### Neo4j airport project

#### Създаване на nodes:

LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM

"https://raw.githubusercontent.com/YordanTop/airport\_routes\_project/prototype/airports.csv" AS row

CREATE (:\_Airports {`Airport ID`:row.`Airport ID`, City:row.City, Country:row.Country, IATA:row.IATA, ICAO:row.ICAO, Latitude:row.Latitude, Longitude:row.Longitude, Altitude:row.Altitude, Timezone:row.Timezone, DST:row.DST, `TZ database timezone`:row.`TZ database timezone`, Type:row.Type, Source:row.Source});

### Създаване на връзки:

LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM

"https://raw.githubusercontent.com/YordanTop/airport\_routes\_project/prototype/routes.csv" AS row

WITH row

MATCH ( a: Airports {IATA: row.`Source airport`})

WITH row, a

MATCH (\_a2:\_Airports {IATA: row.`Destination airport`})

CREATE (\_a)-[:ROUTE{Stops:row.Stops}]->(\_a2);

Създаване на Уникален ключ.

CREATE CONSTRAINT FOR (a: Airports) REQUIRE a.IATA IS UNIQUE;

1.Кои летища можем да посетим от София и които са на 1 дъга разстояние?

MATCH (a:\_Airports)-[r:ROUTE]->(b:\_Airports) WHERE a.IATA = 'SOF' RETURN a,b,r

2.А на 2 дъги разстояние?

MATCH (a:\_Airports)-[r:ROUTE]-(b:\_Airports)-[r2:ROUTE]->(c:\_Airports) WHERE a.IATA = 'SOF' RETURN a,b,c,r,r2

#### 3.Същото за Пловдив

MATCH (a: Airports)-[r:ROUTE]->(b: Airports) WHERE a.IATA = 'PVD' RETURN a,b,r

MATCH (a:\_Airports)-[r:ROUTE]-(b:\_Airports)-[r2:ROUTE]->(c:\_Airports) WHERE a.IATA = 'PVD 'RETURN a,b,c,r,r2

4. Най-краткият път от Пловдив до Сидни?

MATCH p = shortestPath((a:\_Airports {IATA:'PVD'})-[\*]->(b:\_Airports {IATA:'SYD'})) return p

### 5.А най-бързият?

MATCH (a:`\_Airports`{IATA:"PVD"}),(b:`\_Airports`{IATA:"SYD"}) CALL apoc.algo.dijkstra(a,b,'ROUTE',"SYD") yield path,weight return path,weight

# 6.Същото, но за Лондон

MATCH p = shortestPath((a:\_Airports {IATA:'PVD'})-[\*]->(b:\_Airports {IATA:'LCY'})) return p

MATCH (a:`\_Airports`{IATA:"PVD"}),(b:`\_Airports`{IATA:LCY"}) CALL apoc.algo.dijkstra(a,b,'ROUTE',"LCY") yield path,weight return path,weight

# 7.Същото от Монреал до София

MATCH p = shortestPath((a:\_Airports {IATA:'YUL'})-[\*]->(b:\_Airports {IATA:'SOF'})) return p

MATCH (a:`\_Airports`{IATA:"YUL"}),(b:`\_Airports`{IATA:"SOF"}) CALL apoc.algo.dijkstra(a,b,'ROUTE',"SOF") yield path,weight return path,weight

## 8.Най-натовареното летище?

MATCH (a:`\_Airports`)<-[r:ROUTE]-(b:`\_Airports`) RETURN a,count(\*) ORDER BY count(\*) DESC LIMIT 1