

# C Programming

## A Historical Perspective

Dr. Charles R. Severance

[www.cc4e.com](http://www.cc4e.com)

[code.cc4e.com](http://code.cc4e.com) (sample code)

[online.dr-chuck.com](http://online.dr-chuck.com)

# Learning Path: [online.dr-chuck.com](http://online.dr-chuck.com)

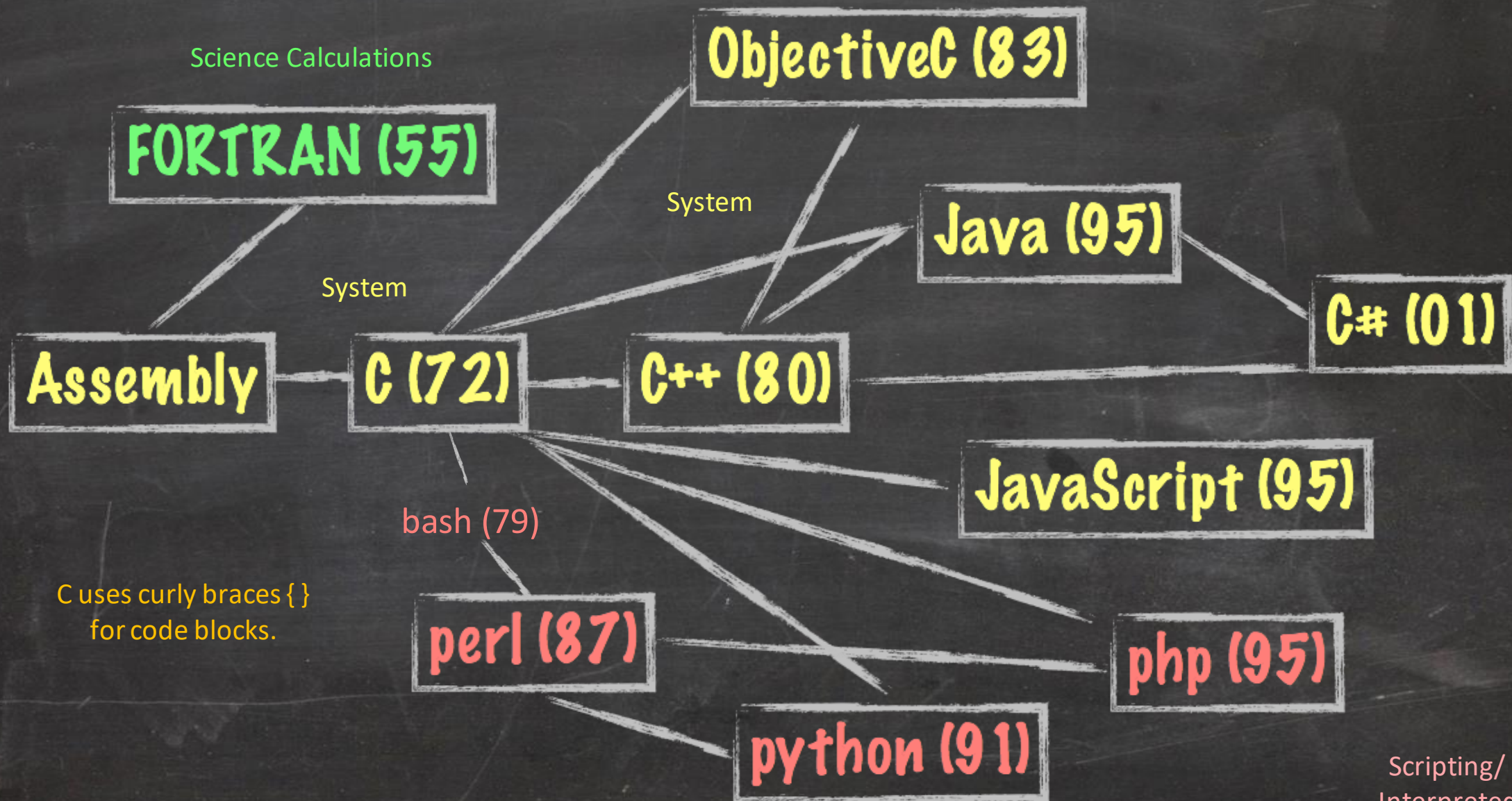
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- Computer Architecture
- Java Enterprise Application Development

# History of C

- 1969 – B Language – Word oriented (i.e. not byte oriented)
- 1972 – C Multiple types including (byte / character)
- 1972 – 1978 – C and UNIX co-evolved with a goal of increasingly less assembly language in UNIX
- **1978 – K&R C**
- 1989 – C89 / ANSI – void type, C++ declarations, character sets, locales
- 1990 - C90 / ISO C
- 1999 – C99 – complex type, // comments, Unicode
- 2011 – C11 – Library improvements
- 2018 – C17 - Cleanup of C11

# Modern C / Future of C / post-C

- Challenges to use C as general purpose languages
  - No dynamic memory support in the core types / libraries
  - No “safe” string type
- C++ is best thought of as a more powerful and flexible C for professional programmers and systems applications
- Java / JavaScript / C# / Python – Types are usually objects – not “close to the metal” – Not as well suited for an operating system Kernel
- The likely follow on to C in systems applications is Rust
  - Stays close to the metal while providing simple and safe core data types
  - Becoming the second official language in “Linux”



Scripting/  
Interpreted

# A Brief History of Computers

- 1940's – Top Secret / Military / WWII (<https://dr-chuck.com>)
- Early 1950's – Custom built
- Late 1950's – Companies like IBM, DEC, etc. begin selling computers
- 1960's – More companies, less expensive, wider range of options
- Late 1960's – Many kinds of computers old/new/fast/slow
- **1970's – Searching for "the one" solution for software**
- 1980's – Microprocessors and Personal Computers – performance++
- 1990's – The network is the computer – performance++
- 2000's – Amazon AWS founded in 2002 – computing as commodity

# History of UNIX

- 1960s – Multics
- 1970 – UNIX on a DEC PDP 11/20
- 1973 – UNIX Rewritten in C – Ran only on the PDP 11
- 1978 – UNIX ran on the Interdata 8/32 - C Evolved as well to support portability so UNIX could be ported
- **1978 – Unix version 7 ran on DEC VAX systems**
- **1978 – 1BSD Unix Released from Berkeley Software Distribution**
- 1982 - Sun Microsystems Founded – UNIX Workstation
- Late 1980's Intellectual Property became complex

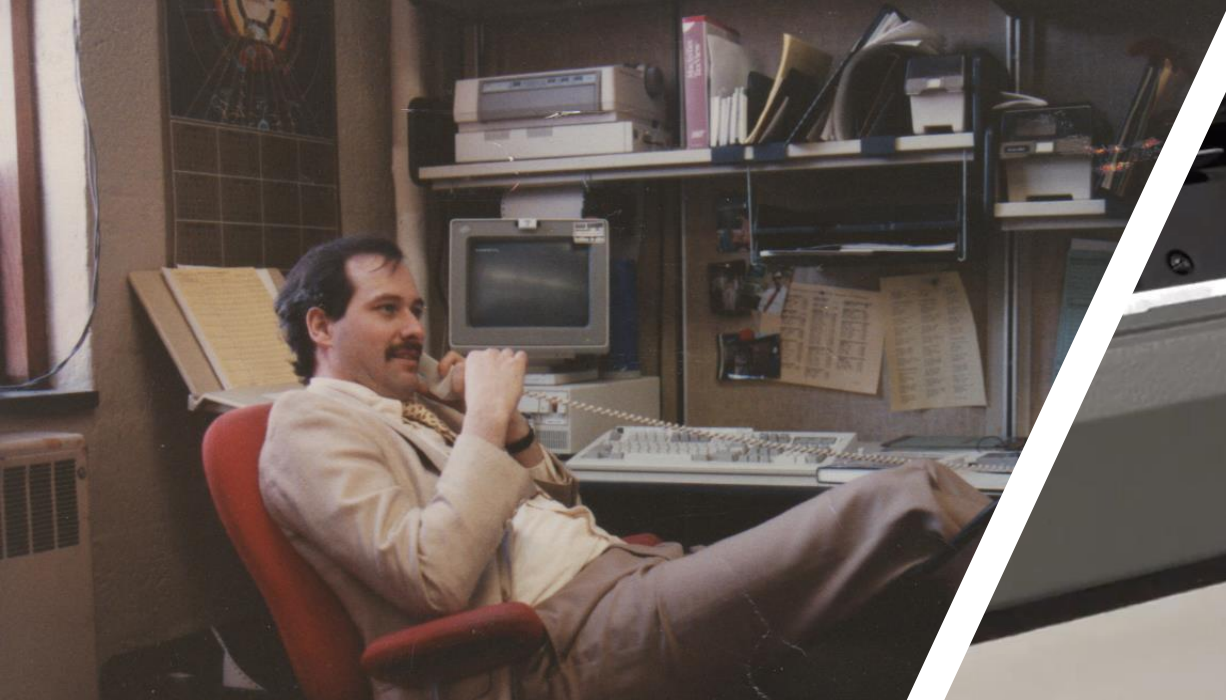
# The post-UNIX world

- Late 1980's UNIX was very popular – AT&T saw an opportunity to commercialize their work. Many variations of UNIX had bits and pieces taken from AT&T UNIX – it got complex quickly
- 1987 – Minux was developed as a fresh ground-up implementation by Andrew S. Tannenbaum to teach operating system concepts – it was free but modification and redistribution were restricted.
- 1991 – Linus Torvalds wanted to build a fresh ground up implementation of the “UNIX” kernel that was 100% free – some of the utility code came from the GPL-Licensed GNU project
- 1992 – Linux adopted the GPL license

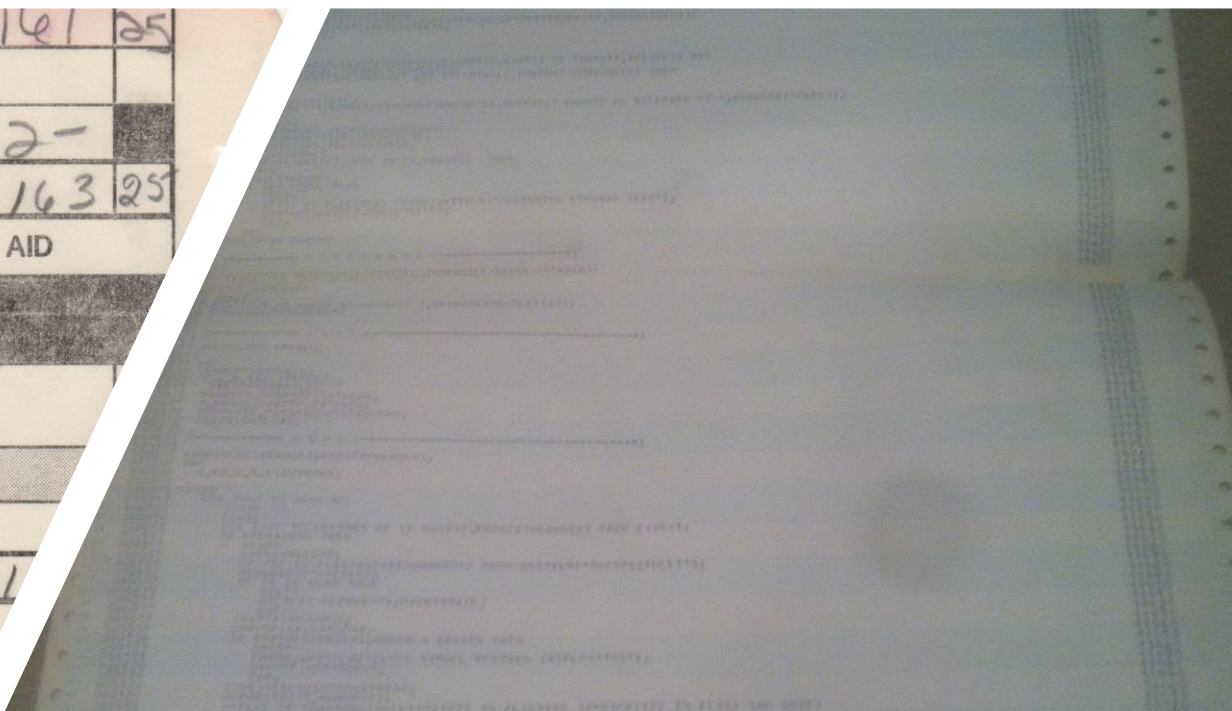


# A Brief History of Dr. Chuck

- **1970's – CDC 6500 / SCOPE/Hustler / FORTRAN / Pascal / Assembly**
- 1980's
  - HP21MX – Assembly
  - Burroughs B4900 / COBOL
  - Fortune 32:13 / UNIX / C
  - IBM PC / DOS / DBase / Turbo Pascal
  - IBM 360 / Assembly
  - DEC VAX / VMS / Fortran
  - AT&T 3B2 / UNIX / C / FORTRAN
- 1990's – UNIX / Sun / Ardent / Stellar / IBM RS-6000 / Convex C2400 / NeXT – C - Also TCP/IP, HTTP – Windows / MacOS
- 2000's – Linux / MacOS – Java / PHP / JavaScript
- 2010's – Linux / MacOS – Python / Java / PHP / JavaScript



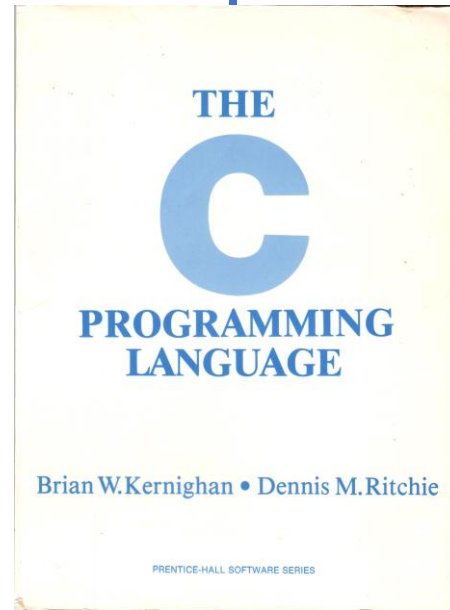
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# C Programming for Everybody

- C is the most important programming language you will ever learn
- C should not be the first programming language we teach to students
- You might never write a “professional” line of C during your career
- Learning C at the right time in your path, is necessary for you to become a master programmer
- Be patient – do not rush – **do not** search for solutions to programming
- Each exercise is teaching you something and preparing you to learn something much more challenging later in the course

# Unlocking Advanced Topics



Data Structures



Computer Architecture

Object Oriented Design

Hardware

Service Oriented Architecture

# Summary

- History of the C Language
- History of Computer Hardware
- History of the UNIX operating system
- History of “Dr. Chuck” and Computing
- Gender balance in computing

# Acknowledgements / Contributions

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