#### **TOPOLOGY OPTIMIZATION**

#### **PROJECT 3 REPORT**

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MAE 598: Design Optimization (Fall 2021)

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Under the guidance of

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## **ABSTRACT**

In this project, you will learn to implement an optimization algorithm for minimizing the compliance of a cantilever beam with a point load in y direction at its equilibrium state with respect to its topology.

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%%%% AN 88 LINE TOPOLOGY OPTIMIZATION CODE Nov, 2010 %%%%
nelx=300;
nely=150;
volfrac=0.3;
penal=3;
rmin=1.5;
%function Designproject3(nelx,nely,volfrac,penal,rmin,ft)
```

## MATERIAL PROPERTIES

```
E0 = 1;
Emin = 1e-9;
nu = 0.3;
```

## PREPARE FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

```
A11 = [12 \ 3 \ -6 \ -3; \ 3 \ 12 \ 3 \ 0; \ -6 \ 3 \ 12 \ -3; \ -3 \ 0 \ -3 \ 12];
A12 = [-6 -3 \ 0 \ 3; -3 -6 -3 -6; \ 0 -3 -6 \ 3; \ 3 -6 \ 3 -6];
B11 = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 3 & -2 & 9; & 3 & -4 & -9 & 4; & -2 & -9 & -4 & -3; & 9 & 4 & -3 & -4 \end{bmatrix};
B12 = [2 -3 \ 4 -9; -3 \ 2 \ 9 -2; \ 4 \ 9 \ 2 \ 3; -9 -2 \ 3 \ 2];
KE = 1/(1-nu^2)/24*([A11 A12;A12' A11]+nu*[B11 B12;B12' B11]);
nodenrs = reshape(1:(1+nelx)*(1+nely),1+nely,1+nelx);
edofVec = reshape(2*nodenrs(1:end-1,1:end-1)+1,nelx*nely,1);
edofMat = repmat(edofVec, 1, 8) + repmat([0 1 2*nely+[2 3 0 1] - 2)
 -1],nelx*nely,1);
iK = reshape(kron(edofMat,ones(8,1))',64*nelx*nely,1);
jK = reshape(kron(edofMat,ones(1,8))',64*nelx*nely,1);
% DEFINE LOADS AND SUPPORTS (HALF MBB-BEAM)
F = sparse(2,1,-1,2*(nely+1)*(nelx+1),1);
U = zeros(2*(nely+1)*(nelx+1),1);
fixeddofs = union((1:2:2*(nely+1)),(2*(nelx+1)*(nely+1)));
alldofs = (1:2*(nely+1)*(nelx+1));
```

```
freedofs = setdiff(alldofs,fixeddofs);
```

#### PREPARE FILTER

```
iH = ones(nelx*nely*(2*(ceil(rmin)-1)+1)^2,1);
jH = ones(size(iH));
sH = zeros(size(iH));
k = 0;
for i1 = 1:nelx
    for j1 = 1:nely
        e1 = (i1-1)*nely+j1;
        for i2 = max(i1-(ceil(rmin)-1),1):min(i1+(ceil(rmin)-1),nelx)
            for j2 = max(j1-(ceil(rmin)-1),1):min(j1+(ceil(rmin)-1),nely)
                e2 = (i2-1)*nely+j2;
                k = k+1;
                iH(k) = e1;
                jH(k) = e2;
                sH(k) = max(0,rmin-sqrt((i1-i2)^2+(j1-j2)^2));
            end
        end
    end
end
H = sparse(iH, jH, sH);
Hs = sum(H,2);
```

## INITIALIZE ITERATION

```
x = repmat(volfrac,nely,nelx);
xPhys = x;
loop = 0;
change = 1;
```

#### START ITERATION

```
while change > 0.01
loop = loop + 1;
```

## **FE-ANALYSIS**

```
sK= reshape(KE(:)*(Emin+xPhys(:)'.^penal*(E0-Emin)),64*nelx*nely,1);
K = sparse(iK,jK,sK); K = (K+K')/2;
U(freedofs) = K(freedofs,freedofs)\F(freedofs);
```

# OBJECTIVE FUNCTION AND SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

```
ce = reshape(sum((U(edofMat)*KE).*U(edofMat),2),nely,nelx); % element-wise
strain energy
```

```
c = sum(sum((Emin+xPhys.^penal*(E0-Emin)).*ce)); % total strain energy
dc = -penal*(E0-Emin)*xPhys.^(penal-1).*ce; % design sensitivity
dv = ones(nely,nelx);
```

## FILTERING/MODIFICATION OF SENSITIVITIES

```
ft=heaviside(x);
   if ft == 2
        dc(:) = H*(x(:).*dc(:))./Hs./max(1e-3,x(:));
   elseif ft == 3
        dc(:) = H*(dc(:)./Hs);
        dv(:) = H*(dv(:)./Hs);
   end
```

# OPTIMALITY CRITERIA UPDATE OF DESIGN VARIABLES AND PHYSICAL DENSITIES

#### PRINT RESULTS

```
fprintf(' It.: %5i Obj.: %11.4f Vol.: %7.3f ch.: %7.3f \n',loop,c, ...
      mean(xPhys(:)),change);
It.:
      1 Obj.: 2018.6979 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
It.:
      2 Obj.: 1051.4536 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
It.:
      3 Obj.:
               719.4513 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
It.:
      4 Obj.:
                544.0387 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
It.:
      5 Obj.:
                446.0797 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
It.: 6 Obj.:
               384.1671 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
               343.3330 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
It.:
      7 Obj.:
```

```
It.:
      8 Obj.:
                309.5958 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
It.:
      9 Obj.:
                281.9777 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
It.:
      10 Obj.:
                281.9777 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
It.:
      11 Obj.:
                297.3464 Vol.: 0.300 ch.:
                                           0.200
                297.3464 Vol.: 0.300 ch.:
It.:
      12 Obj.:
                                           0.200
It.:
      13 Obj.:
                298.3209 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
It.:
      14 Obj.:
                298.3209 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
It.:
      15 Obj.:
                298.3209 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
It.:
                298.3209 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
      16 Obj.:
It.:
      17 Obj.:
                298.3209 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.200
It.:
      18 Obj.:
               298.3209 Vol.: 0.300 ch.: 0.000
```

# **PLOT DENSITIES**

colormap(gray); imagesc(1-xPhys); caxis([0 1]); axis equal; axis off; drawnow;









#### end

Published with MATLAB® R2021b

#### **References:**

- 1. Efficient topology optimization in MATLAB using 88 lines of code-Erik Andreassen, Anders Clausen, Mattias Schevenels, Boyan S. Lazarov, Ole Sigmund.
- 2. A 99 line topology optimization code written in Matlab Ole Sigmond.
- 3. Topology optimization tutorial Yi (Max) Ren.