

A thick dark blue vertical bar runs down the left side of the page. A blue arrow-shaped banner points to the right from this bar, containing the date. In the bottom left corner, several thin, curved lines in dark blue and light grey sweep upwards and to the right.

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Problemario 1

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Problema 1 Encontrar la STF en $(0,1)$ de:

a) e^{-t}

$$T=1$$

$$\omega_0 = 2\pi$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^1 e^{-t} dt = -e^{-t} \Big|_0^1 = -\frac{1}{e} + 1 = \frac{e-1}{e} = 1 - e^{-1}$$

$$a_n = 2 \int_0^1 e^{-t} \cos(2n\pi t) dt$$

$$= \frac{e^{ax} (a \cos bx + b \sin bx)}{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$= 2 \left[\frac{e^{-t} (-\cos 2n\pi t + 2n\pi \sin 2n\pi t)}{1 + 4n^2\pi^2} \right]_0^1$$

$$a = -1$$

$$b = 2n\pi$$

$$= 2 \left[\frac{e^{-1}(-1) - (-1)}{1 + 4n^2\pi^2} \right] = \frac{2(1 - e^{-1})}{1 + 4n^2\pi^2}$$

$$b_n = 2 \int_0^1 e^{-t} \sin(2n\pi t) dt$$

$$= \frac{e^{ax} (a \sin bx - b \cos bx)}{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$= 2 \left[\frac{e^{-t} (-\sin 2n\pi t - 2n\pi \cos 2n\pi t)}{1 + 4n^2\pi^2} \right]_0^1$$

$$a = -1$$

$$b = 2n\pi$$

$$= 2 \left[\frac{-2n\pi e^{-1} + 2n\pi}{1 + 4n^2\pi^2} \right] = \frac{4n\pi(1 - e^{-1})}{1 + 4n^2\pi^2}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{e-1}{e} + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1 - e^{-1}}{1 + 4n^2\pi^2} \right) (\cos(2n\pi t) + 2n\pi \sin(2n\pi t))$$

b) t^2 $0 < t < 1$ $T=1$ $\omega_0 = 2\pi$

$$a_0 = \int_0^1 t^2 dt = \left. \frac{t^3}{3} \right|_0^1 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$a_n = 2 \int_0^1 t^2 \cos(2n\pi t) dt \quad \boxed{= \frac{2t}{a^2} \cos ax + \left(\frac{t^2}{a} - \frac{2}{a^3} \right) \sin ax}$$

$$= 2 \left[\frac{2t}{(2n\pi)^2} \cos(2n\pi t) + \left(\frac{t^2}{2n\pi} - \frac{2}{8n^3\pi^3} \right) \sin(2n\pi t) \right]_0^1$$

$$= 2 \left[\frac{1}{2n^2\pi^2} \right] = \frac{1}{n^2\pi^2}$$

$$b_n = 2 \int_0^1 t^2 \sin(2n\pi t) dt \quad \boxed{= \frac{2t}{a^2} \sin ax + \left(\frac{2}{a^3} - \frac{t^2}{a} \right) \cos ax}$$

$$= 2 \left[\frac{2t \sin(2n\pi t)}{4n^2\pi^2} + \left(\frac{2}{8n^3\pi^3} - \frac{t^2}{2n\pi} \right) \cos(2n\pi t) \right]_0^1$$

$$= 2 \left[\frac{2}{8n^3\pi^3} - \frac{1}{2n\pi} - \frac{2}{8n^3\pi^3} \right] = -\frac{1}{n\pi}$$

$$t^2 = \frac{1}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos 2n\pi t}{n^2\pi^2} - \frac{\sin 2n\pi t}{n\pi}$$

c) $2t$ $a_0 = \int_0^1 2t dt = \left. t^2 \right|_0^1 = 1$

$$a_n = 2 \int_0^1 t \cos(2n\pi t) dt = 4 \left[\frac{\cos(2n\pi t)}{4n^2\pi^2} + \frac{t \sin 2n\pi t}{2n\pi} \right]_0^1$$

$$a_n = 0$$

$$b_n = 2 \int_0^1 t \sin(2n\pi t) dt = \left(\frac{\sin 2n\pi t}{2n\pi} - \frac{t \cos 2n\pi t}{2n\pi} \right) \Big|_0^1 = -\frac{1}{n\pi}$$

$$b_n = 2(-1/n\pi)$$

$$2t = 1 - 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin(2n\pi t) / n\pi$$

Problema 2

a) $P(t)$ es par $\Rightarrow b_n = 0$ $T = 2\pi \quad \omega_0 = 1$

$$a_0 = \frac{A}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \cos t \, dt = \frac{A}{2\pi} \left[\sin \frac{\pi}{2} - \sin \frac{-\pi}{2} \right] = A/\pi$$

$$a_n = \frac{A}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \cos t \cos nt \, dt = \boxed{\text{De Evidencia 1.1}} \quad a_n = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(t) = \left\{ \frac{1}{\pi} + \frac{\cos t}{2} + \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \left[\frac{\sin(n+1)\pi/2 - \sin(n-1)\pi/2}{n+1} + \frac{\sin(n-1)\pi/2 - \sin(n-3)\pi/2}{n-1} \right] \right\} A$$

b) $P(t)$ es par $A(t)$ en $-\pi < t < 0$; $A(1-t)$ $0 < t < \pi$

$$a_0 = \frac{A}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 (A+t) \, dt + \frac{A}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (A-t) \, dt = \frac{A}{2\pi} \left(A + \frac{t^2}{2} \right) \Big|_{-\pi}^0 + \frac{A}{2\pi} \left(A - \frac{t^2}{2} \right) \Big|_0^{\pi}$$

$$= \frac{A}{2\pi} \left(-\pi + \frac{\pi^2}{2} \right) + \frac{A}{2\pi} \left(\pi - \frac{\pi^2}{2} \right) = \frac{A}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$$

$$= (2A - \pi)/2$$

$$a_n = \frac{A}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 (1+t) \cos nt \, dt + \frac{A}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (1-t) \cos nt \, dt$$

$$= \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(nt)}{n} + \frac{\cos(nt)}{n^2} + \frac{t \sin(nt)}{n} \right]_{-\pi}^0 + \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(nt)}{n} - \frac{\cos(nt)}{n^2} - \frac{t \sin(nt)}{n} \right]_0^{\pi}$$

$$= \frac{A}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{n^2} - \frac{\cos \pi n}{n^2} \right) + \frac{A}{\pi} \left(-\frac{\cos \pi n}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n^2} \right) = \frac{2}{n^2 \pi} (1 - \cos n\pi)$$

$$P(t) = \frac{2A - \pi}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1 - \cos n\pi}{n^2} \cos nt$$

c) $P(t)$ es impar

$$b_n = \frac{2A}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 \sin nt \, dt + \frac{2A}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} -\sin nt \, dt = \frac{A}{\pi} \left(-\frac{\cos nt}{n} \right) \Big|_{-\pi}^0 + \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{\cos nt}{n} \right]_0^{\pi}$$

$$= \frac{A}{\pi} \left[-\frac{1}{n} + \frac{\cos -n\pi}{n} + \frac{\cos n\pi}{n} - \frac{1}{n} \right] = \frac{2A}{\pi n} (1 + \cos n\pi)$$

$$P(t) = \frac{2A}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(n\pi) - 1}{n} \cos nt$$

d) $P(t)$ es impar

$$b_n = \frac{A}{\pi} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \sin 2t \sin nt \, dt = \frac{A}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} [\cos(2+n)t + \cos(2-n)t] \, dt$$

$$= \frac{A}{2\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(2+n)t}{2+n} + \frac{\sin(2-n)t}{2-n} \right]_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2}$$

$$= \frac{A}{2\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(2+n)\pi/2}{2+n} + \frac{\sin(2-n)\pi/2}{2-n} + \frac{\sin(2+n)\pi/2}{2+n} - \frac{\sin(2-n)\pi/2}{2-n} \right]$$

$$= \frac{A}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin(2+n)\pi/2}{2+n} + \frac{\sin(2-n)\pi/2}{2-n} \right)$$

$$= \frac{A}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin n\pi/2}{2+n} + \frac{\sin n\pi/2}{2-n} \right) = \frac{A \sin n\pi/2}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2+n} + \frac{1}{2-n} \right)$$

$$b_1 = \frac{A}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{3} + 1 \right) = \frac{4A}{3\pi} \quad b_2 = \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{A \cos(n\pi)}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Problema 3

a) $f(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{A}{2}(x+1) & -1 < t < 0 \\ \frac{A}{2}(x-1) & 0 < t < 1 \end{cases}$ $f(t)$ es impar

$(-1, 0)$ $(0, -\frac{A}{2})$
 $(0, \frac{A}{2})$ $(1, 0)$

$m = \frac{-A/2}{-1} = \frac{A}{2}$ $m = \frac{A}{2}$

$y = \frac{A}{2}(x+1)$ $T=2$ $y = \frac{A}{2}(x-1)$
 $\omega_0 = \pi$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 \frac{A}{2}(x-1) \sin(n\pi t) dt = A \left[\frac{\sin n\pi t}{(n\pi)^2} - \frac{t \cos n\pi t}{n\pi} + \frac{\cos n\pi t}{n\pi} \right]$$

$$= A \left(\frac{\cos n\pi}{n\pi} - \frac{1}{n\pi} \right) = \frac{A}{n\pi} (\cos n\pi - 1)$$

$$f(t) = \frac{A}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\cos n\pi - 1}{n} \right) \sin(n\pi t)$$

b) $f(t) = \begin{cases} A \sin t & 0 < t < 2\pi \\ 0 & \text{en otro caso} \end{cases}$ $T=4\pi$ $\omega_0 = 1/2$

$$a_n = \frac{A}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \sin t \cos\left(\frac{n t}{2}\right) dt = \frac{A}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \sin t \left(\cos\left(t\left(1-\frac{n}{2}\right)\right) + \cos\left(t\left(1+\frac{n}{2}\right)\right) \right) dt$$

$$= \frac{A}{4\pi} \left[\frac{-\cos t(1-\frac{n}{2})}{1-\frac{n}{2}} - \frac{\cos t(1+\frac{n}{2})}{1+\frac{n}{2}} \right]_0^{2\pi}$$

$$= -\frac{A}{4\pi} \left(\frac{\cos(2-n)\pi}{2-n} + \frac{\cos(2+n)\pi}{2+n} - \frac{1}{2-n} - \frac{1}{2+n} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{A}{2\pi} \left(\frac{\cos(2-n)\pi - 1}{2-n} + \frac{\cos(2+n)\pi - 1}{2+n} \right) \begin{cases} a_2 = 0 \\ a_0 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{4\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \cos t \left(1 - \frac{n}{2}\right) \sin \frac{n}{2} t dt = \frac{1}{4\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \cos \left(1 - \frac{n}{2}\right) t - \cos \left(1 + \frac{n}{2}\right) t dt$$

$$= \frac{A}{4\pi} \left(\frac{\sin(2\pi - \pi n)}{\frac{2-n}{2}} - \frac{\sin(2\pi + \pi n)}{\frac{2+n}{2}} \right) = \frac{A}{2\pi} (0 \text{ se } n \neq 2)$$

$$b_2 = \frac{A}{2} \quad f(t) = \frac{A}{2} \sin t + \frac{4A}{3\pi} \cos \frac{t}{2} + \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{2A[(-1)^n - 1]}{\pi(n^2 - 4)} \cos \frac{nt}{2}$$

c) $T=3$ $\omega_0 = 2\pi/3$ $f(t)$ es impar

$$b_n = \frac{4}{3} \int_0^{3/2} f(t) \sin \frac{2n\pi}{3} t dt = \frac{4A}{3} \int_0^{3/2} t \sin \frac{2n\pi}{3} t - \sin \frac{2n\pi}{3} t dt$$

$$= \frac{4A}{3} \left[\frac{3t \cos(\frac{2n\pi t}{3})}{2n\pi} + \frac{9 \sin(\frac{2n\pi t}{3})/3}{4n^2\pi^2} + \frac{3 \cos(2n\pi t/3)}{2n\pi} \right]_0^{3/2}$$

$$= \frac{4A}{3} \left[\frac{9 \sin(2n\pi/3)}{4n^2\pi^2} + \frac{3}{2\pi} \right] = \frac{3A \sin(2n\pi/3)}{n^2\pi^2} + \frac{2A}{n\pi}$$

$$= \frac{3A \sin(2n\pi/3)}{\pi^2 n^2} - \frac{2A}{n\pi}$$

$$f(t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3A \sin(2n\pi/3)}{\pi^2 n^2} - \frac{2A}{n\pi} \right) \sin \left(\frac{2n\pi t}{3} \right)$$

$$d) f(t) = A \cos t \quad T = 2\pi \quad \omega_0 = 1 \quad b_n = 0$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{1}{2} \cos t(1-n) + \cos t(1+n) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{\sin t \cos t n - \cos t \sin t n}{1-n} + \frac{\sin t \cos t n + \cos t \sin t n}{1+n} \right]_0^{\pi/2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin \pi/2 \cos n\pi/2}{1-n} + \frac{\sin \pi/2 \cos n\pi/2}{1+n} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\cos n\pi/2}{1-n^2} \right) \quad a_0 = \frac{2}{\pi}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{1}{\pi} \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{2 \cos n\pi/2}{1-n^2} = \frac{0}{0} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{2}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \left(\frac{2 \cos n\pi/2}{1-n^2} \right) \cos n\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$e) f(t) = \begin{cases} A & \frac{1}{2} < t < \frac{3}{2} \\ -2A(t - \frac{1}{2}) + A & \frac{1}{2} < t < \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases} \quad T=3 \quad \omega_0 = 2\pi/3$$

$$\text{per} \Rightarrow b_n = 0$$

$$a_n = \frac{4}{3} \int_0^1 -2A(t-2) \cos\left(\frac{2n\pi t}{3}\right) dt = -\frac{8A}{3} \left[-\frac{6 \sin(2n\pi/3)}{2n\pi} + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{3t \sin(2n\pi t/3)}{2n\pi} + \frac{9 \cos(2n\pi t/3)}{4\pi^2 n^2} \right]_0^1$$

$$= -\frac{8A}{3} \left[-\frac{3 \sin(2\pi/3)}{2n\pi} + \frac{4 \cos(2\pi/3)}{4\pi^2 n^2} - \frac{9}{4\pi^2 n^2} \right]$$

$$= -\frac{8A}{4\pi^2 n^2} (2n\pi \sin(2\pi/3) - 3 \cos(2\pi/3) + 3)$$

$$= -\frac{2A}{n^2 \pi^2} (2n\pi \sin(\frac{2\pi}{3}) - 3 \cos(\frac{2\pi}{3}) + 3)$$

$$Q_0 = 2A \quad P(t) = 2A + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -2A \left(\frac{2n\pi \sin(2n\pi/3) - 3\cos(2n\pi/3) + 3}{n^2 \pi^2} \right) e^{jn\omega_0 t}$$

Problema 4

$$a) P(t) = \begin{cases} A & -\frac{1}{2} < t < \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} < t < 3 \end{cases} \quad T = \frac{7}{2} \quad \omega_0 = \frac{4\pi}{7}$$

$$C_n = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-1/2}^3 P(t) e^{-jn\omega_0 t} dt = \frac{2}{7} \int_{-1/2}^{1/2} A e^{-jn\omega_0 t} dt + 0$$

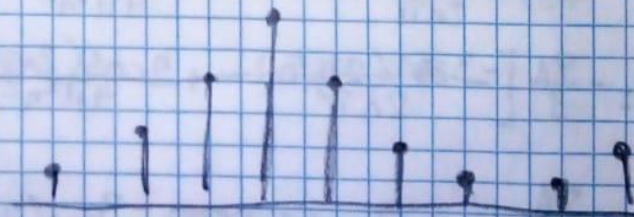
$$= \frac{2A}{7} \int_{-1/2}^{1/2} e^{-jn\omega_0 t} dt = \frac{2A}{7} A e^{-jn\omega_0 t} \bigg|_{-1/2}^{1/2} = \frac{2}{7} \frac{A e^{-jn\omega_0 t}}{-jn\omega_0} \bigg|_{-1/2}^{1/2} = \frac{2}{7} \frac{A e^{-jn\omega_0 t}}{-jn\omega_0} \left(\frac{1}{-1} \right)$$

$$= \frac{A}{n\pi} \left(\frac{e^{-jn\omega_0 t}}{2\omega_0} - \frac{e^{-jn\omega_0 t}}{2\omega_0} \right) = \frac{A}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\omega_0 t}{2}\right)$$

$$C_0 = \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{A \sin(2\pi n)}{\pi n \pi} = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{2\pi}{7} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi n}{7}\right) = \frac{A}{\pi} \frac{2\pi}{7} = \frac{2A}{7}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{2A}{7} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{A}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{2n\pi}{7}\right) e^{jn\omega_0 t}$$

n	n ω ₀	C _n	θ _n
0	0	0.29A	0
1	8π/7	0.25A	0
2	12π/7	0.15A	0
3	16π/7	0.05A	0
4		0.05A	0
5	20π/7	0.06A	0



Espectro de Frecuencia

$$b) f(t) = \begin{cases} A(1+t) & -1 \leq t \leq 0 \\ -A(1-t) & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ 0 & 1 < t < 3 \end{cases} \quad T=4 \quad \omega_0 = \pi/2$$

$$C_n = \frac{1}{4} \int_{-1}^0 A(1+t) e^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}t} dt + \frac{1}{4} \int_0^1 A(-1+t) e^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}t} dt$$

$$= \frac{A}{4} \left[\frac{2te^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}t}}{-jn\pi} - \frac{4e^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}t}}{(-jn\pi)^2} + \frac{e^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}t}}{-jn\pi} \right]_0^1 + \left[\frac{-2te^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}t}}{-jn\pi} + \frac{4e^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}t}}{(-jn\pi)^2} - \frac{e^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}t}}{-jn\pi} \right]_0^1$$

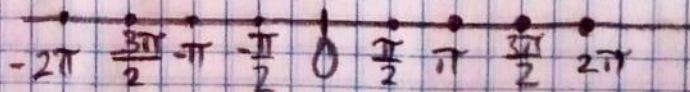
$$= \frac{A}{4} \left(\frac{4}{n^2\pi^2} - \frac{1}{jn\pi} - \frac{2e^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}}}{jn\pi} - \frac{4e^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}}}{n^2\pi^2} + \frac{e^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}}}{jn\pi} + \frac{2e^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}}}{jn\pi} - \frac{4e^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}}}{jn\pi} - \frac{e^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}}}{jn\pi} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2A}{n^2\pi^2} - \frac{A2e^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}}}{2n^2\pi^2} - \frac{A2e^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}}}{2n^2\pi^2} - \frac{Ae^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}}}{4jn\pi} + \frac{Ae^{-jn\frac{\pi}{2}}}{4jn\pi}$$

$$= \frac{2A}{n^2\pi^2} - \frac{2A}{n^2\pi^2} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{A}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$C_0 = \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{4A \sin^2\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)}{n^2 n^2} = \frac{A}{4} \quad f(t) = \frac{A}{4} + \sum_{n \neq 0} \frac{4A \sin^2\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)}{\pi^2 n^2}$$

n	n ω_0	C _n	θ_n
0	0	0.25A	0
1	$\pi/2$	0.2A	0
2	π	0.1A	0
3	$3\pi/2$	0.02A	0
4	2π	0	0
5	$5\pi/2$	0.001A	0



$$c) P(t) = \begin{cases} -A(t-1) & 0 < t < 1 \\ P(t+T) & \text{en otro caso} \end{cases} \quad T=1 \quad \omega_0 = 2\pi$$

$$C_n = \int_0^1 -A(t-1) e^{-in2\pi t} dt = \frac{A}{2\pi n^2} [e^{-2\pi i n} (2\pi i n + 1) - 1] + \frac{iA}{2\pi n} (e^{-2\pi i n} - 1)$$

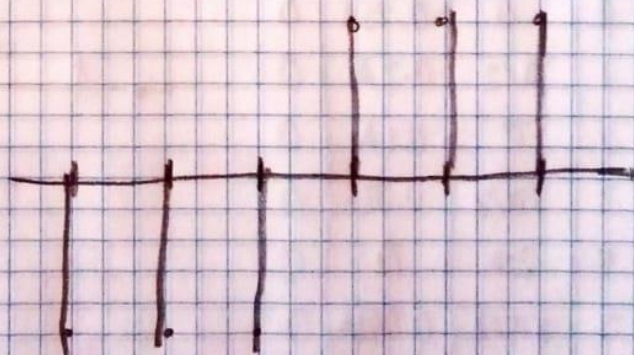
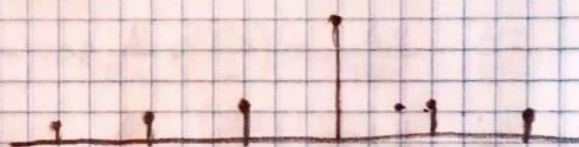
$$= \frac{A}{(2\pi n)^2} [e^{-2\pi i n} - 1 + 2\pi i n] = \frac{A}{(2\pi n)^2} [\cos(-2\pi n) + i \sin(-2\pi n) - 1 + 2\pi i n]$$

$$= \frac{A}{2\pi n}$$

$$C_0 = A \left[\int_0^1 (t-1) dt \right] = -\frac{A}{2}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{A}{2} - \frac{A}{2i} \sum_{n \neq 0} \frac{e^{2\pi i n t}}{n}$$

n	$n\omega_0$	$ C_n $	θ
-3	-6π	0.053A	-90
-2	-4π	0.08A	-90
-1	-2π	0.5A	-90
0	0	0.16A	90
1	2π	0.08A	90
2	4π	0.08A	90
3	6π	0.053A	90



Problema 5

$$T=4 \quad \omega_0 = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

a) $f(t)$ es par, $b_n = 0$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{4} \int_0^{3/2} (4-3t) dt + \frac{2}{4} \int_{3/2}^2 (t-2) dt = \frac{1}{2} \left[4t - \frac{3t^2}{2} \right]_0^{3/2} + \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{t^2}{2} - 2t \right]_{3/2}^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{21}{8} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(-2 + \frac{15}{8} \right) = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$a_n = \int_0^{3/2} (4-3t) \cos n\pi t/2 dt + \int_{3/2}^2 (t-2) \cos n\pi t/2 dt$$

$$= \left[\frac{4 \sin n\pi t/2}{n\pi/2} - 3 \left(\frac{\cos n\pi t/2}{(n\pi/2)^2} + \frac{t \sin n\pi t/2}{n\pi/2} \right) \right]_0^{3/2} +$$

$$\left[\frac{\cos n\pi t/2}{(n\pi/2)^2} + \frac{t \sin n\pi t/2}{n\pi/2} - 2 \frac{\sin n\pi t/2}{n\pi/2} \right]_{3/2}^2$$

$$= \frac{4 \sin 3n\pi/4}{n\pi/2} - 3 \left(\frac{\cos 3n\pi/4}{(n\pi/2)^2} + \frac{3 \sin 3n\pi/4}{2n\pi/2} \right) + \frac{3}{(n\pi/2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos n\pi}{(n\pi/2)^2} - \frac{\cos 3n\pi/4}{n\pi/2} + \frac{2 \sin 3n\pi/4}{n\pi/2} - \frac{3 \sin 3n\pi/4}{2n\pi/2}$$

b) $A \cos t \quad -\pi/2 < t < \pi/2$

$$f(t) = \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} A \cos t e^{-i\omega_0 t} dt = A \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \cos t (\cos \omega t - i \sin \omega t) dt$$

$$= A \left[\int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \cos t \cos \omega t dt - i \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \cos t \sin \omega t dt \right]$$

$$1] \quad \frac{1}{2} \left[\int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \cos(t-\omega t) dt + \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \cos(t+\omega t) dt \right] = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\sin(t-\omega t)}{1-\omega} + \frac{\sin(t+\omega t)}{1+\omega} \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{(1+\omega) \sin(t-\omega t)}{(1-\omega)^2} + \frac{(1-\omega) \sin(t+\omega t)}{(1+\omega)^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2(1-w^2)} [(1+w)(\sin t \cos wt - \cos t \sin wt) - (1-w)(\sin t \cos wt + \cos t \sin wt)]$$

$$\int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \cos t \cos wt = \frac{1}{2(1-w^2)} [(1+w) \cos \pi w/2 + (1-w) \cos \pi w/2 + (1+w) \cos w \pi/2 + (1-w) \cos \pi/2]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2(1-w^2)} [\cos \frac{\pi w}{2}] = \frac{2 \cos \pi w/2}{1-w^2}$$

$$b_n = 0$$

c) $P(t) = \begin{cases} A & -6 \leq t \leq -3 \\ A & 3 \leq t \leq 6 \\ 0 & \text{en otro caso} \end{cases} \quad T=12$
 $\omega_0 = \pi/6$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{12} \int_{-6}^6 A dt = \frac{2A}{12} [6-3] = \frac{2 \cdot 3A}{12} = \frac{2A}{4} = \frac{A}{2}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{6} \int_{-6}^6 A \cos n\pi t/6 dt = \frac{A}{3} \left[\frac{\sin n\pi t/6}{n\pi/6} \right]_{-6}^6 = \frac{A}{3} \left(\frac{\sin n\pi/2}{n\pi/6} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{2A}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \quad b_n = 0$$

d) $A=1 \quad P(t) = \begin{cases} t-6 & 6 \leq t \leq 9 \\ 0 & \text{en otro caso} \end{cases} \quad T=20$
 $\omega_0 = \pi/10$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{10} \int_6^9 (t-6) dt = \frac{1}{10} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{20}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{5} \int_6^9 (t-6) \cos n\pi t/10 dt = \frac{1}{5} \left[\frac{\sin n\pi t/10}{(n\pi/10)^2} + \frac{t \cos n\pi t/10}{n\pi/10} - \frac{6 \sin n\pi t/10}{n\pi/10} \right]_{6}^9$$

$$= \frac{1}{n\pi} \left[\frac{\sin 7n\pi/10}{n\pi/10} + 7 \cos 7n\pi/10 - 6 \cos 7n\pi/10 - \frac{\sin 6n\pi/10}{n\pi/10} \right]$$

$$b_n = 0$$

⑥ a

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(t) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-w}^w A e^{-wt} e^{iwt} dw = \frac{A}{2\pi} \int_{-w}^w e^{wt(i-1)} dw \\
 &= \frac{A}{2\pi} \left[\frac{e^{wt(i-1)}}{(i-1)t} \right]_{-w}^w = \frac{A}{2\pi(i-1)t} (e^{wt(i-1)} - e^{-wt(i-1)}) \\
 &= \frac{A e^{wt(i-1)}}{2\pi(i-1)t} (e^w - e^{-w})
 \end{aligned}$$

⑥ b

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(t) &= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-w}^0 e^{\frac{\pi}{2} iwt} e^{iwt} dw + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^w e^{-\frac{\pi}{2} iwt} e^{iwt} dw = \frac{e^{\frac{\pi}{2}}}{2} \left[\frac{e^{iwt}}{it} \right]_{-w}^0 + \frac{e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}}}{2} \left[\frac{e^{iwt}}{it} \right]_0^w \\
 &= \frac{e^{\frac{\pi}{2}}}{2it} (1 - e^{-iwt}) + \frac{e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}}}{2it} (e^{iwt} - 1)
 \end{aligned}$$

⑥ c

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(t) &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^1 A(1-w) e^{iwt} dw = \frac{A}{\pi} \left[\frac{e^{iwt}}{it} \right]_0^1 - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^1 w e^{iwt} dw \\
 &= \frac{A}{\pi it} (e^{it} - 1) - \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{e^{iwt}}{it} \left(w - \frac{1}{it} \right) \right]_0^1 \\
 &= \frac{1}{\pi it} \left\{ A(e^{it} - 1) - \left[e^{it} \left(1 - \frac{1}{it} \right) + \frac{1}{it} \right] \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{e} f(t) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{iwt} dw = \frac{8}{2\pi} e^{iwt} \Big|_{+1} + \frac{8}{2\pi} e^{iwt} \Big|_{-1} \\
 &= \frac{4}{\pi} (e^{it} + e^{-it})
 \end{aligned}$$

⑦

$$a) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t-5) \sin 2t \, dt = \sin(2t) \Big|_5 = \sin(10)$$

$$b) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(2-t) (t^5-3) \, dt = t^5-3 \Big|_2 = 32-3 = 29$$

$$c) \int_{+1}^x e^{-x^2} f(x) \, dt = 0 \quad \text{si } x > 0$$

$$d) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t-2) \cos[\pi(t-3)] \, dt = \cos[\pi(t-3)] \Big|_2 = \cos -\pi = -1$$

$$e) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t+2) e^{-2t} \, dt = e^{-2t} \Big|_{-2} = e^4$$

$$f) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{\cos t} \delta(t-\pi) \, dt = e^{\cos t} \Big|_{\pi} = e^1 = e$$

$$g) \int_{-1}^{100} \log_{10}(t) \delta(t-10) \, dt = \log_{10} t \Big|_{10} = \log_{10} 10 = 1$$

⑧

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \text{a) } f(t) & \rightarrow & f(-t) & \rightarrow & f(2-t) \\ F(\omega) & & F(-\omega) & & F(-\omega)e^{2i\omega} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \text{b) } f(t) & \rightarrow & f(t-3) & \rightarrow & f((t-3)-3) \\ F(\omega) & & F(\omega)e^{-3i\omega} & & F(\omega)e^{-3i\omega}e^{-3i\omega} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \text{c) } f(t) & \rightarrow & \frac{df(t)}{dt} & \rightarrow & \left(\frac{df(t)}{dt}\right) \sin t \\ F(\omega) & & j\omega F(\omega) & & \frac{1}{2}[F(\omega) - F(\omega)] \end{array}$$

$$d) \begin{array}{l} p(t) \\ F(\omega) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} p(-2t) \\ \frac{1}{2} F\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \frac{d p(-2t)}{dt} \\ j\omega F(-\omega/2)/2 \end{array}$$

$$e) \begin{array}{l} p(t) \\ F(\omega) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} p(3t) \\ \frac{1}{3} F\left(\frac{\omega}{3}\right) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} -it p(3t) \\ \frac{1}{3} \frac{d F(\omega/3)}{d\omega} \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} t p(3t) \\ \frac{j}{3} \frac{d F(\omega/3)}{d\omega} \end{array}$$

$$f) \begin{array}{l} p(t) - p(t) \\ F(\omega) - F(\omega) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} -it p(t) - 5 p(t) \\ \frac{d F(\omega)}{d\omega} - 5 F(\omega) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} (t-5) p(t) \\ j \left(\frac{d F(\omega)}{d\omega} - 5 F(\omega) \right) \end{array}$$

$$g) \begin{array}{l} p(t) - 3 p(t) \\ F(\omega) - 3 F(\omega) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} p(-3t) - 3 p(-3t) \\ \frac{1}{3} \left(F\left(\frac{\omega}{-3}\right) - 3 F\left(\frac{\omega}{-3}\right) \right) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} -it p(-3t) - 3 p(-3t) \\ \frac{d F(\omega/3)}{3 d\omega} - F\left(\frac{\omega}{-3}\right) \end{array}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{array}{l} (t-3) p(-3t) \\ \frac{d F(\omega/-3)}{3 d\omega} - F\left(\frac{\omega}{-3}\right) \end{array}$$

$$h) \begin{array}{l} p(t) \\ F(\omega) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \frac{d p(t)}{dt} \\ i\omega F(\omega) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} -it \frac{d p(t)}{dt} \\ i\omega \frac{d F(\omega)}{d\omega} \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} t \frac{d p(t)}{dt} \\ -\omega \frac{d F(\omega)}{d\omega} \end{array}$$

$$i) \begin{array}{l} p(t) \\ F(\omega) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} p(-t) \\ F(\omega) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} p(6-t) \\ F(-\omega) e^{j6\omega} \end{array}$$

$$a) \delta(t) \leftrightarrow 1$$

$$5\delta(t) \leftrightarrow 5$$

$$5\delta(t-1) \leftrightarrow 5e^{-i\omega}$$

$$b) 1 \leftrightarrow \delta(-t) 2\pi$$

$$\frac{16}{2\pi} \leftrightarrow 16\delta(t)$$

$$\frac{8}{\pi} \leftrightarrow 16\delta(t)$$

$$\frac{8}{\pi} \cos(t) \leftrightarrow 8\delta(t+1) + 8\delta(t-1)$$

$$f) \cos 1000t \leftrightarrow [\delta(\omega+1000) - \delta(\omega-1000)] \pi$$

$$c) 1 \leftrightarrow \delta(t) 2\pi$$

$$-it \leftrightarrow \frac{d\delta(t)}{dt} 2\pi$$

$$t \leftrightarrow 2\pi i d\delta(t)/dt$$

$$d) t \leftrightarrow 2\pi i d\delta(t)/dt$$

$$-it^2 \leftrightarrow 2\pi i d^2\delta(t)/dt^2$$

$$t^2 \leftrightarrow 2\pi d^2\delta(t)/dt^2$$

$$e) 2C_2(t) \leftrightarrow 4\delta_a(\omega)$$

$$2C_2(t) \cos 1000t \leftrightarrow 2[\delta_a(\omega+1000) - \delta_a(\omega-1000)]$$

$$a) \operatorname{sgn}(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{2}{j\omega}$$

$$\frac{2}{jt} \leftrightarrow 2\pi \operatorname{sgn}(-\omega)$$

$$\frac{2i}{4t} \leftrightarrow \frac{2\pi}{4} \operatorname{sgn}(4\omega)$$

$$\frac{i}{2t} e^{2it} \leftrightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} \operatorname{sgn}(4\omega - 2)$$

$$\frac{3i}{\pi t} e^{2it} \leftrightarrow 3 \operatorname{sgn}(4\omega - 2)$$

$$b) C_2(t) \leftrightarrow 2 \operatorname{Sa}(\omega)$$

$$C_2\left(\frac{2}{3}t\right) \leftrightarrow 3 \operatorname{Sa}\left(\frac{3\omega}{2}\right)$$

$$c) 2C_2(t) \leftrightarrow 4 \operatorname{Sa}(\omega)$$

$$2C_2(t) \cos 250t \leftrightarrow 2 \left[\operatorname{Sa}(\omega + 250) + \operatorname{Sa}(\omega - 250) \right]$$

$$d) v(t) \leftrightarrow \pi \delta(\omega) + \frac{1}{j\omega}$$

$$v(10t) \leftrightarrow \frac{\pi}{10} \delta\left(\frac{\omega}{10}\right) + \frac{1}{10j\omega}$$

$$v(10t-1) \leftrightarrow \frac{e^{-j\omega}}{10} \left[\pi \delta\left(\frac{\omega}{10}\right) + \frac{1}{j\omega} \right]$$

$$f) C_8(t) \leftrightarrow 8 \operatorname{Sa}(4\omega)$$

$$C_8(t) e^{42it} \leftrightarrow \operatorname{Sa}(4\omega - 2)$$

$$\frac{4}{\pi} C_8(t) e^{2it} \leftrightarrow \frac{4}{\pi} \operatorname{Sa}(4\omega - 2)$$

$$h) C_{\frac{4}{3}}(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{4}{3} \operatorname{Sa}\left(\frac{2\omega}{3}\right)$$

$$C_{\frac{4}{3}}(t+6) \leftrightarrow \frac{4}{3} \operatorname{Sa}\left(\frac{2\omega}{3}\right) e^{6j\omega}$$

$$j) \delta(t) \leftrightarrow 1$$

$$1 \leftrightarrow 2\pi \delta(-t)$$

$$2 \cos 500t \leftrightarrow \pi [\delta(500-t) + \delta(-500-t)]$$

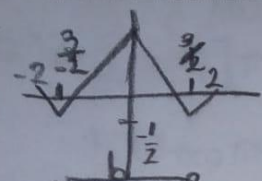
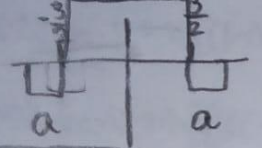
$$\pi [\delta(500-t) + \delta(-500-t)] \leftrightarrow 4\pi \cos 500t$$

$$\frac{1}{2} [\delta(500-t) + \delta(-500-t)] \leftrightarrow 2 \cos 500t$$

$$\frac{1}{2} [\delta(500+t) + \delta(t-500)] \leftrightarrow 2 \cos 500t$$

$$m) \operatorname{sgn}(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{2}{j\omega}$$

$$\frac{i}{2} \operatorname{sgn}(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{\omega}$$

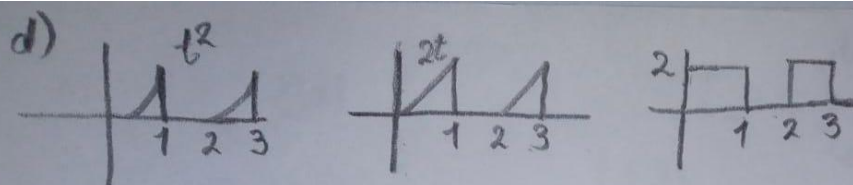
② a)  $a = \frac{-\frac{1}{2} - 0}{-\frac{3}{2} + 2} = -1$ $f''(t) = -\delta(t+2) + \frac{13}{3}\delta(t+\frac{3}{2}) - \frac{13}{3}\delta(t-\frac{3}{2}) + \delta(t-2)$
 $b = \frac{4+1}{0+\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{10}{3}$
 $F(w) = \frac{1}{(iw)^2} \left[-e^{2iw} + \frac{13}{3}e^{\frac{3}{2}iw} - \frac{13}{3}e^{-\frac{3}{2}iw} + e^{-2iw} \right]$

c) $f'(t) = A\delta(t+6) - A\delta(t+4) + A\delta(t-4) - A\delta(t-6)$

$$F(w) = \frac{A}{iw} \left[e^{6iw} - e^{4iw} + e^{-4iw} - e^{-6iw} \right]$$

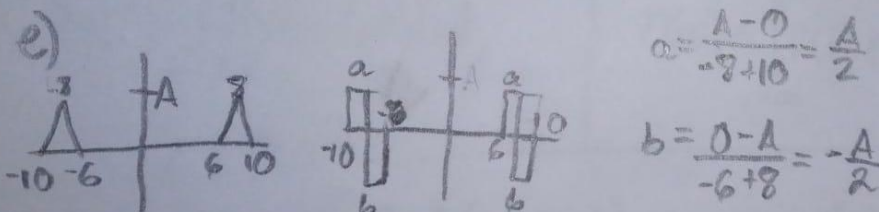
f) $f'(t) = \delta(t) + \delta(t-1) + \delta(t-2) - \delta(t-3) - \delta(t-4) - \delta(t-5)$

$$F(w) = \frac{1}{iw} \left[1 + e^{-iw} + e^{-2iw} - e^{-3iw} - e^{-4iw} - e^{-5iw} \right]$$



$$f''(t) = 2\delta(t) - 2\delta(t-1) + 2\delta(t-2) - 2\delta(t-3)$$

$$F(w) = \frac{2}{(iw)^3} \left[1 - e^{-iw} + e^{-2iw} - e^{-3iw} \right]$$



$$f''(t) = \frac{A}{2}\delta(t+10) - A\delta(t+8) + \frac{A}{2}\delta(t+6) + \frac{A}{2}\delta(t-6) - A\delta(t-8) + \frac{A}{2}\delta(t-10)$$

$$F(w) = \frac{A}{(iw)^2} \left[\frac{e^{10iw}}{2} - e^{8iw} + \frac{e^{6iw}}{2} + \frac{e^{-6iw}}{2} - e^{-8iw} + \frac{e^{-10iw}}{2} \right]$$

$$a) f(t) = A C_{\frac{2\pi}{5}}(t) \cos(20t) \leftrightarrow A \frac{\pi}{5} \left[\mathcal{L}_a\left(\frac{\pi(\omega+20)}{5}\right) + \mathcal{L}_a\left(\frac{\pi(\omega-20)}{5}\right) \right]$$

$$b) f(t) = A C_{\frac{9\pi}{20}}(t) \cos(20t) \leftrightarrow A \frac{9\pi}{40} \left[\mathcal{L}_a\left(\frac{9\pi(\omega+20)}{40}\right) + \mathcal{L}_a\left(\frac{9\pi}{40}(\omega-20)\right) \right]$$

$$c) A g(t) \cos 200\pi t$$

$$T=4 \quad \omega_0 = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$G(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} C_n \delta(\omega - n\omega_0)^{\pi/2}$$

$$C_n = \frac{1}{4} \int_{-1}^1 e^{-\frac{j\omega t}{2}} dt = \frac{-1}{2jn\pi} e^{-\frac{j\omega t}{2}} \Big|_{-1}^1 = \frac{1}{n\pi} (e^{-\frac{j\omega}{2}} - 1)$$

$$A g(t) \cos 200\pi t \leftrightarrow \frac{A}{n\pi} (e^{-\frac{j\omega}{2}} - 1) \left[\delta\left(\omega - \frac{n\pi}{2} + 200\pi\right) + \delta\left(\omega - \frac{n\pi}{2} - 200\pi\right) \right]$$