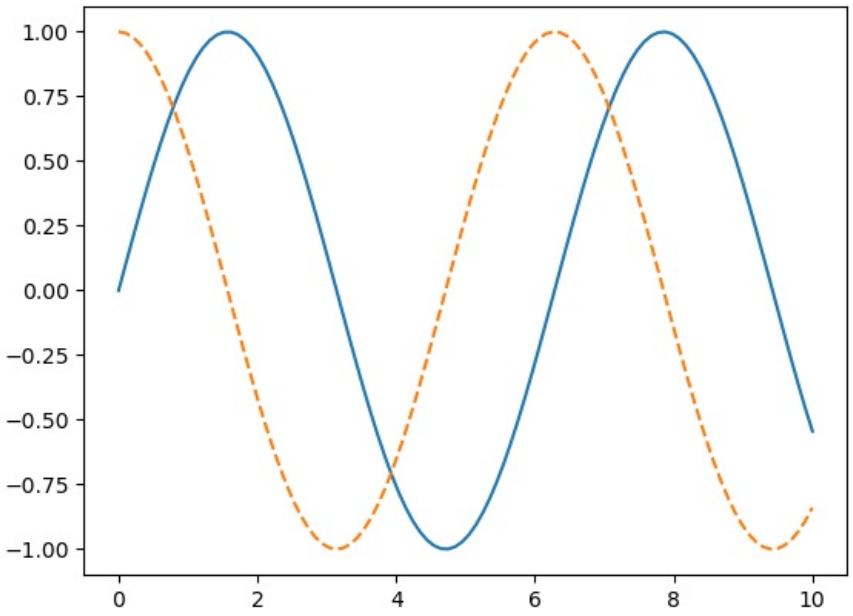
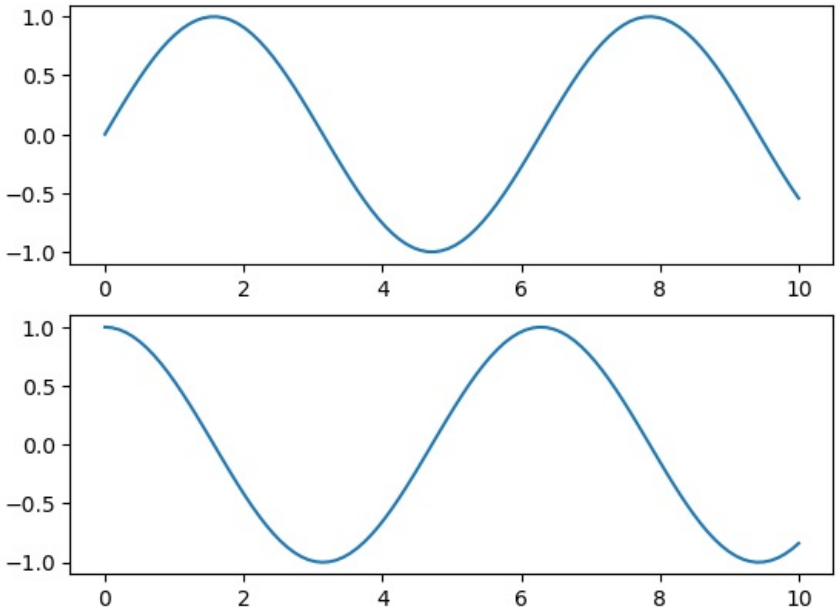
In [1]:
```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

In [2]:
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

In [3]:
```
%matplotlib inline
x1 = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)
plt.plot(x1, np.sin(x1), '-')
plt.plot(x1, np.cos(x1), '--');
```



In [4]:
```
plt.figure()
plt.subplot(2, 1, 1)   # (rows, columns, panel number)
plt.plot(x1, np.sin(x1))
plt.subplot(2, 1, 2)   # (rows, columns, panel number)
plt.plot(x1, np.cos(x1));
```

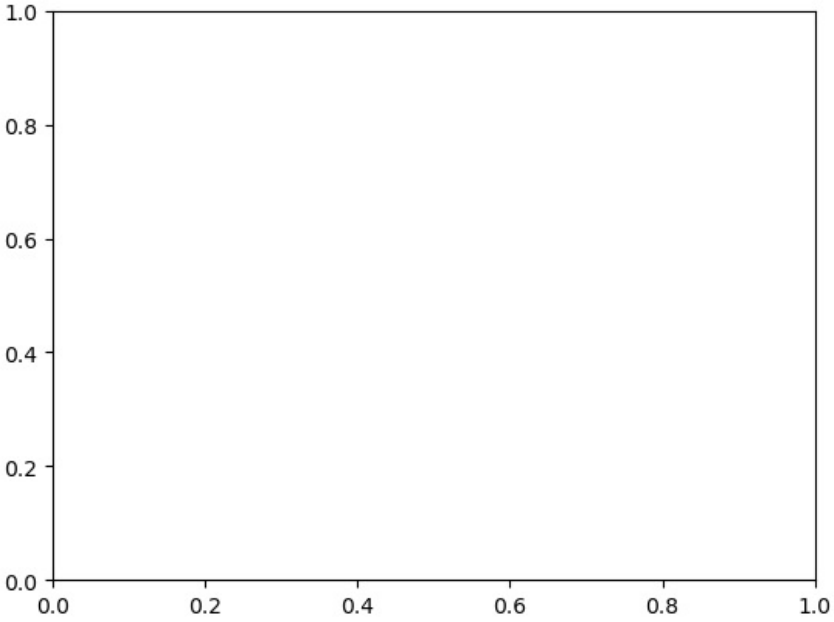


In [5]:
```
# get current figure information
print(plt.gcf())
```

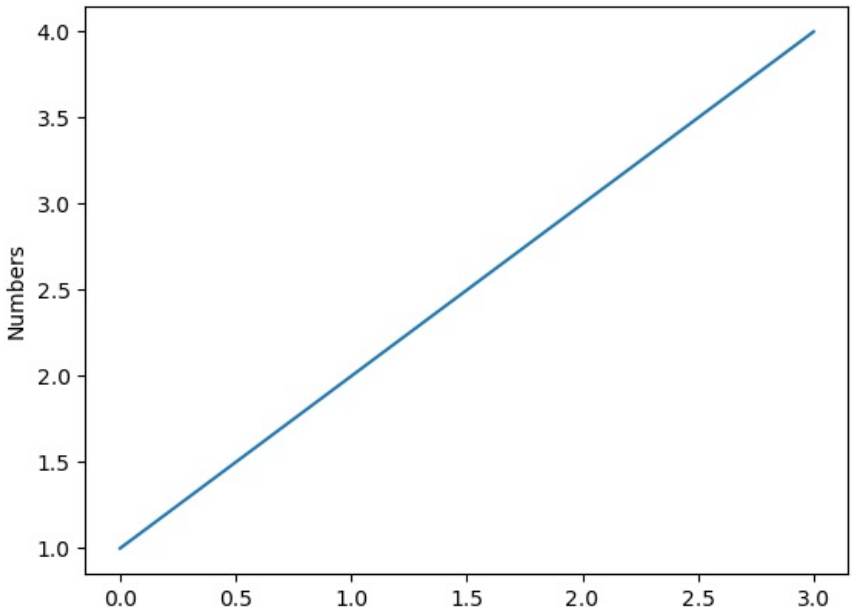
```
Figure(640x480)
<Figure size 640x480 with 0 Axes>
```

In [6]:
```
# get current axis information
print(plt.gca())
```

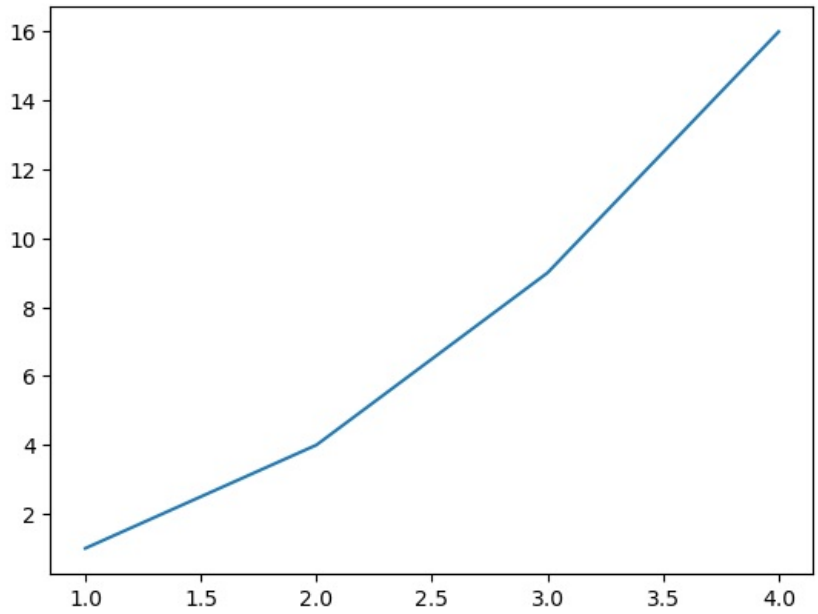
```
Axes(0.125,0.11;0.775x0.77)
```



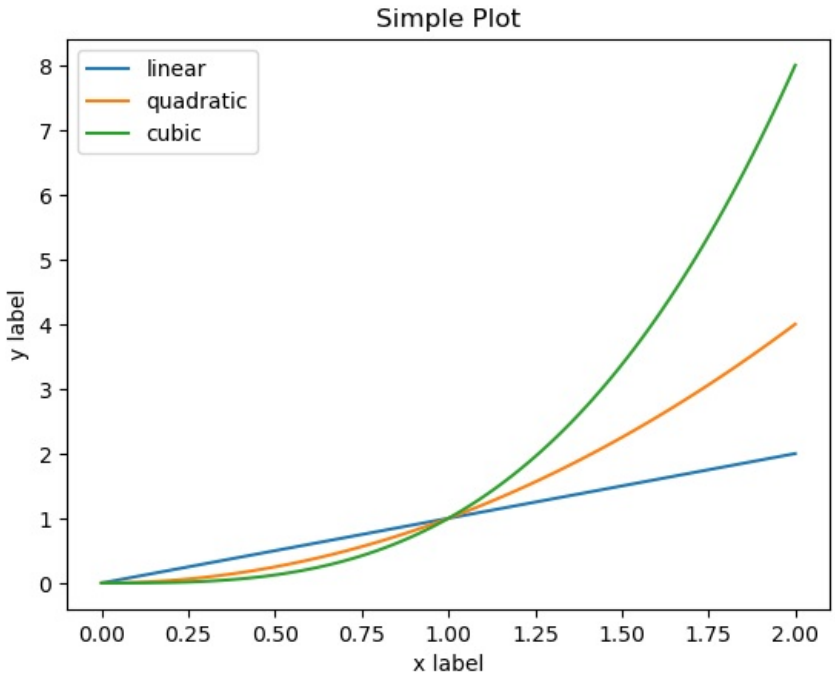
In [7]:
```
plt.plot([1, 2, 3, 4])
plt.ylabel('Numbers')
plt.show()
```



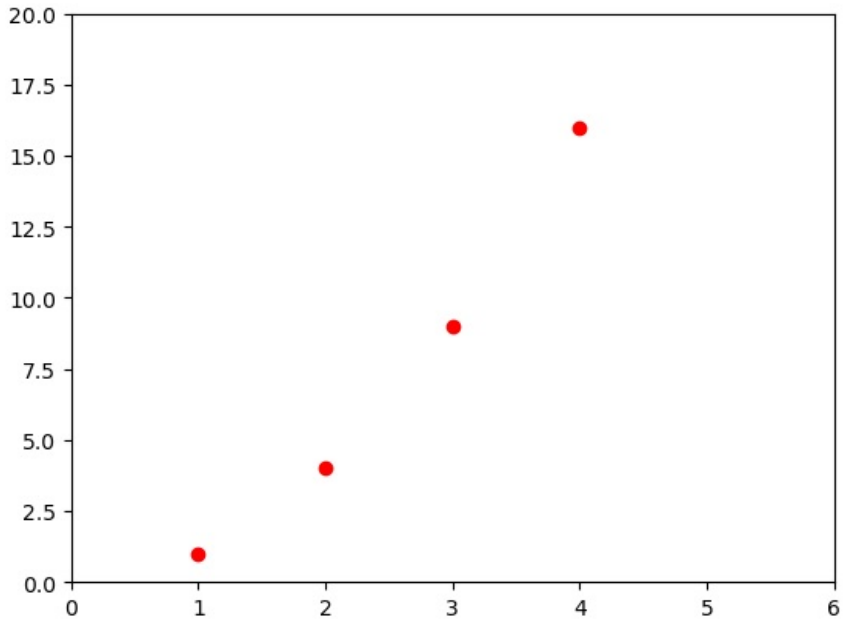
In [8]:
```
plt.plot([1, 2, 3, 4], [1, 4, 9, 16])
plt.show()
```



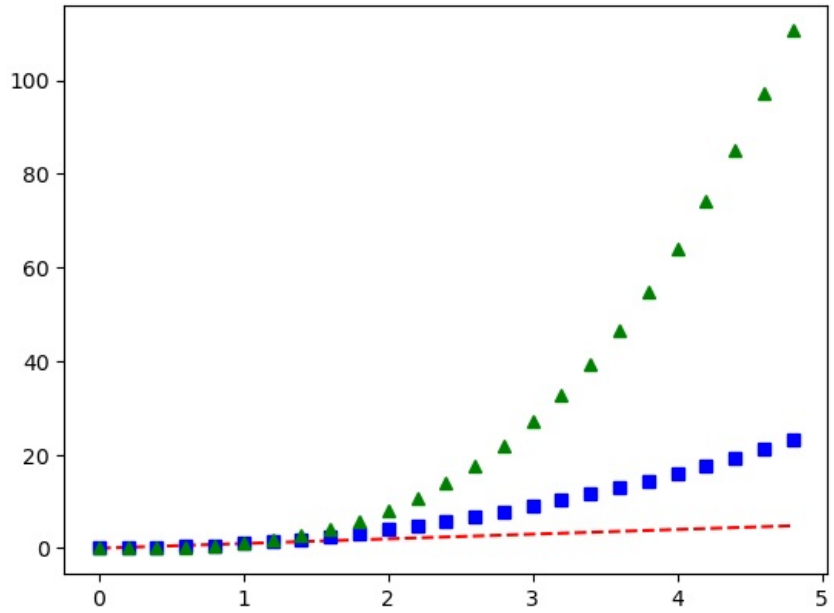
In [9]:
```
x = np.linspace(0, 2, 100)
plt.plot(x, x, label='linear')
plt.plot(x, x**2, label='quadratic')
plt.plot(x, x**3, label='cubic')
plt.xlabel('x label')
plt.ylabel('y label')
plt.title("Simple Plot")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



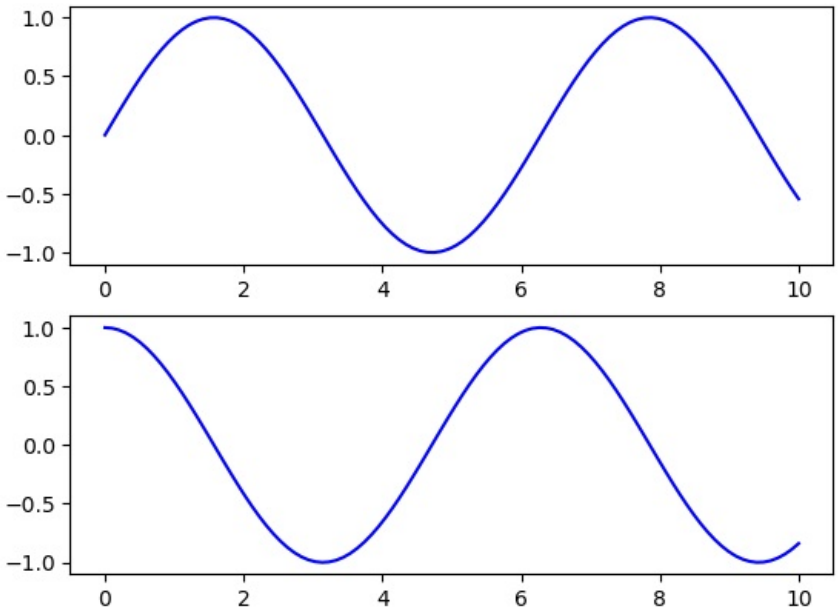
In [10]:
```
plt.plot([1, 2, 3, 4], [1, 4, 9, 16], 'ro')
plt.axis([0, 6, 0, 20])
plt.show()
```



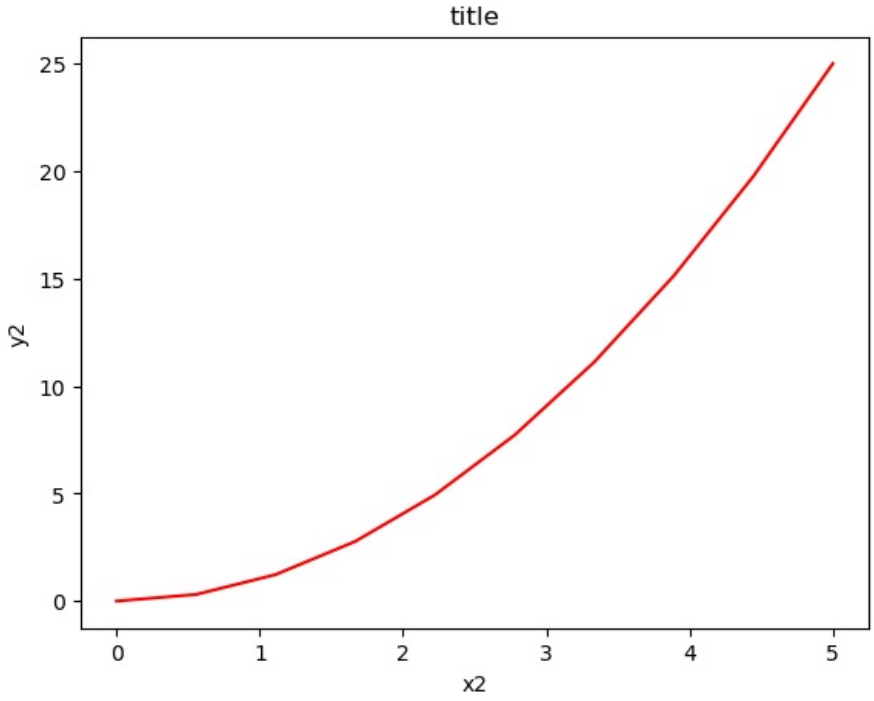
In [11]:
```
t = np.arange(0., 5., 0.2)
# red dashes, blue squares and green triangles
plt.plot(t, t, 'r--', t, t**2, 'bs', t, t**3, 'g^')
plt.show()
```



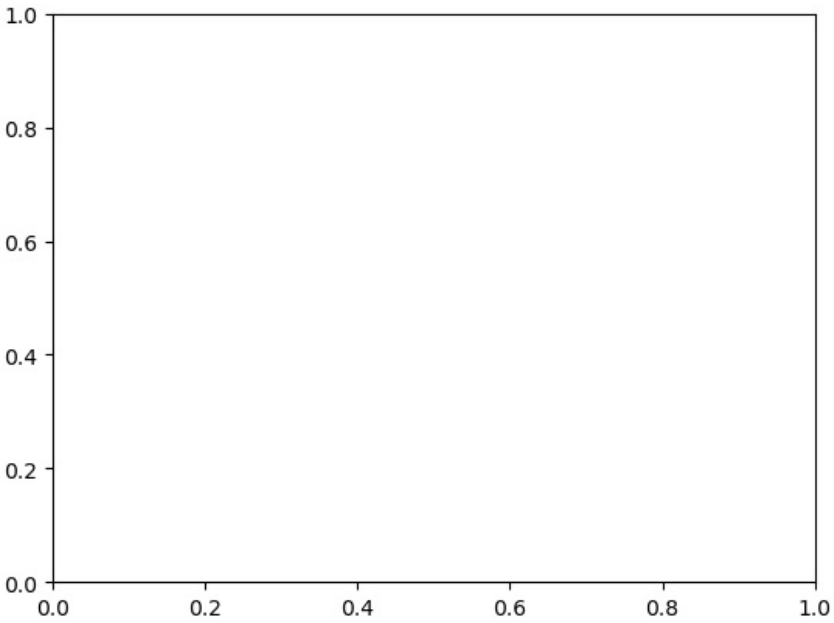
In [12]:
```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(2)
# Call plot() method on the appropriate object
ax[0].plot(x1, np.sin(x1), 'b-')
ax[1].plot(x1, np.cos(x1), 'b-');
```



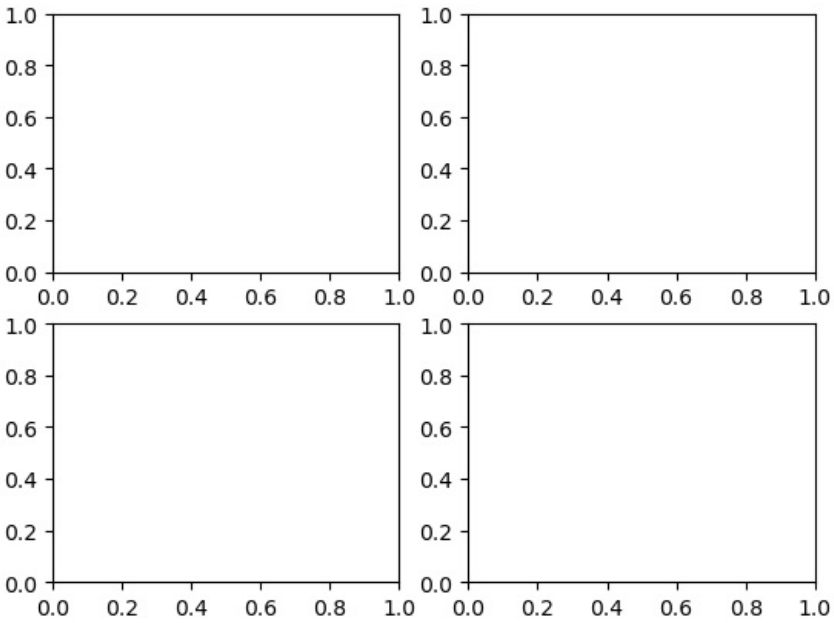
In [13]:
```
fig = plt.figure()
x2 = np.linspace(0, 5, 10)
y2 = x2 ** 2
axes = fig.add_axes([0.1, 0.1, 0.8, 0.8])
axes.plot(x2, y2, 'r')
axes.set_xlabel('x2')
axes.set_ylabel('y2')
axes.set_title('title');
```



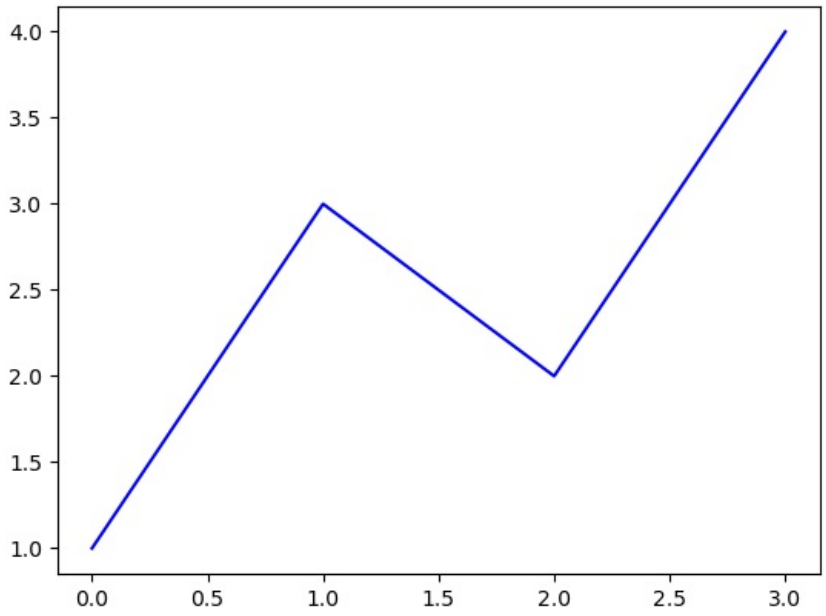
In [14]:
```
fig = plt.figure()
ax = plt.axes()
```



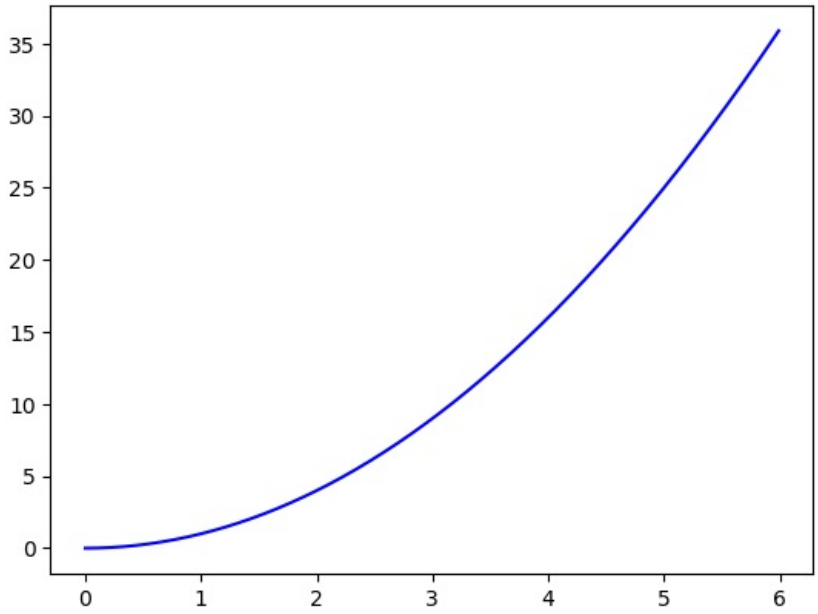
In [15]:
```
fig = plt.figure()
ax1 = fig.add_subplot(2, 2, 1)
ax2 = fig.add_subplot(2, 2, 2)
ax3 = fig.add_subplot(2, 2, 3)
ax4 = fig.add_subplot(2, 2, 4)
```



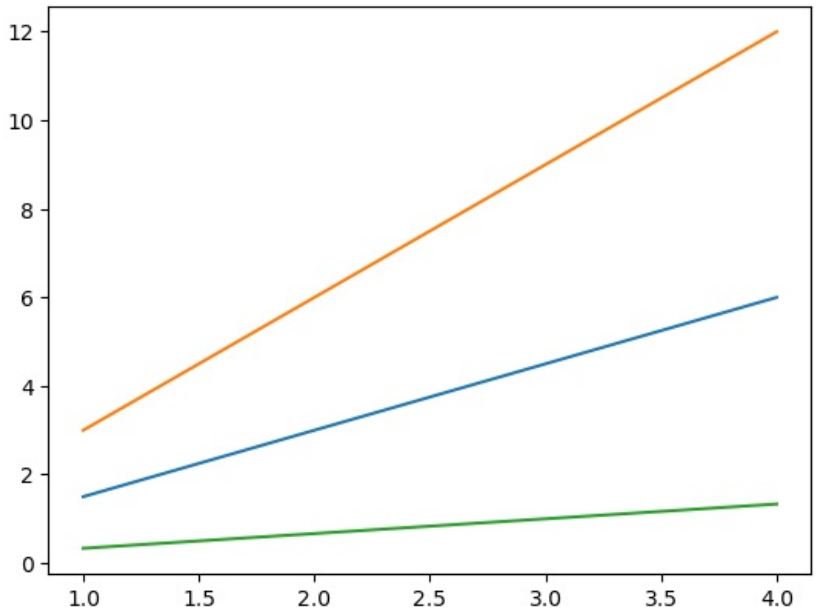
In [16]:
```
plt.plot([1, 3, 2, 4], 'b-')
plt.show( )
```



In [17]:
```
x3 = np.arange(0.0, 6.0, 0.01)
plt.plot(x3, [xi**2 for xi in x3], 'b-')
plt.show()
```



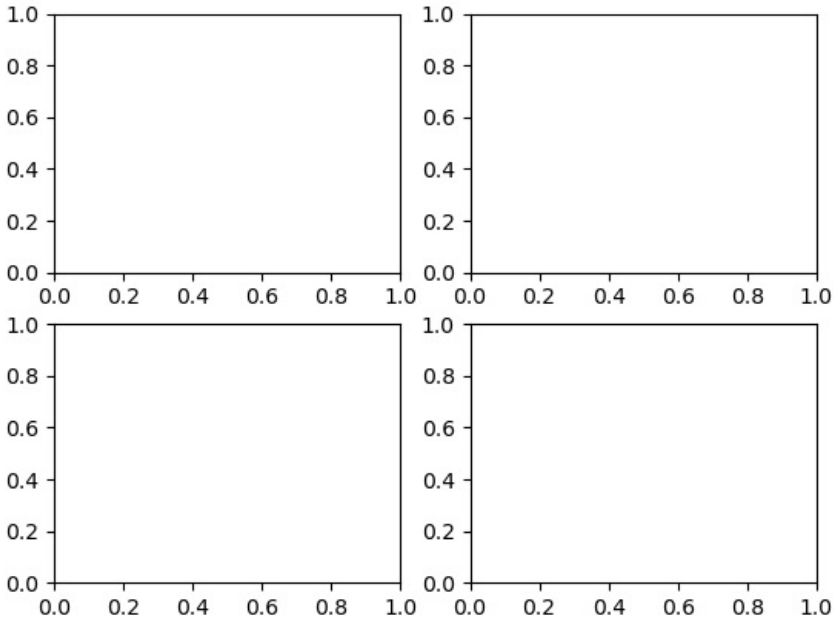
In [18]:
```
x4 = range(1, 5)
plt.plot(x4, [xi*1.5 for xi in x4])
plt.plot(x4, [xi*3 for xi in x4])
plt.plot(x4, [xi/3.0 for xi in x4])
plt.show()
```



In [19]:
```
# Saving the figure
fig.savefig('plot1.png')
```

In [20]:
```
# Explore the contents of figure
from IPython.display import Image
Image('plot1.png')
```

Out[20]:

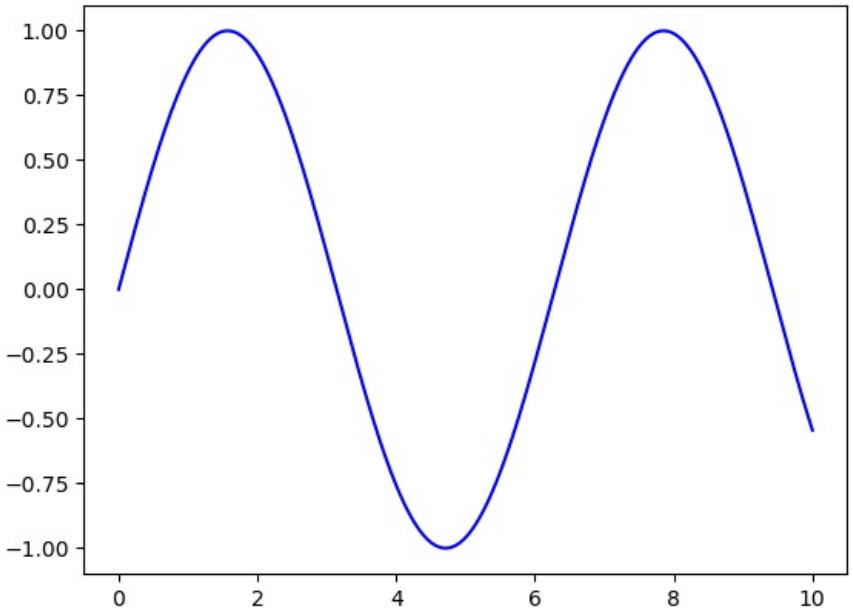


In [21]:
```
# Explore supported file formats
fig.canvas.get_supported_filetypes()
```

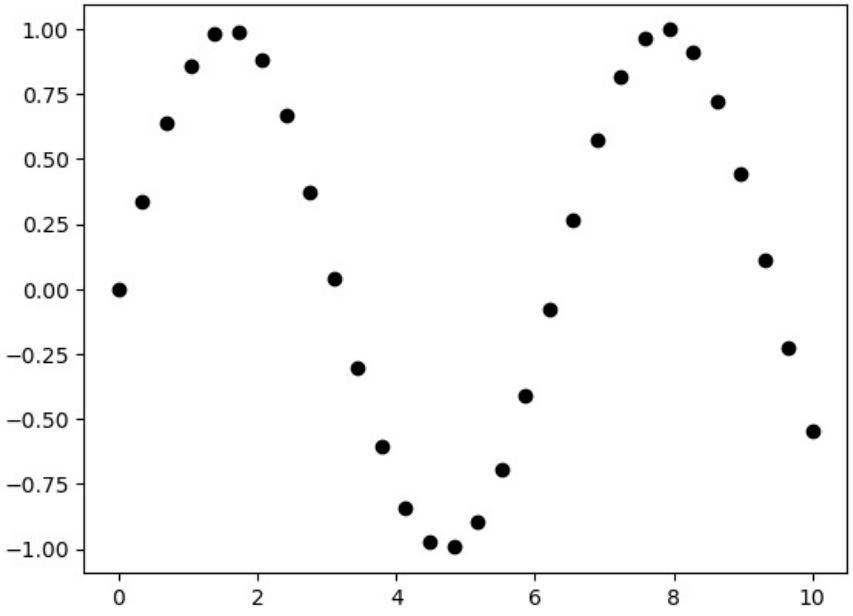
Out[21]:
```
{'eps': 'Encapsulated Postscript',
 'jpg': 'Joint Photographic Experts Group',
 'jpeg': 'Joint Photographic Experts Group',
 'pdf': 'Portable Document Format',
 'pgf': 'PGF code for LaTeX',
 'png': 'Portable Network Graphics',
 'ps': 'Postscript',
 'raw': 'Raw RGBA bitmap',
 'rgba': 'Raw RGBA bitmap',
 'svg': 'Scalable Vector Graphics',
 'svgz': 'Scalable Vector Graphics',
 'tif': 'Tagged Image File Format',
 'tiff': 'Tagged Image File Format',
 'webp': 'WebP Image Format'}
```

In [22]:
```
# Create figure and axes first
fig = plt.figure()
ax = plt.axes()
# Declare a variable x5
x5 = np.linspace(0, 10, 1000)
```

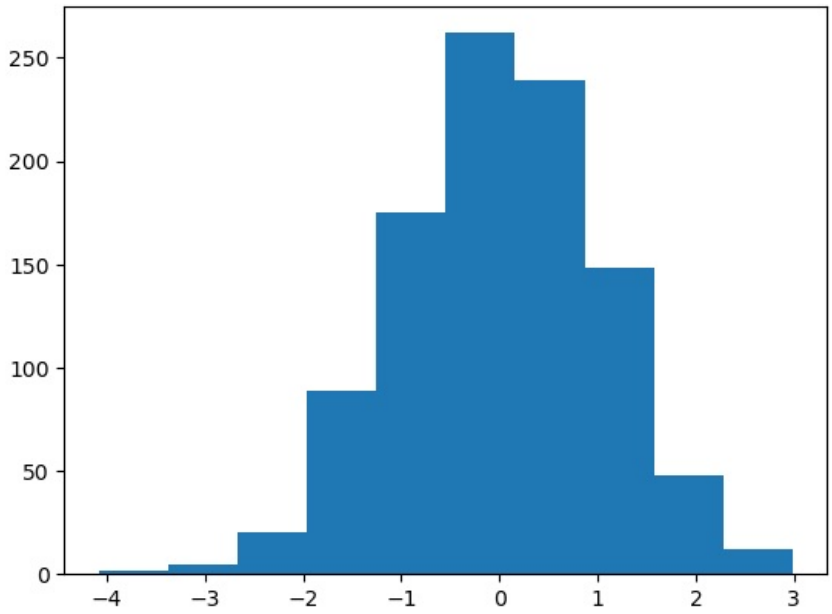
```
# Plot the sinusoid function
ax.plot(x5, np.sin(x5), 'b-');
```



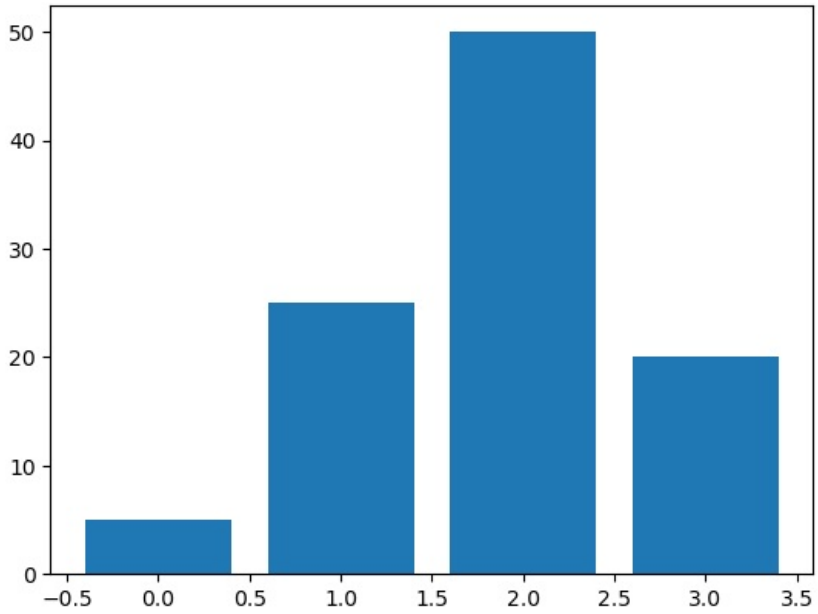
In [23]:
```
x7 = np.linspace(0, 10, 30)
y7 = np.sin(x7)
plt.plot(x7, y7, 'o', color = 'black');
```



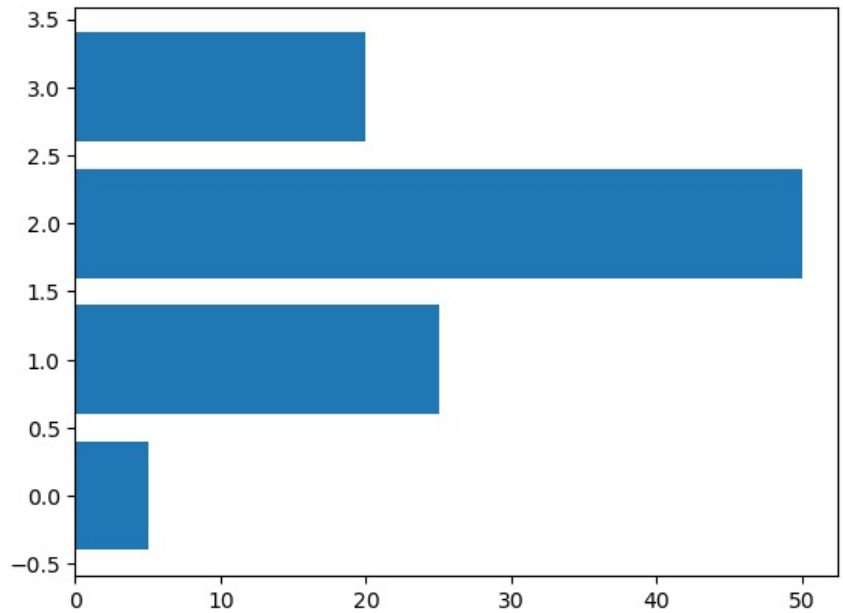
In [24]:
```
data1 = np.random.randn(1000)
plt.hist(data1);
```



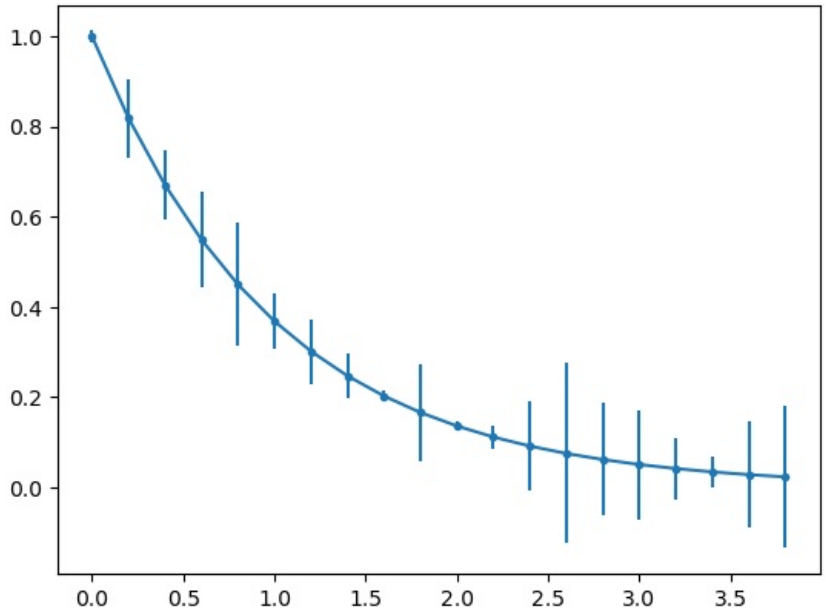
In [25]:
```
data2 = [5. , 25. , 50. , 20.]
plt.bar(range(len(data2)), data2)
plt.show()
```



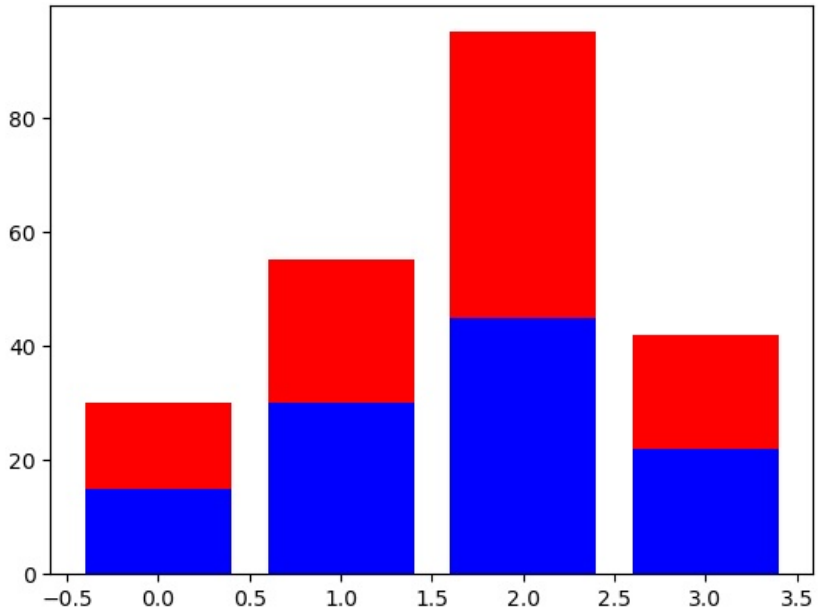
In [26]:
```
data2 = [5. , 25. , 50. , 20.]
plt.barh(range(len(data2)), data2)
plt.show()
#horizontal
```



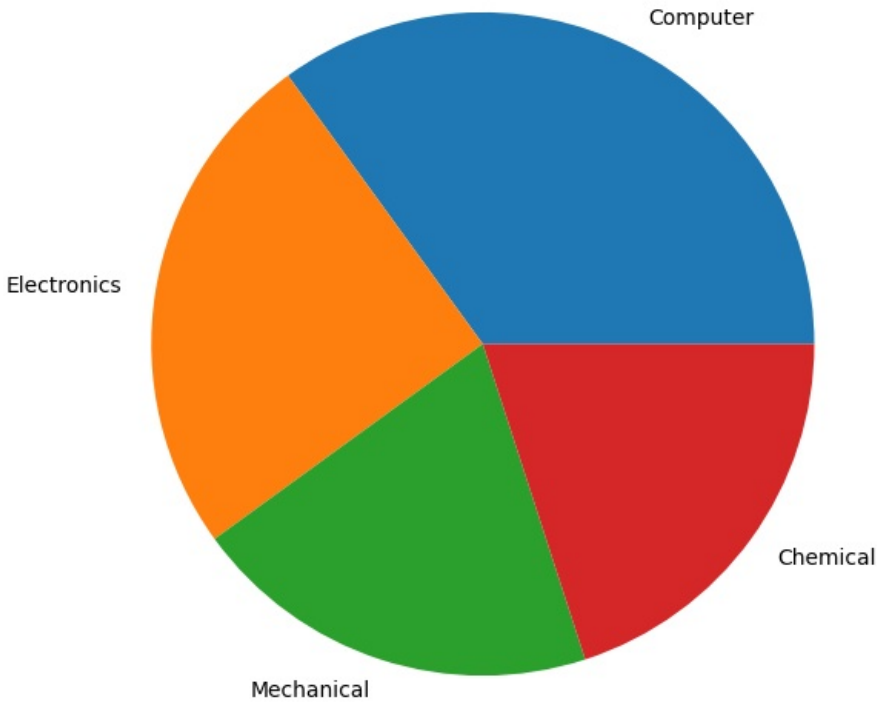
In [27]:
```
x9 = np.arange(0, 4, 0.2)
y9 = np.exp(-x9)
e1 = 0.1 * np.abs(np.random.randn(len(y9)))
plt.errorbar(x9, y9, yerr = e1, fmt = '.-')
plt.show();
```



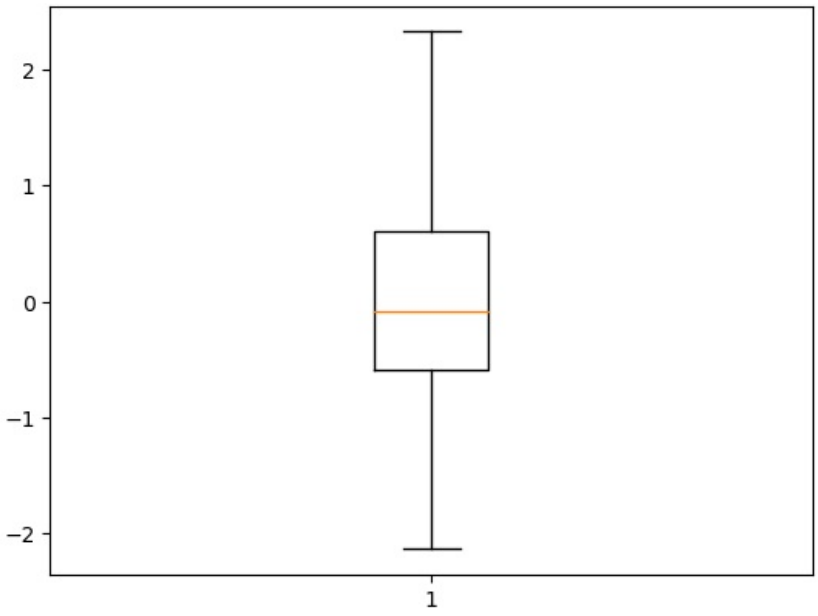
In [28]:
```
A = [15., 30., 45., 22.]
B = [15., 25., 50., 20.]
z2 = range(4)
plt.bar(z2, A, color = 'b')
plt.bar(z2, B, color = 'r', bottom = A)
plt.show()
```



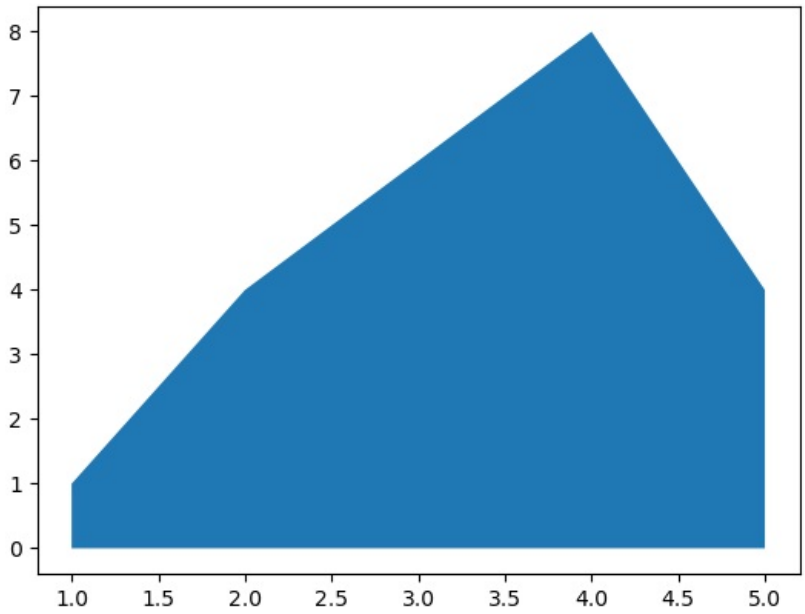
In [29]:
```
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
x10 = [35, 25, 20, 20]
labels = ['Computer', 'Electronics', 'Mechanical', 'Chemical']
plt.pie(x10, labels=labels);
plt.show()
```



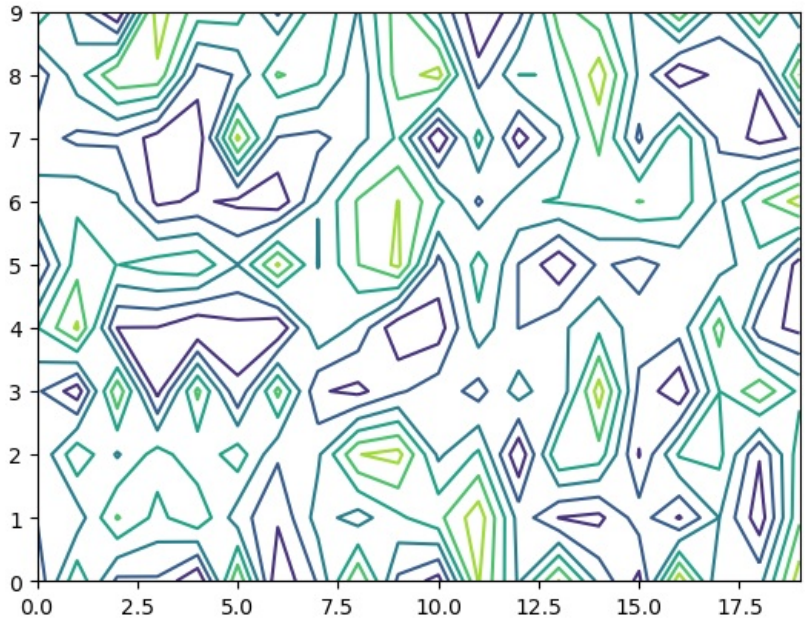
In [30]:
```
data3 = np.random.randn(100)
plt.boxplot(data3)
plt.show();
```



In [31]:
```
x12 = range(1, 6)
y12 = [1, 4, 6, 8, 4]
# Area plot
plt.fill_between(x12, y12)
plt.show()
```



In [32]:
```
# Create a matrix
matrix1 = np.random.rand(10, 20)
cp = plt.contour(matrix1)
plt.show()
```



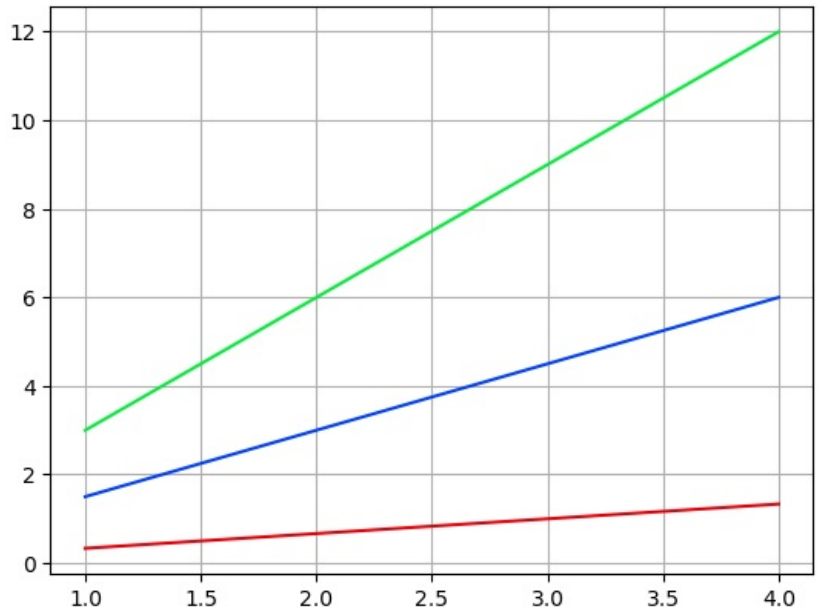
In [33]:
```
# View list of all available styles
print(plt.style.available)
```

```
['Solarize_Light2', '_classic_test_patch', '_mpl-gallery', '_mpl-gallery-nogrid', 'bmh', 'classic', 'dark_backg
round', 'fast', 'fivethirtyeight', 'ggplot', 'grayscale', 'seaborn-v0_8', 'seaborn-v0_8-bright', 'seaborn-v0_8-
colorblind', 'seaborn-v0_8-dark', 'seaborn-v0_8-dark-palette', 'seaborn-v0_8-darkgrid', 'seaborn-v0_8-deep', 's
eaborn-v0_8-muted', 'seaborn-v0_8-notebook', 'seaborn-v0_8-paper', 'seaborn-v0_8-pastel', 'seaborn-v0_8-poster'
, 'seaborn-v0_8-talk', 'seaborn-v0_8-ticks', 'seaborn-v0_8-white', 'seaborn-v0_8-whitegrid', 'tableau-colorblin
d10']
```

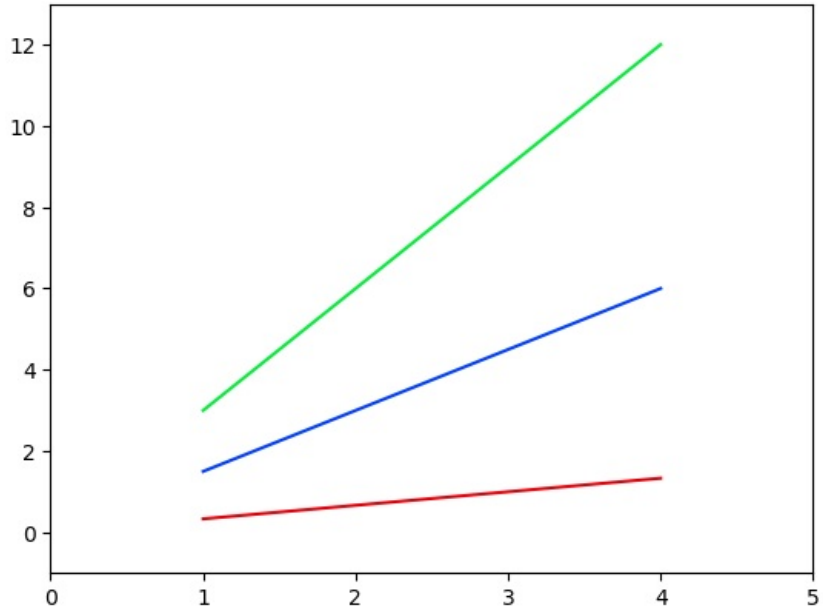
In [35]:
```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

In [36]:
```
# Set styles for plots
plt.style.use('seaborn-bright')
```

In [37]:
```
x15 = np.arange(1, 5)
plt.plot(x15, x15*1.5, x15, x15*3.0, x15, x15/3.0)
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

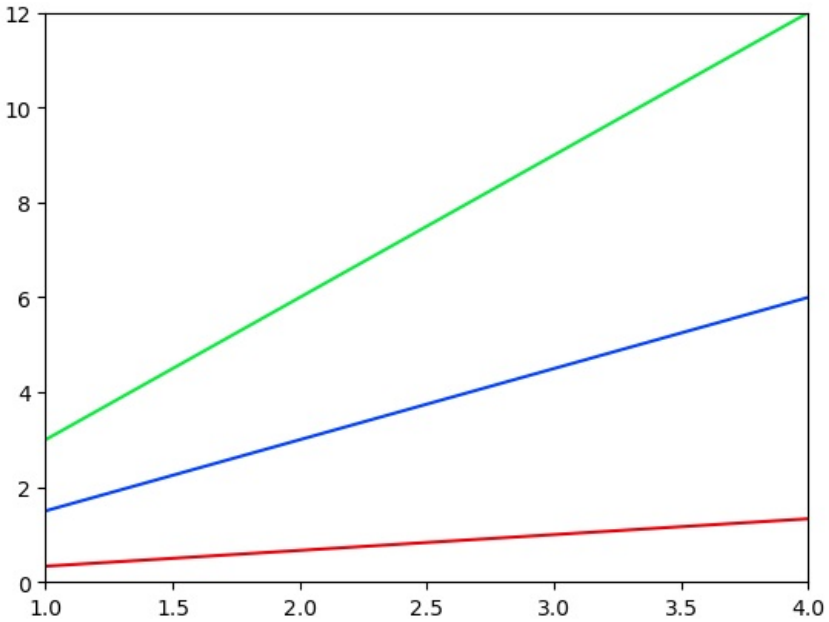


In [38]:
```
x15 = np.arange(1, 5)
plt.plot(x15, x15*1.5, x15, x15*3.0, x15, x15/3.0)
plt.axis()   # shows the current axis limits values
plt.axis([0, 5, -1, 13])
plt.show()
```

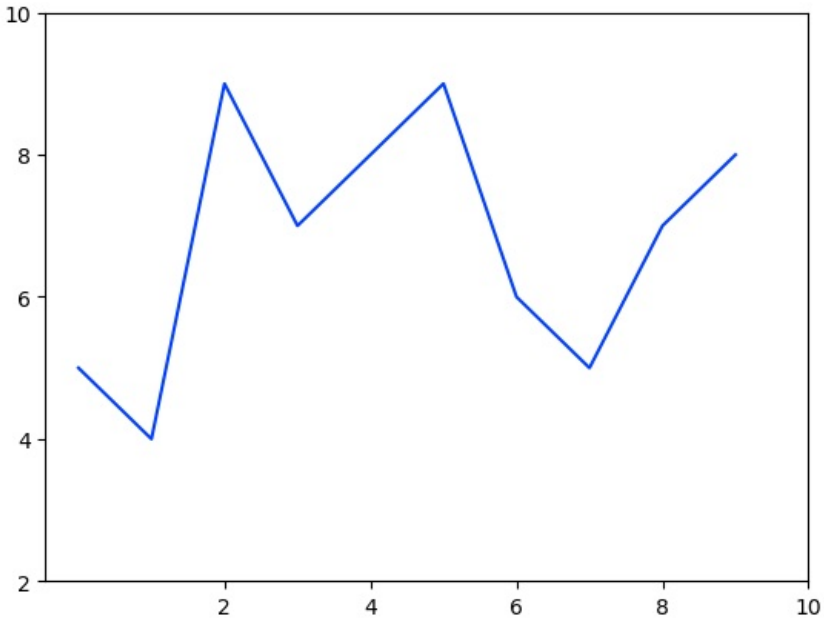


In [39]:
```
x15 = np.arange(1, 5)
plt.plot(x15, x15*1.5, x15, x15*3.0, x15, x15/3.0)
plt.xlim([1.0, 4.0])
plt.ylim([0.0, 12.0])
```

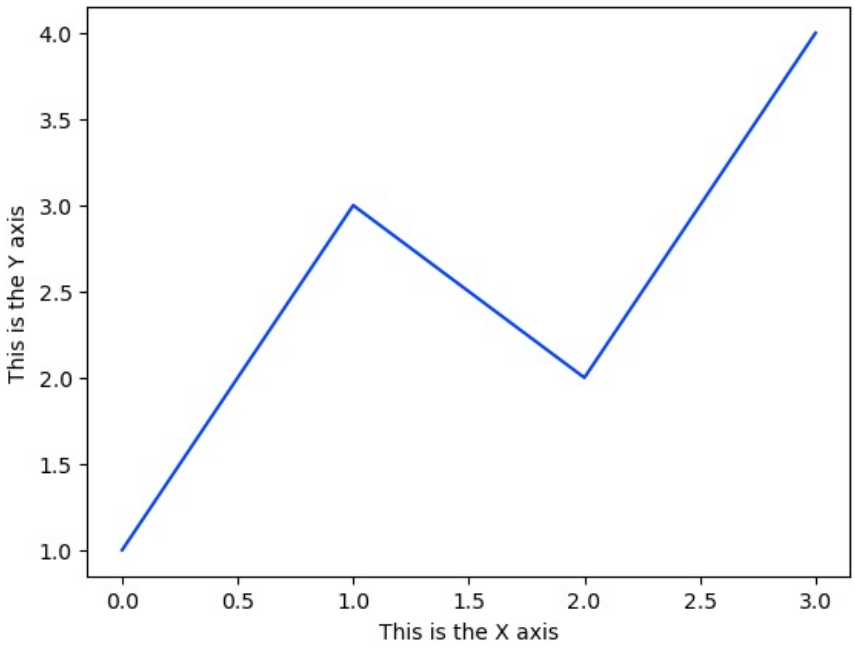
Out[39]:
```
(0.0, 12.0)
```



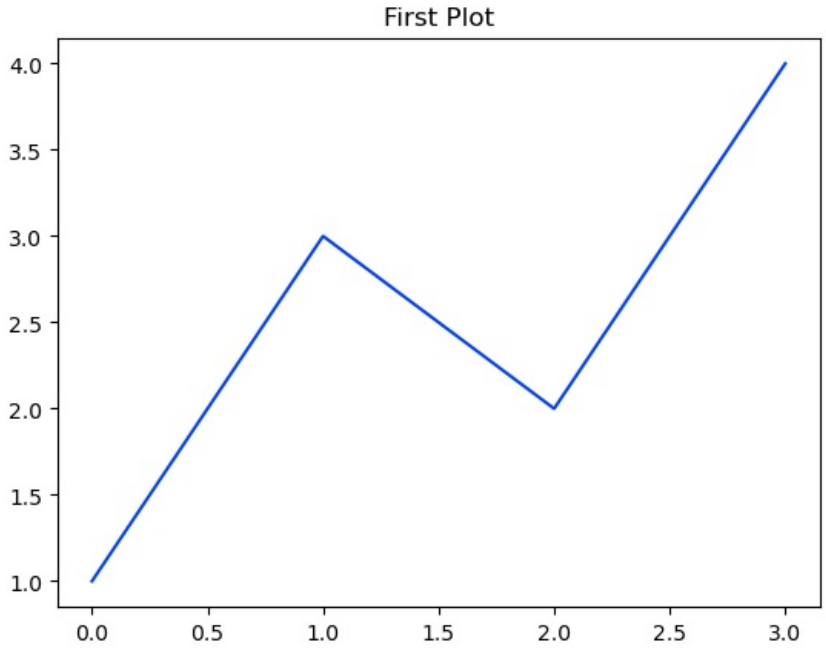
In [40]:
```
u = [5, 4, 9, 7, 8, 9, 6, 5, 7, 8]
plt.plot(u)
plt.xticks([2, 4, 6, 8, 10])
plt.yticks([2, 4, 6, 8, 10])
plt.show()
```



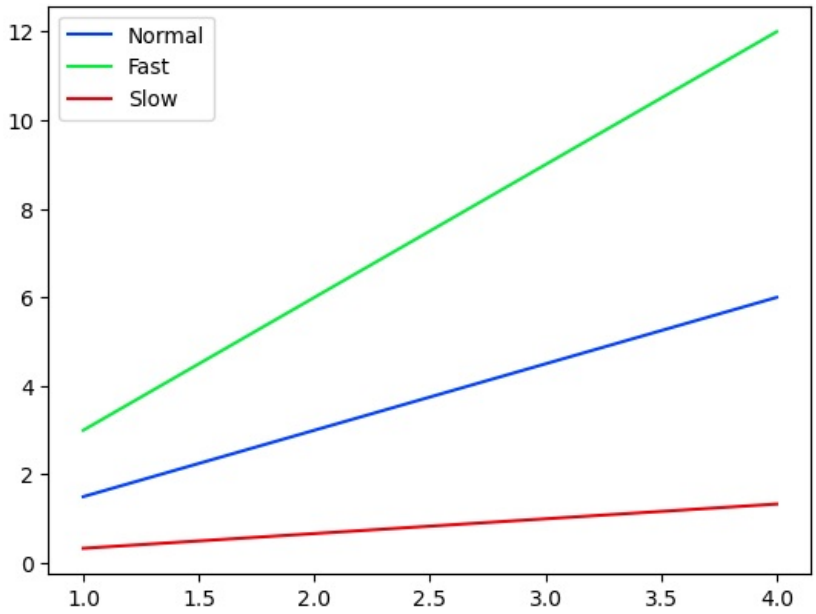
In [41]:
```
plt.plot([1, 3, 2, 4])
plt.xlabel('This is the X axis')
plt.ylabel('This is the Y axis')
plt.show()
```



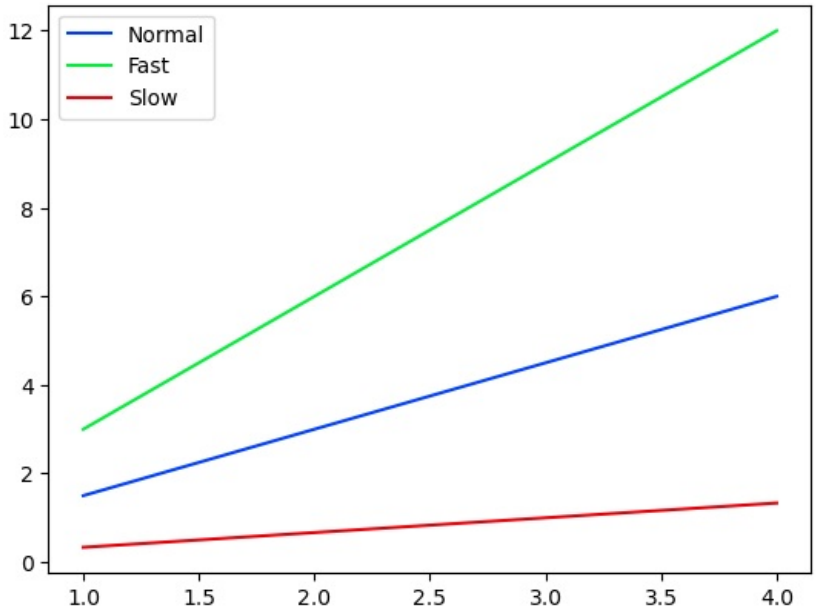
In [42]:
```
plt.plot([1, 3, 2, 4])
plt.title('First Plot')
plt.show()
```



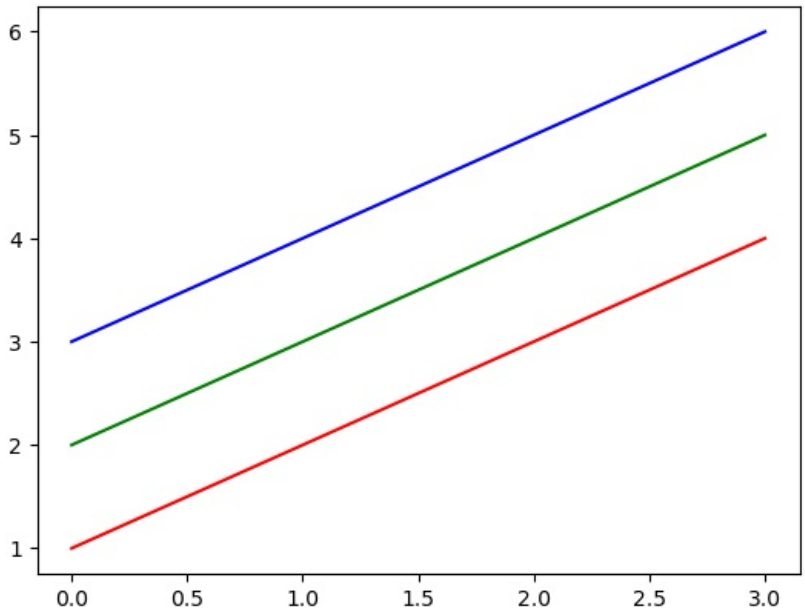
In [43]:
```
x15 = np.arange(1, 5)
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.plot(x15, x15*1.5)
ax.plot(x15, x15*3.0)
ax.plot(x15, x15/3.0)
ax.legend(['Normal','Fast','Slow']);
```



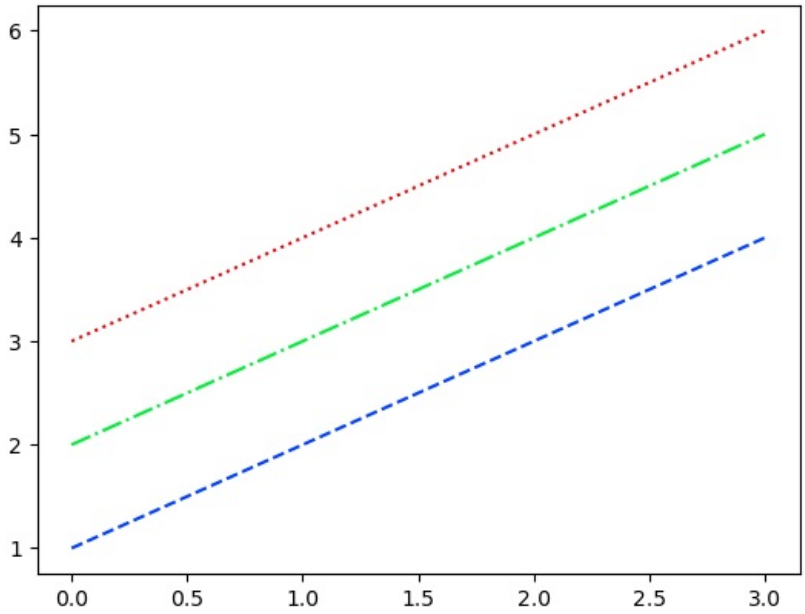
In [44]:
```
x15 = np.arange(1, 5)
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.plot(x15, x15*1.5, label='Normal')
ax.plot(x15, x15*3.0, label='Fast')
ax.plot(x15, x15/3.0, label='Slow')
ax.legend();
```



In [45]:
```
x16 = np.arange(1, 5)
plt.plot(x16, 'r')
plt.plot(x16+1, 'g')
plt.plot(x16+2, 'b')
plt.show()
```



In [46]:
```
x16 = np.arange(1, 5)
plt.plot(x16, '--', x16+1, '-.', x16+2, ':')
plt.show()
```



In [ ]: