

Limit to 1000 rows

```
1 • SELECT customer_id FROM orders ORDER BY customer_id DESC LIMIT 1
```

Result Grid

customer_id
3005

Limit to 1000 rows

```
1 • SELECT *
2 FROM orders
3 WHERE purch_amt >
4 (SELECT AVG(purch_amt)
5 FROM orders )
```

Result Grid

ord_no	purch_amt	ord_date	customer_id	salesman_id
70005	2400.6	27-07-2012	3007	5001
70008	5760	10-09-2012	3002	5001
70010	1983.43	10-10-2012	3004	5006
70003	2480.4	10-10-2012	3009	5003
70013	3045.6	25-04-2012	3002	5001

Limit to 1000 rows

```

1 • SELECT *
2   FROM orders
3  WHERE salesman_id IN
4    (SELECT salesman_id
5     FROM salesman
6    WHERE city='nagpur');

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	ord_no	purch_amt	ord_date	customer_id	salesman_id
▶	70011	75.29	17-08-2012	3003	5007

Limit to 1000 rows

```

1 • SELECT ord_date, SUM(purch_amt),
2        SUM(purch_amt)*.15
3   FROM orders
4  GROUP BY ord_date
5  ORDER BY ord_date;

```

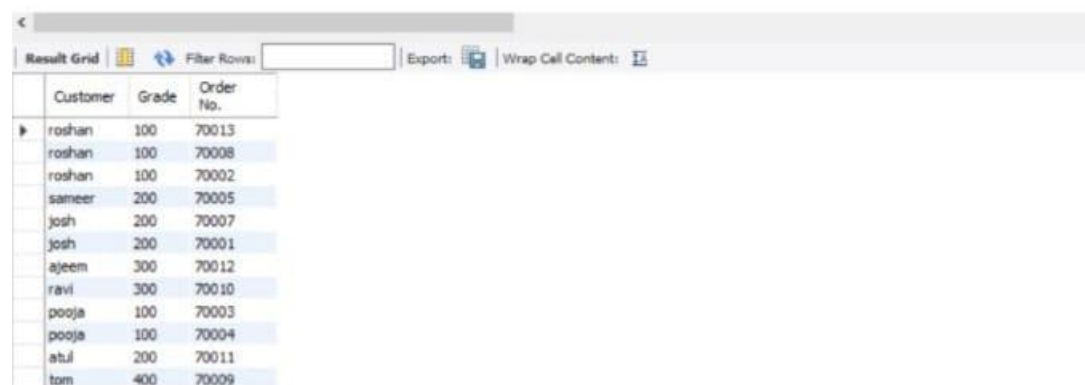
Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	ord_date	SUM(purch_amt)	SUM(purch_amt)*.15
▶	05-10-2012	215.76	32.364
	10-09-2012	6708.5	1006.275
	10-10-2012	4463.83	669.5745
	17-08-2012	75.29	11.2935
	2012-08-17	110.5	16.575
	2012-09-10	270.65	40.5975
	25-04-2012	3045.6	456.84
	27-06-2012	250.45	37.567499999999995
	27-07-2012	2400.6	360.09

entity – entity can be real-world object. it is a collection of related attributes or properties.example: employee, department, etc. Strong Entity –An entity that has a primary key is called as Strong entity. Rectangle represents strong entity. Weak Entity –Weak entity doesn't have sufficient attributes to form a primary key of its own. Double rectangle represents weak entity.The entity-relationship (ER) model is used to design relational databases by removing all existing redundancy in the data. The basic object of the ER model is an entity—that is, a real-world object. Each entity has several attributes, which are properties of the entity and therefore describe it



```
1 • SELECT customer.cust_name AS "Customer",
2 customer.grade AS "Grade",orders.ord_no AS "Order No."
3 FROM orders, salesman, customer
4 WHERE orders.customer_id = customer.cust_id
5 AND orders.salesman_id = salesman.salesman_id
6 AND salesman.city IS NOT NULL
7 AND customer.grade IS NOT NULL;
```



	Customer	Grade	Order No.
▶	roshan	100	70013
	roshan	100	70008
	roshan	100	70002
	sameer	200	70005
	josh	200	70007
	josh	200	70001
	ajeem	300	70012
	ravi	300	70010
	pooja	100	70003
	pooja	100	70004
	atul	200	70011
	tom	400	70009