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(35) Teopema Sarpannea. Populyna konernox npupaenenei
       Teoperna Keenn.
 теорина (Лагранная) Бусть доше Ясх) определена и менрер.
 Ma [a,b] u guapop -a ma (a,b), morga \exists c \in (a,b) + (b) - f(a) = f(c)(ba)

\exists -bo! no \tau. Pollus g(x) = f(x) - f(a) - \pi(x-a), yrumorbais <math>\pi = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b-a},
1) g(x) \in C_{[a,b]} riempepolora na [a,b3;2) g(x) = f(x) - \lambda, x \in (a,b)
 g(a) = f(a) - f(a) - \pi(a-0) = 0; g(b) = f(b) - f(a) - \pi(b-a) = -
=f(b)-f(a)-\frac{f(b)-f(a)}{(b-a)}(b-a)=0 \Rightarrow g(a)=g(b)\Rightarrow \exists c\in(a,b), g(c)=0\Rightarrow
=> f(c)-R=0, f'(c)=\frac{f(b)-f(a)}{2} => f(b)-f(a)=f'(c)(b-a).
Формуна конегнах приращений: Пусть Ях) опра, непр
 guspop-a na V(xo) mornu xo, morga Vx=x+xx, xx e V(xo)
 D-60'. ∆x>0, f(x) ∈ C[xo, k+xx] h ₹ f(x), x ∈ (xo, xo+xx). To m) Marpanenca
 \exists c \in (x_0, x_0 + \delta x) \ c = x_0 + \theta \Delta x \Rightarrow \theta = \underline{c - x_0}, \ \theta > 0 \ e > x_0, \theta < \frac{x_0 + \delta x - x_0}{\Delta x} = 1 \Rightarrow \theta = (0.1) \ \Delta f(x_0) = f(x_0 + \Delta x) - \theta = 1
=> b \in (0,1) \Delta f(x_0) = f(x_0 + \Delta X) - f(x_0) = f'(x_0 + \Delta X \Theta) \Delta X populyna komernoux prupaeyeremin.
meepeur (Keum): Ryoms f(x), g(x) onpregen ma [9,6] u bornown.
1) \pm (x), g(x) \in L_{CQ,6]}

2) \pm (x), g(x) guapops-un ma (a, b) => morga \pm C \in (a, b) \frac{f(b)-f(a)}{g(b)-g(a)} = \frac{f'(c)}{g'(c)}

3) \pm x \in [a, b] g'(x) \neq 0

\pm -bo'. a(a) = a(a)
to-bo! g(a) + g(b) populyna reppertua.

Memogou em npomubuoso! Ecien g(a) = g(b) => Ice(a, b),
 g'(c)=0, uno npomu Ceperus yeu. 3.
    x = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{g(b) - g(a)} \in \mathbb{R}, h(x) = f(x) - f(a) - \mathcal{L}(g(x) - g(a)), h(x) \in C_{CG}, 61
                                 x \in (9,6) \Rightarrow h(x) ygobu. yeu. (2) =>
 h'(x) = f'(x) - \pi g'(x)
 h(a)=0 h(b)=0
 => 3 c e(a,b) h'(c)=0 \Rightarrow f(c)-\pi g'(c)=0 \Rightarrow \frac{f(b)-f(a)}{g(b)-g(a)} = \frac{f'(c)}{g'(c)}
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