## Run java jar file on a server as background process

Asked 11 years, 1 month ago Modified 11 months ago Viewed 279k times



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I need to run a java jar in server in order to communicate between two applications. I have written two shell scripts to run it, but once I start up that script I can't shut down / terminate the process. If I press ctrl + c or close the console, the server will shut down. Could anyone help me how to modify this script to run as a normal server?



#!/bin/sh
java -jar /web/server.jar
echo \$!

#> startupApp.pid

shell unix executable-jar

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edited Jan 2, 2017 at 10:35

Lefty G Balogh
1,781 3 27 40

asked Aug 24, 2012 at 1:49

Bernad Ali

1,709 6 23 29

4 Answers

Highest score (default)

Sorted by:



You can try this:



#!/bin/sh
nohup java -jar /web/server.jar &



The & symbol, switches the program to run in the background.



The nohup utility makes the command passed as an argument run in the background even after you log out.



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answered Aug 24, 2012 at 11:34



Anton Beloglazov 4,959 1 21 9

- 1 Thanks Anton, currntly im stopping the server by killing the process id.i don't think it's best practice.is thery command to to stop the server? Bernad Ali Aug 25, 2012 at 5:01
- 3 Short answer: it depends on the server. Long answer: as far as I know, there is no safe way to shut down a process without the process supporting such graceful shut downs. For example, if it's a web server being terminated by an external signal, there is always a possibility that some requests

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sending it a request of that special kind. Otherwise, killing the process by its ID is the simple way.

– Anton Beloglazov Aug 27, 2012 at 0:33

1 Using nohup should always be combined with redirecting stdout and stderr explicitly -otherwise, you don't get control of where the logs go, and end up with an ugly nohup out
created in whichever directory this script happens to be invoked from. – Charles Duffy Dec 14,
2018 at 16:23

@Anton when I run a script(just like your answer) with SSH EXEC runjar.sh. It started streaming the logs in my local terminal and if close my terminal my jar gets killed. How can I run a jar in the background using SSH EXEC? – AATHITH RAJENDRAN Feb 19, 2020 at 6:16



**Systemd** which now runs in the majority of distros

74

## Step 1:



Find your user defined services mine was at /usr/lib/systemd/system/

## Step 2:

Create a text file with your favorite text editor name it whatever\_you\_want.service

# Step 3:

Put following **Template** to the file whatever\_you\_want.service

```
[Unit]
Description=webserver Daemon

[Service]
ExecStart=/usr/bin/java -jar /web/server.jar
User=user

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

## Step 4:

#### Run your service

as super user

```
$ systemctl start whatever_you_want.service # starts the service
$ systemctl enable whatever_you_want.service # auto starts the service
$ systemctl disable whatever_you_want.service # stops autostart
$ systemctl stop whatever_you_want.service # stops the service
$ systemctl restart whatever_you_want.service # restarts the service
```

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user285594



This is the modern way of doing it - aardbol May 30, 2019 at 18:21

4 on aws ubutnu image I had to install systemd then found the image in /etc/systemd/system/ – Robbo\_UK Jun 3, 2019 at 13:46

Where could I find the logs with this method? - Sajeer Babu Apr 26, 2022 at 6:39

If you have created the file, but face issue like "Failed to start ---- service", then run systemctl daemon-reload before Step 4. <u>unix.stackexchange.com/questions/364782/...</u> – abitcode Aug 15, 2022 at 19:51



If you're using Ubuntu and have "Upstart" (<a href="http://upstart.ubuntu.com/">http://upstart.ubuntu.com/</a>) you can try this:



Create /var/init/yourservice.conf



with the following content



```
description "Your Java Service" author "You"
```

emit yourservice\_running

1

```
start on runlevel [3]
stop on shutdown

expect fork

script
    cd /web
    java -jar server.jar >/var/log/yourservice.log 2>&1
```

Now you can issue the service yourservice start and service yourservice stop commands. You can tail /var/log/yourservice.log to verify that it's working.

If you just want to run your jar from the console without it hogging the console window, you can just do:

```
java -jar /web/server.jar > /var/log/yourservice.log 2>&1
```

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end script

```
edited Feb 19, 2020 at 7:15

Serg

2.346 3 29 38
```

answered Aug 24, 2012 at 2:41

Strelok 50.4k

**50.4k** 9 102 116

- 3 Is that a systemd service? This question is not tagged linux, and very few distros have systemd by default. jordanm Aug 24, 2012 at 3:15
- 1 I will amend the question to say that this is using "upstart" which is included in ubuntu. Strelok

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I believe for the last advice if you want it to run in the background and the shell got released, you should do: java -jar /web/server.jar > /var/log/yourservice.log 2>&1 & - Montaro May 6, 2015 at 22:52 🧪

All system jobs by default live in the following directory: /etc/init/ ... By default, there is no /var/init/ directory in Ubuntu 14.04. - Michael Lafayette Sep 9, 2015 at 16:30

Also, starting a service requires "sudo". sudo service yourservice start - Michael Lafayette Sep 9, 2015 at 16:36



Run in background and add logs to log file using the following:



nohup java -jar /web/server.jar > log.log 2>&1 &



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answered Jun 18, 2020 at 5:29

KayV

13.1k 99 148



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