

The figure displays a large, interconnected network of protein-protein interactions. Each node represents a specific protein, identified by a unique label such as GL158B, AR63B, or PH035A. The nodes are organized hierarchically based on their position in the signaling pathway, with colors indicating their functional level: purple for top-level proteins, green for intermediate proteins, and blue for bottom-level proteins. The edges connecting the nodes represent the physical interactions between these proteins, forming a dense web of relationships.