bottle dataset

(Linear Regression Model)

C:\Users\yoshitha lakshmi\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_18836\1239101777.py:2: DtypeWarning: Columns (47,73) have mi
xed types. Specify dtype option on import or set low_memory=False.
 df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\yoshitha lakshmi\OneDrive\Desktop\python\bottle.csv")

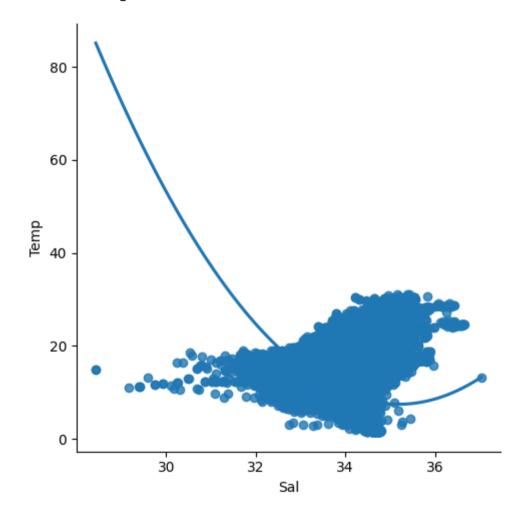
Out[2]:

	Cst_Cnt	Btl_Cnt	Sta_ID	Depth_ID	Depthm	T_degC	Salnty	O2ml_L	STheta	O2Sat	 R_PHAEO	R_PRES	R_SAMP	DIC1	DIC
0	1	1	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0000A-3	0	10.500	33.4400	NaN	25.64900	NaN	 NaN	0	NaN	NaN	Na
1	1	2	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0008A-3	8	10.460	33.4400	NaN	25.65600	NaN	 NaN	8	NaN	NaN	Na
2	1	3	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0010A-7	10	10.460	33.4370	NaN	25.65400	NaN	 NaN	10	NaN	NaN	Na
3	1	4	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0019A-3	19	10.450	33.4200	NaN	25.64300	NaN	 NaN	19	NaN	NaN	Na
4	1	5	054.0 056.0	19- 4903CR- HY-060- 0930- 05400560- 0020A-7	20	10.450	33.4210	NaN	25.64300	NaN	 NaN	20	NaN	NaN	Na
864858	34404	864859	093.4 026.4	20- 1611SR- MX-310- 2239- 09340264- 0000A-7	0	18.744	33.4083	5.805	23.87055	108.74	 0.18	0	NaN	NaN	Na

	Cst_Cnt	Btl_Cnt	Sta_ID	Depth_ID	Depthm	T_degC	Salnty	O2ml_L	STheta	O2Sat	 R_PHAEO	R_PRES	R_SAMP	DIC1	DIC
864859	34404	864860	093.4 026.4	20- 1611SR- MX-310- 2239- 09340264- 0002A-3	2	18.744	33.4083	5.805	23.87072	108.74	 0.18	2	4.0	NaN	Na
864860	34404	864861	093.4 026.4	20- 1611SR- MX-310- 2239- 09340264- 0005A-3	5	18.692	33.4150	5.796	23.88911	108.46	 0.18	5	3.0	NaN	Na
864861	34404	864862	093.4 026.4	20- 1611SR- MX-310- 2239- 09340264- 0010A-3	10	18.161	33.4062	5.816	24.01426	107.74	 0.31	10	2.0	NaN	Na
864862	34404	864863	093.4 026.4	20- 1611SR- MX-310- 2239- 09340264- 0015A-3	15	17.533	33.3880	5.774	24.15297	105.66	 0.61	15	1.0	NaN	Na

864863 rows × 74 columns

Out[4]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x25e0a305510>



```
In [5]: 1 df.describe()
```

Out[5]:

	Sal	Temp
count	817509.000000	853900.000000
mean	33.840350	10.799677
std	0.461843	4.243825
min	28.431000	1.440000
25%	33.488000	7.680000
50%	33.863000	10.060000
75%	34.196900	13.880000
max	37.034000	31.140000

```
In [6]: 1 df.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 864863 entries, 0 to 864862

Data columns (total 2 columns):

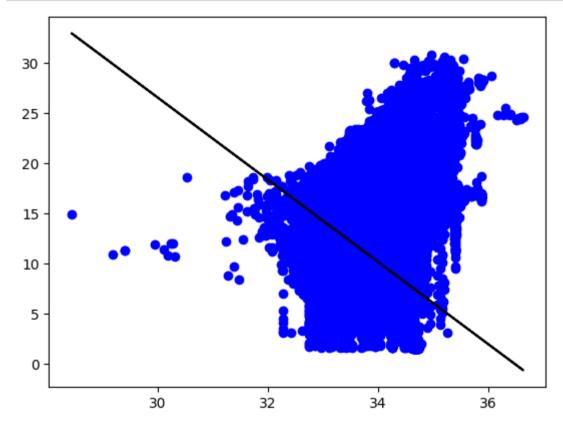
Column Non-Null Count Dtype
--- ---0 Sal 817509 non-null float64
1 Temp 853900 non-null float64

dtypes: float64(2)
memory usage: 13.2 MB

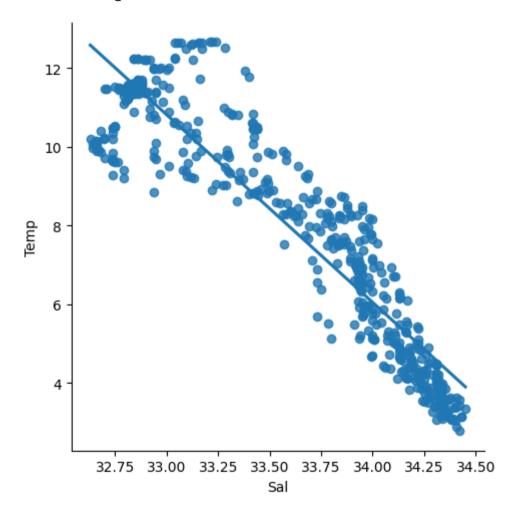
```
1 # step-4: Data cleaning- Eliminating NaN or missing input numbers
In [7]:
          3 | df.fillna(method='ffill', inplace=True)
        C:\Users\yoshitha lakshmi\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 18836\524143828.py:3: SettingWithCopyWarning:
        A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
        See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returni
        ng-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-ver
        sus-a-copy)
          df.fillna(method='ffill', inplace=True)
In [8]:
          1 # step-5: Training our Model
          2 X = np.array(df['Sal']).reshape(-1,1)
            y = np.array(df['Temp']).reshape(-1,1)
            # Separating the data into independent and dependent variables and converting each dataframe
            # Now each dataframe contains only one column
In [9]:
          1 df.dropna(inplace = True)
          3 | # Dropping any rows with Nan values
        C:\Users\yoshitha lakshmi\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 18836\1365071386.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
        A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
        See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returni
        ng-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-ver
        sus-a-copy)
          df.dropna(inplace = True)
```

```
In [10]: 1    X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y, test_size = 0.25)
2    # Splitting the data into training and testing data
5    regr = LinearRegression()
6    regr.fit(X_train, y_train)
8    print(regr.score(X_test, y_test))
```

0.20623479903139552

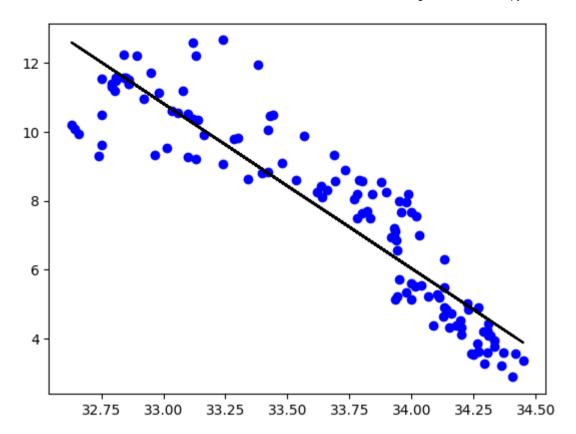


Out[12]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x25e0c290af0>



```
In [13]:
           1 df500.fillna(method ='ffill', inplace = True)
             X = np.array(df500['Sal']).reshape(-1,1)
             y = np.array(df500['Temp']).reshape(-1,1)
             df500.dropna(inplace = True)
             X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.25)
          10
          11 regr = LinearRegression()
          12
          13 regr.fit(X train, y train)
          14
             print("Regression: ",regr.score(X_test, y_test))
          15
          16
             y_pred = regr.predict(X_test)
          17
          18
          19 plt.scatter(X_test, y_test, color ='b')
          20
          21 plt.plot(X_test, y_pred, color = 'k')
          22
          23 plt.show()
```

Regression: 0.8388668884356082



```
In [14]:
           1 # Step 8: Evaluation of model
             from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
             from sklearn.metrics import r2 score
             # Train the model
             model = LinearRegression()
          10
             model.fit(X_train, y_train)
          11
          12
          13 y pred=model.predict(X test)
          14
          15
             r2=r2_score(y_test,y_pred)
          16
             print("R2 score: ",r2)
          17
             # Evaluate the model on the test set
```

R2 score: 0.8388668884356082

Conclusion

Dataset we have taken is poor for linear model but with the smaller data works well with linear model.

fiat vehicles dataset

(Linear Regression Model)

In [16]:

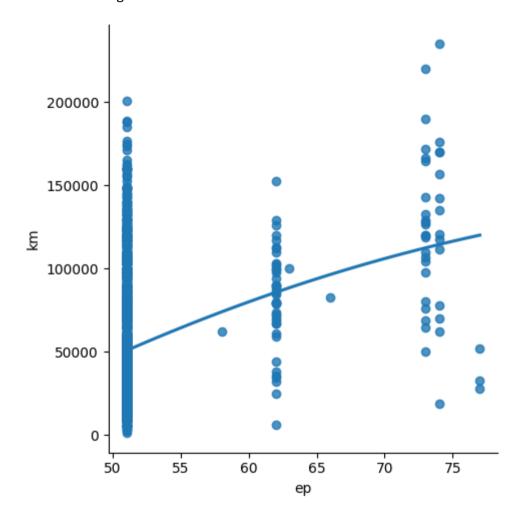
1 df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\yoshitha lakshmi\OneDrive\Desktop\python\fiat500_VehicleSelection_Dataset 1.csv")
2 df

Out[16]:

	ID	model	engine_power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners	lat	lon	price
0	1	lounge	51	882	25000	1	44.907242	8.611560	8900
1	2	pop	51	1186	32500	1	45.666359	12.241890	8800
2	3	sport	74	4658	142228	1	45.503300	11.417840	4200
3	4	lounge	51	2739	160000	1	40.633171	17.634609	6000
4	5	pop	73	3074	106880	1	41.903221	12.495650	5700
1533	1534	sport	51	3712	115280	1	45.069679	7.704920	5200
1534	1535	lounge	74	3835	112000	1	45.845692	8.666870	4600
1535	1536	pop	51	2223	60457	1	45.481541	9.413480	7500
1536	1537	lounge	51	2557	80750	1	45.000702	7.682270	5990
1537	1538	pop	51	1766	54276	1	40.323410	17.568270	7900

1538 rows × 9 columns

Out[18]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x25e0c30c790>



```
In [19]: 1 df.describe()
```

Out[19]:

	ер	km
count	1538.000000	1538.000000
mean	51.904421	53396.011704
std	3.988023	40046.830723
min	51.000000	1232.000000
25%	51.000000	20006.250000
50%	51.000000	39031.000000
75%	51.000000	79667.750000
max	77.000000	235000.000000

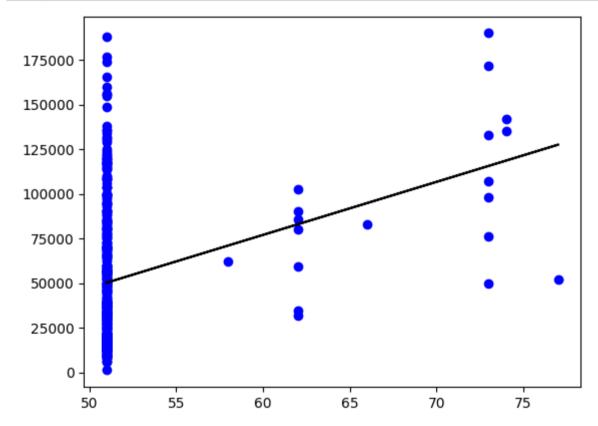
```
In [20]: 1 df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1538 entries, 0 to 1537
Data columns (total 2 columns):
    # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
    ------
0 ep 1538 non-null int64
1 km 1538 non-null int64
```

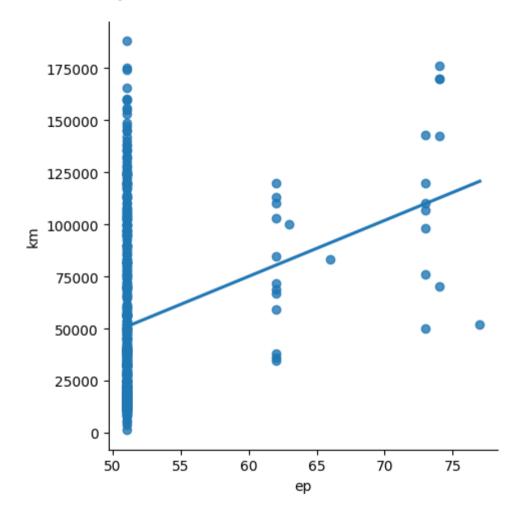
dtypes: int64(2)
memory usage: 24.2 KB

```
1 df.fillna(method='ffill', inplace=True)
In [21]:
         C:\Users\yoshitha lakshmi\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 18836\3970806690.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
         A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
         See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returni
         ng-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-ver
         sus-a-copy)
           df.fillna(method='ffill', inplace=True)
In [22]:
           1 X = np.array(df['ep']).reshape(-1,1)
             y = np.array(df['km']).reshape(-1,1)
           3
In [23]:
           1 df.dropna(inplace = True)
         C:\Users\yoshitha lakshmi\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 18836\1791587065.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
         A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
         See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returni
         ng-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-ver
         sus-a-copy)
           df.dropna(inplace = True)
In [24]:
           1 X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X,y, test size = 0.25)
             # Splitting the data into training and testing data
             regr = LinearRegression()
              regr.fit(X train, y train)
             print(regr.score(X test, y test))
         0.059743269171622315
```

localhost:8888/notebooks/Python Note/Linear Regression Model.ipynb

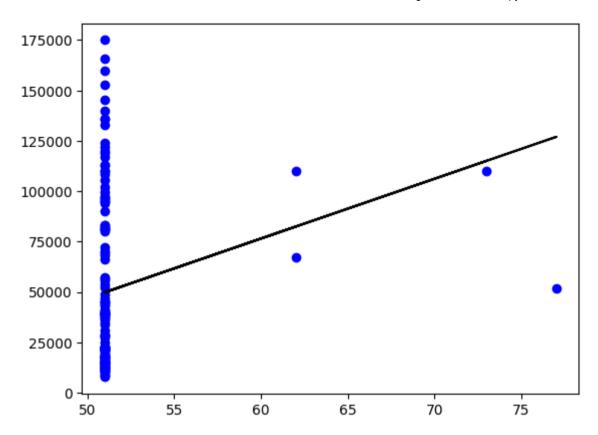


Out[26]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x25e0c30f460>



```
In [27]:
           1 df500.fillna(method ='ffill', inplace = True)
             X = np.array(df500['ep']).reshape(-1,1)
             y = np.array(df500['km']).reshape(-1,1)
             df500.dropna(inplace = True)
             X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.25)
          10
          11 regr = LinearRegression()
          12
          13 regr.fit(X_train, y_train)
          14
             print("Regression: ",regr.score(X_test, y_test))
          15
          16
             y_pred = regr.predict(X_test)
          17
          18
          19 plt.scatter(X_test, y_test, color ='b')
          20
          21 plt.plot(X_test, y_pred, color = 'k')
          22
          23 plt.show()
```

Regression: -0.00849222896402746



R2 score: -0.00849222896402746

Conclusion

Dataset we have taken is poor for linear model but with the smaller data works well with linear model.

USA House Prediction

In [1]: # importing all the libraries import numpy as np import pandas as pd import seaborn as sns import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from sklearn import preprocessing, svm from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

Out[2]:

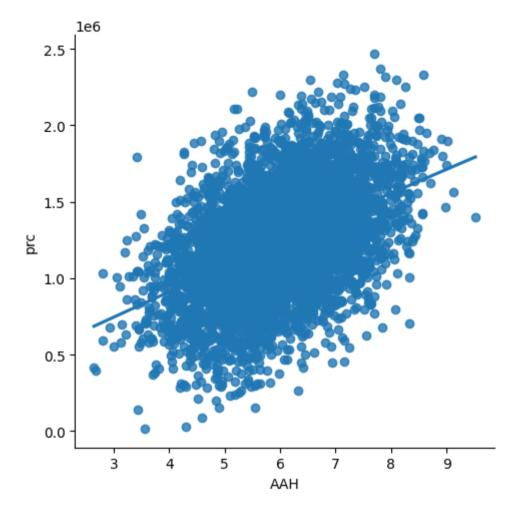
· 	Avg. Area Income	Avg. Area House Age	Avg. Area Number of Rooms	Avg. Area Number of Bedrooms	Area Population	Price	Address
0	79545.45857	5.682861	7.009188	4.09	23086.80050	1.059034e+06	208 Michael Ferry Apt. 674\nLaurabury, NE 3701
1	79248.64245	6.002900	6.730821	3.09	40173.07217	1.505891e+06	188 Johnson Views Suite 079\nLake Kathleen, CA
2	61287.06718	5.865890	8.512727	5.13	36882.15940	1.058988e+06	9127 Elizabeth Stravenue\nDanieltown, WI 06482
3	63345.24005	7.188236	5.586729	3.26	34310.24283	1.260617e+06	USS Barnett\nFPO AP 44820
4	59982.19723	5.040555	7.839388	4.23	26354.10947	6.309435e+05	USNS Raymond\nFPO AE 09386
	***				•••		
4995	60567.94414	7.830362	6.137356	3.46	22837.36103	1.060194e+06	USNS Williams\nFPO AP 30153-7653
4996	78491.27543	6.999135	6.576763	4.02	25616.11549	1.482618e+06	PSC 9258, Box 8489\nAPO AA 42991-3352
4997	63390.68689	7.250591	4.805081	2.13	33266.14549	1.030730e+06	4215 Tracy Garden Suite 076\nJoshualand, VA 01
4998	68001.33124	5.534388	7.130144	5.44	42625.62016	1.198657e+06	USS Wallace\nFPO AE 73316
4999	65510.58180	5.992305	6.792336	4.07	46501.28380	1.298950e+06	37778 George Ridges Apt. 509\nEast Holly, NV 2

5000 rows × 7 columns

```
In [3]: 1 df = df[['Avg. Area House Age','Price']]
2 df.columns=['AAH','prc']
```

In [4]: 1 sns.lmplot(x='AAH',y='prc',data=df,order=2,ci=None)

Out[4]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1c5a3aa9cc0>



```
In [5]: 1 df.describe()
```

Out[5]:

	ААН	prc
count	5000.000000	5.000000e+03
mean	5.977222	1.232073e+06
std	0.991456	3.531176e+05
min	2.644304	1.593866e+04
25%	5.322283	9.975771e+05
50%	5.970429	1.232669e+06
75%	6.650808	1.471210e+06
max	9.519088	2.469066e+06

```
In [6]: 1 df.info()
```

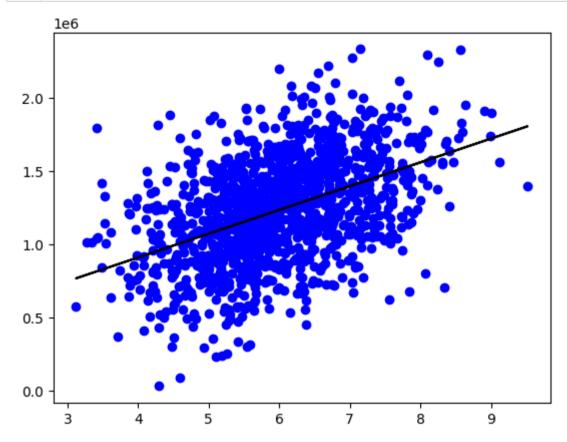
```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5000 entries, 0 to 4999
Data columns (total 2 columns):
    # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
--- 0 AAH 5000 non-null float64
1 prc 5000 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(2)
```

dtypes: float64(2) memory usage: 78.2 KB

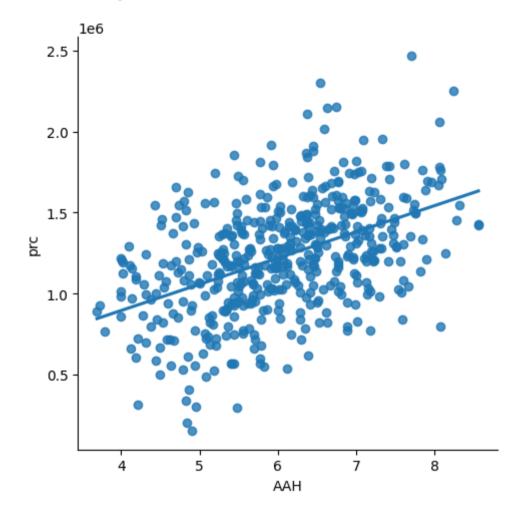
```
1 df.fillna(method='ffill',inplace=True)
 In [7]:
         C:\Users\yoshitha lakshmi\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 20056\4116506308.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
         A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
         See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returni
         ng-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-ver
         sus-a-copy)
           df.fillna(method='ffill',inplace=True)
 In [8]:
           1 X = np.array(df['AAH']).reshape(-1,1)
           2 y = np.array(df['prc']).reshape(-1,1)
 In [9]:
           1 df.dropna(inplace = True)
         C:\Users\yoshitha lakshmi\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 20056\1791587065.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
         A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
         See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returni
         ng-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-ver
         sus-a-copy)
           df.dropna(inplace = True)
In [11]:
           1 | X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y, test_size = 0.25)
           2 regr = LinearRegression()
           3 regr.fit(X train,y train)
           4 print(regr.score(X test, y test))
```

0.1986795404108953

```
In [12]: 1  y_pred = regr.predict(X_test)
2  plt.scatter(X_test, y_test, color ='b')
3  plt.plot(X_test, y_pred, color ='k')
4  plt.show()
```

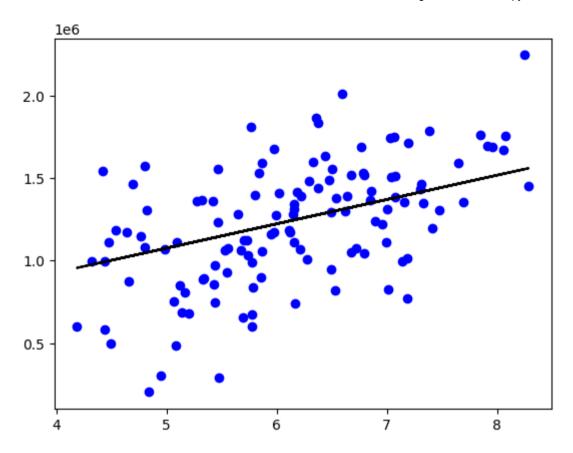


Out[14]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1c5ab829e40>



Regression: 0.2656620222707754

Out[16]: <function matplotlib.pyplot.show(close=None, block=None)>



R2 score: 0.2656620222707754

Conclusion

Dataset we have taken is poor for linear model but with the smaller data works well with linear model.

In []: 1