



## Math 140 Linear Algebra

## Test 2 Fall 2018

| Student Name: | Instructor:     |
|---------------|-----------------|
| ID number:    | Section number: |

 $Please\ write\ your\ answers\ in\ detail\ and\ show\ your\ work\ to\ get\ full\ mark.\ Giving\ short\ answers\ might\ cause\ you\ losing\ points.$ 

| Question | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total |  |
|----------|---|---|---|---|---|-------|--|
| Grade    | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 40    |  |

1. Let  $P_2$  be the vector space of polynomials of degree at most 2, with the usual polynomial addition and scalar multiplication.

(a) Let  $S = \{ a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 \mid a_0 + a_1 - a_2 = 0 \}$ . Is S a vector subspace?

this question is not covered in Test 2

(b) Let  $V = \{ a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 \mid a_0, a_1, a_2 \text{ are integers } \}$ . Is V a vector subspace?

- 2. Let  $\mathbb{R}^3$  be the usual 3-dimensional Euclidean vector space (with the usual vector addition and scalar multiplication).
  - (a) Let  $v_1 = (1, 2, 3)$  and  $v_2 = (2, 3, 1)$ . Are  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  linearly independent?

(b) Let  $v_1 = (2,0,1)$ ,  $v_2 = (-1,3,-1)$ ,  $v_3 = (0,6,-1)$ ,  $v_4 = (3,2,1)$  and  $v_5 = (-2,6,-2)$ . Let  $S = \{v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4, v_5\}$ . Is  $R^3$  spanned by all these vectors? (Or, in other words, is  $Span(S) = R^3$  true?)

3. Let  $P_2$  be the vector space of polynomials of degree at most 2, with the usual polynomial addition and scalar multiplication. Determine whether the following sets of vectors form a basis for  $P_2$ . Explain your answer briefly please.

(a) 
$$p_1 = 1 - x + 5x^2$$
,  $p_2 = -3 + 2x + 7x^2$ ,  $p_3 = 6x - x^2$ .

(b) 
$$p_1 = 2 - x + x^2$$
,  $p_2 = 3 - 10x + 6x^2$ .

4. Given

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 6 & 13 \\ -1 & -2 & -2 & -4 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Find a basis of the null space. Find also the nullity of the matrix M.

(b) Find a basis of the column space, and a basis for the row space. Find also the rank of the matrix M.

| 5. | Given that matrix A has size $5 \times 6$ .                                                                                                                                                           |
|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|    | (a) What is the maximum possible value of $\operatorname{rank}(A)$ ? What is the minimum possible value of $\operatorname{nullity}(A)$ ?                                                              |
|    | (b) List an example of $A$ such that $\operatorname{rank}(A)=3$ and $\operatorname{nullity}(A)=3$ . (Note: You only need to list one matrix $A$ . No further explanation or computation is required.) |
|    | (c) What is the minimum possible value of $\operatorname{rank}(A)$ ? What is the maximum possible value of $\operatorname{nullity}(A)$ ?                                                              |