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module pumamod
! Portable University Model of the Atmosphere !
! Version: 17.0 16-Feb-2011
1**************
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! KlimaCampus - Universitaet Hamburg
! http://www.mi.uni-hamburg.de/puma
real :: wwt = 13713.4258
! The number of processes for processing on parallel machines !
! NLAT/2 must be dividable by <npro>. npro can be set by the
! option -n <npro> when calling the puma executable
! This option is only available if the code is compiled with
! an mpi compiler.
integer :: npro = 1
! The horizontal resolution of PUMA is set by defining the
! number of latitudes <nlev> with the 1st. command line
! parameter and the number of levels with the 2nd. command
! parameter. A typical call for T42 is:
 puma.x 64 10
! which sets nlat=64 and nlev=10
integer :: nlat = 32
!example values: 32, 48, 64, 128, 192, 256, 512, 1024
!truncation: T21, T31, T42, T85, T127, T170, T341, T682
integer :: nlev = 10
1**********************
! Grid related paramters, which are computed from the !
! command line arguments <nlat> and <nlev>
! Preset values are for T21 (nlat=32) and nlev=10
1 *********************
integer :: nlem = 9 ! Levels - 1
integer :: nlep = 11 ! Levels + 1
integer :: nlsq = 100 ! Levels squared
integer :: nlon = 64 ! Longitudes = 2 * latitudes
integer :: nlah = 16 ! Half of latitudes
integer :: ntru = 21 ! (nlon-1) / 3
integer :: ntp1 = 22 ! ntru + 1
integer :: nzom = 44 ! Number of zonal modes
integer :: nrsp = 506 ! (ntru+1) * (ntru+2)
integer :: ncsp = 253 ! nrsp / 2
integer :: nspp = 506 ! nodes per process
integer :: nesp = 506 ! number of extended modes
integer :: nlpp = 32 ! Latitudes per process
integer :: nhpp = 16 ! Half latitudes per process
integer :: nhor = 2048 ! Horizontal part
integer :: nugp = 2048 ! Horizontal total
integer :: npgp = 1024 ! Horizontal total packed words
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integer :: nud = 6 ! I/O unit for diagnostic output
! filenames !
character (256) :: puma namelist
                                 = "puma namelist"
character (256) :: puma_output
                                 = "puma_output"
character (256) :: puma_diag
                                 = "puma_diag"
character (256) :: puma restart
                                = "puma_restart"
                              = "puma_status"
character (256) :: puma_status
character (256) :: efficiency_dat = "efficiency.dat"
character (256) :: ppp_puma_txt
                                = "ppp-puma.txt"
character (256) :: puma_sp_init
                                 = "puma sp init"
 1 **********************
! * For multiruns the instance number is appended to the filename *
! * e.g.: puma_namelist_1 puma_diag_1 etc. for instance # 1 *
! * Don't touch the following parameter definitions ! *
1 *********************
integer, parameter :: PUMA = 0     ! Model ID
parameter (MAXLEV = 100)
parameter (NROOT = 0)
                                 ! Maximum level dimension
                                  ! Master node
parameter(PI = 3.141592653589793D0) ! Pi
parameter(AKAP_EARTH = 0.286)    ! Kappa Earth (Poisson constant R/Cp)
parameter(ALR_EARTH = 0.0065)    ! Lapse rate Earth
parameter(GA_EARTH = 9.80665)    ! Gravity Earth (mean on NN)
parameter(GASCON_EARTH = 287.0)
                                ! Gas constant for dry air on Earth
parameter(PSURF_EARTH = 101100.0) ! Mean Surface pressure [Pa] on Earth
                  ! Trenberth 1981, J. Geoph. Res., Vol.86, 5238-5246
parameter(PLARAD_EARTH = 6371220.0) ! Earth radius
parameter(PNU = 0.02)
                               ! Time filter
parameter(PNU21 = 1.0 - 2.0*PNU) ! Time filter 2
! * EZ: Factor to multiply the spherical harmonic Y_(1,0) to get *
! * the non-dimensional planetary vorticity 2 sin(phi). In PUMA *
! * Y_(1,0) = sqrt(3/2) *sin(phi) (normalization factor 1/sqrt(2)).*
! * The time scale must be given by Tscale = 1/Omega
parameter(EZ = 1.632993161855452D0) ! ez = 1 / sqrt (3/8)
! * Planetary parameters & Scales
! * -----
! * The Puma model is formulated in non-dimensional form with *
! * the planetary radius as length scale and the reciprocal of *
! * the planetary rotation rate as time scale. The temperature *
! * scale is given by the geopotential scale divided by the
! * gas constant.
! * For the time scale the length of the siderial day is used
! * as basic unit
! * The parameters are initialized for Earth settings. They
! * may be modified by the namelist file <puma_namelist>
! * The scales are derived internal quantities
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real :: omega
                    = TWOPI / 86164.0 ! Default scaling
                    = 86164.0
                                 ! Length of sideral day [sec] on Earth
real :: sid_day
real :: sol_day
                    = 86400.0
                                   ! Length of solar day [sec] on Earth
real :: plarad
                   = PLARAD EARTH ! Planetary radius [m] on Earth
real :: gascon
                   = GASCON_EARTH ! Dry air gas consant [J/K kg] on Earth
real :: akap
                   = AKAP_EARTH ! Kappa [] on Earth
real :: alr
                   = ALR EARTH
                                    ! average lapse rate [K/km] on Earth
                   = GA_EARTH
                                   ! Gravity [m/sec*sec] on Earth
real :: ga
real :: psurf
                   = PSURF_EARTH ! Mean surface pressure for EARTH [Pa]
real :: ww_time
                  = 0.0
                                    ! time scale [sec] (day / 2 Pi)
real :: ww_scale = 0.0
                                   ! reciprocal of time scale [1/sec]
real :: cv
                  = 0.0
                                   ! velocity scale [m/sec] on Earth
real :: ct
                   = 0.0
                                   ! temperature scale [K] on Earth
1 ********
! * Global Integer Scalars *
logical :: lrestart = .false. ! Existing "puma_restart" sets to .true.
logical :: lselect = .false. ! true: disable some zonal waves
logical :: lspecsel = .false. ! true: disable some spectral modes
integer :: model
                 = PUMA
integer :: kick
                   = 1 ! kick > 0 initializes eddy generation
integer :: nafter = 0 ! write data interval 0: controlled by nwpd
integer :: nwpd
                   = 1 ! number of writes per day
integer :: ncoeff
                  = 0 ! number of modes to print
                   = 6 ! ndel
integer :: ndel
integer :: ndiag
                   = 12 ! write diagnostics interval
integer :: newsr
                = 0 ! 1: recalculate sr1 and sr2 after restart
integer :: ngui
                 = 0 ! activate Graphical User Interface !XW(Mar/25/2017)
0=off
integer :: nkits
                  = 3 ! number of initial timesteps
integer :: nlevt
                 = 9 ! tropospheric levels (set_vertical_grid)
integer :: noutput = 1 ! global switch for output on (1) or off (0)
integer :: nwspini = 1 ! write sp init after initialization
integer :: nrun = 0 ! if (nstop == 0) nstop = nstep + nrun
integer :: nstep1 = 0 ! start step (for cpu statistics)
integer :: nstep = -1 ! current timestep step 0: 01-Jan-0001 00:00
                 = 0 ! finishing timestep
integer :: nstop
integer :: ntspd = 0 ! one day = ntspd timesteps
integer :: mpstep = 0 ! minutes per step 0 = automatic
integer :: ncu = 0 ! check unit (debug output)
integer :: nwrioro = 1 ! controls output of orography
integer :: nextout = 0 ! 1: extended output (entropy production)
integer :: nruido = 0 ! 1: global constant, temporal noise
                          2: spatio-temporal noise
                          3: spatio-temporal equator symmetric
integer :: nseedlen = 0 ! length of random seed (set by lib call)
integer :: nmonths = 0 ! Simulation time (1 month = 30 days)
integer :: nyears = 1 ! simulation time (1 year = 360 days)
integer :: nsponge = 0 ! 1: Create sponge layer
integer :: nhelsua = 0 ! 1: Set up Held & Suarez T_R field
                             instead of original PUMA T_R field
                          2: Set up Held & Suarez T_R field
                             instead of original PUMA T_R field
                             AND use latitudinally varying
                             heating timescale in PUMA (H&Z (94)),
                             irrelevant for PumaPreProcessor (ppp)
                          3: Use latitudinally varying
                             heating timescale in PUMA (H&Z(94)),
                             irrelevant for PumaPreProcessor (ppp)
integer :: ndiagp = 0 ! 0/1 switch for grid point diabatic heating
integer :: nconv = 0 ! 0/1 switch for convecive heating
                  = 0 ! type of vertical grid
integer :: nvg
                       ! 0 = linear
                       ! 1 = Scinocca & Haynes
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                       ! 2 = Polvani & Kushner
integer :: nenergy = 0 ! energy diagnostics (on/off 1/0)
integer :: nentropy= 0 ! entropy diagnostics (on/off 1/0)
integer :: ndheat = 0 ! energy recycling (on/off 1/0)
integer :: nradcv = 0 ! use two restoration fields
! *******
! * Global Real Scalars *
! *******
real :: alpha =
                  1.0 ! Williams filter factor
real :: alrs =
                    0.0 ! stratospheric lapse rate [K/m]
real :: delt
                          ! normalized timestep
real :: delt2
                          ! 2 * delt
real :: dtep = 60.0 ! delta T equator <-> pole [K]
real :: dtns = -70.0 ! delta T north <-> south [K]
real :: dtrop = 12000.0 ! Tropopause height [m]
real :: dttrp = 2.0 ! Tropopause smoothing [K]
real :: dtzz =
                   10.0 ! delta(Theta)/H additional lapserate in
                          ! Held & Suarez T_R field
real :: orofac = 1.0 ! factor to scale the orograpy
real :: plavor = EZ ! planetary vorticity
real :: psmean = PSURF_EARTH ! Mean of Ps on Earth
real :: rotspd = 1.0 ! rotation speed 1.0 = normal Earth rotation
real :: sigmax = 6.0e-7 ! sigma for top half level
real :: spstep = 0.0
                          ! seconds per step 0 = automatic
real :: diffts = 21600.0 ! diffusion time scale [sec]
real :: tac = 360.0 ! length of annual cycle [days] (0 = no cycle)
real :: pac = 0.0 ! phase of the annual cycle [days]
real :: tgr = 288.0 ! Ground Temperature in mean profile [K]
real :: dvdiff =
                  0.0 ! vertical diffusion coefficient [m2/s]
                          ! dvdiff =0. means no vertical diffusion
real :: disp = 0.0 ! noise dispersion
real :: tauta = 40.0 ! heating timescale far from surface
real :: tauts = 4.0 ! heating timescale close to surface
real :: pspon = 50.
                         ! apply sponge layer where p < pspon
                          ! pressure [Pa]
real :: dcsponge = 0.5 / 86400.0 ! damping coefficient for sponge layer [1/sec]
1 *********
! * Global Spectral Arrays *
real, allocatable :: sd(:,:) ! Spectral Divergence
real, allocatable :: sdd(:,:) ! Difference between instances
real, allocatable :: st(:,:) ! Spectral Temperature
real, allocatable :: std(:,:) ! Difference between instances
real, allocatable :: st1(:,:) ! Spectral Temperature at t-1 (for NEXTOUT == 1)
real, allocatable :: st2(:,:) ! Spectral Temperature at t-2 (for NEXTOUT == 1)
real, allocatable :: sz(:,:) ! Spectral Vorticity
real, allocatable :: szd(:,:) ! Difference between instances
real, allocatable :: sp(:) ! Spectral Pressure (In Ps)
real, allocatable :: spd(:) ! Difference between instances
real, allocatable :: sq(:,:) ! For compatibility with PlaSim
real, allocatable :: sp1(:) ! Spectral Pressure at t-1 (for NEXTOUT == 1)
real, allocatable :: sr1(:,:) ! Spectral Restoration Temperature
real, allocatable :: sr2(:,:) ! Spectral Restoration Temperature
real, allocatable :: sdp(:,:) ! Spectral Divergence Partial
real, allocatable :: stp(:,:) ! Spectral Temperature Partial
real, allocatable :: szp(:,:) ! Spectral Vorticity Partial real, allocatable :: spp(:) ! Spectral Pressure Partial real, allocatable :: sop(:) ! Spectral Orography Partial
real, allocatable :: srp1(:,:)! Spectral Restoration Partial
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real, allocatable :: srp2(:,:)! Spectral Restoration Partial
real, allocatable :: sdt(:,:) ! Spectral Divergence Tendency
real, allocatable :: stt(:,:) ! Spectral Temperature Tendency
real, allocatable :: szt(:,:) ! Spectral Vorticity Tendency real, allocatable :: spt(:) ! Spectral Pressure Tendency
real, allocatable :: sdm(:,:) ! Spectral Divergence Minus
real, allocatable :: stm(:,:) ! Spectral Temperature Minus
real, allocatable :: szm(:,:) ! Spectral Vorticity Minus
real, allocatable :: spm(:) ! Spectral Pressure Minus
real, allocatable :: sak(:) ! Hyper diffusion
real, allocatable :: srcn(:) ! 1.0 / (n * (n+1))
real, allocatable :: span(:) ! Pressure for diagnostics
real, allocatable :: spnorm(:)! Factors for output normalization
integer, allocatable :: nindex(:) ! Holds wavenumber
integer, allocatable :: nscatsp(:) ! Used for reduce_scatter op
integer, allocatable :: nselzw(:) ! Enable/disable selected zonal waves
integer, allocatable :: nselsp(:) ! Enable/disable slected spectral modes
! * Global Gridpoint Arrays *
! *******
real, allocatable :: gd(:,:)
                                  ! Divergence
real, allocatable :: gt(:,:)
                                  ! Temperature
real, allocatable :: qz(:,:)
                                  ! Vorticity
real, allocatable :: gu(:,:)
                                  ! u * cos(phi)
real, allocatable :: qv(:,:)
                                  ! v * cos(phi)
real, allocatable :: gp(:)
real, allocatable :: gq(:,:)
                                  ! For compatibilty with PlaSim
real, allocatable :: gfu(:,:)
                                 ! Term Fu in Primitive Equations
real, allocatable :: qfv(:,:)
                                 ! Term Fv in Primitive Equations
! Term u * T
real, allocatable :: gut(:,:)
real, allocatable :: gvt(:,:)
                                 ! Term v * T
real, allocatable :: gke(:,:)
                                ! Kinetic energy u * u + v * v
real, allocatable :: gpj(:)
                                ! d(Ln(Ps)) / d(mu)
! 1 / cos2(phi)
real, allocatable :: rcsq(:)
real, allocatable :: ruido(:,:,:)! noise (nlon, nlat, nlev)
real, allocatable :: ruidop(:,:) ! noise partial (nhor, nlev)
real, allocatable :: gtdamp(:,:) ! 3D reciprocal damping times [1/sec]
                                  ! for relaxation in grid point space
                                  ! for radiative restoration temperature
                                  ! (e.g. for Held&Suarez)
real, allocatable :: gr1(:,:) ! constant radiative restoration time scale real, allocatable :: gr2(:,:) ! variable radiative restoration time scale
real, allocatable :: gtdampc(:,:)! the same as gtdamp, but for convective
                                 ! restoration temperature
real, allocatable :: grlc(:,:) ! constant convective restoration time scale
real, allocatable :: gr2c(:,:) ! variable convective restoration time scale
! * Diagnostic Arravs *
integer, allocatable :: ndil(:) ! Set diagnostics level
real, allocatable :: csu(:,:) ! Cross section u [m/s]
real, allocatable :: csv(:,:) ! Cross section v [m/s]
real, allocatable :: cst(:,:) ! Cross section T [Celsius]
real,allocatable :: denergy(:,:) ! energy diagnostics
real, allocatable :: dentropy(:,:) ! entropy diagnostics
! * Latitude Arrays *
! *******
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character (3),allocatable :: chlat(:) ! label for latitudes
real (kind=8),allocatable :: sid(:) ! sin(phi)
real (kind=8),allocatable :: gwd(:) ! Gaussian weight (phi)
real,allocatable :: csq(:)
                                    ! cos2(phi)
                                  ! 1/cos(phi)
real, allocatable :: rcs(:)
! *********
! * Level Arrays *
! **********
real, allocatable :: t0(:)
                                  ! reference temperature
real, allocatable :: t0d(:)
                                  ! vertical t0 gradient
        :: taur(MAXLEV)
                                  ! tau R [sec]
real
real
                :: tauf (MAXLEV) ! tau F [sec]
real, allocatable :: damp(:)
                                    ! 1.0 / (2 Pi * taur)
                                   ! 1.0 / (2 Pi * tauf)
real, allocatable :: fric(:)
real, allocatable :: bm1(:,:,:)
real, allocatable :: dsigma(:)
real, allocatable :: rdsig(:)
real, allocatable :: sigma(:)
                                    ! full level sigma
real, allocatable :: sigmh(:)
                                   ! half level sigma
real, allocatable :: tkp(:)
real, allocatable :: c(:,:)
real, allocatable :: xlphi(:,:)
                                  ! matrix Lphi (g)
real, allocatable :: xlt(:,:)
                                  ! matrix LT (tau)
! * Parallel Stuff *
                                     ! MPI variable
integer :: myworld = 0
                                      ! MPI variable
integer :: mpinfo = 0
integer :: mypid = 0
                                      ! My Process Id
real :: tmstart = 0.0
real :: tmstop = 0.0
                                      ! CPU time at start
                                     ! CPU time at stop
character(80), allocatable :: ympname(:) ! Processor name
! * Multirun variables *
1 *********
integer :: mrworld = 0  ! MPI communication
integer :: mrinfo = 0 ! MPI info
integer :: mrpid = -1 ! MPI instance id
integer :: mrnum = 0 ! MPI number of instances
integer :: mintru = 0  ! Lowest resolution of all instances
integer :: mrdim = 0 ! Exchange dimension (min. NRSP)
integer :: nsync = 0 ! Synchronization on or off
integer, allocatable :: mrtru(:) ! Truncations of members
       :: syncstr = 0.0 ! Coupling strength (0...1)
real :: syncsecs = 0.0 ! Coupling time [sec]
1 ***********
! * GUI (Graphical User Interface for X11) *
!XW(Mar/25/2017) to remove GUI:
!parameter (NPARCS = 10)
                              ! Number of GUI parameters
!integer :: nguidbg = 0
                              ! Flag for GUI debug output
                                                             !XW (Mar/25/2017)
0=off
!integer :: nshutdown = 0
                               ! Flag for shutdown request
!integer :: ndatim(6) = -1
                               ! Date & time array
!real(kind=4) :: parc(NPARCS)
                               ! Values of GUI parameters
!real(kind=4) :: crap(NPARCS)
                               ! Backup of parc(NPARCS)
!logical :: ldtep = .FALSE.
                               ! DTEP changed by GUI
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!logical :: ldtns = .FALSE. ! DTNS changed by GUI
!character(len=32) :: yplanet = "Earth"
! * Random seed *
! *******
                     :: seed(8) = 0 ! settable in namelist
integer
integer, allocatable :: meed(:)     ! machine dependent seed
                     :: ganext = 0.0! y part of gaussian noise
end module pumamod
! MODULE RADMOD !
1 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * 1
module radmod
                    ! Dummy declaration for compatibility
use pumamod
                    ! with PLASIM (needed in guimod)
end module radmod
1 **********
! * MODULE PPPMOD * !
! *********
module prepmod
integer :: num_ppp
                     = 0
integer :: nlat_ppp(1) = 0
integer :: nlev_ppp(1) = 0
type ppp_type
  character (80) :: name ! name of variable or array
              :: isint ! .true. for integer
  logical
                               ! length of vector (1 for scalar)
  integer
                   :: n
  integer, pointer, dimension(:) :: pint     ! pointer to integer array
real , pointer, dimension(:) :: preal     ! pointer to real array
end type ppp_type
type(ppp_type) :: ppp_tab(30)
contains
  subroutine ppp_def_int(pname, nvar, ndim)
  character (*) :: pname
  integer,target :: nvar(ndim)
  num_ppp = num_ppp + 1
  ppp_tab(num_ppp) % name = '[' // trim(pname) // ']'
  ppp_tab(num_ppp)%isint = .true.
  ppp_tab(num_ppp)%n = ndim
  ppp_tab(num_ppp)%pint => nvar
  ppp_tab(num_ppp)%preal => null()
  return
  end subroutine ppp def int
  subroutine ppp def real(pname, rvar, ndim)
  character (*) :: pname
  real ,target :: rvar(ndim)
  num_ppp = num_ppp + 1
  ppp_tab(num_ppp) % name = '[' // trim(pname) // ']'
  ppp_tab(num_ppp)%isint = .false.
  ppp_tab(num_ppp)%n = ndim
  ppp_tab(num_ppp)%pint => null()
  ppp_tab(num_ppp)%preal => rvar
  return
  end subroutine ppp_def_real
end module prepmod
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 1 *********
 ! * PROGRAM PUMA MAIN *
1 ***********
program puma_main
use pumamod
! *******
 ! * History *
1 *******
! 1972 - W. Bourke:
       An efficient one-level primitive equation spectral model
         Mon. Weath. Rev., 100, pp. 683-689
 ! 1975 - B.J. Hoskins and A.J. Simmons:
         A multi-layer spectral model and the semi-implicit method
         Qart. J. R. Met. Soc., 101, pp. 637-655
! 1993 - I.N. James and J.P. Dodd:
         A Simplified Global Circulation Model
         Users' Manual, Dept. of Meteorology, University of Reading
! 1998 - Klaus Fraedrich, Edilbert Kirk, Frank Lunkeit
         Portable University Model of the Atmosphere
         DKRZ Technical Report No. 16
 ! 2009 - PUMA Version 16.0
        http://www.mi.uni-hamburg.de/puma
! *********
 ! * Recent Changes *
 ! 10-Jun-2002 - Puma Workshop - Documentation of subroutine SPECTRAL
! 04-Jul-2002 - Frank Lunkeit - Annual cycle
! 08-Jul-2002 - Edilbert Kirk - Factor for rotation speed
! 25-Sep-2002 - Puma Workshop - Documentation of subroutine CALCGP
! 11-Nov-2002 - Edilbert Kirk - Add Orography to output file
! 26-Feb-2003 - Edilbert Kirk - Read preprocessed initial file
! 07-Sep-2004 - Edilbert Kirk - Graphical User Interface
! 23-Aug-2006 - Torben Kunz - Held & Suarez forcing
! 23-Aug-2006 - Torben Kunz - new spacing schemes of sigma levels
! 23-Aug-2006 - Edilbert Kirk - individual selection of zonal waves
! 23-Aug-2006 - Edilbert Kirk - optimized Legendre trasnformation module
! 19-Feb-2007 - Edilbert Kirk - new flexible restart I/O
! 15-Sep-2009 - Edilbert Kirk - static arrays replaced by allocatable
! 15-Sep-2009 - Frank Lunkeit - diagnostics for entropy production
! 27-Sep-2010 - Edilbert Kirk - cleaned up ruido routines
call mostart
call setfilenames
call opendiag
call read resolution
call resolution
if (mrnum == 2) then
   call mrdimensions
endif
call allocate arrays
call prolog
call master
call epilog
!XW(Mar/25/2017) to remove GUI: call guistop
call mpstop
print *, "STOP Normally!!!"
stop
end program puma_main
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1 **********
! * SUBROUTINE SETFILENAMES *
subroutine setfilenames
use pumamod
character (3) :: mrext
if (mrpid < 0) return ! no multirun</pre>
write (mrext, '("_",i2.2)') mrpid
                     = trim(puma namelist
                                                 ) // mrext
puma namelist
                     = trim(puma_output
                                                 ) // mrext
puma output
puma diag
                    = trim(puma_diag
                                                 ) // mrext
                   = trim(puma restart
puma restart
                                                 ) // mrext
                     = trim(puma status
puma status
                                                 ) // mrext
                    = trim(efficiency_dat
efficiency_dat
                                                 ) // mrext
ppp_puma_txt
                    = trim(ppp_puma_txt
                                                 ) // mrext
                                                 ) // mrext
puma_sp_init
                    = trim(puma_sp_init
return
end
1 ********
! * SUBROUTINE OPENDIAG *
subroutine opendiag
use pumamod
if (mypid == NROOT) then
   open(nud, file=puma_diag)
endif
return
end
1 **********
! * SUBROUTINE ALLOCATE ARRAYS *
! *********
subroutine allocate arrays
use pumamod
allocate(sd(nesp,nlev)) ; sd(:,:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Divergence
allocate(st(nesp,nlev)); st(:,:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Temperature allocate(sz(nesp,nlev)); sz(:,:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Vorticity
allocate(sp(nesp)) ; sp(:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Pressure (In Ps)
allocate(so(nesp)) ; so(:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Orography
allocate(sr1(nesp,nlev)) ; sr1(:,:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Restoration Temperature
allocate(sr2(nesp,nlev)) ; sr2(:,:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Restoration Temperature
allocate(sdp(nspp,nlev)) ; sdp(:,:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Divergence Partial
allocate(stp(nspp,nlev)) ; stp(:,:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Temperature Partial
allocate(szp(nspp,nlev)) ; szp(:,:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Vorticity Partial
allocate(spp(nspp)) ; spp(:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Pressure Partial
allocate(sop(nspp)) ; sop(:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Orography Partial
allocate(srp1(nspp,nlev)); srp1(:,:)= 0.0! Spectral Restoration Partial
allocate(srp2(nspp,nlev)); srp2(:,:)= 0.0 ! Spectral Restoration Partial
allocate(sdt(nspp,nlev)) ; sdt(:,:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Divergence Tendency
allocate (stt (nspp, nlev)) ; stt(:,:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Temperature Tendency
allocate(szt(nspp,nlev)) ; szt(:,:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Vorticity Tendency
                           ; spt(:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Pressure
allocate (spt (nspp))
allocate(sdm(nspp,nlev)) ; sdm(:,:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Divergence Minus
```

```
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allocate(stm(nspp,nlev)) ; stm(:,:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Temperature Minus
allocate(szm(nspp,nlev)) ; szm(:,:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Vorticity Minus
allocate(spm(nspp)) ; spm(:) = 0.0 ! Spectral Pressure
allocate(sak(nesp)) ; sak(:) = 0.0 ! Hyper diffusion
allocate(srcn(nesp))
                         ; srcn(:) = 0.0 ! 1.0 / (n * (n+1))
allocate (span (nesp))
                          ; span(:) = 0.0 ! Pressure for diagnostics
allocate(spnorm(nesp))
                          ; spnorm(:) = 0.0 ! Factors for output normalization
                          ; nindex(:) = ntru ! Holds wavenumber
allocate (nindex (nesp))
allocate (nscatsp(npro))
                          ; nscatsp(:) = nspp ! Used for reduce scatter op
allocate (nselzw(0:ntru)); nselzw(:) = 1! Enable selected zonal waves
allocate(nselsp(ncsp))
                          ; nselsp(:) = 1 ! Enable slected spectral modes
allocate(gd(nhor, nlev))
                         ; gd(:,:) = 0.0 ! Divergence
allocate(gt(nhor, nlev)) ; gt(:,:) = 0.0 ! Temperature
allocate (gz (nhor, nlev))
                          ; gz(:,:) = 0.0 ! Vorticity
                          ; gu(:,:) = 0.0 ! u * cos(phi)
allocate(gu(nhor, nlev))
allocate (gv (nhor, nlev)); gv(:,:) = 0.0 ! v * sin(phi)
allocate (qp (nhor))
                          ; qp(:) = 0.0 ! Ln(Ps)
allocate(gfu(nhor,nlev)) ; gfu(:,:) = 0.0 ! Term Fu in Primitive Equations
allocate(gfv(nhor,nlev)) ; gfv(:,:) = 0.0 ! Term Fv in Primitive Equations
allocate(gut(nhor, nlev)) ; gut(:,:) = 0.0 ! Term u * T
allocate(gvt(nhor,nlev)); gvt(:,:) = 0.0 ! Term v * T
allocate (gke (nhor, nlev)); gke (:,:) = 0.0! Kinetic energy u * u + v * v
allocate (gpj(nhor))
                          ; gpj(:) = 0.0 ! d(Ln(Ps)) / d(mu)
allocate (rcsq(nhor))
                          ; rcsq(:) = 0.0 ! 1 / cos2(phi)
                            ; ndil(:) = 0
allocate (ndil (nlev))
allocate(csu(nlat, nlev))
                           ; csu(:,:) = 0.0
allocate(csv(nlat, nlev)) ; csv(:,:) = 0.0
allocate(cst(nlat, nlev)) ; cst(:,:) = 0.0
allocate(chlat(nlat))
                            ; chlat(:) = ' '
allocate(sid(nlat))
                            ; sid(:) = 0.0 ! sin(phi)
allocate (gwd (nlat))
                           ; gwd(:) = 0.0 ! Gaussian weight (phi)
allocate(csq(nlat))
                           ; csq(:) = 0.0 ! cos2(phi)
allocate (rcs (nlat))
                           ; rcs(:) = 0.0 ! 1/cos(phi)
allocate(t0(nlev))
                      ; t0(:)
                                 = 250.0 ! reference temperature
allocate(tod(nlev)) ; tod(:) = 0.0 ! vertical to gradient
allocate(damp(nlev)) ; damp(:) = 0.0 ! 1.0 / (2 Pi * taur)
allocate(fric(nlev)) ; fric(:) = 0.0 ! 1.0 / (2 Pi * tauf)
allocate(dsigma(nlev)); dsigma(:) = 0.0
allocate(rdsig(nlev)); rdsig(:) = 0.0
allocate(sigma(nlev)); sigma(:) = 0.0
allocate(sigmh(nlev)) ; sigmh(:) = 0.0
allocate(tkp(nlev)) ; tkp(:) = 0.0
allocate(c(nlev, nlev)); c(:,:) = 0.0
allocate(xlphi(nlev,nlev)); xlphi(:,:) = 0.0 ! matrix Lphi (q)
allocate(xlt(nlev,nlev)) ; xlt(:,:) = 0.0 ! matrix LT (tau)
allocate(bm1(nlev, nlev, 0:NTRU)); bm1(:,:,:) = 0.0
if (mrnum == 2) then
   allocate(sdd(nesp, nlev)) ; sdd(:,:) = 0.0
   allocate(std(nesp, nlev)) ; std(:,:) = 0.0
   allocate(szd(nesp, nlev)) ; szd(:,:) = 0.0
allocate(spd(nesp )) ; spd(: ) = 0.0
andi f
return
end subroutine allocate arrays
/ -----
! SUBROUTINE PROLOG
/ ==========
```

```
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                                                            Page 11/68
subroutine prolog
use pumamod
character( 8) :: cpuma
                         = 'PUMA-II'
character(80) :: pumaversion = '16.0 (27-Sep-2010)'
real :: zsig(nlon*nlat)
if (mypid == NROOT) then
  write(nud,'("*PUMA",a43,"*")') trim(pumaversion)
  if (mrnum == 0) then
  write (nud, '("*NTRU =".i4," NLEV =".i4," NLON = ".i4," NLAT =".i4," *")') &
     NTRU, NLEV, NLON, NLAT
  else
  *")') &
       jpid-1, mrtru (jpid), NLEV
     enddo
  endif
  if (NPRO > 1) then
    do jpro = 1 , NPRO
      write (nud, '(" * CPU",i4,1x,a40," *")') jpro-1, ympname (jpro)
    call restart_ini(lrestart, puma_restart)
  call inigau (NLAT, sid, gwd)
  call inilat
  call legpri
  call readnl
  call ppp interface
  call initpm
  call initsi
  call altlat(csq, NLAT) ! csq -> alternating grid
  !XW (Mar/25/2017) to remove GUI: if (ngui > 0) call guistart
  if (nrun == 0 .and. nstop > 0) nrun = nstop-nstep
if (nrun == 0) nrun = ntspd * (nyears * 360 + nmonths * 30)
  call initrandom
                ! set random seed
endif ! (mypid == NROOT)
call mpbci(nruido)
call initruido
              ! allocate ruido arrays
!XW (Mar/25/2017) to remove GUI: if (nshutdown > 0) return ! If something went wr
ong in the init routines
! * broadcast & scatter *
call mpscdn(sid, NHPP) ! real (kind=8)
call mpscdn(gwd, NHPP) ! real (kind=8)
call mpscrn (csq, NLPP)
do jlat = 1 , NLPP
 rcsq(1+(jlat-1)*NLON:jlat*NLON) = 1.0 / csq(jlat)
enddo
     broadcast integer
call mpbci(kick
              ) ! add noise for kick > 0
call mpbci(nafter ) ! write data interval [steps]
call mpbci (nwpd
              ) ! write data interval [writes per day]
call mpbci(ncoeff ) ! number of modes to print
```

```
puma.f90
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                                                                       Page 12/68
call mpbci (ndel
call mpbci (noutput ) !
                       global output switch
call mpbci (ndiag ) !
                       write diagnostics interval
call mpbci (ngui
                       GUI on (1) or off (0)
call mpbci(nkits
                       number of initial timesteps
call mpbci(nlevt
                  ) ! tropospheric levels
call mpbci(nrun
                  ) ! if (nstop == 0) nstop = nstep + nrun
call mpbci(nstep
                  ) ! current timestep
call mpbci (nstop
                  ) ! finishing timestep
call mpbci(ntspd
                  ) !
                       number of timesteps per day
call mpbci (mpstep
                  ) ! minutes per step
call mpbci(nyears ) ! simulation time
call mpbci(nmonths) ! simulation time
call mpbci(nextout ) !
                       write extended output
call mpbci (nsponge) !
                       Switch for sponge layer
call mpbci(nhelsua)
                       Held & Suarez forcing
call mpbci (ndiagp)
                       0/1 switch for new grid point diabatic heating
call mpbci (nconv)
                       0/1 switch for convective heating
call mpbci (nvg )
                       Type of vertical grid
call mpbci (nenergy) !
                       energy diagnostics
call mpbci (nentropy) !
                       entropy diagnostics
call mpbci(ndheat) ! energy recycling
call mbbci(nradcv) ! use two restoration fields
      broadcast logical
call mpbc((restart) ! true: read restart file, false: initial run
call mpbc (lselect ) ! true: disable some zonal waves
call mpbc (lspecsel) ! true: disable some spectral modes
      broadcast real
call mpbcr(ww_time ) ! time scale [sec] = 1 day for Earth
call mpbcr(ww_scale) ! reciprocal of time scale [1/sec]
call mpbcr(v scl
call mpbcr(ct
call mpbcr(cv
call mpbcr(sid_day
call mpbcr (sol_day
call mpbcr (plarad
call mpbcr (gascon
call mpbcr (akap
call mpbcr(alr
call mpbcr (ga
call mpbcr(psurf
call mpbcr(alpha
                  ) ! Williams factor for time filter
call mpbcr (dtep
                  ) ! equator-pole temperature difference
call mpbcr (dtns
call mpbcr(dtrop
call mpbcr(dttrp
call mpbcr(diffts ) ! diffusion time scale [sec]
call mpbcr (tac
call mpbcr (pac
call mpbcr(plavor
call mpbcr (rotspd
call mpbcr(sigmax ) ! sigma of top half level
call mpbcr(tgr
call mpbcr(dvdiff
call mpbcr(disp
call mpbcr (tauta
call mpbcr (tauts
call mpbcr (pspon
call mpbcr (dcsponge)
call mpbcr(spstep ) ! seconds per step
      broadcast integer arrays
call mpbcin (ndil , NLEV)
call mpbcin (nselzw, NTP1)
```

```
puma.f90
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      broadcast real arrays
call mpbcrn (damp , NLEV)
call mpbcrn (dsigma, NLEV)
call mpbcrn (fric , NLEV)
call mpbcrn (rdsig , NLEV)
call mpbcrn (taur , NLEV)
call mpbcrn (sigma , NLEV)
call mpbcrn (sigmh , NLEV)
call mpbcrn(t0
                 , NLEV)
call mpbcrn (t0d , NLEV)
call mpbcrn(tauf ,NLEV)
call mpbcrn (tkp
                 , NLEV)
                  ,NLSQ)
call mpbcrn(c
call mpbcrn (xlphi , NLSQ)
call mpbcrn(xlt , NLSQ)
      scatter integer arrays
call mpscin(nindex, NSPP)
call mpscrn (srcn , NSPP)
call mpscrn(sak , NSPP)
call legini (nlat, nlpp, nesp, nlev, plavor, sid, gwd)
if (lrestart) then
   call read_atmos_restart
   if (mypid == NROOT) then
      if (kick > 10) call noise(kick-10)
      if (newsr > 0) call setzt
   endif
else
  call initfd
endif
if (mypid == NROOT) then
   call printseed ! either namelist, clock initialized or from restart file
endif
      broadcast spectral arrays
call mpbcrn(sp, NESP)
call mpbcrn(sd, NESP*NLEV)
call mpbcrn (st.NESP*NLEV)
call mpbcrn (sz, NESP*NLEV)
      scatter spectral arrays
call mpscsp (sd, sdp, NLEV)
call mpscsp(st, stp, NLEV)
call mpscsp(sz,szp,NLEV)
call mpscsp(sr1, srp1, NLEV)
call mpscsp(sr2,srp2,NLEV)
call mpscsp(sp,spp,1)
call mpscsp(so, sop, 1)
      scatter gridpoint arrays
if (nruido > 0) call mpscgp(ruido, ruidop, NLEV)
      initialize energy and entropy diagnostics
if(nenergy > 0) then
allocate (denergy (NHOR, 9))
denergy(:,:)=0.
endif
```

```
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if (nentropy > 0) then
allocate (dentropy (NHOR, 9))
dentropy(:,:)=0.
if(ndheat > 1 .and. mypid == NROOT) then
open(9, file=efficiency_dat, form=' formatted')
endif
     write first service record containing sigma coordinates
if (mypid == NROOT) then
  if (noutput > 0) then
     istep = nstep
     if (istep > 0) istep = istep + nafter ! next write after restart
     open(40, file=puma_output, form='unformatted')
     call ntomin(istep,imin,ihour,iday,imonth,iyear)
     zsig(1:nlev) = sigmh(:)
     zsig(nlev+1:) = 0.0
     write(40) 333,0,iyear*10000+imonth*100+iday,0,nlon,nlat,nlev,ntru
     write(40) zsig
   endif ! (noutput > 0)
endif ! (mypid == NROOT)
end subroutine prolog
/ ======= /
! SUBROUTINE MASTER .
/-----
subroutine master
use pumamod
!XW(Mar/25/2017) to remove GUI: if (nshutdown > 0) return ! if something went wr
ong in prolog already
! ********
! * short initial timesteps *
ikits = nkits
do jkits = 1 , ikits
  delt = spstep * ww_scale / (2**nkits)
  delt2 = delt + delt
  call gridpoint
  call makebm
  call spectral
  nkits = nkits - 1
enddo
delt = spstep * ww_scale
delt2 = delt + delt
call makebm
nstep1 = nstep ! remember 1.st timestep
do jstep = 1 , nrun
  nstep = nstep + 1
   !XW(Mar/25/2017) to remove GUI: call ntomin(nstep, ndatim(5), ndatim(4), ndatim(
3), ndatim(2), ndatim(1))
  *****************
  * calculation of non-linear quantities in grid point space *
  *************
   call gridpoint
   if (mypid == NROOT) then
     if (mod(nstep, nafter) == 0 .and. noutput > 0) call outsp
```

```
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       if (mod(nstep,ndiag) == 0 .or. ngui > 0) call diag
      if (ncu > 0) call checkunit
   endif
   !XW(Mar/25/2017) to remove GUI: if (nqui > 0) call quistep puma
   ********
   * adiabatic part of timestep *
   call spectral
   if (mod(nstep,nafter) == 0 .and. noutput > 0) call outgp
   !XW (Mar/25/2017) to remove GUI: if (nshutdown > 0) return
enddo
return
end subroutine master
       _____
       SUBROUTINE EPILOG
       _____
      subroutine epilog
      use pumamod
                (kind=8) :: zut,zst
      real
       integer (kind=8) :: imem, ipr, ipf, isw, idr, idw
      if (mypid == NROOT) close(40) ! close output file
       write restart file
      if (mypid == NROOT) then
          call restart_prepare (puma_status)
          sp(1) = psmean ! save psmean
          call put_restart_integer ('nstep'
                                            ,nstep
          call put restart integer ('nlat'
                                            , NLAT
          call put_restart_integer ('nlon'
                                            , NLON
          call put_restart_integer ('nlev'
                                            , NLEV
          call put restart integer ('nrsp'
                                            , NRSP
          Save current random number generator seed
          call random_seed (get=meed)
          call put restart array('seed', meed, nseedlen, nseedlen, 1)
          call put restart array ('ganext', ganext, 1, 1, 1)
          call put_restart_array('sz' ,sz ,NRSP,NESP,NLEV)
call put_restart_array('sd' ,sd ,NRSP,NESP,NLEV)
call put_restart_array('st' ,st ,NRSP,NESP,NLEV)
          call put_restart_array('srl', srl, NRSP, NESP, NLEV)
          call put restart array ('sr2', sr2, NRSP, NESP, NLEV)
          call put_restart_array('sp' ,sp ,NRSP,NESP, 1)
call put_restart_array('so' ,so ,NRSP,NESP, 1)
          if (\text{nruido} > \overline{0}) then
              call put restart array ('ruido', ruido, nugp, nugp, nlev)
          endif
       endif
      call mpputsp('szm',szm,NSPP,NLEV)
      call mpputsp ('sdm', sdm, NSPP, NLEV)
      call mpputsp ('stm', stm, NSPP, NLEV)
      call mpputsp('spm', spm, NSPP, 1)
       write gridpoint arrays
       if (allocated(gr1)) then
          call mpputgp ('grl', grl, nhor, nlev)
       endi f
       if (allocated(gr2)) then
          call mpputgp ('gr2', qr2, nhor, nlev)
```

```
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                                                                    Page 16/68
     endif
     if (allocated(gtdamp)) then
       call mpputgp('gtdamp',gtdamp,nhor,nlev)
    if (allocated(gr1c)) then
       call mpputgp ('grlc', grlc, nhor, nlev)
     endif
    if (allocated(gr2c)) then
        call mpputgp ('gr2c', gr2c, nhor, nlev)
     endif
    if (allocated(gtdampc)) then
       call mpputgp('gtdampc', gtdampc, nhor, nlev)
    if (mypid == NROOT) then
       Get resource stats from function resources in file pumax.c
        !XW/Mar-23-2017: this line need to call a function in pumax.c
        !ires = nresources(zut, zst, imem, ipr, ipf, isw, idr, idw)
        call cpu_time (tmstop)
       tmrun = tmstop - tmstart
       if (nstep > nstep1) then
           zspy = tmrun * 360.0 * real(ntspd) / (nstep - nstep1) ! sec / siy
          ! siy / day
          if (zut > 0.0) &
          write (nud, '("* User time : ", f10.3," sec * N/A")') zut
          if (zst > 0.0) &
          write (nud, '("* System time : ", f10.3," sec * N/A")') zst
          if (zut + zst > 0.0) tmrun = zut + zst
          write (nud, '("* Total CPU time : ", f10.3," sec *")') tmrun
          if (imem > 0) &
          write (nud, '("* Memory usage : ", f10.3," MB * N/A")') imem * 0.000001
          if (ipr > 0 .and. ipr < 1000000) &</pre>
          write (nud, '("* Page reclaims : ", i6," pages * N/A")') ipr
          if (ipf > 0 .and. ipf < 1000000) &
write(nud, '("* Page faults : ", i6," pages * N/A")') ipf</pre>
          if (isw > 0 .and. isw < 1000000) &</pre>
          write (nud, '("* Page swaps : ", i6," pages * N/A")') isw
          if (idr > 0 .and. idr < 1000000) &
          write (nud, '("* Disk read
                                    :", i6," blocks * N/A")') idr
          if (idw > 0 .and. idw < 1000000) &</pre>
          write (nud, '("* Disk write : ". i6." blocks * N/A")') idw
          if (zspy < 600.0) then
              write (nud, '("* Seconds per sim year: ",i6,9x,"*")') nint (zspy)
           else if (zspy < 900000.0) then
              write (nud, ' ("* Minutes per sim year ",i6.9x,"*")') nint (zspy/60.0)
              write (nud, '("* Days per sim year: ",i6,5x,"*")') nint (zspy/sol_day)
          endi f
    endif
    return
    end subroutine epilog
     _____
    SUBROUTINE READ ATMOS RESTART
     ______
    subroutine read atmos restart
    use pumamod
```

```
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                                                                                  Page 17/68
     integer :: k = 0
     read scalars and full spectral arrays
     if (mypid == NROOT) then
         call get_restart_integer('nstep', nstep)
         call get restart array ('seed', meed, nseedlen, nseedlen, 1)
         call get_restart_array('ganext', ganext, 1, 1, 1)
         call get_restart_array('sz' ,sz ,NRSP,NESP,NLEV)
call get_restart_array('sd' ,sd ,NRSP,NESP,NLEV)
call get_restart_array('st' ,st ,NRSP,NESP,NLEV)
call get_restart_array('sr', sr1,NRSP,NESP,NLEV)
         call get_restart_array('sr2', sr2, NRSP, NESP, NLEV)
         call get_restart_array('sp' ,sp ,NRSP,NESP, 1)
call get_restart_array('so' ,so ,NRSP,NESP, 1)
         if (nruido > 0) then
            call get_restart_array('ruido', ruido, nugp, nugp, nlev)
         endif
         psmean = sp(1)
         sp(1) = 0.0
         call random_seed (put=meed)
     endif
     call mpbci (nstep)
                                ! broadcast current timestep
     call mpbcr(psmean)
                               ! broadcast mean surface pressure
     read and scatter spectral arrays
     call mpgetsp('szm',szm,NSPP,NLEV)
     call mpgetsp ('sdm', sdm, NSPP, NLEV)
     call mpgetsp('stm', stm, NSPP, NLEV)
     call mpgetsp ('spm', spm, NSPP,
     allocate, read and scatter gridpoint arrays
     if (mypid == NROOT) call varseek('grl', ktmp)
     call mpbci(ktmp)
     if (ktmp > 0) then
         allocate(gr1(nhor, nlev))
         call mpgetgp('grl',grl,nhor,nlev)
     if (mypid == NROOT) call varseek('gr2',ktmp)
     call mpbci(ktmp)
     if (ktmp > 0) then
         allocate(gr2(nhor, nlev))
         call mpgetgp('gr2',gr2,nhor,nlev)
     if (mypid == NROOT) call varseek('gtdamp', ktmp)
     call mpbci(ktmp)
     if (ktmp > 0) then
         allocate(gtdamp(nhor, nlev))
         call mpgetgp('gtdamp', gtdamp, nhor, nlev)
     if (mypid == NROOT) call varseek('gr1c', ktmp)
     call mpbci(ktmp)
     if (ktmp > 0) then
         allocate (gr1c (nhor, nlev))
         call mpgetgp ('grlc', grlc, nhor, nlev)
     if (mypid == NROOT) call varseek('gr2c', ktmp)
     call mpbci(ktmp)
     if (ktmp > 0) then
         allocate (gr2c (nhor, nlev))
         call mpgetgp('gr2c',gr2c,nhor,nlev)
     if (mypid == NROOT) call varseek('gtdampc', ktmp)
     call mpbci(ktmp)
     if (ktmp > 0) then
         allocate (gtdampc (nhor, nlev))
```

```
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                                                                          Page 18/68
        call mpgetgp ('gtdampc', gtdampc, nhor, nlev)
     endif
     end subroutine read_atmos_restart
     _____
     SUBROUTINE INITFD
     subroutine initfd
    use pumamod
     if (nkits < 1) nkits = 1
     Look for start data and read them if there
     call read surf (129, so,
                               1.iread1)
     call read_surf(134,sp,
                              1, iread2)
     call read_surf (121, sr1, NLEV, iread3)
     call read_surf(122, sr2, NLEV, iread4)
     call read_vargp(123, NLEV, iread123)
     if (mypid == NROOT .and. iread123 == 0) then
        if (nhelsua > 1) then
           write (nud, *) "*** ERROR no *_surf_0123.sra file for Held&Suarez"
        endif
     endif
     if (ndiagp > 0) then
        call read varqp (121, NLEV, iread121)
        call read_vargp (122, NLEV, iread122)
        if (.not. allocated(gtdamp)) then
           call read_vargp(123, NLEV, iread123)
        if (mypid == NROOT) then
           if (iread121==0 .or. iread122==0 .or. iread123==0) then
               write (nud, *) "*** ERROR not all fields (121,122,123) for grid point heating found"
           endif
        endi f
     endi f
     if (nconv > 0) then
        call read_vargp (124, NLEV, iread124)
        call read_vargp (125, NLEV, iread125)
        call read vargp (126, NLEV, iread126)
        if (mypid == NROOT) then
           if (iread124==0 .or. iread125==0 .or. iread126==0) then
               write (nud, *) "*** ERROR not all fields (124,125,126) for convective heating found"
           endif
        endif
     endif
     if (mypid == NROOT) then
        if (iread1==0 .or. iread2==0 .or. iread3==0 .or. iread4==0) then
           call setzt ! setup for aqua-planet
           psmean = psurf * exp(spnorm(1) * sp(1))
           sp(1) = 0.0
           so(:) = so(:) / (cv * cv) ! descale from [m2/s2]
           sr1(:,:) = sr1(:,:) / ct ! descale from [K]
           sr2(:,:) = sr2(:,:) / ct ! descale from [K]
           sr1(1,:) = sr1(1,:) - t0(:) * sqrt(2.0) ! subtract profile
           write (nud, '(a,f8.2,a)') ' Mean of Ps = ', 0.01*psmean, '[hPa]'
        endif
     endif
```

```
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    Add initial noise if wanted
    if (mypid == NROOT) then
       call printprofile
       if (kick > 10) then
          call noise (kick-10)
       else
          call noise (kick)
       endif
    endif ! (mypid == NROOT)
    call mpscsp(sp,spm,1)
    if (mypid == NROOT) then
        st(1,:) = srl(1,:)
       stm(1,:) = sr1(1,:)
        sz(3,:) = plavor
       szm(3,:) = plavor
    endif
    return
    end
    _____
    SUBROUTINE READ RESOLUTION
    _____
    subroutine read resolution
    use pumamod
    character (80) :: ylat
    character (80) :: ylev
    if (mypid == NROOT) then
       call get_command_argument(1,ylat)
       call get_command_argument(2,ylev)
       read(ylat,*) nlat
       read(ylev,*) nlev
    endif
    call mpbci(nlat)
    call mpbci(nlev)
    return
    end
    SUBROUTINE RESOLUTION
    _____
    subroutine resolution
    use pumamod
    nlem = nlev - 1
    nlep = nlev + 1
    nlsq = nlev * nlev
    nlon = nlat + nlat ! Longitudes
    nlah = nlat / 2
    nlpp = nlat / npro
    nhpp = nlah / npro
    nhor = nlon * nlpp
    nugp = nlon * nlat
    npgp = nugp / 2
    ntru = (nlon - 1) / 3
    ntp1 = ntru + 1
    nzom = ntp1 + ntp1
    nrsp = (ntru + 1) * (ntru + 2)
    ncsp = nrsp / 2
```

```
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     nspp = (nrsp + npro - 1) / npro
     nesp = nspp * npro
     nesp = nesp + 3 - mod(nesp-1, 4)
     return
     end
     _____
     SUBROUTINE READNL
     ______
     subroutine readnl
     use pumamod
     This workaround is necessaray, because allocatable arrays are
     not allowed in namelists for FORTRAN versions < F2003
     integer, parameter :: MAXSELZW = 42
      integer, parameter :: MAXSELSP = ((MAXSELZW+1) * (MAXSELZW+2)) / 2
      integer :: nselect(0:MAXSELZW) = 1
                                               ! NSELECT can be used up tp T42
     integer :: nspecsel(MAXSELSP) = 1
                                               ! Default setting: all modes activ
                                      = 0
                                               ! Diagnostics off
     integer :: ndl(MAXLEV)
     real :: sigmah (MAXLEV)
                                      = 0.0 ! Half level sigma
            :: t0k(MAXLEV)
                                      = 250.0 ! Reference temperature
     namelist /puma_nl/ &
     akap , alpha , alr , alrs , diffts , disp & , dtep , dtns , dtrop , dttrp , dtzz , dvdiff &
     , ga -
               , gascon &
     , kick , mpstep , nafter , ncoeff , nconv , ncu & , ndel , ndheat , ndiag , ndiagp , ndl , nenergy &
     , nentropy, newsr , nextout , ngui , nguidbg , nhelsua &
     , nkits & , nevt , nmonths , noutput , nradcv , nruido , nrun , nstep , nstep , nstep , nsync
     , nselect , nspecsel, nsponge , nstep , nstop , nsync & , ntspd , nvg , nwpd , nwspini , nyears & , orofac , pac , plarad , pspon , psurf & , rotspd , seed , sid_day , sigmah , sigmax , dcsponge&
     , spstep , syncsecs, syncstr , t0k , tauf , taur &
     , tac , tauta , tauts , tgr
     , ww_time
     open(13, file=puma_namelist, iostat=ios)
     if (ios == 0) then
        read (13,puma_nl)
        close(13)
     endif
!--- modify basic scales according to namelist
     if (ww_time < 1.0) ww_time = sid_day / TWOPI ! time scale</pre>
     ct = cv*cv/qascon ! temperature scale from hydrostatic equation
     if (mpstep == 0 .and. spstep == 0.0) then ! automatic timestep
        mpstep = (60 * 32) / nlat
                                           ! 60 min for T21
        spstep = mpstep * 60.0
     endif
     if (spstep == 0.0) spstep = 60.0 * mpstep
     if (ntspd == 0) ntspd = sol_day / spstep
                                                   ! daily output
     nafter = ntspd
     if (nwpd > 0 .and. nwpd <= ntspd) then</pre>
        nafter = ntspd / nwpd
     endif
     if (ndiag < 1) ndiag = ntspd * 10</pre>
                                                  ! every 10th. day
```

```
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    if (syncsecs > 0.0) syncstr = spstep / syncsecs
    if (syncstr > 1.0) syncstr = 1.0
    write(nud, puma nl)
    it.ru = nt.ru
    if (itru > MAXSELZW) itru = MAXSELZW
    icsp = ncsp
    if (icsp > MAXSELSP) icsp = MAXSELSP
    ilev = nlev
    if (ilev > MAXLEV)    ilev = MAXLEV
    nselzw(0:itru) = nselect(0:itru) ! Copy values to allocated array
    nselsp(1:icsp) = nspecsel(1:icsp)
    ndil(1:ilev) = ndl(1:ilev)
    sigmh(1:ilev) = sigmah(1:ilev)
    t0(1:ilev)
                 = t0k(1:ilev)
    return
    end
    subroutine ppp_read_i(a,ndim,nread)
    integer :: a(ndim)
    integer :: n
    nread = 0
    read (15,*) n
    if (n < 1 .or. n > ndim) return
    read (15,*) a(1:n)
    nread = n
    return
    end
    subroutine ppp_read_r(a,ndim,nread)
    real :: a(ndim)
    integer :: n
    nread = 0
    read (15,*) n
    if (n < 1 .or. n > ndim) return
    read (15,*) a(1:n)
    nread = n
    return
    end
    SUBROUTINE PPP_INTERFACE
    _____
    subroutine ppp interface
    use pumamod
    use prepmod
    logical :: lexist
    integer :: iostat
    integer :: n
    integer :: ivar
    character (80) :: yname
    character (80) :: vfo1 = '("*",A," = ",G10.4," *")'
    inquire(file=ppp_puma_txt,exist=lexist)
    if (.not. lexist) return
    call ppp_def_int('NLAT', nlat_ppp, 1)
    call ppp_def_int('NLEV', nlev_ppp, 1)
    call ppp def real('SIGMH', sigmh, nlev)
```

```
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       write(nud,*) "*****************
       write(nud,*)
write(nud,*)
"*Reading file <",trim(ppp_puma_txt),">*"
write(nud,*)
       open (15,file=ppp_puma_txt)
       read (15, '(A)', iostat=iostat) yname
       do while (trim(yname) /= '[END]' .and. iostat == 0)
           do j = 1 , num_ppp
             if (trim(yname) == ppp_tab(j)%name) then
                 if (ppp tab(j)%isint) then
                     call ppp_read_i(ppp_tab(j)%pint,ppp_tab(j)%n,iread)
                     if (iread == 0) then
                        write(nud,*) "*** ERROR reading ", trim(yname), " from ", trim(ppp_
puma_txt)
                        stop
                    else if (iread == 1) then
                        write (nud, '("* ",A," = ",I10," *")') yname (1:15), ppp_tab(j) %pint
                        write (nud, '("* ",A,":",I5," items *")') yname (1:15), iread
                    endif
                 else
                    call ppp_read_r(ppp_tab(j)%preal,ppp_tab(j)%n,iread)
                     if (iread == 0) then
                        write(nud,*) "*** ERROR reading ", trim(yname), " from ", trim(ppp_
puma_txt)
                     else if (iread == 1) then
                        write(nud, yfo1) yname(1:15),ppp_tab(j)%preal
                        write (nud, '("* ",A,":",I5," items *")') yname (1:15), iread
                     endif
                 endif
                 exit
              endif
           enddo
          read (15, '(A)', iostat=iostat) yname
       if (nlat_ppp(1) /= 0 .and. nlat_ppp(1) /= nlat) then
          write (nud, *) "*** ERROR *** ERROR *** ERROR ***
          write (nud, *) "# of latitudes mismatch in preprocessor PPP and PUMA"
          write(nud,*) "NLAT in PPP: ", nlat_ppp, " <", trim(ppp_puma_txt), ">"
          write (nud, *) "NLAT in PUMA: ", nlat
          write (nud, *) "Aborting ..."
          stop
       if (nlev_ppp(1) /= 0 .and. nlev_ppp(1) /= nlev) then
    write(nud,*) "*** ERROR *** ERROR *** ERROR *** ERROR ***
          write (nud, *) "# of levels mismatch in preprocessor PPP and PUMA"
          write(nud,*) "NLEV in PPP: ", nlev_ppp, " <", trim(ppp_puma_txt), ">"
          write (nud, *) "NLEV in PUMA: ", nlev
          write (nud, *) "Aborting ..."
          stop
       endif
       write(nud,*) "************************
       end subroutine ppp interface
       SUBROUTINE SELECT_ZONAL_WAVES
       subroutine select zonal waves
       use pumamod
       if (sum(nselzw(:)) /= NTP1) then ! some wavenumbers disabled
          lselect = .true.
       endif
```

```
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    return
    end
     _____
    SUBROUTINE SELECT_SPECTRAL_MODES
    _____
    subroutine select_spectral_modes
    use pumamod
    if (sum(nselsp(:)) /= NCSP) then ! some modes disabled
       lspecsel = .true.
    endif
    return
    end
    ______
    * SET VERTICAL GRID *
    ______
    subroutine set vertical grid
    use pumamod
    if (sigmh(NLEV) /= 0.0) return ! Already read in from namelist puma
    if (nvq == 1) then
                                    ! Scinocca & Haynes sigma levels
       if (nlevt >= NLEV) then
                                    ! Security check for 'nlevt'
          write (nud, *) '*** ERROR *** nlevt >= NLEV'
          write (nud, *) 'Number of levels (NLEV): ', NLEV
          write (nud, *) 'Number of tropospheric levels (nlevt): ', nlevt
       endif
    troposphere: linear spacing in sigma
    stratosphere: linear spacing in log(sigma)
    after (see their Appendix):
    Scinocca, J. F. and P. H. Haynes (1998): Dynamical forcing of
       stratospheric planetary waves by tropospheric baroclinic eddies. J. Atmos. Sci., 55 (14), 2361-2392
    Here, zsigtran is set to sigma at dtrop (tropopause height for
    construction of restoration temperature field). If tgr=288.15K,
    ALR=0.0065K/km and dtrop=11.km, then zsigtran=0.223 (=0.1 in
    Scinocca and Haynes (1998)).
    A smoothing of the transition between linear and logarithmic
     spacing, as noted in Scinocca and Haynes (1998), is not yet
    implemented.
       zsigtran = (1. - alr * dtrop / tgr) **(ga/(gascon*alr))
       zsigmin = 1. - (1. - zsigtran) / real(nlevt)
       do jlev=1,NLEV
          if (jlev == 1) then
             sigmh(jlev) = SIGMAX
          elseif (jlev > 1 .and. jlev < NLEV - nlevt) then</pre>
             sigmh(jlev) = exp((log(SIGMAX) - log(zsigtran))
                 / real (NLEV - nlevt - 1) * real (NLEV - nlevt - jlev) &
                  + log(zsigtran))
          elseif (jlev >= NLEV - nlevt .and. jlev < NLEV - 1) then</pre>
             sigmh(jlev) = (zsigtran - zsigmin) / real(nlevt - 1) &
                            * real(NLEV - 1 - jlev) + zsigmin
          elseif (jlev == NLEV - 1) then
             sigmh(jlev) = zsigmin
          elseif (jlev == NLEV) then
             sigmh(jlev) = 1.
          endif
       enddo
       return ! case nvg == 1 finished
```

```
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    else if (nvq == 2) then  ! Polvani & Kushner sigma levels
       inl = int(real(NLEV)/(1.0 - sigmax**(1.0/5.0)))
       do jlev=1, NLEV
         sigmh(jlev) = (real(jlev + inl - NLEV) / real(inl)) **5
       enddo
      return
    Default (nvg == 0) : equidistant sigma levels
       do jlev = 1 , NLEV
         sigmh(jlev) = real(jlev) / real(NLEV)
    endif
    return
    end
    _____
    SUBROUTINE INTTPM
    _____
    subroutine initpm
    use pumamod
    real (kind=8) :: radea, zakk, zzakk
                   ! sigma_b for Held & Suarez frictional
    real :: zsiqb
                          and heating timescales
    radea = plarad
                          ! planet radius in high precision
    playor = EZ * rotspd * omega * ww_time ! planetary vorticity
    ****************
    * carries out all initialisation of model prior to running. *
    * major sections identified with comments.
    * this s/r sets the model parameters and all resolution
    * dependent quantities.
    ***********
    if (lrestart) nkits=0
    *****************
    * Check for enabling / disabling zonal wavenumbers *
    call select zonal waves
    if (npro == 1) call select spectral modes
    *******
    * set vertical grid *
    ********
    call set vertical grid
             ) = sigmh(1)
    dsigma(2:NLEV) = sigmh(2:NLEV) - sigmh(1:NLEM)
    rdsig(:) = 0.5 / dsigma(:)
    sigma(1) = 0.5 * sigmh(1)
    sigma(2:NLEV) = 0.5 * (sigmh(1:NLEM) + sigmh(2:NLEV))
    Initialize profile of tau R if not set in namelist
    if (taur(NLEV) == 0.0) then
      do jlev = 1 , NLEV
         taur(jlev) = sid_day * 50.0 * atan(1.0 - sigma(jlev))
         if (taur(jlev) > 30.0 * sid_day) taur(jlev) = 30.0 * sid_day
```

```
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       enddo
    endif
    Initialize profile of tau F if not set in namelist
    if (tauf(NLEV) == 0.0) then
       do jlev = 1 , NLEV
           if (sigma(jlev) > 0.8) then
              tauf(jlev) = exp(10.0 * (1.0 - sigma(jlev))) / 2.718 * sid_day
       enddo
    endif
    Compute 1.0 / (2 Pi * tau) for efficient use in calculations
    A day is 2 Pi in non dimensional units using omega as scaling
    where (taur(1:NLEV) > 0.0)
       damp(1:NLEV) = ww_time / taur(1:NLEV)
                            / taur(1:NLEV)
       damp(1:NLEV) = wwt
    endwhere
    where (tauf(1:NLEV) > 0.0)
         fric(1:NLEV) = ww_time / tauf(1:NLEV)
                               / tauf(1:NLEV)
         fric(1:NLEV) = wwt
    endwhere
    if (nsponge == 1) call sponge
    annual cycle period and phase in timesteps
    if (tac > 0.0) tac = TWOPI / (ntspd * tac)
    pac = pac * ntspd
    compute internal diffusion parameter
     jdelh = nde1/2
    if (diffts > 0.0) then
       zakk = ww_scale*(radea**ndel)/(TWOPI*diffts/sol_day &
       zakk = 1.0/wwt*(radea**ndel)/(TWOPI*diffts/sol_day &
            * ((NTRU*(NTRU+1.)) ** jdelh))
    else
       zakk = 0.0
    endif
    zzakk = zakk / (1.0/wwt*(radea**ndel))
    set coefficients which depend on wavenumber
    zrsq2 = 1.0 / sqrt(2.0)
    jr = -1
     jw = 0
    do jm=0,NTRU
       do jn=jm, NTRU
           jr=jr+2
           ji=jr+1
           jw=jw+1
          nindex(jr)=jn
          nindex(ji)=jn
           spnorm(jr)=zrsq2
          spnorm(ji)=zrsq2
           zsq = jn * (jn+1)
          if (jn > 0) then
              srcn(jr) = 1.0 / zsq
              srcn(ji) = srcn(jr)
           endif
          sak(jr) = -zzakk * zsq**jdelh
           sak(ji) = sak(jr)
       enddo
```

```
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         zrsq2=-zrsq2
      enddo
! finally make temperatures dimensionless
     dtns = dtns
                      / ct
     dtep = dtep
                     / ct
     dttrp = dttrp / ct
     t0(:) = t0(:) / ct
     print out
     write (nud, 8120)
     write (nud, 8000)
     write (nud, 8010) NLEV
     write(nud, 8020) NTRU
     write (nud, 8030) NLAT
     write(nud, 8040) NLON
      if (zakk == 0.0) then
         write (nud, 8060)
     else
         write (nud, 8070) ndel
         write (nud, 8080)
         write(nud, 8090) zakk, ndel
         write (nud, 8100) diffts
     write (nud, 8110) PNU
     write (nud, 8000)
     write (nud, 8120)
     return
8010 format ('* NLEV = ', i6,' Number of levels
8020 format('*NTRU=', 16,' Triangular truncation
8030 format ('* NLAT = ', i6,' Number of latitudes
8040 format ('* NLON = ', i6,' Number of longitues
8060 format('*
                      No lateral dissipation
8070 format ('* ndel = ', i6, ' Lateral dissipation
8080 format ('* on vorticity, divergence and temperature
8090 format ('* with diffusion coefficient = ', e13.4,' m**', i1,'/s*')
8100 format ('* e-folding time for smallest scale is ', £7.0, ' sec *')
8110 format ('* Robert time filter with parameter PNU =', f8.3,' *')
8120 format(/)
     end
      _____
     SUBROUTINE MAKEBM
     subroutine makebm
     use pumamod
     zdeltsq = delt * delt
     do jlev1 = 1 , NLEV
         do jlev2 = 1 , NLEV
            zaq = zdeltsq * (t0(jlev1) * dsigma(jlev2)&
                + dot_product(xlphi(:,jlev1),xlt(jlev2,:)))
            bm1(jlev2, jlev1, 1:NTRU) = zaq
         enddo
     enddo
     do jn=1,NTRU
         do jlev = 1 , NLEV
            bm1(jlev, jlev, jn) = bm1(jlev, jlev, jn) + 1.0 / (jn*(jn+1))
         enddo
         call minvers (bm1 (1, 1, jn), NLEV)
      enddo
```

```
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    return
    end
    _____
    SUBROUTINE INITSI
    _____
    subroutine initsi
    use pumamod
    **********
    * Initialisation of the Semi Implicit scheme *
    dimension zalp(NLEV), zh(NLEV)
    dimension ztautk (NLEV, NLEV)
    dimension ztaudt (NLEV, NLEV)
    tkp(:) = akap * t0(:)
    t0d(1:NLEM) = t0(2:NLEV) - t0(1:NLEM)
    zalp(2:NLEV) = log(sigmh(2:NLEV)) - log(sigmh(1:NLEM))
    xlphi(:,:) = 0.0
    xlphi(1,1) = 1.0
    do jlev = 2 , NLEV
      xlphi(jlev, jlev) = 1.0 - zalp(jlev)*sigmh(jlev-1)/dsigma(jlev)
      xlphi(jlev,1:jlev-1) = zalp(jlev)
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
      c(jlev,:) = xlphi(:, jlev) * (dsigma(jlev) / dsigma(:))
    * matrix xlt - part 1 *
    ********
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
      ztautk(:,jlev) = tkp(jlev) * c(:,jlev)
    * matrix xlt part 2 * rdsig (i) = 0.5 / dsigma(i)
    ztaudt(1.1)
                = 0.5 * t0d(1) * (sigmh(1) - 1.0)
    ztaudt(2:NLEV,1) = 0.5 * t0d(1) * dsigma(2:NLEV)
    do j=2 , NLEV
      do i = 1 , j-1
         ztaudt(i,j) = dsigma(i) * rdsig(j) &
         * (t0d(j-1) * (sigmh(j-1)-1.0) + t0d(j) * (sigmh(j)-1.0))
      enddo
         ztaudt(j,j) = 0.5
         * (t0d(j-1)) * sigmh(j-1)
                                    + t0d(j) * (sigmh(j)-1.0))
      do i = j+1 , NLEV
         ztaudt(i,j) = dsigma(i) * rdsig(j) &
         * (t0d(j-1) * sigmh(j-1)
                                   + t0d(j) * sigmh(j)
      enddo
    enddo
    xlt(:,:) = ztautk(:,:) + ztaudt(:,:)
    xlt finished
    zfctr=0.001*cv*cv/ga
    do jlev=1, NLEV
      zh(jlev) = dot_product(xlphi(:, jlev), t0(:)) * zfctr
```

```
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     enddo
     *********
     * write out vertical information *
    ilev = min(NLEV, 5)
     write (nud, 9001)
     write (nud, 9002)
     write (nud, 9003)
     write (nud, 9002)
     do jlev=1, NLEV
      write(nud, 9004) jlev, sigma(jlev), t0(jlev) *ct, zh(jlev)
     write (nud, 9002)
     write (nud, 9001)
    matrix c
     write (nud, 9012)
     write(nud, 9013) 'c', (jlev, jlev=1, ilev)
     write (nud, 9012)
     do jlev=1, NLEV
       write(nud, 9014) jlev, (c(i, jlev), i=1, ilev)
     write (nud, 9012)
    write (nud, 9001)
    matrix xlphi
    write (nud, 9012)
     write(nud, 9013) 'xlphi', (jlev, jlev=1, ilev)
     write (nud, 9012)
     do jlev=1, NLEV
       write (nud, 9014) jlev, (xlphi(i, jlev), i=1, ilev)
     write (nud, 9012)
     write (nud, 9001)
     return
9001 format(/)
9002 format(33('*'))
9003 format ('* Lv * Sigma Basic-T Height *')
9004 format('*', i3,' *', 3f8.3,' *')
9012 format(69('*'))
9013 format('*Lv*',a5,i7,4i12,'*')
9014 format ('*', i3, ' *', 5f12.8, ' *')
     end
     ______
     SUBROUTINE INITRANDOM
     subroutine initrandom
    use pumamod
     integer :: i, clock
     Set random number generator seed
     call random seed(size=nseedlen)
    allocate (meed (nseedlen))
    Take seed from namelist parameter 'SEED' ?
    if (seed(1) /= 0) then
       meed(:) = 0
        i = nseedlen
       if (i > 8) i = 8
        meed(1:i) = seed(1:i)
     else
```

```
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       call system clock(count=clock)
       meed(:) = clock + 37 * (/(i,i=1,nseedlen)/)
    call random seed (put=meed)
    return
    end
    _____
    SUBROUTINE PRINTSEED
    _____
    subroutine printseed
    use pumamod
    integer :: i
    write (nud, 9020)
    write (nud, 9010)
    do i = 1 , nseedlen
       write (nud, 9000) i, meed(i)
    enddo
    write (nud, 9010)
    write (nud, 9020)
9020 format(/)
    end
    _____
    SUBROUTINE INITRUIDO
    _____
    subroutine initruido
    use pumamod
    if (nruido > 0) then
       allocate(ruido(nlon, nlat, nlev))
       allocate(ruidop(nhor, nlev))
       ruido = 77
       ruidop = 88
    endif
    return
    end
    _____
    SUBROUTINE STEPRIITOO
    subroutine stepruido
    use pumamod
    real :: zr
    if (mypid == NROOT) then
       if (nruido == 1) then
          zr = disp*gasdev()
          ruido(:,:,:) = zr
       elseif (nruido == 2) then
          do jlev=1,NLEV
             do jlat=1, NLAT
                do jlon=1, NLON
                  ruido(jlon, jlat, jlev) = disp*gasdev()
               enddo
             enddo
          enddo
       elseif (nruido == 3) then
          do jlev=1, NLEV
             do jlat=1,NLAT,2
               do jlon=1,NLON
                  ruido(jlon, jlat , jlev) = disp*gasdev()
                  ruido(jlon, jlat+1, jlev) = ruido(jlon, jlat, jlev)
```

```
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                 enddo
              enddo
           enddo
        endif
     endif ! (mypid == NROOT)
    call mpscgp (ruido, ruidop, NLEV)
    return
    end
     ______
    SUBROUTINE MINVERS
     _____
    subroutine minvers(a,n)
    dimension a(n,n), b(n,n), indx(n)
    b = 0.0
    do j = 1 , n
       b(j,j) = 1.0
    enddo
    call ludcmp(a,n,indx)
    do j = 1 , n
       call lubksb(a,n,indx,b(1,j))
    enddo
    a = b
    return
    end
     _____
    SUBROUTINE LUBKSB
     _____
     subroutine lubksb(a,n,indx,b)
    dimension a(n,n), b(n), indx(n)
    k = 0
    \mathbf{do} \ \mathbf{i} = 1 \ , \ \mathbf{n}
       l = indx(i)
       sum = b(1)
       b(1) = b(i)
       if (k > 0) then
          do j = k , i-1
             \widetilde{\mathbf{sum}} = \mathbf{sum} - \mathbf{a}(i,j) * \mathbf{b}(j)
           enddo
       else if (sum /= 0.0) then
          k = i
        endif
       b(i) = sum
    enddo
    do i = n , 1 , -1
       sum = b(i)
       do j = i+1 , n
          sum = sum - a(i,j) * b(j)
       enddo
       b(i) = sum / a(i,i)
    enddo
    return
     end
     _____
    SUBROUTINE LUDCMP
     _____
     subroutine ludcmp(a,n,indx)
    dimension a(n,n), indx(n), vv(n)
    d = 1.0
    vv = 1.0 / maxval(abs(a), 2)
```

```
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    do 19 j = 1 , n
       do i = 2 , j-1
          a(i,j) = a(i,j) - dot_product(a(i,1:i-1),a(1:i-1,j))
       aamax = 0.0
       do i = j , n
          if (\bar{j} > 1) \&
          a(i, j) = a(i, j) - dot_product(a(i, 1: j-1), a(1: j-1, j))
          dum = vv(i) * abs(a(i,j))
          if (dum .ge. aamax) then
             imax = i
             aamax = dum
          endif
       enddo
       if (j .ne. imax) then
          do 17 k = 1 , n
             dum = a(imax, k)
             a(imax,k) = a(j,k)
             a(j,k) = dum
 17
          continue
          d = -d
          vv(imax) = vv(j)
       endif
       indx(j) = imax
       if (a(j,j) == 0.0) \ a(j,j) = tiny(a(j,j))
       if (j < n) a(j+1:n,j) = a(j+1:n,j) / a(j,j)
 19 continue
    return
    end
    _____
    SUBROUTINE FILTER_ZONAL_WAVES
    _____
    subroutine filter_zonal_waves(pfc)
    use pumamod
    dimension pfc(2,NLON/2,NLPP)
    do jlat = 1 , NLPP
       pfc(1,1:NTP1,jlat) = pfc(1,1:NTP1,jlat) * nselzw(:)
       pfc(2,1:NTP1, jlat) = pfc(2,1:NTP1, jlat) * nselzw(:)
    enddo
    return
    end
    SUBROUTINE FILTER_SPECTRAL_MODES
    subroutine filter spectral modes
    use pumamod
    j = 0
    k = -1
    do m = 0 , NTRU
       do n = m , NTRU
          k = k + 2
          j = j + 1
          if (nselsp(j) == 0) then
             spp(k:k+1) = 0.0
             sdp(k:k+1,:) = 0.0
             stp(k:k+1,:) = 0.0
             spt(k:k+1) = 0.0
             sdt(k:k+1,:) = 0.0
             stt(k:k+1,:) = 0.0
             spm(k:k+1) = 0.0
```

```
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              sdm(k:k+1,:) = 0.0
              stm(k:k+1,:) = 0.0
             srp1(k:k+1,:) = 0.0
             srp2(k:k+1,:) = 0.0
              if (n < NTRU) then</pre>
                 szp(k+2:k+3,:) = 0.0
                 szt(k+2:k+3,:) = 0.0
                 szm(k+2:k+3,:) = 0.0
              endif
           endif
        enddo
    enddo
     return
     end
     _____
    SUBROUTINE NOISE
     _____
     subroutine noise (kickval)
    use pumamod
     kickval = -1 : read ln(ps) from puma_sp_init
     kickval = 0 : model runs zonally symmetric with no eddies
     kickval = 1 : add white noise to ln(Ps) asymmetric hemispheres
     kickval = 2 : add white noise to ln(Ps) symmetric to the equator
     kickval = 3 : force mode(1,2) of ln(Ps) allowing reproducable runs
    kickval = 4 : add white noise to symmetric zonal wavenumbers 7 of ln(Ps)
     integer :: kickval
     integer :: jsp, jsp1, jn, jm
     integer :: jr, ji, ins
     real :: zr, zi, zscale, zrand
    zscale = 0.000001
                                ! amplitude of noise
           = 0.001
                                ! kickval=3 value for mode(1,2) real
           = 0.0005
                                ! kickval=3 value for mode(1,2) imag
     select case (kickval)
    case (-1)
       open(71, file=puma_sp_init, form='unformatted', iostat=iostat)
        if (iostat /= 0) then
          write(nud,*) ' *** kick=-1: needs file <', trim(puma_sp_init),'> ***'
           stop
        endif
       read(71,iostat=iostat) sp(:)
       if (iostat /= 0) then
           write(nud,*) '*** error reading file <', trim(puma_sp_init),'>***'
        endif
        close (71)
       write(nud,*) 'initial ln(ps) field read from <', trim(puma_sp_init),'>'
       return
     case (0)
                                ! do nothing
     case (1)
        jsp1=2*NTP1+1
        do jsp=jsp1,NRSP
          call random number (zrand)
          if (mrpid > 0) zrand = zrand + mrpid * 0.01
           sp(jsp) = sp(jsp) + zscale*(zrand-0.5)
        enddo
        write (nud, *) 'white noise added'
     case (2)
        jr=2*NTP1-1
        do jm=1,NTRU
          do jn=jm, NTRU
              jr=jr+2
```

```
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              ji=jr+1
              if (mod(jn+jm,2) == 0) then
                 call random number (zrand)
                 if (mrpid > 0) zrand = zrand + mrpid * 0.01
sp(jr)=sp(jr)+zscale*(zrand-0.5)
                 sp(ji) = sp(ji) + zscale*(zrand-0.5)
              endif
           enddo
        enddo
        write (nud, *) 'symmetric white noise added'
        sp(2*NTP1+3) = sp(2*NTP1+3) + zr
        sp(2*NTP1+4) = sp(2*NTP1+4) + zi
        write (nud, *) 'mode(1,2) of ln(Ps) set to (', sp(2*NTP1+3),',', sp(2*NTP1+4),')'
     case (4)
        jr=2*NTP1-1
        do jm=1,NTRU
           do jn=jm, NTRU
              jr=jr+2
              ji=jr+1
              if (mod(jn+jm,2) == 0 .and. jm == 7) then
                 call random_number(zrand)
                 sp(jr) = sp(jr) + zscale*(zrand-0.5)
                 sp(ji) = sp(ji) + zscale*(zrand-0.5)
              endif
           enddo
        enddo
        write (nud, *) 'symmetric zonal wavenumbers 7 of ln(Ps) perturbed',
             ' with white noise.'
     case default
        write (nud, *) 'Value', kickval ,' for kickval not implemented.'
        stop
    end select
     if (nwspini == 1) then
        open(71, file=puma_sp_init, form='unformatted')
        write(71) sp(:)
        close (71)
    endif
    return
    end
     _____
    SUBROUTINE SETZT
     _____
    subroutine setzt
    use pumamod
     ****************
     * Set up the restoration temperature fields sr1 and sr2
     * for aqua planet conditions.
     * The temperature at sigma = 1 is <tgr>, entered in kelvin.
     * The lapse rate of ALR K/m is assumed under the tropopause *
     * and zero above. The tropopause is defined by <dtrop>.
     * The smoothing of the tropopause depends on <dttrp>.
     dimension ztrs(NLEV) ! Mean profile
    dimension zfac(NLEV)
    sr1(:,:) = 0.0 ! NESP, NLEV
    sr2(:,:) = 0.0 ! NESP, NLEV
    Temperatures in [K]
    zsigprev = 1.0 ! sigma value
    ztprev = tgr ! Temperature [K]
     zzprev = 0.0 ! Height
                                    [m]
```

```
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     do jlev = NLEV , 1 , -1 ! from bottom to top of atmosphere
       zzp=zzprev+(gascon*ztprev/ga)*log(zsigprev/sigma(jlev))
       ztp=tgr-dtrop*alr ! temperature at tropopause
       ztp=ztp+sqrt((.5*alr*(zzp-dtrop))**2+dttrp**2)
       ztp=ztp-.5*alr*(zzp-dtrop)
       ztpm=.5*(ztprev+ztp)
       zzpp=zzprev+(gascon*ztpm/ga)*log(zsigprev/sigma(jlev))
       ztpp=tgr-dtrop*alr
       ztpp=ztpp+sqrt((.5*alr*(zzpp-dtrop))**2+dttrp**2)
       ztpp=ztpp-.5*alr*(zzpp-dtrop)
       ztrs(jlev)=ztpp
       zzprev=zzprev+(.5*(ztpp+ztprev)*gascon/ga)*log(zsigprev/sigma(jlev))
       ztprev=ztpp
       zsigprev=sigma(jlev)
     enddo
     do jlev=1,NLEV
        ztrs(jlev)=ztrs(jlev)/ct
! loop to set array zfac - this controls temperature gradients as a
! function of sigma in tres. it is a sine wave from one at
! sigma = 1 to zero at stps (sigma at the tropopause) .
! first find sigma at dtrop
     zttrop=tgr-dtrop*alr
     ztps=(zttrop/tgr) ** (ga/(alr*gascon))
! now the latitudinal variation in tres is set up ( this being in terms
! of a deviation from t0 which is usually constant with height)
     zsgrt2 = sgrt(2.0)
     zsqrt04 = sqrt(0.4)
     zsqrt6 = sqrt(6.0)
     do 2100 jlev=1, NLEV
       zfac(jlev) = sin(0.5*PI*(sigma(jlev)-ztps)/(1.-ztps))
       if (zfac(jlev).lt.0.0) zfac(jlev)=0.0
       sr1(1, jlev) = zsqrt2*(ztrs(jlev)-t0(jlev))
       sr2(3, jlev) = (1./zsqrt6) *dtns*zfac(jlev)
       sr1(5, jlev) = -2./3.*zsgrt04*dtep*zfac(jlev)
2100 continue
     write (nud, *) '* Restoration Temperature set up for agua planet *'
     return
     end
     _____
     SUBROUTINE PRINTPROFILE
     ______
     subroutine printprofile
     use pumamod
     * write out vertical information *
     write (nud, 9001)
     write (nud, 9002)
     write (nud, 9003)
     write (nud, 9002)
     do jlev=1,NLEV
        zt = (sr1(1, jlev) / sqrt(2.0) + t0(jlev)) * ct
        if (tauf(jlev) > 0.1) then
```

```
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            write(nud, 9004) jlev, sigma(jlev), zt, taur(jlev), tauf(jlev)
         else
           write (nud, 9005) jlev, sigma (jlev), zt, taur (jlev)
         endif
     enddo
     write (nud, 9002)
     write (nud, 9001)
     return
9001 format(/)
9002 format(46('*'))
9003 format ('* Lv * Sigma Restor-T tauR [s] tauF [s] *')
9004 format('*',i3,' *',f8.3,f9.3,2e10.3,' *')
9005 format('*',i3,' *',f8.3,f9.3,e10.3,' -*')
     _____
     SUBROUTINE READ SURF
     _____
     subroutine read_surf(kcode, psp, klev, kread)
     use pumamod
     logical :: lexist
     integer :: kread
     integer :: ihead(8)
     character(len=256) :: yfilename
     real :: psp(NESP, klev)
     real :: zgp(NUGP,klev)
     real :: zpp(NHOR, klev)
     kread = 0
     if (mypid == NROOT) then
         if (NLAT < 1000) then
         write (yfilename, '("N", I3.3, "_surf_", I4.4, ".sra")') NLAT, kcode
        else
         write(vfilename, '("N", I4.4," surf ", I4.4,".sra")') NLAT, kcode
         endif
         inquire (file=yfilename, exist=lexist)
     endif
     call mpbcl(lexist)
     if (.not. lexist) return
     if (mypid == NROOT) then
         open (65, file=yfilename, form=' formatted')
         write(nud,*) 'Reading file <', trim(yfilename),'>'
        do jlev = 1 , klev
           read (65,*) ihead(:)
            read (65,*) zgp(:,jlev)
         enddo
         close(65)
         if (kcode == 134) then
           write (nud, *) "Converting Ps to LnPs"
            zscale = log(100.0) - log(psurf) ! Input [hPa] / PSURF [Pa]
            zgp(:,:) = log(zgp(:,:)) + zscale
         endif
        call reg2alt(zgp,klev)
     endif ! (mypid == NROOT)
     call mpscgp(zgp,zpp,klev)
     call gp2fc(zpp, NLON, NLPP*klev)
     do jlev = 1 , klev
        call fc2sp(zpp(1, jlev), psp(1, jlev))
     enddo
     call mpsum (psp, klev)
     kread = 1
     return
     end subroutine read surf
```

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     ______
     SUBROUTINE READ VARGP
     _____
     subroutine read vargp (kcode, klev, kread)
     use pumamod
     logical :: lexist
     integer :: ihead(8)
     character(len=256) :: yfilename
     real :: zgp(NUGP,klev)
     kread = 0
     if (mypid == NROOT) then
        if (NLAT < 1000) then
        write (yfilename, '("N", I3.3, "_surf_", I4.4, ".sra")') NLAT, kcode
        write(yfilename, '("N",I4.4,"_surf_",I4.4,".sra")') NLAT, kcode
        endif
        inquire(file=yfilename, exist=lexist)
     endif
     call mpbcl(lexist)
     if (.not. lexist) then
        if (mypid == NROOT) then
           write(nud, *) 'File <', trim(yfilename), '> not found'
        endif
        return
     endif
     if (mypid == NROOT) then
        open(65, file=yfilename, form=' formatted')
        write(nud,*) 'Reading file <', trim(yfilename),'>'
        do jlev = 1 , klev
  read (65,*) ihead(:)
           read (65,*) zgp(:,jlev)
        enddo
        close (65)
        call reg2alt(zgp, klev)
     endif ! (mypid == NROOT)
     select case (kcode)
        case (121)
           !--- non-dimensionalize and shift const radiative rest. temp.
           if (mypid == NROOT) then
               zqp(:,:) = zqp(:,:)/ct
              do jhor = 1, nugp
                 zgp(jhor,:) = zgp(jhor,:) - t0(:)
              enddo
           endif
           allocate (gr1 (nhor, klev))
           if (mypid == NROOT) then
              write (nud, *) 'Field gr1 allocated'
           endif
           call mpscgp(zgp,gr1,klev)
        case (122)
           !--- non-dimensionalize variable. radiative rest. temp.
           if (mypid == NROOT) then
              zgp(:,:) = zgp(:,:)/ct
           endif
           allocate (gr2 (nhor, klev))
           if (mypid == NROOT) then
              write (nud, *) 'Field gr2 allocated'
           endi f
           call mpscgp(zgp,gr2,klev)
        case (123)
           !--- non-dimensionalize radiative relaxation time scale
           if (mypid == NROOT) then
```

```
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              zgp(:,:) = zgp(:,:)/ww_scale
           endif
           allocate(gtdamp(nhor,klev))
           if (mypid == NROOT) then
              write (nud, *) 'Field gtdamp allocated'
           endif
           call mpscgp(zgp,gtdamp,klev)
        case (124)
           !--- non-dimensionalize and shift const. convective rest. temp.
           if (mypid == NROOT) then
              zgp(:,:) = zgp(:,:)/ct
              do jhor = 1, nugp
                 zgp(jhor,:) = zgp(jhor,:) - t0(:)
              enddo
           endif
           allocate (gr1c (nhor, klev))
           if (mypid == NROOT) then
              write (nud, *) 'Field gr1c allocated'
           endif
           call mpscgp(zgp,gr1c,klev)
        case (125)
           !--- non-dimensionalize variable. convective rest. temp.
           if (mypid == NROOT) then
              zgp(:,:) = zgp(:,:)/ct
           endif
           allocate (gr2c (nhor, klev))
           if (mypid == NROOT) then
              write (nud, *) 'Field gr2c allocated'
          call mpscgp(zgp,gr2c,klev)
        case (126)
           !--- non-dimensionalize convective relaxation time scale
           if (mypid == NROOT) then
              zgp(:,:) = zgp(:,:)/ww_scale
           endif
           allocate (gtdampc (nhor, klev))
           if (mypid == NROOT) then
              write (nud, *) 'Field gtdampc allocated'
           call mpscgp (zgp, gtdampc, klev)
     end select
    kread = 1
    return
    end subroutine read vargp
     SUBROUTINE DIAG
     _____
    subroutine diag
    use pumamod
    if (noutput > 0 .and. mod(nstep,ndiag) == 0) then
        if (ncoeff > 0) call prisp
        call xsect
    endif
    call energy
    return
    end
     _____
    SUBROUTINE PRISP
     ______
    subroutine prisp
    use pumamod
    character(30) :: title
     scale = 100.0
```

```
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     title = 'Vorticity [10-2]'
     do 100 jlev=1, NLEV
        if (ndil(jlev).ne.0) call wrspam(sz(1, jlev), jlev, title, scale)
 100 continue
     title = 'Divergence [10-2]'
     do 200 jlev=1, NLEV
        if (ndil(jlev).ne.0) call Wrspam(sd(1, jlev), jlev, title, scale)
 200 continue
     scale = 1000.0
     title = 'Temperature [10-3]'
     do 300 jlev=1, NLEV
        if (ndil(jlev).ne.0) call Wrspam(st(1, jlev), jlev, title, scale)
 300 continue
     title = 'Pressure [10-3]'
     call wrspam(sp, 0, title, scale)
     return
     end
     _____
     SUBROUTINE POWERSPEC
     ______
     subroutine powerspec(pf,pspec)
     use pumamod
     real :: pf(2,NCSP)
     real :: pspec(NTP1)
     do j = 1 , NTP1
        pspec(j) = 0.5 * (pf(1,j) * pf(1,j) + pf(2,j) * pf(2,j))
     enddo
     j = NTP1 + 1
     do m = 2 , NTP1
        do l = m , NTP1
           pspec(1) = pspec(1) + pf(1,j) * pf(1,j) + pf(2,j) * pf(2,j)
           j = j + 1
        enddo
     enddo
     return
     end
     SUBROUTINE POWERPRINT
     ______
     subroutine powerprint(text, pspec)
     use pumamod
     character(3) :: text
     real :: pspec(NTP1)
     zmax = maxval(pspec(:))
     if (zmax <= 1.0e-20) return
     zsca = 10 ** (4 - int(log10(zmax)))
     write(nud, 1000) text, (int (pspec(j) *zsca), j=2, 13)
1000 format ('* Power(', a3,')', i8, 11i5,' *')
     end
     _____
     FUNCTION RMSSP
```

```
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    function rmssp(pf)
    use pumamod
    real pf (NESP, NLEV)
    zsum = 0.0
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
       zsum = zsum + dsigma(jlev)&
            * (dot_product(pf(1:NZOM, jlev), pf(1:NZOM, jlev)) * 0.5&
            + dot_product(pf(NZOM+1:NRSP, jlev), pf(NZOM+1:NRSP, jlev)))
   δ
    enddo
    rmssp = zsum
    return
    end
    _____
    SUBROUTINE ENERGY
    _____
    subroutine energy
    use pumamod
    parameter (idim=5) ! Number of scalars for GUI timeseries
    calculates various global diagnostic quantities
    remove planetary vorticity so sz contains relative vorticity
    real :: spec(NTP1)
    real (kind=4) ziso(idim)
    sz(3,:) = sz(3,:) - plavor
    ***********
    calculate means - zpsitot rms vorticity
                     zchitot rms divergence
                     ztmptot rms temperature
                     ztotp ie+pe potential energy
                     zamsp mean surface pressure
    ************
    zsqrt2 = sqrt(2.0)
    zamsp = 1.0 + span(1) / zsqrt2
    zst = dot_product(dsigma(:),st(1,:)) / zsqrt2
    ztout1 = dot_product(dsigma(:),t0(:))
    ztout2 = 0.0
    zst2b = 0.0
    ztoti = 0.0
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
       ztout2 = ztout2 + dsigma(jlev) * t0(jlev) * t0(jlev)
       zst2b = zst2b + dsigma(jlev) * t0(jlev) * st(1, jlev)
       ztoti = ztoti + dsigma(jlev)&
              * (dot_product(span(1:NZOM),st(1:NZOM,jlev)) * 0.5&
   æ
              + dot_product(span(NZOM+1:NRSP), st(NZOM+1:NRSP, jlev)))
    enddo
    ztotp = dot_product(span(1:NZOM), so(1:NZOM)) * 0.5&
          + dot_product (span (NZOM+1:NRSP), so (NZOM+1:NRSP)) &
   &
          + so(1)/zsgrt2 + (zamsp*ztout1+ztoti+zst) / akap
    zpsitot = sqrt(rmssp(sz))
    zchitot = sqrt (rmssp(sd))
    ztmptot = sqrt(rmssp(st)+ztout2+zst2b*zsqrt2)
    ziso(1) = ct * (spnorm(1) * st(1, NLEV) + t0(NLEV)) - 273.16 ! T(NLEV) [C]
    ziso(2) = ww_scale * zchitot * 1.0e6
    ziso(3) = ztmptot
    ziso(4) = ztotp
    ziso(5) = sz(3,2)
    !XW(Mar/25/2017) to remove GUI: call quiput("SCALAR" // char(0) ,ziso,idim
```

```
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,1,1)
     restore sz to absolute vorticity
     sz(3,:) = sz(3,:) + plavor
      if (mod(nstep,ndiag) /= 0) return ! was called for GUI only
     write (nud, 9001)
     write(nud, 9002) nstep, zpsitot, zchitot, ztmptot, ztotp, zamsp
     write (nud, 9002)
     write(nud, 9011) (j, j=1, 12)
     write (nud, 9012)
     call powerspec (span, spec)
      call powerprint('Pre', spec)
     call powerspec (sz(1, NLEV), spec)
     call powerprint('Vor', spec)
      call powerspec(sd(1,NLEV),spec)
     call powerprint('Div', spec)
     call powerspec (st (1, NLEV), spec)
      call powerprint('Tem', spec)
     return
 9001 format (/, ' nstep rms z rms d rms t &
  & pe+ie msp')
 9002 format (i10, 4x, 4g12.5, g15.8)
!9009 format('*',75(' '),' *')
!9010 format('* Power(',a,') ',7e9.2,' *')
 9011 format ('* Wavenumber', i8, 11i5, '*')
 9012 format('',78('*'))
     end
      ______
     SUBROUTINE NTOMIN
      _____
     subroutine ntomin (kstep, imin, ihou, iday, imon, iyea)
     use pumamod
                                             ! day [0-29] month [0-11]
     istep = kstep
     if (istep .lt. 0) istep = 0
                                             ! min [0-59] hour [0-23]
      imin = mod(istep,ntspd) * 1440 / ntspd ! minutes of current day
      ihou = imin / 60
                                             ! hours of current day
     imin = imin - ihou * 60
                                             ! minutes of current hour
     iday = istep / ntspd
                                             ! days in this run
     imon = iday / 30
                                            ! months in this run
     iday = iday - imon * 30
                                            ! days of current month
     iyea = imon / 12
                                             ! years in this run
     imon = imon - iyea * 12
                                             ! month of current year
     iday = iday + 1
     imon = imon + 1
     ivea = iyea + 1
     return
     end
      _____
     SUBROUTINE NTODAT
      _____
     subroutine ntodat(istep, datch)
      character(18) :: datch
      character(3) :: mona(12)
     data mona /'Jan','Feb','Mar','Apr','May','Jun',&
                'Jul', 'Aug', 'Sep', 'Oct', 'Nov', 'Dec'/
     call ntomin (istep, imin, ihou, iday, imon, iyea)
      write(datch, 20030) iday, mona(imon), iyea, ihou, imin
20030 format(i2,'-',a3,'-',i4.4,2x,i2,':',i2.2)
      ______
      SUBROUTINE WRSPAM
```

```
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       _____
      subroutine Wrspam (ps, klev, title, scale)
      use pumamod
      dimension ps (NRSP)
      character(30) :: title
      character(18) :: datch
      cab(i) = real(scale*sqrt(ps(i+i-1)*ps(i+i-1)+ps(i+i)*ps(i+i)))
      call ntodat(nstep, datch)
      write (nud, '(1x)')
      write (nud, 20000)
      write(nud, 20030) datch, title, klev
      write (nud, 20000)
      write (nud, 20020) (i, i=0, 9)
      write(nud, 20000)
      write(nud, 20100) (cab(i), i=1, 10)
      write(nud, 20200) (cab(i), i=NTRU+2, NTRU+10)
      write(nud, 20300) (cab(i), i=2*NTRU+2, 2*NTRU+9)
      write(nud, 20400) (cab(i), i=3*NTRU+1, 3*NTRU+7)
      write (nud, 20000)
      write (nud, '(1x)')
20000 format (78('*'))
20020 format('*n*',10i7,'*')
20030 format('* *',al8,2x,a30,' Level',i2,11x,'*')
20100 format('* 0*',f8.2,9f7.2,'*')
20200 format ('*1*',8x,9f7.2,'*')
20300 format ('*2*',15x,8f7.2,'*')
20400 format('*3*',22x,7f7.2,'*')
      contains
      function cab(i)
          cab = scale * sqrt (ps (i+i-1) *ps (i+i-1) +ps (i+i) *ps (i+i))
      end function cab
      end
      _____
      SUBROUTINE WRZS
       ==========
      subroutine Wrzs(zs,title,scale)
      use pumamod
      dimension zs(NLAT, NLEV)
      character(30) :: title
      character(18) :: datch
      ip = NLAT / 16
      ia = ip/2
      ib = ia + 7 * ip
      id = NLAT + 1 - ia
      ic = id - 7 * ip
      call ntodat (nstep, datch)
      write (nud, '(1x)')
      write (nud, 20000)
      write (nud, 20030) datch, title
      write (nud, 20000)
      write(nud, 20020) (chlat(i), i=ia, ib, ip), (chlat(j), j=ic, id, ip)
      write (nud, 20000)
      do 200 jlev = 1 , NLEV
          write(nud, 20100) jlev, ((int(zs(i, jlev)*scale)), i=ia, ib, ip), &
                                ((int(zs(j,jlev)*scale)),j=ic,id,ip),jlev
  200 continue
      write (nud, 20000)
      write (nud, '(1x)')
```

```
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20000 format (78('*'))
20020 format('*Lv*',16(1x,a3),'*Lv*')
20030 format('* *',a18,2x,a30,20x,'*')
20100 format('*',i2,'*',16i4,'*',i2,'*')
      end
      _____
      SUBROUTINE XSECT
      _____
      subroutine xsect
     use pumamod
      character(30) :: title
      scale = 10.0
      title = 'Zonal Wind [0.1 m/s]'
      call Wrzs(csu, title, scale)
      title = 'Meridional Wind [0.1 m/s]'
      call wrzs(csv,title,scale)
      scale = 1.0
      title = 'Temperature [C]'
      call Wrzs(cst, title, scale)
      return
      end
      _____
      SUBROUTINE WRITESP
      subroutine Writesp(kunit,pf,kcode,klev,pscale,poff)
      use pumamod
      real
              :: pf(NRSP)
      real
              :: zf(NRSP)
      integer :: ihead(8)
      call ntomin (nstep, nmin, nhour, nday, nmonth, nyear)
      ihead(1) = kcode
      ihead(2) = klev
      ihead(3) = nday + 100 * nmonth + 10000 * nyear
      ihead(4) = nmin + 100 * nhour
      ihead(5) = NRSP
      ihead(6) = 1
      ihead(7) = 1
      ihead(8) = 0
     normalize ECHAM compatible and scale to physical dimensions
      zf(:) = pf(:) * spnorm(1:NRSP) * pscale
      zf(1) = zf(1) + poff ! Add offset if necessary
      write(kunit) ihead
      write(kunit) zf
      return
      end
      _____
      SUBROUTINE WRITEGE
      _____
      subroutine writegp(kunit,pf,kcode,klev)
      use pumamod
      real :: pf(NHOR)
      real :: zf(NUGP)
      integer :: ihead(8)
      call mpgagp(zf,pf,1)
      if (mypid == NROOT) then
```

```
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        call alt2reg(zf,1)
        call ntomin(nstep,nmin,nhour,nday,nmonth,nyear)
        ihead(1) = kcode
        ihead(2) = klev
       ihead(3) = nday + 100 * nmonth + 10000 * nyear
        ihead(4) = nmin + 100 * nhour
        ihead(5) = NLON
       ihead(6) = NLAT
        ihead(7) = 1
       ihead(8) = 0
        write(kunit) ihead
       write(kunit) zf
    endif
    return
    end
     _____
     SUBROUTINE OUTSP
     _____
    subroutine outsp
    use pumamod
    real zsr(NESP)
    if (nwrioro == 1) then
       call writesp (40, so, 129, 0, cv*cv, 0.0)
       nwrioro = 0
     endif
    if (nextout == 1) then
        call writesp (40, sp2, 40, 0, 1.0, log (psmean))
        call writesp(40, sp1, 41, 0, 1.0, log(psmean))
        do jlev = 1, NLEV
           call writesp(40, st2(1, jlev), 42, jlev, ct, t0(jlev) *ct)
        enddo
        do jlev = 1, NLEV
          call writesp (40, st1(1, jlev), 43, jlev, ct, t0(jlev) *ct)
        enddo
    endif
     *****
     * pressure *
    call writesp(40, sp, 152, 0, 1.0, log(psmean))
     * temperature *
     ******
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
       call writesp (40, st (1, jlev), 130, jlev, ct, t0 (jlev) *ct)
    enddo
     *******
     * res. temperature *
    zampl = cos((real(nstep)-pac)*tac)
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
       zsr(:)=sr1(:, jlev)+sr2(:, jlev)*zampl
        call writesp(40, zsr, 154, jlev, ct, t0(jlev) *ct)
    enddo
     ******
```

```
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      * divergence
      do jlev = 1 , NLEV
         call writesp(40,sd(1,jlev),155,jlev,ww_scale,0.0)
      enddo
      ******
      * vorticity *
      *******
      do jlev = 1 , NLEV
         zsave = sz(3, jlev)
         sz(3, jlev) = sz(3, jlev) - plavor
         call writesp (40, sz (1, jlev), 138, jlev, ww_scale, 0.0)
         sz(3, jlev) = zsave
      enddo
      return
      end
      SUBROUTINE OUTGP
      _____
      subroutine outgp
      use pumamod
      real zhelp(NHOR)
      energy diagnostics
      if(nenergy > 0) then
       do je=1,9
        jcode=300+je
        zhelp(:) =denergy(:, je)
        call writegp (40, zhelp, jcode, 0)
       enddo
      endif
      if (nentropy > 0) then
       do je=1,9
        jcode=310+je
        zhelp(:) =dentropy(:, je)
        call writegp(40, zhelp, jcode, 0)
       enddo
      endif
      return
      end
      _____
      SUBROUTINE CHECKUNIT
      ______
      subroutine checkunit
      use pumamod
      write (ncu, 1000) nstep, ' sp(1)', sp(1), sp(1)*spnorm(1)+log(psmean)
      write(ncu,1000) nstep,'st(1,1)',st(1,1),st(1,1)*spnorm(1)*ct+t0(1)*ct
write(ncu,1000) nstep,'sd(1,1)',sd(1,1),sd(1,1)*spnorm(1)*ww_scale
      write(ncu, 1000) nstep, 'sz(1,1)', sz(1,1), sz(1,1) *spnorm(1) *ww_scale
      write(ncu, 1000) nstep, 'st( 1,NLEV)', st(1,NLEV), st(1,NLEV) *spnorm(1) *ct+t0(5)
*ct
      write(ncu, 1000) nstep, 'sd(1,NLEV)', sd(1,NLEV), sd(1,NLEV) *spnorm(1) *ww_scal
      write (ncu, 1000) nstep, 'sz( 1, NLEV)', sz(1, NLEV), sz(1, NLEV) *spnorm(1) *ww_scal
е
```

```
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      if (100 < NRSP) then
      write (ncu, 1000) nstep, 'sp(100)', sp(100), sp(100) *spnorm(100)
      write(ncu,1000) nstep, st(100,NLEV), st(100,NLEV), st(100,NLEV) *spnorm(100) *c
      write (ncu, 1000) nstep, 'sd(100, NLEV)', sd(100, NLEV), sd(100, NLEV) *spnorm(100) *w
w_scale
      write (ncu, 1000) nstep, 'sz(100, NLEV)', sz(100, NLEV), sz(100, NLEV) *spnorm(100) *w
w_scale
      endif
1000 format (i5, 1x, a, 1x, 2f14.7)
      end
      ______
      * SUBROUTINE LEGPRI *
      ______
      subroutine legpri
      use pumamod
      write (nud, 231)
      write (nud, 232)
      write (nud, 233)
      write (nud, 232)
      do 14 jlat = 1 , NLAT
         zalat = asin(sid(jlat))*180.0/PI
         write(nud, 234) jlat, zalat, csq(jlat), gwd(jlat)
  14 continue
      write (nud, 232)
      write (nud, 231)
      return
  231 format(/)
  232 format(37('*'))
 233 format ('* No * Lat * csq weight *')
 234 format('*',i4,'*',f6.1,'*',2f10.4,'*')
      end
      SUBROUTINE INILAT
      ============
      subroutine inilat
      use pumamod
      real (kind=8) :: zcsq
      do jlat = 1 , NLAT
                  = 1.0 - sid(jlat) * sid(jlat)
         csq(jlat) = zcsq
         rcs(jlat) = 1.0 / sqrt(zcsq)
      do jlat = 1 , NLAT/2
         ideg = nint(180.0/PI * asin(sid(jlat)))
         write (chlat (jlat), '(i2,a1)') ideg, 'N'
         write(chlat(NLAT+1-jlat),'(i2,a1)') ideg,'S'
      enddo
      return
      end
      _____
      SUBROUTINE GRIDPOINT
      subroutine gridpoint
      use pumamod
```

```
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                                                                         Page 46/68
     real gtn (NLON, NLPP, NLEV)
     real gvpp (NHOR)
     real gpmt (NLON, NLPP)
     real sdf (NESP, NLEV)
     real stf(NESP, NLEV)
     real szf (NESP, NLEV)
     real spf(NESP)
     real zgp(NLON, NLAT)
     real zgpp(NHOR)
     real (kind=4) :: zcs(NLAT, NLEV)
     real (kind=4) :: zsp(NRSP)
     do jlev = 1 , NLEV
        call sp2fc(sd(1,jlev),gd(1,jlev))
        call sp2fc(st(1,jlev),gt(1,jlev))
        call sp2fc(sz(1, jlev), gz(1, jlev))
     enddo
     call sp2fc(sp,gp)
                                    ! InPs
     call sp2fcdmu(sp,gpj)
                                    ! d(lnps) / d(mu)
     divergence, vorticity -> u*cos(phi), v*cos(phi)
     do jlev = 1 , NLEV
        call dv2uv(sd(1, jlev), sz(1, jlev), gu(1, jlev), gv(1, jlev))
     enddo
     if (lselect) then
        call filter_zonal_waves (gp)
        call filter_zonal_waves(gpj)
        do jlev = 1 , NLEV
           call filter_zonal_waves(gu(1, jlev))
           call filter_zonal_waves(gv(1, jlev))
           call filter_zonal_waves(gd(1,jlev))
           call filter_zonal_waves(gt(1, jlev))
           call filter_zonal_waves(gz(1, jlev))
        enddo
     endif
     if (ngui > 0 .or. mod(nstep,ndiag) == 0) then
       do ilev = 1 , NLEV
         do jlat = 1 , NLPP
           sec = cv / sqrt(csq(jlat))
           csu(jlat, jlev) = qu(1+(jlat-1)*NLON, jlev) * sec
           csv(jlat, jlev) = gv(1+(jlat-1)*NLON, jlev) * sec
           cst(jlat, jlev) = (gt(1+(jlat-1)*NLON, jlev) + t0(jlev))*ct-273.16
       enddo
     endif
     do jlat = 1 , NLPP
        do jlon = 1 , NLON-1 , 2
          qpmt(jlon , jlat) = -qp(jlon+1+(jlat-1)*NLON) * ((jlon-1)/2)
          gpmt(jlon+1, jlat) = gp(jlon + (jlat-1)*NLON) * ((jlon-1)/2)
        end do
     end do
     call fc2gp (qu , NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     call fc2gp (gv , NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     call fc2gp(gt ,NLON,NLPP*NLEV)
     call fc2gp (gd , NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     call fc2gp(gz , NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     call fc2gp(gpj,NLON,NLPP)
    call fc2gp(gpmt, NLON, NLPP)
     call calcgp(gtn,gpmt,gvpp)
     gut(:,:) = gu(:,:) * gt(:,:)
     gvt(:,:) = gv(:,:) * gt(:,:)
     gke(:,:) = gu(:,:) * gu(:,:) + gv(:,:) * gv(:,:)
     call gp2fc(gtn , NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
```

```
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     call gp2fc (gut , NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     call gp2fc(gvt , NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     call gp2fc(gfv , NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     call gp2fc(gfu , NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     call gp2fc(gke , NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     call gp2fc (gvpp, NLON, NLPP
     call fc2sp(gvpp,spf)
     if (lselect) then
        call filter_zonal_waves(gvpp)
        do jlev = 1 , NLEV
           call filter_zonal_waves(gtn(1,1,jlev))
           call filter_zonal_waves(gut(1,jlev))
           call filter_zonal_waves(gvt(1, jlev))
           call filter_zonal_waves(gfv(1, jlev))
           call filter_zonal_waves(gfu(1, jlev))
           call filter_zonal_waves(gke(1, jlev))
        enddo
     endif
     do jlev = 1 , NLEV
        call mktend(sdf(1, jlev), stf(1, jlev), szf(1, jlev), gtn(1, 1, jlev), &
        gfu(1, jlev), gfv(1, jlev), gke(1, jlev), gut(1, jlev), gvt(1, jlev))
     enddo
     if (nruido > 0) call stepruido
     call mpsumsc(spf, spt, 1)
     call mpsumsc(stf, stt, NLEV)
     call mpsumsc(sdf,sdt,NLEV)
     call mpsumsc(szf,szt,NLEV)
     if (ngui > 0 .or. mod(nstep,ndiag) == 0) then
        call fc2gp(gp,NLON,NLPP)
        zqpp(:) = exp(qp)
                                            ! LnPs -> Ps
        call mpgagp(zgp,zgpp,1)
                                            ! zgp = Ps (full grid)
        !XW (Mar/25/2017) to remove GUI:
        !if (ngui > 0) then
        ! call guips(zgp,psmean)
! call guigv("GU" // char(0),gu)
            call guigv("GV" // char(0),gv)
            call guigt(gt)
        !endif
        zqpp(:) = zqpp(:) - 1.0
                                          ! Mean (LnPs) = 0 <-> Mean (Ps) = 1
        call gp2fc(zgpp, NLON, NLPP)
        call fc2sp(zgpp, span)
        call mpsum (span, 1)
                                          ! span = Ps spectral
        call mpgacs (csu)
        call mpgacs (csv)
        call mpgacs(cst)
        if (mypid == NROOT) then
           call altcs (csu)
           call altcs (csv)
           call altcs (cst)
           !XW (Mar/25/2017) to remove GUI:
           !if (ngui > 0) then
           ! zcs(:,:) = csu(:,:)
               call guiput ("CSU" // char(0) ,zcs ,NLAT,NLEV,1)
             zcs(:,:) = csv(:,:)
            ! call guiput ("CSV" // char(0) ,zcs ,NLAT,NLEV,1)
            ! zcs(:,:) = cst(:,:)
            ! call guiput("CST" // char(0) ,zcs ,NLAT,NLEV,1)
            ! zsp(:) = span(1:NRSP)
              call quiput ("SPAN" // char(0) , zsp , NCSP, -NTP1, 1)
            !endif
        endif
     endif
     return
```

```
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     _____
    SUBROUTINE CALCGP
    _____
    subroutine calcgp(gtn,gpm,gvp)
    use pumamod
    Comments by Torben Kunz and Guido Schroeder
    Compute nonlinear tendencies in grid point space.
    Hoskins and Simmons 1975 (Q.J.R.Meteorol.Soc., 101, 637-655) (HS75)
    For terms calculated in this routine, see HS75, eqs. (8)-(10) and
    appendix I:
     - script Fu, Fv as contributions to script D: gl. arrays gfu, gfv
    - script T: returned as gtn
    - script P: returned as gvp
    parameters (in)
    gpm --
                        d(ln(ps)) / d(lambda)
    parameters (out)
    gtn -- temperature tendency
    gvp -- vertical integral of (u, v) * grad(ln(ps))
    global arrays variable in time
    gfu, gfv -- terms Fu, Fv in primitive equations,
                see HS75 (eqs. (1), (2))
    gu, gv -- components u, v of horizontal velocity vector
            -- divergence D
    gz
             -- absolute vorticity
             -- temperature deviation T'
    global arrays constant in time
    t0d -- reference temperature difference between two adjacent
    tkp -- reference temperature times kappa (global parameter AKAP)
    rdsig -- 1 / (2 * dsigma)
    rcsq -- 1 / (1 - mu^2)
    notations used in subsequent comments
    aINTb(A)dsigma : <=> the integral of A over the interval [a,b]
                        with respect to sigma
    real gtn (NHOR, NLEV)
    real gpm (NHOR)
                      , gvp(NHOR)
    real zsdotp (NHOR, NLEM), zsumd (NHOR), zsumvp (NHOR), zsumvpm (NHOR)
    real ztpta(NHOR), ztptb(NHOR)
    real zvgpg (NHOR, NLEV)
    real gtd (NHOR, NLEM)
    real gud (NHOR, NLEM)
    real gvd (NHOR, NLEM)
    1.1 zvgpg: (u,v) * grad(ln(ps))
```

```
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     do jlev = 1 , NLEV
       zvgpg(:,jlev) = rcsq * (gu(:,jlev)*gpm(:)+gv(:,jlev)*gpj(:))
    1.2 Calculate vertical integral of A = D + (u, v) * grad(ln(ps)),
        separated into divergence and ln(ps) advection.
        zsumd : 0INT1(D)dsigma
              : 0INT1[(u,v) * grad ln(ps)]dsigma
        zsdotp : 0INTsigma(A)dsigma
    zsumd = dsigma(1) * gd(:,1)
    gvp = dsigma(1) * zvgpg(:,1)
    zsdotp(:,1) = zsumd + gvp
    do jlev = 2 , NLEM
       zsumd = zsumd + dsigma(jlev) * gd(:, jlev)
       gvp = gvp + dsigma(jlev) * zvgpg(:, jlev)
       zsdotp(:,jlev) = zsumd + gvp
    zsumd = zsumd + dsigma(NLEV) * gd(:,NLEV)
    gvp = gvp + dsigma(NLEV) * zvgpg(:,NLEV)
    2. Calculate vertical velocity and vertical advection terms
       on half levels.
    do jlev = 1 , NLEM
       zsdotp(:,jlev) = (sigmh(jlev) * (zsumd+gvp) - zsdotp(:,jlev))
    gtd(:,:) = zsdotp(:,:) * (gt(:,2:NLEV) - gt(:,1:NLEM))
    gud(:,:) = zsdotp(:,:) * (gu(:,2:NLEV) - gu(:,1:NLEM))
    gvd(:,:) = zsdotp(:,:) * (gv(:,2:NLEV) - gv(:,1:NLEM))
    3. Calculate nonlinear contributions to temperature tendency and
       nonlinear terms Fu, Fv as used in vorticity and
       divergence equation.
    3.1 top level:
    3.1.1 zsumvp: 0INTsigma[(u,v) * grad(ln(ps))]dsigma
    zsumvp = zvgpq(:,1) * dsigma(1)
    3.1.2 Calculation of gtn, gfv and gfu as for inner levels (3.2),
          but somewhat simplified:
          a) For the top level the following equation holds in the
             discretized form: (1/sigma) *0INTsigma(A) dsigma == A
              (HS75, second equation following eq. (7)). Therefore,
              (3.2.3) simplifies to -kappa*T' * D and (3.2.4) vanishes.
          b) Vertical advection terms (gtd, gud, gvd (see section 2)
             and vertical TO advection (3.2.6)) vanish at upper
             boundary (sigma == 0).
    gtn(:,1) = (1.0-akap) * gt(:,1) * gd(:,1) - rdsig(1) * (gtd(:,1) &
             + t0d(1) * (sigmh(1)*gvp-zsumvp))
    gfv(:,1) = -gu(:,1)*gz(:,1) - gpj(:)*gt(:,1) - rdsig(1)*gvd(:,1)
    gfu(:,1) = gv(:,1)*gz(:,1) - gpm(:)*gt(:,1) - rdsig(1)*gud(:,1)
    3.2 inner levels:
    do jlev = 2 , NLEM
       3.2.1 ztpta: (1/sigma) *0INTsigma(A-D)dsigma
             ztptb: (1/sigma) *0INTsigma (A) dsigma
             Matrix c contains factors for discretized integration, see
             HS75 (second equation following eq. (7)).
```

```
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        ztpta = c(1, jlev) * zvqpq(:, 1)
       ztptb = c(1,jlev) * (zvgpg(:,1) + gd(:,1))
       do jlej = 2 , jlev
          ztpta = ztpta + c(jlej, jlev) * zvgpg(:, jlej)
          ztptb = ztptb + c(jlej, jlev) * (zvgpg(:, jlej) + gd(:, jlej))
       zsumvpm = zsumvp
       zsumvp = zsumvp + zvgpg(:, jlev) * dsigma(jlev)
       3.2.2 D * T'
       gtn(:,jlev) = gt(:,jlev) * gd(:,jlev)
       3.2.3 kappa*T' *
                    [(u,v)*grad(ln(ps)) - (1/sigma)*0INTsigma(A)dsigma]
       gtn(:,jlev) = gtn(:,jlev)
           + akap * gt(:,jlev) * (zvgpg(:,jlev) - ztptb)
        3.2.4 kappa*T0 *
                  [(u,v)*grad(ln(ps)) - (1/sigma)*0INTsigma(A-D)dsigma]
       qtn(:,jlev) = gtn(:,jlev)
           + tkp(jlev) * (zvgpg(:, jlev) - ztpta)
       3.2.5 Calculate vertical T' advection on full levels by
              averaging two half level advection terms (gtd, calculated
              in section 2).
       3.2.6 Calculate vertical TO advection on full levels by
              averaging two half level advection terms.
       gtn(:,jlev) = gtn(:,jlev)
            - rdsig(jlev) * (gtd(:,jlev) + gtd(:,jlev-1)
              +(sigmh(jlev) * gvp - zsumvp) * t0d(jlev)
              +(sigmh(jlev-1) * gvp - zsumvpm) * t0d(jlev-1))
       3.2.7 terms Fv, Fu, see HS75 (equations following eq. (5));
              vertical advection terms interpolated to full levels by
              averaging two half level advection terms.
       gfv(:,jlev) = -gu(:,jlev)*gz(:,jlev) - gpj(:)*gt(:,jlev)
                     - rdsig(jlev) * (gvd(:, jlev) + gvd(:, jlev-1))
       gfu(:,jlev) = gv(:,jlev)*gz(:,jlev) - gpm(:)*gt(:,jlev)
                     - rdsig(jlev)*(gud(:,jlev) + gud(:,jlev-1))
    enddo
    3.3 bottom level
    3.3.1 ztpta, ztptb: see 3.2.1
    ztpta = c(1, NLEV) * zvqpq(:,1)
    ztptb = c(1, NLEV) * (zvgpg(:,1) + gd(:,1))
    do jlej = 2 , NLEV
       ztpta = ztpta + c(jlej, NLEV) * zvgpg(:, jlej)
       ztptb = ztptb + c(jlej, NLEV) * (zvqpq(:, jlej) + qd(:, jlej))
    enddo
    3.3.2 Calculation of gtn, gfv and gfu as for inner levels (3.2),
          but somewhat simplified:
          Vertical advection terms (gtd, gud, gvd (see section 2) and
           vertical TO advection (3.2.6)) vanish at
           lower boundary (sigma == 1).
```

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    gtn(:,NLEV) = gt(:,NLEV) * gd(:,NLEV)
               + akap*gt(:,NLEV)*(zvgpg(:,NLEV)-ztptb)
   S.
                + tkp(NLEV) * (zvgpg(:, NLEV) -ztpta)
   S.
                - rdsig(NLEV) * (gtd(:,NLEM)
   &
                + t0d(NLEM) * (sigmh(NLEM) *gvp-zsumvp))
   S.
    gfv(:,NLEV) = -gu(:,NLEV) * gz(:,NLEV) - gpj(:) * gt(:,NLEV)
           - rdsig(NLEV) * gvd(:, NLEM)
   S.
    gfu(:, NLEV) = gv(:, NLEV) * gz(:, NLEV) - gpm(:) * gt(:, NLEV)
                - rdsig(NLEV) * gud(:, NLEM)
    3.3.3 Add gaussian noise to T (controlled by nruido)
    if (nruido > 0) gtn(:,:) = gtn(:,:) + ruidop(:,:)
    return
    end
    -----
    SUBROUTINE SPECTRAL
    ______
    subroutine spectral
    use pumamod
    Add adiabatic and diabatic tendencies - perform leapfrog
    The adiabatic tendencies are added using the semi implicit scheme
    Hoskins and Simmons 1975 (Q.J.R.Meteorol.Soc., 101, 637-655) (HS75)
    To compare the code directly with HS75 the following notes might
    be helpful (in addition to the comments below):
    Name rule for global arrays <abc>:
    a: representation (s=spectral, g=grid, z=local)
    b: variable (p=ln(ps), d=divergence, z=vorticity, t=temperature)
    c: modifier (m=previous timestep, p=present timestep, t=tendency)
    global arrays variable in time
    spt - pressure tendency HS75 (10)
    sdt - divergence tendency HS75 (8)
    szt - vorticity tendency
    stt - temperature tendency HS75 (9)
    spm - pressure at previous timestep
    sdm - divergence at previous timestep
    szm - vorticity at previous timestep
    stm - temperature at previous timestep
    spp - pressure at present timestep
    sdp - divergence at present timestep
    szp - vorticity at present timestep
    stp - temperature at present timestep
    global arrays constant in time
               = hyper diffusion- g* = orography as geopotential
    sak (NSPP)
    srp1(NSPP, NLEV) - Tr = radiative equilibrium temperature (annual mean)
    srp2(NSPP, NLEV) - Tr = radiative equilibrium temperature (annual cycle)
    nindex(NSPP) - n = total wavenumber n for spectral modes
    srcn(NSPP) - 1/Cn = 1.0 / (n * (n+1))
    damp(NLEV) 1/tau R = time constant for newtonian cooling
    fric(NLEV) 1/tau F = time constant for Rayleigh friction
    real zpm(NSPP)
                        ! new spm
```

```
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    real zdm (NSPP, NLEV) ! new sdm
    real zzm (NSPP, NLEV) ! new szm
    real ztm(NSPP, NLEV) ! new stm
    real zwp(NSPP)
                         ! timefilter delta pm
    real zwd(NSPP, NLEV) ! timefilter delta sd
    real zwz (NSPP, NLEV) ! timefilter delta sz
    real zwt (NSPP, NLEV) ! timefilter delta st
    real zsrp(NSPP)
                      ! restoring temperature (mean + annual cycle)
    real zgt (NSPP, NLEV) ! work array
    real,allocatable :: zstte(:,:,:) ! temp. tendencies for energy diag.
    real, allocatable :: zszte(:,:,:) ! vort. tendencies for energy recycling
     real, allocatable :: zsdte(:,:,:) ! div. tendencies for energy recycling
    real, allocatable :: zdps(:) ! surf pressure for energy diag
                                   ! surf pressure spectral
    real, allocatable :: zsp(:)
                                      ! surf pressure spectral
    real,allocatable :: zspf(:)
    real, allocatable :: zspt(:)
                                   ! surf pressure tendency
    real,allocatable :: zst(:,:)
                                      ! temperature for entropy diagnostics
    real,allocatable :: zstt(:,:)
                                      ! tem. tendencies for entropy diag.
     real,allocatable :: ztgp(:,:)
    real,allocatable :: zdtgp(:,:)
    real, allocatable :: zsum1(:)
    real,allocatable :: zgw(:)
    0. Special code for experiments with mode filtering
    if (lspecsel) call filter_spectral_modes
    1. Initialize local arrays
    zpm(:) = spp(:)
    zdm(:,:) = sdp(:,:)
    zzm(:,:) = szp(:,:)
    ztm(:,:) = stp(:,:)
    allocate diagnostic arrays if needed
    if(nenergy > 0 .or. nentropy > 0 .or. ndheat > 0) then
     allocate(zstte(NSPP, NLEV, 3))
    endif
    if(ndheat > 0) then
     allocate (zszte (NSPP, NLEV, 2))
     allocate (zsdte (NSPP, NLEV, 2))
    endif
    allocate and compute surface pressure if needed
    if(nenergy > 0 .or. nentropy > 0 .or. ndheat > 0) then
     allocate(zspt(NSPP))
     allocate(zsp(NSPP))
    endif
    2. Calculate divergence on timelevel t (sdt) HS75 (17)
       which will replace the divergence tendency sdt
        (semi implicit scheme)
        The vertical scheme has being changed to the ECMWF scheme
        (see e.g. Simmons and Burridge 1981, Mon. Wea. Rev., 109, 758-766).
       in this scheme, matrix xlphi (g) differs from that in HS75.
        z0 : reference temperature To
        zq : 1.0 / Cn
        zt : xlphi * script T - To * script P
        zm : xlphi * T
                            + To * ln(Ps)(t-dt)
         (note that phi is needed in HS75 (17) and, therefore,
        the surface geopotential phi* [sop] is added
```

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    do jlev=1, NLEV
       z0 = t0 (jlev)
        do jsp=1, NSPP
                                             ! 1.0 / (n * (n + 1))
           zq = srcn(jsp)
           zt = dot_product(xlphi(:,jlev),stt(jsp,:)) - z0 * spt(jsp)
           zm = dot_product(xlphi(:,jlev),stm(jsp,:)) + z0 * spm(jsp)
           za = sdt(jsp, jlev) * zq
           zb = sdm(jsp, jlev) * zq
           zgt(jsp, jlev) = zb + delt * (za + zm + sop(jsp) + zt * delt)
    enddo
    bm1 is the invers of matrix (1/cn I+B dt**2) (1hs HS75 (17))
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
        do jsp = 1 , NSPP
                                       ! total wavenumber n
           jn = nindex(jsp)
           sdt(jsp, jlev) = dot_product(zgt(jsp,:),bm1(:,jlev,jn))
    3. Calculate surface pressure tendency -ln(ps) HS75 (15)
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
       spt(:) = spt(:) + dsigma(jlev) * sdt(:, jlev)
    enddo
    4. Calculate temperature tendency HS75 (14)
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
     do jsp = 1 , NSPP
      stt(jsp, jlev)=stt(jsp, jlev)-dot_product(xlt(:, jlev), sdt(jsp,:))
     enddo
    enddo
    5. Add tendencies
    spp(:) = spm(:) - delt2 * spt(:)
                                          ! spt = -ln(ps) tendency
    sdp(:,:) = 2.0 * sdt(:,:) - sdm(:,:) ! sdt = sdm + delt * tend.
    szp(:,:) = delt2 * szt(:,:) + szm(:,:) ! vorticity
    stp(:,:) = delt2 * stt(:,:) + stm(:,:) ! temperature
    if(nenergy > 0) then
     zspt(:)=-spt(:)
     call mkenerdiag(stm, stt, spm, zspt, denergy(:,1))
    if(nentropy > 0) then
     call mkentrodiag(stm, stt, spm, dentropy(:,1))
    endif
    6. Calculate newtonian cooling, friction and biharmonic diffusion
       (srp-stp) * damp = (Tr'-T') / tau R = newtonian cooling srp1 = annual mean component
       srp2 = annual cycle component
        sak = diffusion
        fric = friction
       zampl = annual cycle
    zampl = cos((real(nstep)-pac)*tac)
    if (nhelsua == 0 .or. nhelsua == 1) then
       do jlev=1,NLEV
           zsrp(:)=srp1(:,jlev)+srp2(:,jlev)*zampl
           sdt(:,jlev) = sdp(:,jlev) * (sak(1:NSPP) - fric(jlev))
           szt(:,jlev) = szp(:,jlev) * (sak(1:NSPP) - fric(jlev))
           stt(:,jlev) = (zsrp(:) - stp(:,jlev)) * damp(jlev)
   &
                                           + stp(:, jlev) * sak(1:NSPP)
           if(nenergy > 0) then
```

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            zstte(:,jlev,2) = (zsrp(:)-stp(:,jlev))*damp(jlev)
           zstte(:,jlev,3)=stp(:,jlev)*sak(1:NSPP)
           endif
           if(ndheat > 0) then
           zsdte(:,jlev,1) = -sdp(:,jlev) * fric(jlev)
           zszte(:,jlev,1) = -szp(:,jlev) * fric(jlev)
           zsdte(:,jlev,2) = sdp(:,jlev) * sak(1:NSPP)
           zszte(:,jlev,2) = szp(:,jlev) * sak(1:NSPP)
          endif
       enddo
    elseif (nhelsua == 2 .or. nhelsua == 3 .or. ndiagp > 0) then
       if (ndiagp == 0) then
          call heatgp(zampl) ! stt(:,:) = Newtonian cooling
       else
          call diagp(zampl) ! stt(:,:) = Newtonian cooling
        endif
       if(nenergy > 0) then
        zstte(:,:,2)=stt(:,:)
       endif
       do jlev=1,NLEV
          sdt(:,jlev) = sdp(:,jlev) * (sak(1:NSPP) - fric(jlev))
           szt(:,jlev) = szp(:,jlev) * (sak(1:NSPP) - fric(jlev))
           stt(:,jlev) = stt(:,jlev) + stp(:,jlev) * sak(1:NSPP)
          if(nenergy > 0) then
           zstte(:, jlev, 3) = stp(:, jlev) *sak(1:NSPP)
           endif
          if(ndheat > 0) then
           zsdte(:,jlev,1) = -sdp(:,jlev) * fric(jlev)
            zszte(:,jlev,1) = -szp(:,jlev) * fric(jlev)
            zsdte(:,jlev,2) = sdp(:,jlev) * sak(1:NSPP)
           zszte(:,jlev,2) = szp(:,jlev) * sak(1:NSPP)
          endif
       enddo
    endif
        Conserve ln(ps) by forcing mode(0,0) to zero
       Correct vorticity by canceling the friction and diffusion
        applied to planetary vorticity
       Only root node processes the first NSPP modes
    if (nenergy > 0) then
     zspt(:)=0.
     call mkenerdiag(stp, zstte(:,:,2), spp, zspt, denergy(:,2))
     call mkenerdiag(stp,zstte(:,:,3),spp,zspt,denergy(:,3))
     endif
     if(nentropy > 0) then
     call mkentrodiag(stp,zstte(:,:,2),spp,dentropy(:,2))
     call mkentrodiag(stp,zstte(:,:,3),spp,dentropy(:,3))
    if(nenergy > 0 .or. nentropy > 0 .or. ndheat > 0) then
     zsp(:)=spp(:)
     zstte(:,:,1)=stt(:,:)
    endif
    if (mypid == NROOT) then
       spp(1) = 0.0
       spp(2) = 0.0
       szt(3,:) = szt(3,:) + plavor * (fric(:) - sak(3))
       if(ndheat > 0) then
        zszte(3,:,1) = zszte(3,:,1) + plavor * fric(:)
        zszte(3,:,2) = zszte(3,:,2) - plavor * sak(3)
       endif
    endif
     6b) call for vertical diffusion
    if (dvdiff > 0.) call vdiff(stp,szp,sdp,stt,szt,sdt)
```

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     recycle kin energy dissipation
    if(ndheat > 0) then
     call mkdheat(zszte(:,:,1),zszte(:,:,2)
                  ,zsdte(:,:,1),zsdte(:,:,2),zsp)
     endif
    if(nenergy > 0 .or. nentropy > 0) then
     zstte(:,:,1)=stt(:,:)-zstte(:,:,1)
     if(nenergy > 0) then
     call mkenerdiag(stp, zstte(:,:,1), zsp, zspt, denergy(:,4))
    if(nentropy > 0) then
      zstte(:,:,1)=stt(:,:)-zstte(:,:,1)
     call mkentrodiag(stp,zstte(:,:,1),zsp,dentropy(:,4))
     endif
    if(nenergy > 0 .or. nentropy > 0) then
      zstte(:,:,1)=0.
      zspt(:) = (spp(:) - zsp(:)) / delt2
    endif
     if(nenergy > 0) then
     call mkenerdiag(stp, zstte(:,:,1), zsp, zspt, denergy(:,8))
     if(nentropy > 0) then
     call mkentrodiag(stp, zstte(:,:,1), zsp, dentropy(:,8))
     endif
     diagnostics of efficiency
    if(ndheat > 1) then
      zcp=gascon/akap
      allocate (zst (NESP, NLEV))
      allocate(zstt(NESP, NLEV))
      allocate(zspf(NESP))
      allocate (ztgp (NHOR, NLEV))
      allocate (zdtqp (NHOR, NLEV))
      allocate (zdps (NHOR))
      allocate(zsum1(4))
      allocate (zgw (NHOR))
      ihor=0
      do jlat=1,NHPP
      do jlon=1, NLON*2
        ihor=ihor+1
        zgw(jhor)=gwd(jlat)
       enddo
      enddo
      call mpgallsp(zst, stp, NLEV)
      call mpgallsp(zstt, stt, NLEV)
      call mpgallsp(zspf,zsp,1)
      do jlev = 1 , NLEV
         call sp2fc(zst(1, jlev), ztgp(1, jlev))
         call sp2fc(zstt(1, jlev), zdtgp(1, jlev))
      call sp2fc(zspf,zdps)
      call fc2gp(ztgp, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
      call fc2gp(zdtgp, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
      call fc2gp(zdps,NLON,NLPP)
      zdps(:)=psurf*exp(zdps(:))
      zsum1(:)=0.
      do jlev=1, NLEV
      ztgp(:,jlev)=ct*(ztgp(:,jlev)+t0(jlev))
       zdtqp(:,jlev)=ct*ww_scale*zdtqp(:,jlev)
       zsum1(1)=zsum1(1)+SUM(zdtqp(:,jlev)*zqw(:)
```

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                            *zcp*zdps(:)/ga*dsigma(jlev)
                            , mask=(zdtgp(:,jlev) >= 0.))
      zsum1(2)=zsum1(2)+SUM(zdtgp(:,jlev)*zgw(:)
                                                                         δ
                            *zcp*zdps(:)/ga*dsigma(jlev)
                                                                         δ
                             , mask = (zdtgp(:, jlev) < 0.))
      zsum1(3) = zsum1(3) + SUM(zdtgp(:, jlev)/ztgp(:, jlev)*zgw(:)
                            *zcp*zdps(:)/ga*dsigma(jlev)
                            , mask=(zdtgp(:,jlev) >= 0.))
      zsum1(4) = zsum1(4) + SUM(zdtgp(:, jlev) / ztgp(:, jlev) * zgw(:)
                            *zcp*zdps(:)/ga*dsigma(jlev)
                            , mask=(zdtgp(:,jlev) < 0.))
     enddo
     zsum3=SUM(zqw(:))
     call mpsumbcr(zsum1, 4)
     call mpsumbcr(zsum3,1)
     zsum1(:)=zsum1(:)/zsum3
     if (mypid == NROOT) then
      ztp=zsum1(1)/zsum1(3)
      zztm=zsum1(2)/zsum1(4)
      write(9,*) zsum1(:),zsum1(1)/zsum1(3),zsum1(2)/zsum1(4)
                 ,(ztp-zztm)/ztp
     endif
     deallocate(zst)
     deallocate (zstt)
     deallocate (zspf)
     deallocate (ztgp)
     deallocate (zdps)
     deallocate (zdtqp)
     deallocate (zsum1)
     deallocate(zgw)
     endif
    7. Add newtonian cooling, friction and diffusion tendencies
    sdp(:,:) = sdp(:,:) + delt2 * sdt(:,:)
    szp(:,:) = szp(:,:) + delt2 * szt(:,:)
    stp(:,:) = stp(:,:) + delt2 * stt(:,:)
    11. Coupling for synchronization runs
    if (mrnum == 2 .and. nsync > 0) then
       call mrdiff(stp, std, NESP, NLEV)
       call mrdiff (sdp, sdd, NESP, NLEV)
       call mrdiff(szp, szd, NESP, NLEV)
       call mrdiff(spp, spd, NESP, 1)
       stp(:,:) = stp(:,:) + syncstr * std(:,:)
       sdp(:,:) = sdp(:,:) + syncstr * sdd(:,:)
       szp(:,:) = szp(:,:) + syncstr * szd(:,:)
       spp(:) = spp(:) + syncstr * spd(:)
    8. Apply Robert Asselin time filter (not for short initial timesteps)
       d(t) = pnu * f(t-1) + pnu * f(t+1) - 2 * pnu * f(t)
    if (nkits == 0) then
       zwp(:) = pnu * (spm(:) + spp(:) - 2.0 * zpm(:)
       zwd(:,:) = pnu * (sdm(:,:) + sdp(:,:) - 2.0 * zdm(:,:))
       zwz(:,:) = pnu * (szm(:,:) + szp(:,:) - 2.0 * zzm(:,:))
       zwt(:,:) = pnu * (stm(:,:) + stp(:,:) - 2.0 * ztm(:,:))
       Add Robert-Asselin-Williams filter value to f(t)
        spm(:) = zpm(:) + alpha * zwp(:)
        sdm(:,:) = zdm(:,:) + alpha * zwd(:,:)
        szm(:,:) = zzm(:,:) + alpha * zwz(:,:)
        stm(:,:) = ztm(:,:) + alpha * zwt(:,:)
       Add filter value to f(t+1)
```

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        spp(:) = spp(:) - (1.0 - alpha) * zwp(:)
        sdp(:,:) = sdp(:,:) - (1.0 - alpha) * zwd(:,:)
        szp(:,:) = szp(:,:) - (1.0 - alpha) * zwz(:,:) stp(:,:) = stp(:,:) - (1.0 - alpha) * zwt(:,:)
     if (nenergy > 0 .or. nentropy > 0) then
     zstte(:,:,1) = (stm(:,:)-ztm(:,:))/delt2
     zspt(:) = (spm(:) - zpm(:)) / delt2
     endif
     if(nenergy > 0) then
     call mkenerdiag(ztm, zstte(:,:,1), zpm, zspt, denergy(:,9))
     if (nentropy > 0) then
     call mkentrodiag(ztm, zstte(:,:,1), zpm, dentropy(:,9))
     endif
     9. Save spectral arrays for extended output
     if (nextout == 1 .and. mypid == NROOT) then
        if (mod(nstep, nafter) == nafter - 2) then
           if (.not. allocated(st2)) allocate(st2(nesp,nlev))
           st2(:,:) = st(:,:)
           if (.not. allocated(sp2)) allocate(sp2(nesp))
           sp2(:) = sp(:)
        endif
        if (mod(nstep,nafter) == nafter - 1) then
           if (.not. allocate(st1)) allocate(st1(nesp,nlev))
           st1(:,:) = st(:,:)
           if (.not. allocated(sp1)) allocate(sp1(nesp))
           sp1(:) = sp(:)
        endif
     endif
     10. Gather spectral modes from all processes
     call mpgallsp (sp, spp,
     call mpgallsp (sd, sdp, NLEV)
     call mpgallsp(sz,szp,NLEV)
     call mpgallsp(st,stp,NLEV)
     if(nenergy > 0 .or. nentropy > 0) then
     deallocate (zstte)
     endif
     if(ndheat > 0) then
      deallocate (zszte)
     deallocate (zsdte)
     if(nenergy > 0 .or. nentropy > 0 .or. ndheat > 0) then
     deallocate(zsp)
     deallocate (zspt)
     endif
     return
     subroutine mrcheck(f)
     use pumamod
     real :: f(*)
     write (nud, '(/,i3,8f8.4)') 0, f(1:16:2)
     write (nud, '(i3,8f8.4)') 8, f(17:32:2)
     write (nud, '( i3,8f8.4)') 16, f(33:48:2)
     write (nud, '(i3,8f8.4)') 24, f (49:64:2)
     write (nud, '(i3,8f8.4)') 32, f(65:80:2)
     return
     end
```

```
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                                                                      Page 58/68
      _____
      SUBROUTINE DIAGP
      _____
      subroutine diagp(zampl)
      use pumamod
      real :: zstf(NESP, NLEV)
      real :: zgr12(NHOR,NLEV)
      real :: zgtt(NHOR,NLEV)
      real :: gr12 (NHOR, NLEV)
      real :: gr12c(NHOR, NLEV)
      real :: gdtmp(NHOR)
      real :: zampl
      !--- transform temperature and divergence to grid point space
      call mpgallsp(st,stp,NLEV)
      if (nconv > 0) then
         call mpgallsp (sd, sdp, NLEV)
      do jlev=1,NLEV
         call sp2fc(st(1,jlev) ,gt(1,jlev) )
         if (nconv > 0) then
            call sp2fc(sd(1, jlev) , gd(1, jlev) )
         endif
      enddo
      call fc2gp(gt ,NLON,NLPP*NLEV)
      if (nconv > 0) then
         call fc2gp(gd ,NLON,NLPP*NLEV)
      endif
      !--- radiative temperature tendencies
      gr12(:,:) = gr1(:,:) + gr2(:,:)*zampl
      zgtt(:,:) = (gr12(:,:) - gt(:,:))*gtdamp(:,:)
       --- add convective temperature tendencies
      if (nconv > 0) then
         gdtmp(:) = gd(:, nlev)
         do ilev = 1, nlev
            where (gdtmp < 0.0)</pre>
               gr12c(:,jlev) = gr1c(:,jlev) + gr2c(:,jlev)*zampl
               zgtt(:,jlev) = zgtt(:,jlev) + (gr12c(:,jlev) - gt(:,jlev))*gtdam
pc(:,jlev)
            endwhere
         enddo
      endif
      !--- transform temperature tendencies to spectral space
      call gp2fc(zgtt , NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
      do jlev=1, NLEV
        call fc2sp(zgtt(1, jlev), zstf(1, jlev))
      call mpsumsc(zstf, stt, NLEV)
      end subroutine diagp
      SUBROUTINE HEATGP
      _____
      subroutine heatgp(zampl)
      use pumamod
      real :: zsr12 (NESP, NLEV)
```

```
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                                                                        Page 59/68
     real :: zsrp12(NSPP, NLEV)
     real :: zstf(NESP, NLEV)
    real :: zgr12 (NHOR, NLEV)
    real :: zgtt(NHOR, NLEV)
    real :: zampl
     zsrp12(:,:)=srp1(:,:)+srp2(:,:)*zampl
    call mpgallsp(zsr12,zsrp12,NLEV)
    call mpgallsp(st,stp,NLEV)
     do jlev=1, NLEV
        call sp2fc(zsr12(1, jlev), zgr12(1, jlev))
        call sp2fc(st(1,jlev) ,gt(1,jlev) )
    call fc2gp(zgr12, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     call fc2gp (gt , NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
    Newtonian cooling
     zgtt(:,:) = (zgr12(:,:) - gt(:,:)) * gtdamp(:,:)
     call gp2fc(zgtt , NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     do jlev=1, NLEV
        call fc2sp(zgtt(1, jlev), zstf(1, jlev))
     call mpsumsc(zstf, stt, NLEV)
    return
     end
     ______
     SUBROUTINE VDIFF
     _____
     subroutine Vdiff(pt,pz,pd,ptt,pzt,pdt)
    use pumamod
    parameter(ztref=250.)
     real pt(NSPP, NLEV), pz(NSPP, NLEV), pd(NSPP, NLEV)
     real ptt (NSPP, NLEV), pzt (NSPP, NLEV), pdt (NSPP, NLEV)
     real ztn (NSPP, NLEV), zzn (NSPP, NLEV), zdn (NSPP, NLEV)
    real zebs (NLEM)
    real zskap (NLEV), zskaph (NLEV)
     real zkdiff(NLEM)
     zdelt=delt2/ww scale
     zkonst1=ga*zdelt/gascon
    zkonst2=zkonst1*ga/gascon
     zskap(:) = sigma(:) **akap
    zskaph(:)=sigmh(:)**akap
     1) modified diffusion coefficents
    do jlev=1, NLEM
      jlp=jlev+1
      zkdiff(jlev) = zkonst2*sigmh(jlev) *sigmh(jlev) / (ztref*ztref)
                   *dvdiff/(sigma(jlp)-sigma(jlev))
    æ
    enddo
    2. semi implicit scheme
     2a momentum
     top layer elimination
    zebs(1) = zkdiff(1) / (dsigma(1) + zkdiff(1))
     zdn(:,1) = dsigma(1) *pd(:,1) / (dsigma(1) + zkdiff(1))
     zzn(:,1) = dsigma(1) *pz(:,1) / (dsigma(1) + zkdiff(1))
```

```
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     middle layer elimination
     do jlev=2, NLEM
      jlem=jlev-1
      zebs(jlev) = zkdiff(jlev) / (dsigma(jlev) + zkdiff(jlev)
                +zkdiff(jlem) * (1.-zebs(jlem)))
      zdn(:,jlev) = (pd(:,jlev) *dsigma(jlev) +zkdiff(jlem) *zdn(:,jlem))
                  /(dsigma(jlev)+zkdiff(jlev)
                  +zkdiff(jlem) * (1.-zebs(jlem)))
      zzn(:,jlev) = (pz(:,jlev) *dsigma(jlev) +zkdiff(jlem) *zzn(:,jlem))
                 /(dsigma(jlev)+zkdiff(jlev)
                  +zkdiff(jlem) * (1.-zebs(jlem)))
     enddo
    bottom layer elimination
     zdn(:, NLEV) = (pd(:, NLEV) *dsigma(NLEV) +zkdiff(NLEM) *zdn(:, NLEM))
                /(dsigma(NLEV)+zkdiff(NLEM)*(1.-zebs(NLEM)))
     zzn(:, NLEV) = (pz(:, NLEV) *dsigma(NLEV) +zkdiff(NLEM) *zzn(:, NLEM))
                /(dsigma(NLEV)+zkdiff(NLEM)*(1.-zebs(NLEM)))
     back-substitution
     do jlev=NLEM, 1, -1
      jlep=jlev+1
      zdn(:,jlev)=zdn(:,jlev)+zebs(jlev)*zdn(:,jlep)
      zzn(:, jlev) = zzn(:, jlev) + zebs(jlev) * zzn(:, jlep)
     tendencies
     pdt(:,1:NLEV) = pdt(:,1:NLEV) + (zdn(:,1:NLEV) - pd(:,1:NLEV)) / delt2
    pzt(:,1:NLEV) = pzt(:,1:NLEV) + (zzn(:,1:NLEV) - pz(:,1:NLEV)) / delt2
     2c potential temperature
     do jlev=1, NLEM
      zkdiff(jlev)=zkdiff(jlev)*zskaph(jlev)
     enddo
     semi implicit scheme
     top layer elimination
     zebs(1) = zkdiff(1) / (dsigma(1) + zkdiff(1) / zskap(1))
     ztn(:,1) = dsigma(1) *pt(:,1) / (dsigma(1) + zkdiff(1) / zskap(1))
     middle layer elimination
     do jlev=2, NLEM
      jlem=jlev-1
      zebs(jlev) = zkdiff(jlev) / (dsigma(jlev) + (zkdiff(jlev)
                 +zkdiff(jlem) * (1.-zebs(jlem)/zskap(jlem)))/zskap(jlev))
      ztn(:,jlev) = (pt(:,jlev) *dsigma(jlev)
                   +zkdiff(jlem)/zskap(jlem)*ztn(:,jlem))
    &
                  /(dsigma(jlev)+(zkdiff(jlev)
                   +zkdiff(jlem) * (1.-zebs(jlem)/zskap(jlem)))
    æ
                   /zskap(jlev))
     enddo
    bottom layer elimination
     ztn(:,NLEV) = (pt(:,NLEV) *dsigma(NLEV)
                  +zkdiff(NLEM)*ztn(:, NLEM)/zskap(NLEM))
    &
                 /(dsigma(NLEV)+zkdiff(NLEM)/zskap(NLEV)
    &
                                *(1.-zebs(NLEM)/zskap(NLEM)))
     back-substitution
```

```
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    do jlev=NLEM, 1, -1
     jlep=jlev+1
     ztn(:, jlev) = ztn(:, jlev) + zebs(jlev) * ztn(:, jlep) / zskap(jlep)
    tendencies
    ptt(:,1:NLEV) = ptt(:,1:NLEV) + (ztn(:,1:NLEV) - pt(:,1:NLEV)) / delt2
    end subroutine Vdiff
    _____
    SUBROUTINE GASDEV
     _____
    Gaussian noise generator with zero mean and unit variance.
    real function gasdev()
    use pumamod
    implicit none
    real :: fr, vx, vy, ra
    if (ganext == 0.0) then
        ra = 2.0
       do while (ra >= 1.0 .or. ra < 1.0e-20)
          call random number (vx)
          call random_number(vy)
          vx = 2.0 * vx - 1.0
          vy = 2.0 * vy - 1.0
          ra = vx * vx + vy * vy
        enddo
        fr = sqrt(-2.0 * log(ra) / ra)
        gasdev = vx * fr
        ganext = vy * fr
    else
        gasdev = ganext
        ganext = 0.0
    endif
    return
    end
     _____
    SUBROUTINE SPONGE
     ______
    subroutine Sponge
    use pumamod
    real :: zp
    This introduces a simple sponge layer to the highest model levels
    by applying Rayleigh friction there, according to
    Polvani & Kushner (2002, GRL), see their appendix.
    write (nud, *)
    write (nud, 9991)
    write (nud, 9997)
    write (nud, 9991)
    write (nud, 9996)
    write (nud, 9991)
    do jlev=1, NLEV
        zp = sigma(jlev)*psurf
       if (zp < pspon) then</pre>
           fric(jlev) = (dcsponge * sol_day &
                      * ((pspon - zp) / pspon) **2) / TWOPI
        endi f
```

```
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          some output
         if (zp > pspon) then
            if (fric(jlev) == 0) then
                write(nud, 9992) jlev
                write (nud, 9993) jlev, fric (jlev) *TWOPI
             endif
         else
             if (fric(jlev) == 0) then
                 write(nud, 9994) jlev
                write (nud, 9995) jlev, fric (jlev) *TWOPI
         endif
      enddo
      write (nud, 9991)
      write (nud, *)
      return
9991 format(33('*'))
9991 format(33(""))
9992 format(",i4,"*,7('-'),"* *')
9993 format(",i4,"*,7('-'),"*," SPONGE *')
9994 format(",i4,"*,7('-'),"*," SPONGE *')
9995 format(",i4,"*,f7.4,"*', SPONGE *')
9996 format("Lv*[1/day]* *')
9997 format ('* Rayleigh damping coefficients *')
      end
      _____
      SUBROUTINE MKENERDIAG
      _____
      subroutine mkenerdiag(pst,pstt,psp,pspt,penergy)
      use pumamod
      real :: pst(NSPP, NLEV), pstt(NSPP, NLEV)
      real :: psp(NSPP),pspt(NSPP)
      real :: penergy (NHOR)
      real :: zsttf(NESP, NLEV), zstf(NESP, NLEV)
     real :: zsptf(NESP),zspf(NESP)
      real :: zgtt(NHOR, NLEV), zgt(NHOR, NLEV)
      real :: zgps(NHOR), zgpst(NHOR)
      real :: ztm(NHOR)
      zcp=gascon/akap
      zdelt=delt2/ww_scale
      call mpgallsp(zsttf,pstt,NLEV)
      call mpgallsp(zstf,pst,NLEV)
      call mpgallsp(zsptf,pspt,1)
      call mpgallsp(zspf,psp,1)
      do jlev=1,NLEV
       call sp2fc(zsttf(:,jlev),zgtt(:,jlev))
       call sp2fc(zstf(:,jlev),zgt(:,jlev))
      enddo
      call sp2fc(zsptf,zgpst)
      call sp2fc(zspf,zgps)
      call fc2gp(zgtt, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
      call fc2gp(zgt, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
      call fc2gp(zgps, NLON, NLPP)
      call fc2gp(zgpst,NLON,NLPP)
      zqpst(:)=psurf*(exp(zqps(:)+delt2*zqpst(:))-exp(zqps(:)))/zdelt
      zgps(:)=psurf*exp(zgps(:))+zdelt*zgpst(:)
      zgtt(:,:)=ct*ww_scale*zgtt(:,:)
      do jlev=1, NLEV
       zgt(:,jlev)=ct*(zgt(:,jlev)+t0(jlev))
```

```
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     enddo
    ztm(:)=0.
    penergy(:)=0.
    do jlev=1, NLEV
     ztm(:) = ztm(:) + zgt(:, jlev) * dsigma(jlev)
     penergy(:) =penergy(:) +zgtt(:, jlev) *dsigma(jlev)
    penergy(:)=ztm(:)*zcp*zgpst(:)/ga
               +penergy(:)*zcp*zgps(:)/ga
    return
    end
     ______
    SUBROUTINE MKENTRODIAG
    _____
    subroutine mkentrodiag(pst,pstt,psp,pentropy)
    use pumamod
    real :: pst(NSPP, NLEV), pstt(NSPP, NLEV)
    real :: psp(NSPP)
    real :: pentropy(NHOR)
    real :: zsttf(NESP, NLEV), zstf(NESP, NLEV)
    real :: zspf(NESP)
    real :: zgtt(NHOR, NLEV), zgt(NHOR, NLEV)
    real :: zgps(NHOR)
    zcp=gascon/akap
    call mpgallsp(zsttf,pstt,NLEV)
    call mpgallsp(zstf,pst,NLEV)
    call mpgallsp(zspf,psp,1)
    do jlev=1, NLEV
     call sp2fc(zsttf(:,jlev),zgtt(:,jlev))
     call sp2fc(zstf(:,jlev),zgt(:,jlev))
    enddo
    call sp2fc(zspf,zgps)
    call fc2gp(zgtt, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
    call fc2gp(zgt, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
    call fc2gp(zgps, NLON, NLPP)
    zqps(:)=psurf*exp(zqps(:))
    zgtt(:,:)=ct*ww_scale*zgtt(:,:)
    do ilev=1.NLEV
     zgt(:,jlev)=ct*(zgt(:,jlev)+t0(jlev))
    enddo
    pentropy(:)=0.
    do jlev=1, NLEV
     pentropy(:) = pentropy(:) + zqtt(:, jlev) * dsigma(jlev) / zqt(:, jlev)
    enddo
    pentropy(:) =pentropy(:) *zcp*zgps(:)/ga
    return
    end
     _____
    SUBROUTINE MKDHEAT
    subroutine mkdheat(zszt1, zszt2, zsdt1, zsdt2, zsp)
    use pumamod
    'recycle' kin. energy loss by heating the environment
     zszt1/zsdt1 : vorticity/divergence tendency due to friction
```

```
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     zszt2/zsdt2: vorticity/divergence tendency fue to diffusion
                  : surface pressure
     real zszt1 (NSPP, NLEV), zszt2 (NSPP, NLEV)
     real zsdt1(NSPP, NLEV), zsdt2(NSPP, NLEV)
     real zsp(NSPP)
     real zp (NHOR)
     real zsd(NESP, NLEV), zsz(NESP, NLEV)
     real zspf(NESP), zspt(NSPP)
     real zsdp(NSPP, NLEV), zszp(NSPP, NLEV)
     real zu (NHOR, NLEV), zun (NHOR, NLEV), zdu1 (NHOR, NLEV), zdu2 (NHOR, NLEV)
     real zv(NHOR, NLEV), zvn(NHOR, NLEV), zdv1(NHOR, NLEV), zdv2(NHOR, NLEV)
     real zdtdt1(NHOR, NLEV), zdtdt2(NHOR, NLEV), zdtdt3(NHOR, NLEV)
     real zdtdt (NHOR, NLEV), zdekin (NHOR, NLEV)
     real zsde (NSPP, NLEV), zsdef (NESP, NLEV)
     real zstt(NSPP, NLEV), zstf(NESP, NLEV)
     real zstt1(NSPP, NLEV), zstf1(NESP, NLEV), zstt3(NSPP, NLEV)
     real zstt2(NSPP, NLEV), zstf2(NESP, NLEV), zstf3(NESP, NLEV)
     some constants
     zdelt=delt2/ww scale
                                ! timestep in s
     zcp=gascon/akap
                         ! heat capacity
     'recycle' friction
     a) gather the 'partial' field of z and d\mbox{,} and make u and v
        at old time level
     zsdp(:,:)=sdp(:,:)
     zszp(:,:)=szp(:,:)
     call mpgallsp(zsd,zsdp,NLEV)
     call mpgallsp(zsz,zszp,NLEV)
     do jlev = 1 , NLEV
        call dv2uv(zsd(1, jlev), zsz(1, jlev), zu(1, jlev), zv(1, jlev))
     call fc2gp(zu, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     call fc2gp (zv, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     b) add fricton tendencies and create new u and v
     zsdp(:,:) = sdp(:,:) + zsdt1(:,:) *delt2
     zszp(:,:)=szp(:,:)+zszt1(:,:)*delt2
     call mpgallsp (zsd, zsdp, NLEV)
     call mpgallsp(zsz,zszp,NLEV)
     do ilev = 1 , NLEV
        call dv2uv(zsd(1, jlev), zsz(1, jlev), zun(1, jlev), zvn(1, jlev))
     call fc2gp (zun, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     call fc2gp (zvn, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     c) compute temperature tendency
     do jlev=1,NLEV
      zu(:, jlev) = cv*zu(:, jlev) *SQRT(rcsq(:))
      zv(:,jlev)=cv*zv(:,jlev)*SQRT(rcsq(:))
      zun(:,jlev)=cv*zun(:,jlev)*SQRT(rcsq(:))
      zvn(:,jlev)=cv*zvn(:,jlev)*SQRT(rcsq(:))
      zdu1(:,jlev) = zun(:,jlev) - zu(:,jlev)
      zdv1(:,jlev) = zvn(:,jlev) - zv(:,jlev)
      zdtdt1(:,jlev) = -(zun(:,jlev)*zun(:,jlev)
                       -zu(:, jlev) *zu(:, jlev)
    &
                                                                             S.
                       +zvn(:,jlev)*zvn(:,jlev)
    &
                       -zv(:, jlev) *zv(:, jlev)) *0.5/zdelt/zcp
     enddo
```

```
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     'recycle' momentum diffusion
     a) add tendencies and create new u and v and get surface pressure
     zsdp(:,:) = sdp(:,:) + zsdt2(:,:) *delt2
     zszp(:,:) = szp(:,:) + zszt2(:,:) *delt2
     call mpgallsp(zsd,zsdp,NLEV)
    call mpgallsp(zsz,zszp,NLEV)
     call mpgallsp(zspf,zsp,1)
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
        call dv2uv(zsd(1, jlev), zsz(1, jlev), zun(1, jlev), zvn(1, jlev))
    call fc2gp(zun, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
    call fc2gp(zvn,NLON,NLPP*NLEV)
    call sp2fc(zspf,zp)
    call fc2gp(zp,NLON,NLPP)
     zp(:)=psurf*exp(zp(:))

 b) compute loss of kinetic energy

        (note: only the global average change of kin. e. is 'lost'
         the other changes are just diffusion)
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
      zun(:, jlev) = cv*zun(:, jlev) *SQRT(rcsq(:))
      zvn(:,jlev)=cv*zvn(:,jlev)*SQRT(rcsq(:))
      zdu2(:,jlev)=zun(:,jlev)-zu(:,jlev)
      zdv2(:,jlev)=zvn(:,jlev)-zv(:,jlev)
      zdekin(:,jlev) = (zun(:,jlev)*zun(:,jlev)
                     -zu(:,jlev)*zu(:,jlev)
    &
                      +zvn(:,jlev)*zvn(:,jlev)
                     -zv(:,jlev)*zv(:,jlev))*0.5/zdelt
    &
                     *zp(:)/ga*dsigma(jlev)
    ď
    enddo
    c) get the global average and transform it back
     call gp2fc(zdekin, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     do jlev=1, NLEV
     call fc2sp(zdekin(:, jlev), zsdef(:, jlev))
     call mpsumsc(zsdef,zsde,NLEV)
     call mpgallsp(zsdef,zsde,NLEV)
    zsdef(2:NESP,:)=0.
     do jlev = 1 , NLEV
        call sp2fc(zsdef(1, jlev), zdekin(1, jlev))
    enddo
    call fc2gp(zdekin,NLON,NLPP*NLEV)
     d) compute temperature tendency
    do jlev=1, NLEV
     zdtdt2(:,jlev)=-zdekin(:,jlev)*ga/zp(:)/dsigma(jlev)/zcp
      zdtdt3(:,jlev) = -(zdu1(:,jlev)*zdu2(:,jlev)
                      +zdv1(:, jlev)*zdv2(:, jlev))/zdelt/zcp
     enddo
     zdtdt1(:,:)=zdtdt1(:,:)/ct/ww_scale
     zdtdt2(:,:)=zdtdt2(:,:)/ct/ww_scale
    zdtdt3(:,:)=zdtdt3(:,:)/ct/ww_scale
     call gp2fc(zdtdt1,NLON,NLPP*NLEV)
     call gp2fc(zdtdt2, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     call gp2fc(zdtdt3, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     do jlev=1, NLEV
     call fc2sp(zdtdt1(:,jlev),zstf1(:,jlev))
      call fc2sp(zdtdt2(:, jlev), zstf2(:, jlev))
      call fc2sp(zdtdt3(:,jlev),zstf3(:,jlev))
```

```
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     call mpsumsc(zstf1, zstt1, NLEV)
     call mpsumsc(zstf2, zstt2, NLEV)
     call mpsumsc(zstf3,zstt3,NLEV)
     add the temprature tendencies
     stt(:,:)=stt(:,:)+zstt1(:,:)+zstt2(:,:)+zstt3(:,:)
     energy diagnostics
     if(nenergy > 0) then
      zspt(:)=0.
      call mkenerdiag(stp, zstt1, zsp, zspt, denergy(:,5))
      call mkenerdiag(stp, zstt2, zsp, zspt, denergy(:, 6))
      call mkenerdiag(stp,zstt3,zsp,zspt,denergy(:,7))
     endif
     if(nentropy > 0) then
     call mkentrodiag(stp, zstt1, zsp, dentropy(:,5))
      call mkentrodiag(stp, zstt2, zsp, dentropy(:, 6))
      call mkentrodiag(stp, zstt3, zsp, dentropy(:, 7))
     endif
     return
     end subroutine mkdheat
     SUBROUTINE MKEKIN
     _____
     subroutine mkekin(zszp, zsdp, zp, zekin)
     use pumamod
     real zszp(NSPP, NLEV), zsdp(NSPP, NLEV)
     real zp(NHOR), zekin(NHOR)
     real zsd(NESP, NLEV), zsz(NESP, NLEV)
     real zu(NHOR, NLEV), zv(NHOR, NLEV)
     some constants
     zdelt=delt2/ww_scale
                               ! timestep in s
     zcp=gascon/akap
                        ! heat capacity
     call mpgallsp(zsd,zsdp,NLEV)
     call mpgallsp(zsz,zszp,NLEV)
     do jlev = 1 , NLEV
        call dv2uv(zsd(1, jlev), zsz(1, jlev), zu(1, jlev), zv(1, jlev))
     call fc2gp(zu, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     call fc2gp(zv, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
     zekin(:)=0.
     do jlev = 1 , NLEV
      zu(:,jlev)=cv*zu(:,jlev)*SQRT(rcsq(:))
      zv(:, jlev) = cv*zv(:, jlev) *SQRT(rcsq(:))
      zekin(:) = (zu(:, jlev) * zu(:, jlev) + zv(:, jlev) * zv(:, jlev)) * 0.5
               *zp(:)/ga*dsigma(jlev)+zekin(:)
     enddo
     return
     subroutine mkekin2(zszp,zsdp,zspp,zekin)
     use pumamod
     real zszp (NSPP, NLEV), zsdp (NSPP, NLEV), zspp (NSPP)
     real zp(NHOR), zekin(NHOR)
```

```
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                                                                      Page 67/68
     real zsd(NESP, NLEV), zsz(NESP, NLEV), zsp(NESP)
    real zu (NHOR, NLEV), zv (NHOR, NLEV)
     some constants
    zdelt=delt2/ww_scale
                               ! timestep in s
    zcp=gascon/akap
                       ! heat capacity
    call mpgallsp(zsd,zsdp,NLEV)
    call mpgallsp(zsz,zszp,NLEV)
    call mpgallsp(zsp,zspp,NLEV)
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
        call dv2uv(zsd(1, jlev), zsz(1, jlev), zu(1, jlev), zv(1, jlev))
    call sp2fc(zsp,zp)
    call fc2gp(zu, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
    call fc2gp(zv, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
    call fc2gp(zp,NLON,NLPP)
    zp(:) = psurf*exp(zp(:))
    zekin(:)=0.
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
     zu(:, jlev) = cv*zu(:, jlev) *SQRT(rcsq(:))
     zv(:,jlev) = cv*zv(:,jlev) *SQRT(rcsq(:))
     zekin(:) = (zu(:, jlev) * zu(:, jlev) + zv(:, jlev) * zv(:, jlev)) * 0.5
              *zp(:)/ga*dsigma(jlev)+zekin(:)
    enddo
    return
    end
     _____
     SUBROUTINE MKEPOT
     _____
     subroutine mkepot(zstp, zp, zepot)
    use pumamod
    real zstp(NSPP, NLEV)
    real zp (NHOR), zepot (NHOR)
    real zst (NESP, NLEV)
    real zt (NHOR, NLEV)
    some constants
    zdelt=delt2/ww_scale
                            ! timestep in s
    zcp=gascon/akap
                       ! heat capacity
    call mpgallsp(zst,zstp,NLEV)
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
     call sp2fc(zst(1, jlev), zt(1, jlev))
    enddo
    call fc2gp(zt,NLON,NLPP*NLEV)
    zepot(:)=0.
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
     zt(:,jlev)=ct*(zt(:,jlev)+t0(jlev))
     zepot(:)=zt(:,jlev)*zcp &
              *zp(:)/ga*dsigma(jlev)+zepot(:)
    æ
    enddo
    return
    subroutine mkepot2(zstp, zspp, zepot)
    use pumamod
    real zstp(NSPP, NLEV), zspp(NSPP)
```

```
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                                                                       Page 68/68
     real zp(NHOR), zepot(NHOR)
     real zst (NESP, NLEV), zsp (NESP)
    real zt (NHOR, NLEV)
     some constants
     zdelt=delt2/ww_scale
                               ! timestep in s
                       ! heat capacity
    zcp=gascon/akap
     call mpgallsp(zst,zstp,NLEV)
    call mpgallsp(zsp, zspp, 1)
     do jlev = 1 , NLEV
     call sp2fc(zst(1, jlev), zt(1, jlev))
     enddo
     call sp2fc(zsp,zp)
     call fc2gp(zt, NLON, NLPP*NLEV)
    call fc2gp(zp,NLON,NLPP)
    zp(:) = psurf*exp(zp(:))
    zepot(:)=0.
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
     zt(:,jlev)=ct*(zt(:,jlev)+t0(jlev))
     zepot(:)=zt(:,jlev)*zcp &
              *zp(:)/ga*dsigma(jlev)+zepot(:)
    enddo
    return
     end
```

```
legsym.f90
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                                                                     Page 1/10
! * module legsym - direct and indirect Legendre transformation routines *
! * using symmetric and antisymmetric fourier coefficients
! * E. Kirk 08-Sep-2010 tested for T21 - T682 resolutions 32 & 64 bit
module legsym
! *******
! * Legendre Polynomials *
integer :: ntru
integer :: ntp1
integer :: ncsp
integer :: nesp
integer :: nlon
integer :: nlpp
integer :: nhpp
integer :: nlat
integer :: nlev
real :: plavor
      , allocatable :: qi(:,:) ! P(m,n) = Associated Legendre Polynomials
      , allocatable :: qj(:,:) ! Q(m,n) = Used for d/d(mu)
real
real
     , allocatable :: qc(:,:) ! P(m,n) * gwd
                                                           used in fc2sp
     , allocatable :: qe(:,:) ! Q(mn,) * gwd / cos2
real
                                                           used in mktend
      , allocatable :: qq(:,:) ! P(m,n) * gwd / cos2 * n * (n+1) / 2 "
real
real
      , allocatable :: qu(:,:) ! P(m,n) / (n*(n+1)) * m used in dv2uv
      , allocatable :: qv(:,:) ! Q(m,n) / (n*(n+1))
                                                           used in dv2uv
real
complex, allocatable :: qx(:,:) ! P(m,n) * qwd / cos2 * m used in mktend
end module legsym
/ =========
! SUBROUTINE LEGINI
/ =========
subroutine legini(klat, klpp, kesp, klev, vorpla, sid, gwd)
use legsym
implicit none
integer :: klat
integer :: klpp
integer :: kesp
integer :: klev
real :: vorpla ! planetary vorticity
real (kind=8) :: sid(*) ! sin(phi)
real (kind=8) :: gwd(*) ! Gaussian weight (phi)
integer :: jlat ! Latitude
integer :: lm
integer :: m
integer :: n
real (kind=8) :: amsq
real (kind=8) :: z1
real (kind=8) :: z2
real (kind=8) :: z3
real (kind=8) :: f1m
real (kind=8) :: f2m
real (kind=8) :: znn1
real (kind=8) :: zsin ! sin
real (kind=8) :: zcsq ! cos2
real (kind=8) :: zcos ! cos
real (kind=8) :: zgwd
                       ! gw
real (kind=8) :: zgwdcsq ! gw / cos2
real (kind=8) :: zpli(kesp)
real (kind=8) :: zpld(kesp)
```

```
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                                                                       Page 2/10
nlat = klat
nlpp = klpp
nhpp = klpp / 2
nlon = klat + klat
ntru = (nlon - 1) /3
ntp1 = ntru + 1
ncsp = ((ntru + 1) * (ntru + 2)) / 2
nesp = kesp
nlev = klev
plavor = vorpla
allocate (qi (ncsp, nhpp))
allocate (qj (ncsp, nhpp))
allocate (qc (ncsp, nhpp))
allocate (qe (ncsp, nhpp))
allocate (qx (ncsp, nhpp))
allocate (qq (ncsp, nhpp))
allocate (qu (ncsp, nhpp))
allocate (qv (ncsp, nhpp))
do jlat = 1 , nhpp
! set p(0,0) and p(0,1)
   zgwd = gwd(jlat)
                                   ! gaussian weight - from inigau
   zsin = sid(jlat)
                                  ! sin(phi) - from inigau
   zcsq = 1.0_8 - zsin * zsin ! cos(phi) squared
   zgwdcsq = zgwd / zcsq
                                  ! weight / cos squared
   zcos = sqrt(zcsq)
                                  ! cos(phi)
         = sqrt(1.5_8)
   f1m
   zpli(1) = sqrt(0.5_8)
   zpli(2) = flm * zsin
   zpld(1) = 0.0
        = 2
! loop over wavenumbers
   do m = 0 , ntru
      if (m > 0) then
        lm = lm + 1
        f2m = -f1m * sqrt(zcsq / (m+m))
        f1m = f2m * sqrt(m+m + 3.0_8)
         zpli(lm) = f2m
         if (lm < ncsp) then</pre>
           lm = lm + 1
            zpli(lm ) =
                               flm * zsin
           zpld(lm-1) = -m * f2m * zsin
         endif ! (lm < ncsp)</pre>
      endif ! (m > 0)
      amsq = m * m
      do n = m+2 , ntru
        lm = lm + 1
         z1 = sqrt(((n-1)*(n-1) - amsq) / (4*(n-1)*(n-1)-1))
         z2 = z\sin * zpli(lm-1) - z1 * zpli(lm-2)
         zpli(lm) = z2 * sqrt((4*n*n-1) / (n*n-amsq))
         zpld(lm-1) = (1-n) * z2 + n * z1 * zpli(lm-2)
      enddo ! n
      if (lm < ncsp) then ! mode (m,ntru)</pre>
         z3 = sqrt((ntru*ntru-amsq) / (4*ntru*ntru-1))
         zpld(lm) = -ntru*zsin*zpli(lm) + (ntru+ntru+1)*zpli(lm-1)*z3
      else
                          ! mode (ntru,ntru)
         zpld(lm) =-ntru*zsin*zpli(lm)
      endif
   enddo / m
```

```
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                                                                     Page 3/10
  lm = 0
  do m = 0 , ntru
     do n = m , ntru
          lm = lm + 1
           znn1 = 0.0
          if (n > 0) znn1 = 1.0_8 / (n*(n+1))
          qi(lm, jlat) = zpli(lm)
          qj(lm, jlat) = zpld(lm)
           qc(lm, jlat) = zpli(lm) * zgwd
           qu(lm, jlat) = zpli(lm) * znn1 * m
           qv(lm,jlat) = zpld(lm) * znn1
          qe(lm, jlat) = zpld(lm) * zgwdcsq
           qq(lm, jlat) = zpli(lm) * zgwdcsq * n * (n+1) * 0.5_8
           qx(lm, jlat) = zpli(lm) * zgwdcsq * m * (0.0, 1.0)
      enddo ! n
  enddo ! m
enddo ! ilat
return
end
/ ______
! SUBROUTINE FC2SP
! ========
subroutine fc2sp(fc,sp)
use legsym
implicit none
complex, intent(in) :: fc(nlon,nhpp)
complex, intent(out) :: sp(nesp/2)
integer :: 1 ! Index for latitude
integer :: m ! Index for zonal wavenumber
integer :: w ! Index for spherical harmonic
integer :: e ! Index for last wavenumber
sp(:) = (0.0, 0.0)
do 1 = 1 , nhpp
  w = 1
  do m = 1 , ntp1
    e = w + ntp1 - m
     sp(w : e:2) = sp(w : e:2) + qc(w : e:2,1) * (fc(m,1) + fc(m+nlat,1))
     sp(w+1:e:2) = sp(w+1:e:2) + qc(w+1:e:2,1) * (fc(m,1) - fc(m+nlat,1))
     w = e + 1
  enddo ! m
enddo ! 1
return
end
! SUBROUTINE SP2FC
/ -----
subroutine sp2fc(sp,fc) ! Spectral to Fourier
use legsym
implicit none
                      ! Coefficients of spherical harmonics
complex :: sp(ncsp)
complex :: fc(nlon,nhpp) ! Fourier coefficients
integer :: 1 ! Loop index for latitude
integer :: m ! Loop index for zonal wavenumber m
integer :: w ! Index for spectral mode
integer :: e ! Index for last wavenumber
complex :: fs,fa
```

```
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fc(:,:) = (0.0,0.0)
do 1 = 1 , nhpp
  w = 1
  do m = 1 , ntp1
   e = w + ntp1 - m
    fs = dot product(gi(w :e:2,1),sp(w :e:2))
    fa = dot_product(qi(w+1:e:2,1), sp(w+1:e:2))
    fc(m , 1) = fs + fa
   fc(m+nlat, 1) = fs - fa
   w = e + 1
 enddo ! m
enddo ! 7
return
end
! ==========
! SUBROUTINE SP2FCDMU
/ ===========
subroutine sp2fcdmu(sp,fc) ! Spectral to Fourier d/dmu
use legsym
implicit none
complex :: sp(ncsp)
                         ! Coefficients of spherical harmonics
complex :: fc(nlon,nhpp) ! Fourier coefficients
integer :: 1 ! Loop index for latitude
integer :: m ! Loop index for zonal wavenumber m
integer :: w ! Index for spectral mode
integer :: e ! Index for last wavenumber
complex :: fs,fa
fc(:,:) = (0.0,0.0)
do 1 = 1 , nhpp
 w = 1
  do m = 1 , ntp1
    e = w + ntp1 - m
    fs = dot_product(qj(w :e:2,1), sp(w :e:2))
    fa = dot_product(qj(w+1:e:2,1), sp(w+1:e:2))
    fc(m , 1) = fa + fs
   fc(m+nlat, 1) = fa - fs
   w = e + 1
  enddo ! m
enddo / 7
return
end
/ =========
! SUBROUTINE DV2UV
/ ==========
! This is an alternative subroutine for computing U and V from Div and Vor.
! It looks much prettier than the regular one, but unfortunately it is slower
! if compiling with "gfortran".
! I leave it (unused) in this module for educational purposes.
subroutine dv2uv alt(pd,pz,pu,pv)
use legsym
implicit none
complex, parameter :: i = (0.0, 1.0)
complex :: pd(nesp/2) ! Spherical harmonics of divergence
complex :: pz(nesp/2) ! Spherical harmonics of vorticity
complex :: pu(nlon,nhpp) ! Fourier coefficients of u
complex :: pv(nlon,nhpp) ! Fourier coefficients of v
```

```
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complex :: zsave, uds, vds, uzs, vzs, uda, vda, uza, vza
integer :: 1 ! Loop index for latitude
integer :: m ! Loop index for zonal wavenumber m
integer :: w ! Loop index for spectral mode
integer :: e ! End index
pu(:,:) = (0.0,0.0)
pv(:,:) = (0.0,0.0)
                                  ! Save mode (0,1) of vorticity
zsave = pz(2)
pz(2) = zsave - cmplx(plavor, 0.0) ! Convert pz from absolute to relative vortic
itv
do 1 = 1 , nhpp
 w = 1
 do m = 1 , ntp1
   e = w + ntp1 - m
   uds = i * dot_product(qu(w :e:2,1),pd(w: e:2))
   vds = dot_product(qv(w :e:2,1),pd(w: e:2))
   uzs = i * dot_product(qu(w :e:2,1),pz(w: e:2))
   vzs = dot_product(qv(w :e:2,1),pz(w: e:2))
   uda = i * dot_product(qu(w+1:e:2,1),pd(w+1:e:2))
   vda = dot_product(qv(w+1:e:2,1),pd(w+1:e:2))
   uza = i * dot_product(qu(w+1:e:2,1),pz(w+1:e:2))
   vza = dot_product (qv (w+1:e:2,1),pz (w+1:e:2))
   pu(m , 1) = vzs - uds + vza - uda
   pu(m+nlat,1) = -vzs - uds + vza + uda
   pv(m , 1) = -vds - uzs - vda - uza
   pv(m+nlat, 1) = vds - uzs - vda + uza
   w = e + 1
 enddo ! m
enddo ! 1
pz(2) = zsave
return
end
/ -----
! SUBROUTINE DV2UV
/ -----
subroutine dv2uv (pd, pz, pu, pv)
use legsym
implicit none
real :: pd(2, nesp/2)
                     ! Spherical harmonics of divergence
real :: pz(2,nesp/2) ! Spherical harmonics of vorticity
real :: pu(2, nlon, nhpp) ! Fourier coefficients of u
real :: pv(2, nlon, nhpp) ! Fourier coefficients of v
real :: zsave
real :: unr, uni, usr, usi, vnr, vni, vsr, vsi
real :: zdr, zdi, zzr, zzi
integer :: 1 ! Loop index for latitude
integer :: m ! Loop index for zonal wavenumber m
integer :: n ! Loop index for total wavenumber n
integer :: w ! Loop index for spectral mode
pu(:,:,:) = 0.0
pv(:,:,:) = 0.0
zsave = pz(1,2)
                    ! Save mode (0,1) of vorticity
pz(1,2) = zsave - plavor ! Convert pz from absolute to relative vorticity
do 1 = 1 , nhpp
 w = 1
  do m = 1 , ntp1
     unr = 0.0 ! u - north - real
```

```
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    uni = 0.0 ! u - north - imag
    usr = 0.0 ! u - south - real
    usi = 0.0 ! u - south - imag
    vnr = 0.0 ! v - north - real
    vni = 0.0 ! v - north - imag
    vsr = 0.0 ! v - south - real
    vsi = 0.0 ! v - south - imag
    process two modes per iteration, one symmetric (m+n = even) and one anti
    we start the loop with (n=m), so the starting mode is always symmetric
    do n = m , ntru , 2
       zdr = qu(w, 1) * pd(1, w) ! symmetric mode
       zdi = qu(w, 1) * pd(2, w)
       zzr = qv(w,1) * pz(1,w)
       zzi = qv(w,1) * pz(2,w)
       unr = unr + zzr + zdi
       uni = uni + zzi - zdr
       usr = usr - zzr + zdi
       usi = usi - zzi - zdr
       zzr = qu(w,1) * pz(1,w)
       zzi = qu(w,1) * pz(2,w)
       zdr = qv(w, 1) * pd(1, w)
       zdi = qv(w, 1) * pd(2, w)
       vnr = vnr + zzi - zdr
       vni = vni - zzr - zdi
       vsr = vsr + zzi + zdr
       vsi = vsi - zzr + zdi
       w = w + 1
       zdr = qu(w, 1) * pd(1, w)
                                 ! antisymmetric mode
       zdi = qu(w, 1) * pd(2, w)
       zzr = qv(w, 1) * pz(1, w)
       zzi = qv(w,1) * pz(2,w)
       unr = unr + zzr + zdi
       uni = uni + zzi - zdr
       usr = usr + zzr - zdi
       usi = usi + zzi + zdr
       zzr = qu(w, 1) * pz(1, w)
       zzi = qu(w,1) * pz(2,w)
       zdr = qv(w, 1) * pd(1, w)
       zdi = qv(w, 1) * pd(2, w)
       vnr = vnr + zzi - zdr
       vni = vni - zzr - zdi
       vsr = vsr - zzi - zdr
       vsi = vsi + zzr - zdi
      w = w + 1
    enddo
    if (n == ntp1) then
                                 ! additional symmetric mode
       zdr = qu(w, 1) * pd(1, w) ! if (ntp1-m) is even
       zdi = qu(w,1) * pd(2,w)
       zzr = qv(w, 1) * pz(1, w)
       zzi = qv(w,1) * pz(2,w)
       unr = unr + zzr + zdi
       uni = uni + zzi - zdr
       usr = usr - zzr + zdi
       usi = usi - zzi - zdr
       zzr = qu(w, 1) * pz(1, w)
       zzi = qu(w,1) * pz(2,w)
       zdr = qv(w, 1) * pd(1, w)
       zdi = qv(w, 1) * pd(2, w)
       vnr = vnr + zzi - zdr
       vni = vni - zzr - zdi
       vsr = vsr + zzi + zdr
       vsi = vsi - zzr + zdi
       w = w + 1
    endif
    pu(1,m
             ,1) = unr
    pu(2,m,1) = uni
    pu(1,m+nlat,1) = usr
```

```
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      pu(2,m+nlat,1) = usi
                ,1) = vnr
      pv(1,m
      pv(2,m
                ,1) = vni
      pv(1,m+nlat,l) = vsr
      pv(2,m+nlat,1) = vsi
   enddo ! m
enddo ! ]
pz(1,2) = zsave ! Restore pz to absolute vorticity
return
end
/ =========
! SUBROUTINE MKTEND
/ =========
subroutine mktend(d,t,z,tn,fu,fv,ke,ut,vt)
use leasym
implicit none
complex, intent(in) :: tn(nlon,nhpp)
complex, intent(in) :: fu(nlon,nhpp)
complex, intent(in) :: fv(nlon,nhpp)
complex, intent(in) :: ke(nlon,nhpp)
complex, intent(in) :: ut(nlon,nhpp)
complex, intent(in) :: vt(nlon,nhpp)
complex, intent(out) :: d(nesp/2)
complex, intent(out) :: t(nesp/2)
complex, intent(out) :: z(nesp/2)
integer :: 1 ! Loop index for latitude
integer :: m ! Loop index for zonal wavenumber m
integer :: w ! Loop index for spectral mode
integer :: e ! End index for w
complex :: fus, fua, fvs, fva, kes, kea, tns, tna, uts, uta, vts, vta
d(:) = (0.0, 0.0) ! divergence
t(:) = (0.0, 0.0) ! temperature
z(:) = (0.0, 0.0) ! vorticity
do 1 = 1 , nhpp ! process pairs of Nort-South latitudes
  w = 1
   do m = 1 , ntp1
     kes = ke(m,1) + ke(m+nlat,1); kea = ke(m,1) - ke(m+nlat,1)
      fvs = fv(m,1) + fv(m+nlat,1); fva = fv(m,1) - fv(m+nlat,1)
     fus = fu(m,1) + fu(m+nlat,1) ; fua = fu(m,1) - fu(m+nlat,1)
     uts = ut(m,1) + ut(m+nlat,1); uta = ut(m,1) - ut(m+nlat,1)
      vts = vt(m,1) + vt(m+nlat,1); vta = vt(m,1) - vt(m+nlat,1)
     tns = tn(m, 1) + tn(m+nlat, 1); tna = tn(m, 1) - tn(m+nlat, 1)
      e = w + ntp1 - m ! vector of symmetric modes
      d(w:e:2) = d(w:e:2) + qq(w:e:2,1) * kes - qe(w:e:2,1) * fva + qx(w:e:2,1)
* fus
      t(w:e:2) = t(w:e:2) + qe(w:e:2,1) * vta + qc(w:e:2,1) * tns - qx(w:e:2,1)
* uts
      z(w:e:2) = z(w:e:2) + qe(w:e:2,1) * fua + qx(w:e:2,1) * fvs
      w = w + 1
                         ! vector of antisymmetric modes
      d(w:e:2) = d(w:e:2) + qq(w:e:2,1) * kea - qe(w:e:2,1) * fvs + qx(w:e:2,1)
* fua
      t(w:e:2) = t(w:e:2) + qe(w:e:2,1) * vts + qc(w:e:2,1) * tna - qx(w:e:2,1)
* uta
      z(w:e:2) = z(w:e:2) + qe(w:e:2,1) * fus + qx(w:e:2,1) * fva
      w = \rho + 1
   enddo ! m
enddo ! 1
return
end
```

```
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                                                                           Page 8/10
/ _______
! SUBROUTINE OTEND
/ ==========
subroutine qtend_old(q,qn,uq,vq)
use legsym
implicit none
complex, intent(in) :: gn(nlon,nhpp)
complex, intent(in) :: uq(nlon,nhpp)
complex, intent(in) :: vq(nlon,nhpp)
complex, intent(out) :: q(nesp/2)
integer :: 1 ! Loop index for latitude
integer :: m ! Loop index for zonal wavenumber m
integer :: w ! Loop index for spectral mode
integer :: e ! End index for w
complex :: qns,qna,uqs,uqa,vqs,vqa
q(:) = (0.0, 0.0) ! humidity
do 1 = 1 , nhpp ! process pairs of Nort-Sough latitudes
   w = 1
   do m = 1 , ntp1
      uqs = uq(m, 1) + uq(m+nlat, 1); uqa = uq(m, 1) - uq(m+nlat, 1)
       \begin{array}{l} vqs = vq(m,1) + vq(m+nlat,1) \; ; \; vqa = vq(m,1) - vq(m+nlat,1) \\ qns = qn(m,1) + qn(m+nlat,1) \; ; \; qna = qn(m,1) - qn(m+nlat,1) \\ \end{array} 
      e = w + ntp1 - m ! vector of symmetric modes
      q(w:e:2) = q(w:e:2) + qe(w:e:2,1) * vqa + qc(w:e:2,1) * qns - qx(w:e:2,1)
* uqs
      w = w + 1
                           ! vector of antisymmetric modes
      q(w:e:2) = q(w:e:2) + qe(w:e:2,1) * vqs + qc(w:e:2,1) * qna - qx(w:e:2,1)
* uqa
      w = e + 1
   enddo ! m
enddo ! 1
return
end
/ ==========
! SUBROUTINE UV2DV
/ ==========
subroutine uv2dv (pu, pv, pd, pz)
use leasym
implicit none
complex, intent(in) :: pu(nlon,nhpp)
complex, intent(in) :: pv(nlon,nhpp)
complex, intent(out) :: pd(nesp/2)
complex, intent(out) :: pz(nesp/2)
integer :: 1 ! Loop index for latitude
integer :: m ! Loop index for zonal wavenumber m
integer :: w ! Loop index for spectral mode
integer :: e ! End index for w
complex :: zus, zua, zvs, zva
pd(:) = (0.0, 0.0) ! divergence
pz(:) = (0.0, 0.0) ! vorticity
do l = 1 , nhpp ! process pairs of Nort-Sough latitudes
   w = 1
```

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  do m = 1 , NTP1
     zus = pu(m,1) + pu(m+nlat,1); zua = pu(m,1) - pu(m+nlat,1)
     zvs = pv(m,l) + pv(m+nlat,l); zva = pv(m,l) - pv(m+nlat,l)
     e = w + ntp1 - m ! vector of symmetric modes
     pz(w:e:2) = pz(w:e:2) + qe(w:e:2,1) * zua + qx(w:e:2,1) * zvs
     pd(w:e:2) = pd(w:e:2) - qe(w:e:2,1) * zva + qx(w:e:2,1) * zus
                      ! vector of antisymmetric modes
     pz(w:e:2) = pz(w:e:2) + qe(w:e:2,1) * zus + qx(w:e:2,1) * zva
     pd(w:e:2) = pd(w:e:2) - qe(w:e:2,1) * zvs + qx(w:e:2,1) * zua
  enddo ! m
enddo ! 1
return
end
! =========
! SUBROUTINE REG2ALT
! ========
subroutine reg2alt(pr,klev)
implicit none
real :: pr(nlon, nlat, klev)
real :: pa(nlon, nlat, klev)
integer :: jlat
integer :: klev
do jlat = 1 , nlat / 2
pa(:,2*jlat-1,:) = pr(:,jlat
 pa(:,2*jlat ,:) = pr(:,nlat-jlat+1,:)
enddo
pr = pa
return
end
! SUBROUTINE ALT2REG
/ ==========
subroutine alt2reg(pa, klev)
use legsym
implicit none
real :: pa(nlon, nlat, klev)
real :: pr(nlon, nlat, klev)
integer :: jlat
integer :: klev
do jlat = 1 , nlat / 2
pr(:,jlat ,:) = pa(:,2*jlat-1,:)
 pr(:,nlat-jlat+1,:) = pa(:,2*jlat ,:)
enddo
pa = pr
return
end
! =========
```

! SUBROUTINE ALTCS

```
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! ========
subroutine altcs(pcs)
use legsym
implicit none
real :: pcs(nlat, nlev)
real :: pal(nlat, nlev)
integer :: jlat
do jlat = 1 , nlat / 2
 pal(jlat ,:) = pcs(2*jlat-1,:)
 pal(nlat-jlat+1,:) = pcs(2*jlat ,:)
pcs = pal
return
end
! =========
! SUBROUTINE ALTLAT
! =========
subroutine altlat(pr,klat)
implicit none
integer :: jlat
integer :: klat
real :: pr(klat) ! regular
real :: pa(klat) ! alternating grid
do jlat = 1 , klat / 2
pa(2*jlat-1) = pr(jlat)
 pa(2*jlat) = pr(klat-jlat+1)
enddo
pr(:) = pa(:)
return
end
```

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/ =========
! SUBROUTINE INIGAU
subroutine inigau(klat,pz0,pzw)
                                     ! pz0 & pzw are (kind=8) reals !!!
implicit none
                                       ! Number of Gaussian latitudes
integer
                         :: klat
real (kind=8)
                         :: pz0(klat) ! Gaussian abscissas
real (kind=8)
                         :: pzw(klat) ! Gaussian weights
                                       ! Latitudinal loop index
integer
                         :: jlat
                         :: jiter
                                      ! Iteration loop index
integer
integer
             , parameter :: NITER = 50 ! Maximum # of iterations
real (kind=8), parameter :: PI = 3.14159265358979_8
real (kind=8), parameter :: ZEPS = 1.0e-16 ! Convergence criterion
real (kind=8) :: z0,z1,z2,z3,z4,z5
real (kind=8) :: ql,qld
! Compute Gaussian abscissas & weights
z0 = PI / (2*klat+1)
z1 = 1.0_8 / (klat*klat*8)
z4 = 2.0_8 / (klat*klat)
do jlat = 1 , klat/2
   z2 = z0 * (2*jlat - 0.5_8)
   z2 = \cos(z2 + z1 / \tan(z2))
   do jiter = 1 , NITER
     z3 = ql(klat, z2) * qld(klat, z2)
      z2 = \overline{z2} - z3
     if (abs(z3) < ZEPS) exit ! converged</pre>
   enddo ! jiter
   z5 = ql(klat-1, z2) / sqrt(klat - 0.5_8)
   pz0(jlat) = z2
   pzw(jlat) = z4 * (1.0_8 - z2 * z2) / (z5 * z5)
   pz0(klat-jlat+1) = -z2
   pzw(klat-jlat+1) = pzw(jlat)
enddo ! jlat
return
end subroutine inigau
/ ========
! FUNCTION OL
! ========
real (kind=8) function q(k,p)
implicit none
integer
         , intent(IN) :: k
real (kind=8), intent(IN) :: p
real (kind=8) :: z0,z1,z2,z3,z4
integer :: j
z0 = a\cos(p)
z1 = 1.0
z2 = 0.0
do j = k , 0 , -2
  z3 = z1 * cos(z0 * j)
  z2 = z2 + z3
  z4 = (k-j+1) * (k+j) * 0.5_8
  z1 = z1 * z4 / (z4 + (j-1))
enddo ! i
if (mod(k,2) == 0) z2 = z2 - 0.5_8 * z3
z0 = sqrt(2.0_8)
do j = 1 , k
  z0 = z0 * sqrt(1.0_8 - 0.25_8 / (j*j))
enddo ! j
q1 = z0 \times z2
return
end function ql
```

```
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/ ========
! FUNCTION OLD
/ ========
real (kind=8) function qld(k,p)
implicit none
            , intent(IN) :: k
integer
real (kind=8), intent(IN) :: p
real (kind=8) :: z
real (kind=8) :: ql
z = p * ql(k,p) - sqrt((k + k + 1.0_8) / (k + k - 1.0_8)) * ql(k-1,p)
qld = (p * p - 1.0_8) / (k * z)
return
end function qld
```

```
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     _____
     MODULE FFTMOD
     module fftmod
     parameter(NRES = 12)
     integer :: nallowed(NRES) = (/16,32,48,64,96,128,256,384,512,1024,2048,409
6/)
           - N16 : 8-2
     T.3
                  : 8-2-2
     T10
         - N32
     T15 - N48
                  : 8-3-2
     T21 - N64
                  : 8-4-2
     T31 - N96 : 8-4-3
     T42 - N128 : 8-4-4
     T85 - N256 : 8-4-4-2
     T127 - N384
                  : 8-4-4-3
     T170 - N512 : 8-4-4-4
     T341 - N1024 : 8-4-4-4-2
     T682 - N2048 : 8-4-4-4
     T1365 - N4096 : 8-4-4-4-2
     integer :: lastn = 0
     real,allocatable :: trigs(:)
     end module fftmod
     _____
     SUBROUTINE GP2FC
     _____
     subroutine gp2fc(a,n,lot)
     use fftmod
     real a(n,lot)
     if (n /= lastn) then
        if (allocated(trigs)) deallocate(trigs)
        allocate(trigs(n))
        lastn = n
        call fftini(n)
     endif
     call dfft8(a,a,n,lot)
     la = n / 8
     do while (la >= 4)
        call dfft4(a, trigs, n, lot, la)
     enddo
     if (la == 3) then
        do 1 = 1 , lot
           call dfft3(a(1,1),trigs,n)
        enddo
     endif
     if (la == 2) then
        do 1 = 1 , lot
           call dfft2(a(1,1),trigs,n)
        enddo
     endif
     return
     end subroutine gp2fc
     SUBROUTINE FC2GP
     _____
     subroutine fc2gp(a,n,lot)
     use fftmod
     real a(n,lot)
     if (n /= lastn) then
```

```
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        if (allocated(trigs)) deallocate(trigs)
        allocate(trigs(n))
        lastn = n
        call fftini(n)
     endif
     nf = n/8
     do while (nf >= 4)
       nf = nf/4
     enddo
     la = 1
     if (nf == 2) call ifft2(a, trigs, n, lot, la)
     if (nf == 3) call ifft3(a, trigs, n, lot, la)
     do while (la < n/8)
        call ifft4(a, trigs, n, lot, la)
     enddo
     call ifft8(a,a,n,lot)
     return
     end subroutine fc2qp
     _____
     SUBROUTINE FFTINI
     _____
     subroutine fftini(n)
     use fftmod
     logical labort
     check for allowed values of n
     labort = .true.
     do j = 1 , NRES
       if (n == nallowed(j)) labort = .false.
     enddo
     if (labort) then
        write (*, *) '*** FFT does not support n = ', n, ' ***'
        write (*, *) 'Following resolutions may be used:'
        write (*,*) '--
        do j = 1 , NRES
           write (*,1000) nallowed(j), nallowed(j)/2, nallowed(j)/3
        enddo
        stop
     endif
1000 format (' NLON=', I5, ' NLAT=', I5, ' NTRU=', I5)
     del = 4.0 * asin(1.0) / n
     do k=0, n/2-1
       angle = k * del
       trigs(2*k+1) = cos(angle)
       trigs(2*k+2) = sin(angle)
     enddo
     return
     end subroutine fftini
     _____
     SUBROUTINE DFFT2
     _____
     subroutine dfft2(a,trigs,n)
     dimension a(n),c(n),trigs(n)
     c(1) = a(1) + a(2)
     c(2) = 0.0
     ja = 3
     jb = n - 1
     do i=3, n-5, 4
```

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       c1 = trigs(ja )
       s1 = trigs(ja+1)
       a1p3 = c1 * a(i+1) + s1 * a(i+3)
       a3m1 = c1 * a(i+3) - s1 * a(i+1)
       c(ja) = a(i) + a1p3
       c(jb) = a(i) - a1p3
       c(ja+1) = a3m1 + a(i+2)
       c(jb+1) = a3m1 - a(i+2)
       ja = ja + 2
       jb = jb - 2
    enddo
    c(ia) = a(n-1)
    c(ja+1) = -a(n)
    a = c
    return
    end subroutine dfft2
    _____
    SUBROUTINE DEFT3
     _____
    subroutine dfft3(a, trigs, n)
    parameter(SIN60 = 0.866025403784438D0)
    dimension a(n),c(n),trigs(n)
     ja = 1
    jb = 2 * (n/3) + 1 ! 65
    jc = jb
    c(ja) = a(1) + a(2) + a(3)
    c(ja+1) = 0.0
    c(jb) = a(1) - 0.5 * (a(2) + a(3))
                 SIN60 * (a(3) - a(2))
    c(jb+1) =
    ja = 3 ! 3, 5, 7, ..., 31
jb = jb + 2 ! 67, 69, 71, ..., 95
    jc = jc - 2 ! 63,61,59, ...,35
    do i = 4 , n-8 , 6 ! 88
       c1 = trigs(ja )
       s1 = trigs(ja+1)
       c2 = trigs(ja+ja-1)
       s2 = trigs(ja+ja)
       a1 = (c1*a(i+1)+s1*a(i+4))+(c2*a(i+2)+s2*a(i+5))
       b1 = (c1*a(i+4)-s1*a(i+1))+(c2*a(i+5)-s2*a(i+2))
       a2 = a(i) - 0.5 * a1
       b2 = a(i+3) - 0.5 * b1
       a3 = SIN60*((c1*a(i+1)+s1*a(i+4))-(c2*a(i+2)+s2*a(i+5)))
       b3 = SIN60*((c1*a(i+4)-s1*A(i+1))-(c2*a(i+5)-s2*a(i+2)))
       c(ja) = a(i) + a1
       c(ja+1) = a(i+3) + b1
       c(jb) = a2 + b3
       c(jb+1) = b2 - a3
       c(jc) = a2 - b3
       c(jc+1) = -b2 - a3
       ja = ja + 2
       jb = jb + 2
       jc = jc - 2
    enddo
    if (ja <= jc) then ! ja=33 jc=33
       c(ja) = a(n-2) + 0.5 * (a(n-1) - a(n)) ! 33
       c(ja+1) =
                      -SIN60 * (a(n-1) + a(n)) ! 34
    endif
    a(:) = c(:)
    return
    end subroutine dfft3
```

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     _____
    SUBROUTINE DFFT4
     _____
    subroutine dfft4(a,trigs,n,lot,la)
    dimension a(n,lot),c(n,lot),trigs(n)
    la = la / 4
    i1 = la
    i2 = 1a + i1
    i3 = la + i2
    i4 = la + i3
    i5 = la + i4
    i6 = la + i5
    i7 = la + i6
     j1 = n/2 - la
     j2 = n - 1a
    j3 = j1
     j5 = j1 + la
    do i=1, la
       do 1=1, lot
       a0p2 = a(i, 1) + a(i2+i, 1)
       a1p3 = a(i1+i,1) + a(i3+i,1)
       c(i,1) = a0p2 + a1p3
       c(j2+i,1) = a0p2 - a1p3
       c(j_1+i,1) = a(i,1) - a(i_2+i,1)

c(j_5+i,1) = a(i_3+i,1) - a(i_1+i,1)
       enddo
    enddo
     jink = 2 * la
     i0 = la
     j1 = j1 + jink
     j2 = j2 - jink
     i3 = i3 - iink
     j4 = j0 + la
     j5 = j1 + la
     j6 = j2 + la
     j7 = j3 + 1a
    ibase=4*la
    do 450 k=la, (n-4)/8, la
       kb=k+k
       kc=kb+kb
       kd=kc+kb
       c1=trigs(kb+1)
       s1=trigs(kb+2)
       c2=trigs(kc+1)
        s2=trigs(kc+2)
       c3=trigs(kd+1)
       s3=trigs(kd+2)
       i=ibase+1
       do j=1,la
          do 1=1,1ot
          a1p5 = c1 * a(i1+i,1) + s1 * a(i5+i,1)
          a2p6 = c2 * a(i2+i,1) + s2 * a(i6+i,1)
          a3p7 = c3 * a(i3+i,1) + s3 * a(i7+i,1)
          a5m1 = c1 * a(i5+i,1) - s1 * a(i1+i,1)
          a6m2 = c2 * a(i6+i,1) - s2 * a(i2+i,1)
          a7m3 = c3 * a(i7+i,1) - s3 * a(i3+i,1)
          a0 = a(i,1) + a2p6
          a2 = a(i,1) - a2p6
          a1 = a1p5 + a3p7
           a3 = a3p7 - a1p5
```

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           b0 = a(i4+i,1) + a6m2
           b2 = a(i4+i,1) - a6m2
          b1 = a5m1 + a7m3
          b3 = a5m1 - a7m3
          c(j0+j,1) = a0+a1
          c(j2+j,1) = a0-a1
          c(j4+j,1) = b0+b1
           c(j6+j,1) = b1-b0
          c(j1+j,1) = a2+b3
          c(j3+j,1) = a2-b3
           c(j5+j,1) = a3+b2
          c(j7+j,1) = a3-b2
           enddo
           i=i+1
        enddo
       ibase=ibase+8*la
       j0 = j0 + jink
       i1 = i1 + jink
       j2 = j2 - jink
       j3 = j3 - jink
       j4 = j0 + la
       j5 = j1 + la
       j6 = j2 + la
       j7 = j3 + 1a
    continue
    if (j1 <= j2) then
       sin45=sqrt (0.5)
        i=ibase+1
       do j=1, la
           do 1=1,1ot
           a1p3 = sin45 * (a(i1+i,1) + a(i3+i,1))
           a1m3 = sin45 * (a(i1+i,1) - a(i3+i,1))
          c(j0+j,1) = a(i,1) + a1m3

c(j1+j,1) = a(i,1) - a1m3
           c(j4+j,1) = -a(i2+i,1) - a1p3
          c(j5+j,1) = a(i2+i,1) - a1p3
           enddo
           i = i + 1
        enddo
    endif
    if (la == 1) then
       do 1=1,1ot
       a(1,1) = c(1,1)
       a(2,1) = 0.0
       a(3:n,1) = c(2:n-1,1)
       enddo
    else
       a = c
    endif
    return
    end subroutine dfft4
     _____
    SUBROUTINE DFFT8
     ______
    subroutine dfft8(a,c,n,lot)
    real a(n*lot),c(n*lot)
    la = n / 8
    z = 1.0 / n
    zsin45 = z * sqrt(0.5)
    do i=0,la*lot-1
       i0 = (i/la) * n + mod(i,la) + 1
       i1 = i0 + 1a
       i2 = i1 + 1a
       i3 = i2 + 1a
       i4 = i3 + 1a
```

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       i5 = i4 + 1a
       i6 = i5 + la
       i7 = i6 + la
       a0p4 = a(i0) + a(i4)
       a1p5 = a(i1) + a(i5)
       a2p6 = a(i2) + a(i6)
       a3p7 = a(i3) + a(i7)
       a5m1 = a(i5) - a(i1)
       a7m3 = a(i7) - a(i3)
       a0m4 = (a(i0) - a(i4)) * z
       a6m2 = (a(i6) - a(i2)) * z
       a0p4p2p6 = a0p4 + a2p6
       a1p5p3p7 = a1p5 + a3p7
       a7m3p5m1 = (a7m3 + a5m1) * zsin45
       a7m3m5m1 = (a7m3 - a5m1) * zsin45
       c(i0) = z * (a0p4p2p6 + a1p5p3p7)
       c(i7) = z * (a0p4p2p6 - a1p5p3p7)
       c(i3) = z * (a0p4 - a2p6)
       c(i4) = z * (a3p7 - a1p5)
       c(i1) = a0m4 + a7m3m5m1
       c(i5) = a0m4 - a7m3m5m1
       c(i2) = a7m3p5m1 + a6m2
       c(i6) = a7m3p5m1 - a6m2
    enddo
    return
    end subroutine dfft8
    _____
    SUBROUTINE IFFT4
    _____
    subroutine ifft4(c,trigs,n,lot,la)
    dimension a(n,lot),c(n,lot),trigs(n)
    if (la == 1) then
       a(1,:) = 0.5 * c(1,:)
       a(n,:) = 0.0
       a(2:n-1,:) = c(3:n,:)
    else
       a = c
    endif
    m=n/4
    kstop=(n-4)/8
    i1 = n/2 - 1a
    i2 = n - 1a
    i5 = i1 + la
    i1 = la
    j2 = la+j1
    j3 = 1a + j2
    j4 = la + j3
    j5 = la+j4
    j6 = la+j5
    j7 = la+j6
    do i=1,la
    do 1=1,1ot
      c(i,1) = a(i,1) + a(i2+i,1) + a(i1+i,1)
       c(j1+i,1) = a(i,1) - a(i2+i,1) - a(i5+i,1)
       c(j2+i,1) = a(i,1) + a(i2+i,1) - a(i1+i,1)
       c(j3+i,1) = a(i,1) - a(i2+i,1) + a(i5+i,1)
    enddo
    enddo
```

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      iink = 2 * la
      jbase = 4 * la + 1
      i0
          = la
           = i0 + n/2
      i1
      i2
           = n - 3 * 1a
          = i2 - n/2
      i 3
          = i0 + la
      i.5
          = i1 + la
           = i2 + la
      i 6
           = i3 + la
      do 450 k=la,kstop,la
        kb=k+k
        kc=kb+kb
        kd=kc+kb
        c1=trigs(kb+1)
        s1=trigs(kb+2)
        c2=trigs(kc+1)
        s2=trigs(kc+2)
        c3=trigs(kd+1)
        s3=trigs(kd+2)
        do i = 1 , la
           j = jbase
           do 1=1, lot
           a0p2 = a(i0+i,1) + a(i2+i,1)
           a0m2 = a(i0+i,1) - a(i2+i,1)
           a1p3 = a(i1+i,1) + a(i3+i,1)
           a1m3 = a(i1+i,1) - a(i3+i,1)
           a4p6 = a(i4+i,1) + a(i6+i,1)
           a4m6 = a(i4+i,1) - a(i6+i,1)
           a5p7 = a(i5+i,1) + a(i7+i,1)
           a5m7 = a(i5+i,1) - a(i7+i,1)
           a0p2m1p3 = a0p2 - a1p3
           a4m6m5m7 = a4m6 - a5m7
           c(j,1) = a0p2 + a1p3
           c(j4+j,1) = a4m6 + a5m7
           c(j2+j,1) = c2 * a0p2m1p3 - s2 * a4m6m5m7
           c(j6+j,1) = s2 * a0p2m1p3 + c2 * a4m6m5m7
           c(j1+j,1) = c1*(a0m2-a5p7)-s1*(a4p6+a1m3)
           c(j5+j,1) = s1*(a0m2-a5p7)+c1*(a4p6+a1m3)
           c(j3+j,1) = c3*(a0m2+a5p7)-s3*(a4p6-a1m3)
           c(j7+j,1) = s3*(a0m2+a5p7)+c3*(a4p6-a1m3)
           enddo
           jbase=jbase+1
        enddo
       i0 = i0 + iink
        i1 = i1 + iink
        i2 = i2 - iink
        i3 = i3 - iink
        i4 = i4 + iink
        i5 = i5 + iink
        i6 = i6 - iink
        i7 = i7 - iink
        jbase=jbase+7*la
450
        continue
      if (i1 <= i2) then
         sin45=sqrt(0.5)
         do i=1, la
            j=jbase
            do 1=1,1ot
            c(j,1)=a(i0+i,1)+a(i1+i,1)
            c(j1+j,1) = \sin 45*((a(i0+i,1)-a(i1+i,1))-(a(1a+i0+i,1)+a(1a+i1+i,1)))
            c(j2+j,1)=a(la+i1+i,1)-a(la+i0+i,1)
            c(j3+j,1) = -\sin 45*((a(i0+i,1)-a(i1+i,1))+(a(la+i0+i,1)+a(la+i1+i,1)))
            enddo
            jbase=jbase+1
```

```
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                                                                    Page 8/9
       enddo
    endif
    la = la * 4
    return
    end subroutine ifft4
    _____
    SUBROUTINE IFFT2
    _____
    subroutine ifft2(a,trigs,n,lot,la)
    dimension a(n,lot),c(n,lot),trigs(n)
    c(1,:) = 0.5 * a(1,:)
    c(2,:) = c(1,:)
    ib = n-1
    do j = 3 , n-5 , 4
       c1 = trigs(ia )
       s1 = trigs(ia+1)
       do 1=1,1ot
       amb = a(ia , l) - a(ib , l)
       apb = a(ia+1,1) + a(ib+1,1)
       c(j, 1) = a(ia, 1) + a(ib, 1)
       c(j+2,1) = a(ia+1,1) - a(ib+1,1)
       c(j+1,1) = c1 * amb - s1 * apb
       c(j+3,1) = s1 * amb + c1 * apb
       enddo
       ia = ia + 2
       ib = ib - 2
    enddo
    c(n-1,:) = a(ia ,:)
    c(n ,:) = -a(ia+1,:)
    a(:,:) = c(:,:)
    return
    end subroutine ifft2
    _____
    SUBROUTINE IFFT3
    _____
    subroutine ifft3(a, trigs, n, lot, la)
    dimension a(n,lot),c(n,lot),trigs(n)
    parameter(SIN60 = 0.866025403784438D0)
    ib = 2 * (n/3) + 1
    c(1,:) = 0.5 * a(1,:) + a(ib,:)
    c(2,:) = 0.5 * a(1,:) - 0.5 * a(ib,:) - SIN60 * a(ib+1,:)
    c(3,:) = 0.5 * a(1,:) - 0.5 * a(ib,:) + SIN60 * a(ib+1,:)
    ia = 3
    ic = ib - 2
    ib = ib + 2
    do j = 4 , n-8 , 6
       c1 = trigs(ia)
       s1 = trigs(ia+1)
       c2 = trigs(ia+ia-1)
       s2 = trigs(ia+ia
       do 1 = 1 , lot
          hbpc = a(ia , 1) - 0.5 * (a(ib , 1) + a(ic , 1))
          hbmc = a(ia+1,1) - 0.5 * (a(ib+1,1) - a(ic+1,1))
          sbmc = SIN60 * (a(ib , l) - a(ic , l))
```

```
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                                                                     Page 9/9
          sbpc = SIN60 * (a(ib+1,1) + a(ic+1,1))
          c(j, l) = a(ia, l) + a(ib, l) + a(ic, l)
          c(j+3,1) = a(ia+1,1) + a(ib+1,1) - a(ic+1,1)
          c(j+1,1) = c1 * (hbpc-sbpc) - s1 * (hbmc+sbmc)
          c(j+4,1) = s1 * (hbpc-sbpc) + c1 * (hbmc+sbmc)
          c(j+2,1) = c2 * (hbpc+sbpc) - s2 * (hbmc-sbmc)
          c(j+5,1) = s2 * (hbpc+sbpc) + c2 * (hbmc-sbmc)
       enddo
       ia = ia + 2
       ib = ib + 2
       ic = ic - 2
    enddo
    c(n-2,:) = a(ia,:)
    c(n-1,:) = 0.5 * a(ia,:) - SIN60 * a(ia+1,:)
    c(n, :) = -0.5 * a(ia, :) - SIN60 * a(ia+1, :)
    a(:,:) = c(:,:)
    1a = 3
    return
    end subroutine ifft3
    _____
    SUBROUTINE IFFT8
    _____
    subroutine ifft8(a,c,n,lot)
    parameter(SQRT2 = 1.414213562373095D0)
    dimension a(n*lot),c(n*lot)
    la = n / 8
    do i=0,la*lot-1
       i0 = (i/la) * n + mod(i, la) + 1
       i1 = i0 + la
       i2 = i1 + 1a
       i3 = i2 + 1a
       i4 = i3 + 1a
       i5 = i4 + la
       i6 = i5 + la
       i7 = i6 + la
       a0p7 = a(i0) + a(i7)
       a0m7 = a(i0) - a(i7)
       a1p5 = a(i1) + a(i5)
       a1m5 = a(i1) - a(i5)
       a2p6 = a(i2) + a(i6)
       a2m6 = a(i2) - a(i6)
       a0p7p3 = a0p7 + a(i3)
       a0p7m3 = a0p7 - a(i3)
       a0m7p4 = 2.0 * (a0m7 + a(i4))
       a0m7m4 = 2.0 * (a0m7 - a(i4))
       a1m5p2p6 = SQRT2 * (a1m5 + a2p6)
       a1m5m2p6 = SQRT2 * (a1m5 - a2p6)
       c(i0) = 2.0 * (a0p7p3 + a1p5)
       c(i2) = 2.0 * (a0p7m3 - a2m6)
       c(i4) = 2.0 * (a0p7p3 - a1p5)
       c(i6) = 2.0 * (a0p7m3 + a2m6)
       c(i1) = a0m7m4 + a1m5m2p6
       c(i3) = a0m7p4 - a1m5p2p6
       c(i5) = a0m7m4 - a1m5m2p6
       c(i7) = a0m7p4 + a1m5p2p6
    enddo
    return
    end
```

```
restartmod.f90
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                                                                   Page 1/4
    module restartmod
    integer, parameter :: nresdim = 200 ! Max number of records
    integer, parameter :: nreaunit = 33  ! FORTRAN unit for reading
    :: nresnum = 0 ! Actual number of records
    integer
    integer
                      :: nlastrec = 0 ! Last read record
                      :: nud = 6 ! Standard output
    integer
    character (len=16) :: yresnam(nresdim) ! Array of record names
    end module restartmod
    _____
    SUBROUTINE RESTART INI
    _____
    subroutine restart_ini(lrestart, yrfile)
    use restartmod
    logical :: lrestart
    character (len=*) :: yrfile
    character (len=16) :: yn ! variable name
    inquire(file=yrfile, exist=lrestart)
    if (lrestart) then
       open (nreaunit, file=yrfile, form='unformatted')
          read (nreaunit, IOSTAT=iostat) yn
          if (iostat /= 0) exit
          nresnum = nresnum + 1
          yresnam(nresnum) = yn
          read (nreaunit, IOSTAT=iostat)
          if (iostat /= 0) exit
          if (nresnum >= nresdim) then
             write (nud, *) 'Too many variables in restart file'
             write (nud, *) 'Increase NRESDIM in module restartmod'
             write (nud, *) '*** Error Stop ***'
             stop
          endif
       enddo
       write (nud, '(a,i4,3a/)') 'Found', nresnum, &
            ' variables in file <', trim(yrfile),'>'
       do i = 1 , nresnum
          write (nud, '(i4,":",8x,1x,a)') j, yresnam(j)
       enddo
       nlastrec = nresnum
    endif ! (lrestart)
    file must be left open for further access
    return
    end subroutine restart ini
    _____
    SUBROUTINE RESTART_PREPARE
    ______
    subroutine restart prepare (ywfile)
    use restartmod
    character (len=*) :: ywfile
    open (nwriunit, file=ywfile, form='unformatted')
    return
    end subroutine restart prepare
```

```
restartmod.f90
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                                                                   Page 2/4
    _____
    SUBROUTINE RESTART_STOP
    ______
    subroutine restart_stop
    use restartmod
    close (nreaunit)
    close (nwriunit)
    return
    end subroutine restart_stop
    _____
    SUBROUTINE GET RESTART INTEGER
    ______
    subroutine get_restart_integer(yn,kv)
    use restartmod
    character (len=*) :: yn
    integer :: kv
    do j = 1 , nresnum
       if (trim(yn) == trim(yresnam(j))) then
          call fileseek (yn, j)
          read (nreaunit) kv
          nlastrec = nlastrec + 1
          return
       endif
    enddo
    if (nexcheck == 1) then
       write (nud, *) '*** Error in get_restart_integer ***'
       write (nud, *) 'Requested integer {', yn, '} was not found'
    endif
    return
    end subroutine get_restart_integer
    _____
    SUBROUTINE GET RESTART ARRAY
    _____
    subroutine get_restart_array(yn,pa,k1,k2,k3)
    use restartmod
    character (len=*) :: yn
    real :: pa(k2,k3)
    do j = 1 , nresnum
       if (trim(yn) == trim(yresnam(j))) then
          call fileseek (yn, j)
          read (nreaunit) pa(1:k1,:)
          nlastrec = nlastrec + 1
          return
       endif
    enddo
    if (nexcheck == 1) then
       write (nud, *) '*** Error in get_restart_array ***'
       write (nud, *) 'Requested array {', yn,'} was not found'
       stop
    endif
    return
    end subroutine get_restart_array
    _____
```

```
restartmod.f90
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                                                                 Page 3/4
    SUBROUTINE PUT RESTART INTEGER
    _____
    subroutine put_restart_integer(yn,kv)
    use restartmod
    character (len=*) :: yn
    character (len=16) :: yy
    integer :: kv
    yy = yn
    write(nwriunit) yy
    write(nwriunit) kv
    return
    end subroutine put_restart_integer
    _____
    SUBROUTINE PUT RESTART ARRAY
    _____
    subroutine put_restart_array(yn,pa,k1,k2,k3)
    use restartmod
    character (len=*) :: yn
    character (len=16) :: yy
    integer :: k1,k2,k3
    real :: pa(k2,k3)
    write(nwriunit) yy
    write(nwriunit) pa(1:k1,1:k3)
    return
    end subroutine put_restart_array
    _____
    SUBROUTINE FILESEEK
    ______
    subroutine fileseek(yn,k)
    use restartmod
    character (len=*) :: yn
    character (len=16) :: yy
    write(nud, *) 'Pos:', nlastrec,'
                                  Want:',k
    if (k <= nlastrec) then</pre>
       write (nud, *) 'Rewinding'
       rewind nreaunit
       nlastrec = 0
    endif
       read (nreaunit, iostat=iostat) yy
       if (iostat /= 0) exit
       if (trim(yn) == trim(yy)) return ! success
       read (nreaunit, iostat=iostat) ! skip data
       if (iostat /= 0) exit
       nlastrec = nlastrec + 1
    enddo
    write (nud, *) 'Variable <', trim (yn), '> not in restart file'
    return
    end
    _____
    SUBROUTINE CHECK_EQUALITY
    _____
```

```
restartmod.f90
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                                                                      Page 4/4
     subroutine check_equality(yn,pa,pb,k1,k2)
    character (len=*) :: yn
    real :: pa(k1,k2)
    real :: pb(k1,k2)
    do j2 = 1 , k2
    do j1 = 1 , k1
       if (pa(j1,j2) /= pb(j1,j2)) then
          write (nud, *) 'No Equality on ', yn, '(', j1,',', j2,')', pa(j1, j2), pb(j1, j2)
       endif
    enddo
    enddo
    write(nud,*) 'Array {',yn,'} is OK'
    return
    end
    _____
    SUBROUTINE VARSEEK
     _____
    subroutine varseek(yn,knum)
    use restartmod
    character (len=*) :: yn
    character (len=16) :: ytmp
    integer :: k, knum
    knum = 0
    do k = 1, nresdim
       ytmp = yresnam(k)
       if (trim(yn) == trim(ytmp)) then
          knum = k
       endif
    enddo
    return
    end
```

```
mpimod.f90
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                                                                Page 1/10
    module mpimod
    use pumamod
    use mpi
    integer :: mpi_itype = MPI_INTEGER4
    integer :: mpi_rtype = MPI_REAL4
    integer :: mpi_ltype = MPI_LOGICAL
    end module mpimod
    interface routines to MPI:
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPBCI
    _____
    subroutine mpbci(k) ! broadcast 1 integer
    use mpimod
    integer :: k(*)
    call mpi_bcast(k, 1, mpi_itype, NROOT, myworld, mpinfo)
    end subroutine mpbci
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPBCIN
    _____
    subroutine mpbcin(k,n) ! broadcast n integer
    use mpimod
    integer :: k(n)
    call mpi_bcast(k,n,mpi_itype,NROOT,myworld,mpinfo)
    return
    end subroutine mpbcin
    ===========
    SUBROUTINE MPBCR
    ==========
    subroutine mpbcr(p) ! broadcast 1 real
    use mpimod
    real :: p(*)
    call mpi_bcast(p,1,mpi_rtype,NROOT,myworld,mpinfo)
    return
    end subroutine mpbcr
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPBCRN
    _____
    subroutine mpbcrn(p,n) ! broadcast n real
    use mpimod
    real :: p(n)
    call mpi_bcast(p, n, mpi_rtype, NROOT, myworld, mpinfo)
    return
    end subroutine mpbcrn
    _____
```

```
mpimod.f90
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                                                                 Page 2/10
    SUBROUTINE MPBCL
    _____
    subroutine mpbcl(1) ! broadcast 1 logical
    use mpimod
    logical :: 1(*)
    call mpi_bcast(1,1,mpi_ltype,NROOT,myworld,mpinfo)
    end subroutine mpbcl
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPSCIN
    _____
    subroutine mpscin(k,n) ! scatter n integer
    use mpimod
    integer :: k(*)
    call mpi_scatter(k,n,mpi_itype,k,n,mpi_itype
                    , NROOT, myworld, mpinfo)
    return
    end subroutine mpscin
    SUBROUTINE MPSCRN
    _____
    subroutine mpscrn(p,n) ! scatter n real
    use mpimod
    real :: p(*)
    call mpi_scatter(p,n,mpi_rtype,p,n,mpi_rtype,NROOT,myworld,mpinfo)
    return
    end subroutine mpscrn
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPSCDN
    _____
    subroutine mpscdn(p,n) ! scatter n double precision
    use mpimod
    real (kind=8) :: p(*)
    call mpi_scatter(p,n,MPI_REAL8,p,n,MPI_REAL8,NROOT,myworld,mpinfo)
    return
    end subroutine mpscdn
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPSCGP
    subroutine mpscgp(pf,pp,klev) ! scatter gridpoint fields
    use mpimod
    real :: pf(NUGP,klev)
    real :: pp(NHOR, klev)
    do jlev = 1 , klev
       call mpi_scatter(pf(:,jlev),NHOR,mpi_rtype,
                       pp(:,jlev),NHOR,mpi_rtype,
                       NROOT, myworld, mpinfo)
```

```
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    enddo
    return
    end subroutine mpscqp
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPGAGP
    _____
    subroutine mpgagp(pf,pp,klev) ! gather gridpoint fields
    use mpimod
    real :: pf(NLON*NLAT, klev)
    real :: pp(NHOR, klev)
    do jlev = 1 , klev
       call mpi_gather(pp(:,jlev),NHOR,mpi_rtype,
                      pf(:,jlev),NHOR,mpi_rtype,
   ď
                      NROOT, myworld, mpinfo)
    enddo
    return
    end subroutine mpgagp
    ______
    SUBROUTINE MPGALLGP
    _____
    subroutine mpgallgp (pf, pp, klev) ! gather gritpoint to all
    use mpimod
    real :: pf(NLON*NLAT,klev)
    real :: pp(NHOR, klev)
    do jlev = 1 , klev
       call mpi_allgather(pp(:,jlev),NHOR,mpi_rtype,
                         pf(:,jlev),NHOR,mpi_rtype,
                         myworld, mpinfo)
    enddo
    end subroutine mpgallgp
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPSCSP
    subroutine mpscsp (pf,pp,klev) ! scatter spectral fields
    use mpimod
    real :: pf(NESP,klev)
    real :: pp(NSPP,klev)
    do jlev = 1 , klev
       call mpi_scatter(pf(:,jlev),NSPP,mpi_rtype
                      ,pp(:,jlev),NSPP,mpi_rtype
   &
                      ,NROOT, myworld, mpinfo)
    enddo
    return
    end subroutine mpscsp
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPGASP
    subroutine mpgasp (pf,pp,klev) ! gather spectral fields
    use mpimod
```

```
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                                                                  Page 4/10
    real :: pf(NESP,klev)
    real :: pp(NSPP,klev)
    do jlev = 1 , klev
       call mpi_gather(pp(:,jlev),NSPP,mpi_rtype
                      ,pf(:,jlev),NSPP,mpi_rtype
                      ,NROOT, myworld, mpinfo)
   &
    enddo
    return
    end subroutine mpgasp
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPGACS
    _____
    subroutine mpgacs(pcs) ! gather cross sections
    use mpimod
    real :: pcs(NLAT, NLEV)
    do jlev = 1 , NLEV
       call mpi_gather(pcs(:,jlev),NLPP,mpi_rtype
                      ,pcs(:,jlev),NLPP,mpi_rtype
                      , NROOT, myworld, mpinfo)
   ď
    enddo
    return
    end subroutine mpgacs
    ______
    SUBROUTINE MPGALLSP
    _____
    subroutine mpgallsp(pf,pp,klev) ! gather spectral to all
    use mpimod
    real :: pf(NESP, klev)
    real :: pp(NSPP,klev)
    do jlev = 1 , klev
       call mpi_allgather(pp(:,jlev),NSPP,mpi_rtype
                        ,pf(:,jlev),NSPP,mpi_rtype
                        , myworld, mpinfo)
    enddo
    return
    end subroutine mpgallsp
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPSUM
    subroutine mpsum(psp,klev) ! sum spectral fields
    use mpimod
    real :: psp(NESP*klev)
    real :: tmp(NESP*klev)
    call mpi_reduce(psp,tmp,NESP*klev,mpi_rtype,MPI_SUM
                  ,NROOT, myworld, mpinfo)
    if (mypid == NROOT) psp = tmp
    return
    end subroutine mpsum
    ______
    SUBROUTINE MPSUMSC
    ______
```

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mpimod.f90
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                                                                   Page 5/10
    subroutine mpsumsc(psf,psp,klev) ! sum & scatter spectral
    real :: psf(NESP, klev)
    real :: psp(NSPP,klev)
    do jlev = 1 , klev
       call mpi_reduce_scatter(psf(:,jlev),psp(:,jlev),nscatsp
   &
                              , mpi_rtype, MPI_SUM, myworld, mpinfo)
    enddo
    return
    end subroutine mpsumsc
     _____
    SUBROUTINE MPSUMR
    _____
    subroutine mpsumr(pr,kdim) ! sum kdim reals
    use mpimod
    real pr(kdim)
    real tmp(kdim)
    call mpi_reduce (pr, tmp, kdim, mpi_rtype, MPI_SUM, NROOT, myworld, mpinfo)
    if (mypid == NROOT) pr = tmp
    return
    end subroutine mpsumr
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPSUMBCR
    subroutine mpsumbcr(pr,kdim) ! sum & broadcast kdim reals
    use mpimod
    real :: pr(kdim)
    real :: tmp(kdim)
    call mpi_allreduce(pr,tmp,kdim,mpi_rtype,MPI_SUM,myworld,mpinfo)
    pr = tmp
    return
    end subroutine mpsumbcr
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPSTART
     ______
    subroutine mpstart ! initialization
    use mpimod
    integer :: itest = 0
    real :: rtest = 0.0
    if (kind(itest) == 8) mpi_itype = MPI_INTEGER8
    if (kind(rtest) == 8) mpi_rtype = MPI_REAL8
    call mpi init (mpinfo)
    myworld=MPI_COMM_WORLD
    call mpi_comm_size(myworld, npro , mpinfo)
    call mpi_comm_rank(myworld, mypid, mpinfo)
    allocate(ympname(npro)); ympname(:) = ''
    call mpi_get_processor_name(ympname(1),ilen,mpinfo)
    call mpi gather (ympname, 80, MPI_CHARACTER,
                    ympname, 80, MPI_CHARACTER,
```

```
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                   NROOT, myworld, mpinfo)
    return
    end subroutine mpstart
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPSTOP
    _____
    subroutine mpstop
    use mpimod
    call mpi_barrier(myworld, mpinfo)
    call mpi_finalize(mpinfo)
    return
    end subroutine mpstop
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPREADGP
    _____
    subroutine mpreadgp(ktape,p,kdim,klev)
    use mpimod
    real p(kdim, klev)
    real z (NLON*NLAT, klev)
    z = 0.0
    if (mypid == NROOT) read (ktape) z(1:NLON*NLAT,:)
    if (kdim == NHOR) then
     call mpscgp(z,p,klev)
     if (mypid == NROOT) p = z
    endif
    end subroutine mpreadgp
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPWRITEGP
    _____
    subroutine mpwritegp(ktape,p,kdim,klev)
    use mpimod
    real p(kdim, klev)
    real z (NLON*NLAT, klev)
    if (kdim == NHOR) then
     call mpgagp(z,p,klev)
     if (mypid == NROOT) write(ktape) z(1:NLON*NLAT,:)
     if (mypid == NROOT) write(ktape) p(1:NLON*NLAT,:)
    endif
    return
    end subroutine mpwritegp
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPWRITEGPH
    subroutine mpwritegph (ktape, p, kdim, klev, ihead)
    use mpimod
```

```
mpimod.f90
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                                                                    Page 7/10
    real p(kdim, klev)
    real z (NLON*NLAT, klev)
    real(kind=4) :: zp(kdim,klev)
    real(kind=4) :: zz(NLON*NLAT, klev)
    integer ihead(8)
    if (kdim == NHOR) then
     call mpgagp(z,p,klev)
     if (mypid == NROOT) then
        write(ktape) ihead
        zz(:,:)=z(:,:)
        write(ktape) zz(1:NLON*NLAT,:)
     endif
     if (mypid == NROOT) then
        write(ktape) ihead
        zp(:,:)=p(:,:)
        write(ktape) zp(1:NLON*NLAT,:)
     endif
    endif
    return
    end subroutine mpwritegph
     ______
    SUBROUTINE MPREADSP
    _____
    subroutine mpreadsp(ktape,p,kdim,klev)
    use mpimod
    real p(kdim, klev)
    real z (NESP, klev)
    z = 0.0
    if (mypid == NROOT) read(ktape) z(1:NRSP,:)
    if (kdim == NSPP) then
       call mpscsp(z,p,klev)
    else
       if (mypid == NROOT) p = z
    endif
    return
    end subroutine mpreadsp
    SUBROUTINE MPWRITESP
     ______
    subroutine mpwritesp (ktape, p, kdim, klev)
    use mpimod
    real p(kdim, klev)
    real z (NESP, klev)
    if (kdim == NSPP) then
       call mpgasp(z,p,klev)
       if (mypid == NROOT) write(ktape) z(1:NRSP,:)
       if (mypid == NROOT) write(ktape) p(1:NRSP,:)
    endif
    return
    end subroutine mpwritesp
```

```
mpimod.f90
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                                                                 Page 8/10
    ______
    SUBROUTINE MPI_INFO
    _____
    subroutine mpi_info(nprocess,npid)
                                      ! get nproc and pid
    use mpimod
    myworld=MPI_COMM_WORLD
    call mpi_comm_size(myworld, nprocess, mpinfo)
    call mpi_comm_rank(myworld, npid, mpinfo)
    return
    end subroutine mpi_info
    ______
    SUBROUTINE MPGETSP
    _____
    subroutine mpgetsp(yn,p,kdim,klev)
    use mpimod
    character (len=*) :: yn
    real :: p(kdim,klev)
    real :: z(NESP, klev)
    z(:,:) = 0.0
    if (mypid == NROOT) call get_restart_array(yn,z,NRSP,NESP,klev)
    call mpscsp(z,p,klev)
    end subroutine mpgetsp
    ______
    SUBROUTINE MPGETGP
    _____
    subroutine mpgetgp(yn,p,kdim,klev)
    use mpimod
    character (len=*) :: yn
    real :: p(kdim,klev)
    real :: z (NUGP, klev)
    if (mypid == NROOT) call get restart array(yn,z,NUGP,NUGP,klev)
    call mpscgp(z,p,klev)
    return
    end subroutine mpgetgp
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPPUTSP
    _____
    subroutine mpputsp(yn,p,kdim,klev)
    use mpimod
    character (len=*) :: yn
    real :: p(kdim,klev)
    real :: z(NESP, klev)
    call mpgasp(z,p,klev)
    if (mypid == NROOT) call put_restart_array(yn,z,NRSP,NESP,klev)
    return
    end subroutine mpputsp
```

```
mpimod.f90
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                                                                Page 9/10
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPPUTGP
    _____
    subroutine mpputgp(yn,p,kdim,klev)
    use mpimod
    character (len=*) :: yn
    real :: p(kdim,klev)
    real :: z (NUGP, klev)
    call mpgagp(z,p,klev)
    if (mypid == NROOT) call put_restart_array(yn,z,NUGP,NUGP,klev)
    end subroutine mpputgp
     ______
     SUBROUTINE MPSURFGP
     _____
     subroutine mpsurfgp(yn,p,kdim,klev)
     use mpimod
     character (len=*) :: yn
     real :: p(kdim, klev)
     real :: z(NUGP, klev)
     if (mypid == NROOT) call get_surf_array(yn,z,NUGP,NUGP,klev,iread)
     call mpbci(iread)
     if (iread == 1) call mpscgp(z,p,klev)
     end subroutine mpsurfgp
     _____
     SUBROUTINE MPSURFYEAR
     ______
     subroutine mpsurfyear(yn,p,kdim,kmon)
     use mpimod
     character (len=*) :: yn
     real :: p(kdim, kmon)
     real :: z(NUGP, kmon)
     if (mypid == NROOT) call get_surf_year(yn,z,NUGP,kmon,iread)
     call mpbci(iread)
     if (iread == 1) call mpscqp(z,p,kmon)
     return
     end subroutine mpsurfyear
     SUBROUTINE MP3DYEAR
     _____
     subroutine mp3dyear(yn,p,kdim,klev,kmon)
     use mpimod
     character (len=*) :: yn
     real :: p(kdim, klev, kmon)
     real :: z(NUGP, klev, kmon)
```

```
mpimod.f90
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                                                                  Page 10/10
     if (mypid == NROOT) call get_3d_year(yn,z,NUGP,klev,kmon,iread)
     call mpbci(iread)
     if (iread == 1) call mpscgp(z,p,klev*kmon)
     end subroutine mp3dyear
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPMAXVAL
    _____
    subroutine mpmaxval(p,kdim,klev,pmax)
    use mpimod
    real :: p(kdim,klev)
    real :: pmax(1)
    real :: zmax(1)
    zmax = maxval(p(:,:))
    call mpi_allreduce(zmax,pmax,1,mpi_rtype,MPI_MAX,myworld,mpinfo)
    end subroutine mpmaxval
    _____
    SUBROUTINE MPSUMVAL
    ______
    subroutine mpsumval (p, kdim, klev, psum)
    use mpimod
    real :: p(kdim,klev)
    real :: psum(1)
    real :: zsum(1)
    zsum = sum(p(:,:))
    call mpi_allreduce(zsum,psum,1,mpi_rtype,MPI_SUM,myworld,mpinfo)
    end subroutine mpsumval
    Some dummy declarations that are use in multirun mode only
    subroutine mrdiff(p,d,n,l)
    real :: p(n)
    real :: d(n)
    return
    end
    subroutine mrsum(k) ! sum up 1 integer
    end
    subroutine mrbci(k) ! broadcast 1 integer
    return
    subroutine mrdimensions
    return
    end
```

```
mpimod stub.f90
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                                                                  Page 1/4
    _____
    mpimod_dummy.f90
    This module replaces <mpimod.f90> for
    single CPU runs
    The module is shared by PUMA and PlaSim
    ______
    subroutine mrdimensions
    return
    end
    subroutine mrdiff(p,d,n,l)
    real :: p(n)
    real :: d(n)
    return
    end
    subroutine mrsum(k) ! sum up 1 integer
    return
    end
    subroutine mrbci(k) ! broadcast 1 integer
    return
    end
    subroutine mpbci(k) ! broadcast 1 integer
    end
    subroutine mpbcin(k,n) ! broadcast n integer
    integer :: k(n)
    return
    end
    subroutine mpbcr(p) ! broadcast 1 real
    return
    end
    subroutine mpbcrn(p,n) ! broadcast n real
    real :: p(n)
    return
    end
    subroutine mpbcl(k) ! broadcast 1 logical
    logical :: k
    return
    subroutine mpscin(k,n) ! scatter n integer
    integer :: k(n)
    return
    and
    subroutine mpscrn(p,n) ! scatter n real
    real :: p(n)
    return
    end
    subroutine mpscdn(p,n) ! scatter n double precision
    real (kind=8) :: p(n)
    return
    end
    subroutine mpscsp (pf,pp,klev) ! scatter spectral fields
    use pumamod
    real pf (NESP, klev)
    real pp (NSPP, klev)
```

```
mpimod stub.f90
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                                                                        Page 2/4
    pp(1:NSPP,1:klev) = pf(1:NSPP,1:klev)
     return
     end
     subroutine mpscgp(pf,pp,klev) ! scatter gridpoint fields
    use pumamod
    real pf(NLON*NLAT, klev)
     real pp (NHOR, klev)
    pp(1:NHOR, 1:klev) = pf(1:NHOR, 1:klev)
    return
    end
     subroutine mpgasp (pf, pp, klev) ! gather spectral fields
    use pumamod
    real pf (NESP, klev)
    real pp (NSPP, klev)
    pf(1:NSPP,1:klev) = pp(1:NSPP,1:klev)
    return
     subroutine mpgagp(pf,pp,klev) ! gather gridpoint fields
    use pumamod
     real pf (NHOR, klev)
    real pp (NHOR, klev)
    pf = pp
     return
    end
     subroutine mpgacs (pcs) ! gather cross sections
    return
    end
     subroutine mpgallsp(pf,pp,klev) ! gather spectral to all
    use pumamod
     real pf (NESP, klev)
    real pp (NSPP, klev)
    pf(1:NSPP,1:klev) = pp(1:NSPP,1:klev)
    return
     end
     subroutine mpsum (psp, klev) ! sum spectral fields
     subroutine mpsumsc(psf,psp,klev) ! sum & scatter spectral
    use pumamod
    real psf(NESP, klev)
    real psp(NSPP,klev)
    psp(1:NSPP,1:klev) = psf(1:NSPP,1:klev)
    return
    end
     subroutine mpsumr(pr,kdim) ! sum kdim reals
    return
    end subroutine mpsumr
     subroutine mpsumbcr(pr,kdim) ! sum & broadcast kdim reals
    return
    end
    subroutine mpstart ! initialization
    use pumamod
    npro = 1
    return
    subroutine mpstop
    return
     end
```

```
mpimod stub.f90
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                                                                        Page 3/4
     subroutine mpreadsp(ktape,p,kdim,klev)
    real p(kdim, klev)
    read (ktape) p
    return
    end
    subroutine mpreadgp(ktape,p,kdim,klev)
    real p(kdim, klev)
    read (ktape) p
    return
    end
    subroutine mpwritesp(ktape,p,kdim,klev)
    real p(kdim, klev)
    write (ktape) p
    return
    end
    subroutine mpwritegp(ktape,p,kdim,klev)
    real p(kdim, klev)
    write (ktape) p
    return
    end
    subroutine mpwritegph (ktape, p, kdim, klev, ihead)
    real :: p(kdim,klev)
    integer :: ihead(8)
    write (ktape) ihead
    write (ktape) p
    return
    end
     subroutine mpi_info(nprocess,pid)
                                          ! get nproc and pid
    integer nprocess, pid
    nprocess = 1
    pid = 0
    return
    end subroutine mpi info
    subroutine mpgetsp(yn,p,kdim,klev)
    character (len=*) :: yn
    real :: p(kdim,klev)
    call get restart array (yn, p, kdim, kdim, klev)
    return
    end subroutine mpgetsp
    subroutine mpgetgp(yn,p,kdim,klev)
    character (len=*) :: yn
    real :: p(kdim,klev)
    call get_restart_array(yn,p,kdim,kdim,klev)
    return
    end subroutine mpgetgp
    subroutine mpputsp(yn,p,kdim,klev)
    character (len=*) :: yn
    real :: p(kdim,klev)
    call put_restart_array(yn,p,kdim,kdim,klev)
    return
    end subroutine mpputsp
    subroutine mpputgp(yn,p,kdim,klev)
    character (len=*) :: yn
```

```
mpimod stub.f90
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    real :: p(kdim,klev)
     call put_restart_array(yn,p,kdim,kdim,klev)
    return
    end subroutine mpputqp
     subroutine mpsurfgp(yn,p,kdim,klev)
     character (len=*) :: yn
     real :: p(kdim, klev)
     call get_surf_array(yn,p,kdim,kdim,klev,iread)
     return
     end subroutine mpsurfgp
     subroutine mpsurfyear(yn,p,kdim,kmon)
     character (len=*) :: yn
     real :: p(kdim, kmon)
     call get_surf_year(yn,p,kdim,kmon,iread)
     return
     end subroutine mpsurfyear
     subroutine mp3dyear(yn,p,kdim,klev,kmon)
     character (len=*) :: yn
     real :: p(kdim, klev, kmon)
     call get_3d_year(yn,p,kdim,klev,kmon,iread)
     end subroutine mp3dyear
    subroutine mpmaxval(p,kdim,klev,pmax)
    real :: p(kdim, klev)
    pmax = maxval(p(:,:))
    return
    end subroutine mpmaxval
    subroutine mpsumval(p,kdim,klev,psum)
    real :: p(kdim,klev)
    psum = sum(p(:,:))
    return
    end subroutine mpsumval
```

```
makefile
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                                                                               Page 1/1
# Makefile for PUMA without MPI and GUI
# Xinyu Wen, Peking Univ, Mar/23/2017
F90=gfortran
MPIMOD=mpimod_stub
FFTMOD=fftmod
# Makefile for PUMA with MPI, without GUI
# Xinyu Wen, Peking Univ, Mar/27/2017
#F90=mpif90
#MPIMOD=mpimod
#FFTMOD=fftmod
OBJ = \$\{\texttt{MPIMOD}\}.o \ \$\{\texttt{FFTMOD}\}.o \ \texttt{puma.o legsym.o restartmod.o gaussmod.o}
%.o: %.f90
         ${F90} -c -03 $<
puma.x: $(OBJ)
         ${F90} -o puma.x $(OBJ)
                  puma.f90
${FFTMOD}.o:
                  ${FFTMOD}.f90
${MPIMOD}.o:
                  ${MPIMOD}.f90 puma.o
legsym.o:
                 legsym.f90
restartmod.o:
                restartmod.f90
gaussmod.o:
                  gaussmod.f90
clean:
         rm -f *.o *.mod
```

```
readme.md
 Mar 29, 17 18:33
                                                                          Page 1/3
# Change Log
## 2017-Mar-29: Make "doc" directory and produce PDF for all sources
Creat "doc" directory and move LICENSE and readme.md into it. Make "make_srcpdf" s
cript to produce a PDF book for all sources in ../src and readme.md.
## 2017-Mar-28: Rename directory puma to src
Rename "puma", the directory of all fortran source code, into "src", to make the
directory structure neater.
## 2017-Mar-27: Add MPI function
Add mpimod.f90 and make minor modification on makefile, so that I can deliver MP
I runs using 4 CPUs. Seems the excutable with MPI still can be run with 1 single
CPU, like this: "./puma_mpi.x 32 10". Normally, the MPI run can be done by "mpiexec-
np 4 puma_mpi.x 32 10".
The running speed, under the unif of "simulate model years per day", was tested on my I
ntel i5 CPU with 4 processors, with gfortran as the compilor and -O3 as the opti
mal argument.
  'gfortran -03' | T21 | T42 |
| 1 CPU (No MPI) | 4373 | 299 |
| 4 CPU (MPI) | 13918 | 782 |
Note that the 1st number here (4373) is 1755 tested on pkuclimate.club, an 5-yea
r-old Intel i3 Xeon CPU.
## 2017-Mar-25: Add Post-Processing (pp)
Add directory "pp" for the post-processing excutable "burn7.x" and 2 associated na
melist, one for 3 surface variables, another for 10 multi-level variables. To compile burn 7.x you should apt install libretcdf-cxx-legacy-dev first.
## 2017-Mar-25: Remove GUI-related code
Remove guimod_stub.f90, and comment out all the GUI-related code in puma.f90 wit
h a description "XW(Mar/25/2017) to remove GUI:". Please note I did not delete any lin
es, just comment out. The number of source code were shinked from 7 to 6.
## 2017-Mar-23: Make PUMA running
Successfully make PUMA running on 1CPU, with fake MPI and GUI interface (stub).
I changed "nresources" line in subroutine "epilog" of puma.f90, which is related to
retrieving process time, memory, and disk info used in pumax.c. They are just pr
inted into puma_diag file at the closing procedure of a run. No big deal. The co
de are marked with "XW".
## 2017-Mar-17: Make PLASIM17 running with MOST
### PUMA 4core 1year T21 run
        wensir@himalaya ~/model/puma17 $ ./most.x
        mpif90 -c -O3 -ffpe-trap=invalid, zero, overflow -ffpe-summary=none -finit
-real=snan puma.f90
        mpif90 -c -O3 -ffpe-trap=invalid,zero,overflow -ffpe-summary=none -finit
-real=snan mpimod.f90
        mpif90 -c -O3 -ffpe-trap=invalid, zero, overflow -ffpe-summary=none -finit
-real=snan fftmod.f90
        mpif90 -c -O3 -ffpe-trap=invalid, zero, overflow -ffpe-summary=none -finit
-real=snan guimod.f90
        mpicc -c -O3 pumax.c
        mpif90 -c -O3 -ffpe-trap=invalid, zero, overflow -ffpe-summary=none -finit
-real=snan legini.f90
        as -o legfast32.o legfast32.s
        mpif90 -c -O3 -ffpe-trap=invalid, zero, overflow -ffpe-summary=none -finit
-real=snan restartmod.f90
```

```
readme.md
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       mpif90 -c -O3 -ffpe-trap=invalid,zero,overflow -ffpe-summary=none -finit
-real=snan gaussmod.f90
       mpif90 -o puma.x -O3 -ffpe-trap=invalid,zero,overflow -ffpe-summary=none
-finit-real=snan
              mpimod.o fftmod.o guimod.o pumax.o legini.o legfast32.o puma.o re
startmod.o gaussmod.o
              -L/usr/lib/X11 -lX11
       === Success: Launched process most_puma_run ===
### PUMA 1core 1year T21 run
       wensir@himalaya ~/model/puma17 $ ./most.x
       gfortran -c -03 -ffpe-trap=invalid,zero,overflow -ffpe-summary=none -fin
it-real=snan puma.f90
       gfortran -c -03 -ffpe-trap=invalid, zero, overflow -ffpe-summary=none -fin
it-real=snan mpimod_stub.f90
       gfortran -c -O3 -ffpe-trap=invalid,zero,overflow -ffpe-summary=none -fin
it-real=snan fftmod.f90
       gfortran -c -O3 -ffpe-trap=invalid,zero,overflow -ffpe-summary=none -fin
it-real=snan guimod.f90
       gcc -c -O3 -I /usr/lib/X11/include pumax.c
       gfortran -c -03 -ffpe-trap=invalid, zero, overflow -ffpe-summary=none -fin
it-real=snan legini.f90
       as -o legfast32.o legfast32.s
       gfortran -c -O3 -ffpe-trap=invalid, zero, overflow -ffpe-summary=none -fin
it-real=snan restartmod.f90
       gfortran -c -O3 -ffpe-trap=invalid,zero,overflow -ffpe-summary=none -fin
it-real=snan gaussmod.f90
       gfortran -o puma.x -03 -ffpe-trap=invalid,zero,overflow -ffpe-summary=no
ne -finit-real=snan
                mpimod_stub.o fftmod.o guimod.o pumax.o legini.o legfast32.o pu
ma.o restartmod.o gaussmod.o
                -L/usr/lib/X11 -lX11
       === Success: Launched process most_puma_run ===
### Configure and Compile Source Code
       wensir@himalaya ~/model/puma17 $ ./configure.sh
       Found FORTRAN-90 compiler
                                   at: /usr/bin/gfortran
       gfortran version 5.4
       Found Xlib (X11)
                                     at: /usr/lib/X11
       Found C compiler
                                     at: /usr/bin/gcc
       Found C++ compiler
                                    at: /usr/bin/c++
       Found MPI FORTRAN-90 compiler at: /usr/bin/mpif90
       Found MPI C compiler at: /usr/bin/mpicc
       Found MPI C++ compiler
                                    at: /usr/bin/mpicxx
       Found GNU assembler
                                    at: /usr/bin/as
       Fast Legendre Transformation : ACTIVE (Linux)
       gfortran -o f90check.x f90check.f90
       gcc -o cc_check.x cc_check.c
       System info for <himalaya>
       Architecture: Linux himalaya 4.4.0-53-generic #74-Ubuntu SMP Fri Dec 2 1
5:59:10 UTC 2016 x86_64 GNU/Linux
       Endian format
                                 : little endian
       FORTRAN control word size : 4 bytes
       FORTRAN integer size
                               : 4 bytes
       FORTRAN real size
                                 : 4 bytes
       C
               int
                       size
                                 : 4 bytes
               float size
                                 : 4 bytes
               long
                      size
                                 : 8 bytes
       C long long
                       size
                                 : 8 bytes
       FORTRAN Compiler: gfortran
               Compiler: gcc
       gcc -o most.x most.c -I/usr/lib/X11/include -lm -L/usr/lib/X11 -lX11
```

readme.md Mar 29, 17 18:33 Page 3/3 configuration complete - run <most.x> ### Install required library following README_UBUNTU - apt install libx11-dev - apt install openmpi-bin openmpi-common openmpi-doc libopenmpi-dev

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Table of Contents								ago I/ I
1 puma.f90. 2 legsym.f90. 3 gaussmod.f90. 4 fftmod.f90. 5 restartmod.f90. 6 mpimod.f90. 7 mpimod_stub.f90. 8 makefile. 9 readme.md.	sheets sheets sheets sheets sheets sheets	1 to 35 to 40 to 41 to 46 to 48 to 53 to 55 to 56 to	39 (5) 40 (1) 45 (5) 47 (2) 52 (5) 54 (2) 55 (1)	pages	1- 68 69- 78 79- 80 81- 89 94-103 104-107 108-108 109-111	655 87 620 247 686 251 32	lines lines lines lines lines lines lines lines	