## Node.JS

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## Node.JS Intro



A JS Runtime runtime built on Chrome V8

# JS Prerequisites

- In JavaScript
  - Variable Hoisting
  - Events and Callbacks
  - Object and JSON
  - let, const, Arrow Functions, Template Literal

## Essential JS

<ul> <li>Variable Hoisting</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>http://jsbin.com/fuyahi/2/edit?js,console</li> </ul>
• Events	<ul> <li>http://jsbin.com/niqifo/24/edit?html,js,console,output</li> </ul>
• Callbacks	<ul> <li>http://jsbin.com/tamaqak/1/edit?js,console</li> </ul>
• Objects	<ul> <li>http://jsbin.com/xubego/23/edit?js,console,output</li> </ul>
• JSON	https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/users
• let	https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/users
• const	<ul> <li>http://jsbin.com/tazizuf/edit?js,console</li> </ul>
Template Literal	<ul> <li>http://jsbin.com/zevaqay/3/edit?js,console</li> </ul>
Arrow Functions	<ul> <li>http://jsbin.com/bawibax/2/edit?js,console</li> </ul>

## V8 Engine

- Google's open source high-performance JavaScript engine
- written in C++; used in Google Chrome and Node.JS
- V8 compiles JavaScript directly to native machine code before executing it

#### JS in Server Side

What JS needs to become Server Side Script?

- JS needs to Accept Requests and Send Responses
- JS needs to communicate over Internet
- JS should deal with Files and File System
- JS should deal with Databases

## Synchronous

- JS in Synchronous
- Executes only one process at a time
- V8 is also Synchronous

### Asynchronous

- Executing more than one process simultaneously
- Node.JS is Asynchronous

# First Node Program

Running in NodeJS Terminal

> node

> console.log("Success");

### Node.JS Architecture

Written in JS

Node JS Standard Library

Node JS Bindings

V8

libuv (Async I/O, Events) Written in C & C++

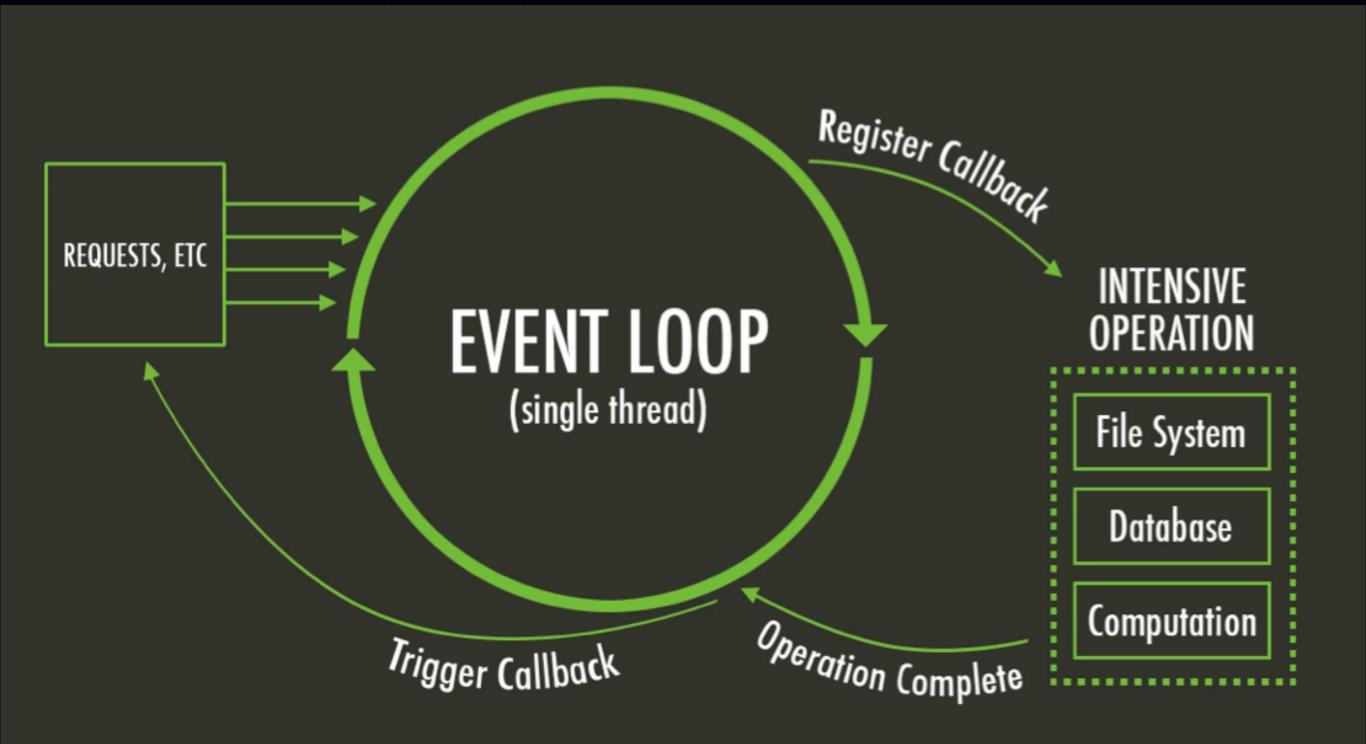
Written in C

Operating System

#### Events and Event Emitter

```
var fs = require('fs');
var file = fs.createReadStream('./test.txt');
file.on('error', function(err) {
   console.log('Error '+err);
   throw err;
});
file.on('data', function(data) {
   console.log('Data '+data);
});
file.on('end', function() {
   console.log('Finished reading all of the data');
});
```

# Non-blocking I/O



# Blocking or Sync I/O

### Non-blocking or Async I/O

## Event Loop & Event Emitter

#### Introduction to NPM

- Node Package Manager
- http://npmjs.com A Central repository of Node.JS Packages
- Install package(s) using

'npm install package-name'

### Creating a new Node Project

> npm init

# package.json

walkthrough

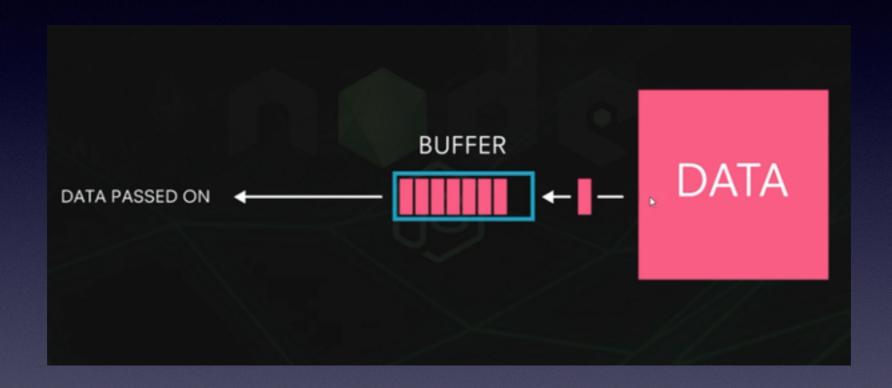
# File System

- var fs = require('fs');
  - fs.path()
  - fs.mkdir()
  - fs.rmdir()
  - fs.rename()
  - fs.open()
  - fs.read()
  - fs.write() and many more are there

#### Buffers

- Buffer is designed to handle raw binary data.
- Buffer is a container outside V8 (raw memory allocated) for storing raw bytes
- A byte = eight bits, and a bit is just a 0 or a 1. So a byte might look like 10101010
- The Buffer class is a global class in Node.js

### Buffer - Illustration



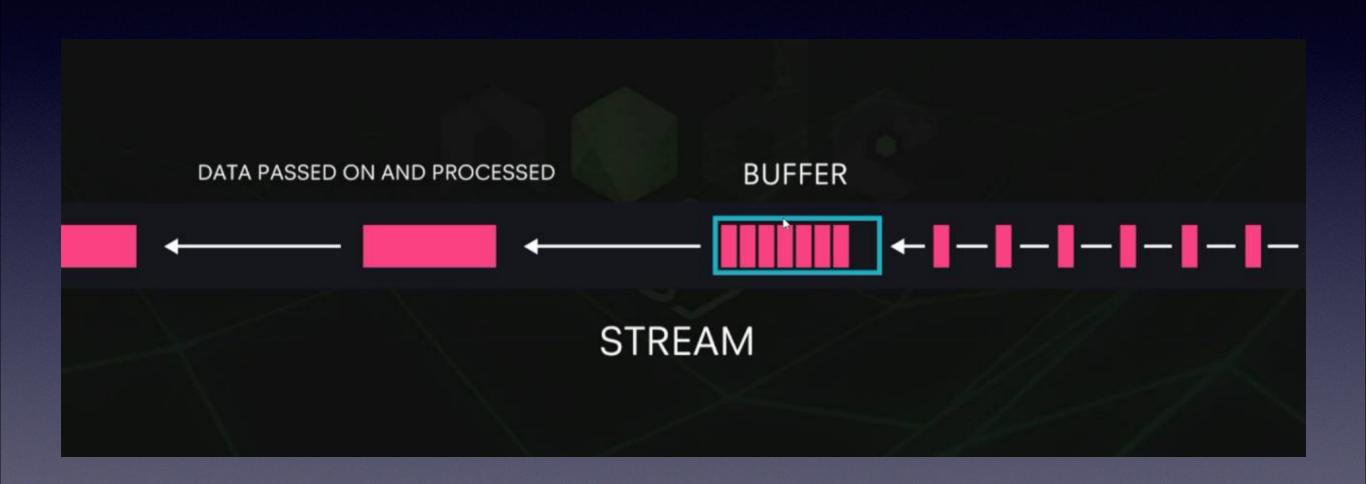
Example: Buffering Videos

# Buffer Example

#### Streams

- A stream is an interface for working with streaming data in Node.js.
- The stream module provides a base API that makes it easy to build objects that implement the stream interface.
- Streams are objects that let you read data from a source or write data to a destination in continuous fashion.

### Streams - Illustration



### Types of Streams API's

Readable

Writable

Duplex

Transform

Streams used for read operation

Streams used for write operation

Streams used for both.

Output is in some way related to the input

#### Common Stream Events

- data -- when the data is available to read
- end -- when there is nothing more to read
- error -- when the reading/writing resulted in error
- finish -- when the operation is over