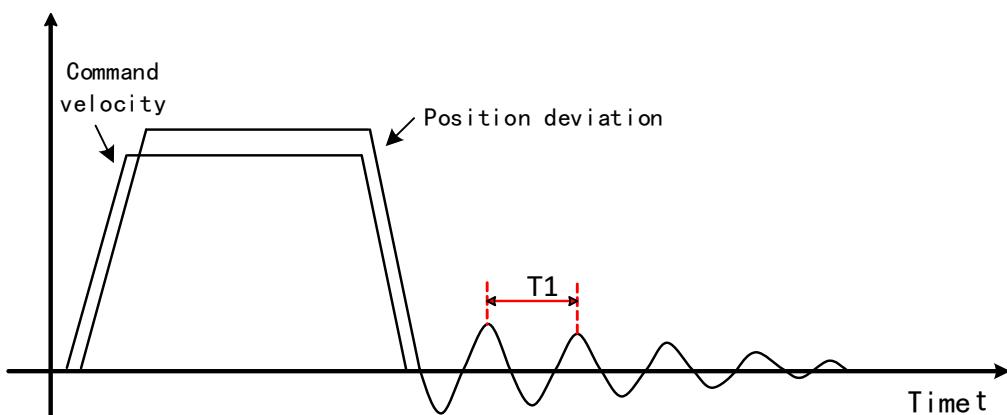
## 6.12.2 End vibration suppression



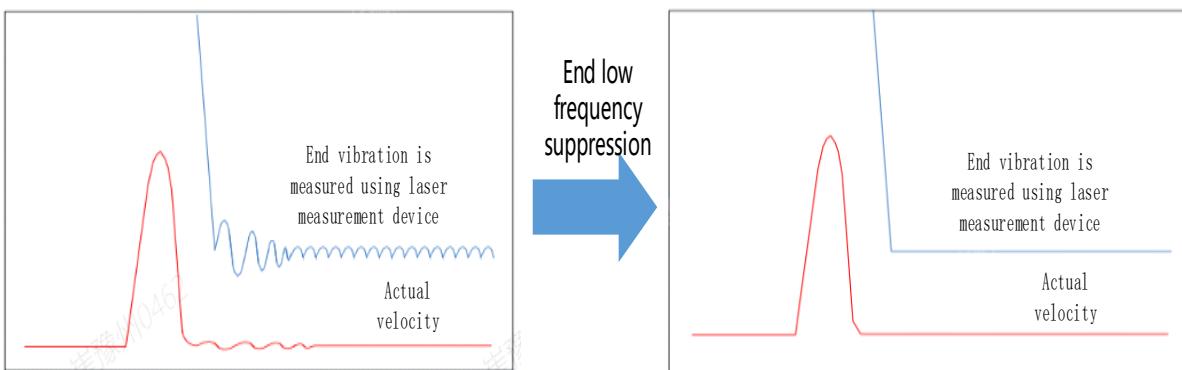
If the mechanical has an end that is long and heavy, it might cause end vibration at emergency stop and affect the positioning. Usually happens on long armed axis with loose end. The frequency is usually within 100Hz which is lower than mechanical resonant frequencies. It is called low-frequency resonance which can be prevented by applying low frequency suppression function.

### To apply low frequency suppression

1. Trace current/ position deviation waveform when motion stops.
2. Measure the vibration cycle T1 of current waveform.
3. Convert T1 into low frequency resonance by  $F1 = 1/T1$
4. Write F1 into Pr2.14
5. If some other low frequency resonance occurs, please repeat step 1-3 and write F2 into Pr2.16.



The result of suppressing low frequency resonance



### 6.12.3 Mechanical properties analysis

This function is available on Motion Studio. Mechanical properties analysis is used to determine mechanical resonance and to use filter to suppress the resonance.

## 6.13 Position comparison

Position comparison is achieved by using instantaneous position data in comparison with preset position in position parameters. When the condition(s) is fulfilled, a pulse width configurable DO signal or ABZ/OCZ signal through frequency divider will be delivered. This function is operated in CPLD, without communication delay between processors hence it is suitable for application where high velocity motion is required.

Position comparison		Description
Output trigger	Output	6 DO or frequency divider ABZ/OCZ signal
	Logic	DO output valid as set in Pr4.10-Pr4.15
		ABZ/OCZ output valid as set in Pr5.42
		Output mode: Pulse / Flip
	Pulse width	Pr5.72 set pulse width
	Delay compensation	PA5.72 compensate for hardware delay
Comparison source	Motor enclosed	Supported
	Closed loop ABZ encoder	Supported
Comparison value	Points of comparison	42 points
Comparison attribute	Comparison method	Comparison ON/OFF for positive/negative crossover
		Set comparison output

Please assign DO as CMP-OUT or ABZ-signal as position comparison output.

**Related parameters**

Pr5.44	Label	Frequency divider output source			Mode								F
	Range	0~4		Unit	-	Default	0		Index		2544h		
	Activation	After restart											

**Set Value      Description**

【0】 Position feedback of encoder #1(motor encoder)

1 Position feedback of encoder #2(external encoder)

2 Reserved

3 Pulse input command position synchronous output;  
position comparison not available in this mode

4 Frequency divider output prohibited

Pr5.70	Label	Enable position comparison			Mode								F
	Range	0~1		Unit	%	Default	0		Index		2570h		
	Activation	Immediate											

**Set Value      Description**

【0】 Disable

1 Enable (Rising edge)

Pr5.71	Label	Position comparison mode			Mode								F
	Range	0~2		Unit	-	Default	0		Index		2571h		
	Activation	Immediate											

Detailed explanations is available in Chapter 6 Application under Position Comparison section

Pr5.72	Label	Position comparison pulse output width			Mode								F
	Range	0~4095		Unit	ms	Default	0.1ms		Index		2572h		
	Activation	Immediate											

To set output signal pulse width of position comparison

Pr5.73	Label	Position comparison output delay time compensation			Mode								F
	Range	-10000~10000		Unit	0.1μs	Default	0		Index		2573h		
	Activation	After restart											

To set delay time compensation for delay due to DO/ frequency divider

Pr5.74	Label	Position comparison starting point			Mode								F
	Range	1~42	Unit	-	Default	1		Index	2574h				
	Activation	Immediate											

To set the starting point of position comparison.

Pr5.75	Label	Position comparison end point			Mode								F
	Range	1~42	Unit	-	Default	1		Index	2575h				
	Activation	Immediate											

To set the end point of position comparison.

Pr5.76	Label	No. of cycle for N cycles comparison			Mode								F
	Range	1~50000	Unit	-	Default	1		Index	2576h				
	Activation	Immediate											

To set the number of cycles for N cycles comparison in position comparison.

Pr5.77	Label	Position comparison – set current position as origin			Mode								F
	Range	0~1	Unit	-	Default	0		Index	2577h				
	Activation	Immediate											

Set Value	Description
【0】	Disable
1	Enable (Rising edge)

Set origin for position comparison, set current position as origin at rising edge.

Pr5.78	Label	Position comparison – Offset to origin			Mode								F
	Range	-2 <sup>31</sup> ~2 <sup>31</sup> -1	Unit	-	Default	0		Index	2578h				
	Activation	Immediate											

To set offset value of position in comparison to origin set in Pr5.77

To set target position and its attributes for position comparison.

Pr3.32 ~ Pr3.73	Label	Position comparison 1~42 target value			Mode								F
	Range	-2 <sup>31</sup> ~ 2 <sup>31</sup>	Unit	Comma nd unit	Default	0		Index	2323h				
	Activation	Immediate											

When target position(value) is reached, position comparison output will be depended on the

position comparison properties value set.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
Pr3.74	Label	Position comparison 1 & 2 attributes value			Mode								F																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
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x,y = (3,4), (5,6).....(41,42)

bit 0~15: Position comparison x; bit 16~31: Position comparison y

Please refer to Pr3.74

## Working principle

### ➤ Enable position comparison Pr5.70

Position comparison function enabled when Pr5.70 is set to 1. Comparison status will be updated as position comparison starting point. When Pr5.70 is set to 0, position comparison ends and status clears.

### ➤ Single position comparison

Position comparison ends right after 1<sup>st</sup> position comparison, current comparison value will be reset to 0. Function only enables after position comparison enabling signal is detected. The actual position feedback Pr5.80 is absolute and added on top of the previous comparison, will not be reset to zero.

### ➤ Cycle comparison

Position comparison does not end right after 1<sup>st</sup> position comparison, current comparison value will be set as position comparison starting point. Actual position feedback Pr5.80 will be cleared after every comparison. Under cycle comparison, target position is relative increment. After previous comparison, actual position feedback will be cleared and restart counting, in comparison with new target position.

### ➤ N Cycle comparison

Number of cycles is set in Pr5.83. When the number of cycles set reached, position comparison function is turned off.

### ➤ Position comparison output width Pr5.72

When position comparison condition(s) fulfilled, output can be delivered through DO or frequency divider ABZ/OCZ signal. Signal pulse width can be set in Pr5.72. Please make sure the output signal width is less than the travel between 2 target positions.

### ➤ Position comparison target position

42 target positions. Target position value and its corresponding attributes can be set in Pr3.32~Pr3.94.

### ➤ Position comparison starting point Pr5.74

Indicates the first comparison point. For example, if Pr5.74 is set to 5, position comparison will start from 5<sup>th</sup> target position.

### ➤ Position comparison end point Pr5.75

Indicates the last comparison point. For example, if Pr5.75 is set to 7, position comparison will stop at 7<sup>th</sup> target position.

➤ **Position comparison – Offset to origin Pr5.78**

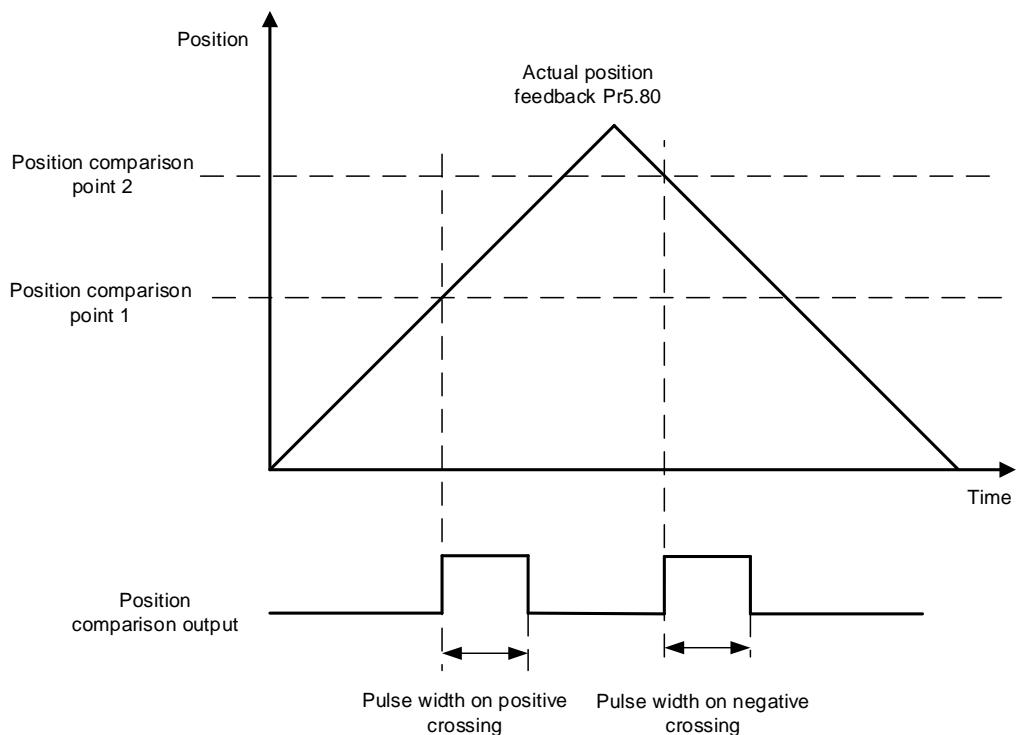
When Pr5.77 is triggered, Pr5.80 actual position will automatically be set as Pr5.78 offset value.

### Applying position comparison

Output pulse width is set in Pr5.72. Output pulse will be sent once the position comparison point is crossed and attributes conditions is fulfilled.

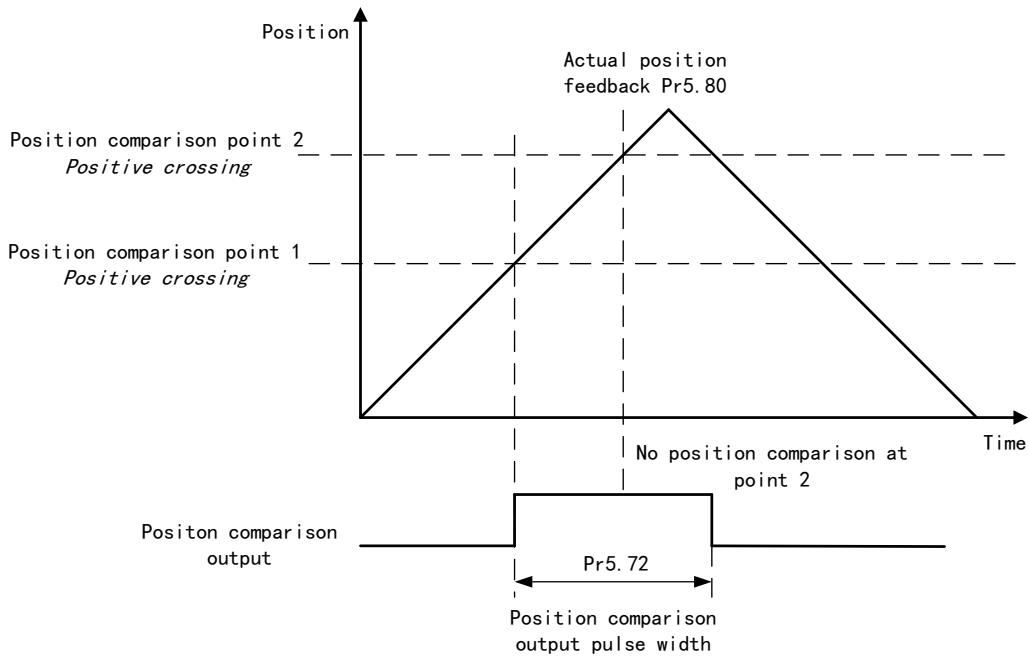
When the attribute of position comparison is set to positive crossing, position feedback becomes larger, position comparison will be enabled; if position feedback becomes smaller, it indicates negative crossing and position comparison will be disabled.

Diagram below shows position comparison point 1 as positive crossing and position comparison point 2 as negative crossing. When position comparison point 2 is positively crossed, position comparison will be disabled.

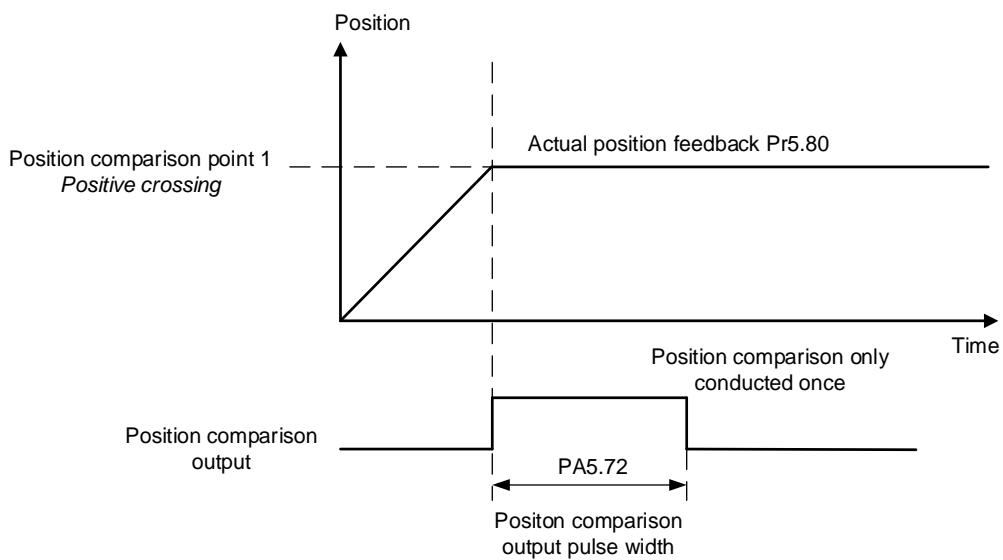


When multiple position comparison points are set, make sure the travel time between 2 comparison points are larger than the output pulse width as position comparison will be temporarily disabled during output.

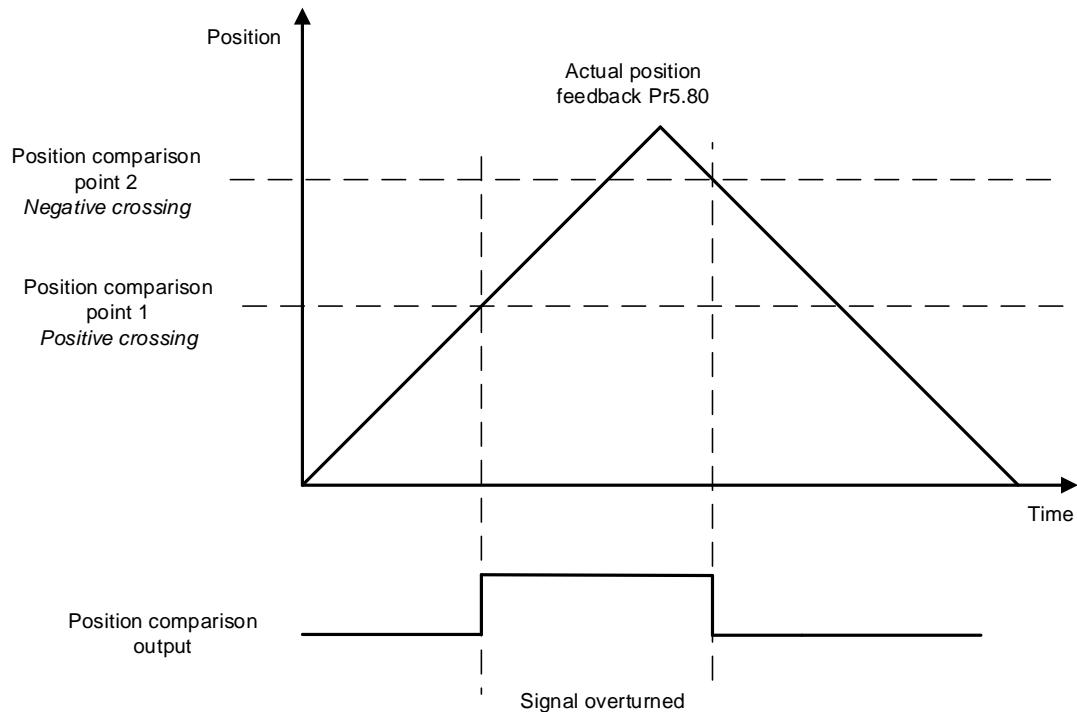
Diagram below shows travel time between 2 points is smaller than output pulse width



When stopping at position comparison point, there will only be 1 pulse output as with crossing a comparison point.



In overturn mode, output pulse width will be overturned as the position comparison point is crossed.



## 6.14 Black box

Black box is a function which allows users to set conditions or data to be captured whenever error occurs. The data will be recorded by black box at the moment of error occurrence and automatically saved. Thus, through Motion Studio, user can analyze cause of the problem with the aid of black box data.

Black box is deactivated by default. It is user configurable to choose whether to overwrite current data or when to overwrite the data in black box.

## 6.15 Full closed loop control

Full closed loop control utilizes external position sensor (i.e. grading ruler) to get an actual position feedback to implement position control. This control can compensate for lead screw tolerance and any changes due to temperature.

Parameters setting needs to make sure a smooth axis motion profile. No overtravel or abnormal noise at stopping.

### 1. Set external encoder

External encoder type can be set accordingly in Pr0.31. At the moment, only ABZ incremental encoder is supported.

Parameter	Label	Range	Description
Pr0.31	External encoder type	0~3	=0: ABZ incremental encoder =1: Communication incremental encoder =2: Communication absolute incremental encoder (Tamagawa protocol) =3: BISS-C

## 2. Set direction of external encoder

Please make sure the direction of the external encoder is the same as the motor encoder to prevent motor runaway.

- a) Enter position JOG mode. Jog the motor in the same direction at low velocity. Monitor if the feedback value of d21 absolute encoder single turn position and d21\_1 external encoder are changing in the same trend. If they are not the same, inverse the setting of Pr0.32.
- b) The feedback value of d21 and d21\_1 can be verified by pushing the axis and monitoring the trend of the changes. Please make sure the servo axis is disabled.
- c) Use trial run to set up a reciprocating motion. Max velocity > 200rpm. If d49 = 1 after several cycles of motion, set Pr0.32 to 1; d48 External encoder feedback pulse count per revolution.

## 3. Set external encoder feedback pulse count

When Pr0.37 = 0, set external encoder feedback pulse count per revolution in Pr0.36. If the lead size of lead screw and encoder accuracy are known, please calculate using the formula below and enter the result into Pr0.36.

$$Pr0.36 = \frac{\text{Lead size of lead screw (mm)}}{\text{Encoder accuracy } (\frac{\mu\text{m}}{\text{pulse}})}$$

*23-bit encoder resolution = 8388608 pulses*

Please make sure the parameters are set correctly to avoid excessive position deviation especially after long range motion. This may trigger excessive hybrid control deviation error alarm.

Parameter	Label	Range	Description
Pr0.35	External encoder frequency divider numerator	0~2 <sup>23</sup>	To set external encoder frequency divider numerator  When Pr0.35 = 0, numerator = resolution of encoder
Pr0.36	External encoder frequency divider denominator	1~2 <sup>23</sup>	To set external encoder frequency divider denominator
Pr0.37	External encoder feedback pulse count per revolution	0~2147483648	When Pr0.37 = 0, Pr0.36 set value = external encoder feedback pulse count per revolution.

#### 4. Set alarm threshold

- Excessive hybrid deviation (Pr0.33)

To set alarm threshold value for the position deviation between motor actual position and external encoder actual position. Er191 might occur if position deviation exceeds alarm threshold value.

- Clear hybrid control deviation (Pr0.34)

Use to set the condition to clear hybrid control deviation (Only in full closed loop control mode)

Set value	Description
【0】	OFF
1~100	Revolution count to clear hybrid control deviation

#### 5. Set encoder feedback mode

Set Pr0.30 = 1 to enable external encoder feedback, this is to activate full closed loop control. Pr0.01 needs to be set to 1 to enable this function. Please restart driver after modifying this parameter.

Parameter	Label	Range	Description
Pr0.30	Encoder feedback mode	0~2	=0: Motor encoder =1: External encoder (Full closed loop control) =2: Reserved

## 6.16 Multiturn absolute encoder

Multiturn absolute encoder records the position and the revolution counts of the motor. When driver is powered-off, multiturn absolute encoder will backed up the data using battery and after powering on, the data will be used to calculated absolute mechanical position and there is no need for a mechanical homing process. Use widely in robotic arms and CNC machines.

If it is the first time using the encoder, please home the mechanical axis and initialize the absolute position of the encoder to zero. Set up a homing point and only home when there is an alarm. Please stop the axis before reading any position data to prevent inaccuracy.

### 6.16.1 Parameters setting

Pr0.15	Name	Absolute Encoder settings			Mode	PP			HM	CS P					
	Range	0~3276 7	Unit	-	Default	0	Index			2015h					
	Activation	Immediate													
	<b>0: Incremental mode:</b> Used as an incremental encoder. Doesn't retain position data on power off. Unlimited travel distance. <b>1: Multiturn linear mode:</b> Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retrain position data on power off. For applications with fixed travel distance and no multiturn data overflow. <b>2: Multiturn rotary mode:</b> Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retrain position data on power off. Actual data feedback in between 0-(Pr6.63). Unlimited travel distance.  Used when travel distance is within 1 revolution of the encoder. Data overflow will trigger alarm. <b>5:</b> Clear multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 5 after 3s, please solve according to Er153. <b>9:</b> Clear multiturn position, reset multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 9 after 3s, please solve according to Er153. Please disable axis before setting to 9 and home the axis before using.														

### 6.16.2 Read absolute position

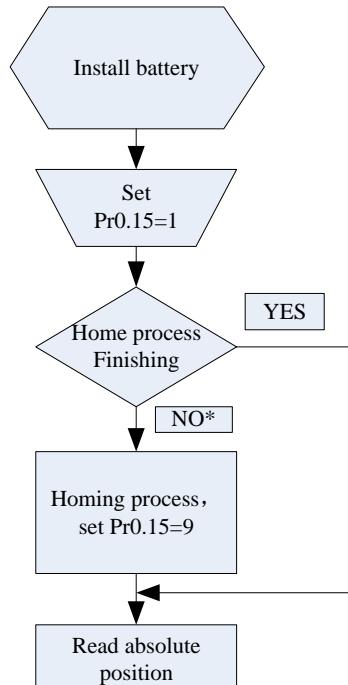
#### 1、Steps :

First, select a motor with multiturn absolute encoder, install battery and confirm whether the driver version supports the specific motor;

Set Pr0.15 = 1. If it is the first time of installation, Err153 will occur because battery is newly installed and position data is invalid. Please home the axis and initialize the absolute position of the encoder to zero.

When absolute homing point is set and there is no fault with the battery, the alarm will be cleared

Finally, the user can read the absolute position. Position won't be lost even if the driver is powered off.

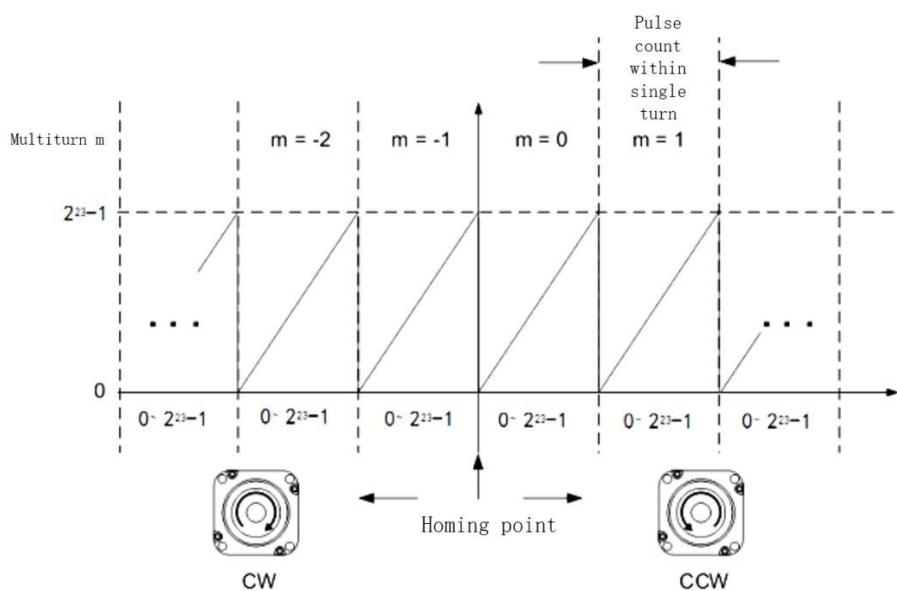


\*Note: The newly installed encoder is not initialized and will alarm

## 2、Read absolute position

When the rotor turns in clockwise direction, the revolution count will be negative; turns in counter clockwise direction, the count will be positive. No. of revolutions will be from -32767 to +32767. If the count number reaches +32767 in counter clockwise direction, the count will revert back to -32768, -32767 and vice versa for clockwise direction.

As for position data, it depends on the precision of the encoder. For 17 bit = 0-131071, 23 bit = 0-8388607



Read data from 6064h object dictionary

*Please read data only when the motor is fully stopped or it might cause calculation errors. Please repeat this step for at least twice to make sure the result is uniform.*

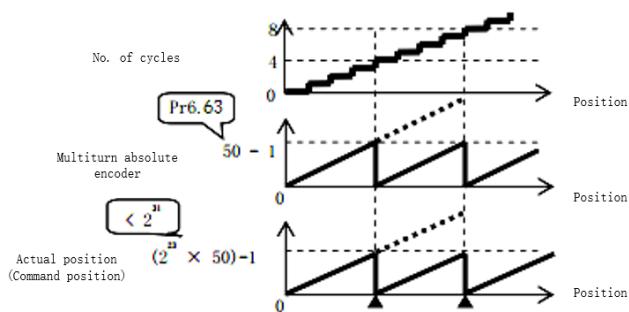
### Multiturn linear mode(Pr0.15 = 1)

Multiturn absolute with memory of position at power off. Use this mode when travel distance is constant, encoder multiturn data would not overflow.

In this mode, encoder data ranges from -32768~32767. If the value either of the limits, Er157 might occur. Set 9 in Pr0.15 to clear multiturn data and home the axis.

### Multiturn rotational mode

For absolute encoder, multiturn rotational mode (Pr0.15 = 2, Pr6.63 set to multiturn upper limit) is added on top of incremental mode and multiturn linear mode. Actual feedback multiturn data is always between 0 – [Pr6.63 + 1], regardless of the direction of rotation. There is no limit to no. of rotation and no data overflow.



### Single turn absolute mode

Use this mode when the travel distance of the axis is within a single turn of the rotor.

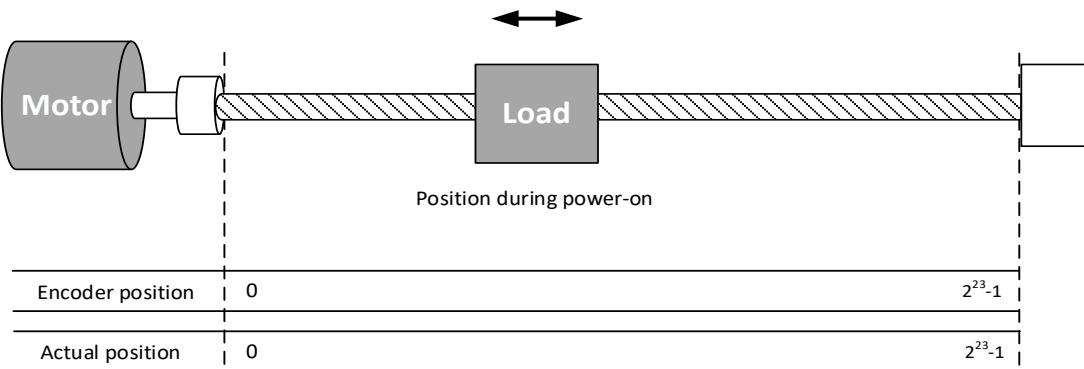
#### 1. Target position input range – EtherCAT

When using 23-bit absolute encoder, under single turn absolute mode, electronic gear ratio  
=1:1

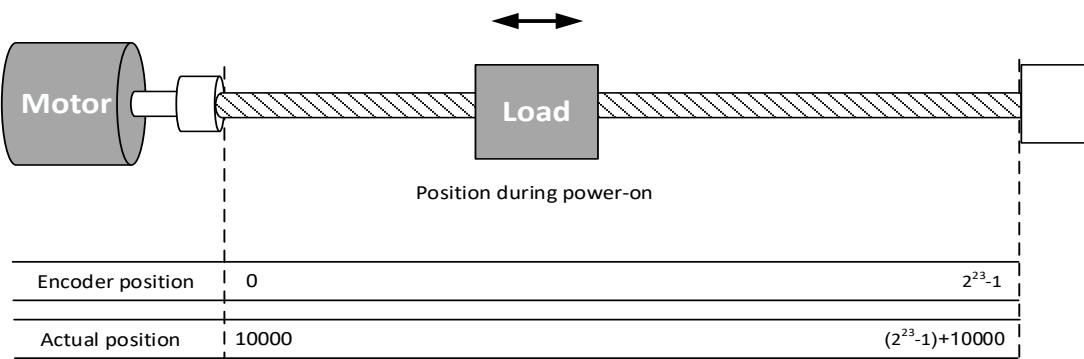
Homing point offset 607Ch = 0, target position range = 0 – [2<sup>23</sup>-1]

Axis is homed, target position range = 607Ch – [2<sup>23</sup>-1+607Ch]

When electronic gear ratio = 1:1, 607Ch = 0:



When electronic gear ratio = 1:1, 607Ch = 10000:



### 3、Clear multiturn position

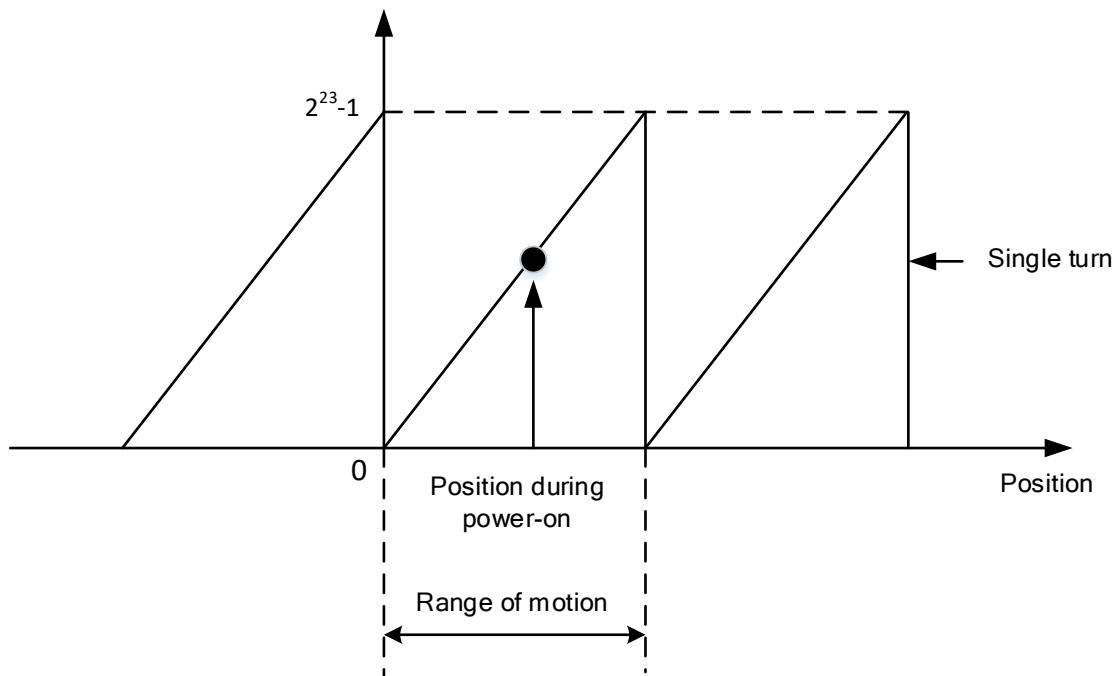
Before clearing multturn position, axis needs to be homed. After clearing multturn position, revolution count = 0 but absolute position remains unchanged and Err153 alarm will be cleared.

Please make sure the homing point is within the range of 1 revolution of the rotor. Installation and setup of the homing point can be set with the use of auxiliary function D21 on the front panel.

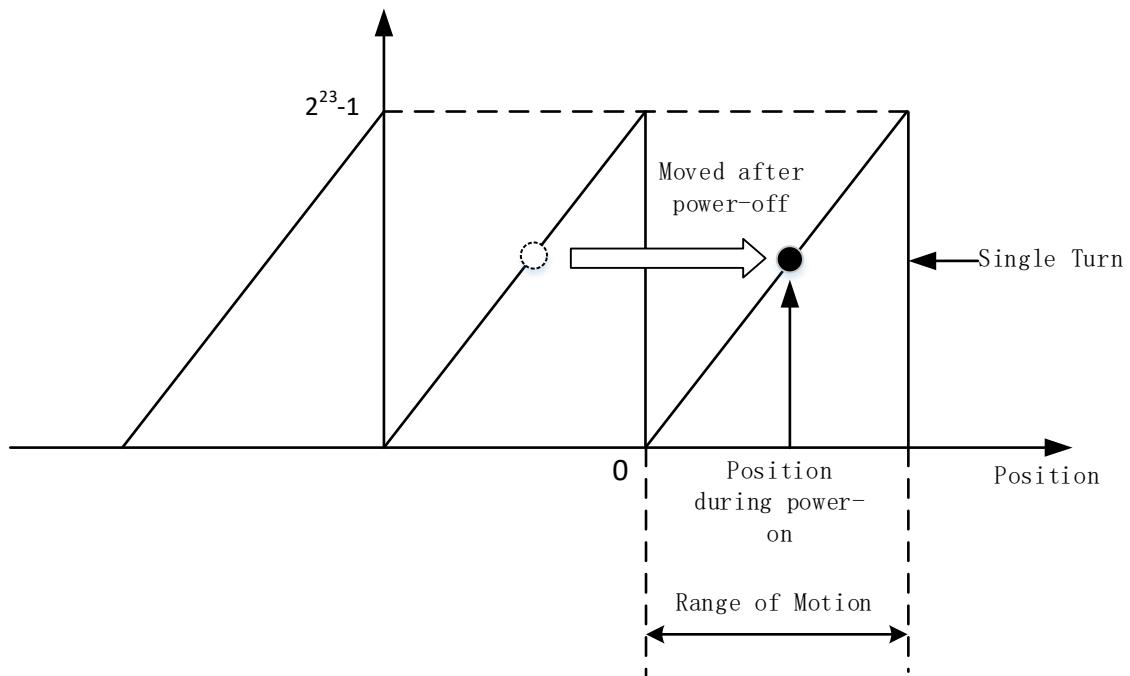
By setting Pr0.15 to 9, multturn position will be cleared.

Please take notice of motor position during power on. Range of motion of a motor depends on the position of the motor during power on (23-bit absolute encoder as example).

If the motor position is as shown below during power on. The range of motion of the motor is within the range of a single turn of the motor from motor position during power on.



If power is turned off at position as shown below and power on when motor reaches the position below. Motor range of motion changes as shown below.



### 6.16.3 Absolute Encoder Related Alarm

The alarm can determine if absolute value encoder is valid. If battery power is low, not a motor with absolute encoder, encoder error etc. occurs, user can find out about the error from alarm output or on the front panel. Controller will stop any operation until alarm is cleared.

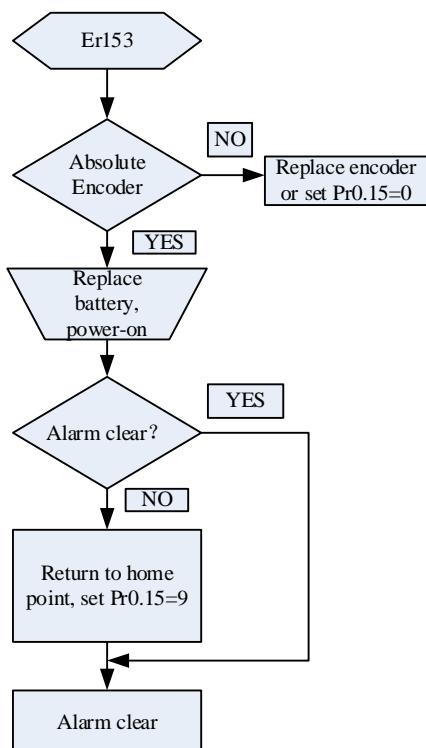
Alarm output:

Err153 will be shown on front panel or by I/O ALM signal and from controller.

Err153 might occur,

- (1) If absolute encoder is used for the first time and due to installation of new batteries Axis needs to be homed and multturn data needs to be cleared.
- (2) If battery voltage is lower than 3.2v. Replace battery and restart the motor.
- (3) If battery voltage is lower than 2.5v or battery power was cut off. Replacing the battery won't clear the alarm. Axis needs to be homed and multturn data needs to be cleared.

#### 4、Alarm processing flow chart



### 6.16.6 Battery kit

In multturn absolute mode, Err153 might occur upon first time installation. Pr0.15 needs to be set to 0 to reset error and clear multturn data.

When battery supply voltage < 3.0V, ArA03 might occur. Change battery as per steps below:

1. Power on driver (Make sure axis is disabled)
2. Change battery
3. Servo drive will reset warning automatically.

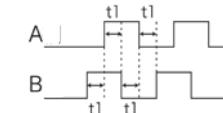
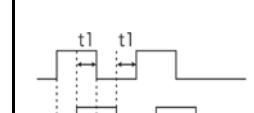
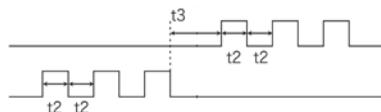
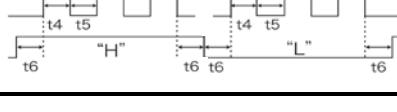
## 6.17 Probe

Motor feedback position latching function can be realized through input signal with probe function. EL8-EC supports up to 2 inputs with probe function and can be used simultaneously, to record the position information corresponding to probe signal rising and falling edge. Probe 1 signal comes from CN1 terminal pin 1 and 5 differential signal. Probe 2 signal comes from CN1 terminal pin 2-6 differential signal.

Pr0.07	Name	Probe signal polarity settings/Command pulse input mode settings	Mode							F												
	Range	0 ~ 3	Unit	—	Default	3	Index	2007h														
	Activation	After restart																				
	Probe signal polarity settings take effect when Pr0.01 = 9																					
Set value	Details																					
0	Probe 1 & 2 polarity inversion																					
1	Probe 2 polarity inversion																					
2	Probe 1 polarity inversion																					
3	No polarity inversion for probe 1 & 2																					

If Pr0.01 ≠ 9, Pr0.07 = Command pulse input mode settings.

### Command pulse input

Command Polarity inversion (Pr0.06)	Command pulse input mode settings (Pr0.07)	Command Pulse Mode	Positive signal	Negative signal
【0】	0 or 2	90°phase difference 2 phase pulse ( Phase A+ Phase B )		
	1	CW pulse sequence + CCW pulse sequence		
	3	Pulse sequence + Directional symbol		

		0 or 2	90°phase difference 2 phase pulse (Phase A+Phase B)		
1	1	CW pulse sequence + CCW pulse sequence			
	3	Pulse sequence + Directional symbol			

#### Command pulse input signal max. frequency and min. duration needed

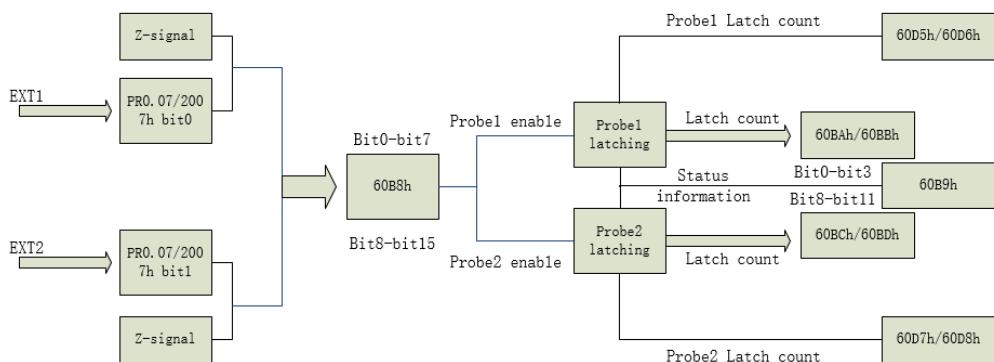
Command pulse input interface		Max. Frequency	Min. duration needed (μs)					
			t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6
Pulse sequence interface	Differential drive	500 kHz	2	1	1	1	1	1
	Open collector	200 kHz	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5

Please set >0.1μs for the duration between rising and falling edge of command pulse input signal.

1 revolution with 2500 pulses 2-phase pulse input when Pr0.07=0 or 2, Pr0.08 = 10000;

1 revolution with 10000 pulses 1-phase pulse input when Pr0.07=1 or 3, Pr0.08 = 10000

#### 6.17.1 Probe function



When using EXT1 or EXT2 as probe, please set as following:

- Set polarity of EXT 1 or EXT 2 as probe. Set the level polarity of the probes using 0x2007 / Pr0.07. Bit 0 for EXT1 signal, bit 1 for EXT2 signal
- Probe function is set through 0x60B8 (Bit 0-7 is for probe 1, bit8-15 is for probe 2). Functions including activation trigger signal selection, triggering mode and triggering

signal edge.

Please take note:

- (i) Triggering mode: Single trigger, rising signal edge = valid; triggering mode: Continuous trigger, rising and falling edge = valid
- (ii) After activation, trigger signal selection, triggering signal edge settings, counter will be reset and 0x60B9 status will change as well.
- (iii) Probe signal level is shown in 60FD: EXT1 -> bit 26, EXT2 -> bit 27.

### **Related Objects**

Index	Sub Index	Label	Access	Data Type	Units	Range	Default
2007h	00h	Probe 1 polarity setting	RW	Uint16		0~0xFFFF	1
2007h	01h	Probe 2 polarity setting	RW	Uint16		0~0xFFFF	1
60B8h	00h	Probe control word	RW	Uint16		0~65535	0
60B9h	00h	Probe status word	RO	Uint16		0~65535	0
60BAh	00h	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge latching position	RO	int32	Command unit	-2147483648 -2147483647	0
60BBh	00h	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge latching position	RO	int32	Command unit	-2147483648 -2147483647	0
60BCh	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge latching position	RO	int32	Command unit	-2147483648 -2147483647	0
60BDh	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge latching position	RO	int32	Command unit	-2147483648 -2147483647	0
60D5h	00h	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge counter	RO	Uint32		0~429496729 6	0
60D6h	00h	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge counter	RO	Uint32		0~429496729 6	0
60D7h	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge counter	RO	Uint32		0~429496729 6	0
60D8h	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge counter	RO	Uint32		0~429496729 6	0

### **6.17.2 Signal Input of EXT1 and EXT2**

EXT1: Pin1 and Pin5 of CN1 terminal

EXT2: Pin2 and Pin6 of CN1 terminal

### **6.17.3 Probe Control Word 60B8h**

Bit	Definition	Details
0	Probe 1 enable	0--Disable 1--Enable
1	Probe 1 mode	0--Single trigger mode 1--Continuous trigger mode

2	Probe 1 trigger signal selection	0—EXT1 signal 1--Z signal
3	Reserved	-
4	Probe 1 rising edge trigger	0--Disable 1--Enable
5	Probe 1 falling edge trigger	0--Disable 1--Enable
6-7	Reserved	-
8	Probe 2 enable	0--Disable 1--Enable
9	Probe 2 mode	0--Single trigger mode 1--Continuous trigger mode
10	Probe 2 trigger signal selection	0—EXT2 signal 1--Z signal
11	Reserved	-
12	Probe 2 rising edge trigger	0--Disable 1--Enable
13	Probe 2 falling edge trigger	0--Disable 1--Enable
14-15	Reserved	-

#### 6.17.4 Probe Status Word 60B9h

Bit	Definition	Details
0	Probe 1 enable	0--Disable 1--Enable
1	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge trigger	0-- not executed 1-- executed
2	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge trigger	0-- not executed 1-- executed
3-5	Reserved	-
6-7	Reserved	-
8	Probe 2 enable	0--Disable 1--Enable
9	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge trigger	0-- not executed 1-- executed
10	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge trigger	0-- not executed 1-- executed
11-13	Reserved	-
14-15	Reserved	-

#### 6.17.6 Latch Position Register

Index	Details
60BAh	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge latch position
60BBh	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge latch position
60BCh	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge latch position
60BDh	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge latch position

## 6.17.7 Latch Counter Register

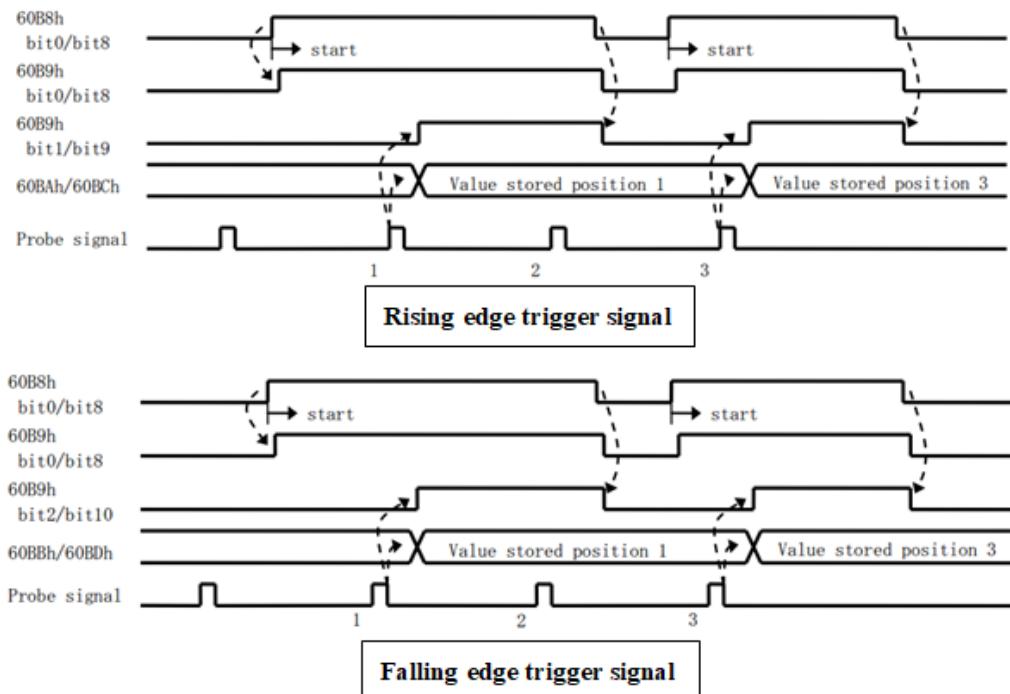
Index	Details
60D5h	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge counter
60D6h	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge counter
60D7h	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge counter
60D8h	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge counter

## 6.17.8 Probe mode

Set bit1/bit9 of 60B8h (Probe mode), 0 = Single trigger mode, 1 = Continuous trigger mode.

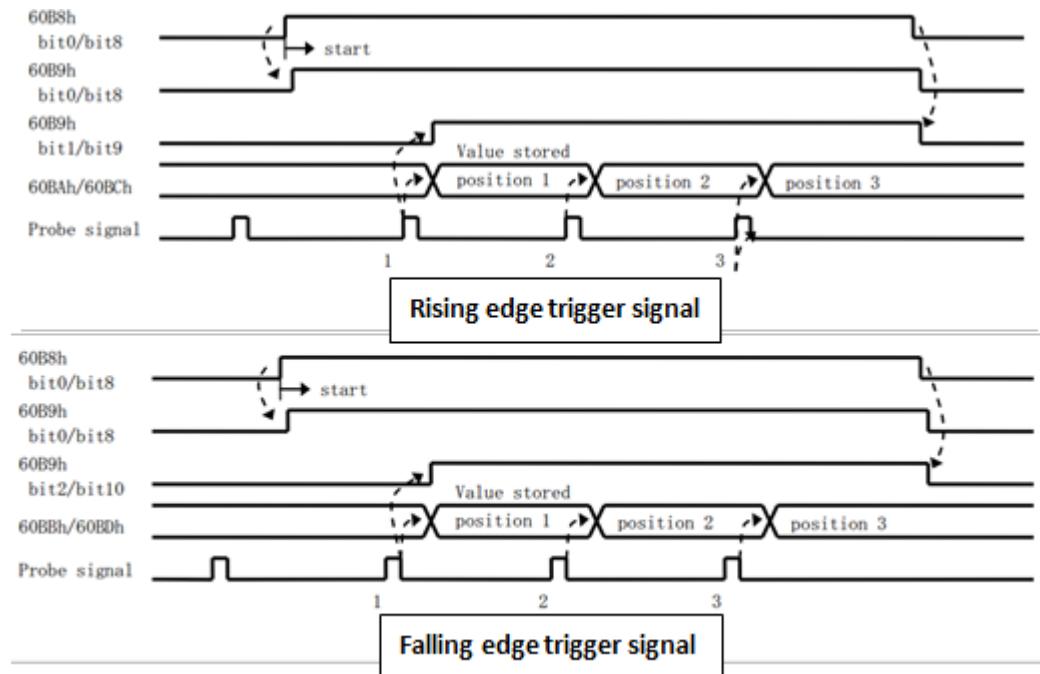
### (1) Single trigger mode

Triggers only when the trigger signal is valid for the first time. In order to latch the position, users need to set bit0/bit8 of 60B8h to 0, then set bit0/bit8 of 60B8h to 1. The sequence diagram is as shown below:



## (2) Continuous trigger mode

The data saved from signal triggering will be saved until the next trigger signal. Enabling the probe again is not needed. Sequence diagram as shown below:

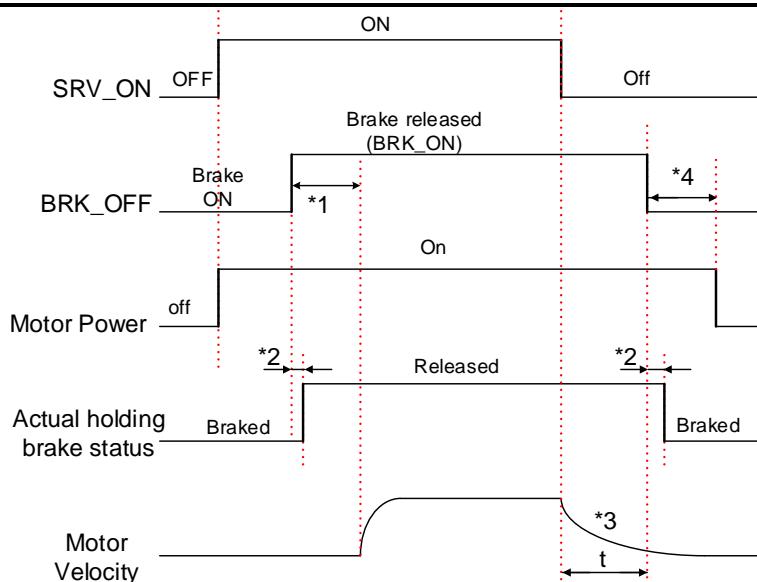


## 6.18 Safety Functions

### 6.18.1 External brake deactivation output signal BRK-OFF

Please refer to Pr4.11 to set up the I/O output function parameters. When enabled and timing conditions are fulfilled, the set I/O output will deliver ON signal.

Pr4.37	Name	Motor power-off delay time			Mode							F					
	Range	0~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	100	Index		2437h								
	Activation	Immediate															
To set delay time for holding brake to be activated after motor power off to prevent axis from sliding.																	
Pr4.38	Name	Delay time for holding brake release			Mode							F					
	Range	0~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	0	Index		2438h								
	Activation	Immediate															
To set delay time for holding brake to be released after motor power on. Motor will remain at current position and input command is masked to allow holding brake to be fully released before motor is set in motion.																	



\*1: Delay time set in Pr4.38

\*2: Delay time from the moment **BRK\_OFF** signal is given until actual holding brake is released or **BRK\_ON** signal is given until actual holding brake is activated. It is dependent on the holding brake of the motor.

\*3: Deceleration time is determined by Pr6.14 or if motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first. **BRK\_OFF** given after deceleration time.

\*4: Pr4.37 set time value.

*Delay time from the moment **SRV\_ON** is given until **BRK\_OFF** switch to **BRK\_ON**, is less than 500ms.*

Pr4.39	Name	Holding brake activation speed			Mode					F
	Range	30~3000	Unit	RPM	Default	30	Index		2439h	
	Activation	Immediate								

To set the activation speed for which holding brake will be activated.

When **SRV-OFF** signal is given, motor decelerates, after it reaches below Pr4.39 and Pr6.14 is not yet reached, **BRK\_OFF** is given.

**BRK\_OFF** signal is determined by Pr6.14 or if motor speed goes below Pr4.39, whichever comes first.

#### Application:

- After disabling axis, Pr6.14 has been reached but motor speed is still above Pr4.39, **BRK\_OFF** signal given.
- After disabling axis, Pr6.14 has not been reached but motor speed is below Pr4.39, **BRK\_OFF** signal given.

## 6.18.2 Emergency stop function

Emergency stop is used when an alarm occurs or a servo prohibition signal is received when servo driver is enabled.

Method 1: Set up Pr4.43 to enable the function

Pr4.43	Name	Emergency stop function			Mode								<b>F</b>							
	Range	0~1	Unit	-	Default	0	Index		2443h											
	Activation	Immediate																		
0: Emergency stop is valid, servo driver will be forced to STOP and alarm occurs. 1: Emergency stop is invalid, servo driver will not be forced to STOP.																				
Pr5.04	Name	Driver prohibition input settings			Mode								<b>F</b>							
	Range	0~2	Unit	—	Default	0	Index		2504h											
	Activation	Immediate																		
To set driver prohibition input (POT/NOT): If set to 1, no effect on homing mode.																				
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Set value</th><th>Explanation</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td><td>POT → Positive direction drive prohibited NOT → Negative direction drive prohibited</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>POT and NOT invalid</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Any single sided input from POT or NOT might cause Er260</td></tr> </tbody> </table>													Set value	Explanation	0	POT → Positive direction drive prohibited NOT → Negative direction drive prohibited	1	POT and NOT invalid	2	Any single sided input from POT or NOT might cause Er260
Set value	Explanation																			
0	POT → Positive direction drive prohibited NOT → Negative direction drive prohibited																			
1	POT and NOT invalid																			
2	Any single sided input from POT or NOT might cause Er260																			
In homing mode, POT/NOT invalid, please set object dictionary 5012-04 bit0=1																				

Method 2: Using 605Ah object dictionary through master device to activate this function.

Pr5.11	Name	Servo braking torque setting			Mode								<b>F</b>						
	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	0	Index		2511h										
	Activation	Immediate																	
To set torque limit for servo braking mode. If Pr5.11 = 0, use torque limit as under normal situation. Between max. torque 6072 and Pr5.11, actual torque limit will take smaller value.																			

## 6.19 Other Functions

### 6.19.1 Functions under Position mode

#### Electronic gear function

If command frequency from controller is not enough which cause the motor to not reach target rotational velocity, frequency can be increased using this function.

Pr0.08	Name	Command pulse counts per revolution			Mode							F
	Range	0~838860 8		Unit	P-	Default		0	Index		2008h	
	Activation	After restart										

Pulses per revolution can be set using object dictionary 608F, 6091, 6092. However, Pr0.08 has higher priority.

Index 608Fh-0 1	Name	Encoder resolution			Unit	Encoder unit	Structure	VAR	Type	UInt 32
	Access	R 0	Mappin g	TPDO	Mode	F	Range	1~214 74836 47	Default	0
To set encoder resolution										
Index 6091h-0 1	Name	Electronic gear ratio numerator			Unit	r	Structur e	VAR	Type	Dint 32
	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	1-21474 83647	Default	1
To set electronic gear ratio numerator										
Index 6091h-0 2	Name	Electronic gear ratio denominator			Unit	r	Structur e	VAR	Type	Dint 32
	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	1-21474 83647	Default	1
To set electronic gear ratio denominator										
Index 6092h-0 1	Name	Number of pulses per rotation			Unit	Comma nd unit/r	Structur e	VAR	Type	UInt 32
	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Mode	F	Range	1~2147 483647	Default	10000
If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is not equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: $\text{Electronic gear ratio} = \text{Encoder resolution} / 6092h-01$										
If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: $\text{Electronic gear ratio} = 6091-01 / 6092h-01$										

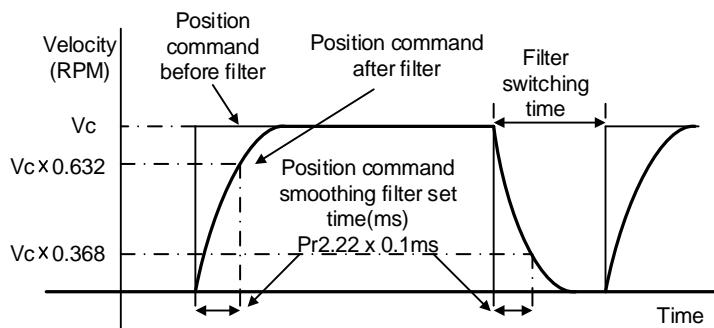
### Position command filter function

To smoothen the position command after frequency divider/multiplier

Pr2.22	Name	Position command smoothing filter			Mode	PP		H M	CS P	
	Range	0~32767	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0	Index	2222h		
	Activation	Stop axis								

To set time constant of 1 time delay filter of position command.

To set time constant of 1 time delay filter, according to target velocity Vc square wave command as show below.

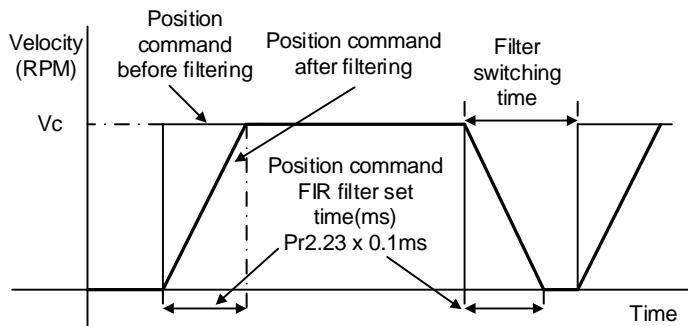


Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration.

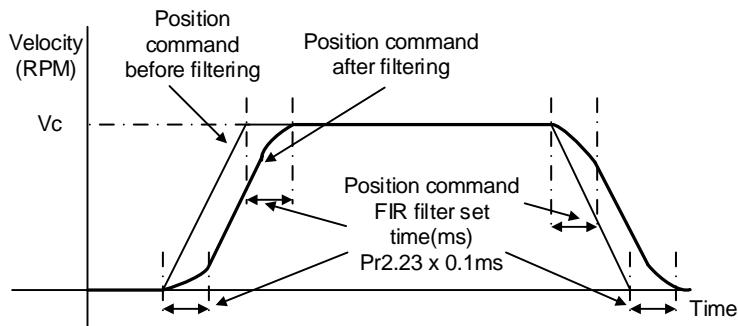
If Pr2.22 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

Pr2.23	Name	Position command FIR filter			Mode	PP		H M	CS P	
	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0	Index	2223h		
	Activation	Disable axis								

As shown below, when target velocity Vc square wave command reaches Vc, it becomes trapezoidal wave after filtering.



As shown below, when target velocity Vc trapezoidal command reaches Vc, it becomes S wave after filtering.



Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration. If Pr2.23 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

*\*\*Please wait for command to stop and after filter idle time to modify Pr2.23.*

*Filter switching time = (Pr2.23 set value x 0.1ms + 0.25ms)*

### In Position

Positioning completed status can be determined by output of INP signal. Under position control mode, the absolute value of position deviation counter will be ON if positioning is under the range set in Pr4.31.

Pr4.31	Name	Positioning complete range			Mode	PP			H M	CSP		
	Range	0~1000	Unit	Command unit	Default	20		Index	2431h			
	Activation	Immediate										

To set position deviation range of INP1 positioning completed output signal.

Pr4.32	Name	Positioning complete output setting			Mode	PP			H M	CSP		
	Range	0~4	Unit	-	Default	1		Index	2432h			
	Activation	Immediate										

## Output conditions of INP1 positioning completed output signal

<b>Set value</b>	<b>Positioning completed signal</b>
0	Signal valid when the position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31
1	Signal valid when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31
2	Signal valid when there is no position command, zero-speed clamp detection (ZSP) signal is ON and the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31
3	Signal valid when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31. Signal ON when within the time set in Pr4.33 otherwise OFF.
4	When there is no command, position detection starts after the delay time set in Pr4.33. Signal valid when there is no position command and positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31.

<b>Pr4.33</b>	Name	INP positioning delay time			Mode	<b>PP</b>			<b>H M</b>	<b>CSP</b>		
	Range	0~15000	Unit	1ms	Default	0	Index		2433h			
	Activation	Immediate										

To set delay time when Pr4.32 = 3

<b>Set value</b>	<b>Positioning completed signal</b>
0	Indefinite delay time, signal ON until next position command
1-15000	OFF within the time set; ON after time set. Switch OFF after receiving next position command.

## 6.19.2 Functions under velocity mode

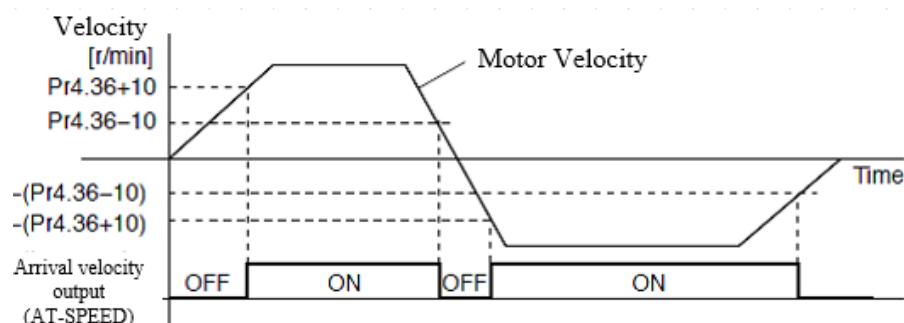
### Velocity reached output signal (AT-SPEED)

AT-SPEED signal delivers after motor velocity reached arrival velocity.

Pr4.36	Name	Arrival velocity (AT-speed)			Mode	PV			CSV
	Range	10~2000	Unit	RPM	Default	1000	Index		2436h
	Activation	Immediate							

When motor velocity > Pr4.36, AT-speed output signal is valid.

Detection using 10RPM hysteresis.



### Velocity coincidence output

Velocity command (before acc/deceleration) coincides with motor velocity. If the difference between velocity command and motor velocity is within the range set in Pr4.35, it is treated as the velocity coincides.

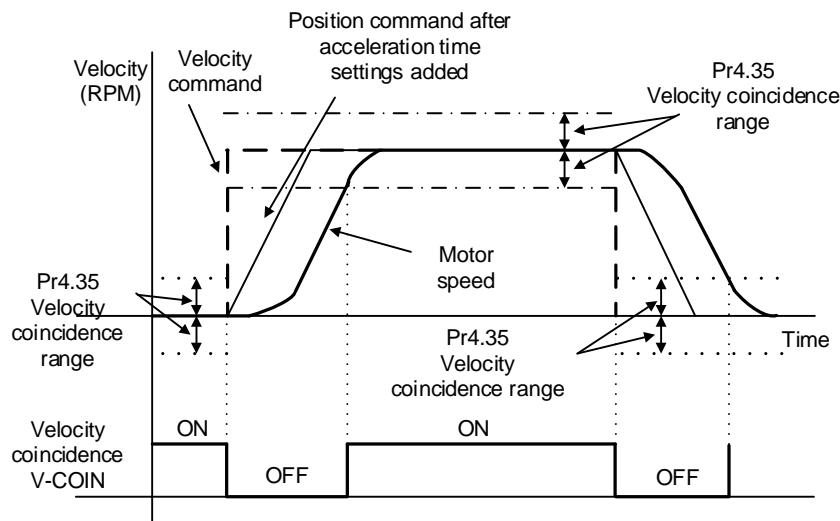
Pr4.35	Name	Velocity coincidence range			Mode	PV			CSV
	Range	10~2000	Unit	RPM	Default	50	Index		2435h
	Activation	Immediate							

If the difference between velocity command and motor actual speed is below Pr4.35, Velocity coincidence (V-COIN) output signal valid.

Due to 10RPM hysteresis:

Velocity coincidence output OFF -> ON timing (Pr4.35 -10) r/min

Velocity coincidence output ON -> OFF timing (Pr4.35 +10) r/min



### Zero speed position output

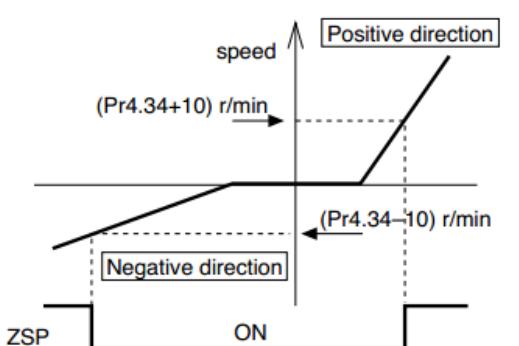
If the absolute value of the velocity feedback satisfies set conditions, corresponding output will be set to ON.

Pr4.34	Name	Zero speed			Mode								F
	Range	1~200 0	Unit	RPM	Default	50	Index	2434h					
	Activation	Immediate											

To set threshold value for zero speed clamp detection.

Zero speed clamp detection (ZSP) output signal valid when motor speed goes under the value set in Pr4.34

- Disregard the direction of rotation, valid for both directions.
- Hysteresis of 10RPM. Please refer to diagram on the right side.



### 6.19.3 Functions under torque mode

Velocity limit is required under torque mode to make sure motor rotational velocity stays within the limit.

#### Velocity limit function

During torque control, velocity control should be within the range of velocity limit. When motor reaches velocity limit, command control will switch from torque control to command control with velocity limit.

Due to gravitational or other external factors, torque command from controller might differ from the direction of rotation of the motor, velocity limit will be invalid. Please error occurs in such situation, please set Pr5.13 as stopping velocity. If velocity is over the value set in Pr5.13, Er1A0 might occur and motor will stop.

Pr5.13	Name	Overspeed level settings			Mode								F						
	Range	0~10000	Unit	RPM	Default	0	Index			2513h									
	Activation	Immediate																	
If motor speed exceeds Pr5.13, Er1A0 might occur. When Pr5.13 = 0, overspeed level = max. motor speed x 1.2																			

## Chapter 7 EtherCAT communication

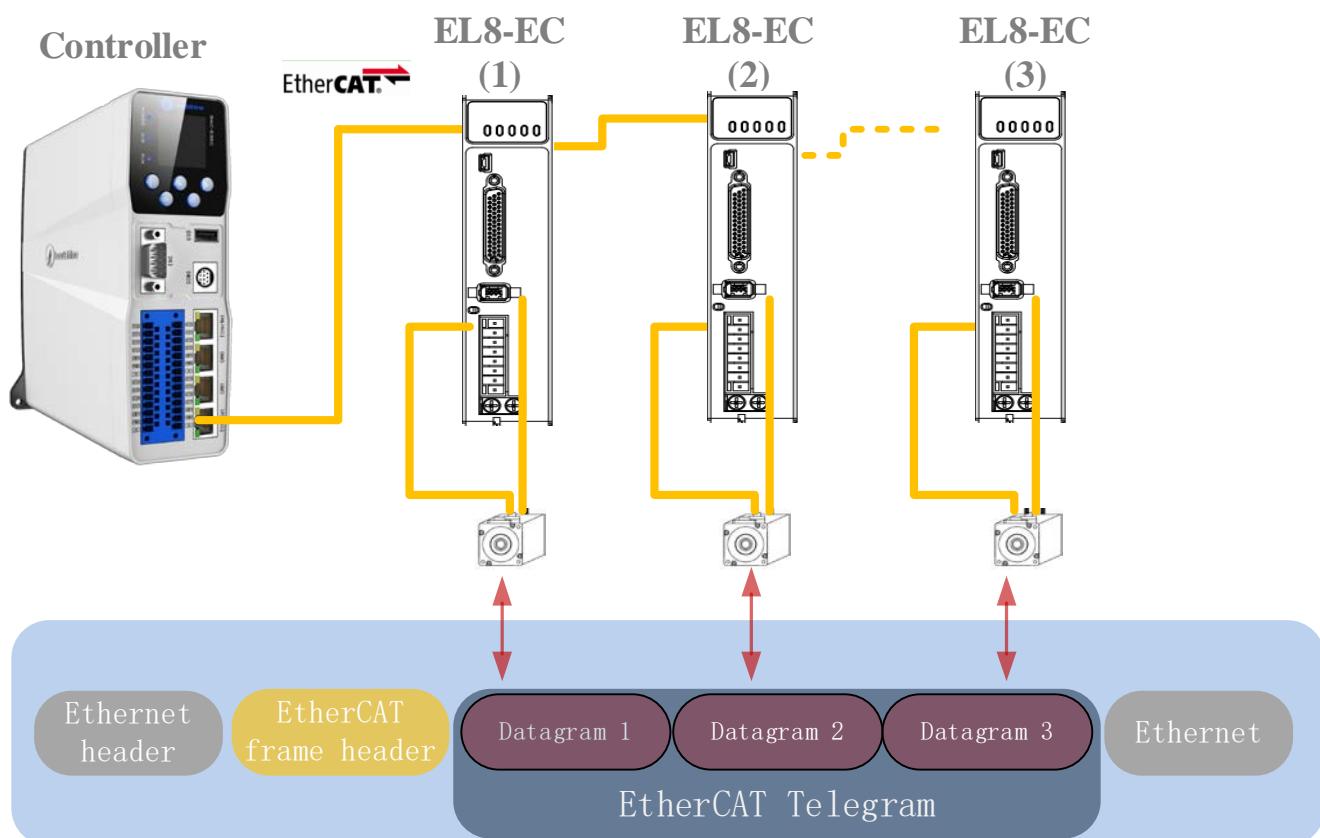
### 7.1 EtherCAT principle function

In comparison to Ethernet protocol which requires huge bandwidth for packets to be moved between master and clients, EtherCAT communication protocol breaks through this systemic limitation of Ethernet which requires every client to receive the whole data package from the master.

The EtherCAT master sends a telegram that passes through each node. Each EtherCAT slave device reads the data addressed to it “on the fly”, and inserts its data in the frame as the frame is moving downstream. The frame is delayed only by hardware propagation delay times. The last node in a segment (or drop line) detects an open port and sends the message back to the master using Ethernet technology’s full duplex feature.

The telegram’s maximum effective data rate increases to over 90 %, and due to the utilization of the full duplex feature, the theoretical effective data rate is even higher than 100 Mbit/s (> 90 % of two times 100 Mbit/s).

The EtherCAT master is the only node within a segment allowed to actively send an EtherCAT frame; all other nodes merely forward frames downstream. This concept prevents unpredictable delays and guarantees real-time capabilities.



**EtherCAT in standard Ethernet frame**

### ID number setting of EtherCAT slave station

To set up EtherCAT slave station ID number, please set Pr0.24 = 1 and set required ID number to Pr0.23.

<b>Pr0.23</b>	Name	EtherCAT slave ID			Mode							<b>F</b>					
	Range	0~3276 7	Unit	—	Default	2	Index			2023h							
	Activation	After restart															
Set ID number of the slave station under EtherCAT mode																	
<b>Pr0.24</b>	Name	Source of slave ID			Mode							<b>F</b>					
	Range	0~1	Unit	—	Default	1	Index			2024h							
	Activation	After restart															
0: Master device automatically assigns a slave address. 1: The slave ID = Pr0.23																	

## 7.2 Synchronous Mode

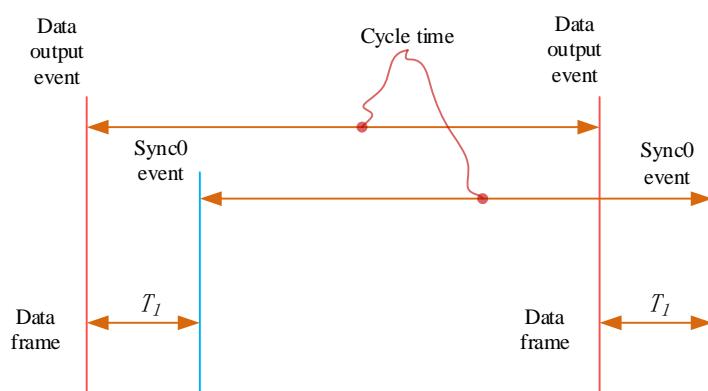
### 7.2.1 Free Running Mode

In free running mode, EL8-EC processes the process data sent by the master asynchronously. It only applies to asynchronous motion mode such as homing mode, protocol position mode, etc

### 7.2.2 Distributed clock synchronization mode

EL8-EC adopts the synchronous mode of distributed clock as shown in figure 6.2. When the master station sends process data to the slave station, the slave station immediately reads the process data, and then waits for the synchronization signal to trigger the process data to act on the driver.

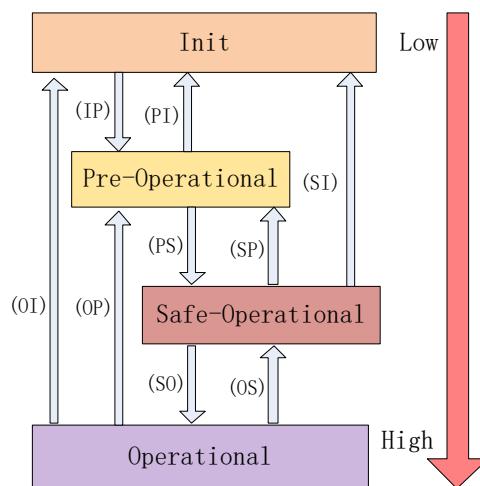
The process data must arrive at the EL8-EC drive before the time of Sync0 signal T1. The drive has completed the analysis of the process data and relevant control calculation before the arrival of Sync0 event. After receiving Sync0 event, EL8-EC immediately implements the control action which has a high synchronization performance.



**Figure 7.2 High performance synchronization mode**

## 7.3 EtherCAT state machine

EtherCAT state machine, commonly known as "communication state machine", is mainly used to manage communication between master and slave stations. The communication function mainly includes mailbox and process data communication. The EtherCAT state machine transition relationship is shown in figure 7.3



**Figure 7.3 EtherCAT state machine transitions**

EtherCAT state machine transitions have the following characteristics:

- ① From initialization to operational, the conversion must be carried out strictly in the order of initializing > pre-operational > safe operational > operational, from low to high, and no grade skipping is allowed
- ② When converting from high to low, grade skipping is allowed.
- ③ If state transition request to master station fails, slave station will send an error message to the master station.

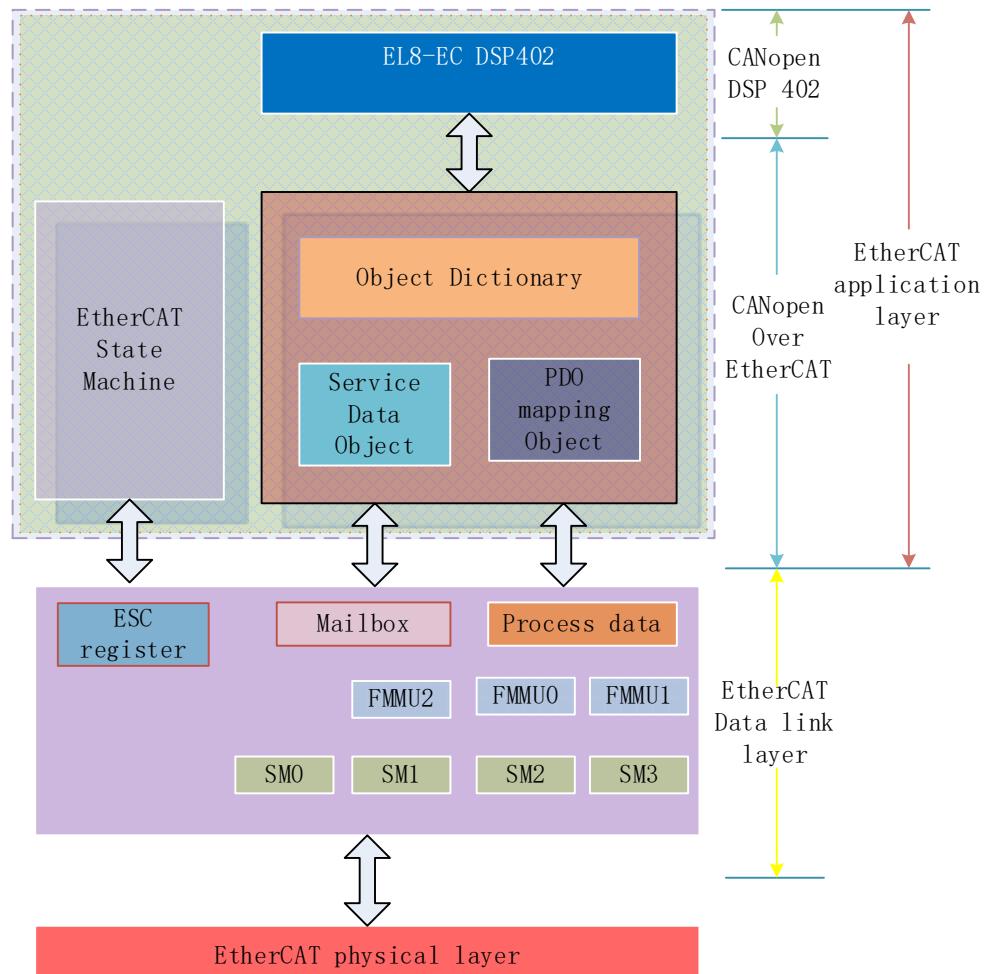
**EtherCAT 402 State Machine Communication function**

State and transition	Communication function
Init	No mailbox or process data communication is possible.
Pre-Operational	Mailbox communication is effective, no process data communication, SDO function is valid
Safe-Operational	Mailbox communication and sending process data object is valid, SDO and TXPDO are valid
Operational	Mailbox communication, receive and send process data object valid, SDO, RXPDO and TXPDO valid

## 7.4 CANopen over EtherCAT (CoE)

### 7.4.1 Network structure of EL8-EC

The structure of EL8-EC servo system network module is shown in figure 7.4



**Figure 7.4 Structure of EL8-EC network module**

The data link layer is mainly implemented by EtherCAT slave station controller (ESC). EL8-EC EtherCAT application layer protocol mainly includes application part (CANopen DSP402), object dictionary and communication function (red frame part), among which object dictionary and communication function can be jointly called CoE part.

**Object dictionary**—Bridge of communication function and application part.

**Communication function**—Implementation of communication rules (SDO, PDO, etc.)

**Application part**—Define the specific function of the device, such as the drive, IO module.

## 7.4.2 Object dictionary

EtherCAT master controls the EL8-EC drive by writing and reading device state /information. To do this, the drive defines read-write parameters and read-only state values. Object dictionary is the collection of these parameters and states.

The EL8-EC object dictionary contains all DSP402 and CoE related data objects in a standardized manner. It is a collection of EL8-EC parameter data structures.

The EL8-EC object dictionary is the interface with which the controller communicates. EtherCAT master implements EL8-EC motion control through the interface of object dictionary.

## 7.4.3 Service Data Object (SDO)

The EL8-EC series supports SDO services. EtherCAT master can configure, monitor and control EL8-EC servos by using SDO to read and write EL8-EC object dictionaries.

In conventional CANopen DS301 mode, SDO protocol CAN only transfer 8 bytes at a time to match the data length of CAN message. In COE enhancement mode, only the payload data is expanded without changing the protocol head; In this way, the SDO protocol uses mailboxes with larger data lengths, thus improving the transmission efficiency of big data.

## 7.4.4 Process Data Object (PDO)

### PDO Introduction

PDO is generally used for real-time data updates. It is divided into receiving PDO (RXPDO) and sending PDO (TXPDO). The data stream direction of receiving PDO is from master station to slave station, while sending PDO is from slave station to master station. The PDO function of EL8-EC supports both synchronous cycle mode and non-periodic update mode. When distributed clock synchronization mode is selected on master station, PDO will update according to the synchronization cycle. If free moving mode is selected, PDO data updates aperiodic.

### PDO mapping

Through PDO mapping, the real-time transmission of mapped objects can be realized. EL8-EC supports simultaneous transmission of 2 sets of RXPDO and 2 sets of TXPDO. Each PDO object can map up to 8 object dictionary (maximum length 32 bytes). The format of PDO mapping content is shown in table 7.2

Table 7.2 Format of PDO mapping

Bit	31~16	15~8	7~0
Description	Index of mapped object	Subindex of mapped object	Bit length (Hex)
Example	6040h	00h	10h(16bit)

Default PDO mapping (consistent with the XML file) is shown in table 7.3

**Table 7.3 Default PDO mapping**

PDO Map object index	PDO Map object Sub-index	Mapping content	Mapped Object			Description
			Index	Sub-index	Bit length	
RXPDO1 (1600h)	01h	60400010h		00h	10h(16 bit)	01h
	02h	607A0020h		00h	10h(16 bit)	02h
	03h	60B80020h		00h		03h
RXPDO2 (1601h)	01h	60400010h	6040h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Control word
	02h	60FF0020h	60FFh	00h	20h(32 bit)	Target velocity
	03h	60B20010h	60B2h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Torque feedforward
RXPDO3 (1602h)	01h	60400010h	6040h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Control word
	02h	60710010h	6071h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Target torque
	03h	60870020h	6084h	00h	20h(32 bit)	Profile deceleration
RXPDO4 (1603h)	01h	60400010h	6040h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Control word
	02h	60980008h	6098h	00h	08h(8 bit)	Homing method
	03h	60990120h	6099h	01h	20h(32 bit)	High homing velocity
	04h	60990220h	6099h	02h	20h(32 bit)	Low homing velocity
	05h	609A0020h	609Ah	00h	20h(32 bit)	Homing acceleration
	06h	607C0020h	607Ch	00h	20h(32 bit)	Homing position offset
	07h	60600008h	6060h	00h	08h(8 bit)	Operation mode
TXPDO1 (1A00h)	01h	603F0000h				
	02h	60410000h				
	03h	60610000h				
	04h	60640000h				
	05h	60B90020h				
	06h	60BA0020h				
	07h	60FD0020h				
TXPDO2 (1A01h)			No default mapping			

## PDO dynamic mapping

Different from CIA DS301, CoE uses PDO specified objects (1C12h/1C13h) to configure PDO mapped objects (1600h~1603h/1A00h~1A01h) to PDO SyncManager (SyncManager 2/3). PDO specified objects are defined in table 7.4

**Table 7.4 PDO specifies object definitions**

Index	Sub-index	Range	Data type	Access
RXPDO (1C12h)	00h	0~4 1600h~1603h	U8*1)	RO *2)
	01h		U16	RW
	02h		U16	RW
	03h		U16	RW
	04h		U16	RW
TXPDO (1C13h)	00h	0~2 1A00h~1A01h	U8	RO
	01h		U16	RW
	02h		U16	RW

\*\* 1) U represents unsigned type, such as U8 for unsigned 8 bits and U16 for unsigned 16 bits

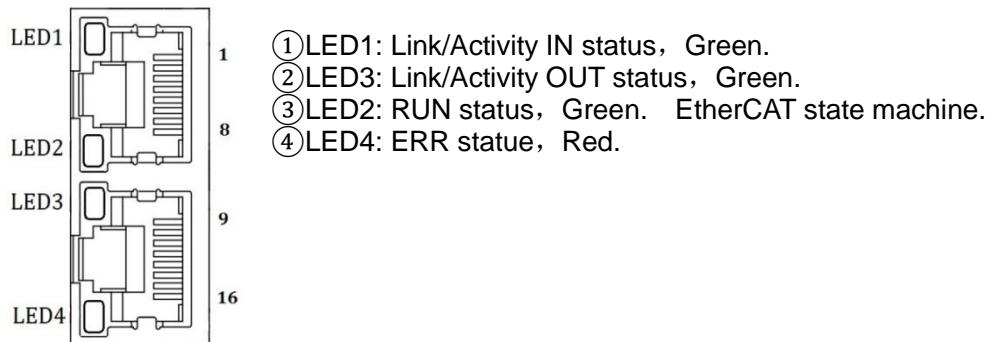
2) Access: RO = Read Only, RW = Read and Write, WO = Write Only

## PDO dynamic mapping setup procedure

- B、 Switch EtherCAT state machine to pre-operational, then PDO map can be configured using SDO.
- C、 Clear the PDO mapping object of the PDO specified object by setting 1C12-00h / 1C13-00h to 0.
- D、 Invalidate the PDO mapping object by assigning 0 to the subindex 0 of 1600h~1603h /1A00h~1A01h.
- E、 Reconfigure PDO mapping content and write the mapping object into the objects in the range of 1600-01h~1600-08h, 1601-01h~1601-08h, 1602-01h~1602-08h, 03-01h~1603-08h (RXPDO mapping content as from 1600h-01), 00-01h ~ 1A00-08h or 1A01-01h~1A01-08h (TXPDO mapping content as from 1A00h-01) according to Table 6.3
- F、 Set the total number of PDO mapping objects by writing the number of mapping objects into 1600-00h, 1601-00h, 1602-00h, 1603-00h, 1A00-00h or 1A01-00h. The total number of PDO mapping objects without mapping content will be set to 0.
- G、 Write valid PDO mapping object index to PDO specified object by writing valid RXPDO mapping object index 1600h~1603h into 1C12-01h ~ 1C12-04h and writing valid TXPDO mapping object index 1A00h, 1A01h into 1C13-01h, 1C13-02h.
- H、 Set the total number PDO specified objects by writing the number of mapped objects to 1C12-00h and 1C13-00h.
- I、 Switch EtherCAT state to Safe-Operational or above, the configured PDO mapping will be valid.

## 7.5 Network status display

The network connection status is determined by the LED light on CN4 and CN5 port.

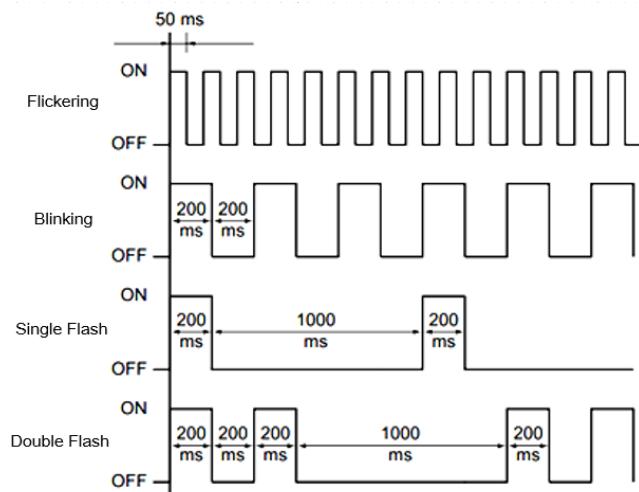


**Figure 7.6 CN3 and CN4 port**

**Table 7.5 LED Indicator**

Label	Color	Status	Description
RUN	Green	(OFF)	Init
		(Blinking)	Pre-Operational
		(Single flash)	Safe-Operational
		(ON)	Operational
ERR	Red	(OFF)	Refer to chapter 4.3 for more details
		(Blinking)	
		(Single flash)	
		(Double flash)	
		(Flickering)	
		(ON)	
L/A IN	Green	(OFF)	Physical layer link not established
		(ON)	Physical layer link established
		(Flickering)	Interactive data after link established
L/A OUT	Green	(OFF)	Physical layer link not established
		(ON)	Physical layer link established
		(Flickering)	Interactive data after link established

**Status description of CN3 & CN4 indicator light is shown in figure 7.7**



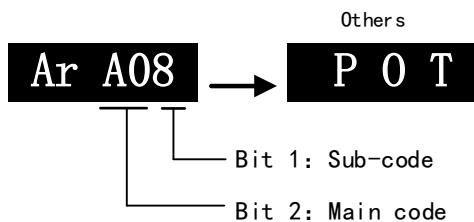


## Chapter 8 Warning and Alarm

### 8.1 Servo drive warning

When warning occurs, driver will set protective function but **motor won't stop moving**. Error code will be displayed on the front panel.

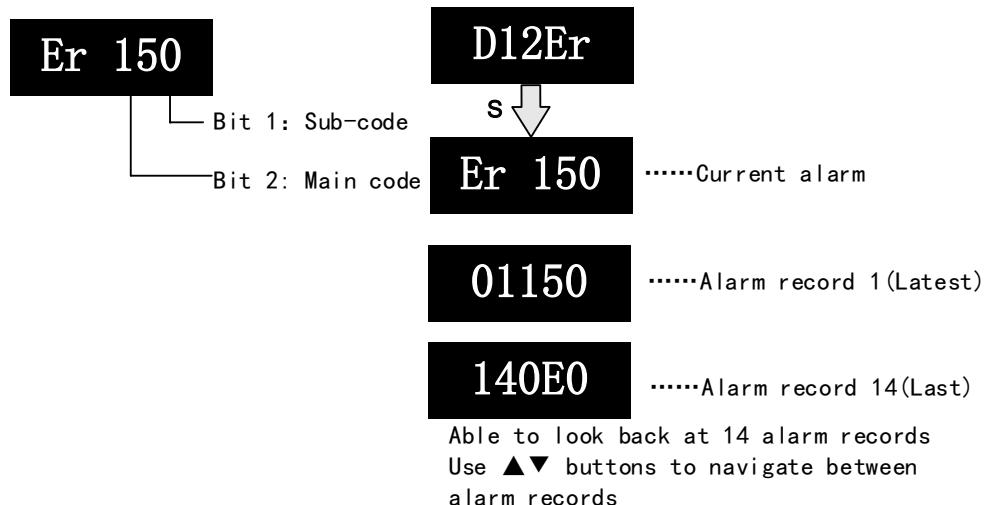
Example of warning code:



Warning Code		Content
Main	Code	
A0	1	Overload warning
	2	Regeneration energy overload warning ( <b>85% of the regeneration threshold</b> )
	3	Absolute encoder <b>battery voltage low (&lt;3.1V)</b> . Valid when Pr0.15 is set to 1.
	4	Change the parameter to a non-real time valid warning
	7	Low temperature warning ( <b>&lt; 20°C</b> )
	8	Positive limit switch valid. <b>POT</b> blinking on front panel
	9	Negative limit switch valid. <b>NOT</b> blinking on front panel
	A	Positive and negative limit switch valid. <b>PNOT</b> blinking on front panel
	B	Current position is beyond software positive limit. <b>SPOT</b> blinking on front panel
	C	Current position is beyond software negative limit. <b>NPOT</b> blinking on front panel
	D	Current position is beyond software negative, positive limit. <b>SPNOT</b> blinking on front panel
	E	Parameters reset to factory default. Restart needed

### 8.2 Servo drive alarm

When alarm occurs, driver will set protective function and **motor stops moving**. Error code will be displayed on the front panel. Alarm history record can also be viewed in data monitoring mode, with the alarm log sub-menu displaying "**d12Er**".



**Table 8.1 Error Code List**

Error code		Content	Attribute		
Main	Sub		Save	Type	Clearable
09	0~F	FPGA communication error	●	2	
0A	0~1	Circuit current detection error	●	2	
	2 , 4	Analog input error	●	2	
	3	Motor power cable not connected	●	1	
	5	DC bus error	●	2	
	6	Temperature measuring error	●	2	
0b	0	Control circuit power supply voltage too low		2	
	1	Control circuit power supply voltage too high		2	●
0c	0	DC bus overvoltage	●	1	●
0d	0	DC bus undervoltage	●	1	●
	1	Single phasing of main power supply	●	2	
	2	No main power supply detected		2	
0E	0	Overcurrent	●	1	
	1	Intelligent Power Module (IPM) overcurrent	●	1	
	2	Power output to motor shorted to ground	●	1	
	4	Phase overcurrent	●	1	
0F	0	Driver overheated	●	2	
10	0	Motor overloaded	●	1	●
	1	Driver overloaded	●	1	●
	2	Motor rotor blocked	●	1	●
12	0	Regenerative resistor overvoltage	●	2	
	1	Holding brake error	●	1	
	2	Regenerative resistor value too low	●	2	
15	0	Encoder disconnected	●	1	
	1	Encoder communication error	●	1	

	2	Encoder initial position error	•	1	
	3	Multiturn encoder error	•	2	
	4	Encoder parameter settings error	•	2	
	5	Encoder data overflow	•	2	•
	6	Encoder overheated	•	2	•
	7	Encoder counter error	•	2	•
17	0	Encoder data error	•	1	
	1	Encoder parameter initialization error	•	1	
18	0	Excessive position deviation	•	2	•
	1	Excessive velocity deviation	•	2	•
19	0	Motor vibration too strong	•	2	•
	1	Excessive hybrid position deviation	•	1	•
1A	0	Overspeed	•	2	•
	1	Velocity out of control	•	1	•
1b	0	Bus input signal dithering	•	2	•
	1	Incorrect electronic gear ratio	•	2	•
	3	External encoder frequency divider parameter error	•	1	
	4	Excessive synchronous position command	•	2	•
1c	0	Both STO failed	•	1	
	1	1 <sup>st</sup> STO failed	•	1	
	2	2 <sup>nd</sup> STO failed	•	1	
	3	STO power supply 3.3v anomaly		2	
	4	STO power supply 5.0v anomaly		2	
	5~8	Faulty STO internal optocoupler, inverter		2	
21	0	I/O input interface assignment error	•	2	
	1	I/O input interface function assignment error	•	2	
	2	I/O output interface function assignment error	•	2	
24	0	CRC correction during EEPROM parameter saving		2	
	1	I2C communication status error		2	
	2	Error r/w alarm history record		2	
	3	Error r/w diagnostic data		2	
	4	Error r/w 402 parameters		2	
	5	Error r/w communication parameters		2	
25	0	Gantry deviation error			
	1	Gantry communication error			
26	0	Positive/Negative position limit triggered under non-homing mode	•	2	•
27	0	Analog 1 input overrun limit	•	2	•
	1	Analog 2 input overrun limit	•	2	•
	2	Analog 3 input overrun limit	•	2	•

29	0	Control mode not match under full closed loop mode	•	1	
	1	Encoder mode not match under full closed loop mode	•	1	
55	0	External ABZ encoder disconnected	•	1	
	1	External ABZ encoder Phase A disconnected	•	1	
	2	External ABZ encoder Phase B disconnected	•	1	
	3	External ABZ encoder Phase Z disconnected	•	1	
57	0	Forced alarm input valid(E-stop)	•	2	•
5F	0	Motor model no. detection error		2	
	1	Driver power module detection error		2	
60	0	Main loop interrupted timeout		2	
	1	Velocity loop interrupted timeout		2	
70	0	Encryption error		2	
89	0	Homing error		2	•
92	0	External encoder parameter initialization error	•	1	

**Save:** Save error messages to alarm history.

**Type:** The type 1 and type 2 fault stop mode can be set via Pr5.10 [Sequence at alarm].

**Clearable:** Clearable alarm by operating the front panel and use auxiliary function

**AFACL** as below. Besides clearable alarms, please first solve the error and restart the servo driver to clear alarm.

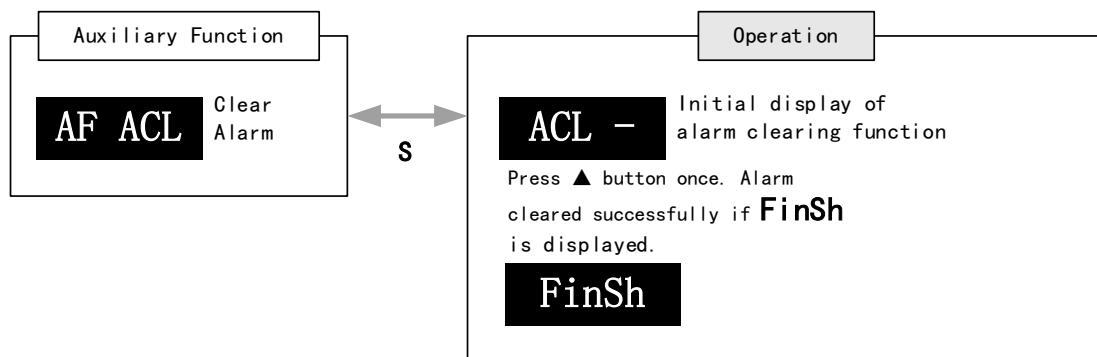
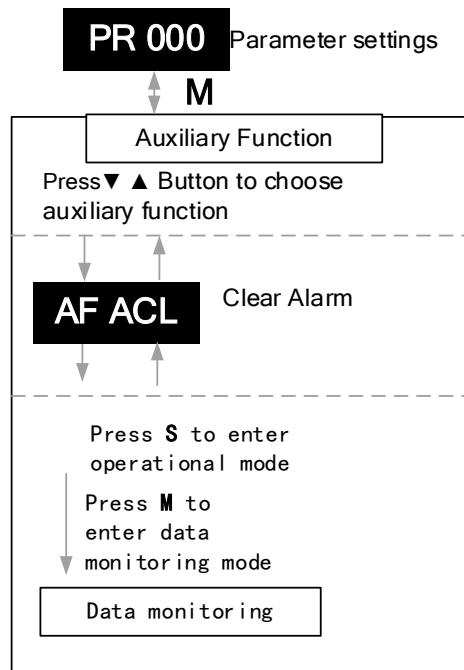


Table 8.2 Alarm and 603F correspondence

Error Code Display	1001 h	603Fh	ETG Code	Alarm Description
Er 0A0	0x04	0x3150		Phase A circuit current detection error
Er 0A1	0x04	0x3151		Phase B circuit current detection error
Er 0A3	0x04	0x3153		Motor power cable not connected
Er 0b0				Control circuit power supply voltage too low
Er 0b1	0x04	0x3206		Control power supply voltage too high
Er 0C0	0x04	0x3211		DC bus overvoltage
Er 0d0	0x04	0x3221		DC bus undervoltage
Er 0d1	0x04	0x3130		Single phasing of main power supply
Er 0d2	0x04	0x3222		No main power supply detected
Er 0E0	0x02	0x2211		Overcurrent
Er 0E1	0x02	0x2212		Intelligent Power Module (IPM) overcurrent
Er 0E2	0x02	0x2218		Power output to motor shorted to ground
Er 0E4	0x02	0x2230		Phase overcurrent
Er 0f0	0x08	0x4210		Driver overheated
Er 100	0x02	0x8311		Motor overloaded
Er 101	0x02	0x8310		Driver overloaded
Er 102	0x02	0x8301		Motor rotor blocked
Er 120	0x80	0x7701		Regenerative resistor overvoltage
Er 121	0x80	0x7702		Holding brake error
Er 122	0x80	0x7703		Regenerative resistor value too low
Er 150	0x80	0x7321		Encoder disconnected
Er 151	0x80	0x7322		Encoder communication error
Er 152	0x80	0x7323		Encoder initial position error
Er 153/Er 154	0x80	0x7325		Multiturn encoder error / Encoder parameter settings error
Er 155	0x80	0x7326		Encoder data overflow
Er 156	0x80	0x7327		Encoder overheated
Er 157	0x80	0x7328		Encoder count error
Er 170	0x80	0x7324		Encoder data error
Er 171	0x80	0x7325		Encoder parameter initialization error
Er 180	0x20	0x8611		Excessive position deviation
Er 181				Excessive velocity deviation
Er 190	0x20	0x8401		Motor vibration too strong
Er 1A0	0x20	0x8402		Overspeed
Er 1A1	0x20	0x8403		Velocity out of control
Er 1b0	0x20	0x		Bus input signal dithering

		8612		
Er 1b1	0x20	0x8503		Incorrect electronic gear ratio
Er 1c0	0x02	8313		Both STO failed
Er 1c1	0x02	8313		1 <sup>st</sup> STO failed
Er 1c2	0x02	8313		2 <sup>nd</sup> STO failed
Er 210	0x80	0x6321		I/O input interface assignment error
Er 211	0x80	0x6322		I/O input interface function assignment error
Er 212	0x80	0x6323		I/O output interface function assignment error
Er 240	0x80	0x5530		EEPROM parameters initialization error
Er 241	0x80	0x5531		EEPROM hardware error
Er 242	0x80	0x5532		Error saving alarm history record
Er 243	0x80	0x5533		Error occurred when saving vendor parameters
Er 244	0x80	0x5534		Error occurred when saving communication parameters
Er 245	0x80	0x5535		Error occurred when saving parameter 402
Er 246	0x80	0x5536		Data saving error during power-off
Er 260	0x80	0x7329		Positive/Negative position limit triggered under non-homing mode
Er 270				Analog 1 input overrun limit
Er 271				Analog 2 input overrun limit
Er 280	0x80	0x7201		Output pulse frequency too high
Er 570	0x80	0x5441		Forced alarm input valid
Er 5f0	0x80	0x7122		Motor model no. detection error
Er 5f1	0x80	0x1100		Driver power module detection error
Er 600	0x80	0x6204		Main loop interrupted timeout
Er 601	0x80	0x6204		Velocity loop interrupted timeout
Er 700	0x80	0x7001		Encryption error
Er 73A	0x10	0x873A		SyncManager2 lost
Er 73b	0x10	0x873B		SYNC0 lost
Er 73c	0x10	0x873C		Excessive Distributed Clock error
Er 801	0x10	0x8201	0x0001	Unknown communication error
Er 802	0x80	0x5510	0x0002	Memory overflow
Er 803	0x80	0x5511		RAM out of bound
Er 805	0x80	0x6202		FOE firmware upgrade failed
Er 806	0x80	0x6201		Saved ESI file does not match driver firmware
Er 811	0x10	0xA001	0x0011	Invalid EtherCAT transition request
Er 812	0x10	0xA002	0x0012	Unknown EtherCAT state machine transition request
Er 813	0x10	0x8213	0x0013	Protection request from boot state
Er 814	0x80	0x6203		Invalid firmware

Er 815	0x10	0x8215	0x0015	Invalid mailbox configuration under boot state
Er 816	0x10	0x8216	0x0016	Pre-Op status is invalid for the mailbox configuration
Er 817	0x10	0x8217		Invalid SyncManager configuration
Er 818	0x10	0x8211		No valid input data
Er 819	0x10	0x8212		No valid output data
Er 81A	0x10	0xFF02	0x871 A	Synchronization error
Er 81b	0x10	0x821B	0x001 B	SyncManager2 watchdog timer timeout
Er 81C	0x10	0x821 C	0x001 C	Invalid SyncManager type
Er 81d	0x10	0x821 D	0x001 D	Invalid output configuration
Er 81E	0x10	0x821E	0x001 E	Invalid input configuration
Er 81f	0x10	0x821F		Watchdog configuration invalid
Er 821	0x10	0xA003	0x0021	Waiting for EtherCAT state machine Init state
Er 822	0x10	0xA004	0x0022	Waiting for the EtherCAT state machine Pre-Op state
Er 823	0x10	0xA005	0x0023	Waiting for master device for Safe-Op request
Er 824	0x10	0x8224	0x0024	Invalid process data input mapping
Er 825	0x10	0x8225	0x0025	RPDO mapping invalid (length, parameter not present, no this property)
Er 827	0x10	0x8227		Free running mode is not supported
Er 828	0x10	0x8228		Sync mode not supported
Er 82b	0x10	0x8210	0x002 B	Invalid inputs and outputs
Er 82C	0x10	0x872 C	0x002 C	Fatal synchronization error
Er 82d	0x10	0x872 D	0x002 D	No synchronization error
Er 82E	0x10	0x872E	0x002 E	Synchronization cycle time is too short
Er 830	0x10	0x8730	0x0030	Invalid Distributed Clock synchronization settings
Er 832	0x10	0x8732	0x0032	Distribution Clock phase-locked loop failure
Er 833	0x10	0x8733		DC sync IO error
Er 834	0x10	0x8734		DC sync timeout
Er 835	0x10	0x8735		Distribution Clock cycle time is invalid
Er 836	0x10	0x8736	0x0036	Invalid Distribution Clock synchronization cycle time
Er 850	0x80	0x5550	0x0050	EEPROM is inaccessible



Er 851	0x80	0x5551	0x0051	EEPROM error
Er 852	0x80	0x5552	0x0052	Hardware is not ready
Er 860	0x80	0xFF01		EtherCAT frame lost per unit time exceeds limit
Er 870	0x80	0x5201		Driver can't be enabled under current control mode
Er 890	0x80	0x8614		Homing error

## 8.3 Alarm Handling

*\*\*When error occurs, please solve accordingly. Then, restart. If the solutions described don't work, please consider replacing the driver.*

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> “Er 090”--“Er 09F”
	09	0~F	<b>Content:</b> FPGA communication error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
L1, L2 terminal voltage too low		Verify L1, L2 terminal voltage	Make sure L1, L2 terminal voltage is within recommended range

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> “Er 0A0”--“Er 0A1”
	0A	0~1	<b>Content:</b> Circuit current detection error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Motor power cable wiring error		Verify motor power cable wiring	Make sure U,V,W terminal wired properly
Main power supply undervoltage		Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Increase main power supply voltage

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> “Er 0A2” / “Er 0A4”
	0A	2 / 4	<b>Content:</b> Analog input error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Analog input wiring error		Verify analog input wiring	Make sure of analog input wiring connection

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> “Er 0A3”
	0A	3	<b>Content:</b> Motor power cable not connected
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Motor power cable not connected		Verify motor power cable wiring	Measure <b>resistance values between U, V, W terminals</b> , make sure the values are almost equal. If not, might be due to damaged motor or motor winding open circuit.
Motor fault		/	Replace motor

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 0A5"
	0A	5	<b>Content:</b> DC Bus error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
L1, L2 terminal voltage too low		Verify L1, L2 terminal voltage. Check if power on indicator light on servo drive is on and d27 DC bus voltage.	Make sure L1, L2 terminal voltage is within recommended range

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 0A6"
	0A	6	<b>Content:</b> Temperature measuring error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
L1, L2 terminal voltage too low		Verify L1, L2 terminal voltage	Make sure L1, L2 terminal voltage is within recommended range

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 0b0"
	0b	0	<b>Content:</b> Control circuit power supply voltage too low
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Control circuit power supply voltage too low		Verify L1C, L2C terminal voltage; check if wiring connection is tight	Increase L1C, L2C terminal voltage; Tighten L1C, L2C terminal connection
Power supply under capacity		/	Increase power supply capacity for L1C, L2C terminals

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 0b1"
	0b	1	<b>Content:</b> Control circuit power supply abnormal
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
USB power supply too low		Verify if USB cable is properly connected and not damaged.	Replace USB Type-C cable

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 0c0"
	0c	0	<b>Content:</b> DC bus overvoltage
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Main power supply overvoltage		Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Decrease main power supply voltage
Acceleration/deceleration time too short		Verify if the time is actually too short	Increase the duration time or change to a regenerative resistor with higher resistance.
Regenerative brake parameter anomaly		Verify Pr7.32/Pr7.33	Modify vent overload parameter
Inner brake circuit damaged		/	Replace driver

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0d0"
	0d	0	Content: DC bus undervoltage
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Main power supply undervoltage		Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Increase main power supply voltage
L1C, L2C connected when USB cable is connected		Control circuit power on before driver initialization. Alarm might occur.	Please disconnect the USB cable before powering on control circuit.

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0d1"
	0d	1	Content: Single phasing of main power supply
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Main power supply undervoltage		Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Increase main power supply voltage
Main power supply wiring error		Loose connection of L1, L2, L3	Secure connections

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0d2"
	0d	2	Content: No main power supply detected
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
No main power supply		Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	1. Increase main power supply voltage 2. Secure connections

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E0"
	0E	0	Content: Overcurrent
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Driver power output short circuit		Verify if there is short circuit between UVW terminals, or shorted to PG.	1. Make sure there is no circuit. 2. Make sure motor is not damaged
Motor wiring error		Verify motor wiring	Reconnect motor wiring
IGBT module short circuit		Disconnect motor output cable. Then, enable servo driver to check for overcurrent	Replace driver
Control parameter anomaly		Verify if parameter exceeds recommended range	Set parameter within recommended range.
Control command anomaly		Verify if command motion is too acute	Modify control command; use filter

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E1"
	0E	1	Content: Intelligent Power Module (IPM) overcurrent
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Driver power output short circuit		Verify if there is short circuit between UVW terminals, or shorted to PG.	1. Make sure there is no circuit. 2. Make sure motor is not damaged
Motor wiring error		Verify motor wiring	Reconnect motor wiring
IGBT module short circuit		Disconnect motor output cable. Then, enable servo driver to check for overcurrent	Replace driver
IGBT module undervoltage		/	Replace driver
Control parameter anomaly		Verify if parameter exceeds recommended range	Set parameter within recommended range.
Control command anomaly		Verify if command motion is too acute	Modify control command; use filter

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E2"
	0E	2	Content: Power output to motor shorted to ground
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Driver U, V, W terminals shorted to ground		Disconnect motor power cable and check for short circuit between driver UVW and PE	1. Reconnect wiring. 2. Change motor power cable.
Motor shorted to ground		Connect motor power cable to driver power output. Verify if resistance value of UVW to PE is in the range of MegaOhm (MΩ)	Replace motor

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E4"
	0E	2	Content: Phase overcurrent
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Driver U, V, W terminals shorted to ground		Disconnect motor power cable and check for short circuit between driver UVW and PE	1. Reconnect wiring. 2. Change motor power cable.
Motor shorted to ground		Connect motor power cable to driver power output. Verify if resistance value of UVW to PE is equal and if there is short circuit	Replace motor

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0F0"
	0F	0	Content: Driver overheated
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Temperature of power module exceeded upper limit		Measure the temperature of driver radiator.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Improve cooling condition. Please check installation guide;</li> <li>2. Replace driver and motor with higher power rating;</li> <li>3. Increase duration time for acceleration and deceleration;</li> <li>4. Decrease load</li> </ol>

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 100"
	10	0	Content: Motor overloaded
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Load too heavy		Verify if actual load exceeds maximum value allowed	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Decrease load</li> <li>2. Adjust limit values</li> </ol>
Strong mechanical vibration		Look for mechanical vibration from machine system	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Adjust gain value of control loop</li> <li>2. Increase duration time for acceleration and deceleration</li> </ol>
Motor or encoder cable wiring error		Verify motor and encoder wiring	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reconnect wiring</li> <li>2. Replace motor and encoder cable</li> </ol>
Holding brake engaged		Verify holding brake terminal voltage	Cut off holding brake

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 101"
	10	1	Content: Driver overloaded
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Motor power cable wiring error		UVW terminals wiring error	Make sure motor power cable wiring connection is correct
Motor not matched		Motor current is too high	Motor rated current is higher than driver rated current. Please change to a driver with higher rated current.

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 102"
	10	2	Content: Motor rotor blocked
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Motor rotor blocked		Look for mechanical blockages	Check the machinery
Motor rotor blocking time threshold value too low		Verify value of Pr6.57	Adjust value of Pr6.57

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 120"
	12	0	Content: Regenerative resistor overvoltage
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Regenerative energy exceeded capacity of regenerative resistor		1. Verify if velocity is too high 2. Verify if load is too large	1. Decrease motor rotational velocity; 2. Decrease load inertia; 3. Add an external regenerative resistor;
Power supply voltage too high		1. Verify if power supply voltage is within the rated range. 2. Interval regenerative resistor value is too low	1. Decrease power supply voltage 2. Increase regeneration resistance value(add external regenerative resistor)
Unstable power supply voltage		Verify if power supply voltage is stable	Add a surge suppressor to main power supply.
Regenerative energy discharge circuit damaged		/	1. Add an external regenerative resistor; 2. Replace driver

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 121"
	12	1	Content: Holding brake error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Holding brake circuit damaged		Regenerative resistor disconnected	Replace regenerative resistor
		Holding brake IGBT damaged	Replace driver

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 122"
	12	2	Content: Regenerative resistor value too low
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
External regenerative resistor value is less than the minimum value allowed by the drive		/	Replace the regenerative resistor with the right resistance value which meets the specification of the driver

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 150"
	15	0	Content: Encoder disconnected
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Encoder cable disconnected		Verify encoder cable connection	Make sure encoder cable properly connected
Encoder cable wiring error		Verify if encoder wiring is correct	Reconnect encoder wiring
Encoder damaged		/	Replace motor
Encoder measuring circuit damaged		/	Replace driver

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 151"
	15	1	Content: Encoder communication error
Cause	Diagnosis	Solution	
Encoder wire shielding layer is missing	Verify if encoder cable has shielding layer	Replace with standard encoder cable	
Encoder cable wiring error	Verify if encoder wiring is correct	Reconnect encoder wiring	
Encoder damaged	/	Replace motor	

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 152"
	15	2	Content: Encoder initial position error
Cause	Diagnosis	Solution	
Communication data abnormal	1. Verify if encoder power supply voltage is DC5V±5% ; 2. Verify if encoder cable and shielded layer is not damaged; 3. Verify if encoder cable is close to high-powered power supply cable	1. Make sure encoder power supply voltage is stable 2. Make sure encoder cable is not damaged. 3. Make sure encoder cable shielded layer is grounded to frame 4. Make sure encoder cable is away from high-powered power supply cable	
Encoder damaged	/	Replace motor	
Encoder measuring circuit damaged	/	Replace driver	

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 153"
	15	3	Content: Multiturn encoder error
Cause	Diagnosis	Solution	
Initial use	Origin calibration not performed	Perform origin positioning and multturn position initialization, calibrate the origin of coordinate system.	
Encoder without multturn absolute function used	Verify if encoder has multturn absolute function	1. Replace the motor with a multturn absolute encoder. 2. Set Pr0.15 = 0 to deactivate multturn absolute function.	
Low battery power	Replace battery and restart driver to clear alarm	Replace battery	
Battery has no power or has been dismantled	Alarm not cleared after replacing battery and restart	Absolute position lost. Return to origin and perform multturn initialization, calibrate the origin of coordinate system	

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 154"
	15	4	Content: Encoder parameter settings error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Absolute encoder mode is incorrectly set.		Verify if encoder has multi-turn absolute value function.	Modify absolute encoder mode settings

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 155"
	15	5	Content: Encoder data overflow
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Encoder data overflow		Verify if encoder is not damaged	Initialize multiturn data
Absolute value applications, motor rotates in one direction		Verify if encoder is not damaged	Adjust absolute value application mode, set to turntable mode

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 156"
	15	6	Content: Encoder overheated
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
The encoder temperature is too high.		Verify if motor temperature is too high	Reduce encoder temperature.

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 157"
	15	7	Content: Encoder counter error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Encoder data overflow		Verify if encoder is not damaged	Initialize multiturn data
Absolute value applications, motor rotates in one direction		Verify if encoder is not damaged	Adjust absolute value application mode, set to turntable mode

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 170"
	17	0	Content: Encoder data error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Communication data abnormal		1. Verify if encoder power supply voltage is DC5V±5% ; 2. Verify if encoder cable and shielded layer is not damaged; 3. Verify if encoder cable is close to high-powered power supply cable	1. Make sure encoder power supply voltage is stable 2. Make sure encoder cable is not damaged. 3. Make sure encoder cable shielded layer is grounded to frame 4. Make sure encoder cable is away from high-powered power supply cable
Encoder damaged		/	Replace motor
Encoder measuring circuit damaged		/	Replace driver

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 171"
	17	1	Content: Encoder parameter initialization error
Cause		Diagnosis	
Driver and motor not matched		Verify driver and motor models.	
Error while getting parameters from encoder		1. Verify if encoder cable is standard. 2. Verify if encoder has no peeled insulator, broken connection or improper contact.	
		Use standard encoder cable, verify the connection of both sides of driver and motor, change encoder cable if necessary	

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 180"
	18	0	Content: Excessive position deviation
Cause		Diagnosis	
Improper position deviation settings		Verify if value of Pr_014 is too low	
Position gain setting too low		Verify if values of Pr1.00 & Pr1.05 are too low	
Torque limit too low		Verify if values of Pr0.13 & Pr5.22 are too low	
Excessive external load		1. Verify if acceleration and deceleration duration time is too low. 2. Verify if rotational velocity is too high 3. Verify if load is too large	
		1. Increase duration time for acceleration and deceleration 2. Decrease rotational velocity 3. Decrease load	

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 181"
	18	1	Content: Excessive velocity deviation
Cause		Diagnosis	
Deviation between set velocity and actual velocity is too great		Verify if value of Pr6.02 is too low	
Acceleration and deceleration duration time for set velocity is too low		Verify if value of Pr3.12 and Pr3.13 are too low	
		1. Increase value of Pr6.02; 2. Set Pr6.02 to 0, position error detection off.	
		1. Increase value of Pr3.12, Pr3.13; 2. Adjust velocity gain to reduce velocity lag error	

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 190"
	19	0	Content: Vibration too strong
Cause		Diagnosis	
Resonance		Mechanical stiffness is too high, resonance occurs	
Current loop gain too large		Verify current loop gain value	
		Reduce mechanical stiffness or use filter	
		Reduce current loop gain	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 191"
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code	19	1	<b>Content:</b> Excessive hybrid position deviation
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Driver UVW terminal output single phasing or wiring error		Verify if UVW terminal wiring connection is right	Make sure UVW terminals are correctly connected to UVW of motor; change motor power cable.
Motor rotor blocked		Look for mechanical blockages	Check the machinery
Driver stiffness too low		Verify if position loop and velocity loop gain is too low	Increase position loop and velocity loop gain
Full closed loop position deviation ( <b>Deviation between external encoder feedback position and motor feedback position</b> ) exceeds Pr0.33		Verify if Pr0.33 is set too low	Increase Pr0.33 set value accordingly but please aware that doing so might cause the position deviation to be higher.

Error code	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 1A0"
	1A	0	<b>Content:</b> Overspeed
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Motor velocity exceeded first speed limit (Pr3.21)		1. Verify if velocity command is too high; 2. Verify if simulated velocity command voltage is too high; 3. Verify if parameter value of Pr3.21 is too low; 4. Verify if input frequency and division frequency coefficient of pulse train is proper; 5. Verify if encoder is wired correctly	1. Adjust velocity input command; 2. Increase Pr3.21 value; 3. Adjust pulse train input frequency and division frequency coefficient; 4. Verify encoder wiring;

Error code	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 1A1"
	1A	1	<b>Content:</b> Velocity out of control
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Motor velocity out of control, Excessive velocity error		Verify encoder phase sequence; Verify if UVW cable is connected to the right terminal	Reconnect UVW if wrongly connected. If still remains unsolved, please contact technical support.

Error code	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 1b0"
	1b	0	<b>Content:</b> Bus input signal dithering
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Controller synchronization dithering		/	Increase alarm threshold value

Error code	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 1b1"
	1b	1	<b>Content:</b> Incorrect electronic gear ratio
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Values out of range		Numerator or denominator is zero/Set values out of range	Reduce number of pulses per revolution

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> “Er 1b3”
	1b	3	<b>Content:</b> External encoder frequency divider parameter error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Values out of range		Numerator or denominator is zero/Set values out of range	Reduce number of pulses per revolution

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> “Er 1b4”
	1b	4	<b>Content:</b> Excessive synchronous position mode command
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Values out of range		Numerator or denominator is zero/Set values out of range	Reduce number of pulses per revolution

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> “Er 1c0”
	1c	0	<b>Content:</b> Both STO failed
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Both STO input signals valid		Verify if STO power supply is normal	Verify 24V STO power supply and power cable connection
		Disconnect switch connected to STO	Close switch

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> “Er 1c1”
	1c	1	<b>Content:</b> 1 <sup>st</sup> STO failed
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
1 <sup>st</sup> STO input signal valid		Verify if STO power supply is normal	Verify 24V STO power supply and power cable connection
		Disconnect switch connected to STO	Close switch

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> “Er 1c2”
	1c	2	<b>Content:</b> 2 <sup>nd</sup> STO failed
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
2 <sup>nd</sup> STO input signal valid		Verify if STO power supply is normal	Verify 24V STO power supply and power cable connection
		Disconnect switch connected to STO	Close switch

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> “Er 210”
	21	0	<b>Content:</b> I/O input interface assignment error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Input signal assigned with two or more functions.		Verify values of Pr4.00-Pr4.09, Pr4.44-4.47	Set proper values for Pr4.00-Pr4.09, Pr4.44-4.47

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 211"
	21	1	Content: I/O input interface function assignment error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Input signal assignment error		Verify values of Pr4.00-Pr4.09, Pr4.44-4.47	Set proper values for Pr4.00-Pr4.09, Pr4.44-4.47

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 212"
	21	2	Content: I/O output interface function assignment error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Input signal assigned with two or more functions.		Verify values of Pr4.10-Pr4.15	Set proper values for Pr4.10-Pr4.15
Input signal not assigned		Verify values of Pr4.10-Pr4.15	Set proper values for Pr4.10-Pr4.15

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 240"
	24	0	Content: CRC correction error during EEPROM parameter saving
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
L1, L2 terminal voltage too low		Verify if L1, L2 terminal voltage too low	Make sure L1, L2 terminal voltage is within recommended range
Parameter saving anomaly		Save parameter again and restart	Save parameter again

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 250"
	25	0	Content: Gantry deviation error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Excessive Gantry drivers deviation		Verify if both drivers share the same set of parameters	Unify the parameters of both drivers
		Verify if control cable of the drivers are properly connected	Connect control cable properly
		Verify if gantry communication cable is connected properly	Connect communication cable properly

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 251"
	25	1	Content: Gantry communication error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Gantry communication data error		Verify if gantry communication cable is connected properly	Connect communication cable properly

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display: "Er 260"</b>
	26	0	<b>Content:</b> Positive/Negative position limit triggered under non-homing mode
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Positive/negative position limit triggered		Verify position limit signal	/

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display: "Er 270" -- "Er 272"</b>
	27	0~2	<b>Error description:</b> Analog input 1-3 out of range
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Analog value out of range		Verify if analog input value is out of range	Adjust analog input voltage

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display: "Er 280"</b>
	28	0	<b>Error description:</b> Output pulse frequency too high
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Frequency divided pulse output exceeds 1MHz		Verify if motor rotational speed and the number of frequency divided pulse output are too high	Reduce the number of frequency divided pulse output or reduce rotational speed

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display: "Er 290"</b>
	29	0	<b>Error description:</b> Control mode not match in full closed loop mode
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Control mode is not position mode when full closed loop mode is on		Verify if Pr0.01 is set to 0	Make sure Pr0.01 is set to 0 – Position mode

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display: "Er 291"</b>
	29	1	<b>Error description:</b> Encoder mode not match in full closed loop mode
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Encoder mode not match in full closed loop mode		Only ABZ encoder is supported for the moment being	For external ABZ encoder, please set Pr0.31 = 0.

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 550" -- "Er 553"
	55	0~3	Error description: Encoder mode not match in full closed loop mode
Cause		Diagnosis	
Er550: External ABZ encoder disconnected			Verify if encoder cable is connected properly
Er551: External encoder Phase A disconnected			
Er552: External encoder Phase B disconnected			
Er553: External encoder Phase Z disconnected			

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 570"
	57	0	Error description: Forced alarm input valid
Cause		Diagnosis	
Forced alarm input signal occurred			Verify forced alarm input signal Verify if the input wiring connection is correct

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 5F0"
	5F	0	Content: Motor model no. detection error
Cause		Diagnosis	
Automatically detected motor doesn't match set motor			/ Please contact our technical support

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 5F1"
	5F	1	Error description: Driver power module detection error
Cause		Diagnosis	
Driver power rating not within range.			Restart driver Please contact our technical support

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 600"
	60	0	Error description: Main loop interrupted timeout
Cause		Diagnosis	
The motor control loop calculation time overflow	Check for interference from devices releasing electromagnetic field		Ground driver and motor to reduce interference
			Restart driver Replace driver

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 601"
	60	1	<b>Error description:</b> Velocity loop interrupted timeout
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Motor control loop calculation time overflow	Verify if encoder connection is and that the encoder cable is too not long (more than 20 meters)		Replace encoder cable if necessary
	Restart driver		Replace the drive with a new one

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 700"
	70	0	<b>Error description:</b> Encryption error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Encryption error during initialization upon power-on.		Restart driver	Please contact our technical support

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 890"
	89	0	<b>Error description:</b> Homing error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
1. Excess homing velocity 2. Homing mode is different from given signal 3. Sensor signal edge inconsistent		1. Verify if homing velocity is too high 2. Verify if homing mode is set correctly 3. Verify if sensor signal edge is consistent	1. Set an optimal homing velocity 2. Make sure sensor signal edge is consistent.
Inconsistent origin status		1. Homing acceleration/deceleration is set too low 2. Electronic gear ratio is low which causes acceleration/deceleration to be too low	1. If electronic gear ratio cannot be changed, please set a suitable 609A. 2. Increase electronic gear ratio

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 920"
	92	0	<b>Error description:</b> External encoder parameter initialization error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Encoder parameter Pr0.37 setting error		Verify if Pr0.37 set value is out of range	Modify Pr0.37 set value, please use default value and see if the error still persists.

## 8.4 Alarm clearing

### 8.4.1 Servo Drive Alarm

For alarm can be cleared , There are 3 method.

#### **Method 1 :**

1、By setting bit 7 of 6040h to 1, switches state machine from fault to initialization completion , No fault(Switch on disabled).

#### **Method 2 :**

Use auxiliary function “**AF\_ACL**”

1、Press M to select auxiliary function , Press SET to enter into “**AF\_ACL**” , Press and hold to clear the alarm

#### **Method 3 :**

Set IO input function as Alarm clear input “ **(A-CLR)**” , refer to switch input interface connection to clear the alarm.

## 8.5 EtherCAT Communication Alarm

EtherCAT communication related alarms are erasable and will not be recorded in alarm history.

Clearing EtherCAT communication alarm is similar to clearing servo driver alarm. Please clear the alarm before switching to 402 machine state.

EtherCAT communication alarm however, relies on register clearance from the main station. Can be solved according to following steps:

- 1、Set bit 4 of ESC control register 0x120 (error responder) to 1.
- 2、The communication alarm can be cleared until the feedback of the ESC status code register 0x134~0x135 is 0.
- 3、By setting bit 7 of 6040h to 1, switches state machine from fault to initialization completion , No fault(Switch on disabled).

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> “Er 73A”
	73	A	<b>Error description:</b> SyncManager2 lost
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Poor master performance		--	Increase the alarm threshold
Single-unit drive has problem		Is it a single unit or multiple units together in the network	Switch drive
interfere		Check the grounding and network wiring quality	Replace the network cable

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> “Er 73b”
	73	B	<b>Error description:</b> SYNC0 lost
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Poor master performance		--	Increase threshold value limit
Single-unit drive has problem		Is it a single unit or multiple units together in the network	Switch drive
interfere		Check the grounding and network wiring quality	Replace the network cable

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 73c"
	73	C	<b>Error description:</b> Excessive Distributed Clock error
Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
Poor master device performance		--	Increase threshold value limit
Single-unit drive has problem		Is it a single unit or multiple units together in the network	Replace driver
Interference		Check the grounding and network wiring quality	Replace network cable

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 801"
	80	1	<b>Error description:</b> Unknown communication error
Cause		EtherCAT state machine transition failed	
The status of the error can be detected		All ESM status	
Network port LED		Blinking	
The result status		The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state	
Solution		Verify network connection and master device EtherCAT state machine transition order	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 802"
	80	2	<b>Error description:</b> Memory overflow
Cause		CPU failed to request memory	
The status of the error can be detected		All ESM status	
Network port LED		ON	
The result status		The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state	
Solution		Verify if EL8-EC hardware is faulty	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 803"
	80	3	<b>Error description:</b> RAM out of bound
Cause		EtherCAT state machine memory address access request from master device is out of bound	
The status of the error can be detected		All communication status	
Network port LED		None	
The result status		NO	
Solution		Verify master device configuration or replace master device	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 805"
	80	5	<b>Error description:</b> FOE firmware upgrade failed
Cause		Firmware burn error	
The status of the error can be detected		BOOT	
Network port LED		None	
The result status		Remain in the detection state	
Solution		Replace firmware/driver	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 806"
	80	6	<b>Error description:</b> Saved ESI file does not match driver firmware
Cause		ESI file does not match driver firmware	
The status of the error can be detected		INIT	
Network port LED		None	
The result status		Remain in the detection state	
Solution		Burn matching firmware to driver	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 811"
	81	1	<b>Error description:</b> Invalid EtherCAT transition request
Cause		Driver received unconvertible request from EtherCAT state machine	
The status of the error can be detected		All ESM Status	
Network port LED		Blinking	
The result status		The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state	
Solution		Verify if the transition information from master device is correct	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 812"
	81	2	<b>Error description:</b> Unknown EtherCAT state machine transition request
Cause		Driver receives a transition request other than states of the EtherCAT state machine	
The status of the error can be detected		All ESM Status	
Network port LED		Blinking	
The result status		The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state	
Solution		Verify transition information from master device	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 813"
	81	3	<b>Error description:</b> Protection request from boot state
Cause		Driver receives a transition request to boot state	
The status of the error can be detected		Initialize the conversion to a boot	
Network port LED		Flickering	
The result status		Initialization	
Solution		Verify if driver software version supports this state transition	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 814"
	81	4	<b>Error description:</b> Invalid firmware
Cause		Firmware not matched with driver	
The status of the error can be detected		BOOT/INIT	
Network port LED		None	
The result status		Keeping in the detection status	
Solution		Return driver to supplier to update firmware	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 815"
	81	5	<b>Error description:</b> Invalid mailbox configuration under boot state
Cause		Boot state action not supported under current configuration	
The status of the error can be detected		Initialize the conversion to a boot	
Network port LED		Blinking	
The result status		Initialization	
Solution		Verify if EL8-EC software version supports action under this state.	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 816"
	81	6	<b>Error description:</b> Pre-Op status is invalid for the mailbox configuration
Cause		The synchronization manager configuration under Pre-Op is invalid	
The status of the error can be detected		pre-operation	
Network port LED		Blinking	
The result status		initialization	
Solution		1. Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version 2. EtherCAT slave controller error, please contact technical support	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 817"
	81	7	<b>Error description:</b> Invalid SyncManager configuration
<b>Cause</b>		Synchronization manager configuration is invalid	
The status of the error can be detected		Pre-op above	
Network port LED		Single flash	
The result status		Pre-op	
Solution		Verify master device configuration/ESI file version	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 818"
	81	8	<b>Error description:</b> No valid input data
<b>Cause</b>		The input data is not updated for more than 1 second	
The status of the error can be detected		All ESM status	
Network port LED		Double flashing	
The result status		The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state	
Solution		1. Verify if TxPDO is valid 2. Verify master device synchronization settings	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 819"
	81	9	<b>Error description:</b> No valid output data
<b>Cause</b>		Output data is not updated for more than 1 second	
The status of the error can be detected		All ESM status	
Network port LED		Double flash	
The result status		The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state	
Solution		1. Verify if RxPDO is valid 2. Verify master device synchronization settings	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 81A"
	81	A	<b>Error description:</b> Synchronization error
<b>Cause</b>		RxPDO and DC update order failed or one of them is not updated in sync	
The status of the error can be detected		All ESM status	
Network port LED		Single flash	
The result status		The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state	
Solution		1. Verify if PXPDO is valid 2. Verify master device synchronization settings	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 81b"
	81	b	<b>Error description:</b> SyncManager2 watchdog timer timeout
Cause		The RxPDO update timeout in operational state	
The status of the error can be detected		Operation	
Network port LED		Double flash	
The result status		Safe operation	
Solution		1. Verify if EL8-EC network is connected 2. Verify RxPDO update time	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 81c"
	81	c	<b>Error description:</b> Invalid SyncManager type
Cause		Synchronization Manager configuration types other than the following: 1. Mailbox output 2. Mailbox input 3. Process data output 4. Process data input	
The status of the error can be detected		Pre-operation	
Network port LED		Blinking	
The result status		Initialize	
Solution		Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 81d"
	81	d	<b>Error description:</b> Invalid output configuration
Cause		Process data output synchronization manager configuration is invalid	
The status of the error can be detected		Pre-operation	
Network port LED		Blinking	
The result status		Initialize	
Solution		1. Verify EL8-EC synchronization manager configuration 2. Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 81E"
	81	E	<b>Error description:</b> Invalid input configuration
Cause		Process data input synchronization manager configuration is invalid	
The status of the error can be detected		Pre-operation	
Network port LED		Blinking	
The result status		Initialize	
Solution		1. Verify EL8-EC synchronization manager configuration 2. Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 821"
	82	1	<b>Error description:</b> Waiting for EtherCAT state machine Init state
Cause		Driver waiting for master device to send Init request	
The status of the error can be detected		All ESM status	
Network port LED		Blinking	
The result status		Keeping the current state	
Solution		Verify transition request sent from master device	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 822"
	82	2	<b>Error description:</b> Waiting for the EtherCAT state machine Pre-Op state
Cause		Driver waiting for master device to send Pre-Op request	
The status of the error can be detected		Safe operation, operation	
Network port LED		Blinking	
The result status		Keeping the current state	
Solution		Verify transition request sent from master device	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 823"
	82	3	<b>Error description:</b> Waiting for master device for Safe-Op request
Cause		Process data output synchronization manager configuration is invalid	
The status of the error can be detected		Operation	
Network port LED		Blinking	
The result status		Keeping the current state	
Solution		Verify transition request sent from master device	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 824"
	82	4	<b>Error description:</b> Invalid process data input mapping
Cause		TxPDO is configured with non-mappable objects	
The status of the error can be detected		Safe operation	
Network port LED		Blinking	
The result status		Pre-operation	
Solution		Reconfigure the TxPDO mapping object	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 825"
	82	5	<b>Error description:</b> Invalid process data output mapping
Cause		RxPDO is configured with non-mappable objects	
The status of the error can be detected		Safe operation	
Network port LED		Blinking	
The result status		Pre-operation	
Solution		Reconfigure the RxPDO mapping object	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 828"
	82	8	<b>Error description:</b> Sync mode not supported
Cause		Sync mode is not supported in the current configuration	
The status of the error can be detected		Safe operation	
Network port LED		Single flash	
The result status		Pre-operation	
Solution		1. Verify EL8-EC software version 2. Verify XML version	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 82b"
	82	b	<b>Error description:</b> Invalid inputs and outputs
Cause		No RxPDO and TxPDO updates for more than 1 second	
The status of the error can be detected		All ESM status	
Network port LED		Blinking	
The result status		The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state	
Solution		1. Verify if current RxPDO and TxPDO are invalid 2. Verify master device synchronization settings	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 82c"
	82	c	<b>Error description:</b> Fatal synchronization error
Cause		DC watchdog timer timeout	
The status of the error can be detected		Safe operation, operation	
Network port LED		Double flash	
The result status		Safe operation	
Solution		1. Verify if EL8-EC hardware is faulty 2. Verify DC setting and delay	

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82d"
	82	d	Error description: No synchronization error
Cause	Synchronization is invalid		
The status of the error can be detected	operation		
Network port LED	Single flash		
The result status	Safe operation		
Solution	1. Verify if "fatal synchronization error" has occurred. 2. Verify master device synchronization settings		

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82E"
	82	E	Error description: Synchronization cycle time is too short
Cause	Master device synchronization cycle time is set to less than 125 microseconds		
The status of the error can be detected	operation		
Network port LED	Single flash		
The result status	Pre-operation		
Solution	Verify master device synchronization cycle time		

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 830"
	83	0	Error description: Invalid Distributed Clock synchronization settings
Cause	Synchronization settings in sync mode are not valid		
The status of the error can be detected	Safe operation		
Network port LED	Blinking		
The result status	Pre-operation		
Solution	Verify master device synchronization settings		

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 832"
	83	2	Error description: Distribution Clock phase-locked loop failure
Cause	Distribution Clock phase-locked loop setting is invalid		
The status of the error can be detected	Safe operation, operation		
Network port LED	Single flash		
The result status	Safe operation		
Solution	Verify master device Distribution Clock settings and network transmission delay		

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 835"
	83	5	<b>Error description:</b> Distribution Clock cycle time is invalid
Cause		Set synchronization cycle time is not proportional to drive position loop	
The status of the error can be detected		Safe operation	
Network port LED		Flickering	
The result status		Pre-operation	
Solution		Refer to user manual to set a reasonable synchronization cycle time.	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 836"
	83	6	<b>Error description:</b> Invalid Distribution Clock synchronization cycle time
Cause		The synchronization cycle time setting is not as the following 1 : 125us 2 : 250us 3 : 500us 4 : 750us 5 : 1000us 6 : 2000us 7 : 4000us	
The status of the error can be detected		Safe operation	
Network port LED		Single flash	
The result status		Pre-operation	
Solution		Verify master device synchronization cycle time	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 850"
	85	0	<b>Error description:</b> EEPROM is inaccessible
Cause		EtherCAT slave controller failed to access EEPROM	
The status of the error can be detected		All ESM status	
Network port LED		Flickering	
The result status		Keeping the current state	
Solution		1. Verify if EL8-EC hardware is faulty 2. Verify if master device released access	

<b>Error code</b>	Main	Sub	<b>Display:</b> "Er 851"
	85	1	<b>Error description:</b> EEPROM error
Cause		EEPROM operation of EtherCAT slave controller failed	
The status of the error can be detected		All ESM status	
Network port LED		Flickering	
The result status		Keeping the current state	
Solution		Verify if master device released access	

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 852"
	85	2	Error description: Hardware is not ready
Cause	Data communication lost		
The status of the error can be detected	All ESM status		
Network port LED	ON		
The result status	Keeping the current state		
Solution	Verify if EL8-EC hardware is faulty		

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 860"
	86	0	Error description: EtherCAT frame lost per unit time exceeds limit
Cause	EtherCAT frame lost per unit time exceeds the setting in 2635-00h		
The status of the error can be detected	All states		
Network port LED	None		
The result status	Keeping the detection state		
Solution	Change to network cable with higher bandwidth / Replace driver		

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 870"
	87	0	Error description: Driver can't be enabled under current control mode
Cause	Enable driver under unsupported mode		
The status of the error can be detected	All status		
Network port LED	None		
The result status	Maintain status		
Solution	Switch to the correct control mode		

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