

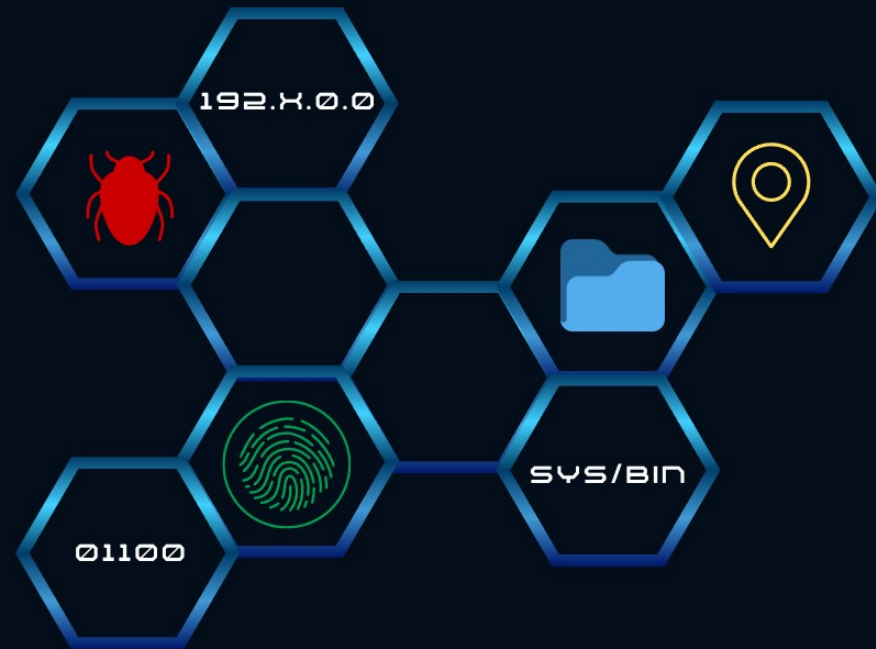
CRA TIP

CYBER RISK ASSESSMENT & THREAT INTELLIGENCE PLATFORM

"A CYBERATTACK HAPPENS
EVERY 39 SECONDS"

PROBLEM STATEMENT

Existing cyber security solutions generate large volumes of fragmented and highly technical data from scanning, vulnerability analysis, and threat intelligence tools. These outputs are difficult to correlate, prioritize, and interpret, and they largely focus on current or past threats. As a result, organizations struggle not only to understand present cyber risks but also to anticipate potential future risks, leading to reactive and delayed security decisions.



SOLUTION STATEMENT

This project proposes a multi-layered Cyber Risk Assessment and Threat Intelligence system developed in Python that integrates network scanning, threat intelligence enrichment, risk scoring, predictive analysis, AI-based summarization, and visualization into a unified platform. The system correlates data from multiple trusted sources, prioritizes risks based on real-world exploitability, predicts potential risk trends, and explains security insights in simple natural language through an interactive dashboard.

SOLUTION FLOWCHART

USER INPUT

VULNERABILITY SCAN

THREAT ANALYSIS

RISK SCORING

DASHBOARD

Vulnerability Scanning Engine



VULNERABILITY SCANNING ENGINE

WHAT IS VULNERABILITY SCANNING ENGINE?

The Vulnerability Scanning Engine acts as the critical entry point of our system. Its primary role is to actively scan designated targets – whether an IP address, a domain, a range, or a CIDR block – to identify what's exposed.

WHY DO WE NEED IT?

Without a robust scanning mechanism, a vulnerability assessment cannot begin. This engine is crucial for the following:

- Discovering live hosts within a specified network segment.
- Identifying open ports, which often indicate active services.
- Pinpointing running services and their specific versions, which are key to identifying known vulnerabilities.

SCANNING ENGINE WORK FLOW

Target Validation



Verifies scope
&
IP legitimacy

Nmap Execution



Active &
passive
scanning

Scan Execution



Open
ports & running
services

Port & Service Discover



CVE
misconfiguration
checks

Vulnerability Detection



CVE
&
impact analysis

Risk Scoring



Severity
&
impact analysis

Structured JSON Output



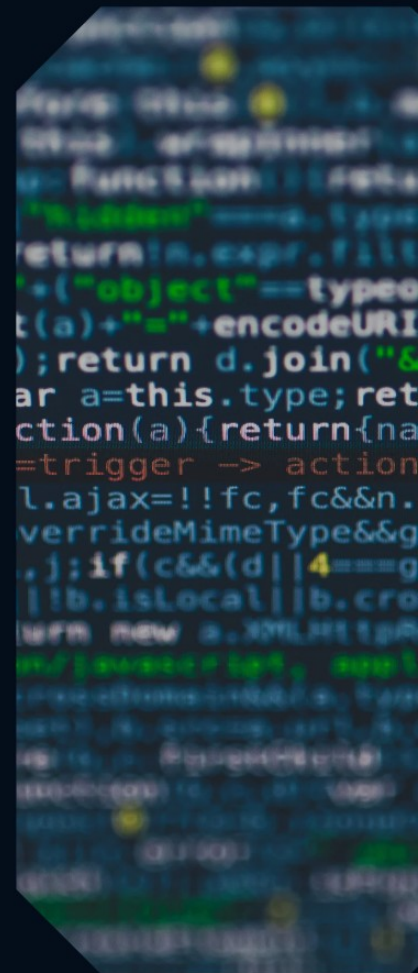
Machine
Readable
Data

"AUTOMATES VULNERABILITY DETECTION AND RISK SCORING BY TRANSFORMING RAW SCAN DATA INTO STRUCTURED SECURITY INTELLIGENCE."

THREAT INTELLIGENCE

WHY THREAT INTELLIGENCE ?

- Converts raw scan data into actionable intelligence.
- Interprets scan results for informed decision-making.
- Bridges scanning output and risk analysis layers.
- Prevents alert overload from raw vulnerability data.



3 - TIER INTEL



The approach is a three-tier intelligence model designed to provide 360° threat visibility.

EXPOSURE INTELLIGENCE

- Identifies internet-exposed assets using Shodan
- Highlights potential attack surfaces

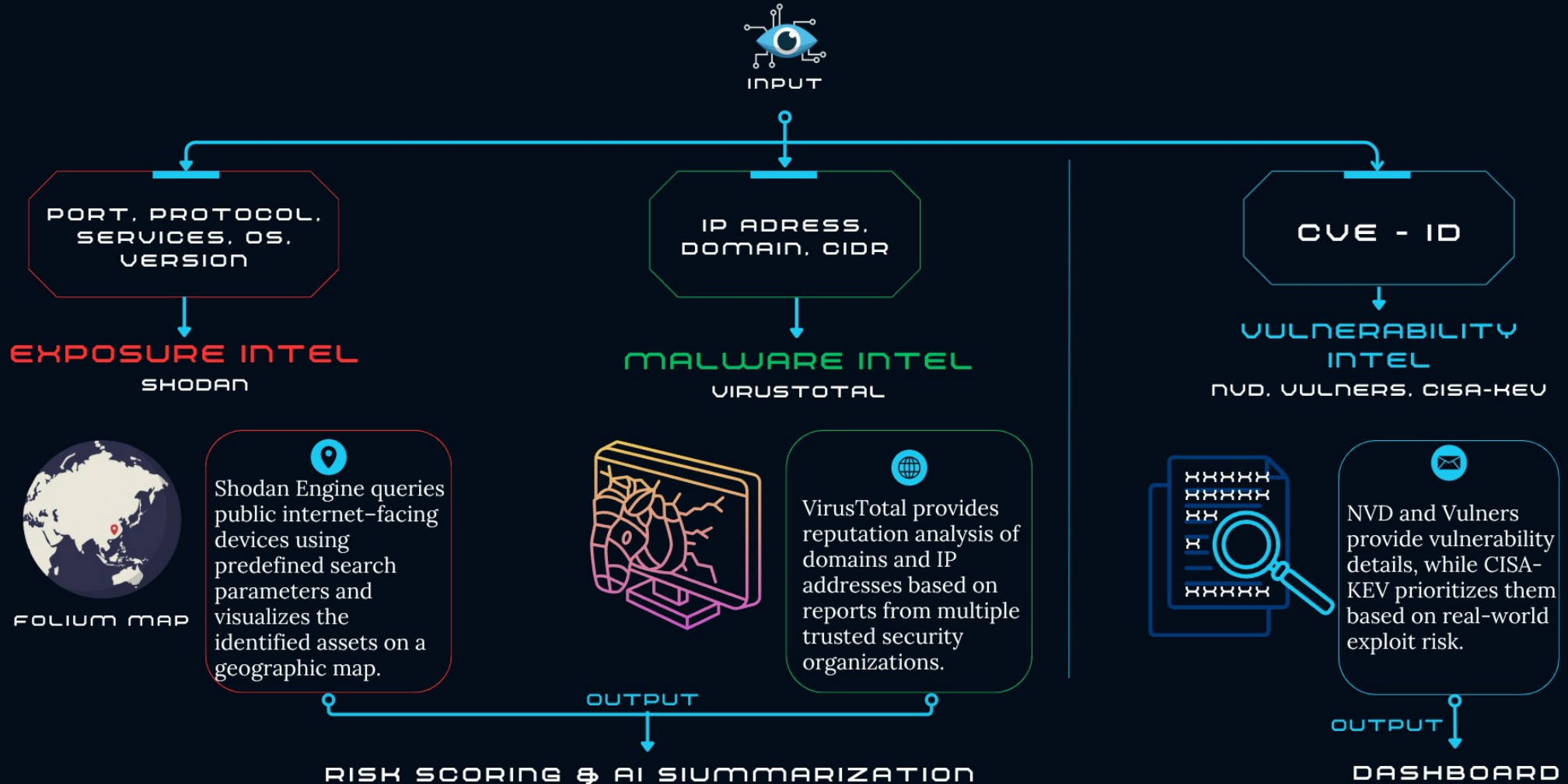
MALWARE INTELLIGENCE

- Evaluates IPs and domains using VirusTotal
- Detects malicious history and trust level

VULNERABILITY INTELLIGENCE

- Enriches detected CVEs using NVD & Vulners
- Prioritizes critical risks using CISA-KEV

INTERNAL WORKFLOW



RISK SCORING ENGINE



WHY RISK SCORING ENGINE ?

- Risk Scoring Engine that transforms raw vulnerability and threat intelligence data into prioritized cyber risk to support effective security decision-making.

APPROACHES :

- Combines CVSS severity scores with EPSS exploit probability
- Applies risk analytics to rank vulnerabilities based on real-world impact
- Produces actionable risk insights instead of raw technical data

RISK SCORING ENGINE INTERGATION



GenAI-based
Risk Summary:

Summarize about json data
from threat intelligence

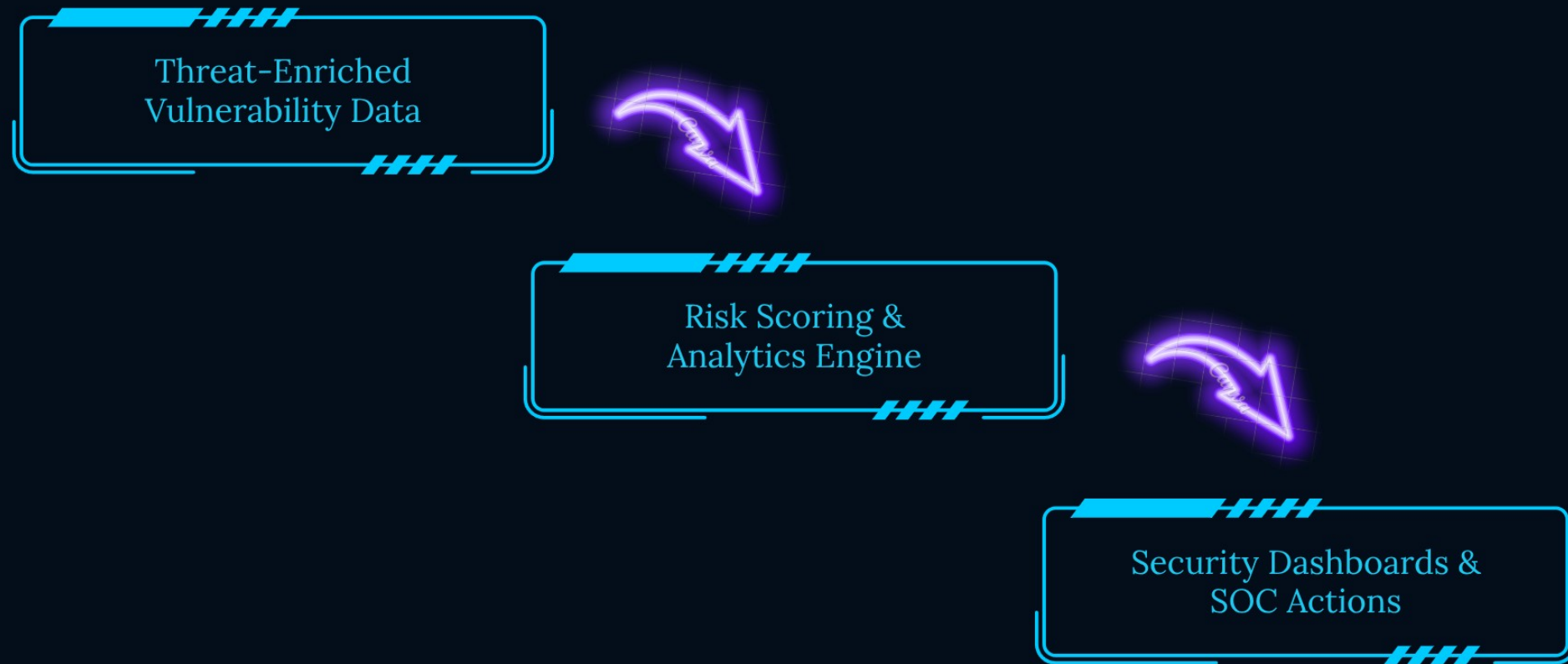
Prediction of
EPSS Score:

Exploitcity of vulnerability

NLQ (Natural Language
Queries):

Chatbot interface

RISK SCORING ENGINE WORKFLOW



DASHBOARD

Interface for Visualizing Cyber Risks & Threat Insights

- Acts as the presentation layer, consolidating insights generated by all backend services
- All scanning, threat processing, and risk evaluation occur server-side; the dashboard is dedicated to display and user interaction



1. Dashboard Overview

- **Role:** User-facing interface of the platform.
- Consolidates outputs from backend processes
- **Enables:**
 - Scan monitoring
 - Risk & threat analysis
 - Viewing and reporting security alerts

Architecture Approach

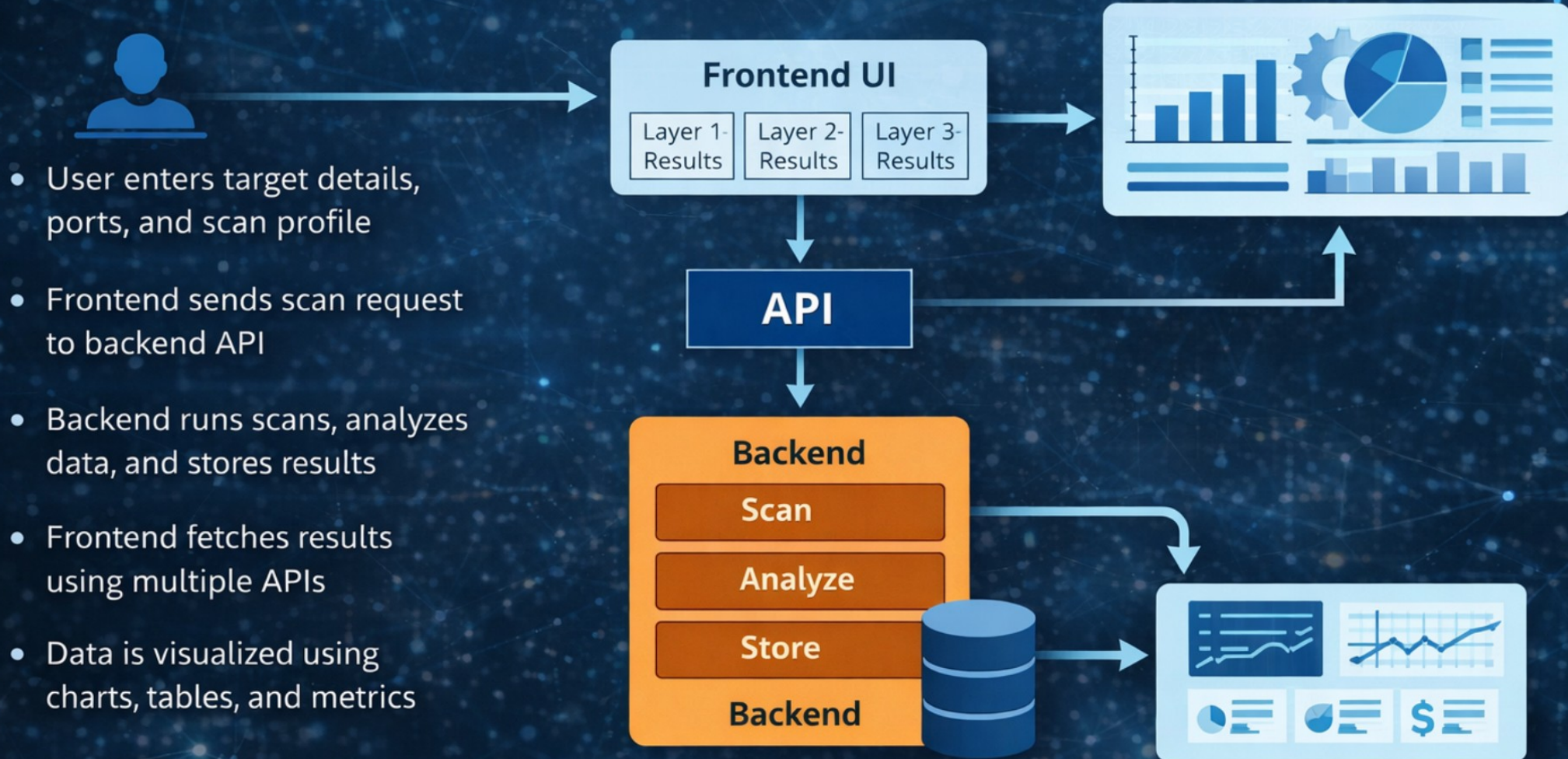
API-Centric, Modular Dashboard Design

- **Separation of Concerns:**
 - Backend: scanning, threat intelligence, risk scoring
 - Frontend: visualization & user interaction
- **Layer-Aware Design**
 - Each dashboard tab corresponds to backend layer

3 Technology Stack

- **Streamlit** – UI framework
- **Python** – Core language
- **Pandas** – Data manipulation
- **Plotly** – Interactive visualizations
- **REST APIs (FastAPI backend)** – Data communication

Working



WATCH THE LIVE ACTION!

Theme

Mode

Dark

Light

Scan Inputs

Targets (IP / Host / CIDR)

scanme.nmap.org

Ports (optional)

22,80,443 or 1-1000

Upload target file (.txt)

Drag and drop file here

Limit 200MB per file • TXT

Browse files

Scan Profile

Normal

Run Scan

Reset All Tabs

Deploy

Cyber Risk Assessment Dashboard

Scan Profile: nmap 20:25:47

Overview

Nmap

Vulnerability Insights

Threat Summary

Threat Intel

Risk Analysis

Alerts

AI Analyst

Overview

Scan Type: nmap | Scan Time: 2026-01-19T14:53:24.619916

Total Hosts

1

Total Findings

3

Threat Score

19

Risk Level

Low

Findings Severity Distribution

Severity	Count	Percentage
High	1	33.3%
Medium	1	33.3%
Low	1	33.3%
Critical	0	0%

Cyber Risk Assessment Dashboard

Scan Profile: nmap 20:25:47

[Overview](#) [Nmap](#) [Vulnerability Insights](#) [Threat Summary](#) [Threat Intel](#) [Risk Analysis](#) [Alerts](#) [AI Analyst](#) [Reports](#)

Global Threat Intelligence



FUTURE SCOPE OF CRATIP

PERSONALIZATION SUPPORT

- Role-based dashboards (Admin, Analyst, Manager)
- Custom risk thresholds and alerts
- Organization-specific security policies

REAL-TIME MONITORING & ALERTS

- Continuous scanning instead of periodic scans
- Real-time alerts for critical vulnerabilities
- Email / SMS / webhook notifications

AUTOMATED THREAT RESPONSE (SOAR)

- Auto-isolate vulnerable systems
- Automated ticket creation for incidents
- Suggested mitigation steps using AI



A person wearing a dark hoodie is seen from behind, sitting at a desk in a dimly lit room. They are looking at several computer monitors. The primary monitor in the center displays a complex interface with multiple panels of code, data visualizations, and charts. To the left, another monitor shows a map of the world. The background is dark, with a city skyline and lights visible through a window. The overall atmosphere is one of focused, late-night work or hacking.

THANK YOU!