```
Teoperna о существовании инфинума. Потетие
             опрестиоети тогии.
                Ryomo A-Orpanur. Cauzy ruenob um-ko, morga Int=infAER
        D-bo: Paceu. eun-lo B=-H=f-a actf
                            H-orp. Chuzy => ] mer VaeA m=a => m-a <0 >>
                            +beB Fact b=-a < ll => lln-boB orpanur chepxy
                         JU* 1) YbeB b≤ ou*
                                            2) YE>O FleB = M*-8<6'
                     1) YacA 36 = -a eB, 6 & M*, -a < -m* => m* < a
                     2) YE>O FEEB M*ELE', nyome a'=-6*e#,
                         -m-EZ-a' => a' < m+E => m *= infA eR.
     Onp. Myomo ACR, morga H-orp. elle botes Im, MER VacA meatell.
            Этсонотная веничина (модуть) вену. чисела от адов.
           a \in \mathbb{R}, |a| = \begin{cases} a, eeuu a > 0 \\ -a, eeuu a \leq 0 \end{cases} |a| > 0 = \begin{cases} a - 6 \\ -a \end{cases}
        \frac{3au.1}{3} \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{16} \frac{1}{16}
                            Ryoms ack (morna na ruenobori npiemori) u E>0,
                             morga 1) <u>E-oupreemnoeme</u> morne à nay-ce ellen-leo
                               V(a) = { x e R | 1x-a| < E}
                              2) Monouomon Eokpeemmoomono mornua may-en eun-leo
                                   Ve(a) = 1 xer | 02/2-a/28 = Ve(a) {a}
               New. V(a) = (a-\epsilon; a+\epsilon)
V(a) = (a-\epsilon; a) V(a; a+\epsilon)
                               1) (a:b) = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid a \in \mathbb{R} \mid a \in \mathbb{R} \}
                                 2) emp. [a; 6] 2 { x cR | a { x { 6 } } } (une cerment)
         Zam
                                  3) [a;b] = \begin{cases} x \in \mathbb{R} \mid a \leq x \leq b \end{cases} no eigenseplann.

(a;b] = \begin{cases} x \in \mathbb{R} \mid a \leq x \leq b \end{cases}
```