```
1
    HOL: 외부 파일을 이용한 설정
 2
 3
    Task1. Lab
 4
    1. In Package Explorer > right-click > New > Java Project
 5
      1)Project Name: EnvironmentDemo
 6
      2)JRE
 7
         -Select [Use default JRE 'jdk-11.0.12' and workspace compiler preferences]
 8
      3)Uncheck [Create module-info.java file]
 9
      4)Next
      5)Finish
10
11
12
13
    2. src > right-click > New > Package
14
      1)Name: com.example
15
      2)Finish
16
17
18
    3. Java Project를 Spring Project로 변환
       1)EnvironmentDemo Project > right-click > Configure > Convert to Maven Project
19
20
         -Project: /EnvironmentDemo
21
         -Group Id: EnvironmentDemo
22
         -Artifact Id: EnvironmentDemo
23
         -version: 0.0.1-SNAPSHOT
24
         -Packaging: jar
25
         -Finish
26
27
      2)EnvironmentDemo Project > right-click > Spring > Add Spring Project Nature
28
29
      3)pom.xml file에 Spring Context Dependency 추가하기
30
         <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
31
         <dependencies>
32
            <dependency>
33
            <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
34
            <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
35
            <version>5.3.10</version>
36
            </dependency>
37
         </dependencies>
38
39
      4)pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
40
         [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
41
42
43
    4. Lombok library 추가
      1)https://mvnrepository.com/에서 'lombok'으로 검색
44
45
      2)'Project Lombok' click
46
      3)1.18.20 click
47
      4)depency copy해서 pom.xml에 붙여넣기
48
49
         <dependencies>
50
            <dependency>
51
               <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
52
               <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
53
               <version>5.3.10</version>
54
            </dependency>
55
            <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.projectlombok/lombok -->
56
            <dependency>
```

```
57
                <groupId>org.projectlombok</groupId>
                <artifactId>lombok</artifactId>
 58
 59
                <version>1.18.20</version>
 60
                <scope>provided</scope>
 61
             </dependency>
 62
          </dependencies>
 63
        5)pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
 64
 65
          [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
 66
 67
 68
     5. EnvironmentDemo/resources folder 생성
 69
        1)EnvironmentDemo project > right-click > New > Source Folder
 70
        2)Folder name: resources
 71
        3)Finish
 72
 73
 74
     6. resources > right-click > New > File
 75
        1) File name: admin.properties
 76
        2)Finish
 77
 78
          admin.id=javaexpert
 79
          admin.pwd=12345678
 80
 81
 82
     7. com.example.AdminConnection 생성
 83
        1)com.example > right-click > New > Class
 84
        2)Name: AdminConnection
 85
        3)Finish
 86
 87
          package com.example;
 88
 89
          import org.springframework.beans.factory.DisposableBean;
 90
          import org.springframework.beans.factory.InitializingBean;
 91
          import org.springframework.context.EnvironmentAware;
 92
          import org.springframework.core.env.Environment;
 93
 94
          import lombok. Getter;
 95
          import lombok. Setter;
 96
 97
          public class AdminConnection implements EnvironmentAware,
          InitializingBean, DisposableBean {
 98
             @Setter
 99
             private Environment env;
100
             @Getter
101
             @Setter
             private String adminId;
102
103
             @Getter
104
             @Setter
105
             private String adminPwd;
106
107
             @Override
108
             public void destroy() throws Exception {
109
                System.out.println("destroy()");
110
             }
111
```

```
112
             @Override
             public void afterPropertiesSet() throws Exception {
113
114
               System.out.println("afterPropertiesSet()");
115
               setAdminId(env.getProperty("admin.id"));
116
               setAdminPwd(env.getProperty("admin.pwd"));
117
             }
118
119
             // bean이 생성되기 전에 callback 으로 호출됨. 가장 먼저 호출됨.
120
             // MainClass에서 사용하는 env 정보가 넘어옴.
121
             @Override
122
             public void setEnvironment(Environment env) {
               System.out.println("setEnvironment()");
123
124
               setEnv(env);
125
             }
126
          }
127
128
129
     8. resources > right-click > New > Spring Bean Configuration File
130
        1)File name: beans.xml
131
        2)Finish
132
133
          <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
134
          <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
135
             xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
             xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
136
             http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd">
137
138
             <bean id="adminConnection" class="com.example.AdminConnection" />
139
140
        </beans>
141
142
143
     9. com.example.MainClass Class 생성
144
        1)com.example > right-click > New > Class
145
        2)Name: MainClass
        3)Finish
146
147
          package com.example;
148
149
150
          import java.io.IOException;
151
152
          import org.springframework.context.ConfigurableApplicationContext;
153
          import org.springframework.context.support.GenericXmlApplicationContext;
154
          import org.springframework.core.env.ConfigurableEnvironment;
155
          import org.springframework.core.env.MutablePropertySources;
156
          import org.springframework.core.io.support.ResourcePropertySource;
157
158
          public class MainClass {
159
             public static void main(String [] args){
160
               ConfigurableApplicationContext ctx = new
               GenericXmlApplicationContext();
161
               ConfigurableEnvironment env = ctx.getEnvironment();
162
163
               MutablePropertySources propertySources = env.getPropertySources();
164
               //내가 원하는 정보를 얻을 때까지 모든 propertySources를 앞에서 부터 차례로 모두
               검색함.
```

```
165
                try{
                  propertySouces.addLast(new
166
                  ResourcePropertySource("classpath:admin.properties")); //property
                  추가
167
168
                  System.out.println(env.getProperty("admin.id"));
                                                                   //property 추출
169
                  System.out.println(env.getProperty("admin.pwd"));
                }catch(IOException ex){}
170
171
                GenericXmlApplicationContext gCtx = (GenericXmlApplicationContext)ctx;
172
173
                gCtx.load("classpath:beans.xml");
174
                qCtx.refresh();
175
176
                AdminConnection adminConnection =
                gCtx.getBean("adminConnection", AdminConnection.class);
                System.out.println("admin ID: " + adminConnection.getAdminId());
177
                System.out.println("admin PWD: " + adminConnection.getAdminPwd());
178
179
180
                qCtx.close();
                ctx.close();
181
182
             }
183
          }
184
185
186
     10. 실행
187
        1)MainClass > right-click > Run As > Java Application
188
189
          javaexpert
190
          12345678
191
          setEnvironment()
          afterPropertiesSet()
192
193
          admin ID: javaexpert
194
          admin PWD: 12345678
195
          destroy()
196
197
198
199
200
     Task2. Lab
     1. In Package Explorer > right-click > New > Java Project
201
202
        1)Project Name: PropertyDemo
203
        2)JRE
           -Select [Use default JRE 'jdk-11.0.12' and workspace compiler preferences]
204
205
        3)Uncheck [Create module-info.java file]
206
        4)Next
        5)Finish
207
208
209
210
     2. src > right-click > New > Package
211
        1)Name: com.example
212
        2)Finish
213
214
     3. POJO Class 작성
215
        1)com.example > right-click > New > Class
216
217
        2)Name: Hello
```

```
218
        3)Finish
219
220
           package com.example;
221
222
           import java.util.List;
223
224
           public class Hello {
225
              private String name;
226
              private Printer printer;
227
              private List<String> names;
228
229
              public String sayHello(){
230
                return "Hello " + name;
231
              }
232
233
              public void print(){
234
                this.printer.print(sayHello());
235
             }
           }
236
237
238
        4)com.example > right-click > New > Interface
239
        5)Name: Printer
        6)Finish
240
241
242
           package com.example;
243
244
           public interface Printer{
245
              void print(String message);
246
           }
247
248
        7)com.example > right-click > New > Class
        8) Name: StringPrinter
249
250
        9)Interfaces: com.example.Printer
251
        10)Finish
252
253
           package com.example;
254
255
           public class StringPrinter implements Printer{
              private StringBuffer buffer = new StringBuffer();
256
257
258
              @Override
259
              public void print(String message){
                this.buffer.append(message);
260
261
              }
262
263
              public String toString(){
264
                return this.buffer.toString();
265
              }
266
           }
267
        11)com.example > right-click > New > Class
268
269
        12) Name: Console Printer
        13)Interfaces: com.example.Printer
270
271
        14)Finish
272
273
           package com.example;
```

```
274
          public class ConsolePrinter implements Printer{
275
276
277
             @Override
278
             public void print(String message){
279
               System.out.println(message);
280
281
          }
282
283
284
     4. Java Project를 Spring Project로 변환
285
        1)PropertyDemo Project > right-click > Configure > Convert to Maven Project
286
          -Project : /PropertyDemo
287
          -Group Id: PropertyDemo
          -Artifact Id: PropertyDemo
288
          -version: 0.0.1-SNAPSHOT
289
290
          -Packaging : jar
291
          -Finish
292
293
        2)PropertyDemo Project > right-click > Spring > Add Spring Project Nature
294
295
        3)pom.xml file에 Spring Context Dependency 추가하기
296
          <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
297
          <dependencies>
298
             <dependency>
299
                <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
300
                <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
301
                <version>5.3.10</version>
302
             </dependency>
303
          </dependencies>
304
305
        4pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
306
          [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
307
308
309
     5. Lombok library 추가
310
        1)https://mvnrepository.com/에서 'lombok'으로 검색
311
        2) 'Project Lombok' click
        3)1.18.20 click
312
313
        4)depency copy해서 pom.xml에 붙여넣기
314
315
          <dependencies>
316
             <dependency>
317
                <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
318
                <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
319
                <version>5.3.10</version>
320
             </dependency>
             <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.projectlombok/lombok -->
321
322
             <dependency>
323
                <groupId>org.projectlombok</groupId>
                <artifactId>lombok</artifactId>
324
325
                <version>1.18.20</version>
326
                <scope>provided</scope>
             </dependency>
327
328
          </dependencies>
329
```

```
330
        5)pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
          [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
331
332
333
334
     6. Hello.java에 lombok Annotation 붙이기
335
        1)Hello.java
336
337
          package com.example;
338
339
          import java.util.List;
340
341
          import lombok. Getter;
342
          import lombok.NoArgsConstructor;
343
          import lombok. Setter;
344
345
          @NoArgsConstructor
346
          @Setter
347
          public class Hello {
             private String name;
348
349
             private Printer printer;
350
             @Getter private List<String> names;
351
352
             public String sayHello(){
353
                return "Hello" + name;
354
355
356
             public void print(){
357
                this.printer.print(sayHello());
358
             }
359
          }
360
361
362
     7. PropertyDemo/resources folder 생성
363
        1)PropertyDemo project > right-click > New > Source Folder
        2)Folder name: resources
364
365
        3)Finish
366
367
368
     8. Bean Configuration XML 작성
369
        1)PropertyDemo/resources > right-click > New > Spring Bean Configuration File
370
        2)File name: beans.xml
371
        3)Finish
372
           <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
373
374
           <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
375
             xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
376
             xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
             http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd">
377
378
             <bean id="hello" class="com.example.Hello">
379
                cproperty name="name" value="Spring" />
                cproperty name="printer" ref="printer" />
380
                cproperty name="names">
381
                  t>
382
                     <value>AOP</value>
383
384
                     <value>Spring</value>
```

```
385
                      <value>DI</value>
386
                   </list>
387
                </property>
             </bean>
388
389
             <bean id="printer" class="com.example.StringPrinter" />
390
             <bean id="consolePrinter" class="com.example.ConsolePrinter" />
391
392
393
           </beans>
394
395
396
     9. com.example.MainClass Class 생성
397
        1)com.example > right-click > New > Class
398
        2)Name: MainClass
399
        3)Finish
400
401
        package com.example;
402
403
        import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
404
        import org.springframework.context.support.GenericXmlApplicationContext;
405
406
        public class MainClass {
407
           public static void main(String [] args){
408
             ApplicationContext ctx = new
             GenericXmlApplicationContext("classpath:beans.xml");
409
410
             Hello hello = (Hello)ctx.getBean("hello");
411
             System.out.println(hello.sayHello());
412
             hello.print();
413
414
             Printer printer = ctx.getBean("printer", StringPrinter.class);
             System.out.println(printer.toString());
415
416
417
             hello.getNames().forEach(value -> System.out.println(value));
          }
418
419
        }
420
421
422
     10. 실행
423
        1)MainClass > right-click > Run As > Java Application
424
425
           Hello Spring
426
           Hello Spring
427
           AOP
428
           Spring
429
           DΙ
430
431
432
     11. JUnit 5 & Spring TestContext Framework으로 Test
433
        1)src > right-click > New > Package
434
        2)Name: com.example.test
435
        3)Finish
436
        4)com.example.test > right-click > New > JUnit Test Case > Select [New JUnit
        Jupiter test]
437
        5)Name: HelloJUnitTest
438
        6)Finish
```

```
439
        7)New JUnit Test Case창에서, [Perform the following action: Add JUnit 5 library to
        the build path]
440
        8)OK
        9)https://mvnrepository.com에서 'spring-test'로 검색
441
442
        10)Spring TestContext Framework에서
443
        11)5.3.10로 들어가서
444
        12)복사해서 pom.xml로 붙여넣기
445
           <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.springframework/spring-test -->
446
           <dependency>
447
              <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
448
              <artifactId>spring-test</artifactId>
449
              <version>5.3.10</version>
450
              <scope>test</scope>
451
           </dependency>
452
453
        13)pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
454
           [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
455
           -만일 Error 발생하면 PropertyDemo > right-click > Maven > Update Project > OK
456
           -pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
457
           -[INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
458
459
460
     12. com.example.test.HelloJUnitTest
461
462
        package com.example.test;
463
464
        import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertEquals;
465
        import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertSame;
466
467
        import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;
468
        import org.junit.jupiter.api.extension.ExtendWith;
469
        import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
470
        import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
471
        import org.springframework.test.context.ContextConfiguration;
472
        import org.springframework.test.context.junit.jupiter.SpringExtension;
473
474
        import com.example.Hello;
475
        import com.example.Printer;
476
477
        @ExtendWith(SpringExtension.class)
        @ContextConfiguration(locations = "classpath:beans.xml")
478
479
        class HelloJUnitTest {
480
           @Autowired
481
           ApplicationContext ctx;
482
483
           @Test
           public void test() {
484
485
             Hello hello = (Hello) ctx.getBean("hello");
             assertEquals("Hello Spring", hello.sayHello());
486
487
             hello.print();
488
489
             Printer printer = (Printer) ctx.getBean("printer");
490
             assertEquals("Hello Spring", printer.toString());
491
           }
492
493
           @Test
```

```
494
          public void test2() {
495
             Hello hello = (Hello) ctx.getBean("hello");
496
497
             Hello hello2 = ctx.getBean("hello", Hello.class);
498
             assertSame(hello, hello2);
499
500
             assertEquals(3, hello2.getNames().size());
          }
501
        }
502
503
504
505
        1)만일 해당 객체를 찾을 수 없다는 오류가 계속 발생하면
506
          -해당 Project > right-click > Build Path > Libraries tab
507
          -spring-test-5.3.10.jar 선택 후 [Remove] 로 삭제
508
          -[Add External JARs...] Click
          -%M2 HOME%\repository\org\springframework\spring-test\5.3.10 선택할 것
509
510
          -[Order and Export] tab에서 spring-test-5.3.10.jar 선택 후 [Up] button을 클릭
          -해당 Project/src 바로 아래까지 올리고 [Apply and Close] Click
511
512
513
        2)right-click > Run As > Junit Test
514
        3)결과 -> Junit View에 초록색 bar
515
516
517
     13. resources/value.properties 생성
518
519
        myname=Spring
        myprinter=printer
520
521
        value1=HTML5
522
        value2=CSS3
523
        value3=JavaScript
524
525
526
     14. /resources/beans.xml 수정하기
527
        1)beans.xml에서 [Namespaces] tab
528
        2)목록에서 'context-http://www.springframework.org/schema/context' check
529
        3)<context:property-placeholder />를 사용하기 위해서 다음과 같이 수정
530
          <context:property-placeholder</pre>
531
                  location="classpath:value.properties" />
532
533
          <bean id="hello" class="com.example.Hello">
534
             cproperty name="name" value="${myname}" />
535
             cproperty name="printer" ref="${myprinter}" />
536
537
             cproperty name="names">
538
                t>
539
                  <value>${value1}</value>
540
                  <value>${value2}</value>
541
                  <value>${value3}</value>
                </list>
542
543
             </property>
544
          </bean>
545
546
          <bean id="printer" class="com.example.StringPrinter" />
          <bean id="consolePrinter" class="com.example.ConsolePrinter" />
547
548
549
```

```
550
     15. Test
551
        1)com.example.MainClass.java
552
        2)right-click > Run As > Java Application
553
554
          Hello Spring
555
          Hello Spring
556
          HTML5
557
          CSS3
558
          JavaScript
559
560
        3)/src/test/java/HelloJUnitTest.java
561
          -right-click > Run As > JUnit Test
562
          -Green Bar
563
564
565
     16. resources/value.properties 수정
566
        myname=Spring
567
        myprinter=printer
568
        value1=HTML5
569
        value2=CSS3
570
        value3=JavaScript
571
        printer1=stringPrinter
        printer2=consolePrinter
572
573
574
575
     17. pom.xml에 javax.annotation API dependency 추가하기
576
        1)https://mvnrepository.com에서 'javax annotation'로 검색
577
        2) Javax Annotation API click
578
        3)1.3.2. click
579
        4)dependency 복사해서 pom.xml로 붙여넣기
580
          https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/javax.annotation/javax.annotation-api -->
581
           <dependency>
582
              <groupId>javax.annotation</groupId>
              <artifactId>javax.annotation-api</artifactId>
583
              <version>1.3.2</version>
584
585
           </dependency>
586
587
        5)pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
588
          [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
589
590
591
     18. Hello.java code 수정
592
        1)com.example/Hello.java
593
594
          package com.example;
595
596
          import java.util.List;
597
598
          import javax.annotation.Resource;
599
600
          import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Value;
601
          import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
602
603
          import lombok. Getter;
          import lombok.NoArgsConstructor;
604
```

```
605
          import lombok. Setter;
606
607
           @NoArgsConstructor
608
           @Setter
609
           @Component
610
          public class Hello {
611
             @Value("${myname}")
612
             private String name;
613
             @Resource(name="${printer1}")
614
615
             private Printer printer;
616
617
             @Value("${value1},${value2},${value3}")
618
             @Getter private List<String> names;
619
620
             public String sayHello(){
                return "Hello " + name;
621
622
623
624
             public void print(){
625
                this.printer.print(sayHello());
626
             }
627
          }
628
629
630
     19. StringPrinter.java 수정
631
        package com.example;
632
633
        import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
634
635
        @Component("stringPrinter")
        public class StringPrinter implements Printer {
636
637
          private StringBuffer buffer = new StringBuffer();
638
639
          @Override
          public void print(String message) {
640
641
             this.buffer.append(message);
642
          }
643
644
           @Override
645
          public String toString(){
             return this.buffer.toString();
646
647
          }
648
        }
649
650
651
     20. beans.xml 수정하기
652
653
        <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
654
        <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
655
          xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
656
          xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
657
          xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
          http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
             http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
658
             http://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context-3.2.xsd">
```

```
659
660
           <context:property-placeholder location="classpath:value.properties"/>
661
           <context:component-scan base-package="com.example" /> <---추가하기
662
           <!-- 나머지 코드 삭제 -->
663
        </beans>
664
665
666
     21. MainClass.java 수정하기
667
668
        package com.example;
669
670
        import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
671
        import org.springframework.context.support.GenericXmlApplicationContext;
672
673
        public class MainClass {
          public static void main(String[] args) {
674
675
             ApplicationContext ctx = new
             GenericXmlApplicationContext("classpath:beans.xml");
676
677
             Hello hello = (Hello) ctx.getBean("hello");
678
             System.out.println(hello.sayHello());
679
             hello.print();
680
681
             Printer printer = ctx.getBean("stringPrinter", StringPrinter.class);
             System.out.println(printer.toString());
682
683
684
             hello.getNames().forEach(value -> System.out.println(value));
685
          }
686
        }
687
688
689
     22. 실행
690
        1)MainClass > right-click > Run As > Java Application
691
692
        2)결과
          Hello Spring
693
694
          Hello Spring
          HTML5,CSS3,JavaScript
695
696
697
698
699
700
     Task 3. Lab
701
     1. In Package Explorer > right-click > New > Java Project
702
        1)Project Name: PropertyDemo1
703
        2) JRE: Use default JRE 'jdk-11.0.12' and workspace compiler preferences
704
        3) Uncheck [Create module-info.java file]
705
        4)Next
706
        5)Finish
707
708
709
     2. /src/ right-click > New > Package
710
        1)Package name: com.example
711
        2)Finish
712
713
```

```
714
     3. /src/com.example.AdminConnection.java 생성
        1)com.example > right-click > New > Class
715
716
        2)Name: AdminConnection
717
        3)Finish
718
719
          package com.example;
720
721
          public class AdminConnection {
722
             private String adminId;
723
             private String adminPwd;
724
             private String subAdminId;
725
             private String subAdminPwd;
726
          }
727
728
729
     4. Java Project를 Spring Project로 변환
730
        1)PropertyDemo1 Project > right-click > Configure > Convert to Maven Project
731
          -Project: /PropertyDemo1
732
          -Group Id: PropertyDemo1
733
          -Artifact Id: PropertyDemo1
734
          -version: 0.0.1-SNAPSHOT
735
          -Packaging: jar
          -Finish
736
737
738
        2)PropertyDemo1 Project > right-click > Spring > Add Spring Project Nature
739
740
        3)pom.xml file에 Spring Context Dependency 추가하기
741
          <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
742
          <dependencies>
743
             <dependency>
744
                <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
745
                <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
                <version>5.3.10</version>
746
747
             </dependency>
748
          </dependencies>
749
750
        4)pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
751
          [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
752
753
754
     5. Lombok library 추가
755
        1)https://mvnrepository.com/에서 'lombok'으로 검색
756
        2)'Project Lombok' click
        3)1.18.20 click
757
758
        4)depency copy해서 pom.xml에 붙여넣기
759
760
          <dependencies>
761
             <dependency>
762
                <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
                <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
763
764
                <version>5.3.10</version>
765
             </dependency>
766
             <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.projectlombok/lombok -->
767
             <dependency>
768
                <groupId>org.projectlombok</groupId>
                <artifactId>lombok</artifactId>
769
```

```
770
                <version>1.18.20</version>
771
                <scope>provided</scope>
772
             </dependency>
773
          </dependencies>
774
775
        5)pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
776
          [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
777
778
779
     6. AdminConnection.java 수정
780
781
          package com.example;
782
783
          import lombok. Getter;
784
          import lombok. Setter;
785
786
          @Setter
787
          @Getter
788
          public class AdminConnection {
789
             private String adminId;
790
             private String adminPwd;
791
             private String subAdminId;
792
             private String subAdminPwd;
793
          }
794
795
796
     7. PropertyDemo/resources folder 생성
797
        1)PropertyDemo1 project > right-click > New > Source Folder
798
        2)Folder name: resources
799
        3)Finish
800
801
802
     8. /resources 두 개의 properties file 생성
803
804
        <admin.properties>
805
          admin.id=javaexpert
806
          admin.pwd=12345678
807
808
        <sub.admin.properties>
809
          sub.admin.id=javasoft
810
          sub.admin.pwd=987654321
811
812
813
     9. Bean Configuration XML 작성
814
        1)PropertyDemo1/resources > right-click > New > Spring Bean Configuration File
815
        2)File name: beans.xml
816
        3)Finish
        4)Namespace tab에서 context -
817
        http://www.springframework.org/schema/context check
818
819
          <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
820
          <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
821
             xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
             xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
822
             xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
823
             http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
```

```
824
               http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
               http://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context-3.2.xsd
825
826
             <context:property-placeholder location="classpath:admin.properties,</pre>
             classpath:sub.admin.properties" />
827
828
             <bean id="adminConnection" class="com.example.AdminConnection">
                cproperty name="adminId">
829
830
                  <value>${admin.id}</value>
831
                </property>
832
                property name="adminPwd">
833
                  <value>${admin.pwd}</value>
                </property>
834
835
                property name="subAdminId">
                  <value>${sub.admin.id}</value>
836
837
                </property>
838
                cproperty name="subAdminPwd">
                  <value>${sub.admin.pwd}</value>
839
                </property>
840
841
             </bean>
842
          </beans>
843
844
845
     10. /src/com.example.MainClass.java 생성
        1)com.example > right-click > New > Class
846
847
        2)Name: MainClass
848
        3)Finish
849
850
        package com.example;
851
852
        import org.springframework.context.support.AbstractApplicationContext;
853
        import org.springframework.context.support.GenericXmlApplicationContext;
854
855
        public class MainClass {
          public static void main(String[] args) {
856
857
             AbstractApplicationContext ctx = new
             GenericXmlApplicationContext("classpath:beans.xml");
             AdminConnection connection = ctx.getBean("adminConnection",
858
             AdminConnection.class);
             System.out.println("admin ID: " + connection.getAdminId());
859
             System.out.println("admin PWD: " + connection.getAdminPwd());
860
             System.out.println("sub admin ID: " + connection.getSubAdminId());
861
862
             System.out.println("sub admin PWD: " + connection.getSubAdminPwd());
863
             ctx.close();
864
          }
865
        }
866
867
868
869
     11. 결과
870
        1)MainClass.java > right-click > Run As > Java Application
871
          admin ID: javaexpert
872
873
          admin PWD: 12345678
          sub admin ID: javasoft
874
```

```
875
          sub admin PWD: 987654321
876
877
878
879
880
     Task 4. Lab
     1. In Package Explorer > right-click > New > Java Project
881
        1)Project Name: PropertyDemo2
882
        2)JRE: Use default JRE 'jdk-11.0.12' and workspace compiler preferences
883
        3) Uncheck [Create module-info.java file]
884
885
        4)Next
886
        5)Finish
887
888
889
     2. /src/ right-click > New > Package
890
        1)Package name: com.example
891
        2)Finish
892
893
894
     3. /src/com.example.AdminConnection.java 생성
895
        1)com.example > right-click > New > Class
        2)Name: AdminConnection
896
        3)Finish
897
898
899
          package com.example;
900
901
          public class AdminConnection {
902
             private String adminId;
903
             private String adminPwd;
904
             private String subAdminId;
905
             private String subAdminPwd;
906
          }
907
908
909
     4. Java Project를 Spring Project로 변환
        1)PropertyDemo1 Project > right-click > Configure > Convert to Maven Project
910
          -Project:/PropertyDemo2
911
912
          -Group Id: PropertyDemo2
          -Artifact Id: PropertyDemo2
913
914
          -version: 0.0.1-SNAPSHOT
915
          -Packaging: jar
916
          -Finish
917
918
        2)PropertyDemo2 Project > right-click > Spring > Add Spring Project Nature
919
920
        3)pom.xml 파일에 Spring Context Dependency 추가하기
921
          <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
          <dependencies>
922
923
             <dependency>
924
                <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
925
                <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
926
                <version>5.3.10</version>
927
             </dependency>
          </dependencies>
928
929
930
        4pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
```

```
931
          [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
932
933
934
     5. Lombok library 추가
935
        1)https://mvnrepository.com/에서 'lombok'으로 검색
        2)'Project Lombok' click
936
937
        3)1.18.20 click
938
        4)depency copy해서 pom.xml에 붙여넣기
939
          <dependencies>
940
941
             <dependency>
942
                <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
943
                <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
                <version>5.3.10</version>
944
945
             </dependency>
             <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.projectlombok/lombok -->
946
             <dependency>
947
948
                <groupId>org.projectlombok</groupId>
                <artifactId>lombok</artifactId>
949
950
                <version>1.18.20</version>
951
                <scope>provided</scope>
952
             </dependency>
953
          </dependencies>
954
955
        5)pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
956
          [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
957
958
959
     6. AdminConnection.java 수정
960
961
          package com.example;
962
963
          import lombok. Getter;
964
          import lombok. Setter;
965
966
          @Setter
967
          @Getter
968
          public class AdminConnection {
             private String adminId;
969
970
             private String adminPwd;
             private String subAdminId;
971
972
             private String subAdminPwd;
973
          }
974
975
976
     7. PropertyDemo/resources folder 생성
977
        1)PropertyDemo1 project > right-click > New > Source Folder
978
        2)Folder name: resources
979
        3)Finish
980
981
982
     8. /resources 두 개의 properties file 생성
983
984
        <admin.properties>
985
          admin.id=javaexpert
          admin.pwd=12345678
986
```

```
987
 988
         <sub.admin.properties>
           sub.admin.id=javasoft
 989
           sub.admin.pwd=987654321
 990
 991
 992
 993
      9. ApplicationConfig Class 생성
         1)com.example > right-click > New > Class
 994
         2)Name: ApplicationConfig
 995
 996
         3)Finish
 997
 998
           package com.example;
 999
1000
           import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
           import org.springframework.context.annotation.ComponentScan;
1001
           import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
1002
1003
           import
           org.springframework.context.support.PropertySourcesPlaceholderConfigurer;
1004
           import org.springframework.core.io.ClassPathResource;
1005
1006
            @Configuration
1007
            @ComponentScan(basePackages = "com.example")
           public class ApplicationConfig {
1008
1009
              @Bean
              public static PropertySourcesPlaceholderConfigurer properties() {
1010
                 PropertySourcesPlaceholderConfigurer configurer = new
1011
                 PropertySourcesPlaceholderConfigurer();
1012
                 configurer.setLocations(new ClassPathResource("admin.properties"),
                 new ClassPathResource("sub.admin.properties"));
1013
                 return configurer;
1014
              }
1015
            }
1016
1017
1018
      10. com.example.AdminConnection.java 수정
1019
1020
         package com.example;
1021
1022
         import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Value;
1023
         import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
1024
1025
         import lombok. Getter;
1026
1027
         @Getter
1028
         @Component
         public class AdminConnection {
1029
1030
            @Value("${admin.id}")
1031
           private String adminId;
            @Value("${admin.pwd}")
1032
           private String adminPwd;
1033
1034
            @Value("${sub.admin.id}")
1035
           private String subAdminId;
1036
            @Value("${sub.admin.pwd}")
1037
           private String subAdminPwd;
         }
1038
1039
```

```
1040
1041
      11. /src/com.example.MainClass.java
1042
         1)com.example > right-click > New > Class
         2)Name: MainClass
1043
         3)Finish
1044
1045
1046
            package com.example;
1047
1048
            import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
1049
            import
            org.springframework.context.annotation.AnnotationConfigApplicationContext;
1050
1051
            public class MainClass {
1052
              public static void main(String[] args) {
1053
                 ApplicationContext context = new
                 AnnotationConfigApplicationContext(ApplicationConfig.class);
1054
                 AdminConnection connection = (AdminConnection)
                 context.getBean("adminConnection");
                 System.out.println("admin ID: " + connection.getAdminId());
1055
                 System.out.println("admin PWD: " + connection.getAdminPwd());
1056
1057
                 System.out.println("sub admin ID: " + connection.getSubAdminId());
                 System.out.println("sub admin PWD: " +
1058
                 connection.getSubAdminPwd());
1059
              }
            }
1060
1061
1062
1063
      12. 결과
1064
         1)MainClass.java > right-click > Run As > Java Application
1065
            admin ID: javaexpert
            admin PWD: 12345678
1066
            sub admin ID: javasoft
1067
1068
            sub admin PWD: 987654321
1069
1070
1071
1072
1073
      Task 5. Lab
1074
      1. In Package Explorer > right-click > New > Java Project
1075
         1)Project Name: ProfileDemo
1076
         2)JRE
1077
            -Select [Use default JRE 'jdk-11.0.12' and workspace compiler preferences]
         3) Uncheck [Create module-info.java file]
1078
1079
         4)Next
1080
         5)Finish
1081
1082
      2. Package 생성
1083
         1)/src/ > right-click > New > Package
1084
1085
         2)Package name: com.example
         3)Finish
1086
1087
1088
      3. Java Project를 Spring Project로 변환
1089
         1)ProfileDemo Project > right-click > Configure > Convert to Maven Project
1090
1091
            -Project: /ProfileDemo
```

```
1092
           -Group Id: ProfileDemo
           -Artifact Id: ProfileDemo
1093
1094
           -version: 0.0.1-SNAPSHOT
1095
           -Packaging : jar
1096
           -Finish
1097
1098
         2)ProfileDemo Project > right-click > Spring > Add Spring Project Nature
1099
         3)pom.xml file에 Spring Context Dependency 추가하기
1100
           <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
1101
           <dependencies>
1102
              <dependency>
1103
1104
                 <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
1105
                 <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
                 <version>5.3.10</version>
1106
1107
              </dependency>
1108
           </dependencies>
1109
1110
         4)pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
1111
           [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
1112
1113
1114
      4. Lombok library 추가
1115
         1)https://mvnrepository.com/에서 'lombok'으로 검색
1116
         2)'Project Lombok' click
1117
         3)1.18.20 click
1118
         4)depency copy해서 pom.xml에 붙여넣기
1119
1120
           <dependencies>
1121
              <dependency>
1122
                 <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
1123
                 <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
1124
                 <version>5.3.10</version>
1125
              </dependency>
1126
              <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.projectlombok/lombok -->
1127
              <dependency>
1128
                 <groupId>org.projectlombok</groupId>
1129
                 <artifactId>lombok</artifactId>
1130
                 <version>1.18.20</version>
1131
                 <scope>provided</scope>
1132
              </dependency>
1133
           </dependencies>
1134
1135
         5)pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
1136
           [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
1137
1138
1139
      5. ProfileDemo/resources folder 생성
1140
         1)ProfileDemo project > New > Source Folder
1141
         2) Folder name: resources
         3)Finish
1142
1143
1144
1145
      6. ServerInfo.java 생성
         1)com.example > right-click > New > Class
1146
1147
         2)Name: ServerInfo
```

```
1148
         3)Finish
1149
1150
           package com.example;
1151
1152
           import lombok. Getter;
1153
           import lombok. Setter;
1154
1155
           @Getter
1156
           @Setter
1157
           public class ServerInfo {
1158
              private String ipNum;
1159
              private String portNum;
1160
           }
1161
1162
1163
      7. XML 설정 file 2개 생성
         1)resource > right-click > New > Spring Bean Configuration File
1164
1165
         2)File name: run.xml
         3)Finish
1166
1167
1168
            <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
            <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
1169
              xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
1170
1171
              xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
              http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd"
1172
              profile="run">
                              <---이것이 핵심
1173
1174
              <bean id="serverInfo" class="com.example.ServerInfo">
1175
                 roperty name="ipNum" value="192.168.56.5" />
1176
                 cproperty name="portNum" value="80" />
1177
              </bean>
           </beans>
1178
1179
1180
         3)/resource > right-click > New > Spring Bean Configuration File
         4)File name: dev.xml
1181
         5)Finish
1182
1183
            <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
1184
            <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
1185
              xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
1186
1187
              xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
              http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd"
              profile="dev">
                              <---이것이 핵심
1188
1189
1190
              <bean id="serverInfo" class="com.example.ServerInfo">
1191
                 cproperty name="ipNum" value="localhost" />
1192
                 cproperty name="portNum" value="8080" />
1193
              </bean>
1194
            </beans>
1195
1196
1197
      8. MainClass 생성
1198
         1)com.example > right-click > New > Class
1199
         2) Name: MainClass.java
1200
         3)Finish
1201
```

```
1202
            package com.example;
1203
1204
            import java.util.Scanner;
1205
1206
            import org.springframework.context.support.GenericXmlApplicationContext;
1207
            public class MainClass {
1208
1209
              public static void main(String[] args) {
                 Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
1210
                 System.out.print("Select dev or run: ");
1211
1212
                 String config = scan.next(); //"dev" or "run"
1213
1214
                 GenericXmlApplicationContext ctx = new GenericXmlApplicationContext();
1215
                 ctx.getEnvironment().setActiveProfiles(config);
                 ctx.load("dev.xml", "run.xml");
1216
                 ctx.refresh();
1217
1218
1219
                 ServerInfo info = ctx.getBean("serverInfo", ServerInfo.class);
                 System.out.println("IP: " + info.getIpNum());
1220
                 System.out.println("Port : " + info.getPortNum());
1221
1222
                 ctx.close();
1223
              }
            }
1224
1225
1226
1227
      9. 결과
1228
         1)MainClass.java > right-click > Run As > Java Application
1229
            Select dev or run:
1230
         2)입력시 dev를 넣으면 dev환경인 localhost/8080이 나오고, 만일 run이라고 넣으면
         192.168.56.5/80이 나온다.
1231
1232
1233
1234
1235
      Task 6. Lab
1236
      1. In Package Explorer > right-click > New > Java Project
1237
         1)Project Name: ProfileDemo1
         2)JRE
1238
1239
            -Select [Use default JRE 'jdk-11.0.12' and workspace compiler preferences]
1240
         3) Uncheck [Create module-info.java file]
1241
         4)Next
         5)Finish
1242
1243
1244
1245
      2. Package 생성
1246
         1)/src/ > right-click > New > Package
         2)Package name: com.example
1247
1248
         3)Finish
1249
1250
1251
      3. Java Project를 Spring Project로 변환
1252
         1)ProfileDemo1 Project > right-click > Configure > Convert to Maven Project
1253
            -Project : /ProfileDemo1
            -Group Id: ProfileDemo1
1254
            -Artifact Id: ProfileDemo1
1255
1256
            -version: 0.0.1-SNAPSHOT
```

```
1257
           -Packaging : jar
1258
           -Finish
1259
1260
         2)ProfileDemo1 Project > right-click > Spring > Add Spring Project Nature
1261
1262
         3)pom.xml file에 Spring Context Dependency 추가하기
           <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT</version>
1263
           <dependencies>
1264
              <dependency>
1265
1266
                 <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
1267
                 <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
1268
                 <version>5.3.10</version>
1269
              </dependency>
1270
           </dependencies>
1271
1272
         4)pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
1273
           [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
1274
1275
1276
      4. Lombok library 추가
1277
         1)https://mvnrepository.com/에서 'lombok'으로 검색
1278
         2)'Project Lombok' click
1279
         3)1.18.20 click
1280
         4)depency copy해서 pom.xml에 붙여넣기
1281
           <dependencies>
1282
1283
              <dependency>
                 <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
1284
1285
                 <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
1286
                 <version>5.3.10</version>
              </dependency>
1287
              <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.projectlombok/lombok -->
1288
1289
              <dependency>
1290
                 <groupId>org.projectlombok</groupId>
1291
                 <artifactId>lombok</artifactId>
1292
                 <version>1.18.20</version>
1293
                 <scope>provided</scope>
1294
              </dependency>
1295
           </dependencies>
1296
         5)pom.xml > right-click > Run As > Maven install
1297
1298
           [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS 확인
1299
1300
1301
      5. ServerInfo.java 생성
1302
         1)com.example > right-click > New > Class
         2)Name: ServerInfo
1303
         3)Finish
1304
1305
           package com.example;
1306
1307
1308
           import lombok. Getter;
1309
           import lombok. Setter;
1310
1311
           @Getter
1312
           @Setter
```

```
1313
            public class ServerInfo {
1314
              private String ipNum;
1315
              private String portNum;
            }
1316
1317
1318
1319
      6. Java 설정 file 2개 생성
1320
         1)com.example > right-click > New > Class
         2)Name: ApplicationConfigDev
1321
1322
         3)Finish
1323
1324
            package com.example;
1325
1326
            import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
1327
            import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
1328
            import org.springframework.context.annotation.Profile;
1329
1330
            @Configuration
1331
            @Profile("dev")
1332
            public class ApplicationConfigDev {
1333
1334
              @Bean
1335
              public ServerInfo serverInfo(){
                 ServerInfo info = new ServerInfo();
1336
1337
                 info.setIpNum("localhost");
1338
                 info.setPortNum("8080");
1339
                 return info;
1340
              }
1341
            }
1342
1343
         4)com.example > right-click > New > Class
         5)Name: ApplicationConfigRun.java
1344
1345
         6)Finish
1346
1347
            package com.example;
1348
1349
            import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
1350
            import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
1351
            import org.springframework.context.annotation.Profile;
1352
1353
            @Configuration
            @Profile("run")
1354
1355
            public class ApplicationConfigRun {
1356
1357
              @Bean
1358
              public ServerInfo serverInfo(){
                 ServerInfo info = new ServerInfo();
1359
                 info.setIpNum("192.168.56.5");
1360
1361
                 info.setPortNum("80");
1362
                 return info;
1363
              }
1364
            }
1365
1366
1367
      7. MainClass 생성
1368
         1)com.example > right-click > New > Class
```

```
1369
         2)Name: MainClass.java
1370
1371
            package com.example;
            import java.util.Scanner;
1372
1373
1374
            import
            org.springframework.context.annotation.AnnotationConfigApplicationContext;
1375
1376
            public class MainClass {
              public static void main(String[] args) {
1377
1378
                 Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
1379
                 System.out.print("Select dev or run: ");
1380
                 String config = scan.next(); //"dev" or "run"
1381
1382
                 AnnotationConfigApplicationContext ctx = new
                 AnnotationConfigApplicationContext();
                 ctx.getEnvironment().setActiveProfiles(config);
1383
1384
                 ctx.register(ApplicationConfigDev.class, ApplicationConfigRun.class);
1385
                 ctx.refresh();
1386
1387
                 ServerInfo info = ctx.getBean("serverInfo", ServerInfo.class);
                 System.out.println("IP: " + info.getIpNum());
1388
                 System.out.println("Port : " + info.getPortNum());
1389
1390
                 ctx.close();
              }
1391
            }
1392
1393
1394
1395
      8. 결과
1396
         1)MainClass.java > right-click > Run As > Java Application
1397
              Select dev or run:
1398
         2)입력시 dev를 넣으면 dev환경인 localhost/8080이 나오고, 만일 run이라고 넣으면
         192.168.56.5/80이 나온다.
```