ESC HW3(Due: Nov. 12th, 2019)

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8.1

(a) $Var[y_{ij}|\theta_i,\sigma^2]$: variance in i^{th} group sampling y

 $Var[y_{ij}|\mu,\tau^2]$: variance

Thus, $Var[y_{ij}|\mu,\tau^2]$ will be bigger than $Var[y_{ij}|\mu,\tau^2]$.

(b) When θ_j is fixed, y_{ij} 's are i.i.d

$$\therefore Cov[y_{i1,j}, y_{i2,j} | \theta_j, \sigma^2] = 0$$

Information of $y_{i1,j}$ updates θ_j and offers $y_{i2,j}$'s information.

$$\begin{split} \text{(c) } Var[y_{ij}|\theta_j,\sigma^2] &= Var[\epsilon_{ij}|\theta_j,\sigma^2] = \sigma^2 \\ Var[\bar{y_{ij}}|\theta_j,\sigma^2] &= \frac{\sigma^2}{n_j} \end{split}$$

$$Var[y_{ij}|\mu,\tau^{2}] = E[Var(y_{ij}|\theta_{i},\sigma^{2})|\mu,\tau^{2}] + Var[E((y_{ij}|\theta_{i},\sigma^{2})|\mu,\tau^{2})]$$
$$= E[\sigma^{2}|\mu,\tau^{2}] + Var[\theta^{2}|\mu,\tau^{2}]$$
$$= \sigma^{2} + \tau^{2}$$

$$\begin{split} Var[\bar{y}_{ij}|\mu,\tau^2] &= E[Var(\bar{y}_{ij}|\theta_j,\sigma^2)|\mu,\tau^2] + Var[E(\bar{y}_{ij}|\theta_j,\sigma^2)|\mu,\tau^2)] \\ &= E[\frac{\sigma^2}{n_i}|\mu,\tau^2] + Var[\frac{\sigma^2}{n_i}|\mu,\tau^2] \\ &= \frac{\sigma^2}{n_i} + \tau^2 \end{split}$$

$$Cov(y_{i1j}, y_{i2j} | \theta_j, \sigma^2) = E(y_{i1j}, y_{i2j} | \theta_j, \sigma^2) - E(y_{i1j} | \theta_j, \sigma^2) E(y_{i2j} | \theta_j, \sigma^2)$$

$$= 0$$

$$\begin{split} Cov(y_{i1j}, y_{i2j} | \mu, \tau^2) &= E[Cov(y_{i1j}, y_{i2j} | \theta_j, \sigma^2) | \mu, \tau^2] + Cov[E(y_{i1j}, y_{i2j} | \theta_j, \sigma^2) | \mu, \tau^2] \\ &= Cov(\theta_j, \theta_j) \\ &= \tau^2 \end{split}$$

(d)

$$\begin{split} P(\mu|\theta_1,\cdots,\theta_m,\sigma^2,\tau^2,y_1,\cdots,y_m) &= P(\mu|\tilde{\theta},\sigma^2,\tau^2,\tilde{y}) \\ &= \frac{P(\mu,\tilde{\theta},\sigma^2,\tau^2,\tilde{y})}{\int P(\mu,\tilde{\theta},\sigma^2,\tau^2,\tilde{y})d\mu} \\ &= \frac{P(\mu)P(\sigma^2)P(\tau^2)P(Y|\tilde{\theta},\sigma^2)P(\tilde{\theta}|\mu,\tau^2)}{\int P(\mu)P(\sigma^2)P(\tau^2)P(Y|\tilde{\theta},\sigma^2)P(\tilde{\theta}|\mu,\tau^2)d\mu} \end{split}$$