

MINI PROLOG

PART A

data types:-

Term :- have 2 constructors

Variable and Constant both take a String as a parameter <have different names allowed us to differentiate between variables and constants >

Prdct :-have Only one constructor Predicate that takes a string for the name of the predicate and a list of terms

Goals :- is of type type and not data because it is composed of builtin type list .Goals is composed of list of predicates

Rle :-have only one constructor Rule that takes a predicate

(head of rule) and list of predicates<Goals>

Solution:-have 2 constructors

Yes that takes a list of terms as a parameter and No that have no parameters

PART B

inunify:- takes 2 lists of type term and outputs a list of list in the form of

[[Variable"X",Constant ""Name"],
[Variable"Y" ,Constant"Name2"]]<

It pairs the inputted lists>

check:-checks if the inputted two lists of terms are identical if they are constants and if they are variables they are evaluated to true without any checks same for variable &&

constant and constant&variable
unify:-takes a predicate and a
list of predicates<data base>
and checks if the input
predicate unifies with any of
the predicates in the database
if yes it returns a list of
terms which is the values it
might have in order to unify
with the database if the
inputted predicate contains
variables otherwise if the
inputted list of variables in the
predicate query consists of
constants then the output would
be an empty list if the
fact<queried predicate> was
found in the database
unifyWithHead :- outputs unifies
out put in the form of solution

```
e.g.: -unifyWithHead  
(Predicate "game" [Variable "A", Constant "2", Constant "3"])  
[Predicate "game" [Constant "1", Constant "2", Constant "3"], Predicate  
"game" [Constant "4", Constant "3", Constant "5"], Predicate "game" [Constant  
"6", Constant "2", Constant "7"]]  
Yes [Variable "A", Constant "1"]
```

PART C

search:- takes as an input 2
list and searches for the
elements that are in the 1st
list but not in the 2nd
one<using contain as a helper>
it returns a list with all
differences

contains:- takes as an input 2
parameters a term and list of

terms searches for the term in the list return true if the element was found and false otherwise

getSimilarities:- takes a list of lists as an input and calls merge on the first 2 lists of the input list it removes duplicated elements in different lists from a list of lists of terms

searchin:- takes 2 lists of goals and checks if an element found in first list is found in the second list if yes then the next element in the 2nd list is accumulated to the output list else continue searching in the rest of the list the returned

list is a list of the updated name of the variables that the user have used in his/her query if any

unifyPredicate:- takes as an input a list of terms and a list of predicates representing database it matches the variables of the input with that of the data base and unifies with them to find the answer

applySolSubBody:- takes a list of valid solutions and list of Goals calls unifyPredicate and outputs a list of the goals that have to be achieved in order to get the valid list of solutions given in the query

```
applySolSubBody(Yes [Variable "X",Constant "slim",Variable
```

```
"X",Constant "salah"])[(Predicate "male" [Variable "X"]),  
(Predicate "Parent" [Variable "X",Variable "Y"])]  
[Predicate "male" [Constant "slim"],Predicate "male" [Constant  
"salah"],Predicate "Parent" [Constant "slim",Variable  
"Y"],Predicate "Parent" [Constant "salah",Variable "Y"]]
```

PART D

callUnifyPredicate:- takes a list of terms and a list of predicates and outputs a list of list of unified predicates <used to unify the list of goals>

isfact:-takes a list of terms and returns true if the list contains no variables

relevantRule:- takes as an input the query entered by the user and a list of a list of predicates representing data base

searchrelevantRule:- takes as an input a list of Predicates and the queried predicate and outputs a list of goals that are

relevant to the query

flatten:- flattens a list up till 2nd level with the help of flat

flat:- flattens a list of lists

searchFilterFact:- searches for the relevant facts that are needed in order to get a

solution that evaluates to true

checkConstant:- returns true if the given list is composed of only constants

try:- takes the user`s query and the database and outputs a list of all possible answer that will evaluate to true

eg

```
try(Predicate"father"[Variable"X",Variable"Y"])
```

```
[[[Predicate"male"[Constant"slim
```



```
"]]],  
[[Predicate"Parent"[Constant"sli  
m",Constant"sara"]]],  
[[Predicate"father"[Variable"X",  
Variable"Y"]],  
[(Predicate"male"[Variable"X"]),  
Predicate"Parent"[Variable"X",Va  
riable"Y"]]]]  
[Variable "X",Constant  
"slim",Variable "Y",Constant  
"sara"]
```

final:-takes the same input as
try and outputs the alternative
variable used by the user

```
e.g. final(Predicate"father"[Vari  
able"A",Variable"B"])  
[[[Predicate"male"[Constant"slim  
"]]],  
[[Predicate"male"[Constant"salah
```

```
"]]],  
[[Predicate"Parent"[Constant"sal  
ah",Constant"youmna"]]],  
[[Predicate"Parent"[Constant"sli  
m",Constant"sara"]]],  
[[Predicate"father"[Variable"X",  
Variable"Y"]],  
[(Predicate"male"[Variable"X"]),  
Predicate"Parent"[Variable"X",Va  
riable"Y"]]]]  
[Variable "A",Variable  
"X",Variable "B",Variable "Y"]
```

get:-takes list of goals <goals that match the query entered by user> and list of predicates that resembles the database and calles unify on the whole list it outputs a list of valid solutions for the entire body of

rule

removeEmptyList:-removes empty lists from a list of lists

merge:- checked if the first list is a subset of the second list if so then it returns the second list otherwise it returns the differences

replin:-matches the variables entered by the user to that in the database

```
replin 12 13[12,13,14,14,12]  
[13,13,14,14,13]
```

replacement:- recurs over the list of terms and calls replin on each term in order to change each X in the database to A entered by the user e.g.:

```
replacment[Variable  
"Y",Variable"B",Variable
```

```
"X",Variable "A"][Variable  
"X",Constant "salah",Variable  
"Y",Constant "youmna",Variable  
"X",Constant "slim",Variable  
"Y",Constant "sara"]  
[Variable "A",Constant  
"salah",Variable "B",Constant  
"youmna",Variable "A",Constant  
"slim",Variable "B",Constant  
"sara"]
```

about:-

```
about(Predicate"father"[Constant"slim",Variable"B"])  
[[[Predicate"male"[Constant"slim"]]],  
[[Predicate"male"[Constant"salah"]]],  
[[Predicate"Parent"[Constant"salah",Constant"youmna"]]],  
[[Predicate"Parent"[Constant"slim",Constant"sara"]]],  
[[Predicate"father"[Variable"X",Variable"Y"]],  
[(Predicate"male"[Variable"X"]),Predicate"Parent"[Variable"X",Va  
riable"Y"]]]]  
[Predicate "father" [Constant "slim",Variable "B"],Predicate  
"male" [Constant "slim"],Predicate "Parent" [Constant  
"slim",Variable "B"]]
```

allSolutions:- does the same job
as applySolSubBody but on list
eg.

```
allSolutions(Predicate"father"[V
```

```
variable"A",Variable"B"])  
[[[Predicate"male"[Constant"slim  
"]]],  
[[Predicate"male"[Constant"salah  
"]]],  
[[Predicate"Parent"[Constant"sal  
ah",Constant"youmna"]]],  
[[Predicate"Parent"[Constant"sli  
m",Constant"sara"]]],  
[[Predicate"father"[Variable"X",  
Variable"Y"]],  
[(Predicate"male"[Variable"X"]),  
Predicate"Parent"[Variable"X",Va  
riable"Y"]]]]  
Yes [Variable "A",Constant  
"salah",Variable "B",Constant  
"youmna",Variable "A",Constant  
"slim",Variable "B",Constant  
"sara"]
```

```
allSolutions(Predicate"father"[Constant"slim",Constant"sara"])  
[[[Predicate"male"[Constant"slim"]],[[Predicate"male"[Constant"salah"]]],  
[[Predicate"Parent"[Constant"salah",Constant"youmna"]]],  
[[Predicate"Parent"[Constant"slim",Constant"sara"]]],  
[[Predicate"father"[Variable"X",Variable"Y"]],  
[(Predicate"male"[Variable"X"]),Predicate"Parent"[Variable"X",Variable"Y"]]]]  
Yes ☐
```