

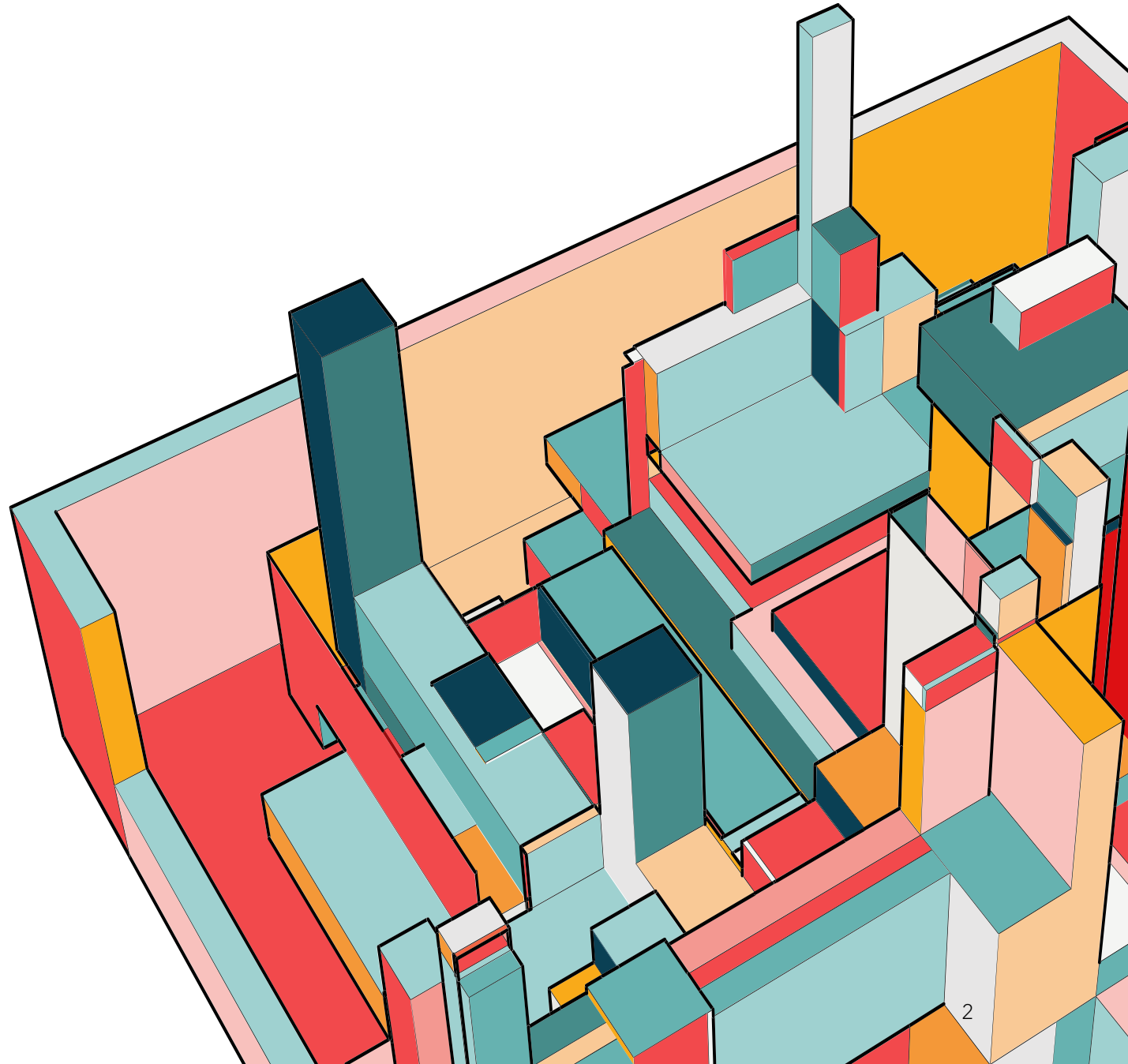


TEST DRIVEN DEVELOPMENT

Tom Legel

CONTENT

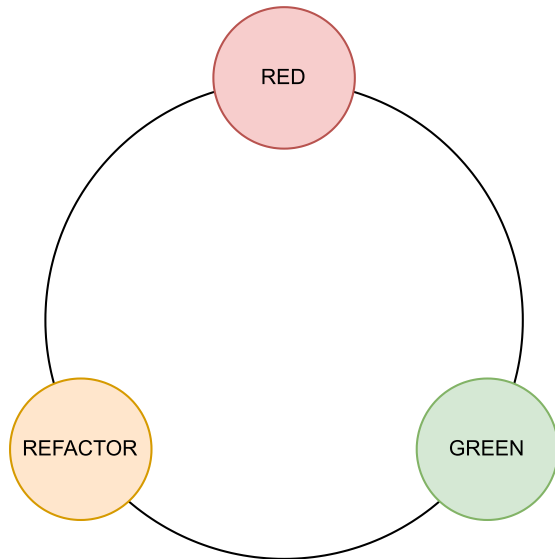
- Overview
- Process Details
- Advantages and reasons
- Types of TDD
- Tools
- Example in Cypress



OVERVIEW

IDEA

Tests are written (beforehand) to drive development

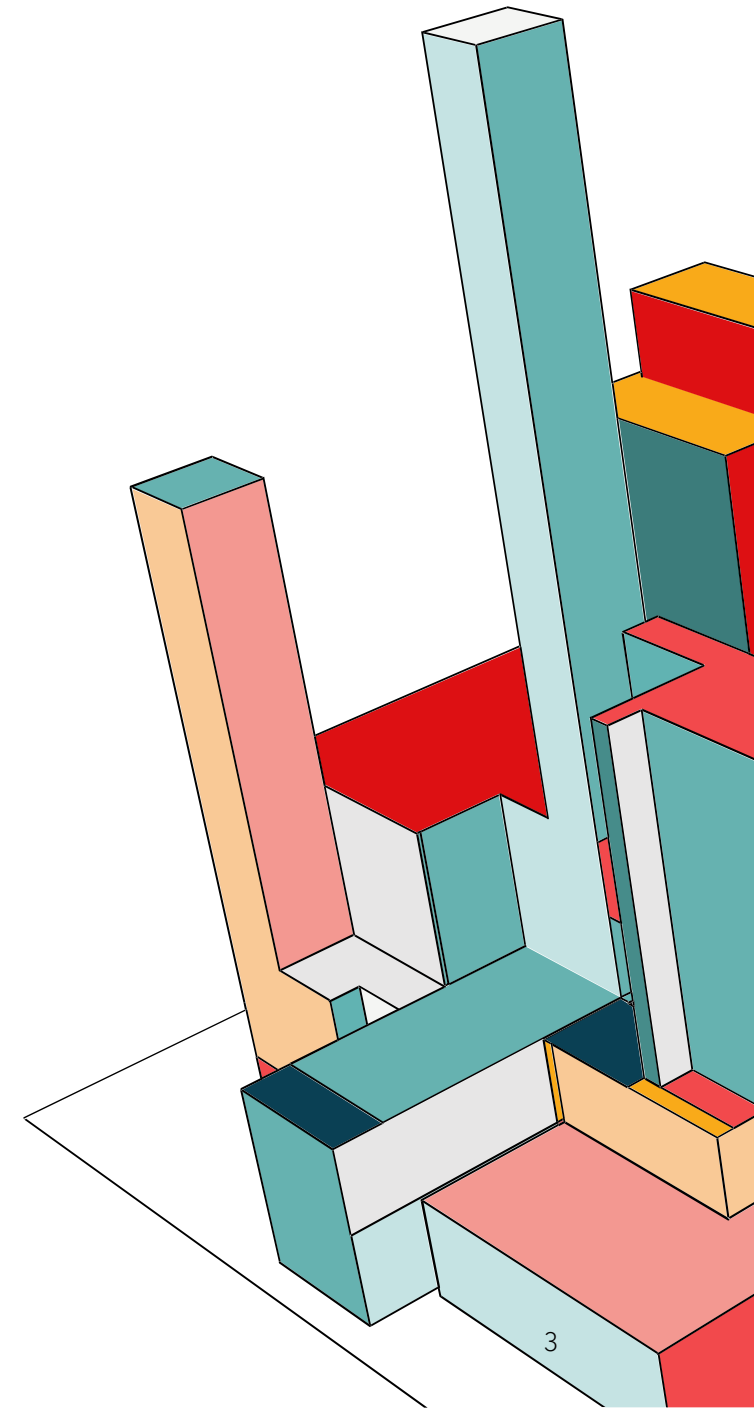


HISTORY

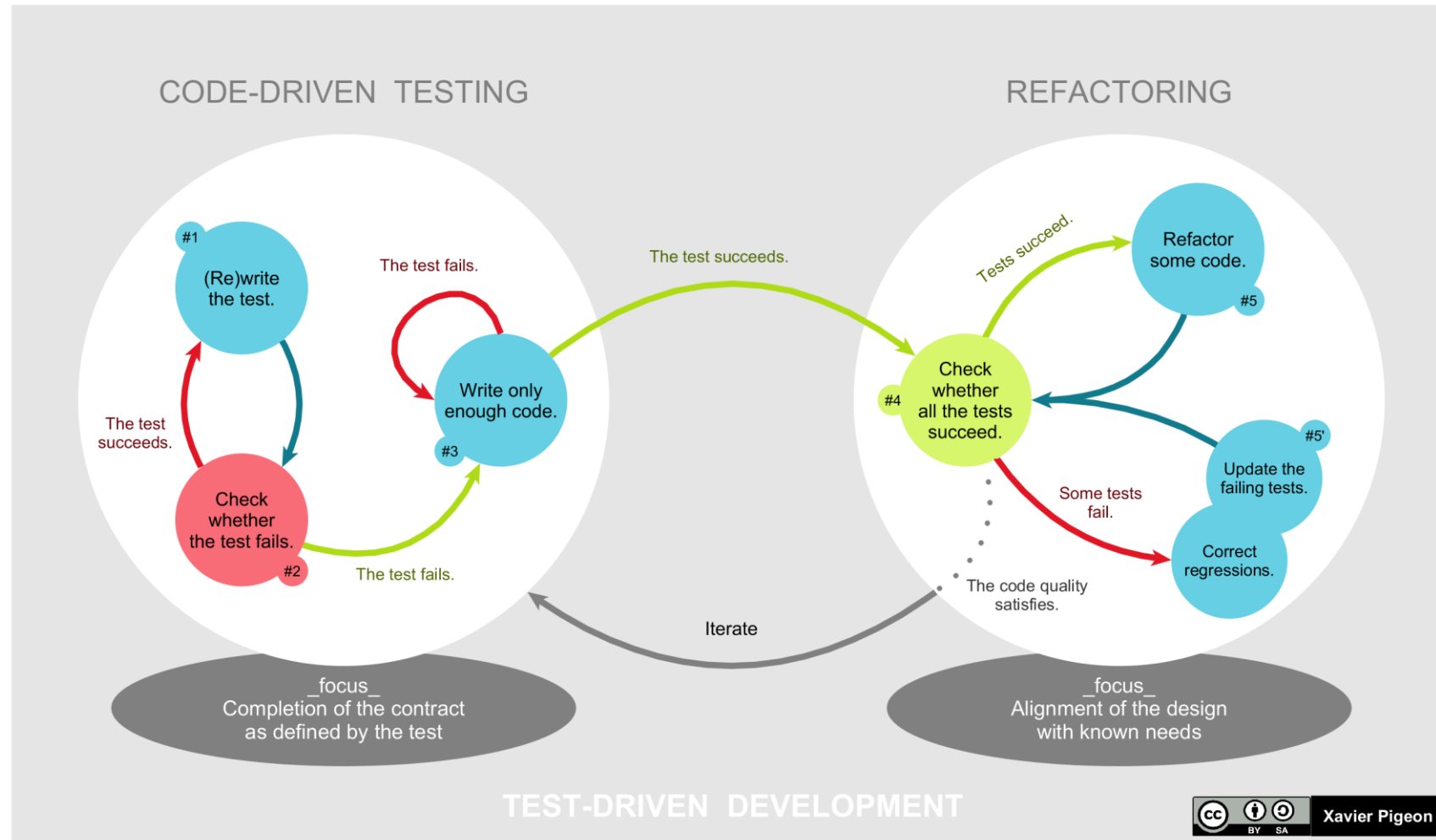
Developed by Kent Beck as a part of extreme Programming

CORE PRINCIPLES

1. Write a test and see it fail:
RED phase
2. Write minimal solution to make it pass:
GREEN phase.
3. Refactor your code.
4. Go back to RED and (re-)write/extend your tests.



THE PROCESS IN MORE DETAIL



BUT... Y?

YAGNI (you aren't gonna need it)

TDD forces you to be minimalistic. Stick to your requirements / only implement what is worth the effort to test it.

You'll need to test anyways

At some point you will need a certain amount of test coverage. Why not begin with it?

Your test is actually working

Writing a failing test ensures that the following implementation is actually necessary to let it pass.

Yet it yields deeper understanding

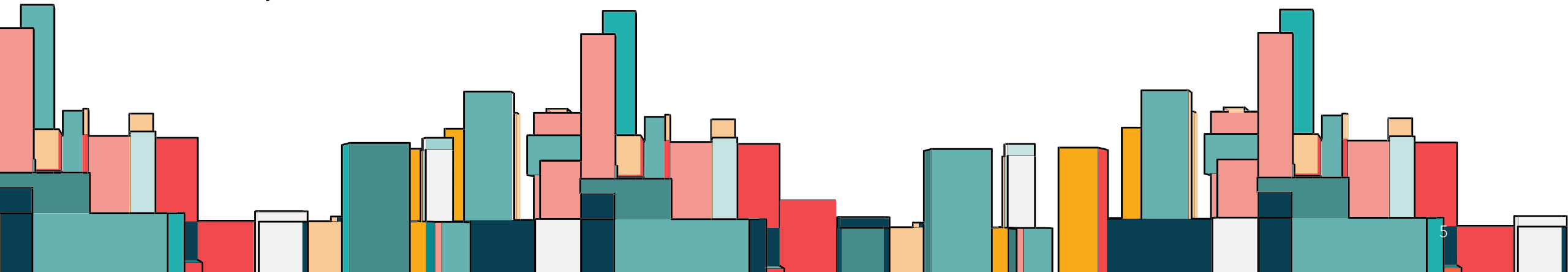
Writing the tests beforehand leads to a deeper understanding of the requirements instead of jumping into design patterns

You'll have fast feedback

You'll immediately have a feedback on the results of your code.

You can refactor more safely

If refactoring goes wrong, you will see it.



SOME VARIANTS OF TDD

UTTD

Unit-Test-Driven-Development

- Traditional understandment of TDD
- Focus lies on Unit-Tests / Components

ATTD

Acceptance-Test-Driven-Development

- Extends the UTTD workflow by acceptance tests
- Focus on user stories / functional requirements / black-box-testing

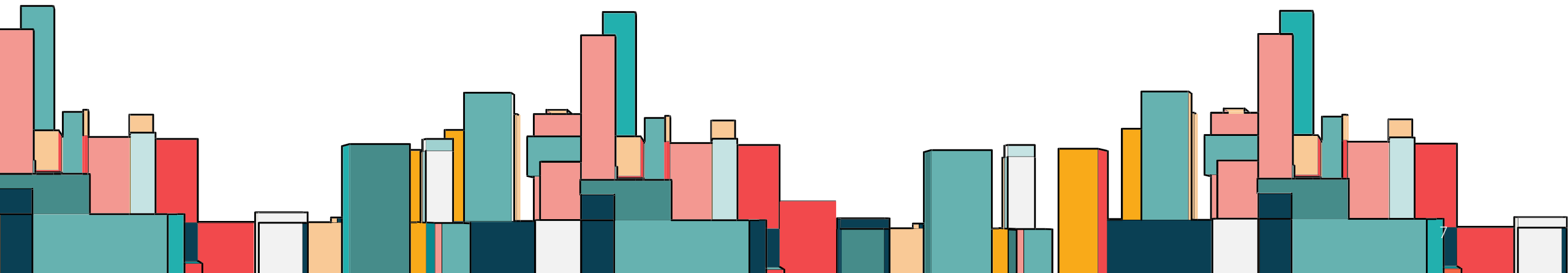
BDD

Behaviour-Driven-Development

- Focuses on the behaviour of a product
- Tries to be inclusive towards non-technical contributors

TOOLS

- Tools depend on programming language
- Tools do not differ from tools for ,conventional' testing and test case management
- Eg.:
 - Junit and TestNG for Java
 - PyUnit and DocTest for Python
 - Cypress (for JS) and Selenium (JS, Java, ...) for Webapps



INSTALL CYPRESS

Basic Installation with NPM

```
cd /your/project/path  
npm install cypress --save-dev
```

or YARN

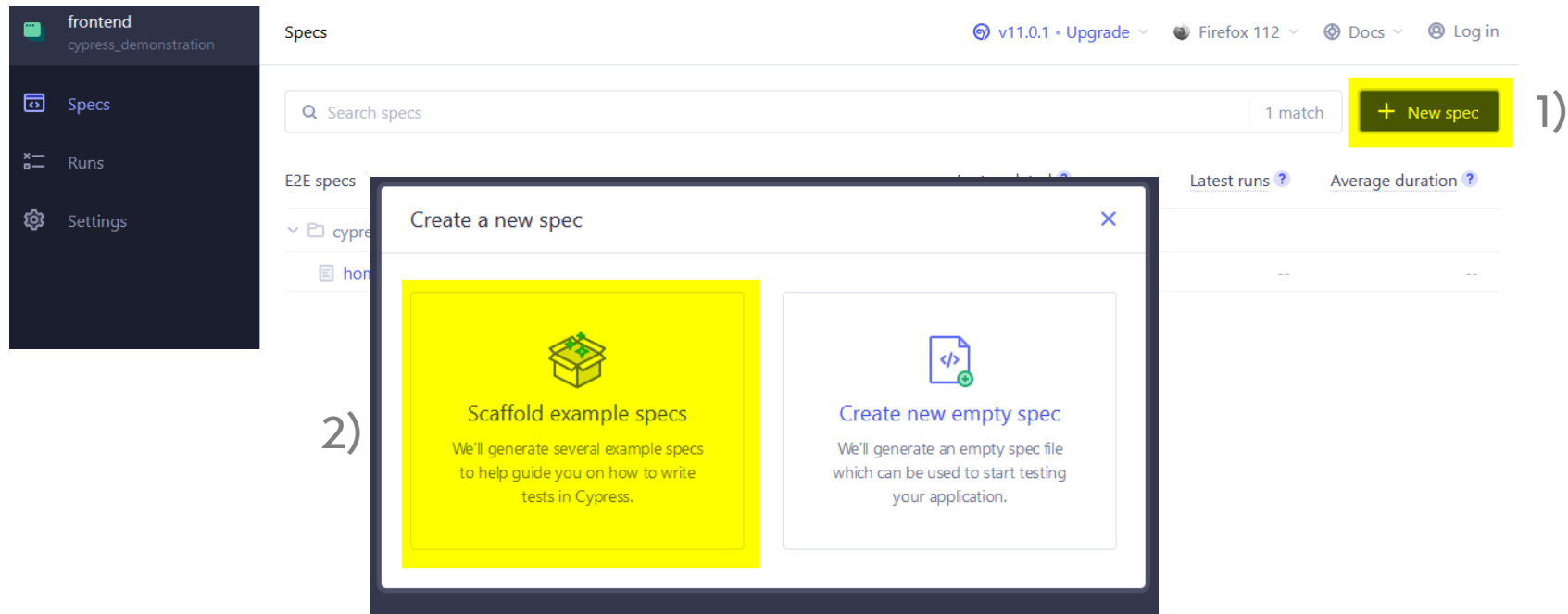
```
cd /your/project/path  
yarn add cypress --dev
```

Start cypress UI:

```
cd /your/project/path  
npx cypress open
```


GETTING TO KNOW CYPRESS

- Cypress website with tutorials, best practices, examples and API, e.g. offering [command line guide](#)
- Included example specs with lots of standard test cases for E2E-testing with cypress



SOURCES

- Test Driven Development with React
<https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-1-4842-6972-5>
- Dalton, J. (2019). Test-Driven Development. In: Great Big Agile. Apress, Berkeley, CA.
https://doi.org/10.1007/978-1-4842-4206-3_67