```
#Importing Libraries
 import pickle
 import pandas as pd
 import re
 import nltk
 from nltk.corpus import stopwords
 from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
 from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
 from sklearn.model selection import train test split
 from sklearn.feature selection import chi2
 import numpy as np
In [2]: #Accessing document uploaded
      path df = "/content/drive/My Drive/Pickles/News dataset.pickle"
     with open(path df, 'rb') as data:
          df = pickle.load(data)
In [3]: #checking data
      df.head()
Out[3]:
        File_Name
                                              Content Category Complete_Filename id News_length
      0
                   Ad sales boost Time Warner profit\r\n\r\nQuart... business
                                                                  001.txt-business 1
           001.txt
                                                                                        2569
      1
           002.txt
                 Dollar gains on Greenspan speech\r\n\r\nThe do...
                                                      business
                                                                  002.txt-business 1
                                                                                        2257
      2
           003.txt
                   Yukos unit buyer faces loan claim\r\n\r\nThe o... business
                                                                  003.txt-business 1
                                                                                        1557
      3
           004.txt
                       High fuel prices hit BA's profits\r\n\r\nBriti... business
                                                                  004.txt-business 1
                                                                                        2421
           005.txt
                   Pernod takeover talk lifts Domecq\r\n\r\nShare... business
                                                                  005.txt-business 1
                                                                                        1575
In[]: #Chcking article
     df.loc[1]['Content']
('Dollar gains on Greenspan speech\r\n\r\nThe dollar has hit its highest level against the euro in almost three months after the Federal Reserve head said the
US trade deficit is set to stabilise.\r\n\r\nAnd Alan Greenspan highlighted the US government\'s willingness to curb spending and rising household savings as
factors which may help to reduce it. In late trading in New York, the dollar reached $1.2871 against the euro, from $1.2974 on Thursday. Market concerns about
the deficit has hit the greenback in recent months. On Friday, Federal Reserve chairman Mr Greenspan\'s speech in London ahead of the meeting of G7 finance mi
nisters sent the dollar higher after it had earlier tumbled on the back of worse-than-expected US jobs data. "I think the chairman\'s taking a much more sangu
ine view on the current account deficit than he\'s taken for some time," said Robert Sinche, head of currency strategy at Bank of America in New York. "He\'s
taking a longer-term view, laying out a set of conditions under which the current account deficit can improve this year and next."\r\n\r\nWorries about the de
ficit concerns about China do, however, remain. China\'s currency remains pegged to the dollar and the US currency\'s sharp falls in recent months have theref
ore made Chinese export prices highly competitive. But calls for a shift in Beijing\'s policy have fallen on deaf ears, despite recent comments in a major Chi
nese newspaper that the "time is ripe" for a loosening of the peg. The G7 meeting is thought unlikely to produce any meaningful movement in Chinese policy. In
the meantime, the US Federal Reserve\'s decision on 2 February to boost interest rates by a quarter of a point - the sixth such move in as many months - has o
pened up a differential with European rates. The half-point window, some believe, could be enough to keep US assets looking more attractive, and could help pr
op up the dollar. The recent falls have partly been the result of big budget deficits, as well as the US\'s yawning current account gap, both of which need to
be funded by the buying of US bonds and assets by foreign firms and governments. The White House will announce its budget on Monday, and many commentators bel
ieve the deficit will remain at close to half a trillion dollars.'
 1. Text cleaning and preparation
In []: #Text cleaning
     df['Content_Parsed_1'] = df['Content'].str.replace("\r", " ")
     df['Content_Parsed_1'] = df['Content_Parsed_1'].str.replace("\n", " ")
df['Content_Parsed_1'] = df['Content_Parsed_1'].str.replace(" ", " ")
df['Content_Parsed_1'] = df['Content_Parsed_1'].str.replace('"', '')
In []: #Text preparation
     df['Content Parsed 2'] = df['Content Parsed 1'].str.lower()
                                                                               #all to lower case
     punctuation_signs = list("?:!.,;")
                                                                               #remove punctuations
     df['Content_Parsed_3'] = df['Content_Parsed_2']
     for punct_sign in punctuation_signs:
         df['Content Parsed 3'] = df['Content Parsed 3'].str.replace(punct sign, '')
     df['Content Parsed 4'] = df['Content Parsed 3'].str.replace("'s", "")
Use any 1 method for Lemmatization
In[]: #Stemming and Lemmatization
     nltk.download('punkt')
     nltk.download('wordnet')
```

```
#remove possessive pronouns
     nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger')
     from nltk.corpus import wordnet
[nltk data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk data...
              Unzipping tokenizers/punkt.zip.
[nltk data]
[nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk data] Unzipping corpora/wordnet.zip.
[nltk_data] Downloading package averaged_perceptron_tagger to
[nltk data]
               /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Unzipping taggers/averaged_perceptron_tagger.zip.
1st method for lemmatization
In[]: #Stemming and Lemmatization
     wordnet lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
     nrows = len(df)
     lemmatized_text_list = []
     for row in range(0, nrows):
         # Create an empty list containing lemmatized words
         lemmatized_list = []
         # Save the text and its words into an object
         text = df.loc[row]['Content_Parsed_4']
         text_words = text.split(" ")
         # Iterate through every word to lemmatize
         for word in text words:
             lemmatized list.append(wordnet lemmatizer.lemmatize(word, pos="v"))
         # Join the list
         lemmatized_text = " ".join(lemmatized_list)
         # Append to the list containing the texts
         lemmatized text list.append(lemmatized text)
     df['Content Parsed 5'] = lemmatized text_list
In[]: df['Content_Parsed_5']
Out[]:0
             ad sales boost time warner profit quarterly pr...
             dollar gain on greenspan speech the dollar hav...
    2
            yukos unit buyer face loan claim the owners of...
    3
             high fuel price hit ba profit british airways ...
             pernod takeover talk lift domecg share in uk d...
             bt program to beat dialler scam bt be introduc...
    2220
             spam e-mail tempt net shoppers computer users ...
    2221
             be careful how you code a new european directi...
    2222
    2223
            us cyber security chief resign the man make su...
```

```
Name: Content_Parsed_5, Length: 2225, dtype: object
2nd method for lemmatization
In[]: lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
     # function to convert nltk tag to wordnet tag
     def nltk_tag_to_wordnet_tag(nltk_tag):
         if nltk_tag.startswith('J'):
              return wordnet.ADJ
         elif nltk tag.startswith('V'):
              return wordnet.VERB
         elif nltk tag.startswith('N'):
              return wordnet.NOUN
         elif nltk_tag.startswith('R'):
              return wordnet.ADV
              return None
     def lemmatize sentence(sentence):
         #tokenize the sentence and find the POS tag for each token
         nltk_tagged = nltk.pos_tag(nltk.word_tokenize(sentence))
         #tuple of (token, wordnet tag)
         wordnet tagged = map(lambda x: (x[0], nltk tag to wordnet_tag(x[1])), nltk_tagged)
         lemmatized sentence = []
         for word, tag in wordnet tagged:
             if tag is None:
                  #if there is no available tag, append the token as is
                  lemmatized sentence.append(word)
                  #else use the tag to lemmatize the token
                  lemmatized sentence.append(lemmatizer.lemmatize(word, tag))
         return " ".join(lemmatized sentence)
     nrows = len(df)
     lemmatized text list = []
     for row in range(0, nrows):
         lemmatized text = lemmatize sentence(df.loc[row]['Content Parsed 4'])
         lemmatized_text_list.append(lemmatized_text)
     df['Content Parsed 5'] = lemmatized text list
In[]: df['Content_Parsed_5']
Use any 1 method for stop word
In []: #Downloading
     nltk.download('stopwords')
[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.
Out[]:True
In [ ]:
     #Removing stop words
     stop_words = list(stopwords.words('english'))
1st Method
In [ ]:
     df['Content_Parsed_6'] = df['Content_Parsed_5']
     for stop_word in stop_words:
         regex stopword = r"\b" + stop word + r"\b"
         df['Content Parsed 6'] = df['Content Parsed 6'].str.replace(regex stopword, '')
In[]: df.loc[5]['Content_Parsed_6']
C'japan narrowly escape recession japan economy teeter brink technical recession three months september figure show revise figure indicate growth 01%
 - similar-sized contraction previous quarter annual basis data suggest annual growth 02% suggest much hesitant recovery previously think commo
 n technical definition recession two successive quarter negative growth government keen play worry implications data maintain view japan econom
 y remain minor adjustment phase upward climb monitor developments carefully say economy minister heizo takenaka face strengthen yen make export l
 ess competitive indications weaken economic condition ahead observers less sanguine paint picture recovery much patchier previously think say paul sh
 eard economist lehman brothers tokyo improvements job market apparently yet fee domestic demand private consumption 02% third quarter'
2nd Method
In[]: stop_list_final=[]
     nrows = len(df)
     stopwords english = stopwords.words('english')
     for row in range(0, nrows):
         # Create an empty list containing no stop words
         stop list = []
         # Save the text and its words into an object
         text = df.loc[row]['Content Parsed 5']
         text words = text.split(" ")
         # Iterate through every word to remove stopwords
         for word in text words:
             if (word not in stopwords english):
                stop_list.append(word)
         # Join the list
         stop_text = " ".join(stop_list)
         # Append to the list containing the texts
         stop_list_final.append(stop_text)
     df['Content Parsed_6'] = stop_list_final
In[]: df.loc[5]['Content_Parsed_6']
C'japan narrowly escape recession japan economy teeter brink technical recession three months september figure show revise figure indicate growth 01% - simila
 r-sized contraction previous quarter annual basis data suggest annual growth 02% suggest much hesitant recovery previously think common technical definition
 recession two successive quarter negative growth government keen play worry implications data maintain view japan economy remain minor adjustment phase upwar
 d climb monitor developments carefully say economy minister heizo takenaka face strengthen yen make export less competitive indications weaken economic condi
 tion ahead observers less sanguine paint picture recovery much patchier previously think say paul sheard economist lehman brothers tokyo improvements job mar
 ket apparently yet fee domestic demand private consumption 02% third quarter'
     #Checking data
     df.head(1)
     File_Name
                                                                                                                                                      Content_Parsed_6
                       Content Category Complete_Filename id News_length
                                                                     Content_Parsed_1
                                                                                     Content_Parsed_2
                                                                                                     Content_Parsed_3
                                                                                                                     Content_Parsed_4
                                                                                                                                     Content_Parsed_5
                Ad sales boost Time
                                                                     Ad sales boost Time
                                                                                     ad sales boost time
                                                                                                     ad sales boost time
                                                                                                                      ad sales boost time
                                                                                                                                      ad sales boost time
                                                                                                                                                      ad sales boost time
        001.txt
                        Warner business
                                         001.txt-business 1
                                                              2569
                                                                          Warner profit warner profit quarterly
                                                                                                    warner profit quarterly
                                                                                                                    warner profit quarterly
                                                                                                                                    warner profit quarterly warner profit quarterly
                profit\r\n\r\nQuart...
                                                                         Quarterly pr...
                                                                                                pr...
                                                                                                                pr...
                                                                                                                                pr...
                                                                                                                                                pr...
                                                                                                                                                                pr...
     #Removing the old content parsed columns
     list columns = ["File Name", "Category", "Complete Filename", "Content", "Content Parsed 6"]
     df = df[list columns]
     df = df.rename(columns={'Content Parsed 6': 'Content Parsed'})
In[]: df.head()
       File_Name Category Complete_Filename
                                                                                               Content_Parsed
                                                                    Content
                                                                            ad sales boost time warner profit quarterly pr...
                                         Ad sales boost Time Warner profit\r\n\r\nQuart...
           001.txt business
                            001.txt-business
```

dollar gain greenspan speech dollar hit hi...

lose yourself in online game online role play ...

002.txt business

002.txt-business Dollar gains on Greenspan speech\r\n\r\nThe do...

```
File_Name Category Complete_Filename
                                                                                   Content
                                                                                                                     Content_Parsed
                                                    Yukos unit buyer faces loan claim\r\n\r\nThe o... yukos unit buyer face loan claim owners emba...
             003.txt
                     business
                                   003.txt-business
              004.txt
                    business
                                   004.txt-business
                                                        High fuel prices hit BA's profits\r\n\r\nBriti...
                                                                                                high fuel price hit ba profit british airways ...
                                                   Pernod takeover talk lifts Domecq\r\n\r\nShare...
             005.txt business
                                   005.txt-business
                                                                                             pernod takeover talk lift domecq share uk dri...
  2. Label coding
In[]: #Generating new column for Category codes
       category codes = {
            'business': 0,
            'entertainment': 1,
            'politics': 2,
            'sport': 3,
            'tech': 4
      }
       # Category mapping
       df['Category Code'] = df['Category']
      df = df.replace({'Category_Code':category_codes})
In[]: df.head()
          File_Name Category Complete_Filename
                                                                                   Content
                                                                                                                     Content_Parsed Category_Code
                                                                                                                                                  0
             001.txt
                     business
                                   001.txt-business
                                                   Ad sales boost Time Warner profit\r\n\r\nQuart...
                                                                                              ad sales boost time warner profit quarterly pr...
             002.txt
                     business
                                   002.txt-business
                                                 Dollar gains on Greenspan speech\r\n\r\nThe do...
                                                                                                dollar gain greenspan speech dollar hit hi...
                                                                                                                                                  0
             003.txt
                     business
                                   003.txt-business
                                                    Yukos unit buyer faces loan claim\r\n\r\nThe o... yukos unit buyer face loan claim owners emba...
                                                                                                                                                  0
       3
             004.txt
                     business
                                   004.txt-business
                                                        High fuel prices hit BA's profits\r\n\r\nBriti...
                                                                                                high fuel price hit ba profit british airways ...
                                                                                                                                                  0
                                                                                              pernod takeover talk lift domecq share uk dri...
                                                   Pernod takeover talk lifts Domecq\r\n\r\nShare...
                                                                                                                                                  0
             005.txt business
                                   005.txt-business
  3. Train - test split
In[]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(df['Content_Parsed'],
                                                                         df['Category_Code'],
                                                                         test_size=0.\overline{15},
                                                                          random state=8)
  4. Text representation
TF-IDF Vectors
unigrams & bigrams corresponding to a particular category
In[]: # Parameter election
       ngram_range = (1,2)
      min_d\overline{f} = 10
      \max_{d} = 1.
      max_features = 300
      tfidf = TfidfVectorizer(encoding='utf-8',
                                     ngram range=ngram range,
                                     stop_words=None,
                                     lowercase=False,
                                     max df=max df,
                                     min df=min df,
                                     max features=max features,
                                     norm='l2',
                                     sublinear_tf=True)
       features_train = tfidf.fit_transform(X_train).toarray()
       labels \overline{\text{train}} = y \text{ train}
       print(features_train.shape)
       features test = tfidf.transform(X test).toarray()
       labels_test = y_test
      print(features_test.shape)
(1891, 300)
(334, 300)
In[]:
    from sklearn.feature_selection import chi2
      import numpy as np
       for Product, category_id in sorted(category_codes.items()):
           features_chi2 = chi2(features_train, labels_train == category_id)
           indices = np.argsort(features_chi2[0])
feature_names = np.array(tfidf.get_feature_names())[indices]
           unigrams = [v for v in feature_names if len(v.split(' ')) == 1]
bigrams = [v for v in feature_names if len(v.split(' ')) == 2]
           print("# '{}' category:".format(Product))
           print( # {} category. .format(froduct))
print( " . Most correlated unigrams:\n. {} ".format('\n. '.join(unigrams[-5:])))
print( " . Most correlated bigrams:\n. {} ".format('\n. '.join(bigrams[-2:])))
print( " ")
# 'business' category:
   . Most correlated unigrams:
. market
. price
. economy
. growth
. bank
   . Most correlated bigrams:
. last year
. year old
# 'entertainment' category:
   . Most correlated unigrams:
. tv
. music
. star
. award
. film
  . Most correlated bigrams:
. mr blair
. prime minister
# 'politics' category:
   . Most correlated unigrams:
. minister
. blair
. party
. election
. labour
   . Most correlated bigrams:
. prime minister
. mr blair
# 'sport' category:
   . Most correlated unigrams:
. win
. side
. game
. team
. match
   . Most correlated bigrams:
. say mr
. year old
```

'tech' category:

. Most correlated unigrams:

```
. digital
. technology
. computer
. software
. users
  . Most correlated bigrams:
. year old
. say mr
In[]: bigrams
Out[]:['tell bbc', 'last year', 'prime minister', 'mr blair', 'year old', 'say mr']
Unigrams are more relevnat to the category as compared with bigrams
with open('/content/drive/My Drive/Pickles/X_train.pickle', 'wb') as output:
         pickle.dump(X_train, output)
     with open('/content/drive/My Drive/Pickles/X test.pickle', 'wb') as output:
         pickle.dump(X test, output)
     # y_train
     with open('/content/drive/My Drive/Pickles/y_train.pickle', 'wb') as output:
         pickle.dump(y_train, output)
     with open('/content/drive/My Drive/Pickles/y_test.pickle', 'wb') as output:
         pickle.dump(y_test, output)
     with open('/content/drive/My Drive/Pickles/df.pickle', 'wb') as output:
         pickle.dump(df, output)
     # features_train
     with open('/content/drive/My Drive/Pickles/features_train.pickle', 'wb') as output:
         pickle.dump(features_train, output)
     # labels_train
     with open('/content/drive/My Drive/Pickles/labels_train.pickle', 'wb') as output:
         pickle.dump(labels_train, output)
     # features_test
     with open('/content/drive/My Drive/Pickles/features_test.pickle', 'wb') as output:
         pickle.dump(features_test, output)
     # labels_test
     with open('/content/drive/My Drive/Pickles/labels_test.pickle', 'wb') as output:
         pickle.dump(labels_test, output)
     # TF-IDF object
     with open('/content/drive/My Drive/Pickles/tfidf.pickle', 'wb') as output:
         pickle.dump(tfidf, output)
```