Monash University: Assessment Cover Sheet

Student name	Zhang		Yongjun				
School/Campus			Student's I.D. number	28558316			
Unit name	FIT3179 Data visualisation S2 2020						
Lecturer's name			Tutor's name	Aldrich Clarence			
Assignment name	Data Visualisation I Report		Group Assignment: No Note, each student must attach a coversheet				
Lab/Tute Class:		Lab/Tute Time:		Word Count: 522			
Due date: 13-09-2020		Submit Date: 13-09-2020		Extension granted □			

If an extension of work is granted, specify date and provide the signature of the lector printout or handwritten and signed notice from your lecturer/tutor verifying an extension of the lector printout or handwritten and signed notice from your lecturer/tutor verifying an extension of the lector printout or handwritten and signed notice from your lecturer/tutor verifying an extension of the lector printout or handwritten and signed notice from your lecturer/tutor verifying an extension of the lector printout or handwritten and signed notice from your lecturer/tutor verifying an extension of the lector printout or handwritten and signed notice from your lecturer/tutor verifying an extension of the lector printout or handwritten and signed notice from your lecturer/tutor verifying an extension of the lector printout or handwritten and signed notice from your lecturer/tutor verifying an extension of the lector printout or handwritten and signed notice from your lecturer/tutor verifying an extension of the lector printout or handwritten and signed notice from your lecturer/tutor verifying an extension of the lector printout or handwritten and signed notice from your lecturer.		•				
Extension granted until (date):/ Signature of lecturer/tutor:						
Late submissions policy	Days late	Penalty applied				
Penalties apply to late submissions and may vary between faculties. Please refer to	1					
your faculty's late assessment policy for details.						
Patient/client confidentiality: Where a patient/client case study is undertaken a sign	ned Consent For	m must be obtained.				

Intentional plagiarism or collusion amounts to cheating under Part 7 of the Monash University (Council) Regulations

Plagiarism: Plagiarism means to take and use another person's ideas and or manner of expressing them and to pass these off as one's own by failing to give appropriate acknowledgement. This includes material from any source, staff, students or the Internet - published and unpublished works.

Collusion: Collusion means unauthorised collaboration on assessable written, oral or practical work with another person. Where there are reasonable grounds for believing that intentional plagiarism or collusion has occurred, this will be reported to the Associate Dean (Education) or nominee, who may disallow the work concerned by prohibiting assessment or refer the matter to the Faculty Discipline Panel for a hearing.

Student Statement:

- I have read the university's Student Academic Integrity Policy and Procedures
- I understand the consequences of engaging in plagiarism and collusion as described in Part 7 of the Monash University (Council) Regulations (academic misconduct).
- · I have taken proper care to safeguard this work and made all reasonable efforts to ensure it could not be copied.
- · No part of this assignment has been previously submitted as part of another unit/course.
- I acknowledge and agree that the assessor of this assignment may, for the purposes of assessment, reproduce the assignment and:
 - i. provide it to another member of faculty and any external marker; and/or
 - ii. submit to a text matching/originality checking software; and/or
 - iii. submit it to a text matching/originality checking software which may then retain a copy of the assignment on its database for the purpose of future plagiarism checking.
- I certify that I have not plagiarised the work of others or participated in unauthorised collaboration or otherwise breached the academic integrity requirements in the Student Academic Integrity Policy.

	12/	00 / 2020	G: .	Yongjun Zhang	alu	
Date:	13/	09 / 2020	Signature:		4	

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Visualization URL:

https://public.tableau.com/profile/yongjun.zhang4565#!/vizhome/Tourism_15995428998150/dashboard

Report

-28558316 Yongjun Zhang

The tourism industry is becoming more and more important nowadays. Tourism plays a role in the development of the national economy. This report is to explain the visualization of tourism in Australia.

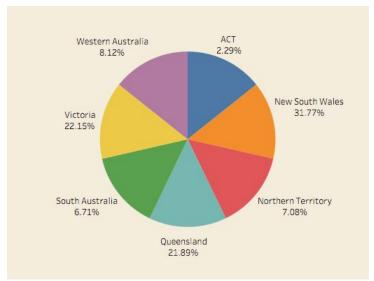
Domain and Who:

The domain is tourism in Australia from 1998 to 2016, and the number of people who travel for their purposes and the most foreign tourists is from which countries. This visualization is to let people know which continent in Australia is more popular with people, and why people come to these places for trips, so that people can know where those tourism industries should develop, such as the hotel industry and souvenir sales.

What:

The data is for the tourism in Australia in each state and the purposes of people who came for a trip between 1998 and 2016. The dataset is from Kaggle, and the author is LuisBlanche(2020), it is related to my visualization. Besides, the second data is how many foreign tourists came to Australia from five main countries between 2007 to 2017 and this dataset was published by Tourism Research Australia (TRA)(2017), it shows how many foreign tourists came to Australia. I used the first data to create a pie chart and a map to show how many tourists went to different states, it can show which states are most popular for tourists. Then I made a heat map to show what is the main purpose of peoples' trip and a line chart to show the trend of tourism in each state in about 18 years. Besides, the second line chart was made by the International visits by origin data set. It shows how many foreign tourists from these five countries to Australia for trips.

Why:





This pie chart shows the percentage of tourists arriving in each state, to show which states are popular in the tourism industry in Australia. Besides, the line chart shows the trend of tourism in different states. It can tell us something about the tourism industry in recent years. And the heat map can show the different purpose of people for the trip. These charts can let people know which place is worth investing in the Hotel and other industries which relates to tourism.

How:

The colour hue(channel) and area(mark) were used on the chart, different colors represent different states and the area depends on the percentage of tourists. The line graph was also used colour hue(channel) to show each state and used line for the mark to show the trend. The heat map was shown by colour value(channel) and mark is area to show how many peoples' trip for each purpose in different years. And it has a low data-ink ratio and

magazine style to show the visualization. Besides, the layout is from top to bottom, each graph has a literal interpretation and caption, and the graph is as straight as possible vertically and horizontally symmetrical.

Bibliography:

LuisBalnche(2020).. *Quarterly Tourism In Australia*. Kaggle. https://www.kaggle.com/luisblanche/guarterly-tourism-in-australia

SA Tourism Commission(2017). *Tourism Visitor Statistics*. https://data.gov.au/dataset/ds-sa-00824055-585f-488e-a7df-4ea9fd678496/details?q

Five design Sheet

