

Time Series Forecasting Report

- Coded Project

Table of Contents

Problem Statement - TSF Project	4
Rose Dataset:	4
Define the problem and perform Exploratory Data Analysis.....	4
Data Pre-processing.....	7
Model Building - Original Data	9
Check for Stationarity	15
Model Building - Stationary Data	17
Actionable Insights & Recommendations	24
Sparkling Dataset:.....	26
Define the problem and perform Exploratory Data Analysis of sparkling dataset.....	26
Model Building - Original Data	31
Check for stationarity of the whole Time Series data	38
Model Building - Stationary Data	39
Build an Automated version of an ARMA model for which the best parameters are selected in accordance with the lowest Akaike Information Criteria (AIC).....	40
Actionable Insights & Recommendations	44

Table of Figures

1. Plotting the Rose dataset	5
2. the Boxplot in Rose dataset on yearly basis	5
3. Visualize data distribution.....	5
4. Describe the rose dataset	6
5. Plot a monthplot of the give Time Series	6
6. Perform decomposition	7
7. Train - Test plot	9
8. Linear Regression on test data	10
9. Moving Average	10
10. Alpha =0.995 Simple Exponential Smoothing predictions on Test Set.....	12
11. Alpha=0.1,Beta=0.1,DoubleExponentialSmoothing predictions on Test Set	13
12. Alpha=0.1016,Beta=0.0007,Gamma=1.223,TripleExponentialSmoothing predictions on Test Set	14
13. Alpha=0.1,Beta=1.0,Gamma=0.2,TripleExponentialSmoothing predictions on Test Set.....	15
14. Rose - Auto SARIMA Model.....	23
15. ROSE : 12 Months Forecast using TES Model	24
16.ROSE : 12 Months Forecast.....	24
17. Plotting the timeseries - Sparkling dataset	27
18. Boxplot on sparkling dataset – yearly.....	27
19. Distribution of sprakling dataset.....	28
20. Plot a monthplot of the give Time Series.	29
21. Seasonal decompose - multiplicative method	29
22. Seasonal decompose - additive method.....	30
23. Plotting the train-test dataset	31
24. Linear Regression - sparkling dataset	32
25. Plotting on the train - moving average	33
26. Plotting on the train-test - moving average	33
27. Alpha =0.995 Simple Exponential Smoothing predictions on Test Set	34
28. Alpha=0.4,Beta=0.1,DoubleExponentialSmoothing predictions on Test Set	35
29. Alpha=0.0757,Beta=0.0648,Gamma=0.3765,TripleExponentialSmoothing predictions on Test Set	36
30. Alpha=0.9,Beta=0.1,Gamma=0.2,TripleExponentialSmoothing predictions on Test Set.....	37
31. Sparkling : 12 Months Forecast using TES Model	45
32. Sparkling : 12 Months Forecast	45

Problem Statement - TSF Project

Context

As an analyst at ABC Estate Wines, we are presented with historical data encompassing the sales of different types of wines throughout the 20th century. These datasets originate from the same company but represent sales figures for distinct wine varieties. Our objective is to delve into the data, analyze trends, patterns, and factors influencing wine sales over the course of the century. By leveraging data analytics and forecasting techniques, we aim to gain actionable insights that can inform strategic decision-making and optimize sales strategies for the future.

Objective

The primary objective of this project is to analyze and forecast wine sales trends for the 20th century based on historical data provided by ABC Estate Wines. We aim to equip ABC Estate Wines with the necessary insights and foresight to enhance sales performance, capitalize on emerging market opportunities, and maintain a competitive edge in the wine industry.

Rose Dataset:

Define the problem and perform Exploratory Data Analysis

- Read the data as an appropriate time series data - Plot the data - Perform EDA - Perform Decomposition

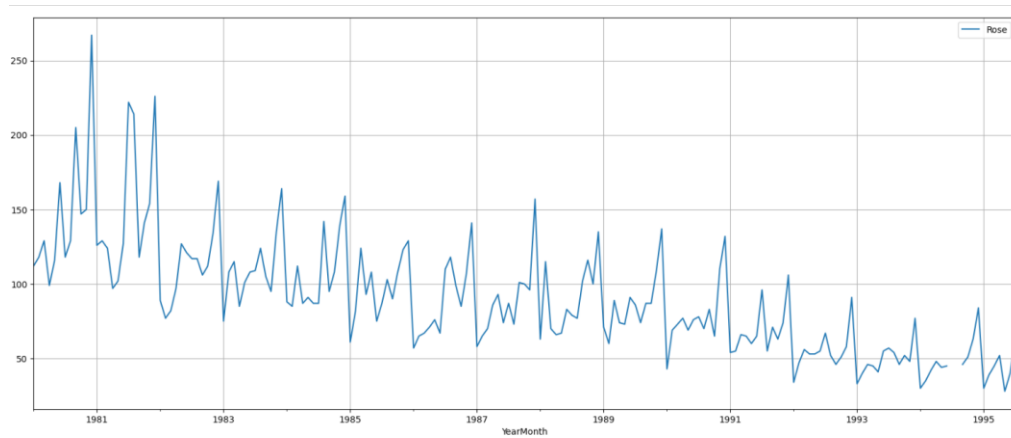
Head of top 5 series in the Rose dataset

Rose	
YearMonth	
1980-01-01	112.0
1980-02-01	118.0
1980-03-01	129.0
1980-04-01	99.0
1980-05-01	116.0

Tail of the last 5 series in the Rose dataset

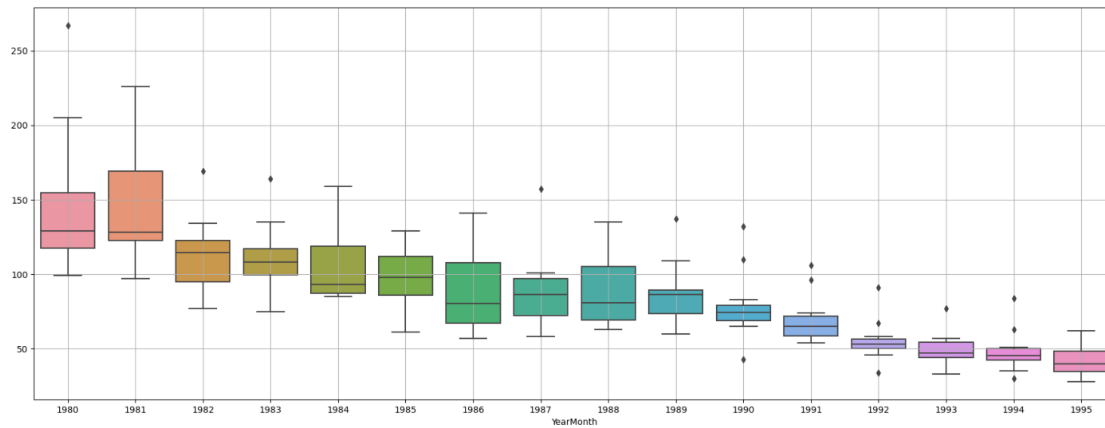
Rose	
YearMonth	
1995-03-01	45.0
1995-04-01	52.0
1995-05-01	28.0
1995-06-01	40.0
1995-07-01	62.0

Plotting the Rose dataset



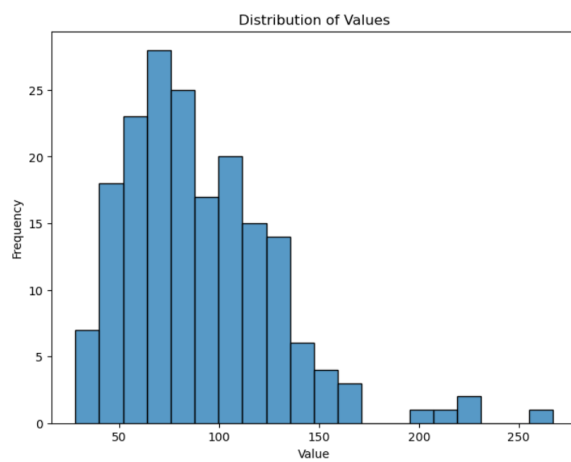
1. Plotting the Rose dataset

Visualize the Boxplot in Rose dataset on yearly basis



2. the Boxplot in Rose dataset on yearly basis

. Visualize data distribution



3. Visualize data distribution

```

Rose
count    185.000000
mean      90.394595
std       39.175344
min       28.000000
25%       63.000000
50%       86.000000
75%      112.000000
max       267.000000
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
DatetimeIndex: 187 entries, 1980-01-01 to 1995-07-01
Data columns (total 1 columns):
#   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ------  -
0    Rose    185 non-null      float64
dtypes: float64(1)
memory usage: 2.9 KB
None

```

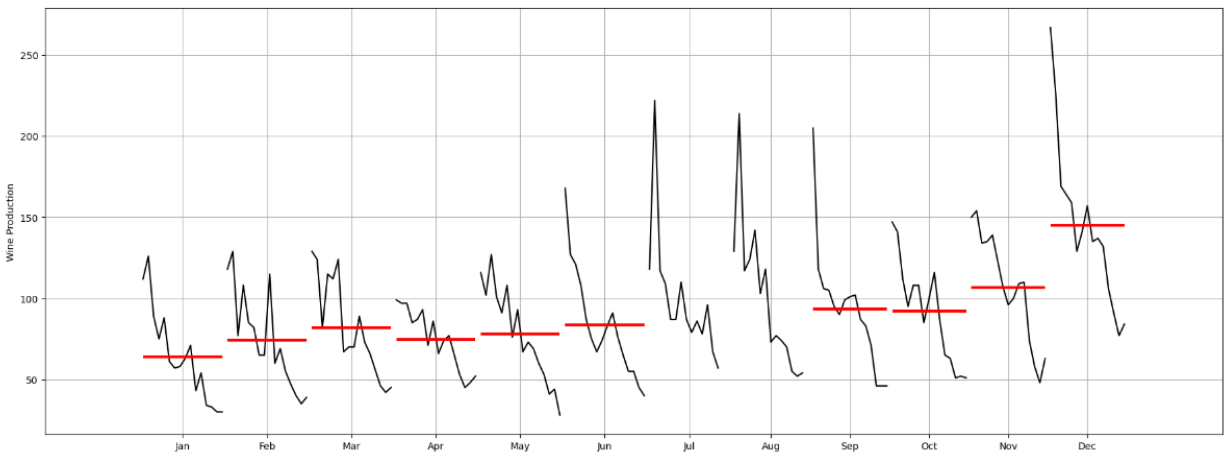
4. Describe the rose dataset

```

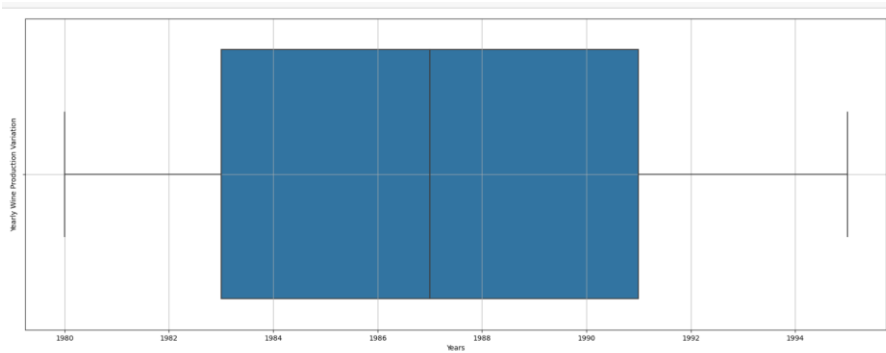
Rose      2
dtype: int64

```

There are two missing values in the dataset.



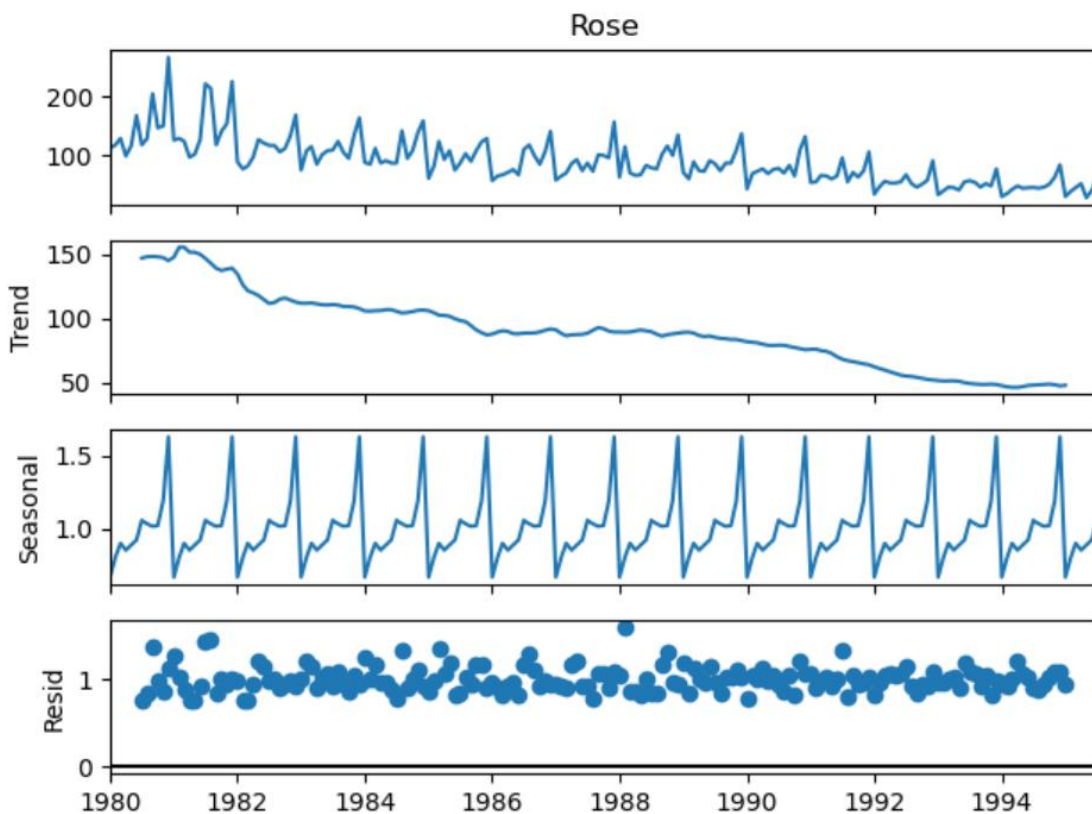
5. Plot a monthplot of the give Time Series



A decreasing Trend could be observed with a multiplicative seasonality present. The Null values could be observed as a break in the plot for the observed timestamps.

Data Pre-processing

- Missing value treatment - Visualize the processed data - Train-test split



6. Perform decomposition

Train- test split dataset

(130, 1)

(57, 1)

Train dataset contains 130 rows and test dataset contains 57 rows.

Last few rows of Training Data

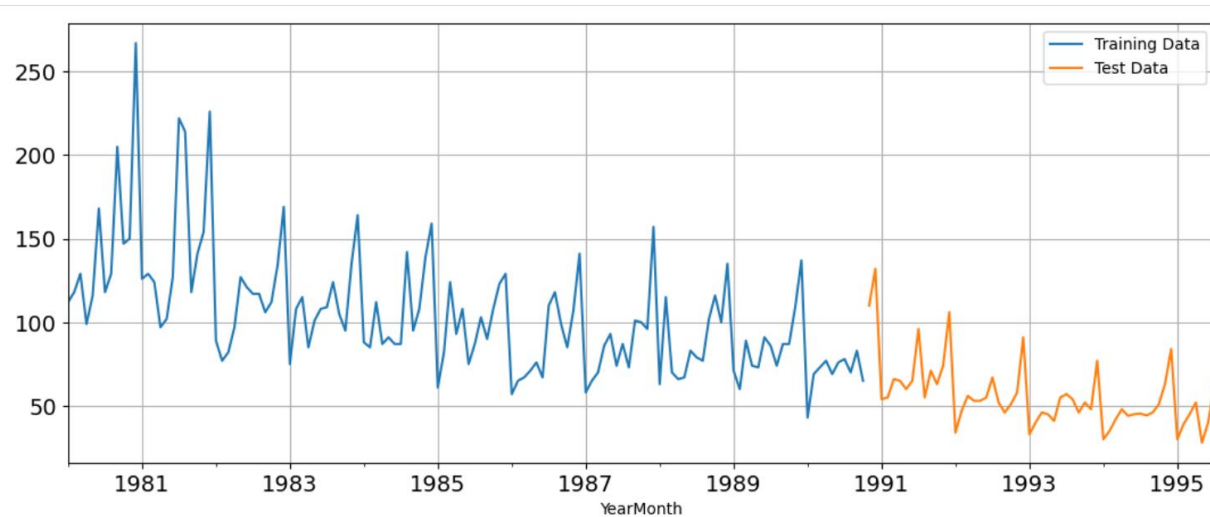
YearMonth	Rose
1990-06-01	76.0
1990-07-01	78.0
1990-08-01	70.0
1990-09-01	83.0
1990-10-01	65.0

First few rows of Test Data

YearMonth	Rose
1990-11-01	110.0
1990-12-01	132.0
1991-01-01	54.0
1991-02-01	55.0
1991-03-01	66.0

Last few rows of Test Data

YearMonth	Rose
1995-03-01	45.0
1995-04-01	52.0
1995-05-01	28.0
1995-06-01	40.0
1995-07-01	62.0



7. Train - Test plot

Model Building - Original Data

- Build forecasting models - Linear regression - Simple Average - Moving Average - Exponential Models (Single, Double, Triple) - Check the performance of the models built

Model 1: Linear Regression

First few rows of Training Data
 Rose time

YearMonth	Rose	time
1980-01-01	112.0	1
1980-02-01	118.0	2
1980-03-01	129.0	3
1980-04-01	99.0	4
1980-05-01	116.0	5

Last few rows of Training Data
 Rose time

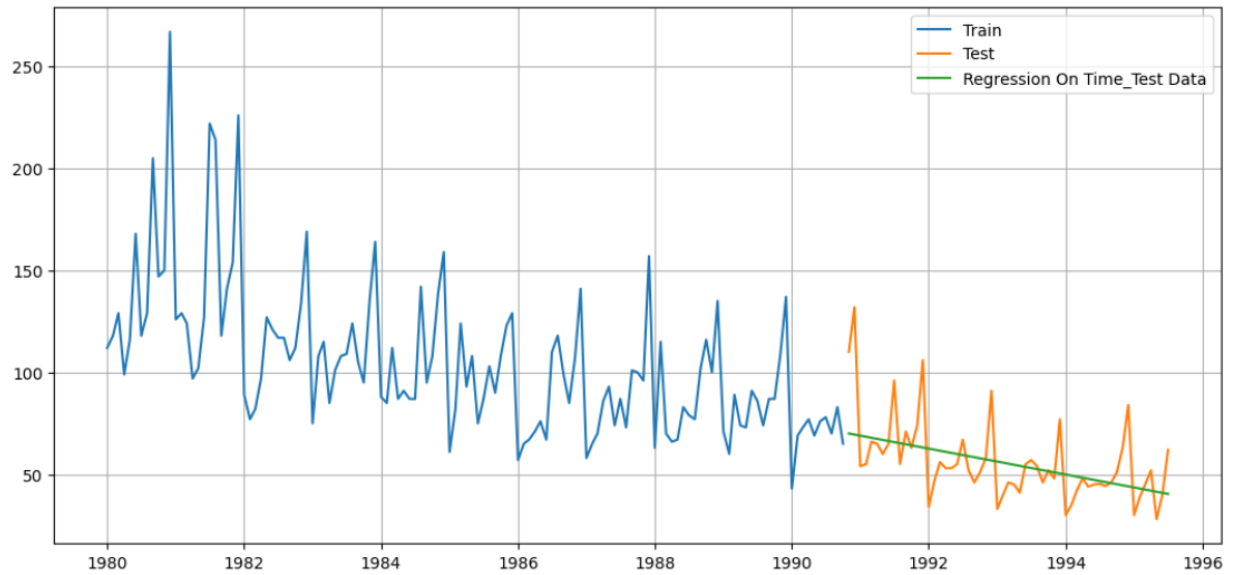
YearMonth	Rose	time
1990-06-01	76.0	126
1990-07-01	78.0	127
1990-08-01	70.0	128
1990-09-01	83.0	129
1990-10-01	65.0	130

First few rows of Test Data
 Rose time

YearMonth	Rose	time
1990-11-01	110.0	131
1990-12-01	132.0	132
1991-01-01	54.0	133
1991-02-01	55.0	134
1991-03-01	66.0	135

Last few rows of Test Data
 Rose time

YearMonth	Rose	time
1995-03-01	45.0	183
1995-04-01	52.0	184
1995-05-01	28.0	185
1995-06-01	40.0	186
1995-07-01	62.0	187



8. Linear Regression on test data

For RegressionOnTime forecast on the Test Data, RMSE is 17.36

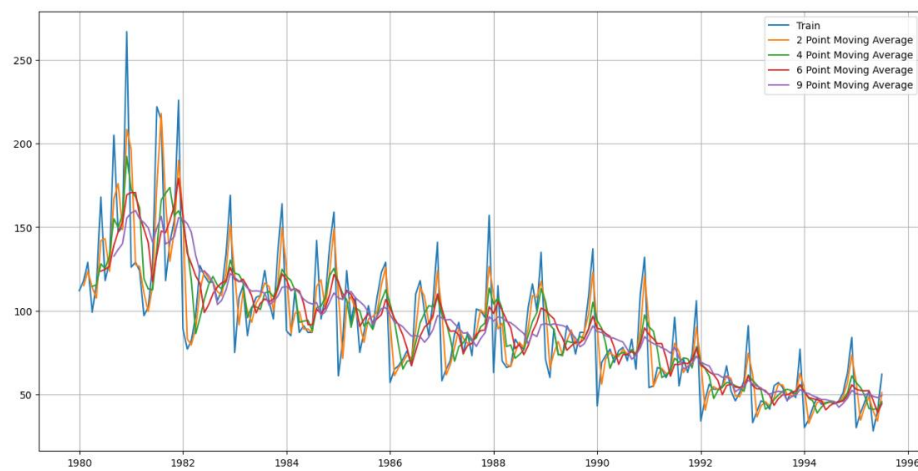
Out[297]:

Test RMSE	
RegressionOnTime	17.357497

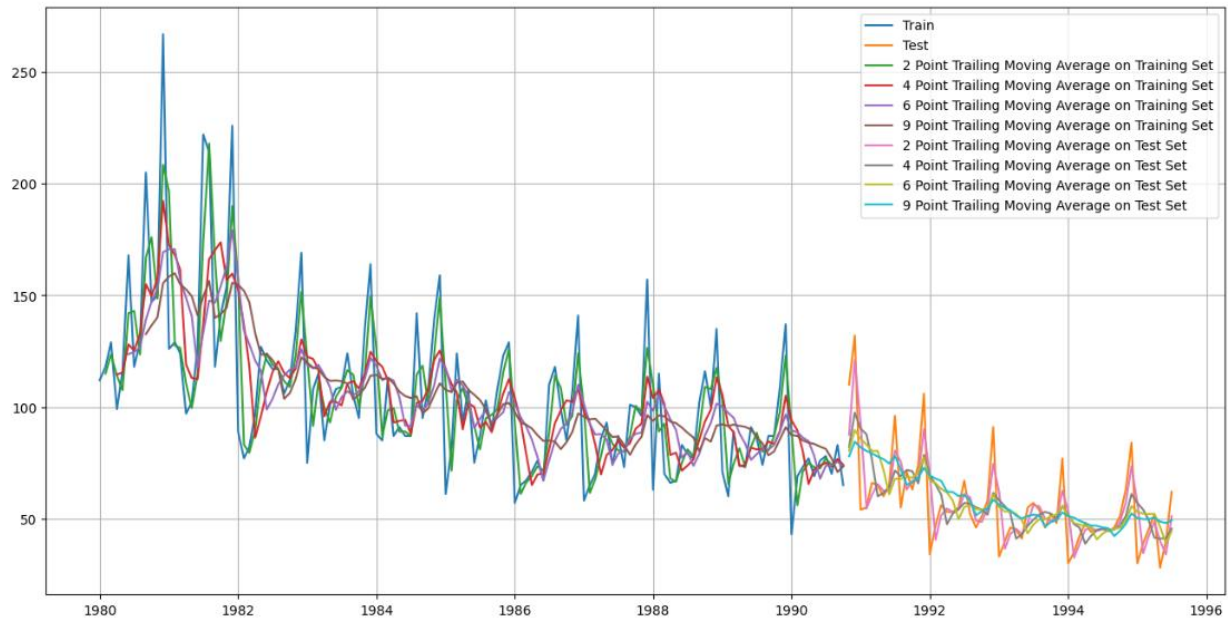
Method 2: Moving Average(MA)

Out[299]:

	Rose	Trailing_2	Trailing_4	Trailing_6	Trailing_9
YearMonth					
1980-01-01	112.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
1980-02-01	118.0	115.0	NaN	NaN	NaN
1980-03-01	129.0	123.5	NaN	NaN	NaN
1980-04-01	99.0	114.0	114.5	NaN	NaN
1980-05-01	116.0	107.5	115.5	NaN	NaN



9. Moving Average



RMSE Calculation as below,

For 2 point Moving Average Model forecast on the Training Data, RMSE is 11.802

For 4 point Moving Average Model forecast on the Training Data, RMSE is 15.374

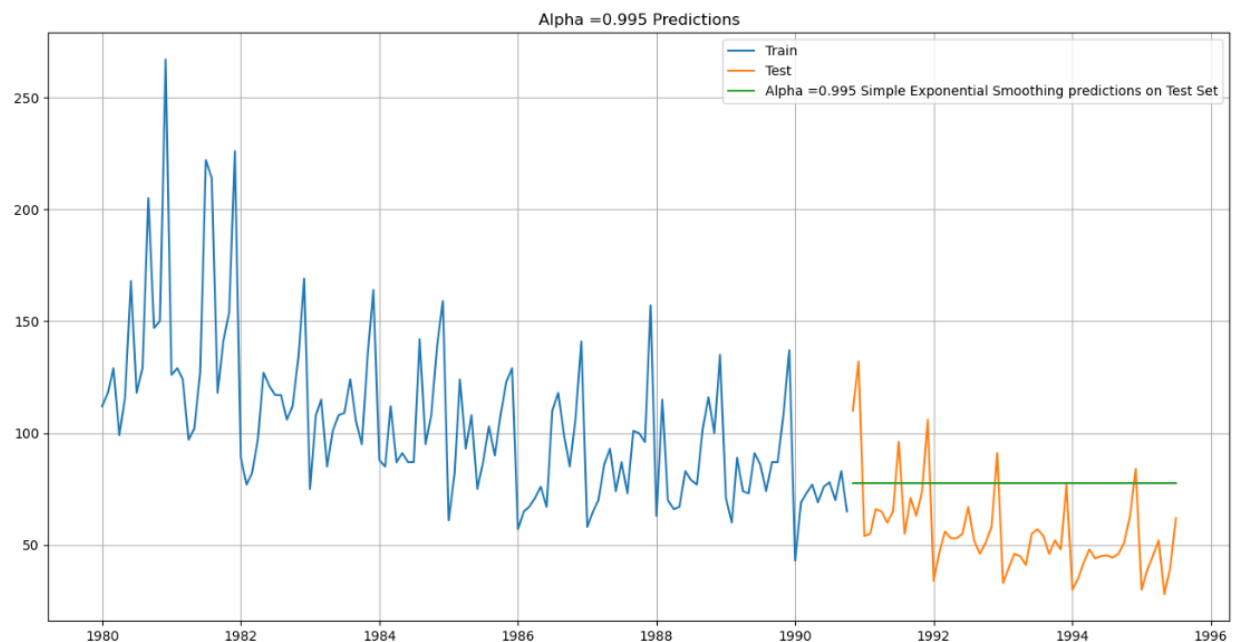
For 6 point Moving Average Model forecast on the Training Data, RMSE is 15.868

For 9 point Moving Average Model forecast on the Training Data, RMSE is 16.347

Out[304]:

	Test RMSE
RegressionOnTime	17.357497
2pointTrailingMovingAverage	11.801775
4pointTrailingMovingAverage	15.373563
6pointTrailingMovingAverage	15.868241
9pointTrailingMovingAverage	16.346517

Method 3: Simple Exponential Smoothing



10. Alpha =0.995 Simple Exponential Smoothing predictions on Test Set

Model Evaluation for $\alpha = 0.995$: Simple Exponential Smoothing

or Alpha =0.995 Simple Exponential Smoothing Model forecast on the Test Data, RMSE is 29.250

Out[313]:

	Test RMSE
RegressionOnTime	17.357497
2pointTrailingMovingAverage	11.801775
4pointTrailingMovingAverage	15.373563
6pointTrailingMovingAverage	15.868241
9pointTrailingMovingAverage	16.346517
Alpha=0.995, SimpleExponential Smoothing	29.250243

Method 4: Double Exponential Smoothing (Holt's Model)

Train dataset

Out[318]:

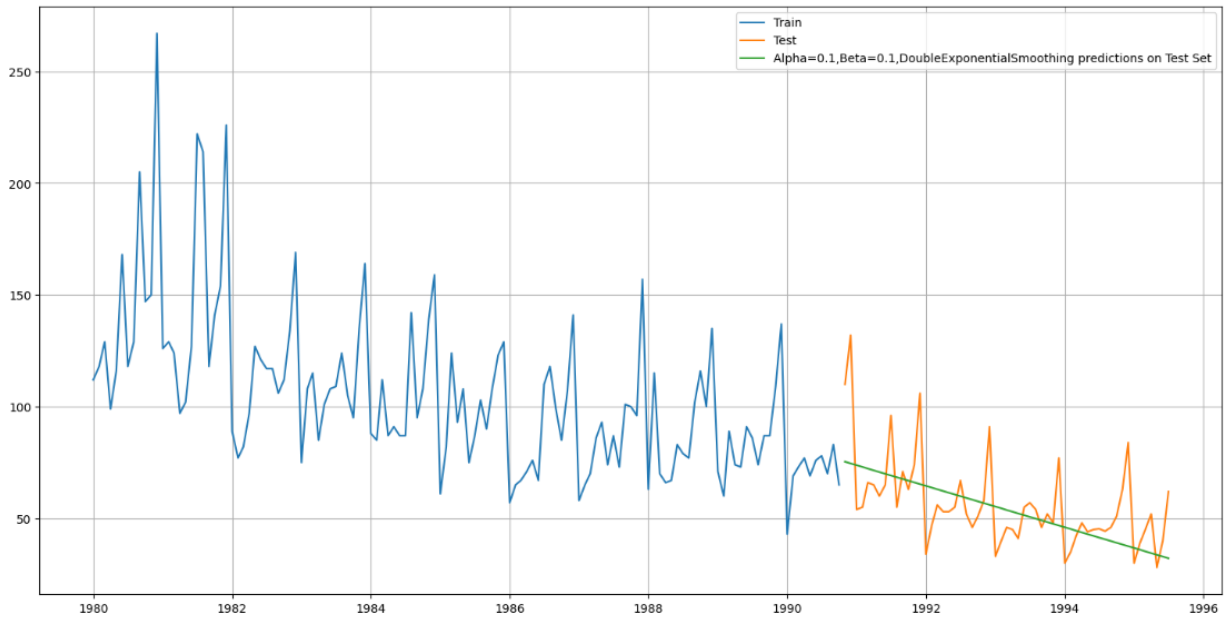
	Alpha Values	Beta Values	Train RMSE	Test RMSE
0	0.1	0.1	34.25	17.68
1	0.1	0.2	33.16	29.59
2	0.1	0.3	32.85	30.26
3	0.1	0.4	32.95	39.64
4	0.1	0.5	33.36	49.70
...
95	1.0	0.6	52.02	264.82
96	1.0	0.7	54.70	331.59
97	1.0	0.8	57.58	406.47
98	1.0	0.9	60.69	491.21
99	1.0	1.0	64.09	587.86

100 rows × 4 columns

Test dataset

Out[319]:

	Alpha Values	Beta Values	Train RMSE	Test RMSE
0	0.1	0.1	34.25	17.68
16	0.2	0.7	40.35	17.74
23	0.3	0.4	37.29	18.34
36	0.4	0.7	40.74	18.99
33	0.4	0.4	37.99	19.15



11. Alpha=0.1, Beta=0.1, DoubleExponentialSmoothing predictions on Test Set

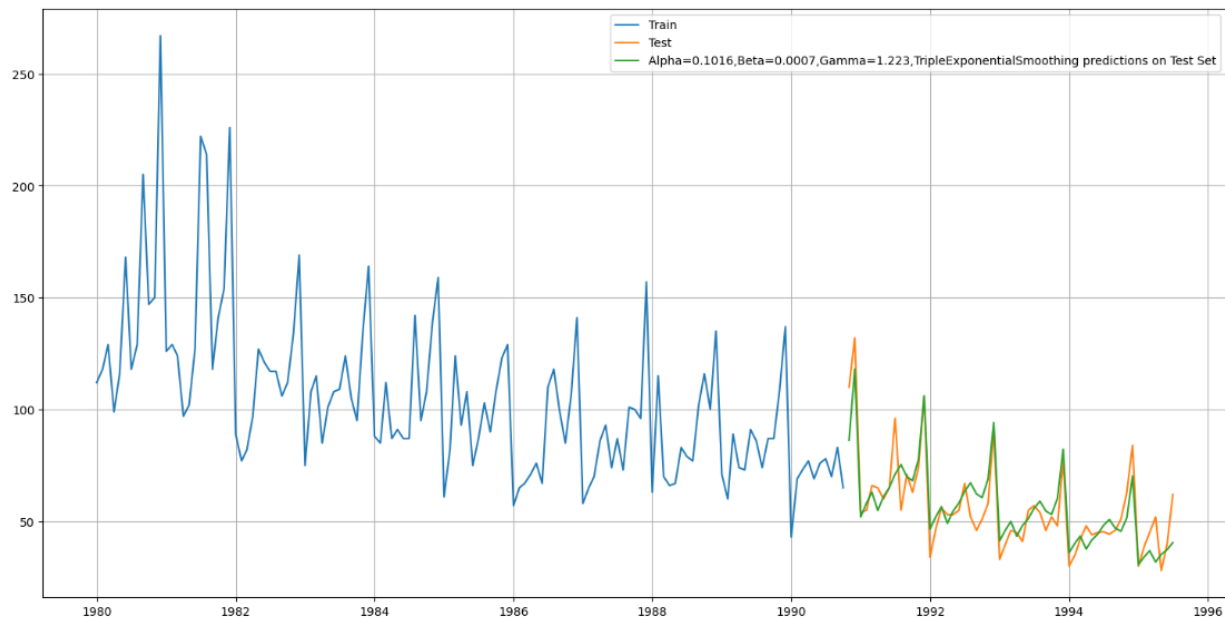
Out[321]:

	Test RMSE
RegressionOnTime	17.357497
2pointTrailingMovingAverage	11.801775
4pointTrailingMovingAverage	15.373563
6pointTrailingMovingAverage	15.868241
9pointTrailingMovingAverage	16.346517
Alpha=0.995, SimpleExponential Smoothing	29.250243
Alpha=0.3, Beta=0.3, DoubleExponential Smoothing	17.680000

Method 5: Triple Exponential Smoothing (Holt - Winter's Model)

Out[326]:

	Rose	auto_predict
YearMonth		
1990-11-01	110.0	86.341086
1990-12-01	132.0	118.068900
1991-01-01	54.0	51.939367
1991-02-01	55.0	58.209268
1991-03-01	66.0	63.101160



12. Alpha=0.1016,Beta=0.0007,Gamma=1.223,TripleExponentialSmoothing predictions on Test Set

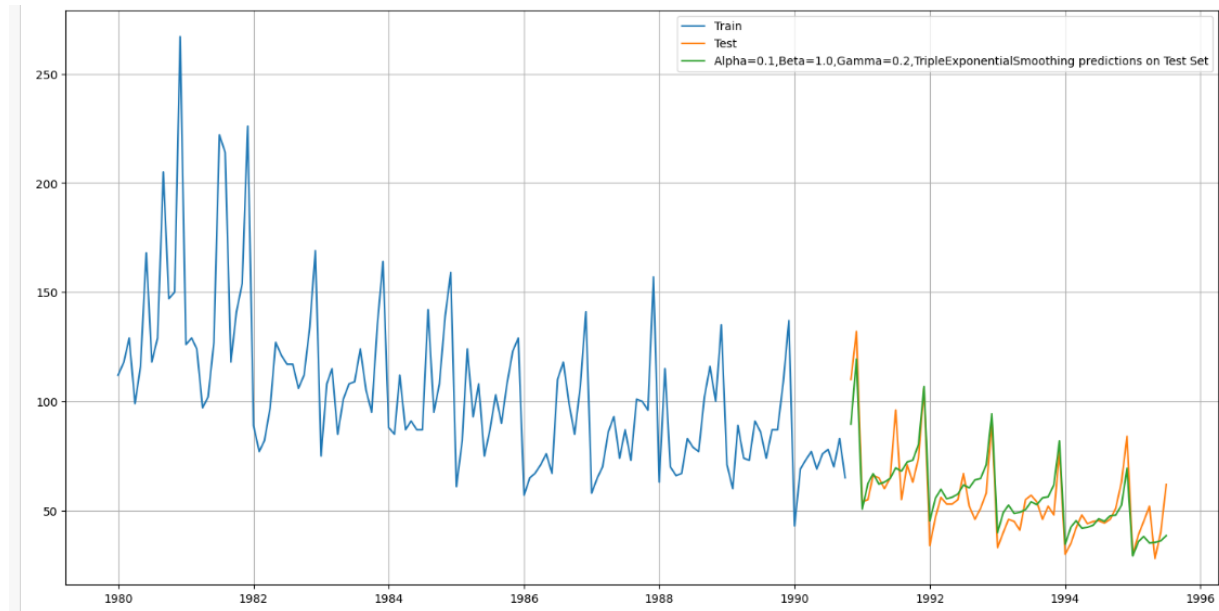
For Alpha=0.1016,Beta=0.0007,Gamma=1.223, Triple Exponential Smoothing Model forecast on the Test Data, RMSE is 9.338

Out[329]:

	Test RMSE
RegressionOnTime	17.357497
2pointTrailingMovingAverage	11.801775
4pointTrailingMovingAverage	15.373563
6pointTrailingMovingAverage	15.868241
9pointTrailingMovingAverage	16.346517
Alpha=0.995,SimpleExponentialSmoothing	29.250243
Alpha=0.3,Beta=0.3,DoubleExponentialSmoothing	17.680000
Alpha=0.1016,Beta=0.0007,Gamma=1.223,TripleExponentialSmoothing	9.337808

Out[332]:

	Alpha Values	Beta Values	Gamma Values	Train RMSE	Test RMSE
91	0.1	1.0	0.2	23.14	9.13
4	0.1	0.1	0.5	22.42	9.20
5	0.1	0.1	0.6	23.40	9.27
3	0.1	0.1	0.4	21.55	9.28
106	0.2	0.1	0.7	25.62	9.32



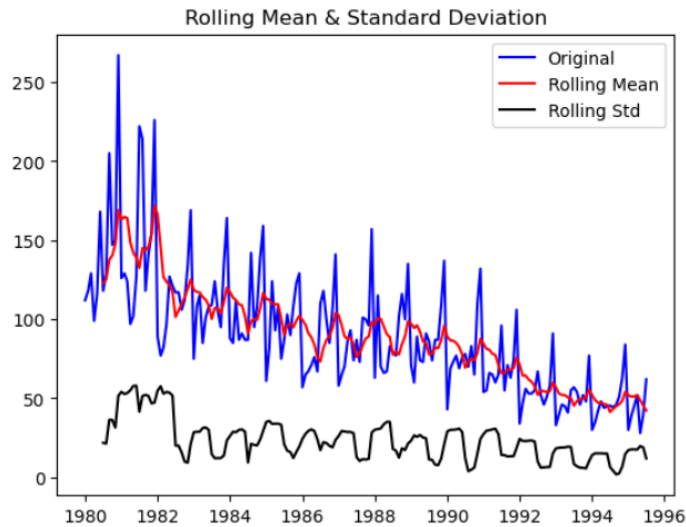
13. $\alpha=0.1, \beta=1.0, \gamma=0.2$, TripleExponentialSmoothing predictions on Test Set

Out[334]:

	Test RMSE
RegressionOnTime	17.357497
2pointTrailingMovingAverage	11.801775
4pointTrailingMovingAverage	15.373563
6pointTrailingMovingAverage	15.868241
9pointTrailingMovingAverage	16.346517
Alpha=0.995, SimpleExponentialSmoothing	29.250243
Alpha=0.3, Beta=0.3, DoubleExponentialSmoothing	17.680000
Alpha=0.1016, Beta=0.0007, Gamma=1.223, TripleExponentialSmoothing	9.337808
Alpha=0.1, Beta=1.0, Gamma=0.2, TripleExponentialSmoothing	9.130000

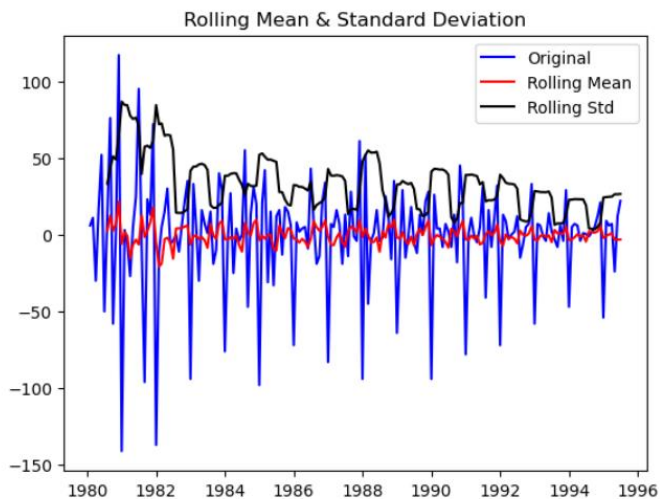
Check for Stationarity

- Check for stationarity - Make the data stationary (if needed)



```
Results of Dickey-Fuller Test:
Test Statistic      -1.872615
p-value             0.345051
#Lags Used          13.000000
Number of Observations Used  173.000000
Critical Value (1%)   -3.468726
Critical Value (5%)  -2.878396
Critical Value (10%) -2.575756
dtype: float64
```

We see that at 5% significant level the Time Series is non-stationary. Let us take a difference of order 1 and check whether the Time Series is stationary or not.

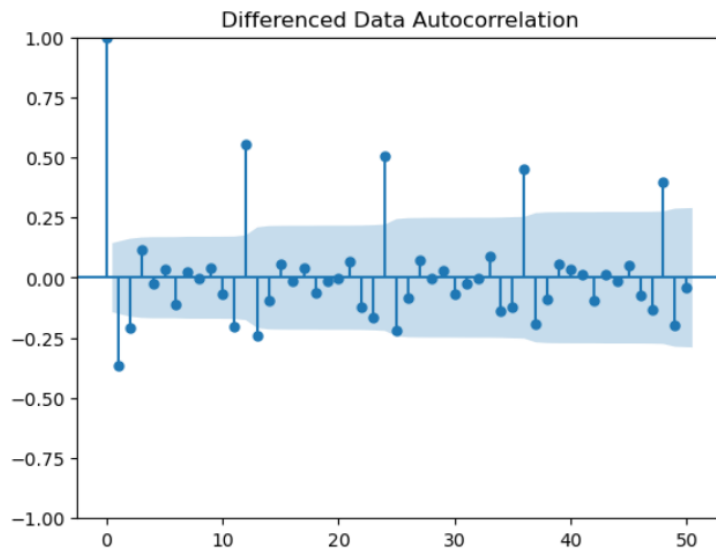
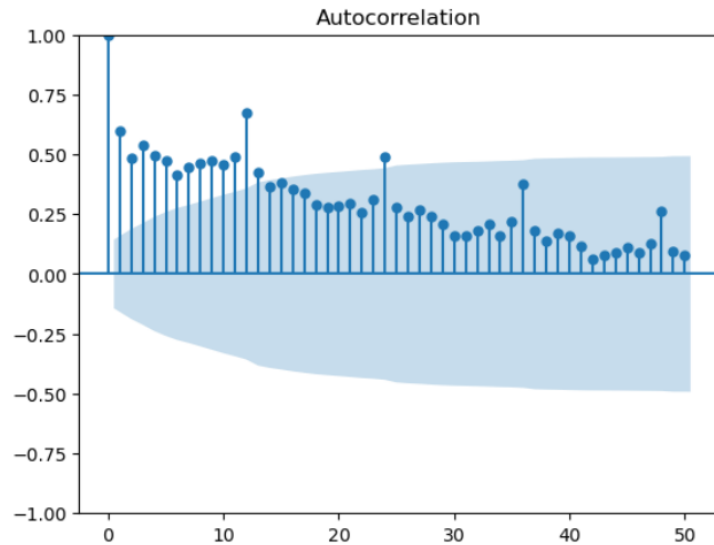


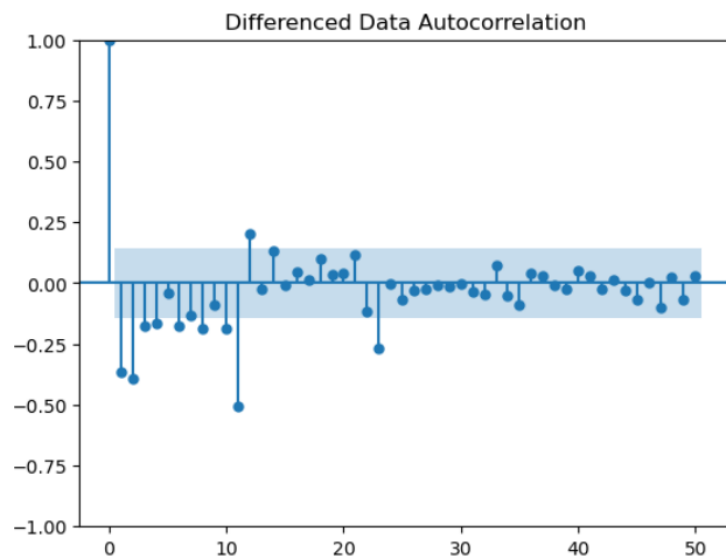
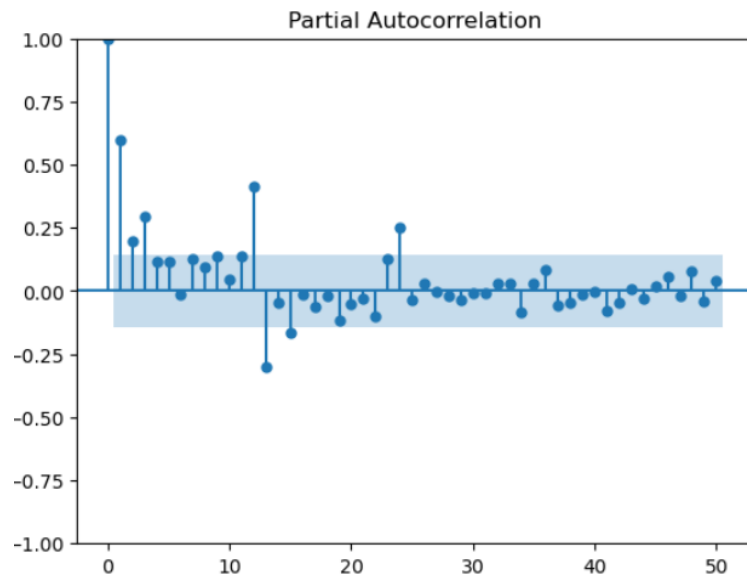
```
Results of Dickey-Fuller Test:
Test Statistic      -8.044081e+00
p-value             1.814191e-12
#Lags Used          1.200000e+01
Number of Observations Used  1.730000e+02
Critical Value (1%)   -3.468726e+00
Critical Value (5%)  -2.878396e+00
Critical Value (10%) -2.575756e+00
dtype: float64
```

We see that at $\alpha = 0.05$ the Time Series is indeed stationary.

Model Building - Stationary Data

- Generate ACF & PACF Plot and find the AR, MA values. - Build different ARIMA models - Auto ARIMA - Manual ARIMA - Build different SARIMA models - Auto SARIMA - Manual SARIMA - Check the performance of the models built





Build an Automated version of an ARMA model for which the best parameters are selected in accordance with the lowest Akaike Information Criteria (AIC).

Some parameter combinations for the Model...

Model: (0, 0, 1)

Model: (0, 0, 2)

Model: (1, 0, 0)

Model: (1, 0, 1)

Model: (1, 0, 2)

Model: (2, 0, 0)

Model: (2, 0, 1)

Model: (2, 0, 2)

Out[344]:

	param	AIC
5	(1, 0, 2)	1272.008961
8	(2, 0, 2)	1272.230529
7	(2, 0, 1)	1272.784560
4	(1, 0, 1)	1273.969672
3	(1, 0, 0)	1282.884243
6	(2, 0, 0)	1283.462128
1	(0, 0, 1)	1287.093068
2	(0, 0, 2)	1288.116816
0	(0, 0, 0)	1306.288690

SARIMAX Results

```
=====
Dep. Variable:          Rose      No. Observations:          130
Model:                ARIMA(1, 0, 2)  Log Likelihood          -631.004
Date:                Fri, 13 Sep 2024  AIC              1272.009
Time:                20:38:16        BIC              1286.347
Sample:                01-01-1980     HQIC             1277.835
                  - 10-01-1990
```

Covariance Type: opg

```
=====
              coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
const         104.6906      31.457       3.328     0.001      43.036     166.345
ar.L1           0.9886       0.024      41.384     0.000       0.942       1.035
ma.L1          -0.6983       0.089      -7.839     0.000      -0.873      -0.524
ma.L2          -0.1894       0.091      -2.090     0.037      -0.367      -0.012
sigma2         955.1353     99.717       9.578     0.000     759.694     1150.576
=====
```

```
=====
Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):           0.05  Jarque-Bera (JB):           62.77
Prob(Q):                     0.82  Prob(JB):              0.00
Heteroskedasticity (H):       0.32  Skew:                  1.01
Prob(H) (two-sided):          0.00  Kurtosis:              5.74
=====
```

Warnings:

[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).

For Auto-ARIMA Model forecast accuracy_score on the Test Data, RMSE is 38.675

Setting the seasonality as 12 to estimate parameters using auto SARIMA model.

Examples of some parameter combinations for Model...

Model: (0, 1, 1)(0, 1, 1, 12)

Model: (0, 1, 2)(0, 1, 2, 12)

Model: (1, 1, 0)(1, 1, 0, 12)

Model: (1, 1, 1)(1, 1, 1, 12)

Model: (1, 1, 2)(1, 1, 2, 12)

Model: (2, 1, 0)(2, 1, 0, 12)

Model: (2, 1, 1)(2, 1, 1, 12)

Model: (2, 1, 2)(2, 1, 2, 12)

SARIMA(0, 1, 0)x(0, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:1152.8944112896427

SARIMA(0, 1, 0)x(0, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:946.5255706383725

SARIMA(0, 1, 0)x(0, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:827.4161882799052

SARIMA(0, 1, 0)x(1, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:963.3074810361367

SARIMA(0, 1, 0)x(1, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:955.90241535815

SARIMA(0, 1, 0)x(1, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:829.2186210967307

SARIMA(0, 1, 0)x(2, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:839.1329917213063

SARIMA(0, 1, 0)x(2, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:834.4921533619314

SARIMA(0, 1, 0)x(2, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:824.3830509688956

SARIMA(0, 1, 1)x(0, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:1096.7564633976488

SARIMA(0, 1, 1)x(0, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:899.1279003224759

SARIMA(0, 1, 1)x(0, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:775.3675849137794

SARIMA(0, 1, 1)x(1, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:928.1728057664981

SARIMA(0, 1, 1)x(1, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:913.2749250995581

SARIMA(0, 1, 1)x(1, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:777.1680791501379

SARIMA(0, 1, 1)x(2, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:794.878534195182

SARIMA(0, 1, 1)x(2, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:788.3653415950496

SARIMA(0, 1, 1)x(2, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:767.3752584863522

SARIMA(0, 1, 2)x(0, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:1081.5930721187483

SARIMA(0, 1, 2)x(0, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:888.1453938346057

SARIMA(0, 1, 2)x(0, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:768.4215063916055

SARIMA(0, 1, 2)x(1, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:925.1239001312563

SARIMA(0, 1, 2)x(1, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:898.8756745213946

SARIMA(0, 1, 2)x(1, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:770.2181164945283

SARIMA(0, 1, 2)x(2, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:795.8587520859533

SARIMA(0, 1, 2)x(2, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:789.6477608525199

SARIMA(0, 1, 2)x(2, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:759.854456337735

SARIMA(1, 1, 0)x(0, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:1146.5245639869129

SARIMA(1, 1, 0)x(0, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:936.1793735397487

SARIMA(1, 1, 0)x(0, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:811.6876559416335

SARIMA(1, 1, 0)x(1, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:944.9341691555421

SARIMA(1, 1, 0)x(1, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:946.6249192435952

SARIMA(1, 1, 0)x(1, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:813.0825861131768

SARIMA(1, 1, 0)x(2, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:809.341284916012

SARIMA(1, 1, 0)x(2, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:806.8254045230403
 SARIMA(1, 1, 0)x(2, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:808.4299128187591
 SARIMA(1, 1, 1)x(0, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:1093.5988179239696
 SARIMA(1, 1, 1)x(0, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:897.7667931010029
 SARIMA(1, 1, 1)x(0, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:776.6744753192086
 SARIMA(1, 1, 1)x(1, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:916.9084995137714
 SARIMA(1, 1, 1)x(1, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:910.8884983743482
 SARIMA(1, 1, 1)x(1, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:778.512074478587
 SARIMA(1, 1, 1)x(2, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:784.2808874065543
 SARIMA(1, 1, 1)x(2, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:776.709647706393
 SARIMA(1, 1, 1)x(2, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:768.9979136123605
 SARIMA(1, 1, 2)x(0, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:1079.4524066139743
 SARIMA(1, 1, 2)x(0, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:890.1378220931629
 SARIMA(1, 1, 2)x(0, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:770.3906403523735
 SARIMA(1, 1, 2)x(1, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:918.4763772990403
 SARIMA(1, 1, 2)x(1, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:900.8377043226517
 SARIMA(1, 1, 2)x(1, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:772.1781817850084
 SARIMA(1, 1, 2)x(2, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:786.2709969925108
 SARIMA(1, 1, 2)x(2, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:778.5728925206383
 SARIMA(1, 1, 2)x(2, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:761.8340847942384
 SARIMA(2, 1, 0)x(0, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:1115.6453843716572
 SARIMA(2, 1, 0)x(0, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:931.975620270612
 SARIMA(2, 1, 0)x(0, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:810.2393911009702
 SARIMA(2, 1, 0)x(1, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:932.6053635140116
 SARIMA(2, 1, 0)x(1, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:934.5783634759562
 SARIMA(2, 1, 0)x(1, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:811.7123326713876
 SARIMA(2, 1, 0)x(2, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:797.2689249311138
 SARIMA(2, 1, 0)x(2, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:791.6332001791104
 SARIMA(2, 1, 0)x(2, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:793.3001859578382
 SARIMA(2, 1, 1)x(0, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:1090.142414920315
 SARIMA(2, 1, 1)x(0, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:898.7844234538268
 SARIMA(2, 1, 1)x(0, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:778.6275923519522
 SARIMA(2, 1, 1)x(1, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:909.896906649278
 SARIMA(2, 1, 1)x(1, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:911.8731618382475
 SARIMA(2, 1, 1)x(1, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:780.4623774343154
 SARIMA(2, 1, 1)x(2, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:777.2798270113633
 SARIMA(2, 1, 1)x(2, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:769.0961329445562
 SARIMA(2, 1, 1)x(2, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:770.8360215597357
 SARIMA(2, 1, 2)x(0, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:1082.4796249535534
 SARIMA(2, 1, 2)x(0, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:888.4121912955013
 SARIMA(2, 1, 2)x(0, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:768.8907825473697
 SARIMA(2, 1, 2)x(1, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:908.7507874392862
 SARIMA(2, 1, 2)x(1, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:898.9034728197205
 SARIMA(2, 1, 2)x(1, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:772.7278700485623

SARIMA(2, 1, 2)x(2, 1, 0, 12)7 - AIC:779.1656800773759
 SARIMA(2, 1, 2)x(2, 1, 1, 12)7 - AIC:768.7498409183947
 SARIMA(2, 1, 2)x(2, 1, 2, 12)7 - AIC:763.8208489210297

Out[354]:

	param	seasonal	AIC
26	(0, 1, 2)	(2, 1, 2, 12)	759.854456
53	(1, 1, 2)	(2, 1, 2, 12)	761.834085
80	(2, 1, 2)	(2, 1, 2, 12)	763.820849
17	(0, 1, 1)	(2, 1, 2, 12)	767.375258
20	(0, 1, 2)	(0, 1, 2, 12)	768.421506

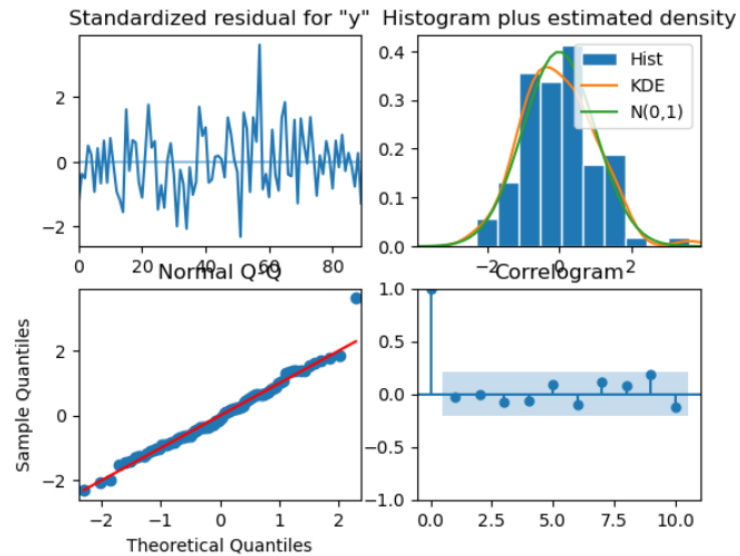
SARIMAX Results

```

=====
Dep. Variable:          y          No. Observations:          130
Model:                SARIMAX(0, 1, 2)x(2, 1, 2, 12)      Log Likelihood          -372.927
Date:                  Fri, 13 Sep 2024                  AIC              759.854
Time:                  20:41:38                          BIC              777.353
Sample:                0                                HQIC              766.911
                    - 130
Covariance Type:      opg
=====
              coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
ma.L1          -0.9328        0.191     -4.878      0.000     -1.308     -0.558
ma.L2          -0.0923        0.126     -0.733      0.463     -0.339      0.154
ar.S.L12         0.0367        0.187        0.197      0.844     -0.329      0.402
ar.S.L24        -0.0421        0.030     -1.427      0.154     -0.100      0.016
ma.S.L12        -0.7249        0.294     -2.469      0.014     -1.300     -0.149
ma.S.L24        -0.0677        0.204     -0.331      0.740     -0.468      0.333
sigma2         194.3968       46.227        4.205      0.000     103.793     285.001
=====
Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):          0.05  Jarque-Bera (JB):          4.90
Prob(Q):                    0.82  Prob(JB):          0.09
Heteroskedasticity (H):      0.93  Skew:          0.43
Prob(H) (two-sided):        0.84  Kurtosis:         3.75
=====
  
```

Warnings:

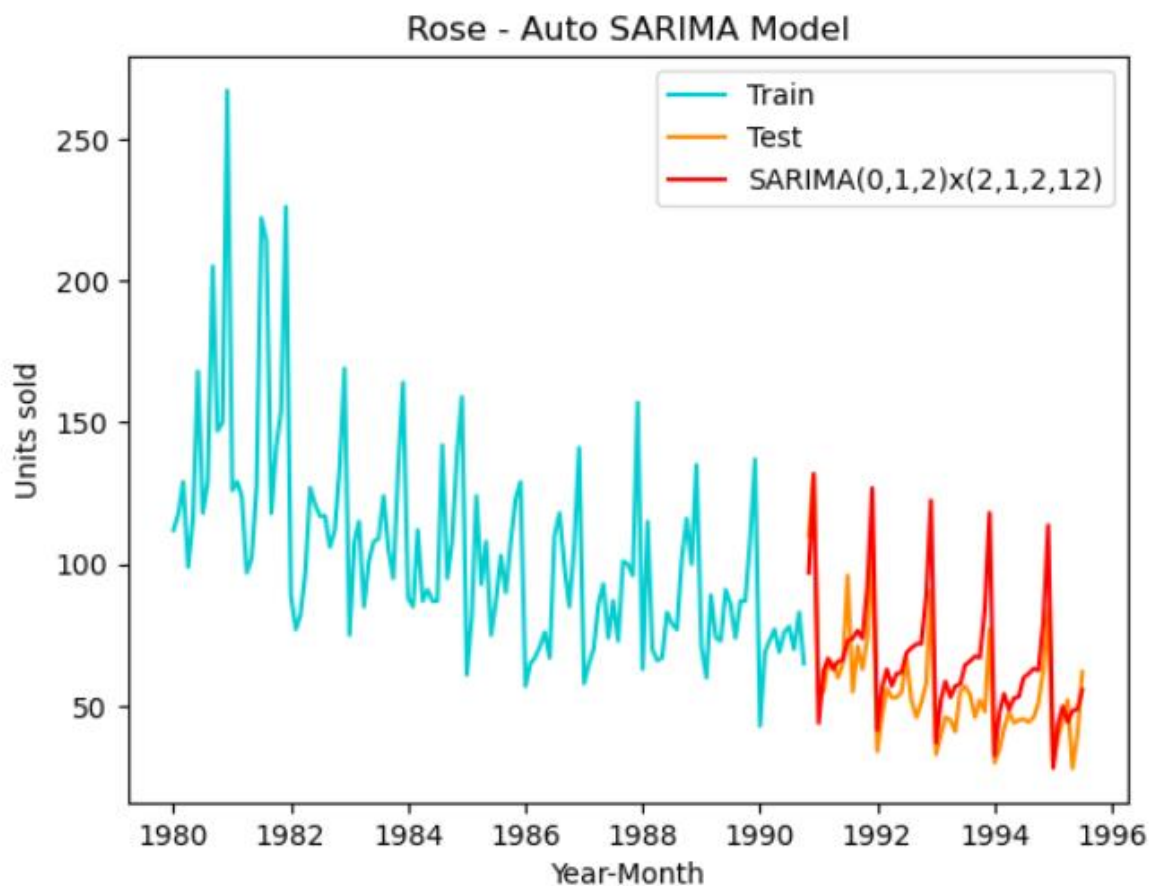
[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).



Out[362]:

Test RMSE

Model	Test RMSE
SARIMA(0, 1, 2)*(2, 1, 2, 12)	15.433926



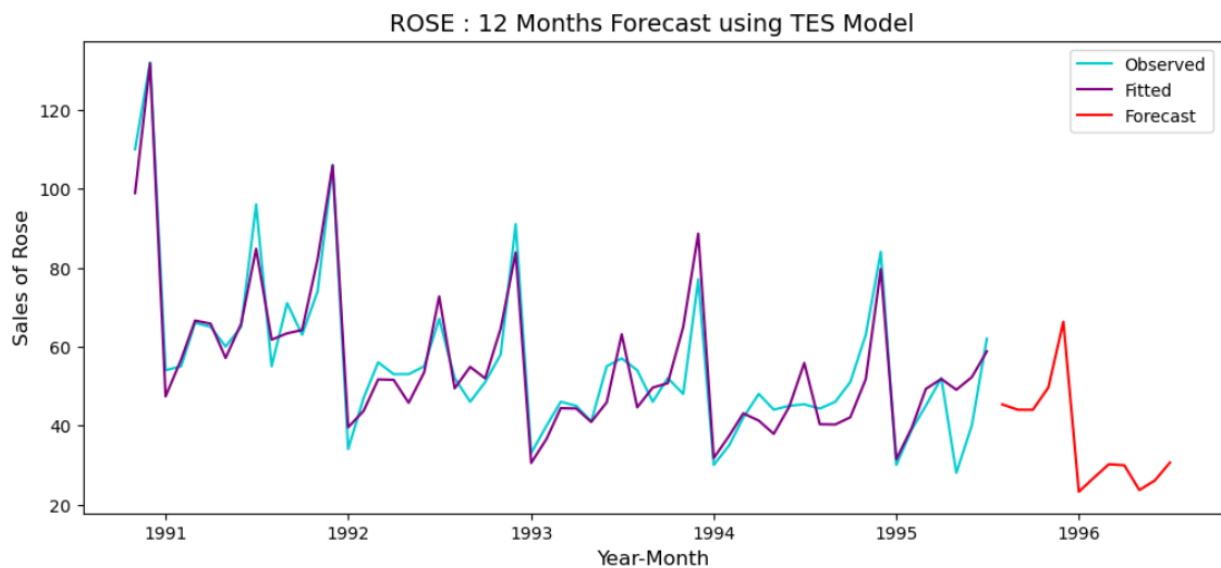
14. Rose - Auto SARIMA Model

Actionable Insights & Recommendations

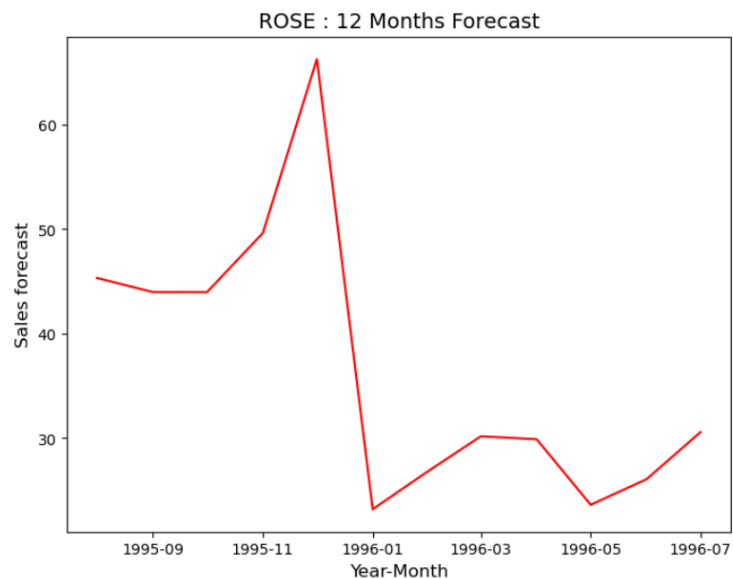
- Conclude with the key takeaways (actionable insights and recommendations) for the business

Based on the results, Triple exponential smoothing has lower RMSE of 9.130000 (Alpha=0.1,Beta=1.0,Gamma=0.2,TripleExponentialSmoothing).

For Triple Exponential Smoothing Model forecast on the Entire Data, RMSE is 6.725



15. ROSE : 12 Months Forecast using TES Model



16.ROSE : 12 Months Forecast


```
Out[393]: count    12.000000  
          mean     36.636415  
          std      13.181135  
          min      23.202954  
          25%      26.670772  
          50%      30.381838  
          75%      44.319365  
          max      66.279325  
          dtype: float64
```

There is a declining trend in the forecasted dataset, and the maximum sales forecast is expected to be 66 units.

Sparkling Dataset:

Define the problem and perform Exploratory Data Analysis of sparkling dataset

- Read the data as an appropriate time series data - Plot the data - Perform EDA - Perform Decomposition

Top 5 of the head in the sparkling series

Out[181]:	YearMonth	Sparkling
	0	1980-01
	1	1980-02
	2	1980-03
	3	1980-04
	4	1980-05

Last 5 of the tail in the sparkling series

Out[182]:	YearMonth	Sparkling
	182	1995-03
	183	1995-04
	184	1995-05
	185	1995-06
	186	1995-07

Adding the time stamp to the data frame

Out[184]:	YearMonth	Sparkling	Time_Stamp
	0	1980-01	1980-01-31
	1	1980-02	1980-02-29
	2	1980-03	1980-03-31
	3	1980-04	1980-04-30
	4	1980-05	1980-05-31

Out[186]:

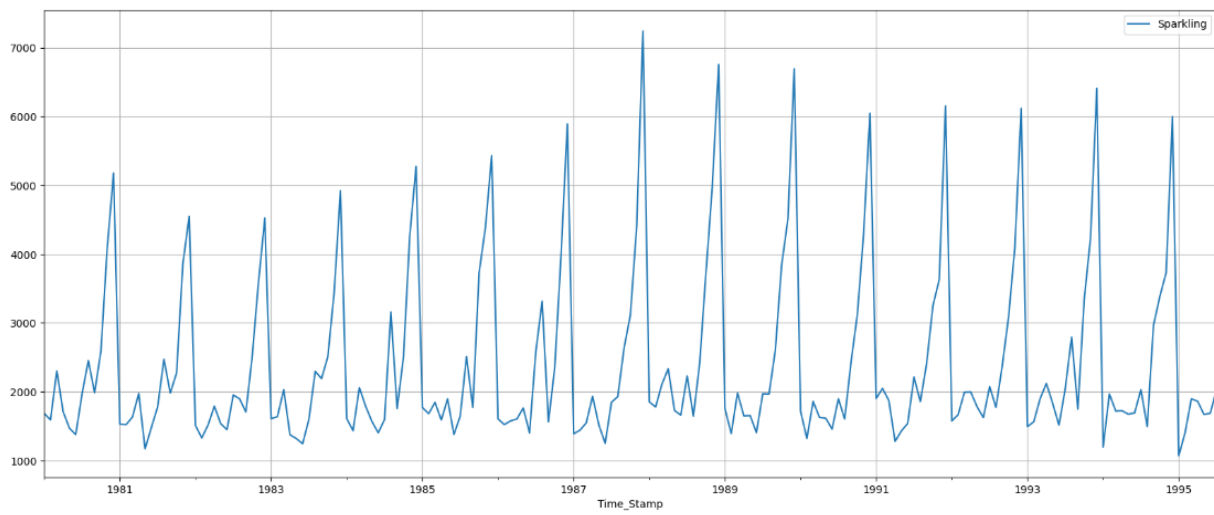
Sparkling

Time_Stamp	
1980-01-31	1686
1980-02-29	1591
1980-03-31	2304
1980-04-30	1712
1980-05-31	1471

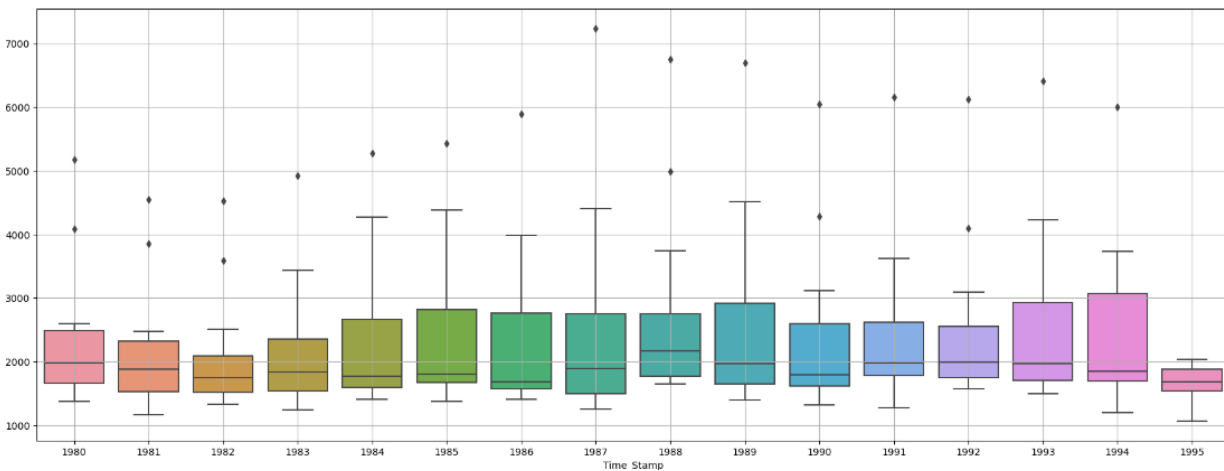
Out[187]:

Sparkling

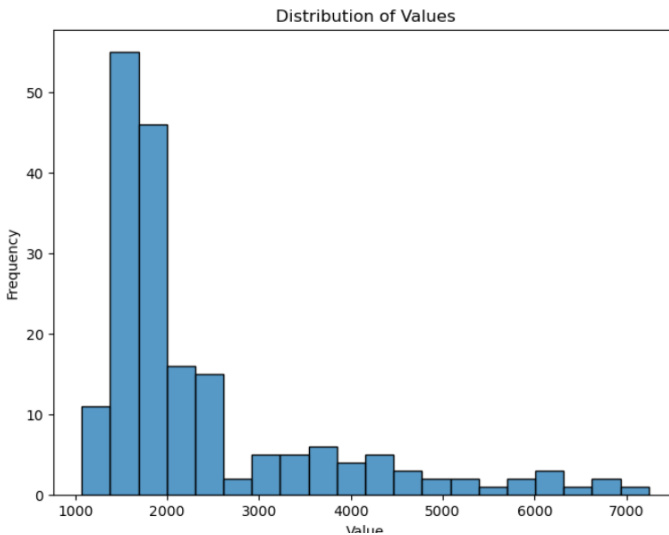
Time_Stamp	
1995-03-31	1897
1995-04-30	1862
1995-05-31	1670
1995-06-30	1688
1995-07-31	2031



17. Plotting the timeseries - Sparkling dataset



18. Boxplot on sparkling dataset – yearly



19. Distribution of sparkling dataset

Describe on the sparkling dataset

```

      Sparkling
count    187.000000
mean     2402.417112
std      1295.111540
min      1070.000000
25%      1605.000000
50%      1874.000000
75%      2549.000000
max       7242.000000
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
DatetimeIndex: 187 entries, 1980-01-31 to 1995-07-31
Data columns (total 1 columns):
 #   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   Sparkling   187 non-null    int64
dtypes: int64(1)
memory usage: 2.9 KB
None

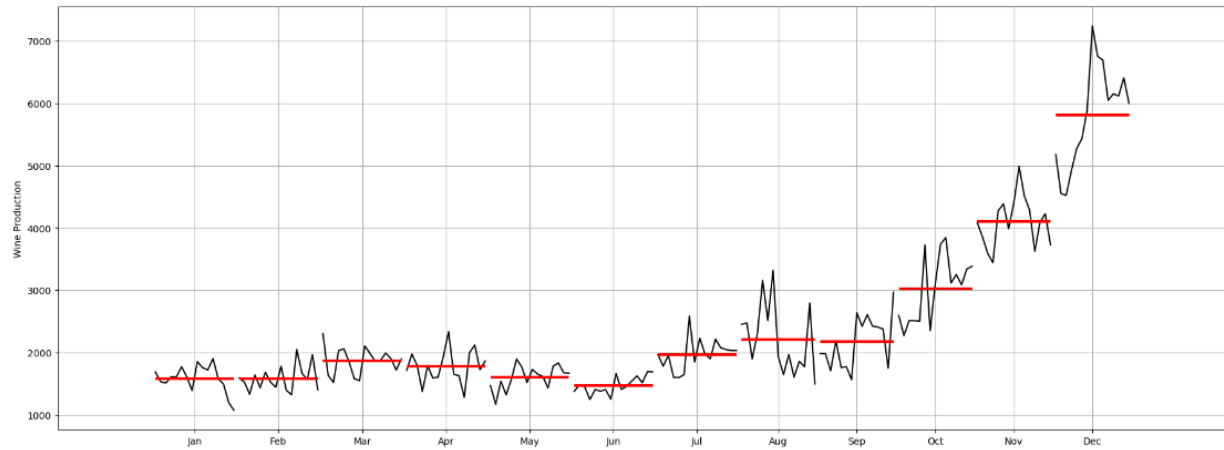
```

```

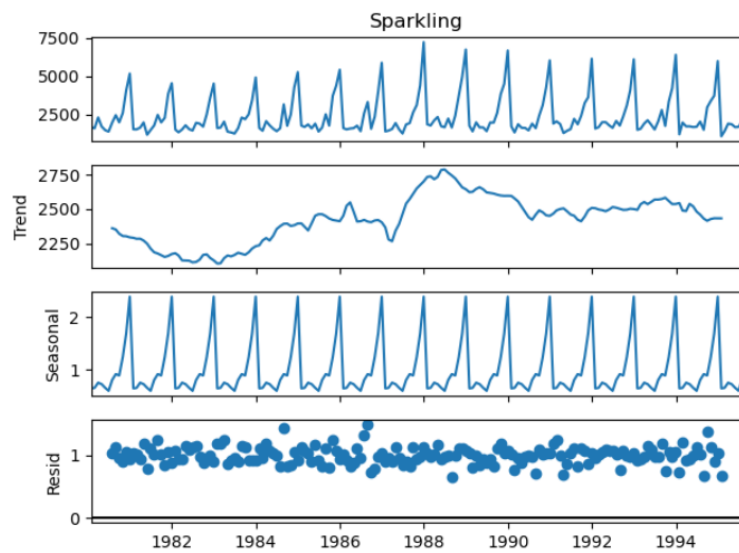
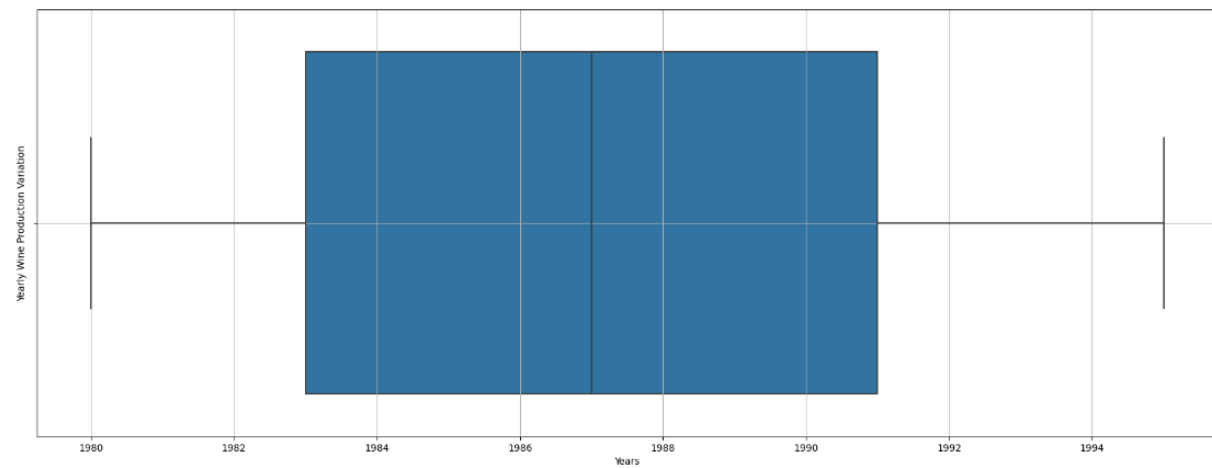
Sparkling    0
dtype: int64

```

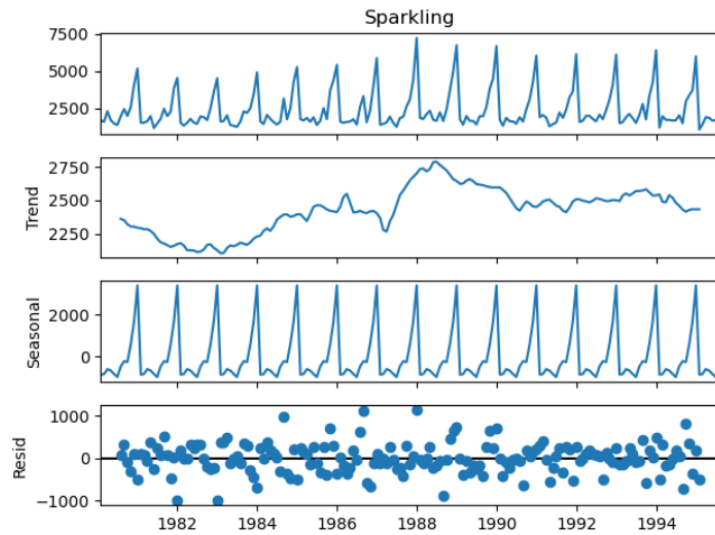
There are 0 null values found in the sparkling dataset.



20. Plot a monthplot of the give Time Series.



21. Seasonal decompose - multiplicative method



22. Seasonal decompose - additive method

Train – test split

(130, 1)

(57, 1)

There are 130 data in the training dataset and 57 data in the test dataset.

First few rows of Training Data
Sparkling

Time_Stamp	Sparkling
1980-01-31	1686
1980-02-29	1591
1980-03-31	2304
1980-04-30	1712
1980-05-31	1471

Last few rows of Training Data
Sparkling

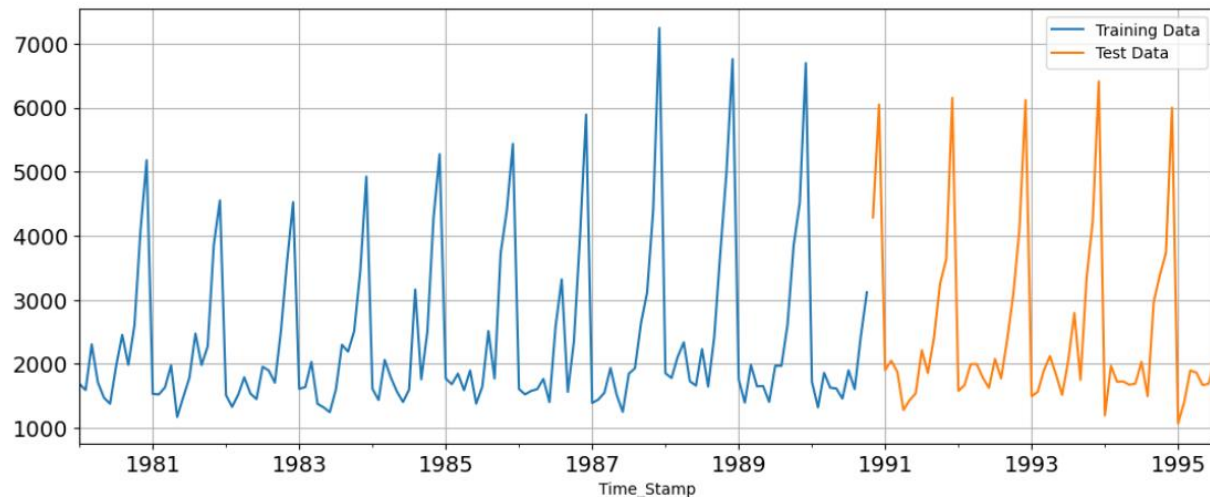
Time_Stamp	Sparkling
1990-06-30	1457
1990-07-31	1899
1990-08-31	1605
1990-09-30	2424
1990-10-31	3116

First few rows of Test Data
Sparkling

Time_Stamp	Sparkling
1990-11-30	4286
1990-12-31	6047
1991-01-31	1902
1991-02-28	2049
1991-03-31	1874

Last few rows of Test Data
Sparkling

Time_Stamp	Sparkling
1995-03-31	1897
1995-04-30	1862
1995-05-31	1670
1995-06-30	1688
1995-07-31	2031



23. Plotting the train-test dataset

Model Building - Original Data

- Build forecasting models - Linear regression - Simple Average - Moving Average - Exponential Models (Single, Double, Triple) - Check the performance of the models built

Model 1: Linear Regression

First few rows of Training Data

Time_Stamp	Sparkling time	
1980-01-31	1686	1
1980-02-29	1591	2
1980-03-31	2304	3
1980-04-30	1712	4
1980-05-31	1471	5

Last few rows of Training Data

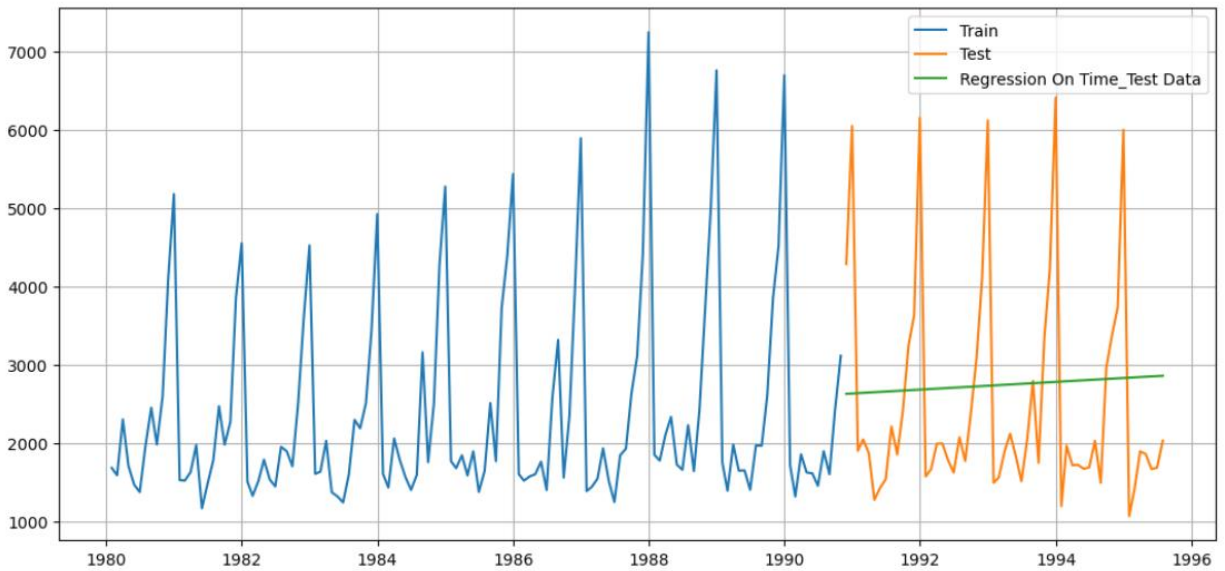
Time_Stamp	Sparkling time	
1990-06-30	1457	126
1990-07-31	1899	127
1990-08-31	1605	128
1990-09-30	2424	129
1990-10-31	3116	130

First few rows of Test Data

Time_Stamp	Sparkling time	
1990-11-30	4286	131
1990-12-31	6047	132
1991-01-31	1902	133
1991-02-28	2049	134
1991-03-31	1874	135

Last few rows of Test Data

Time_Stamp	Sparkling time	
1995-03-31	1897	183
1995-04-30	1862	184
1995-05-31	1670	185
1995-06-30	1688	186
1995-07-31	2031	187



24. Linear Regression - sparkling dataset

Model Evaluation

For RegressionOnTime forecast on the Test Data, RMSE is 1392.44

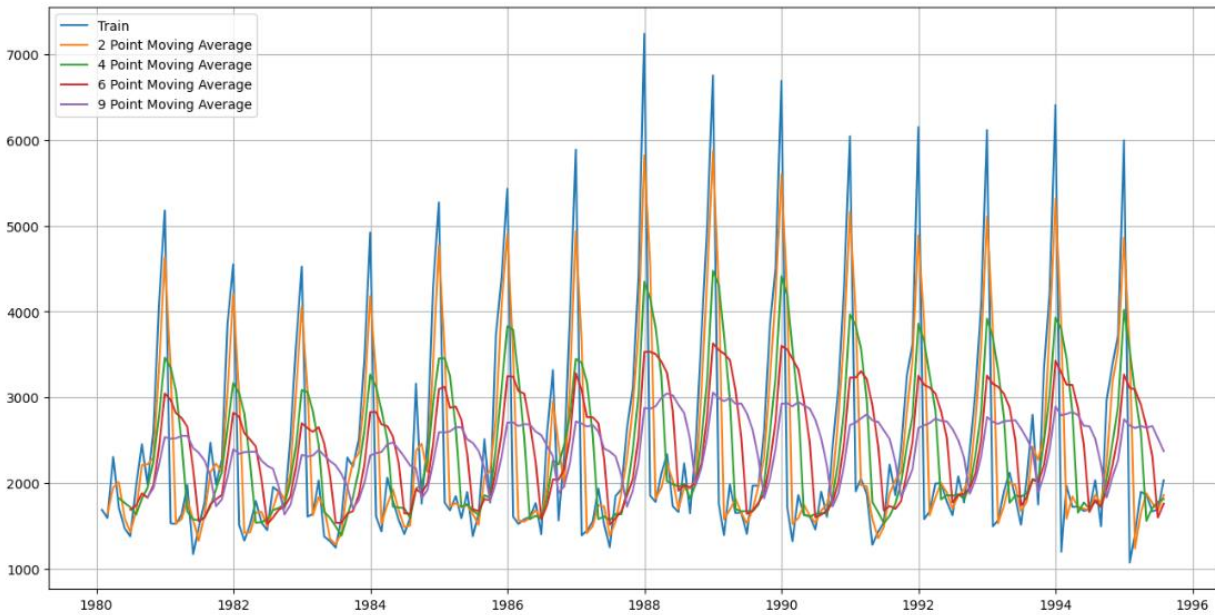
```
Out[208]:
```

	Test RMSE
RegressionOnTime	1392.438305

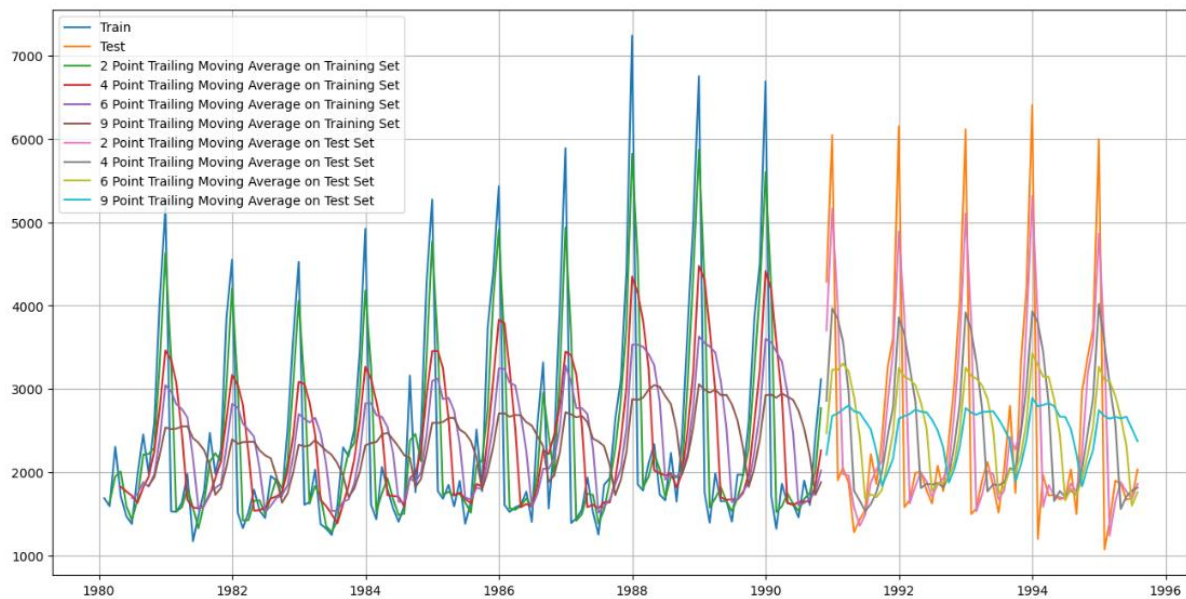
Method 2: Moving Average(MA)

```
Out[210]:
```

	Sparkling	Trailing_2	Trailing_4	Trailing_6	Trailing_9
Time_Stamp					
1980-01-31	1686	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
1980-02-29	1591	1638.5	NaN	NaN	NaN
1980-03-31	2304	1947.5	NaN	NaN	NaN
1980-04-30	1712	2008.0	1823.25	NaN	NaN
1980-05-31	1471	1591.5	1769.50	NaN	NaN



25. Plotting on the train - moving average



26. Plotting on the train-test - moving average

For 2 point Moving Average Model forecast on the Training Data, RMSE is 811.179

For 4 point Moving Average Model forecast on the Training Data, RMSE is 1184.213

For 6 point Moving Average Model forecast on the Training Data, RMSE is 1337.201

For 9 point Moving Average Model forecast on the Training Data, RMSE is 1422.653

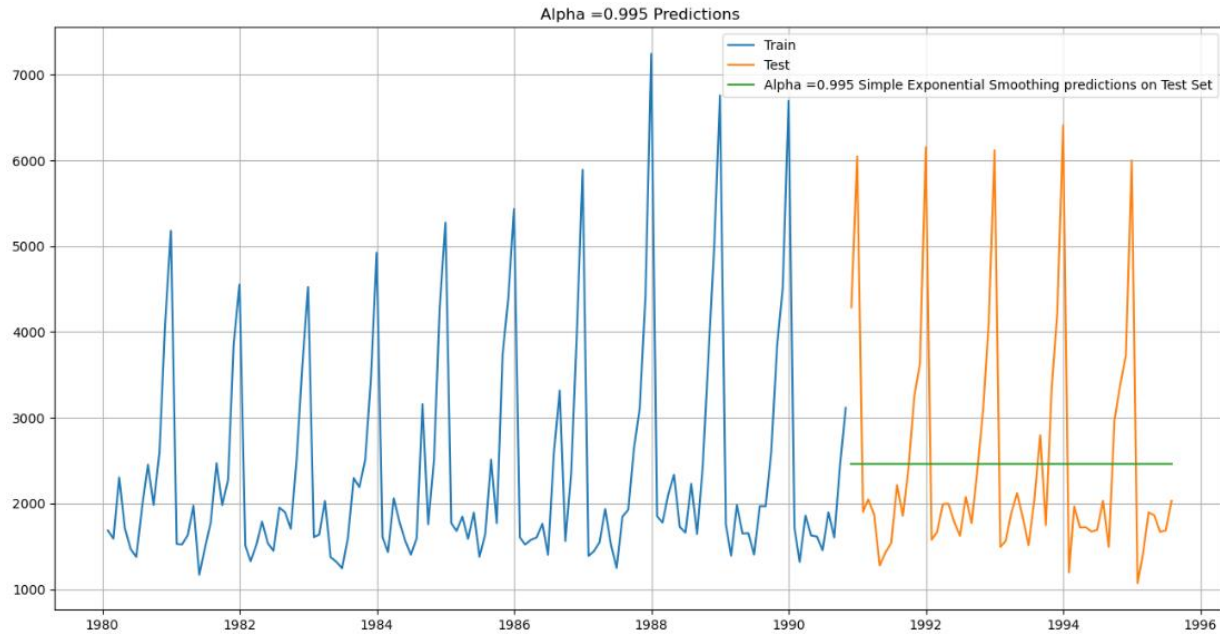
Out[215]:

	Test RMSE
RegressionOnTime	1392.438305
2pointTrailingMovingAverage	811.178937
4pointTrailingMovingAverage	1184.213295
6pointTrailingMovingAverage	1337.200524
9pointTrailingMovingAverage	1422.653281

Method 3: Simple Exponential Smoothing

Out[221]:

	Sparkling	predict
Time_Stamp		
1990-11-30	4286	2465.235699
1990-12-31	6047	2465.235699
1991-01-31	1902	2465.235699
1991-02-28	2049	2465.235699
1991-03-31	1874	2465.235699



27. Alpha = 0.995 Simple Exponential Smoothing predictions on Test Set

For Alpha =0.995 Simple Exponential Smoothing Model forecast on the Test Data, RMSE is 1362.429

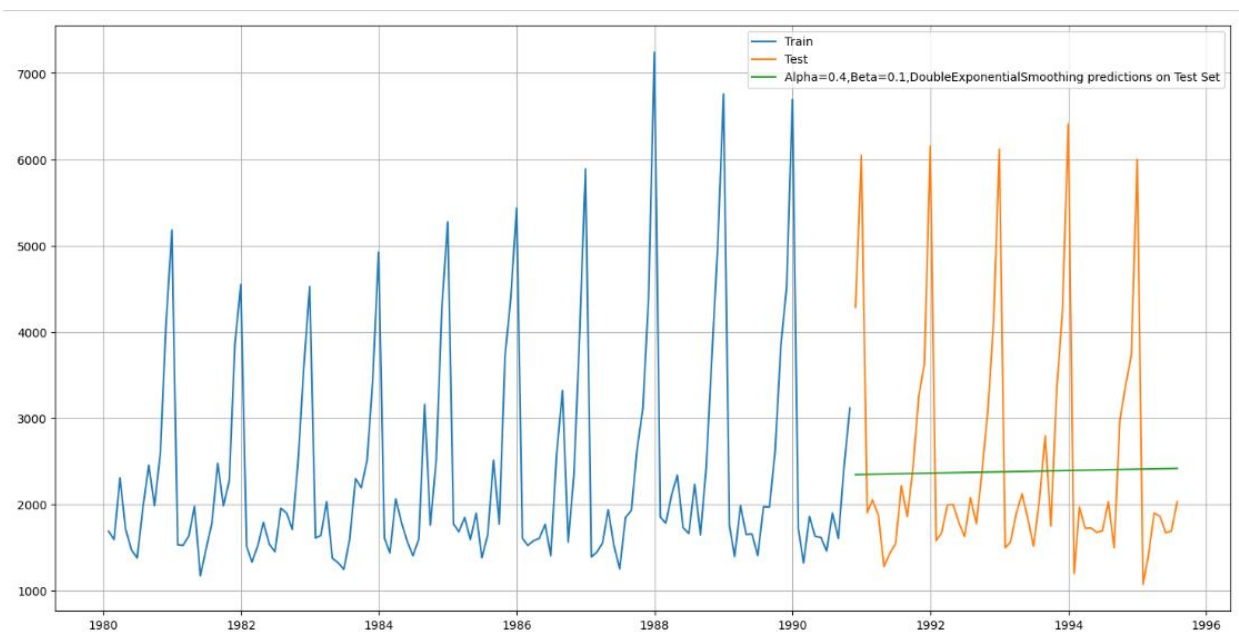
Out[224]:

	Test RMSE
RegressionOnTime	1392.438305
2pointTrailingMovingAverage	811.178937
4pointTrailingMovingAverage	1184.213295
6pointTrailingMovingAverage	1337.200524
9pointTrailingMovingAverage	1422.653281
Alpha=0.995,SimpleExponentialSmoothing	1362.428949

Method 4: Double Exponential Smoothing (Holt's Model)

Out[230]:

	Alpha Values	Beta Values	Train RMSE	Test RMSE
30	0.4	0.1	1402.99	1369.14
21	0.3	0.2	1479.94	1516.79
15	0.2	0.6	1798.09	1540.32
40	0.5	0.1	1396.30	1585.87
22	0.3	0.3	1567.52	1597.85



28. Alpha=0.4,Beta=0.1,DoubleExponentialSmoothing predictions on Test Set

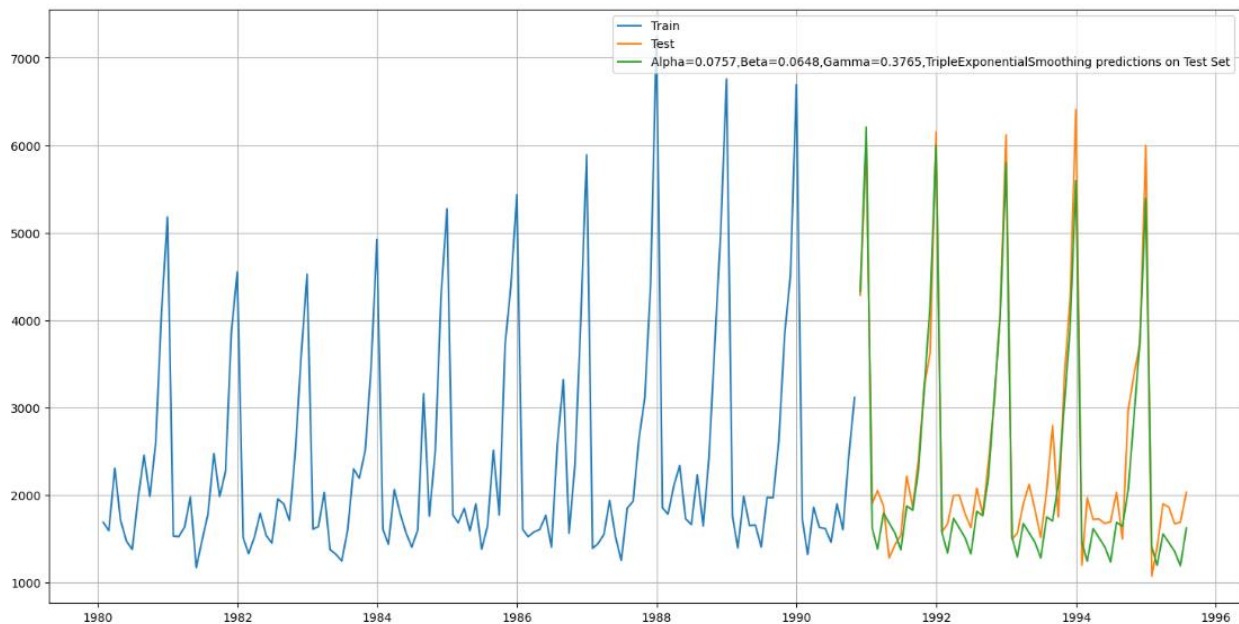
Out[232]:

	Test RMSE
RegressionOnTime	1392.438305
2pointTrailingMovingAverage	811.178937
4pointTrailingMovingAverage	1184.213295
6pointTrailingMovingAverage	1337.200524
9pointTrailingMovingAverage	1422.653281
Alpha=0.995,SimpleExponentialSmoothing	1362.428949
Alpha=0.4,Beta=0.1,DoubleExponentialSmoothing	1369.140000

Method 5: Triple Exponential Smoothing (Holt - Winter's Model)

Out[237]:

Time_Stamp	Sparkling	auto_predict
1990-11-30	4286	4327.597955
1990-12-31	6047	6208.850701
1991-01-31	1902	1621.603392
1991-02-28	2049	1379.864103
1991-03-31	1874	1791.912187



29. Alpha=0.0757,Beta=0.0648,Gamma=0.3765,TripleExponentialSmoothing predictions on Test Set

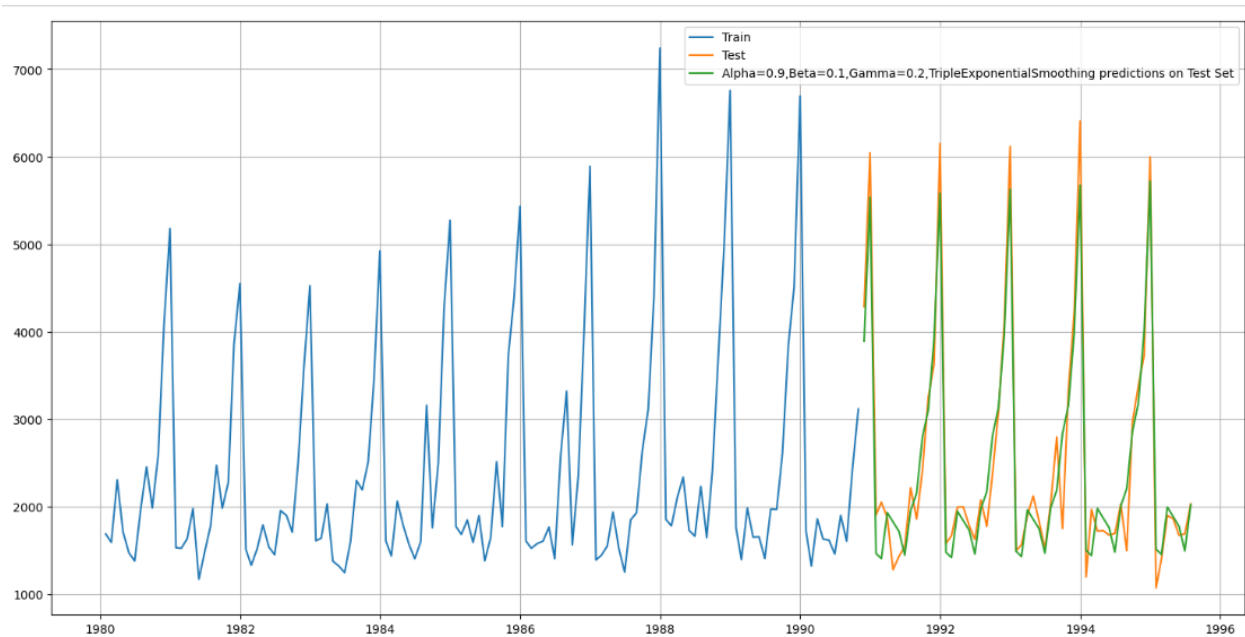
For Alpha=0.0757,Beta=0.0648,Gamma=0.3765, Triple Exponential Smoothing Model forecast on the Test Data, RMSE is 381.656

Out[240]:

	Test RMSE
RegressionOnTime	1392.438305
2pointTrailingMovingAverage	811.178937
4pointTrailingMovingAverage	1184.213295
6pointTrailingMovingAverage	1337.200524
9pointTrailingMovingAverage	1422.653281
Alpha=0.995,SimpleExponential Smoothing	1362.428949
Alpha=0.4,Beta=0.1,DoubleExponential Smoothing	1369.140000
Alpha=0.0757,Beta=0.0648,Gamma=0.3765, TripleExponential Smoothing	381.656471

Out[243]:

	Alpha Values	Beta Values	Gamma Values	Train RMSE	Test RMSE
801	0.9	0.1	0.2	463.62	342.32
500	0.6	0.1	0.1	410.03	345.28
611	0.7	0.2	0.2	443.17	356.77
901	1.0	0.1	0.2	487.03	380.68
128	0.2	0.3	0.9	481.09	385.72

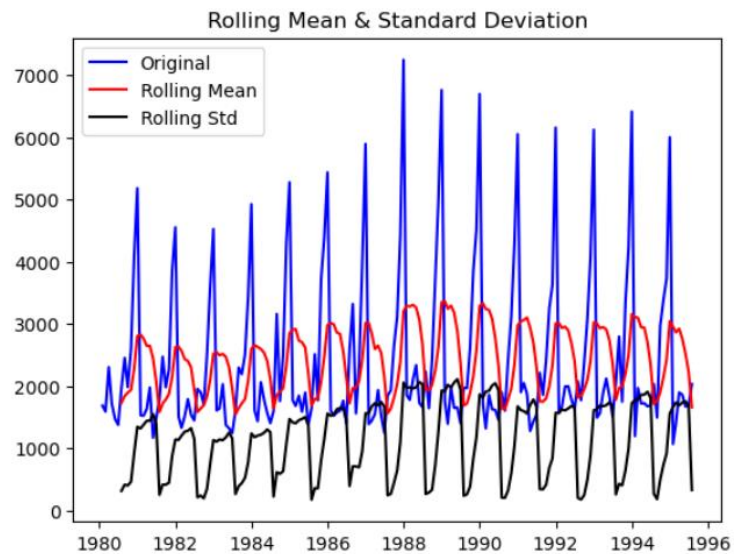


30. Alpha=0.9,Beta=0.1,Gamma=0.2,TripleExponentialSmoothing predictions on Test Set

Out[245]:

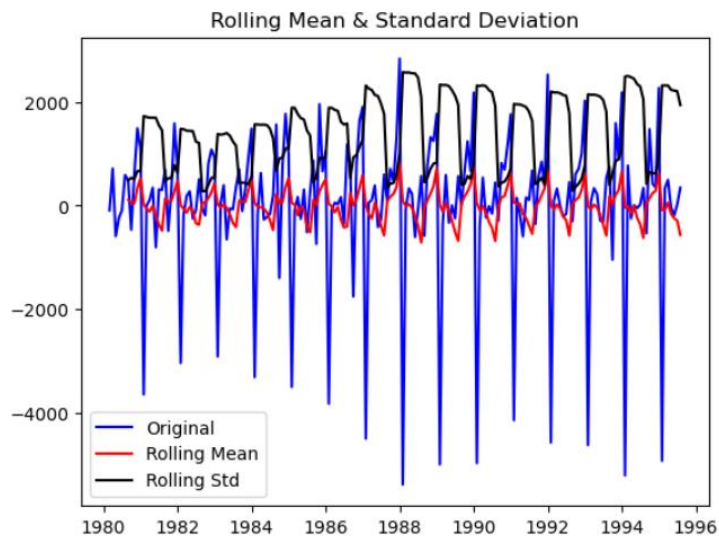
	Test RMSE
RegressionOnTime	1392.438305
2pointTrailingMovingAverage	811.178937
4pointTrailingMovingAverage	1184.213295
6pointTrailingMovingAverage	1337.200524
9pointTrailingMovingAverage	1422.653281
Alpha=0.995,SimpleExponential Smoothing	1362.428949
Alpha=0.4,Beta=0.1,DoubleExponential Smoothing	1369.140000
Alpha=0.0757,Beta=0.0648,Gamma=0.3765, TripleExponential Smoothing	381.656471
Alpha=0.9,Beta=0.1,Gamma=0.2, TripleExponential Smoothing	342.320000

Check for stationarity of the whole Time Series data



```
Results of Dickey-Fuller Test:
Test Statistic      -1.360497
p-value             0.601061
#Lags Used          11.000000
Number of Observations Used  175.000000
Critical Value (1%)   -3.468280
Critical Value (5%)  -2.878202
Critical Value (10%) -2.575653
dtype: float64
```

We see that at 5% significant level the Time Series is non-stationary. Let us take a difference of order 1 and check whether the Time Series is stationary or not.



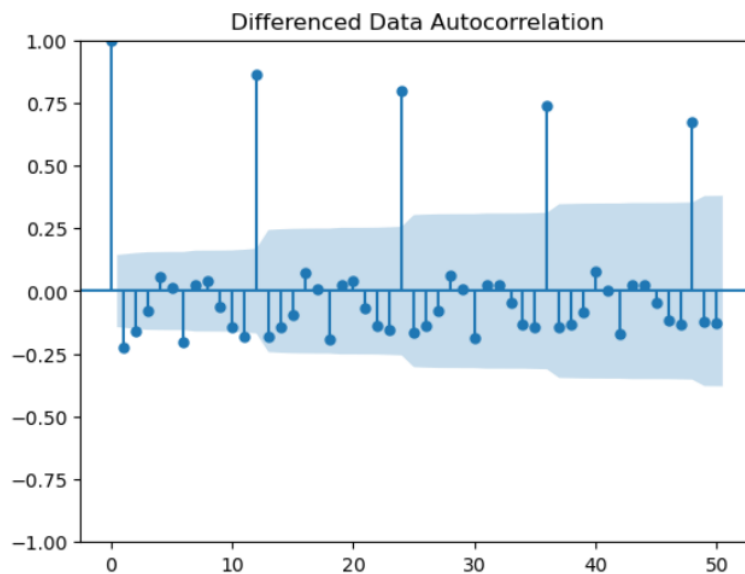
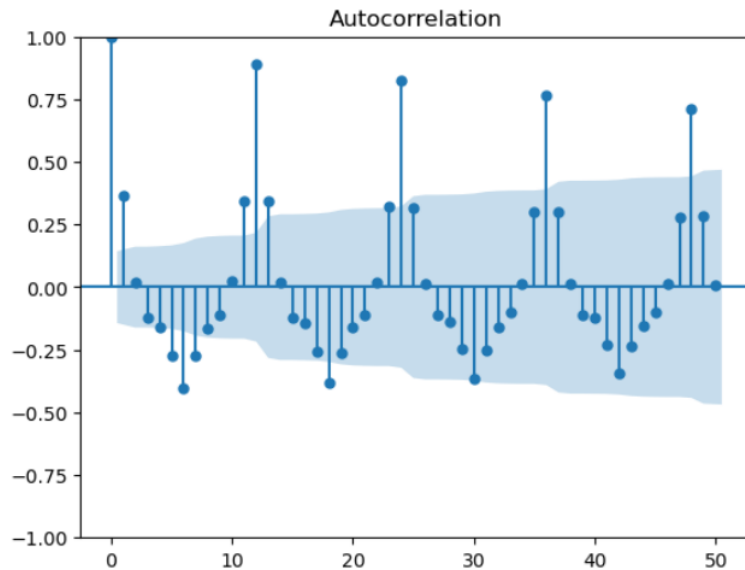
```
Results of Dickey-Fuller Test:
Test Statistic      -45.050301
p-value             0.000000
#Lags Used          10.000000
Number of Observations Used  175.000000
Critical Value (1%)   -3.468280
Critical Value (5%)  -2.878202
Critical Value (10%) -2.575653
dtype: float64
```

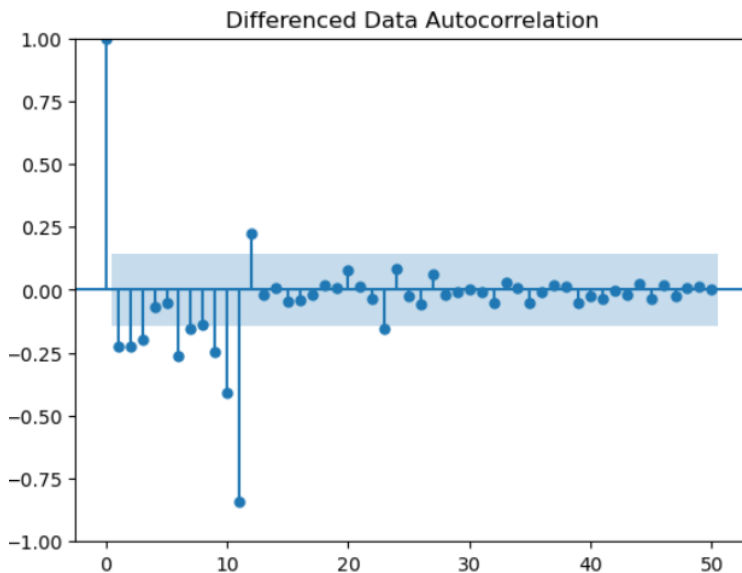
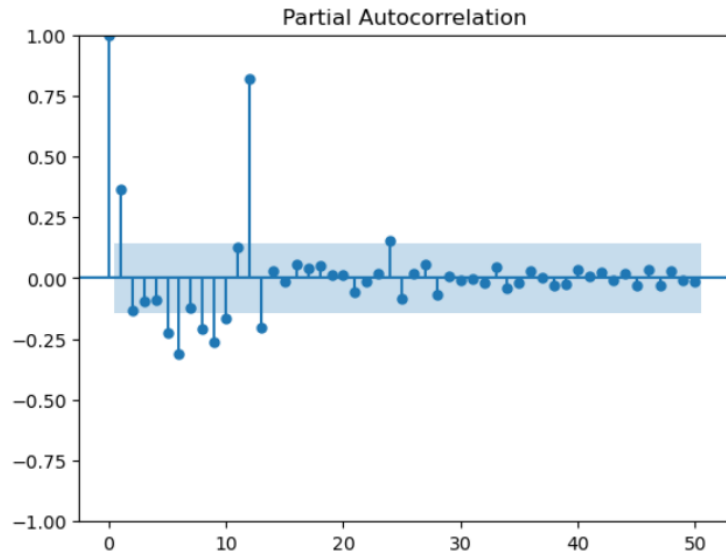
We see that at $\alpha = 0.05$ the Time Series is indeed stationary.

Model Building - Stationary Data

- Generate ACF & PACF Plot and find the AR, MA values. - Build different ARIMA models - Auto ARIMA - Manual ARIMA - Build different SARIMA models - Auto SARIMA - Manual SARIMA - Check the performance of the models built

Plot the Autocorrelation function plots on the whole data.





Build an Automated version of an ARMA model for which the best parameters are selected in accordance with the lowest Akaike Information Criteria (AIC).

Some parameter combinations for the Model...

Model: (0, 0, 1)

Model: (0, 0, 2)

Model: (1, 0, 0)

Model: (1, 0, 1)

Model: (1, 0, 2)

Model: (2, 0, 0)

Model: (2, 0, 1)

Model: (2, 0, 2)

Sort the above AIC values in the ascending order to get the parameters for the minimum AIC value

Out[255]:

	param	AIC
7	(2, 0, 1)	2197.084442
1	(0, 0, 1)	2204.869799
6	(2, 0, 0)	2204.880722
2	(0, 0, 2)	2206.111207
4	(1, 0, 1)	2206.142158
5	(1, 0, 2)	2207.163048
3	(1, 0, 0)	2207.502101
8	(2, 0, 2)	2208.120889
0	(0, 0, 0)	2228.483660

SARIMAX Results						
=====						
Dep. Variable:	Sparkling	No. Observations:	130			
Model:	ARIMA(2, 0, 1)	Log Likelihood	-1093.542			
Date:	Sat, 14 Sep 2024	AIC	2197.084			
Time:	16:11:13	BIC	2211.422			
Sample:	01-31-1980	HQIC	2202.910			
	- 10-31-1990					
Covariance Type:	opg					
=====						
	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]

const	2379.9376	112.866	21.086	0.000	2158.724	2601.151
ar.L1	1.2114	0.135	8.991	0.000	0.947	1.475
ar.L2	-0.4998	0.124	-4.046	0.000	-0.742	-0.258
ma.L1	-0.8128	0.152	-5.349	0.000	-1.111	-0.515
sigma2	1.182e+06	1.28e+05	9.214	0.000	9.31e+05	1.43e+06
=====						
Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):	0.02	Jarque-Bera (JB):	39.43			
Prob(Q):	0.90	Prob(JB):	0.00			
Heteroskedasticity (H):	2.19	Skew:	0.96			
Prob(H) (two-sided):	0.01	Kurtosis:	4.90			
=====						

Warnings:

[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).

Out[259]:

	Test RMSE
RegressionOnTime	1392.438305
2pointTrailingMovingAverage	811.178937
4pointTrailingMovingAverage	1184.213295
6pointTrailingMovingAverage	1337.200524
9pointTrailingMovingAverage	1422.653281
Alpha=0.995,SimpleExponentialSmoothing	1362.428949
Alpha=0.4,Beta=0.1,DoubleExponentialSmoothing	1369.140000
Alpha=0.0757,Beta=0.0648,Gamma=0.3765,TripleExponentialSmoothing	381.656471
Alpha=0.9,Beta=0.1,Gamma=0.2,TripleExponentialSmoothing	342.320000
ARIMA(2,0,1)	1338.139913

For Auto-ARIMA Model forecast accuracy_score on the Test Data, RMSE is 1338.140

```

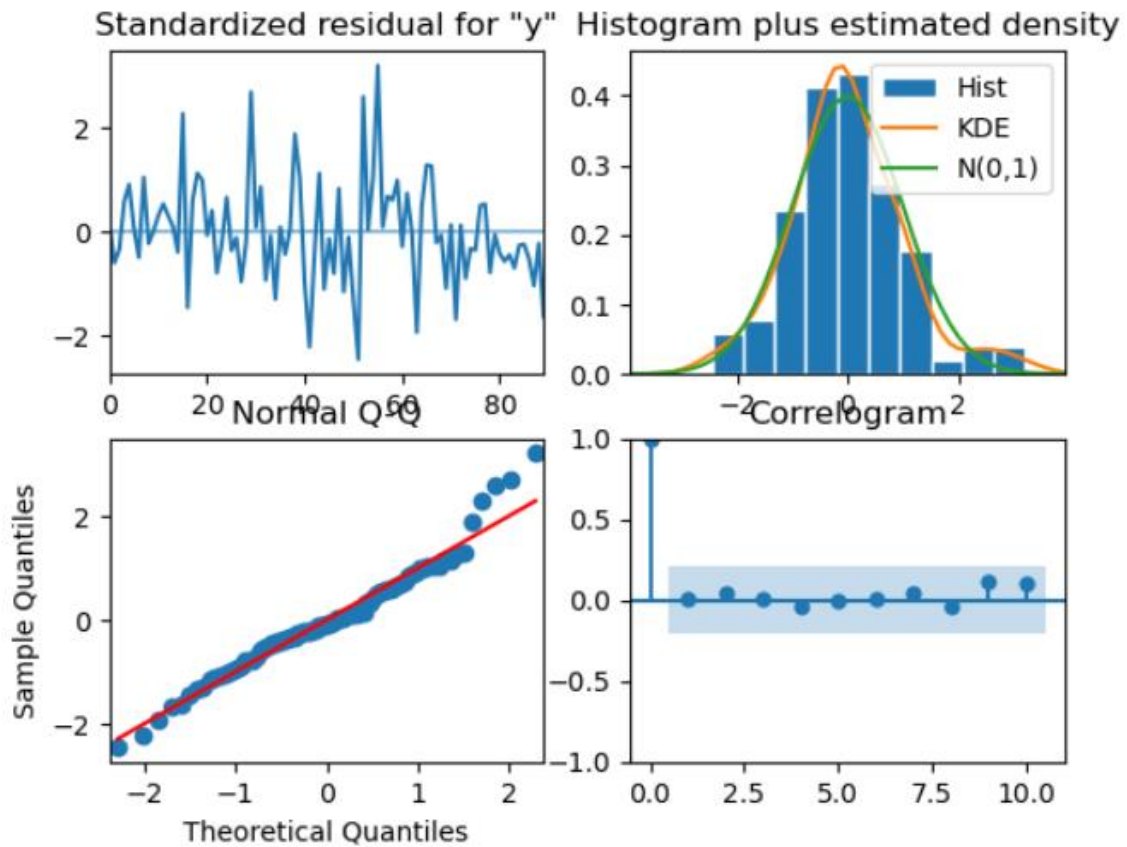
=====
SARIMAX Results
=====
Dep. Variable:          y          No. Observations:          130
Model:                SARIMAX(1, 1, 2)x(0, 1, 2, 12)    Log Likelihood          -669.850
Date:                  Sat, 14 Sep 2024                AIC                  1351.700
Time:                  16:15:30                        BIC                  1366.699
Sample:                0                               HQIC                  1357.749
                    - 130
Covariance Type:      opg
=====
              coef      std err          z      P>|z|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
ar.L1          -0.5355        0.225       -2.380      0.017      -0.977      -0.094
ma.L1          -0.2232        0.259       -0.862      0.389      -0.731       0.284
ma.L2          -0.7768        0.162       -4.802      0.000      -1.094      -0.460
ma.S.L12        -0.3970        0.094       -4.231      0.000      -0.581      -0.213
ma.S.L24        -0.0105        0.137       -0.077      0.938      -0.278       0.257
sigma2         1.649e+05    1.47e-06    1.12e+11      0.000    1.65e+05    1.65e+05
=====
Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):                0.01    Jarque-Bera (JB):                8.58
Prob(Q):                          0.92    Prob(JB):                0.01
Heteroskedasticity (H):            0.83    Skew:                    0.50
Prob(H) (two-sided):              0.62    Kurtosis:                4.14
=====

```

Warnings:

[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).

[2] Covariance matrix is singular or near-singular, with condition number 2.03e+26. Standard errors may be unstable.

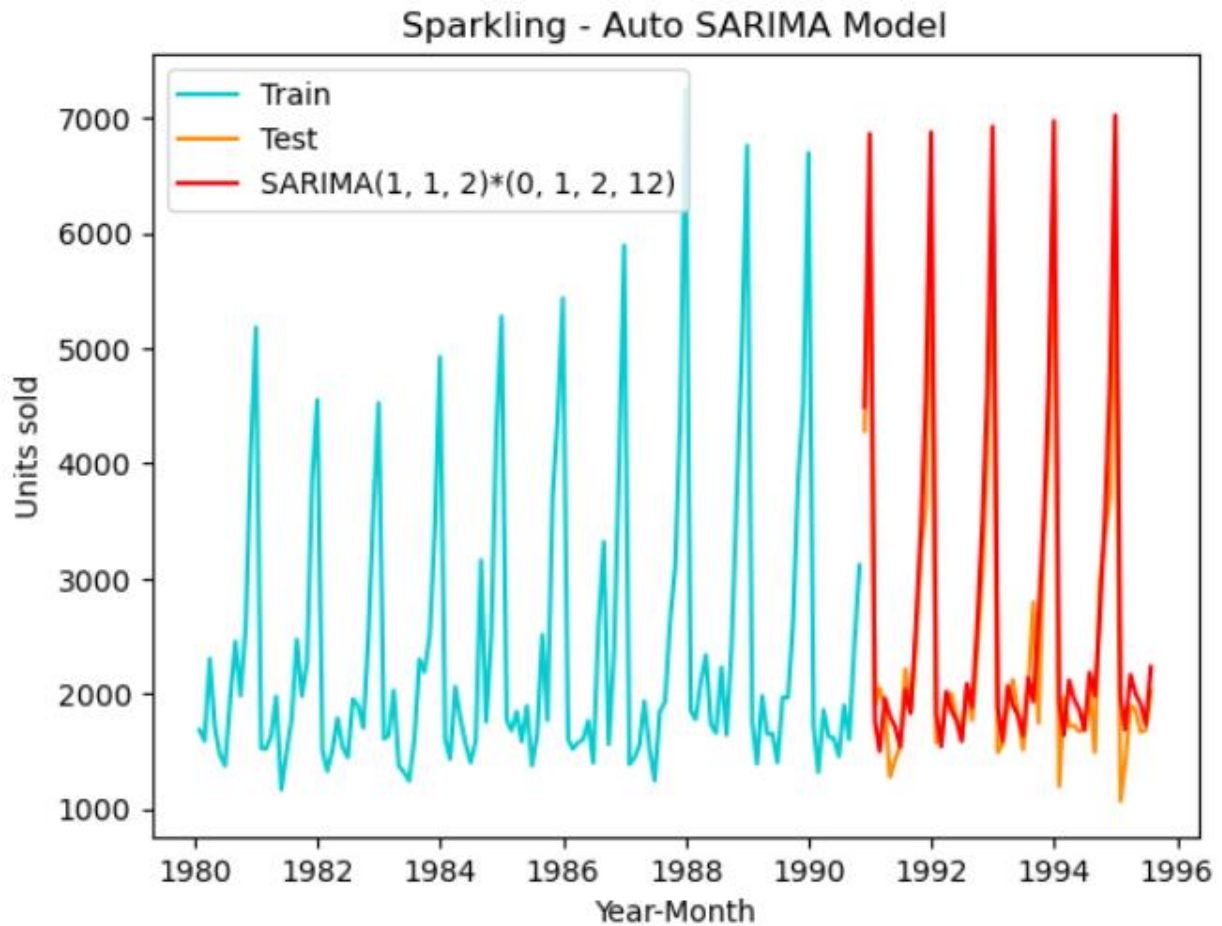


Predict on the Test Set using this model and evaluate the model.

Out[272]:

Test RMSE

SARIMA(1, 1, 2)*(0, 1, 2, 12)	440.186889
--------------------------------------	------------



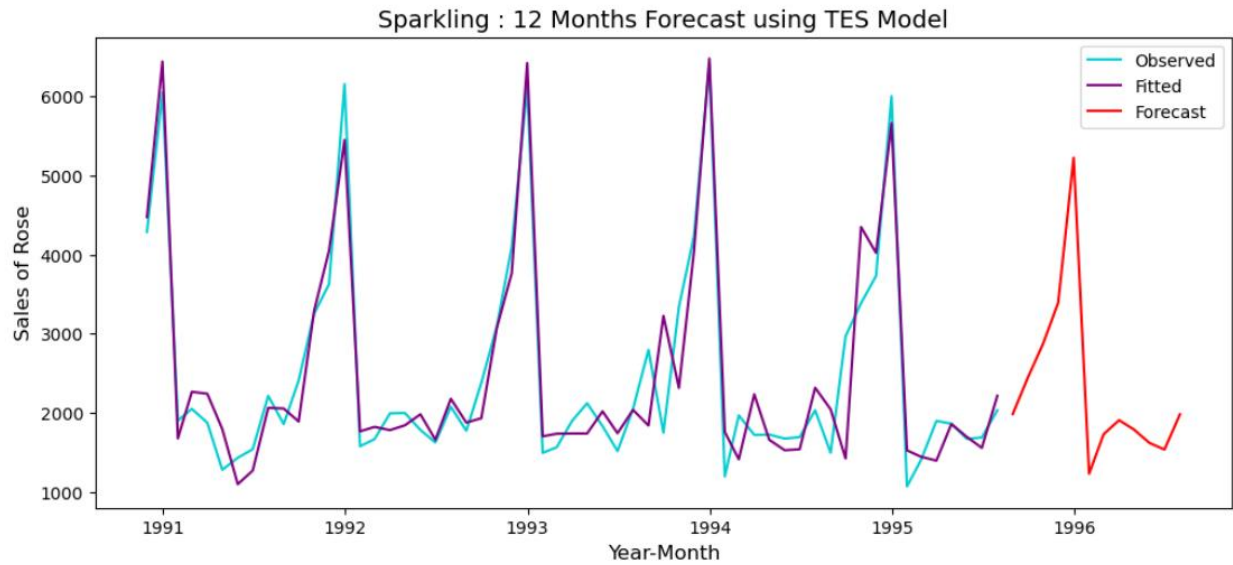
Actionable Insights & Recommendations

- Conclude with the key takeaways (actionable insights and recommendations) for the business

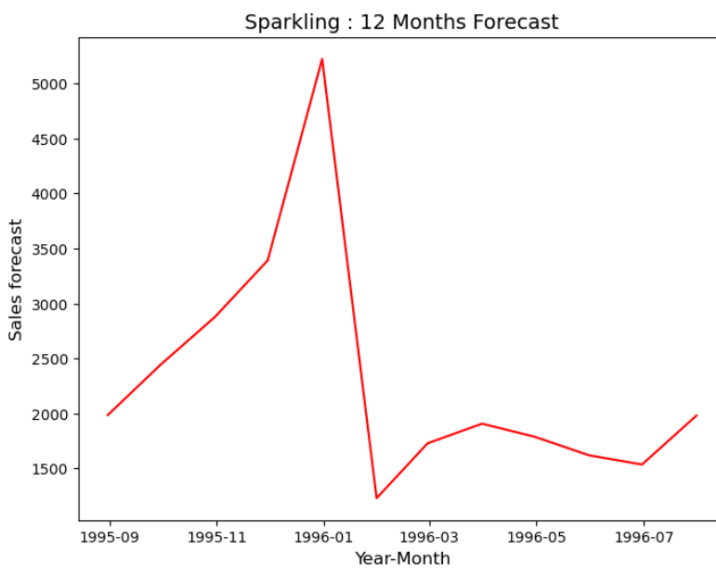
Based on the results, Triple exponential smoothing has lower RMSE of 342.320000

Alpha=0.9,Beta=0.1,Gamma=0.2,TripleExponentialSmoothing

For Triple Exponential Smoothing Model forecast on the Entire Data, RMSE is 465.106



31. Sparkling : 12 Months Forecast using TES Model



32. Sparkling : 12 Months Forecast

```
Out[279]: count    12.000000
          mean     2308.663554
          std      1096.319790
          min      1229.894929
          25%      1700.977209
          50%      1943.818134
          75%      2550.539170
          max      5222.324482
          dtype: float64
```

The maximum sales forecast is expected to be 5222 units in the starting month of 1996 and the sales will tend to decrease to 1229.89 between the first month and the third month of 1996.