

# 그래프 알고리즘

Lecture 9

# Sequencing By Hybridization (SBH) Problem

- Reconstruct a string from its  $l$ -mer composition.
- Input : A set  $S$ , representing all  $l$ -mers from an unknown string  $s$
- Output: String  $s$  such that  $\text{Spectrum}(s, l) = S$

# SBH Problem

- Spectrum (  $s, l$  ) - unordered multiset of all possible  $(n - l + 1)$   $l$ -mers in a string  $s$  of length  $n$
- The order of individual elements in Spectrum (  $s, l$  ) does not matter
- For  $s = \text{TATGGTGC}$  all of the following are equivalent representations of Spectrum (  $s, 3$  ):
  - {TAT, ATG, TGG, GGT, GTG, TGC}
  - {ATG, GGT, GTG, TAT, TGC, TGG}
  - {TGG, TGC, TAT, GTG, GGT, ATG}

# 문제

## Hamiltonian path

스펙트럼이 주어졌을 때 Hamiltonian 알고리즘을 이용해 복원하는 프로그램을 작성하시오.

- $\text{Spectrum}(s_1, 3) = \{\text{AGT}, \text{AAA}, \text{ACT}, \text{AAC}, \text{CTT}, \text{GTA}, \text{TTT}, \text{TAA}\}$
- $\text{Spectrum}(s_2, 3) = \{\text{ATG}, \text{AGG}, \text{TGC}, \text{TCC}, \text{GTC}, \text{GGT}, \text{GCA}, \text{CAG}\}$
- $\text{Spectrum}(s_3, 3) = \{\text{ATG}, \text{TGG}, \text{TGC}, \text{GTG}, \text{GGC}, \text{GCA}, \text{GCG}, \text{CGT}\}$
- $\text{Spectrum}(s_4, 4) = \{\text{ATGC}, \text{TGCG}, \text{GCGG}, \text{CGGC}, \text{GGCT}, \text{GGCT}, \text{GCTG},$   
 $\text{CTGT}, \text{TGTA}, \text{GTAT}, \text{TATG}, \text{ATGG}, \text{TGGT}, \text{GGTG}\}$

1. 위 4가지 스펙트럼을 프로그램을 통해 복원하고 결과를 보고서에 작성하세요.

2. 자신만의 스펙트럼을 만들고 프로그램을 실행시켰을 시 제대로 복원이 되는지 결과를 보고서에 작성하세요

\* 코드 설명을 상세히 작성하세요.