

Distance over Velocity:

Practical tips from the field for Red and Blue teams

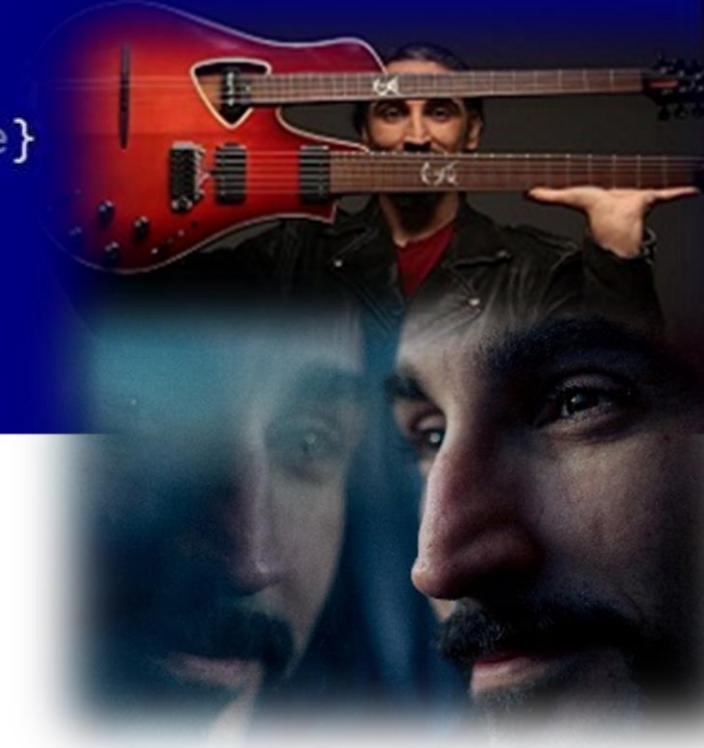
Yossi Sassi

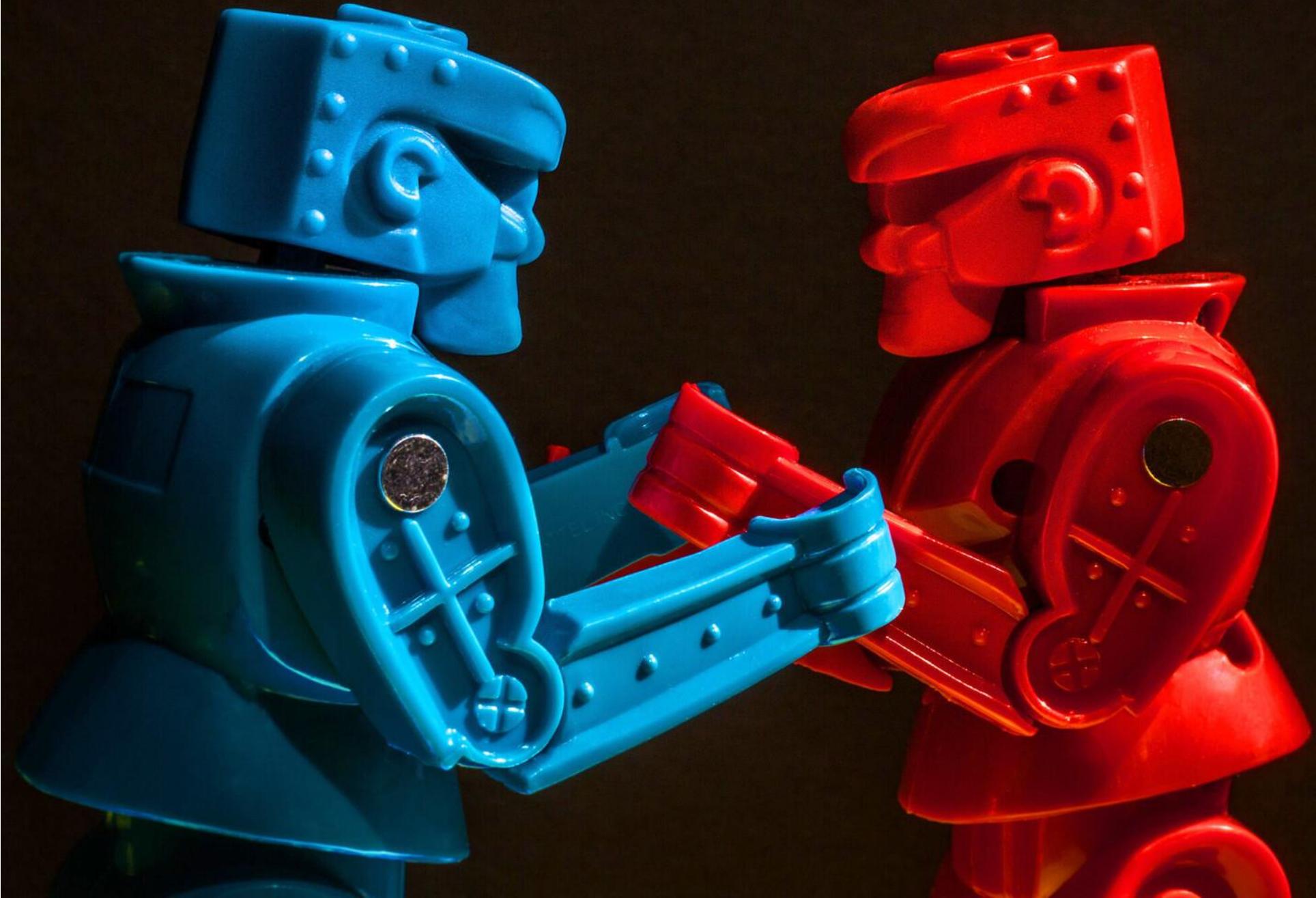


```
[>] Duplicating CreateProcessWithLogonW handles..  
[!] No valid thread handles were captured, exiting!  
PS ► while ($Bouzoukitara.Plugged -eq $true) {Enjoy-Moment -Recurse}  
.hack
```

WhoAmI

- InfoSec Researcher; friendly H@ck3r
- Red mind, Blue heart
- Co-Founder @  10\ROOT CYBER SECURITY
- Consulting in 4 continents (Banks/gov/F100)
- 35 years of keyboard access – Code, IT Security, Network communications
- ‘The HAcktive Directory guy’; Ex-Javelin (Acquired by Symantec)
- Ex-Technology Group Manager @ Microsoft (Coded Windows Server Tools)
- Volunteer (Youth at risk); Aviator; Oriental Rock Bouzoukitarist

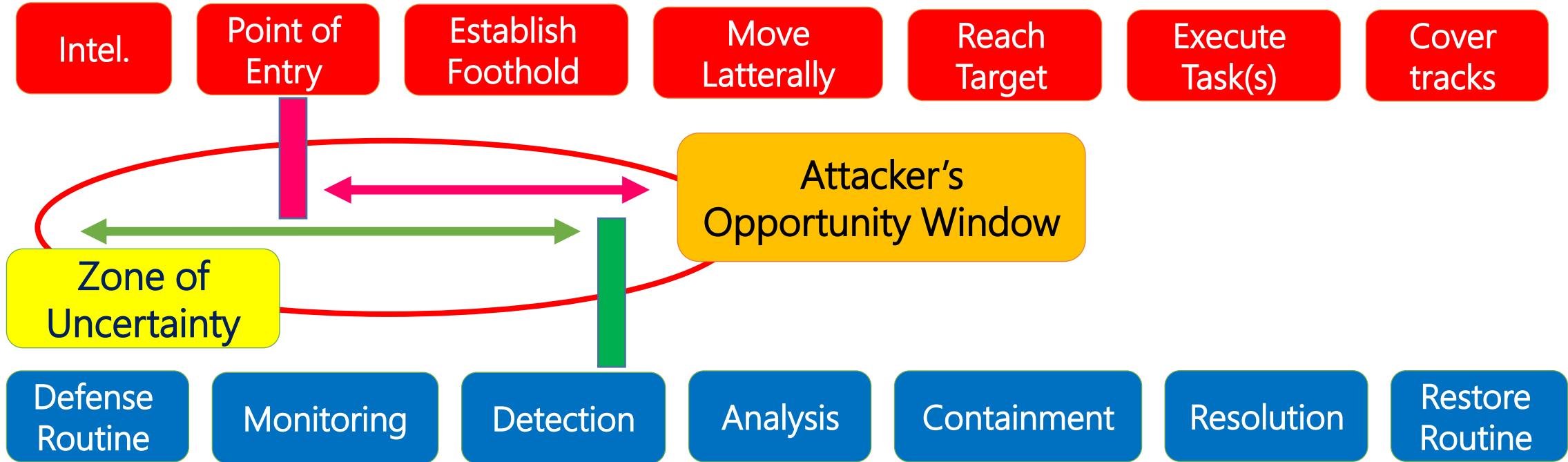




What Makes or Breaks a Successful Cyber Attack?

a Mindset
focused on time.

Anatomy of an **Attack** Vs. Defense Controls



'Living off the land' mindset

Remote Connection or Lateral Movement?

Inter-Process Communications (IPC)

- Pass strings/objects/execute code between processes, *local* or *remote* – using Named Pipes
- Pass info between processes on same machine easily through IPC\$
- Communicate between local or remote powershell runspaces over one/two-way, encrypted pipe

- Can also use it for **C2, *without*** opening FW port, ***without*** local admin privileges.
 - No need to Bind() server local port, just “rides” 445 ☺

```
ncat -lvp 8080
.70 ( https://nmap.org/ncat )
on :::8080
on 0.0.0.0:8080
```



Why use **PsExec***, when you can run a
Named-Pipe/SMB One-liner?

(Exfiltrate data/C2 with No socket bind)

*** Time**

File Action Media Clipboard View Help



PowerShell

PS C:\>

NamedPipes – Detection Gaps

- **No ETW provider** for creation of/connection to named pipes out-of-the-box (need **file system minifilter driver**)

NamedPipes – Detection Gaps (Cont.)

kobykahane / NpEtw Public

Notifications

Fork 14

Code Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights

master ▾

1 branch

0 tags

Go to file

Code ▾



kobykahane Build with Visual Studio 2019.

ad1bfbb on Jul 24, 2020 44 commits



NpEtw

Build with Visual Studio 2019.

3 years ago



NpEtwSetup

Build with Visual Studio 2019.

3 years ago



.gitattributes

Initial commit to add default .gitignore and .gitAttribute files.

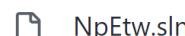
8 years ago



.gitignore

Build with Visual Studio 2019.

3 years ago



NpEtw.sln

Build with Visual Studio 2019.

3 years ago



README.md

Add AppVeyor build status.

7 years ago

README.md

#NpEtw

NpEtw is a sniffer for named pipe I/O operations on Windows. It can be used to monitor create, read, write and other operations on named pipes in the system.

About

Named pipe I/O ETW provider for Windows

Readme

56 stars

11 watching

14 forks

Releases

No releases published

Packages

No packages published

Languages



NamedPipes – Detection

- ETW provider for creation of/connection to named pipes out-of-the-box (a **file system minifilter driver**)
- Can observe named pipe events by monitoring **Kernel Object Handle provider** (info on *all* handles that are opened and closed, very "noisy", ID 4656)

```
auditpol /set /subcategory:"Handle Manipulation" /success:enable /failure:enable
```

- Can use **Sysmon** - <PipeEvent onmatch="include">
 - ...still “noisy” (filter duration -gt 10 seconds)
- Can monitor **SMB open files with “\” prefix**

Windows admins favorite feature



RDP = Ransomware Deployment Protocol

'Living off the land' time-focused defense example - RDP

- Windows Server online (RDP open, 17 chars password):
 - * **39,484** Failed RDP logon events in less than 4 hours(!)
 - * **15,458** events - user name does not exist (most tried ADMINISTRATOR, then Admin, then TEMP, etc.)
 - * **24,026** events - user name is correct (administrator) but the password is wrong
- After renaming the administrator account:
40,156 Failed logon events in less than ~4 hours
ALL events: **user name does not exist.**
 - **Not even 1 *real* attempt of password guessing ...**
 - **Can also change Port number ☺**

If it's a little harder for you,
It is more hard for the attacker.*

If it is very convenient/easy for you,
It is VERY easy for the attacker.

* Time

How would you detect all RDP hosts,
quickly & stealthy?

PS C:\> 

6:32 AM



Saturday



4/6/2024

Defense tip 'Living off the land' style - **Customize it**

- Extending the 'RDP port change' tactic to other protocols and services
- Evaluate customization of APIs/ports/Services, and *Monitor* the 'normally expected' values
- .. Or, in other words, defenders:
*buy yourself **time!***

RDP AitM

- Get netNTLM, at minimum.
- Can also get **clear text password**.
- Downgrades session, fakes certificate, attempts CredSSP.
- Can also get clipboard/typed text directly to attacker.
- Victim is totally unaware (RDP session functions normal, just a bit slower initial connection time)

File Action Media Clipboard View Help



Terminal

```
yossis@ubuntu1: ~/Seth  
yossis@ubuntu1:~/Seth$
```



Detecting targets ‘Living off the land’ style (RDP w/o NLA enforced)

- ([adsisearcher]'(&(serviceprincipalname=*TERMSRV*)
(operatingsystem=*windows*server*200*))').FindAll()

Getting Clear-Text password from any RDP Server

- With proper permissions – can disable NLA remotely – either by modifying the Regkey directly, or via Powershell:

```
(Get-WmiObject -class Win32_TSGeneralSetting  
-Namespace root\cimv2\terminalservices  
-ComputerName SRV1 -Filter "TerminalName='RDP-  
tcp'").SetUserAuthenticationRequired(0)
```

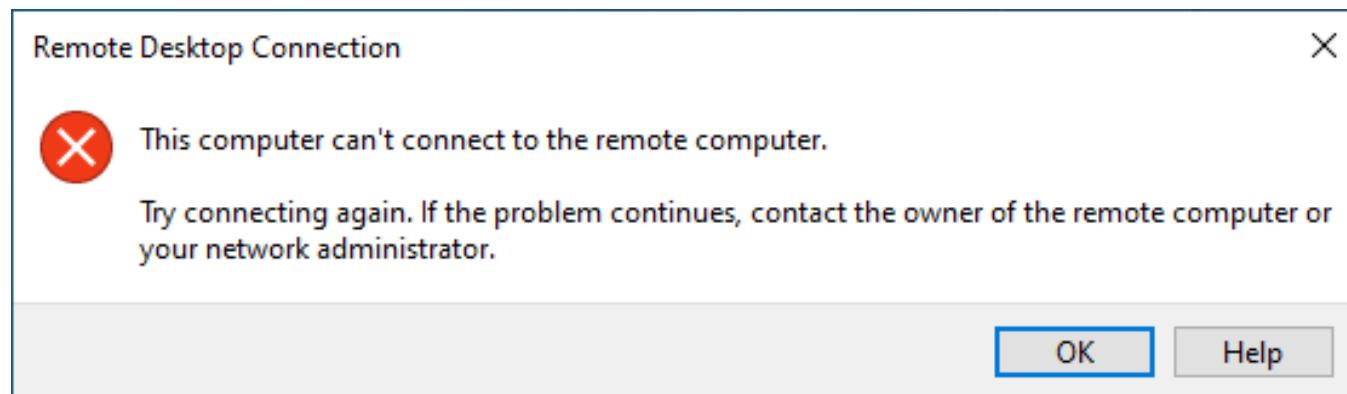
- Can use inveigh/responder to relay the Registry command, and/or ‘net localgroup administrators /add user’
- More silent, efficient & quicker than mimikatz etc. ;-)

Mitigations / Detections – RDP AitM

- GPO: Computer Configuration > Policies > Administrative Templates > Windows Components > Remote Desktop Services > Remote Desktop Session Host > Security > **Require user authentication for remote connections by using Network Level Authentication** > Enabled

Will block the rdp connection from non-Authenticted hosts

Will *NOT* prevent NetNTLM+Clear text, yet block RDP & Alert



Mitigations / Detections – RDP AitM (Cont.)

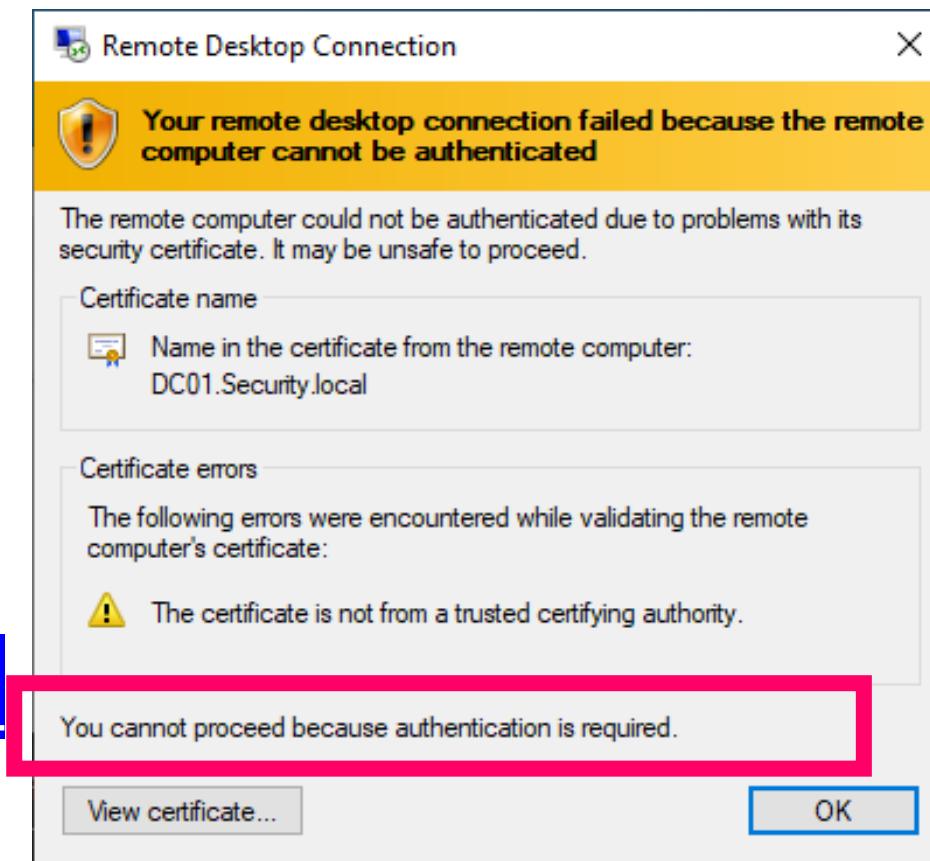
- Enroll Certificates + GPO: Computer configuration > Policies > Administrative Templates > Windows Components > Remote Desktop Services > Remote Desktop Connection Client >
Configure server authentication for client

Disallow the connection,

IF certificate cannot be validated (**Req. PKI/Certs**)

Will Not prevent NetNTLM,

but will prevent clear text + Block connection



Understanding Changes, Fast: “Hacktive Directory” forensics



6 · @fouroctets **fouroctets**



A short story in event IDs

4625

4625

4625

4625

4625

4625

4625

4625

4624

4732

4688

4688

1102

?

single-value attribute: msDS-ReplAttributeMetaData

multi-value attribute: msDS-ReplValueMetaData

Active Directory Users and Computers

Saved Queries

Adatum.com

- Builtin
- Computers
- DCSync*test
- Development
- Domain Controllers
- ForeignSecurityPrinci
- IT
- Keys
- LAPS
- LostAndFound
- Managed Service Acc
- Managers
- Marketing
- Program Data
- Research
- Sales
- System
- Users
- NTDS Quotas

Attributes:

Attribute	Value
replPropertyMetaData	AttID Ver Loc.USN Org.DSA
replUpToDateVector	<not set>
repsFrom	<not set>
repsTo	<not set>
revision	<not set>
rid	<not set>
sAMAccountName	Administrators
sAMAccountType	536870912 = (ALIAS_OBJECT)
secretary	<not set>
securityIdentifier	<not set>
showInAddressBook	<not set>
showInAdvancedVie...	<not set>
sIDHistory	<not set>
subRefs	<not set>

Octet String Attribute Editor

Attribute: replPropertyMetaData

Value format: Hexadecimal

Value:

```
01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0F 00 00 00 00 00 00  
00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 5E 0D 17 0E 03 00 00  
20 53 EA 9D 83 9C 38 48 BB B6 FC A0 CA 93 F7  
08 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 08 20 00 00 00 00 00 00  
03 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 5E 0D 17 0E 03 00 00  
20 53 EA 9D 83 9C 38 48 BB B6 FC A0 CA 93 F7  
08 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 08 20 00 00 00 00 00 00  
0D 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 5E 0D 17 0E 03 00 00  
20 53 EA 9D 83 9C 38 48 BB B6 FC A0 CA 93 F7  
08 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 08 20 00 00 00 00 00 00  
01 00 02 00 01 00 00 00 5E 0D 17 0E 03 00 00
```

Clear OK Cancel Filter View Help Apply OK Cancel Apply Help

Where is this msds-Repl* ??!

C1 on AC-PC1

```
PS C:\temp> get-
```



Recycle
Bin



ADM
Plus F



desk



desk



DNS

Wouldn't it be nice...

Group Membership Changes in Domain ADATUM.COM <BACKUP FROM 06/19/2021 15:59:38>										
Filter										
Add criteria ▾										
GroupName	GroupDN	MemberSamAccountN...	Enabl...	LastChange	MemberDN	MemberA...	DateTimeAdded	DateTimeRemoved	...	DaysSinceLastCha ^
Backup Operators	CN=Backup Operators,CN=Builtin,DC=adatum,DC=com	TEST\$	True	Removed	CN=TEST,CN=Computers,DC=adatum,DC=com	1	02/06/21 13:39:31 PM	2021-06-02T10:4...	...	32
Marketing	CN=Marketing,OU=Marketing,DC=adatum,DC=com	Ana	True	Removed	CN=Ana Cantrell,OU=Marketin...		18/10/16 22:58:47 PM	2021-03-03T13:3...	...	123
Marketing	CN=Marketing,OU=Marketing,DC=adatum,DC=com	Administrator	True	Added	CN=Administrator,CN=Users,D...	1	03/03/21 15:38:52 PM	-	...	123
Domain Admins	CN=Domain Admins,CN=Users,DC=adatum,DC=com	Terry	True	Removed	CN=Terry Lloyd,OU=Developm...		10/02/21 09:23:24 AM	2021-02-10T08:1...	...	145
Marketing	CN=Marketing,OU=Marketing,DC=adatum,DC=com	test1	True	Removed	CN=test1,OU=Development,D...		01/02/21 14:53:28 PM	2021-02-01T12:5...	...	153
Development	CN=Development,OU=Developme...	test1	True	Added	CN=test1,OU=Development,D...		01/02/21 14:54:03 PM	-	...	153
Test	CN=Test,OU=IT,DC=Adatum,DC=c...	Adam	True	Removed	CN=Adam Hobbs,OU=Manage...	1	20/01/21 12:24:57 PM	2021-01-20T10:2...	...	166
Test	CN=Test,OU=IT,DC=Adatum,DC=c...	Anete	True	Added	CN=Anete Auzina,OU=Develop...	1	20/01/21 12:24:57 PM	-	...	166
Protected Users	CN=Protected Users,CN=Users,DC=adatum,DC=com	Dante	True	Added	CN=Dante Dabney,OU=IT,DC=...		21/11/20 16:18:08 PM	-	...	225
Managers	CN=Managers,OU=Managers,DC=adatum,DC=com	Marketing	True	Added	CN=Marketing,OU=Marketing,...		27/07/20 15:21:52 PM	-	...	342
Development	CN=Development,OU=Developme...	Marketing	True	Added	CN=Marketing,OU=Marketing,...		27/07/20 15:21:39 PM	-	...	342
Marketing	CN=Marketing,OU=Marketing,DC=adatum,DC=com	Laura	True	Added	CN=Laura Atkins,OU=DCSync*t...		27/07/20 15:21:22 PM	-	...	342
Development	CN=Development,OU=Developme...	Managers	True	Added	CN=Managers,OU=Managers,...		27/07/20 13:26:40 PM	-	...	342
Administrators	CN=Administrators,CN=Builtin,DC=adatum,DC=com	adp	True	Added	CN=ADP,OU=Managers,DC=A...	1	25/12/18 10:45:57 AM	-	...	356
Marketing	CN=Marketing,OU=Marketing,DC=adatum,DC=com	Bernardo	True	Added	CN=Bernardo Rutter,OU=Devel...		28/05/20 10:55:20 AM	-	...	403
JEA_DNSOperators	CN=JEA_DNSOperators,CN=Users,DC=adatum,DC=com	DnsOperator	True	Added	CN=DnsOperator,CN=Users,DC=...		07/01/20 12:24:39 PM	-	...	545
IIS_IUSRS	CN=IIS_IUSRS,CN=Builtin,DC=Adatum,DC=com	ca_iis	True	Added	CN=ca_iis,OU=IT,DC=Adatum,...		25/10/19 00:57:54 AM	-	...	619
Administrators	CN=Administrators,CN=Builtin,DC=adatum,DC=com	Adam	True	Added	CN=Adam Hobbs,OU=Manage...	1	25/12/18 10:45:57 AM	-	...	923

File Action Media Clipboard View Help



Windows PowerShell

PS C:\temp>

Forensic Scripts for AD

Get-ADGroupChanges, Replication Attribute Metadata history, etc.

- No special permissions 😊
- No agent – works with LDAP/ADWS, or an ntds.dit file
- No dependencies or external files (just .ps1)



1nTh35h3ll

YossiSassi

Follow

Red mind, Blue heart // The HAcktive
Directory guy @ 10Root //
People.Music.Code //
Aviate.Navigate.Communicate //
Knowledge is Power(shell)

212 followers · 2 following

Overview

Repositories 36

Projects

Packages

Stars 6

Pinned

HackCon2024 Public

Presentation from HackCon talk - 'It's just a tool. Not bad nor good. That part is up to YOU.'

1

hAcKtive-Directory-Forensics Public

42 6

github.com/YossiSassi

PowerShell

88

8

PowerShell

14

2

SEC-T_21-One-Liners-Powershell Public

Code & other materials from SEC-T 2022 talk "When SysAdmin & Hacker Unite: 21 One-Liners to make you convert from bash to Powershell"

PowerShell

17

3

AD-Replication-Metadata Public

Track past changes in your AD accounts (users & computers), even if no event logs exist - e.g. not collected, no retention/overwritten, wiped (e.g. during an Incident Response) etc. Uses Replicatio...

PowerShell

11

1

115 contributions in the last year

Myth:

**“You need a TCP/IP connection for
a C2 Server”**



“Do we need a TCP/IP connection for a C2 Server?”

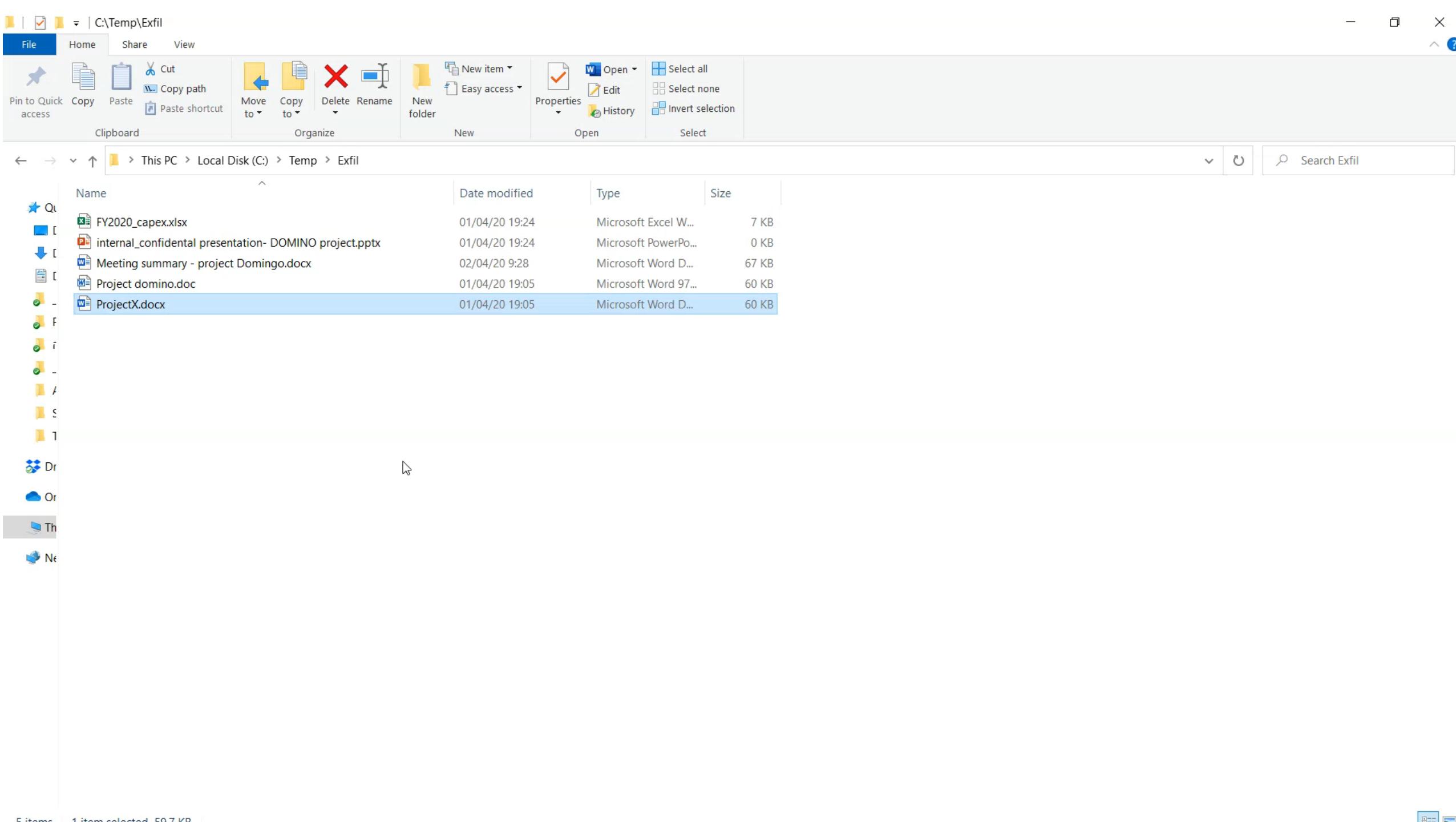
C2 is not about an established connection.
Not TCP, nor UDP.

It's a **MINDSET**.

How about your **email client**?

When Outlook goes Rouge





TO ADMIN OR NOT TO ADMIN



File Action Media View Help



Administrator: Windows PowerShell ISE

Administrator: Windows PowerShell

PSRemoting w/PSSession Configurations

```
PS C:\temp> Enter-PSSession LON-DC1
```

Remote Operations: Credentials Exposure

Action/Tool	Logon Type	Creds on Target	Notes
Console login	2	Yes*	* Except when Credential Guard is enabled
RunAs	2	Yes*	* Except when Credential Guard is enabled
RDP	10	Yes*	* Except when Remote Credential Guard enabled
Net Use	3	No	Inc. /u: parameter
PS Remoting	3	No	-u <username> -p <pass>
PsExec w/Creds	3+2	Yes	
PsExec no Creds	3	No	
Remote SchedTask	4	Yes	Password saved in LSA (on disk)
Run as a Service	5	Yes	Password saved in LSA (w/account)
Remote Registry	3	No	

Let's get advice from Microsoft... 😊

← → C learn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-server/identity/securing-privileged-access/reference-tools-logon-types

 Microsoft | Learn Documentation Training Certifications Q&A Code Samples Shows Events

 Filter by title

Learn / Windows Server / Identity and Access /



Administrative tools and logon types

Article • 08/15/2022 • 3 minutes to read • 2 contributors  Feedback

This reference information is provided to help identify the risk of credential exposure associated with different administrative tools for remote administration.

In a remote administration scenario, credentials are always exposed on the source computer so a trustworthy privileged access workstation (PAW) is always recommended for sensitive or high impact accounts. Whether credentials are exposed to potential theft on the target (remote) computer depends primarily on the windows logon type used by the connection method.

This table includes guidance for the most common administrative tools and connection methods:

Connection method	Logon type	Reusable credentials on destination	Comments
Log on at console	Interactive	v	Includes hardware remote access / lights-out cards and network KVMs.
RUNAS	Interactive	v	
RUNAS /NETWORK	NewCredentials	v	Clones current LSA session for local access, but uses new credentials when connecting to network resources.

Administrative tools and logon types

11/22/2022 • 3 minutes to read

This reference information is provided to help identify the risk of credential exposure associated with different administrative tools for remote administration.

In a remote administration scenario, credentials are always exposed on the source computer so a trustworthy privileged access workstation (PAW) is always recommended for sensitive or high impact accounts. Whether credentials are exposed to potential theft on the target (remote) computer depends primarily on the windows logon type used by the connection method.

This table includes guidance for the most common administrative tools and connection methods:

CONNECTION METHOD	LOGON TYPE	REUSABLE CREDENTIALS ON DESTINATION	COMMENTS
PowerShell WinRM	Network	-	Example: Enter-PSSession server



Get TGT from LogonType=3 without NTLM hash



Virtual Machines						
Name	State	CPU Usage	Assigned Memory	Uptime	Status	Configuration Version
LON-CL1	Running	0%	1430 MB	00:05:00		9.0
LON-DC1	Running	0%	4754 MB	00:38:07		8.3
SRV2	Off					9.0
Ubuntu	Saved					9.0
WIN8-PC	Saved					9.0
Win 1.0	Off					9.0

Checkpoints	
Automatic Checkpoint - LON-CL1 - (08/06/19 - 00:28:13 AM)	
Before_NamedPipe_Malware_AFTER_easyhook32_inst	
Before PSREMOTING - (22/06/19 - 20:33:19 PM)	
LON-CL1 - (28/03/21 - 19:09:51 PM)-accidental	
▶ Now	

LON-CL1	
	Created: 12/24/2018 20:54:45 Configuration Version: 9.0 Generation: 1 Notes: None

- Actions**
- ACPC
 - Quick Create...
 - New
 - Import Virtual Machine...
 - Hyper-V Settings...
 - Virtual Switch Manager...
 - Virtual SAN Manager...
 - Edit Disk...
 - Inspect Disk...
 - Stop Service
 - Remove Server
 - Refresh
 - View
 - Help
 - LON-CL1
 - Connect...
 - Settings...
 - Turn Off...
 - Shut Down...
 - Save
 - Pause
 - Reset
 - Checkpoint
 - Revert...
 - Move...
 - Export...
 - Rename...
 - Help

Potential Mitigation – Use Virtual accounts



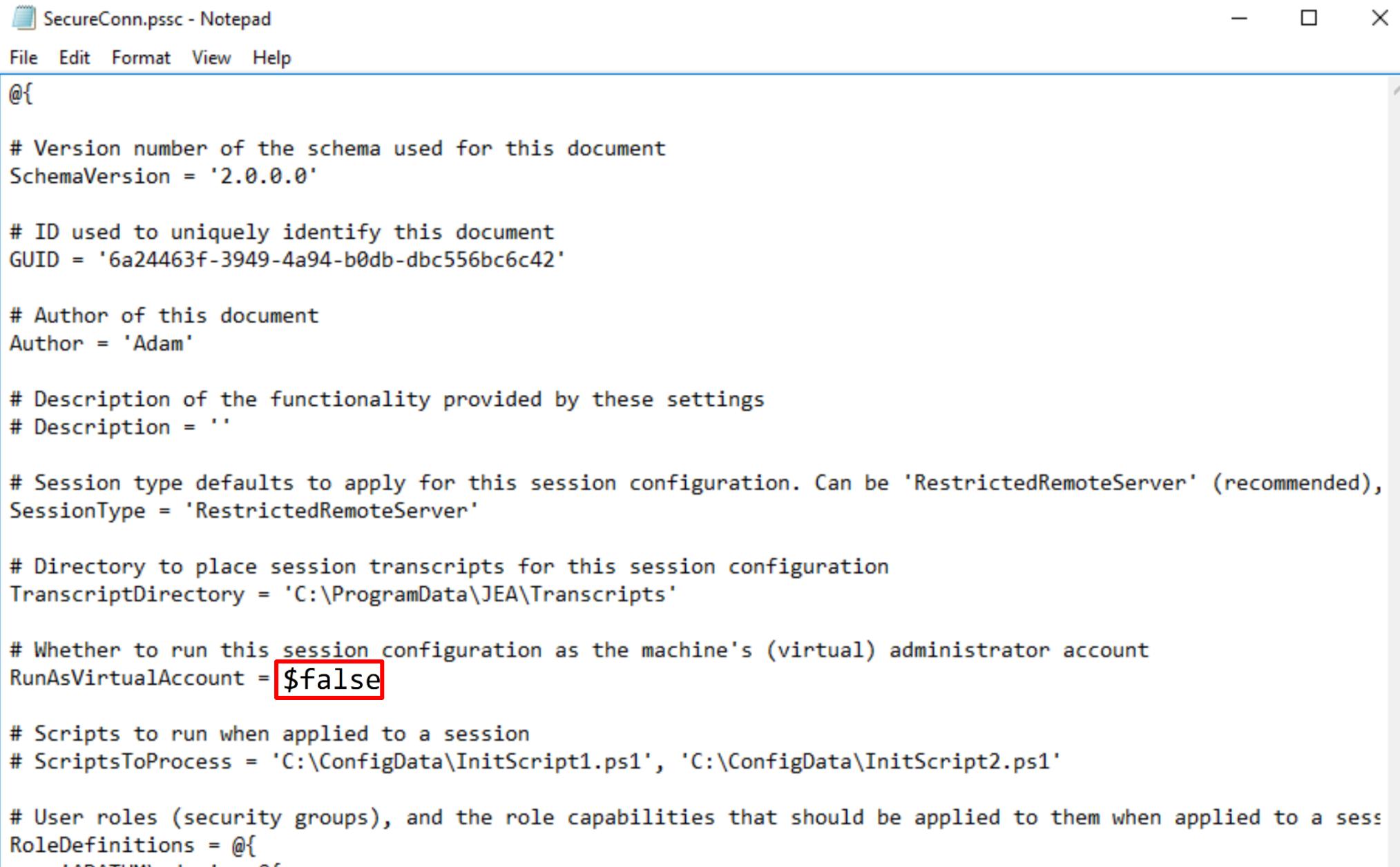


Where admins dare to thread...

PS C:\temp>

Using Virtual Accounts

But... the adversary can edit the Role Capabilities file 😊



The screenshot shows a Windows Notepad window titled "SecureConn.pssc - Notepad". The window contains a PowerShell configuration script. A red box highlights the line "RunAsVirtualAccount = \$false".

```
SecureConn.pssc - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help

@{

# Version number of the schema used for this document
SchemaVersion = '2.0.0.0'

# ID used to uniquely identify this document
GUID = '6a24463f-3949-4a94-b0db-dbc556bc6c42'

# Author of this document
Author = 'Adam'

# Description of the functionality provided by these settings
# Description = ''

# Session type defaults to apply for this session configuration. Can be 'RestrictedRemoteServer' (recommended),
SessionType = 'RestrictedRemoteServer'

# Directory to place session transcripts for this session configuration
TranscriptDirectory = 'C:\ProgramData\JEA\Transcripts'

# Whether to run this session configuration as the machine's (virtual) administrator account
RunAsVirtualAccount = $false

# Scripts to run when applied to a session
# ScriptsToProcess = 'C:\ConfigData\InitScript1.ps1', 'C:\ConfigData\InitScript2.ps1'

# User roles (security groups), and the role capabilities that should be applied to them when applied to a sess
RoleDefinitions = @{
    "MAPPATH\John" = @{
        "RoleName" = "John"
        "RoleDefinition" = "User"
    }
}
```

**But... Defenders can monitor for file/config changes, hash change etc'
(e.g. sign config file)**

```
PS C:\Program Files\WindowsPowerShell\Modules\SecureConn\JEAConfigurations> Get-FileHash  
>> .\SecureConn.pssc -Algorithm SHA256  
  
Algorithm      Hash  
----  
SHA256        7C3EA5E9B3E6799DD5F7D831A0EFBFF959C5FA941447D2A63FD3791D7B466399  
  
PS C:\Program Files\WindowsPowerShell\Modules\SecureConn\JEAConfigurations> -
```

ADVERSARIES RESPONSE...



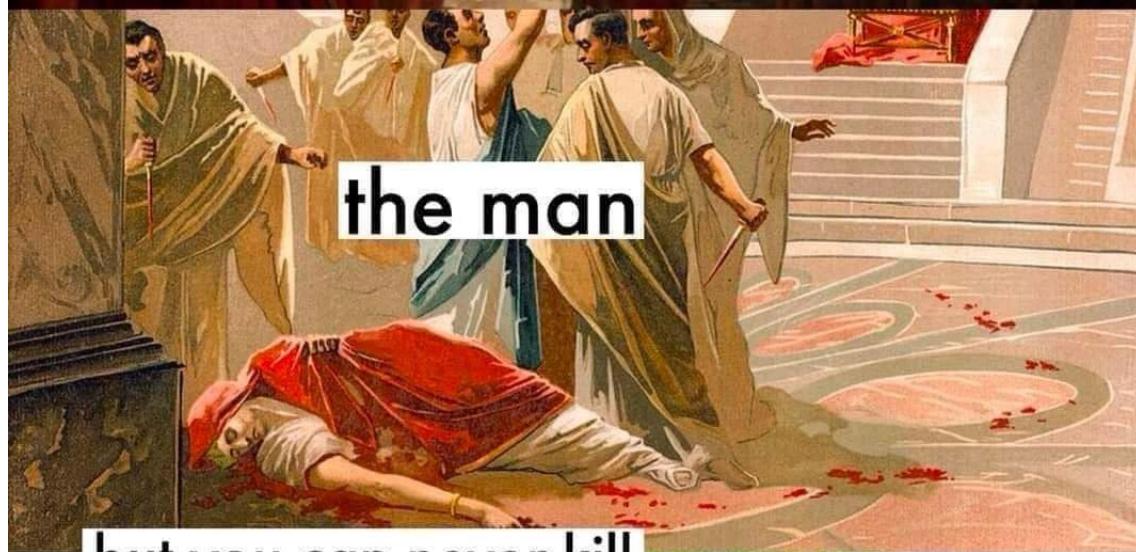
What's your secret sauce?







you can kill



the man



but you can never kill

the idea

Creating a decoy admin

- Privileged account (DA?)
- Enabled, with:
 - logonHours set to none?
 - logonWorkstations - Same dilemma
- SPN (kerberoasting) - **with a Longgggg password**
- Pre-AuthN not required – **with a Longgggg password**
- **Reputation matters!**
 - Handle LogonCount etc.
 - “Convert” accounts from users who left the organization

... many more tips

The Challenge: Reducing FPs and FNs

<p>True Positive (TP):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reality: A wolf threatened.• Shepherd said: "Wolf."• Outcome: Shepherd is a hero.	<p>False Positive (FP):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reality: No wolf threatened.• Shepherd said: "Wolf."• Outcome: Villagers are angry at shepherd for waking them up.
<p>False Negative (FN):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reality: A wolf threatened.• Shepherd said: "No wolf."• Outcome: The wolf ate all the sheep.	<p>True Negative (TN):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reality: No wolf threatened.• Shepherd said: "No wolf."• Outcome: Everyone is fine.

Quick re-cap: DS Replication Attacks

- DCSync
 - Derives from permission(s) for replicating changes
 - Ability to get replication change notifications
- DC Shadow
 - PC act as DC -> Push Changes to other DCs directly
 - **Change system-controlled attributes**
 - Difficult to detect -> bypass Auditing
 - Difficult to prevent -> Not a vulnerability; no ‘patch’

```
PS C:\temp> Get-ADObject "dc=adatum,dc=com" -Properties whencreated
```

```
DistinguishedName : dc=adatum,dc=com
Name              : Adatum
ObjectClass       : domainDNS
ObjectGUID        : 4d7ee4df-119d-4e70-9ed7-4e0343b84198
whenCreated       : 10/18/2016 12:47:30 PM
```

```
PS C:\temp> get-aduser adp -Properties passwordlastset
```

```
DistinguishedName : CN=ADP,OU=Managers,DC=Adatum,DC=com
Enabled           : True
GivenName         : ADP
Name              : ADP
ObjectClass       : user
ObjectGUID        : 8bef5856-0a83-478d-9893-e3d43bfe2d8e
PasswordLastSet   : 1/19/1992 5:47:09 AM
SamAccountName    : adp
SID               : S-1-5-21-4534338-1127018997-2609994386-5601
Surname           :
UserPrincipalName : adp@Adatum.com
```

Red Team Tip: **Find if SecOps are messing with you**

- Mmm.. Maybe, check replication metadata
LastOriginatingChangeTime? ☺

File Action Media Clipboard View Help



Windows PowerShell

- □

PS C:\temp>

Blue Team Tip:
Handle the replication metadata as well ☺

File Action Media Clipboard View Help



Windows PowerShell

PS C:\temp> ▶

**TIME-BASED-METRIC
EASY NOT IS**

DOABLE IT IS BUT

Key Takeaways

- The right **Mindset** can “make or break” a cyber attack
 - Whether “Living off the land”, a C2 channel or forensic tool
- **Time** is the most important measurement in Cyber Security
- Be aware of Credentials Exposure at Remote Operations
- Find your **secret sauce!**
- Check out github.com/YossiSassi for tools & scripts



Everything is a set of nested ‘if’ statements

K11to5



[Yossi_Sassi](#)



yossis@protonmail.com

Enjoy !
t2.fi
INFOSEC