

# HW1-Report

## 1. Method description

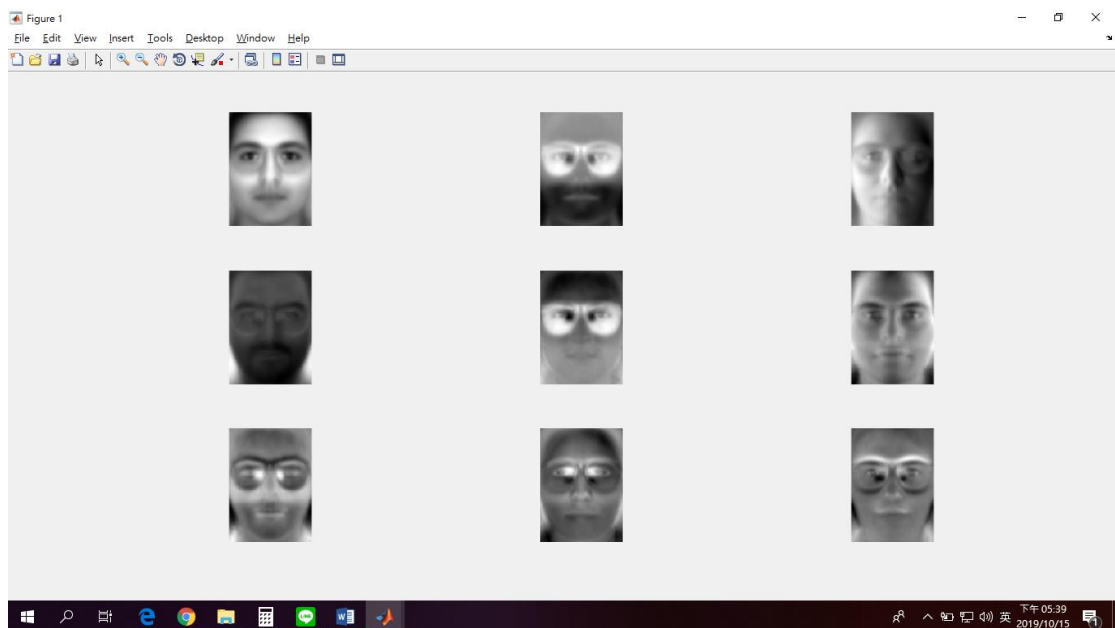
### Require version:

Because I use readmatrix() 、 writematrix(), the version must be above **2019**

- hw1\_1: I use the function pca() to generate eigenvector and eigenvalue. Then I can generate the dimension 1,5,9 eigenfaces.
- hw1\_2: About the random test image, I choose the subject 20 as my data. After reading the images, using images and eigenfaces get the coefficient, and use the coefficient and eigenfaces to calculate the original image.
- hw2\_1: I project the train images and test images to the eigenspace. And using the knnsearch() calculate the nearest neighbor to get the error rate.

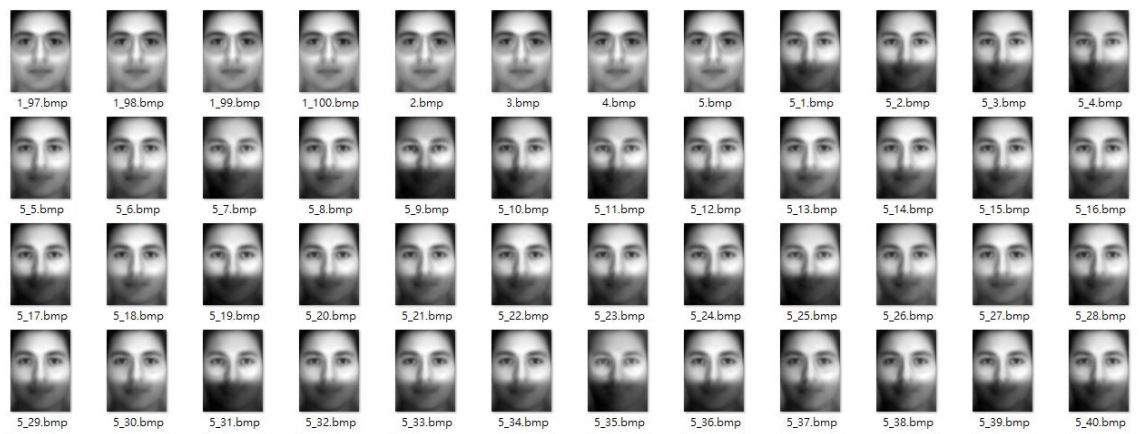
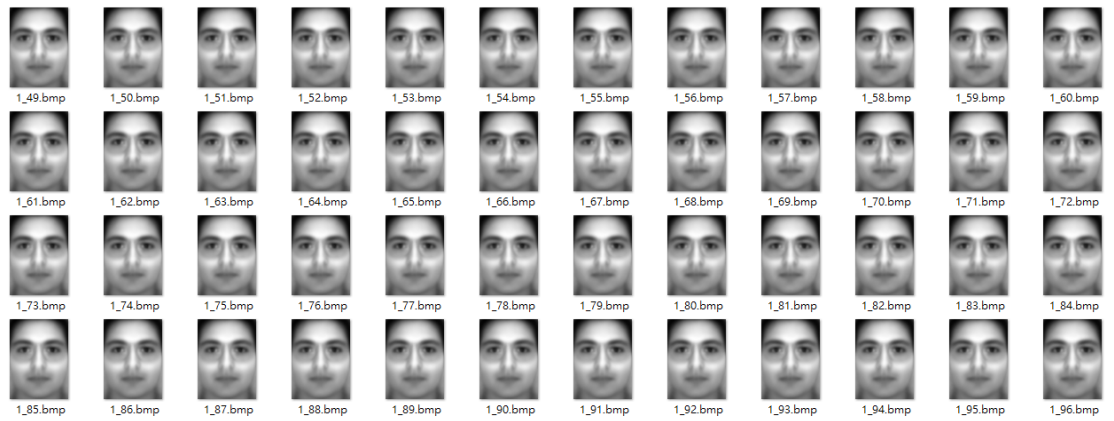
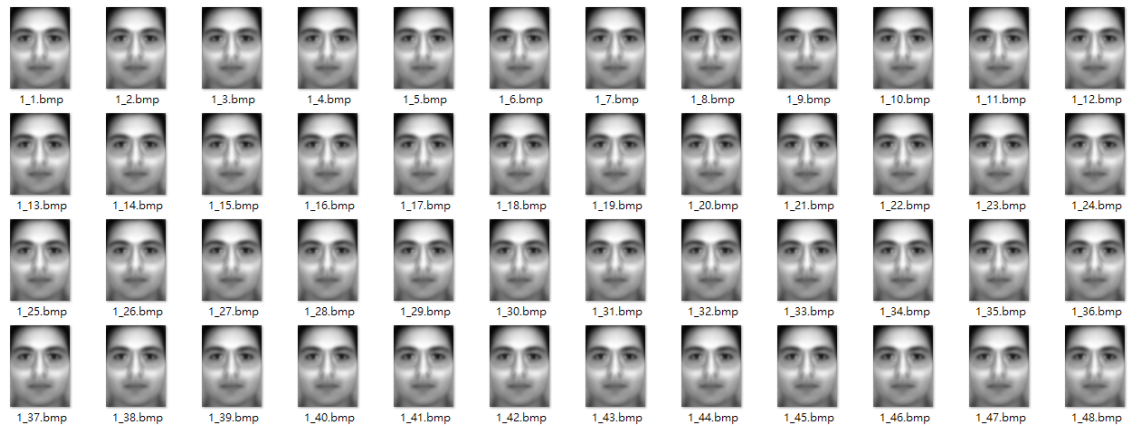
## 2. Experimental results

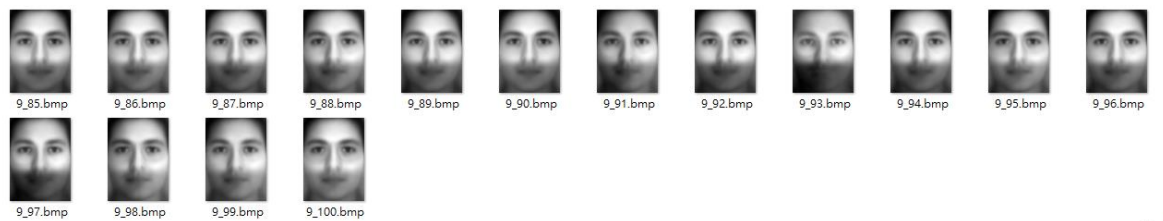
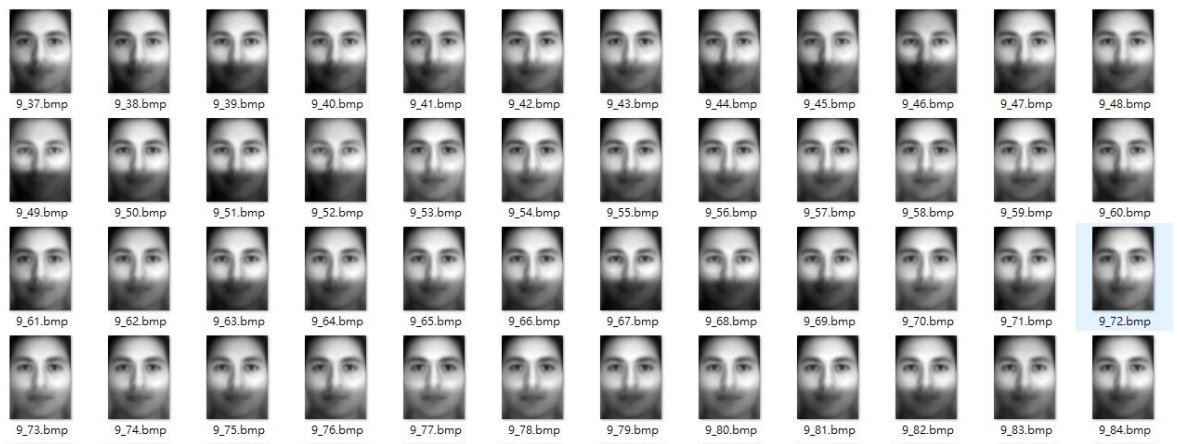
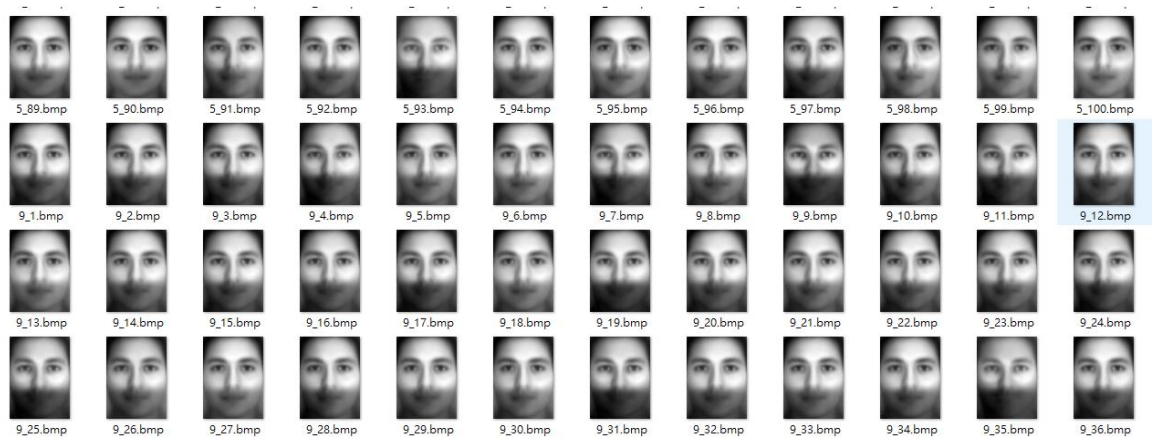
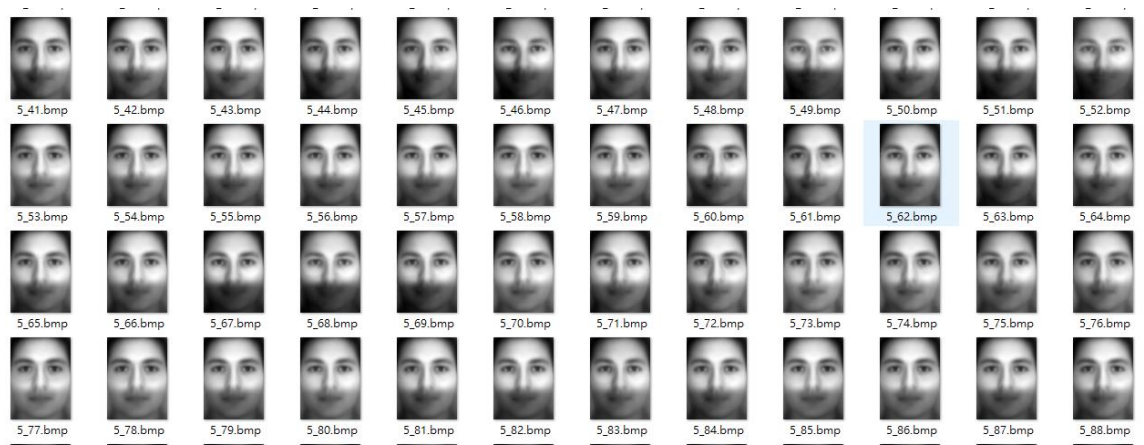
Ans(a)-i



Ans(a)-ii

The first word of file name is the dimension.





Ans(b)

D=1, error rate : 0.997692

D=5, error rate : 0.810769

D=9, error rate : 0.756923

### **3. Discussion**

By the homework, I understand the concept of pca more clearly. We can use pca to generate the dimensionality reduction data. Having these data we can reduce the complexity of data. Take machine learning for example, dimensionality reduction is way to reduce the complexity of a model and avoid overfitting

### **4. Problem and difficulties**

In the process of coding, the problem of matrix dimension is the difficulties that I often encounter. And my concept of eigenfaces is not very clear, so it also cause trouble for me.