```
In [6]:
```

```
import torch
# If there's a GPU available...
if torch.cuda.is available():
   # Tell PyTorch to use the GPU.
   device = torch.device("cuda")
   print('There are %d GPU(s) available.' % torch.cuda.device_count())
   print('We will use the GPU:', torch.cuda.get device name(0))
   !nvidia-smi
# If not...
else:
   print('No GPU available, using the CPU instead.')
   device = torch.device("cpu")
There are 1 GPU(s) available.
We will use the GPU: Tesla T4
Fri Jun 10 15:32:42 2022
| NVIDIA-SMI 460.32.03 Driver Version: 460.32.03 CUDA Version:
| GPU Name Persistence-M| Bus-Id Disp.A | Volatile Un
corr. ECC |
| Fan Temp Perf Pwr:Usage/Cap| Memory-Usage | GPU-Util C
ompute M. |
MIG M. |
=======|
  0 |
| N/A 36C P8 9W / 70W | 3MiB / 15109MiB | 0%
Default |
                       1
N/A |
+-----
| Processes:
| GPU GI CI PID Type Process name
                                                G
PU Memory |
     ID
         ID
                                                U
sage
======|
  No running processes found
```

Importing the libraries needed

In [7]:

```
!pip install pyarabic
!pip install emoji
!pip install pystemmer
!pip install optuna==2.3.0
!pip install transformers==4.2.1
```

```
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-python.pkg.d
ev/colab-wheels/public/simple/
Requirement already satisfied: pyarabic in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/
dist-packages (0.6.14)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.14.0 in /usr/local/lib/python
3.7/dist-packages (from pyarabic) (1.15.0)
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-python.pkg.d
ev/colab-wheels/public/simple/
Requirement already satisfied: emoji in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dis
t-packages (1.7.0)
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-python.pkg.d
ev/colab-wheels/public/simple/
Requirement already satisfied: pystemmer in /usr/local/lib/python3.
7/dist-packages (2.0.1)
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-python.pkg.d
ev/colab-wheels/public/simple/
Requirement already satisfied: optuna==2.3.0 in /usr/local/lib/pytho
n3.7/dist-packages (2.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: colorlog in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/
dist-packages (from optuna==2.3.0) (6.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: sqlalchemy>=1.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/p
ython3.7/dist-packages (from optuna==2.3.0) (1.4.36)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in /usr/local/lib/pyt
hon3.7/dist-packages (from optuna==2.3.0) (21.3)
Requirement already satisfied: tgdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist
-packages (from optuna==2.3.0) (4.64.0)
Requirement already satisfied: cmaes>=0.6.0 in /usr/local/lib/python
3.7/\text{dist-packages} (from optuna==2.3.0) (0.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: cliff in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dis
t-packages (from optuna==2.3.0) (3.10.1)
Requirement already satisfied: alembic in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/d
ist-packages (from optuna==2.3.0) (1.8.0)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/di
st-packages (from optuna==2.3.0) (1.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy!=1.4.0 in /usr/local/lib/python
3.7/dist-packages (from optuna==2.3.0) (1.4.1)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dis
t-packages (from optuna==2.3.0) (1.21.6)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=3.0.5,>=2.0.2 in /usr/loca
l/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from packaging>=20.0->optuna==2.3.0)
(3.0.9)
Requirement already satisfied: greenlet!=0.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/py
thon3.7/dist-packages (from sqlalchemy>=1.1.0->optuna==2.3.0) (1.1.
2)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata in /usr/local/lib/
python3.7/dist-packages (from sqlalchemy>=1.1.0->optuna==2.3.0) (4.1
1.4)
Requirement already satisfied: Mako in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist
-packages (from alembic->optuna==2.3.0) (1.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-resources in /usr/local/li
b/python3.7/dist-packages (from alembic->optuna==2.3.0) (5.7.1)
Requirement already satisfied: autopage>=0.4.0 in /usr/local/lib/pyt
hon3.7/dist-packages (from cliff->optuna==2.3.0) (0.5.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pbr!=2.1.0,>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/
python3.7/dist-packages (from cliff->optuna==2.3.0) (5.9.0)
Requirement already satisfied: stevedore>=2.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/py
thon3.7/dist-packages (from cliff->optuna==2.3.0) (3.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: PrettyTable>=0.7.2 in /usr/local/lib/
python3.7/dist-packages (from cliff->optuna==2.3.0) (3.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: cmd2>=1.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python
3.7/dist-packages (from cliff->optuna==2.3.0) (2.4.1)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: PyYAML>=3.12 in /usr/local/lib/python
3.7/dist-packages (from cliff->optuna==2.3.0) (3.13)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions in /usr/local/lib/p
ython3.7/dist-packages (from cmd2>=1.0.0->cliff->optuna==2.3.0) (4.
Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=16.3.0 in /usr/local/lib/pytho
n3.7/dist-packages (from cmd2>=1.0.0->cliff->optuna==2.3.0) (21.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyperclip>=1.6 in /usr/local/lib/pyth
on3.7/dist-packages (from cmd2 >= 1.0.0 - cliff - optuna == 2.3.0) (1.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: wcwidth>=0.1.7 in /usr/local/lib/pyth
on3.7/dist-packages (from cmd2 >= 1.0.0 - cliff - optuna == 2.3.0) (0.2.5)
Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.
7/dist-packages (from importlib-metadata->sqlalchemy>=1.1.0->optuna=
=2.3.0) (3.8.0)
Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=0.9.2 in /usr/local/lib/p
ython3.7/dist-packages (from Mako->alembic->optuna==2.3.0) (2.0.1)
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-python.pkg.d
ev/colab-wheels/public/simple/
Requirement already satisfied: transformers==4.2.1 in /usr/local/li
b/python3.7/dist-packages (4.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dis
t-packages (from transformers==4.2.1) (1.21.6)
Requirement already satisfied: filelock in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/
dist-packages (from transformers==4.2.1) (3.7.0)
Requirement already satisfied: sacremoses in /usr/local/lib/python3.
7/dist-packages (from transformers==4.2.1) (0.0.53)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata in /usr/local/lib/
python3.7/dist-packages (from transformers==4.2.1) (4.11.4)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm>=4.27 in /usr/local/lib/python3.
7/dist-packages (from transformers==4.2.1) (4.64.0)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /usr/local/lib/python3.
7/dist-packages (from transformers==4.2.1) (21.3)
Requirement already satisfied: tokenizers==0.9.4 in /usr/local/lib/p
ython3.7/dist-packages (from transformers==4.2.1) (0.9.4)
Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/
dist-packages (from transformers==4.2.1) (2.23.0)
Requirement already satisfied: regex!=2019.12.17 in /usr/local/lib/p
ython3.7/dist-packages (from transformers==4.2.1) (2019.12.20)
Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.
7/dist-packages (from importlib-metadata->transformers==4.2.1) (3.8.
0)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=3.6.4 in /usr/loca
l/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from importlib-metadata->transformers
==4.2.1) (4.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=3.0.5,>=2.0.2 in /usr/loca
l/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from packaging->transformers==4.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3!=1.25.0,!=1.25.1,<1.26,>=1.2
1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->transf
ormers==4.2.1) (1.24.3)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/
python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->transformers==4.2.1) (2022.
5.18.1)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python
3.7/dist-packages (from requests->transformers==4.2.1) (2.10)
Requirement already satisfied: chardet<4,>=3.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/p
ython3.7/dist-packages (from requests->transformers==4.2.1) (3.0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: click in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dis
t-packages (from sacremoses->transformers==4.2.1) (7.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/di
st-packages (from sacremoses->transformers==4.2.1) (1.1.0)
```

Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from sacremoses->transformers==4.2.1) (1.15.0)

In [8]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import pyarabic.araby as ar
import re , emoji, Stemmer, functools, operator, string
import torch , optuna, gc, random, os
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from tqdm import tqdm notebook as tqdm
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.metrics import classification report, accuracy score, fl score, con
fusion matrix, precision score, recall score
from transformers import AutoConfig, AutoModelForSequenceClassification, AutoTok
enizer
from transformers.data.processors import SingleSentenceClassificationProcessor
from transformers import Trainer , TrainingArguments
from transformers.trainer utils import EvaluationStrategy
from transformers.data.processors.utils import InputFeatures
from torch.utils.data import Dataset
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
from sklearn.utils import resample
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, classification report, accuracy sc
ore
import gensim
from gensim.models import KeyedVectors
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences
import tensorflow as tf
from keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import SpatialDropout1D, Conv1D, Bidirectional, LST
M, Dense, Input, Dropout, GlobalMaxPooling1D
from keras.layers.embeddings import Embedding
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, ReduceLROnPlateau, Early
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
import itertools
from numpy import loadtxt
from keras.models import load model
import logging
logging.basicConfig(level=logging.WARNING)
logger = logging.getLogger( name )
```

```
st = Stemmer.Stemmer('arabic')
def data_cleaning (x):
    x = re.sub('@[^\s]+', ' ', x)
    x = re.sub('((www\.[^\s]+)|(https?://[^\s]+))',' ',x)
    emoji pattern = re.compile("["
                                u"\U0001F600-\U0001F64F" # emoticons
                                u"\U0001F300-\U0001F5FF" # symbols & pictographs
                                u"\U0001F680-\U0001F6FF" # transport & map symbo
ls
                                u"\U0001F1E0-\U0001F1FF" # flags (i0S)
                                u"\U00002500-\U00002BEF" # chinese char
                                u"\U00002702-\U000027B0"
                                u"\U00002702-\U000027B0"
                                u"\U000024C2-\U0001F251"
                                u"\U0001f926-\U0001f937"
                                u"\U00010000-\U0010ffff"
                                u"\u2640-\u2642"
                                u"\u2600 - \u2B55"
                                u"\u200d"
                                u"\u23cf"
                                u"\u23e9"
                                u"\u231a"
                                u"\ufe0f" # dingbats
                                u"\u3030""]+", flags=re.UNICODE)
    emoji pattern.sub(r'', x)
    ar punctuations = '''`÷x_-"..."!|+¦~{}',.?":/,_][%^&*()_<>:#'''
    en punctuations = string.punctuation
    punctuations = ar punctuations + en punctuations
    x = x.translate(str.maketrans('', '', punctuations))
    | # Fatha
                                  I # Tanwin Fath
                                  | # Damma
                                  | # Tanwin Damm
                                  | # Kasra
                                  | # Tanwin Kasr
                                  | # Sukun
                                    # Tatwil/Kashida
                          """, re.VERBOSE)
    x = re.sub(arabic diacritics, '', str(x))
    x = re.sub("[/" ,"[/Ĩ/]", x)

x = re.sub("ω" ,"ω", x)

x = re.sub("ω" ,"ω", x)

x = re.sub("ω" ,"ω", x)
#
#
     x = re.sub(r'(.)\1+', r'\1', x)
#
    return x
```

In [10]:

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount("/content/gdrive")
```

Mounted at /content/gdrive

Uploading the dataset

In [11]:

```
Text_Col_Train = "review"
Sentiment_Col_Train = "sentiment"
Train_Data_File = "/content/gdrive/MyDrive/thesis/LABR.xlsx"

train_data = pd.DataFrame()

train_data = pd.read_excel(Train_Data_File)

train_data.head(3)
```

Out[11]:

review	Unnamed: 3	Unnamed: 2	Unnamed: 1	rating	
عزازيل الذي صنعناه ،الكامن في أنفسنا يذكرني يو	13431841.0	7878381.0	338670838.0	4.0	0
من أمتع ما قرأت من روايات بلا شك. وحول الشك تد	3554772.0	1775679.0	39428407.0	4.0	1
رواية تتخذ من التاريخ ،جوًا لها اختار المؤلف ف	3554772.0	1304410.0	32159373.0	4.0	2

In [12]:

```
print(train_data.rating.value_counts())

5.0    23705
4.0    19019
3.0    12168
2.0    5265
1.0    2909
Name: rating, dtype: int64
```

printing the fiels with missed values

In [13]:

```
train_data.isnull().sum()
```

Out[13]:

```
rating 0
Unnamed: 1 0
Unnamed: 2 0
Unnamed: 3 0
review 0
dtype: int64
```

printing the number of the duplicated rows

```
In [14]:
```

```
print("On a {} doublons dans Data.".format(train_data.duplicated().sum()))
On a 2464 doublons dans Data.
```

In [15]:

```
train_data.drop_duplicates(inplace = True)
```

In [16]:

```
print("On a {} doublons dans Data.".format(train_data.duplicated().sum()))
```

On a O doublons dans Data.

checking the types of the fiels in the data

In [17]:

```
train_data.dtypes
```

Out[17]:

rating float64 Unnamed: 1 float64 Unnamed: 2 float64 Unnamed: 3 float64 review object

dtype: object

function for printing the pie

In [18]:

```
def pie(data,col):
    labels = data[col].value_counts().keys().tolist()
    n = len(labels)
    if n==2:
        colors = ['#66b3ff', '#fb3999']
    elif n==3:
        colors = ['#66b3ff', '#fb3999', '#ffcc99']
    elif n==4:
        colors = ['#66b3ff', '#fb3999', '#ffcc99', "#66f3ff"]
    elif n==5:
        colors = ['#66b3ff', '#fb3999', '#ffcc99', "#66f3ff", '#adcc99']
    elif n==6:
        colors = ['#66b3ff', '#fb3999', '#ffcc99',"#66f3ff",'#adcc99',"#db7f23"]
    fig1, f1 = plt.subplots()
    fl.pie(data[col].value counts(), labels=labels, colors = colors, autopct='%
1.1f%, shadow=False, startangle=60)
    f1.axis('equal')
    plt.tight layout()
    plt.show()
def histo(data,col):
    plt.figure(figsize = (10, 8))
    sns.histplot(data=data, x=col, hue = data[col], fill=True)
```

Counting the % of each classe

In [19]:

```
train_data.rating.value_counts(normalize = True)
```

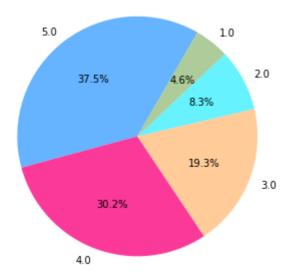
Out[19]:

```
5.0 0.375433
4.0 0.301508
3.0 0.193310
2.0 0.083479
1.0 0.046269
Name: rating, dtype: float64
```

Printing the distribution of the classes

In [20]:

pie(train_data, "rating")



Repartitionning the data to 2 classes

```
In [21]:
```

```
positive_reviews = train_data[train_data["rating"] > 3]
positive_reviews["sentiment"] = "Positive"

negative_reviews = train_data[train_data["rating"] < 3]
negative_reviews["sentiment"] = "Negative"

train_data = pd.concat([positive_reviews, negative_reviews], ignore_index = True)</pre>
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:2: Sett
ingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame. Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:5: Sett
ingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame. Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

preprocessing the reviews and printing the time spent & Deleting unused fields

In [22]:

```
# Cleaning Training Data
train_data[Text_Col_Train] = train_data[Text_Col_Train].apply(lambda x: data_c
leaning(str(x)))

# Removing un-needed feilds
train_data.drop(['rating', 'Unnamed: 1', 'Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3'], axis = 1,
inplace = True)
train_data.head(3)
```

Out[22]:

	review	sentiment
0	عزازيل الذي صنعناه الكامن في أنفسنا يذكرني يوس	Positive
1	من أمتع ما قرأت من روايات بلا شك وحول الشك تدن	Positive
2	رواية تتخذ من التاريخ جوا لها اختار المؤلف فتر	Positive

Spliting Data (Train, Evaluation)

In [23]:

```
# First setting the max len , will be useful later for BERT Model
Extra_Len = 6 # an extra padding in length , found to be useful for increasing F
-score
Max Len = 512
print(Max Len)
#Spliting the Training data
Test Size = 0.20
Rand Seed = 42
train set, evaluation set = train test split( train data, test size= Test Size,
random state= Rand Seed)
y=pd.get dummies(train data.sentiment)
train set, X test, y train, y test = train test split(train data, y, test size =
0.20, random state = 42)
print("Train set: ")
print(train_set[Sentiment_Col_Train].value_counts())
print("-----")
print ("Evaluation set: ")
print (evaluation set[Sentiment Col Train].value counts())
512
Train set:
```


Preparing BERTModel Classes

In [24]:

```
Model Used = "UBC-NLP/MARBERT"
Task_Name = "classification"
class Dataset:
    def __init__(
        self,
        name,
        train,
        test,
        label list,
    ):
        self.name = name
        self.train = train
        self.test = test
        self.label list = label list
class BERTModelDataset(Dataset):
    def __init__(self, text, target, model_name, max len, label map):
      super(BERTModelDataset). init ()
      self.text = text
      self.target = target
      self.tokenizer name = model name
      self.tokenizer = AutoTokenizer.from pretrained(model name)
      self.max len = max len
      self.label map = label map
    def len (self):
      return len(self.text)
    def getitem (self,item):
      text = str(self.text[item])
      text = " ".join(text.split())
      encoded review = self.tokenizer.encode plus(
      text,
      max length= self.max len,
      add special tokens= True,
      return_token_type_ids=False,
      pad_to_max_length=True,
      truncation='longest first',
      return attention mask=True,
      return tensors='pt'
      input_ids = encoded_review['input_ids'].to(device)
      attention_mask = encoded_review['attention_mask'].to(device)
      return InputFeatures(input ids=input ids.flatten(), attention mask=attenti
on mask.flatten(), label=self.label map[self.target[item]])
```

In [25]:

```
def model init():
  return AutoModelForSequenceClassification.from_pretrained(Model_Used, return_d
ict=True, num labels=len(label map))
def compute metrics(p): #p should be of type EvalPrediction
  preds = np.argmax(p.predictions, axis=1)
 assert len(preds) == len(p.label ids)
 print(classification report(p.label ids,preds))
 #print(confusion matrix(p.label ids,preds))
 macro f1 pos neg = f1 score(p.label ids,preds,average='macro',labels=[1,2])
 macro_f1 = f1_score(p.label_ids,preds,average='macro')
 macro precision = precision score(p.label ids,preds,average='macro')
 macro recall = recall score(p.label ids,preds,average='macro')
 acc = accuracy score(p.label ids,preds)
  return {
      'macro f1' : macro f1,
      'macro_f1_pos_neg' : macro_f1_pos_neg,
      'macro precision': macro precision,
      'macro recall': macro recall,
      'accuracy': acc
  }
def set seed(seed):
   torch.manual seed(seed)
   torch.cuda.manual seed all(seed)
   torch.backends.cudnn.deterministic = True
   torch.backends.cudnn.benchmark = False
   np.random.seed(seed)
   random.seed(seed)
   os.environ['PYTHONHASHSEED'] = str(seed)
```

Build Train and Evaluation Datasets

In [26]:

```
label list = list(train set[Sentiment Col Train].unique())
print(label list)
print(train set[Sentiment Col Train].value counts())
data set = Dataset( "LABR", train set, evaluation set, label list )
label map = { v:index for index, v in enumerate(label list) }
print(label map)
train dataset = BERTModelDataset(train set[Text Col Train].to list(),
                                 train set[Sentiment Col Train].to list(),Model
Used,Max_Len,label_map)
evaluation dataset = BERTModelDataset(evaluation set[Text Col Train].to list(),
                                      evaluation set[Sentiment Col Train].to lis
t(), Model Used, Max Len, label map)
['Positive', 'Negative']
            32859
Positive
Negative
             6250
Name: sentiment, dtype: int64
{'Positive': 0, 'Negative': 1}
```

Define Training Arguments

In [27]:

```
#define training arguments
training args = TrainingArguments("./train")
training args.lr scheduler type = 'cosine'
training args.evaluate during training = True
training args.adam epsilon =1e-8
training args.learning rate = 1.7825500000000001e-05 # use this with org data
training_args.fp16 = True
training args.per device train batch size = 16
training args.per device eval batch size = 128
training args.gradient accumulation steps = 2
training args.num train epochs= 2
training args.warmup steps = 0
training args.evaluation strategy = EvaluationStrategy.EPOCH
training args.logging steps = 200
training args.save steps = 100000
training args.seed = 42
training args.disable tqdm = False
```

Build The Trainer

In [28]:

```
training_args.dataloader_pin_memory = False
gc.collect()
torch.cuda.empty_cache()
set_seed(Rand_Seed)

trainer = Trainer(
    model = model_init(),
    args = training_args,
    train_dataset = train_dataset,
    eval_dataset = evaluation_dataset,
    compute_metrics=compute_metrics
)

print(training_args.seed)
```

Some weights of the model checkpoint at UBC-NLP/MARBERT were not use d when initializing BertForSequenceClassification: ['cls.prediction s.bias', 'cls.predictions.transform.dense.weight', 'cls.predictions.transform.LayerNorm.weight', 'cls.predictions.transform.LayerNorm.bias', 'cls.predictions.decode r.weight', 'cls.seq_relationship.weight', 'cls.seq_relationship.bia s'l

- This IS expected if you are initializing BertForSequenceClassifica tion from the checkpoint of a model trained on another task or with another architecture (e.g. initializing a BertForSequenceClassificat ion model from a BertForPreTraining model).
- This IS NOT expected if you are initializing BertForSequenceClassi fication from the checkpoint of a model that you expect to be exactly identical (initializing a BertForSequenceClassification model from a BertForSequenceClassification model).

Some weights of BertForSequenceClassification were not initialized f rom the model checkpoint at UBC-NLP/MARBERT and are newly initialize d: ['classifier.weight', 'classifier.bias']

You should probably TRAIN this model on a down-stream task to be able to use it for predictions and inference.

42

Train

In [29]:

```
all_results = []

print(Max_Len)
print(training_args.learning_rate)
print(training_args.adam_epsilon)
print(training_args.warmup_steps)
trainer.train()

results = trainer.evaluate()
all_results.append(results)
print(results)
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/transformers/tokenization_uti ls_base.py:2143: FutureWarning: The `pad_to_max_length` argument is deprecated and will be removed in a future version, use `padding=Tru e` or `padding='longest'` to pad to the longest sequence in the batc h, or use `padding='max_length'` to pad to a max length. In this cas e, you can give a specific length with `max_length` (e.g. `max_length h=45`) or leave max_length to None to pad to the maximal input size of the model (e.g. 512 for Bert).

FutureWarning,

[2444/2444 50:40, Epoch 1/2]

Epoch	Training Loss	Validation Loss	Macro F1	F1 Pos Neg	Macro Precision	Macro Recall	Accuracy	Runtime
0	0.207700	0.191087	0.866039	0.386425	0.894353	0.843435	0.930865	124.536700
1	0.128400	0.230411	0.873862	0.393296	0.897671	0.854162	0.934240	124.477900
←								
		precisio	on re	call f	l-score	suppor	t	
	0	0.9	94	0.97	0.96	816	5	
	1	0.8	34	0.71	0.77	161	3	
ac	curacy				0.93	977	8	
mac	ro avg	0.8	39	0.84	0.87	977	8	
weight	ed avg	0.9	93	0.93	0.93	977	8	

Macro

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classificati on.py:1580: UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no true nor predicted samples. Use `zero_d ivision` parameter to control this behavior.

_warn_prf(average, "true nor predicted", "F-score is", len(true_su
m))

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/transformers/tokenization_utils_base.py:2143: FutureWarning: The `pad_to_max_length` argument is deprecated and will be removed in a future version, use `padding=True` or `padding='longest'` to pad to the longest sequence in the batch, or use `padding='max_length'` to pad to a max length. In this case, you can give a specific length with `max_length` (e.g. `max_length+45`) or leave max_length to None to pad to the maximal input size of the model (e.g. 512 for Bert).

FutureWarning,

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0 1	0.95 0.85	0.97 0.73	0.96 0.79	8165 1613
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.90 0.93	0.85 0.93	0.93 0.87 0.93	9778 9778 9778

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classificati on.py:1580: UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no true nor predicted samples. Use `zero_d ivision` parameter to control this behavior.

_warn_prf(average, "true nor predicted", "F-score is", len(true_su
m))

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/transformers/tokenization_utils_base.py:2143: FutureWarning: The `pad_to_max_length` argument is deprecated and will be removed in a future version, use `padding=True` or `padding='longest'` to pad to the longest sequence in the batch, or use `padding='max_length'` to pad to a max length. In this case, you can give a specific length with `max_length` (e.g. `max_length+45`) or leave max_length to None to pad to the maximal input size of the model (e.g. 512 for Bert).

FutureWarning,

[77/77 02:03]

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0 1	0.95 0.85	0.97 0.73	0.96 0.79	8165 1613
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.90 0.93	0.85 0.93	0.93 0.87 0.93	9778 9778 9778

{'eval_loss': 0.23041146993637085, 'eval_macro_f1': 0.87386151677575 04, 'eval_macro_f1_pos_neg': 0.3932957185529372, 'eval_macro_precisi on': 0.8976711966715547, 'eval_macro_recall': 0.8541620080872305, 'e val_accuracy': 0.9342401309061158, 'eval_runtime': 124.6487, 'eval_s amples per second': 78.444, 'epoch': 2.0}

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classificati on.py:1580: UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no true nor predicted samples. Use `zero_d ivision` parameter to control this behavior.

_warn_prf(average, "true nor predicted", "F-score is", len(true_su m))

Results

```
In [30]:
all_results
Out[30]:
[{'epoch': 2.0,
  'eval_accuracy': 0.9342401309061158,
  'eval_loss': 0.23041146993637085,
  'eval macro f1': 0.8738615167757504,
  'eval_macro_f1_pos_neg': 0.3932957185529372,
  'eval_macro_precision': 0.8976711966715547,
  'eval macro recall': 0.8541620080872305,
  'eval_runtime': 124.6487,
  'eval_samples_per_second': 78.444}]
In [31]:
from statistics import mean
mean([x['eval_macro_f1'] for x in all_results])
Out[31]:
```

0.8738615167757504