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Phase3: Development part1

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ANALYZE AND VISLALIZE

Earthquake is a natural phenomenon whose occurrence predictability is still a hot topic in academia. This is because of the destructive power it holds. In this article, we'll learn how to analyze and visualize earthquake data with Python and Matplotlib.

DATASET

- Origin time of the Earthquake Latitude and the longitude of the location.
- Depth This means how much depth below the earth' s level the earthquake started.
- The magnitude of the earthquake location.

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Code
                                                                                                                                               Python (Pyodide)
[*]:
     # Import necessary libraries
     import pandas as pd
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
     from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
     from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
     # Load your earthquake dataset (replace 'your dataset.csv' with your actual dataset file)
     # Your dataset should contain relevant features and a label indicating earthquake occurrence (1 for earthquake, 0 for no earthquake)
     data = pd.read_csv('your_dataset.csv')
     # Define features (X) and labels (y)
     X = data.drop('earthquake label', axis=1) # Assuming 'earthquake label' is the column indicating earthquake occurrence
     y = data['earthquake_label']
     # Split the data into training and testing sets
     X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.2, random state=42)
     # Initialize and train the Decision Tree classifier
     classifier = DecisionTreeClassifier(random state=42)
     classifier.fit(X train, y train)
     # Make predictions on the test set
     predictions = classifier.predict(X_test)
     # Calculate accuracy
     accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, predictions)
     print(f'Accuracy: {accuracy * 100:.2f}%')
```

