

# Serverless Data Processing (CSCI 5410)

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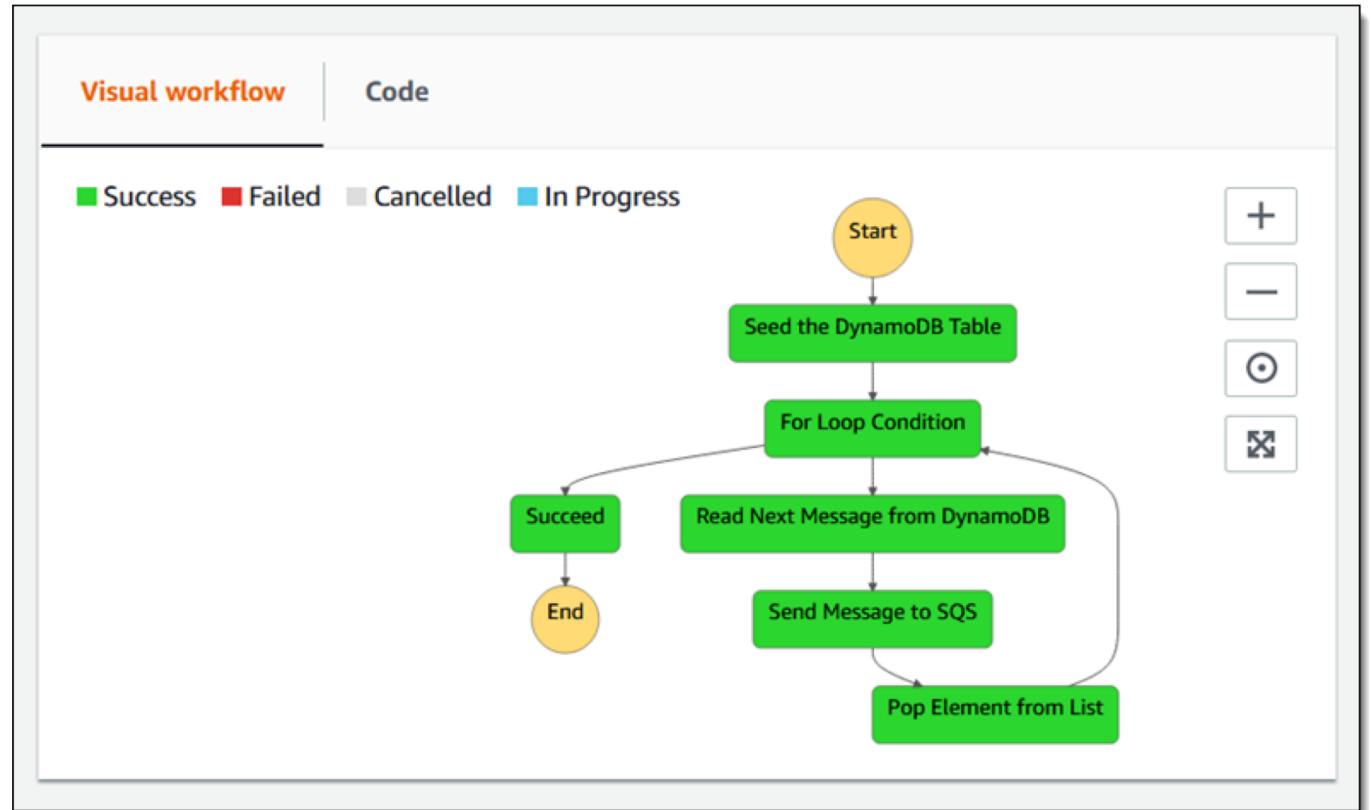
# Outline

AWS Step Functions



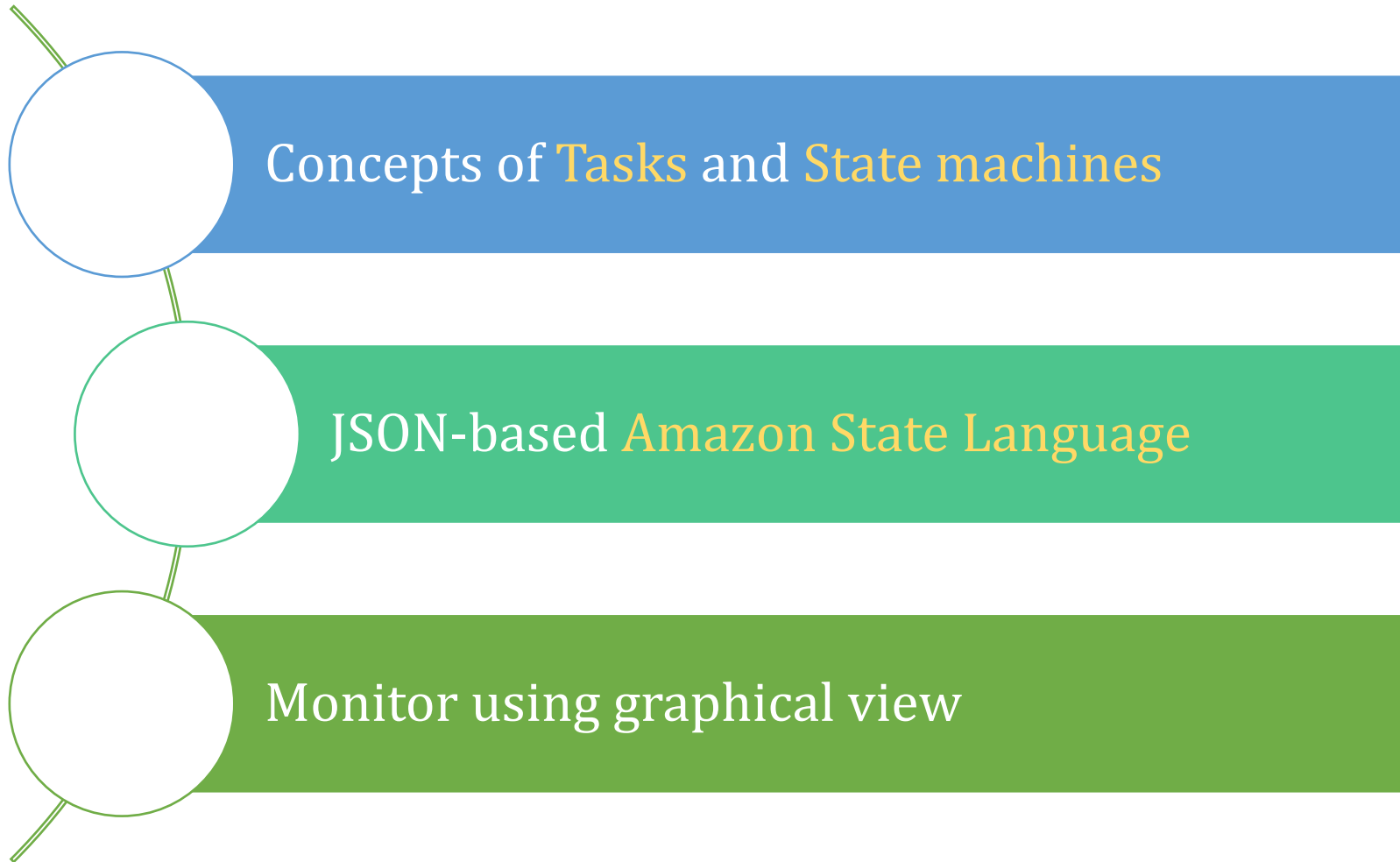
# Step Functions

- AWS Step Functions is a web service that enables us to coordinate components of distributed applications and microservices using visual workflows.



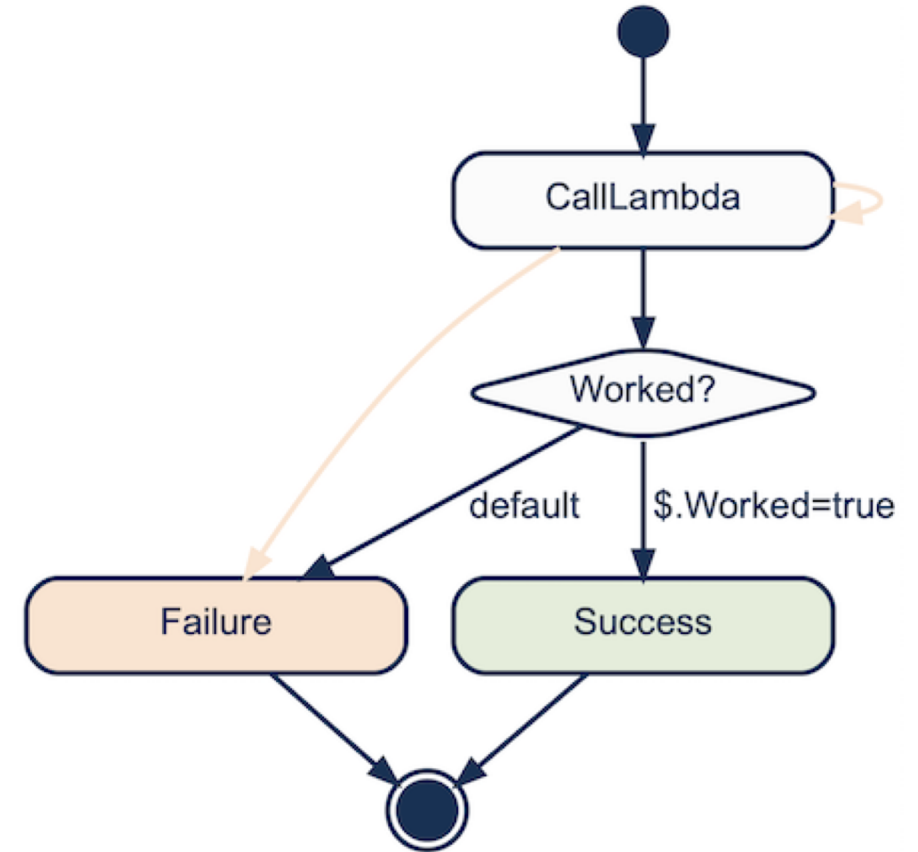
<https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/aws/new-compute-database-messaging-analytics-and-machine-learning-integration-for-aws-step-functions/>

# Overview of Step Functions



# What is a State Machine?

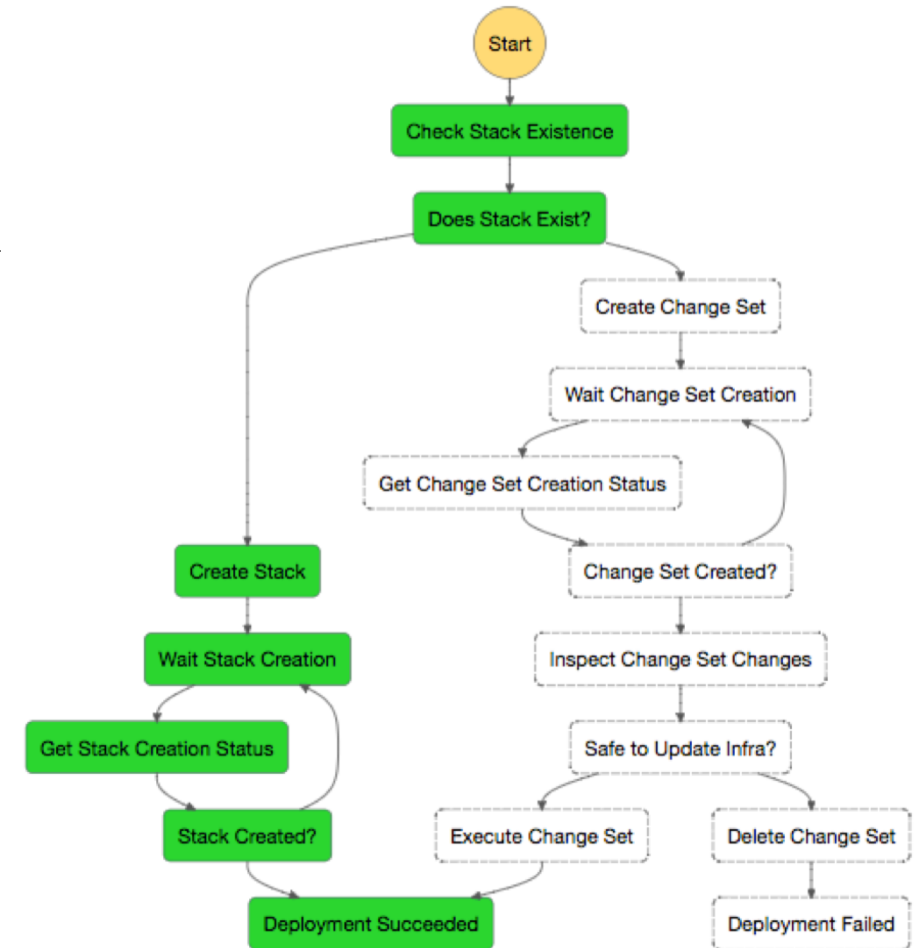
- A state machine contains finite number of states and some input-output.
- States are elements in the state machine.
  - Must be unique within the scope of the entire state machine.
- Individual states can make decisions based on their input, perform actions, and pass output to other states.



<https://blog.coinbase.com/aws-step-functions-state-machines-bifrost-and-building-deployers-5e3745fe645b>

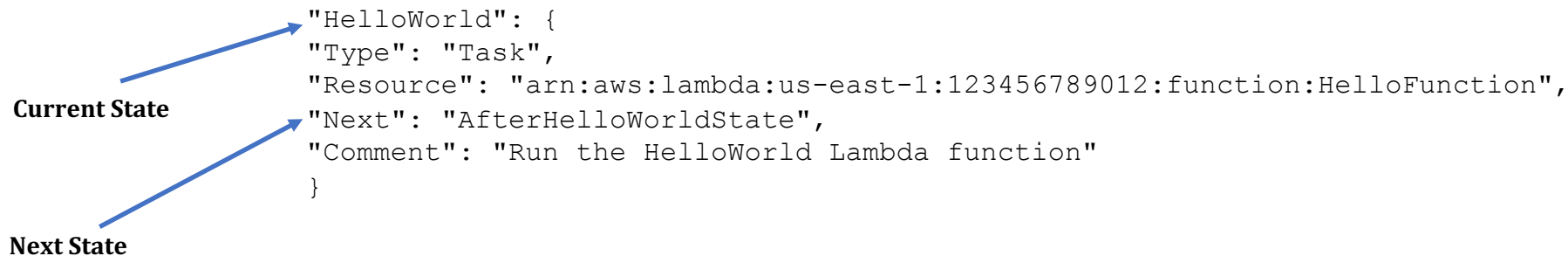
# What can states perform in a state machine?

- A state can perform some tasks
- Make a choice between branches of execution
  - E.g. Stop an execution with success or a failure
- Simply pass its input to its output
- Provide a delay for a certain amount of time
- Begin parallel branches of execution



# Features shared by States

- A **Type** field associated with each state indicates its type.
- An optional **Comment** field, which indicates human-readable description
- Each state (except a **Succeed** or **Fail** state) requires a **Next** field or, alternatively, can become a terminal state by specifying an **End** field.
- A **Choice** state may have more than one **Next**, but only one within each Choice Rule. A **Choice** state cannot use **End**.



The diagram shows a JSON object representing a state. Two blue arrows originate from the left. The top arrow, labeled 'Current State', points to the 'HelloWorld' object. The bottom arrow, labeled 'Next State', points to the 'Next' field value 'AfterHelloWorldState'.

```
"HelloWorld": {  
  "Type": "Task",  
  "Resource": "arn:aws:lambda:us-east-1:123456789012:function:HelloFunction",  
  "Next": "AfterHelloWorldState",  
  "Comment": "Run the HelloWorld Lambda function"  
}
```

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/step-functions/latest/dg/concepts-states.html>

# Structure of a State Machine

- State machines are defined using JSON text that represents a structure.
- Some fields, such as (**StartAt**, **States**) are required
- Other fields (**Comment**, **TimeoutSeconds**, **Version**) are optional

```
{  
    "State1" : {  
    },  
    "State2" : {  
    },  
    ...  
}
```

```
{  
  "Comment": "A Hello World example of the Amazon States Language using a Pass state",  
  "StartAt": "HelloWorld",  
  "States": {  
    "HelloWorld": {  
      "Type": "Pass",  
      "Result": "Hello World!",  
      "End": true  
    }  
  }  
}
```



# Create a State Machine (1-3)

## Create role



### Review

Provide the required information below and review this role before you create it.

**Role name\***

Use alphanumeric and '+,=,.,@,-\_ ' characters. Maximum 64 characters.

**Role description**

Maximum 1000 characters. Use alphanumeric and '+,=,.,@,-\_ ' characters.

**Trusted entities** AWS service: states.amazonaws.com

**Policies**  [AWSLambdaRole](#) 

**Permissions boundary** Permissions boundary is not set

No tags were added.

## Create function [Info](#)

Choose one of the following options to create your function.

### Author from scratch

Start with a simple Hello World example.



### Use a blueprint

Build a Lambda application from sam common use cases.



### Basic information

#### Function name

Enter a name that describes the purpose of your function.

Use only letters, numbers, hyphens, or underscores with no spaces.

#### Runtime [Info](#)

Choose the language to use to write your function.

#### Permissions [Info](#)

Lambda will create an execution role with permission to upload logs to Amazon CloudWatch Logs. You can configure and modify permissions further wh

► [Choose or create an execution role](#)

# Create a State Machine (2-3)

## Generate Lambda Invoke task state

Generate a code snippet for a task state which calls the AWS Lambda Invoke API. [Learn more](#)

### Lambda function

The Lambda function to invoke.

Enter function

arn:aws:lambda:us-east-1:070088211879:function:addFirstLastName

Must be a valid Lambda Function ARN.

### Payload

The JSON that you want to provide to your Lambda function as input.

Enter payload

```
"first_name"="Saurabh",  
"last_name"="Dey"  
}
```

Must be valid JSON.

### ☐ Wait for callback with task token

Adds `.waitForTaskToken` to the resource ARN. This tells Step Functions to pause the execution until it receives a callback from `SendTaskSuccess` or `SendTaskFailure` APIs with the token. [Learn more](#)

### ► Task state options

### Preview

```
"Invoke Lambda function": {  
  "Type": "Task",  
  "Resource": "arn:aws:states:::lambda:invoke",  
  "Parameters": {  
    "FunctionName": "arn:aws:lambda:us-east-1:070088211879:function:addFirstLastName",  
    "Payload": {  
      "Input": "{\n  \"first_name\"=\"Saurabh\",  
  \"last_name\"=\"Dey\"\n}"  
    }  
  },  
  "Next": "NEXT_STATE"  
}
```

Cancel

Copy to clipboard

# Create a State Machine (3-3)

## Definition

Define your workflow using [Amazon States Language](#). Refresh the graph to render the definition.

Export Layout

Generate code snippet

Format JSON

```
1 {
2   "StartAt": "InvokeLambda",
3   "States": {
4     "InvokeLambda": {
5       "End": true,
6       "Type": "Task",
7       "Resource": "arn:aws:states:::lambda:invoke",
8       "Parameters": {
9         "FunctionName": "arn:aws:lambda:us-east-1:070088211879:function:addFirstLastName",
10        "Payload": {
11          "Input": {
12            "first_name": "Saurabh",
13            "last_name": "Dey"
14          }
15        }
16      }
17    }
18  }
19 }
```

↺

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```
graph TD; Start((Start)) --> InvokeLambda[InvokeLambda]; InvokeLambda --> End((End));
```

The graph shows a linear workflow starting with a yellow circle labeled 'Start', followed by a dashed rectangular task labeled 'InvokeLambda', and ending with a yellow circle labeled 'End'.

# Questions to Consider

- How does AWS step function help in debugging?
- Is it possible to automate a process using AWS step function?

