

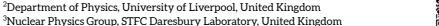


Development of the MARA-LEB Facility

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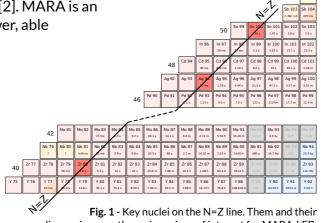




Motivation

MARA-LEB (Mass Analysing Recoil Apparatus - Low Energy Branch) [1] is a facility that will be an extension for the MARA separator at JYFL [2]. MARA is an electromagnetic separator with a high mass-resolving power, able to study medium-heavy nuclei.

MARA-LEB will be used to study proton-rich nuclei close to the drip-line. This area is of interest as a fertile ground to test the predictions of the shell model, proton-neutron interaction and shape-coexistence. Knowledge on these nuclei is of paramount importance for undersanding of the astrophysical rapid proton capture process [3]. MARA-LEB will provide the efficiency and selectivity required to study such exotic nuclei.



surrounding regions are the main regions of interest for MARA-LEB.

Setup

Initially, MARA- LEB will be used for laser ionisation and spectroscopy experiments. Recoils from MARA will be stopped and neutralised in a buffer noble gas cell. They will then be laser-ionised and transported to an acceleration stage by ion guides, where they will be accelerated to 30 keV. A dipole magnet will provide mass separation before the detectors.

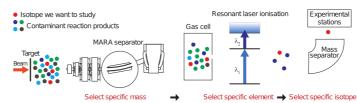


Fig. 2 - Schematic view of MARA-LEB, showing recoil selection stages.

The gas cell is the link between MARA and the LEB.

Its entrance window has to be optimised to maximise recoil acceptance, both in terms of material and size.

MARA experiments using the ions of interest can be used to determine the effect of window size.

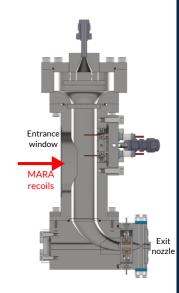


Fig. 3 - MARA-LEB buffer gas cell [1]

Experiment

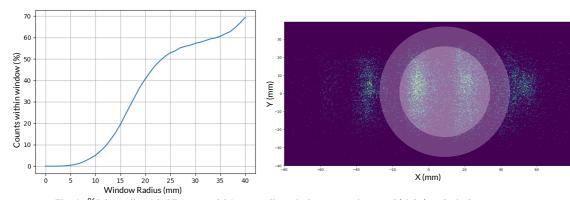
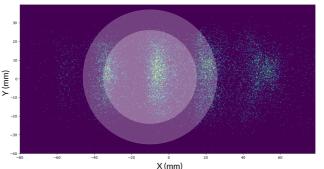


Fig. 4 - 96Pd recoils with 25 mm- and 36 mm-radius windows superimposed (right) and window acceptance as a function of radius (left) centred at charge state 26.5. Two charge states are collected in the cell.

An experiment has been carried out using the MARA separator. A 256 MeV, ⁶⁰Ni beam was impinged on a ⁴⁰Ca target. Among the produced recoils, ⁹⁶Pd is of interest due to it being in the region of 94Ag. The spatial distribution of 96Pd ions at MARA's focal plane, where the gas cell will be intalled, was obtained.

The experimental analysis revealed the effect window size has on recoil acceptance into the gas cell. This helps to make decisions on MARA focus parameters for LEB experiments. The current design features a 31 mm-raidus window.



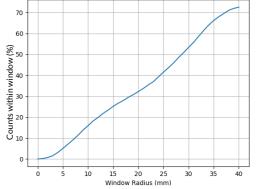


Fig. 5 - 96Pd recoils with 25 mm- and 36 mm-radius windows superimposed (left) and window acceptance as a function of radius (right) centred at charge state 27. One charge state is collected with a small window, and three with a large one.