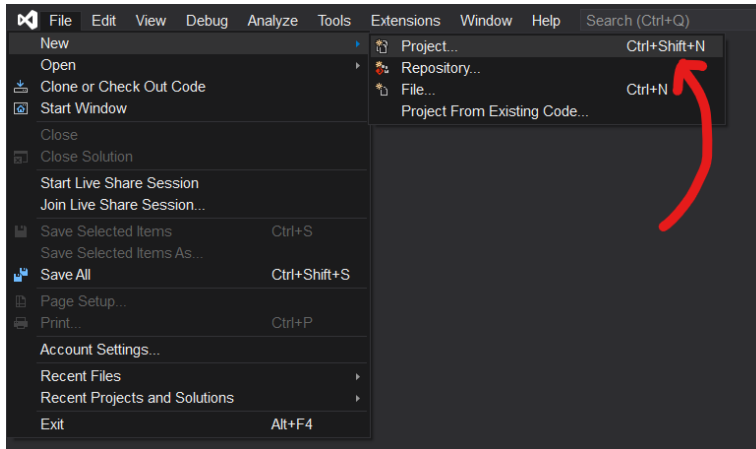
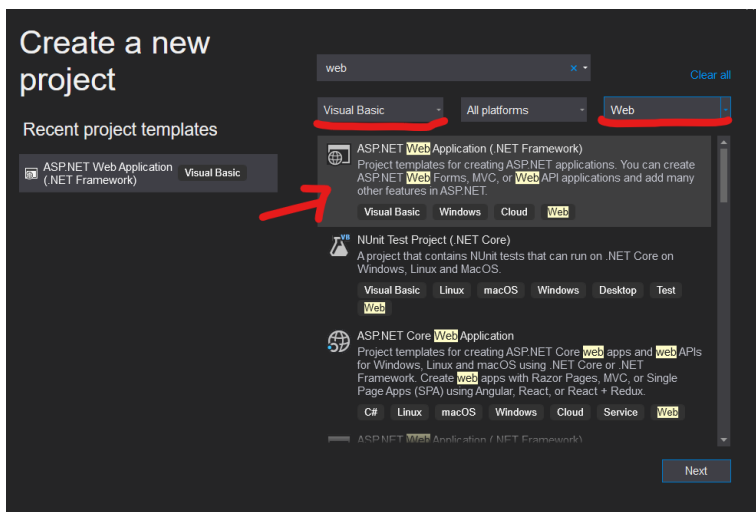


Build My Last MVC vb Project

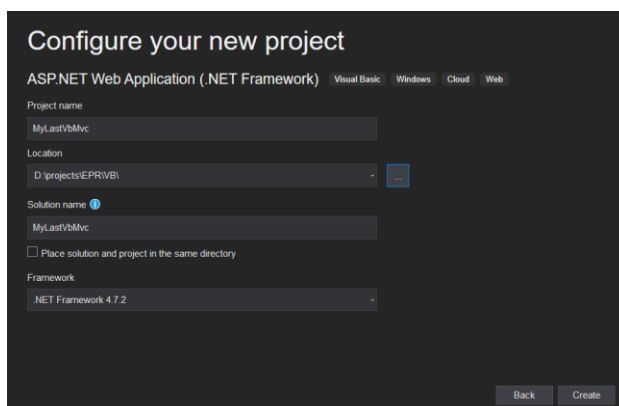
File > New > Project



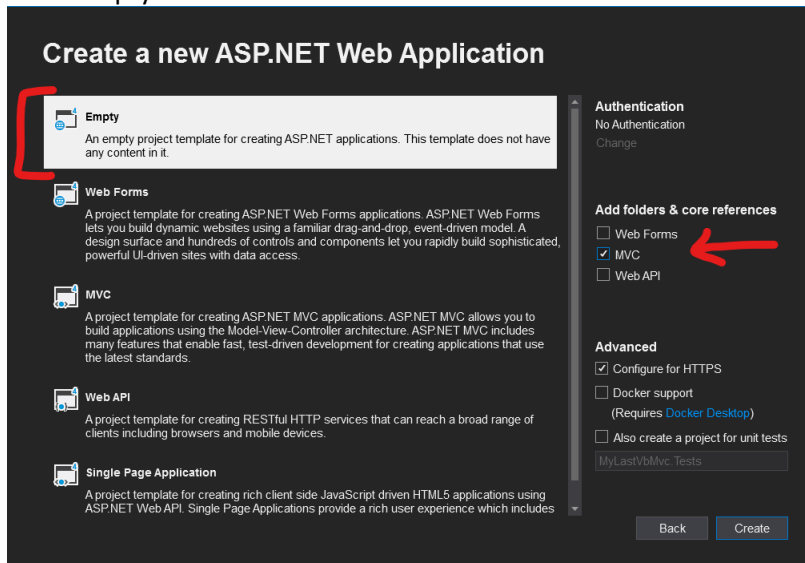
Find “web” > Visual Basic & Web > APS.NET Web Application > **Next**



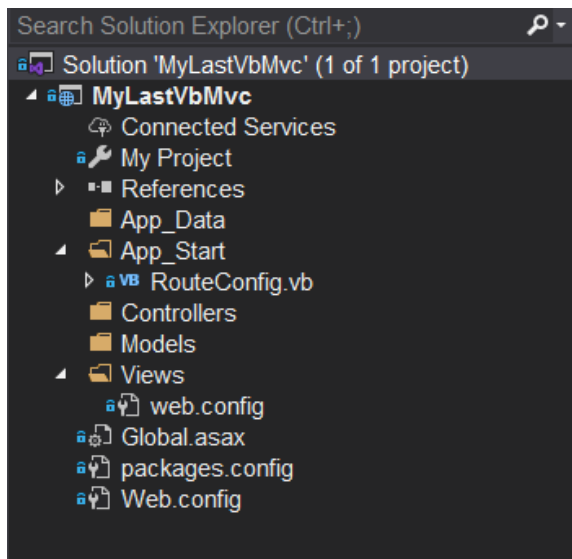
Project Name, Location, Solution Name > **Create**



Mark Empty > check MVC > **Create**



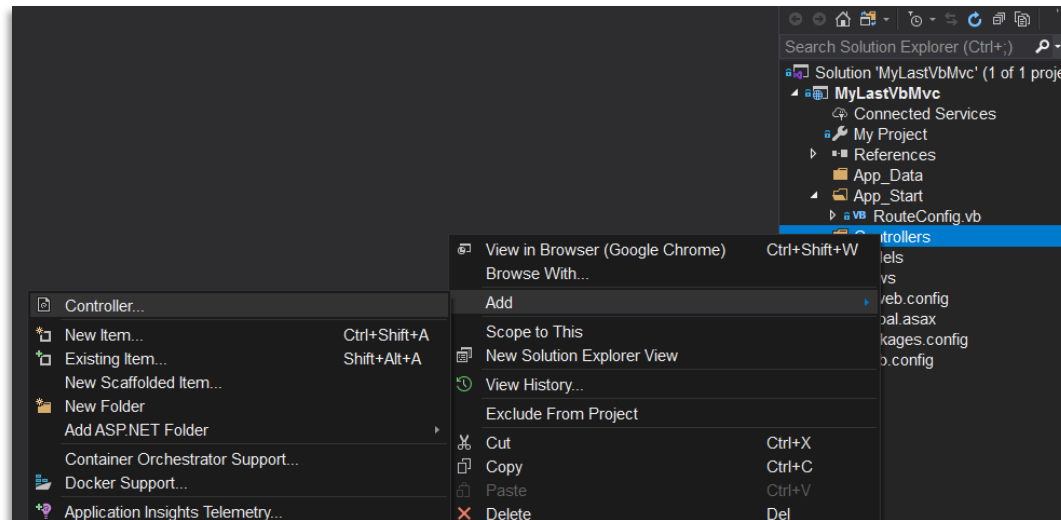
Our Empty Solution:



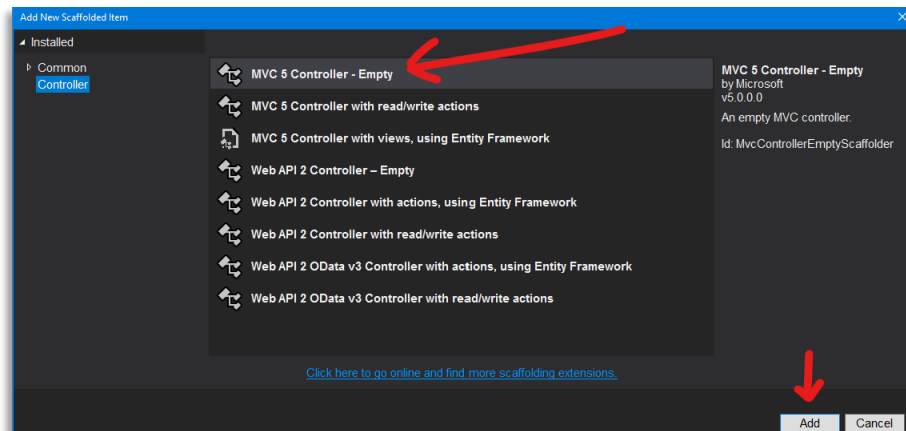
Now, Let's make it a MVC Project!!

First step is Controller:

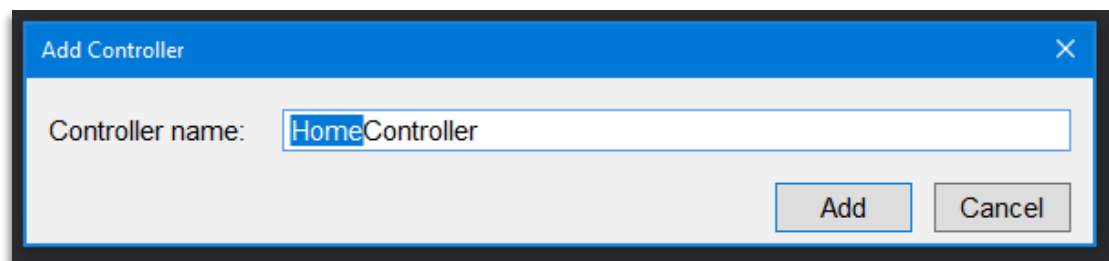
Right click on Controllers > Add > Controller



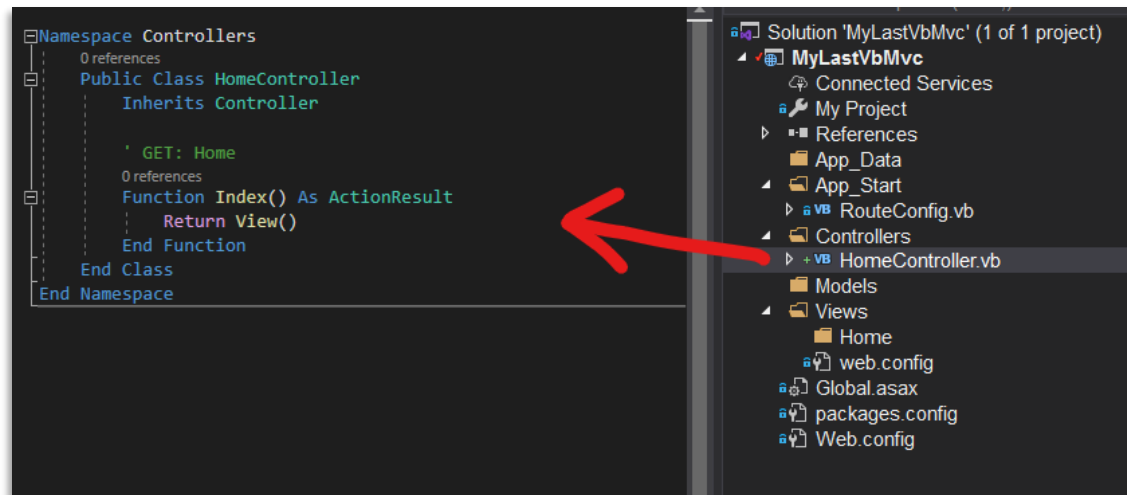
Mark Empty



Give a Name to the controller but keep the suffix Controller:



Congratulation! We just create our First Controller!



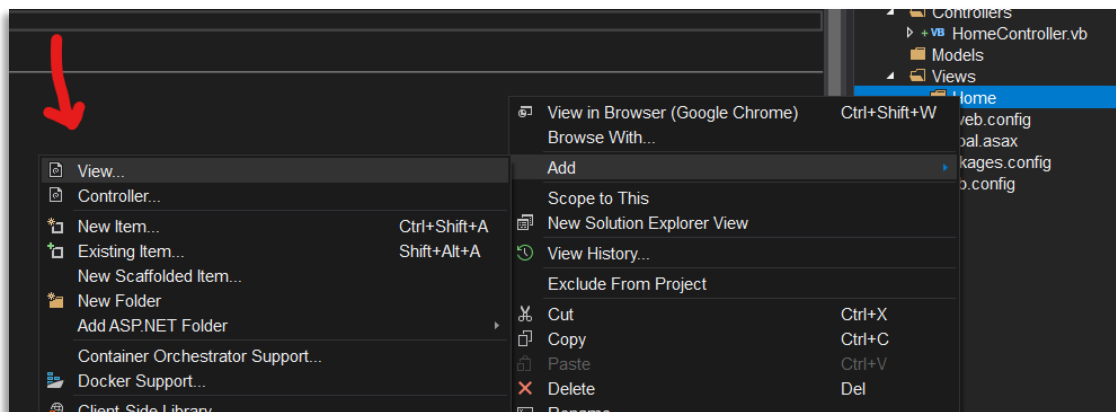
We can see that our controller is a class with special name `HomeController` and `Inherits Controller`. By default we get `Index Action`.

```
Public Class HomeController
    Inherits Controller

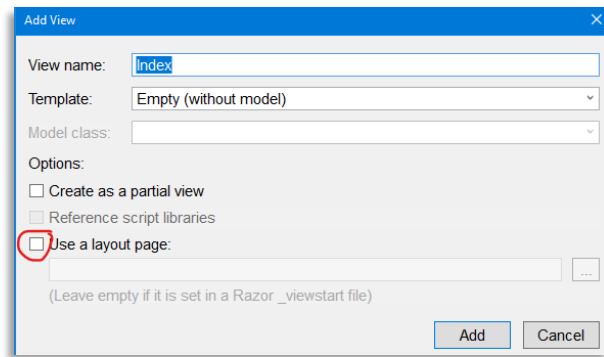
    ' GET: Home
    Function Index() As ActionResult
        Return View()
    End Function
End Class
```

Action – The Controller's method that we want to expose to the client.
`Return View()` have 7+ overloads. If its empty, it will try to find a View with the same name as our action under the `Views\<controller_name>` in our case is "Home".
`Return View("Home")` will return the view with the specific name we choose.

Right click on `Views\Home` > Add > View



View Name : Index > unchecked Use a layout page > Click Add



Add View

View name: Index

Template: Empty (without model)

Model class:

Options:

- ☐ Create as a partial view
- ☐ Reference script libraries
- ☐ Use a layout page:

(Leave empty if it is set in a Razor _viewstart file)

Add Cancel

The new file is Index.vbhtml witch is combination of VB & Html:

```
@Code
    Layout = Nothing
End Code

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>
<head>
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width" />
    <title>Index</title>
</head>
<body>
    <div>
        This is my first View!
    </div>
</body>
</html>
```

Now Press **Ctrl + F5** for build & host our app to an iis express server. Change the Html and see the changes in the browser:

Passing Data From Controller To View:

1. Razor
2. ViewBag
3. ViewData
4. TempData

1. Razor

The razor used by the **@** sign:

Inside the **@Code – End Code** its like writing code in a .vb file, and the we can access the data with **@** and the name of the data:

The image illustrates the process of passing data from a controller to a view using Razor. It consists of several overlapping screenshots:

- Top Screenshot:** Shows the Razor code block structure. It starts with `@Code`, followed by `Layout = Nothing` and `Dim myDate As New DateTime()`, and ends with `End Code`.
- Bottom Left Screenshot:** Shows the view code. It contains three `<div>` elements. The first contains "This is my first View!". The second contains `@myDate`. The third contains `@myDate.to` (partially visible).
- Bottom Right Screenshot:** Shows the view code with the third `<div>` element containing `@myDate.ToString("dd/MM/yy")`.
- Bottom Center Screenshot:** Shows a browser window titled "Index" at the URL `localhost:44354/Home/Index`. The browser displays the rendered output: "This is my first View!", "01/01/01 00:00:00", and "01/01/01".

2. ViewBag

ViewBag can be useful when you want to transfer temporary data from the controller to the view. The ViewBag is a dynamic type property of ControllerBase class which is the base class of all the controllers.

In the Action Index:

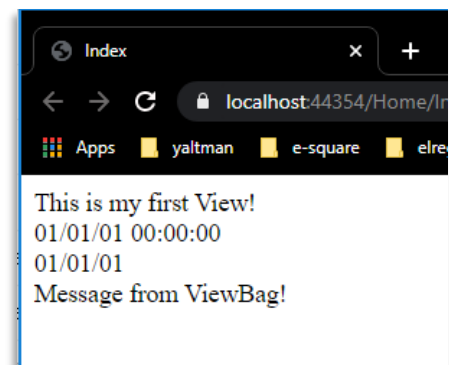
```
ViewBag.Message = "Message from ViewBag!"
```

In the View:

```
<div>
    @ViewBag.Message
</div>
```

```
0 references
Function Index() As ActionResult
    ViewBag.Message = "Message from ViewBag!"

    Return View() 'same like => Return View("Index")
End Function
1 Class
```



3. ViewData

ViewData is a dictionary which can contain key-value pairs where each key must be string.

In the Action Index:

```
ViewData("School") = "Academka"
```

In the View:

```
<div>
    The best school is: @ViewData("school")
</div>
```

```
0 references
Function Index() As ActionResult
    ' ViewBag
    ViewBag.Message = "Message from ViewBag!"

    ' ViewData
    ViewData("School") = "Academka"

    Return View() 'same like => Return View("Index")
End Function
1 Class
```

```
<div>
    @ViewBag.Message
</div>
<div>
    The best school is: @ViewData("school")
</div>
```

