(2) Suppose
$$s''(\beta) > s''(\beta')$$
, β' $f(s''(\beta), \beta') > f(s''(\beta'), \beta)$

$$f(s''(\beta), \beta') > f(s''(\beta'), \beta')$$

$$f(s, \beta) = u_1(u - s_1) + \sum_{t=1}^{T} \beta^{t''} U_t(s_{t-1} - s_t)$$

$$= u_1(w - s_1) + V(s_1, \beta)$$

$$s' > s : f(s', \beta) > f(s, \beta)$$

$$V(s', \beta) - V(s, \beta) > U_1(w - s_1) - U_1(w - s_1')$$
incomplete

see solution
$$p' > \beta : \sum_{t=2}^{T} \beta^{t-1} (u_t(s'_{t-1} - s'_{t}) - u_t(s_{t-1} - s_t)) \leq \sum_{t=2}^{T} \beta^{t-1} (u_t(s'_{t-1} - s'_{t-1}) - u_t(s_{t-1} - s_t))$$

> U, (w-s,) -U, (w-s,)

=) f(s', p') > f(s, p')

(2) 1) 3:
$$3 \times 40 + 1 \times 50 = 170$$

 $95: 2 \times 55 + 2 \times 40 = 190$
 $2 \times 40 + 2 \times 50 = 180$

2) max
$$f(z) \cdot P$$
 s.t. $w_1 z_1 + w_2 z_2 \le C$

$$\mathcal{L} = f(z) P + \lambda \left(C - w_1 z_1 - w_2 z_2 \right)$$

Envolope Theorem.

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\alpha w_{\ell}}{(1-\alpha)w_{1}} \qquad \omega_{1} + w_{2} + \omega_{2} = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} 3_{1} = \frac{\alpha C}{w_{1}} \\ 3_{2} = \frac{(1-\alpha)C}{w_{2}} \end{cases}$$

ID:
$$f(x', t') - f(x, t') \ge f(x', t) - f(x, t)$$

If $f(x', t) - f(x, t) \ge 0$ $f(x', t') - f(x, t') \ge 0$
 \longrightarrow \longrightarrow \longrightarrow \longrightarrow \longrightarrow \longrightarrow \longrightarrow

$$(f(x',t')+g(x',t'))-(f(x,t')+g(x,t'))$$
 \geq $(f(x',t)+g(x',t))-(f(x,t)+g(x,t))$

(3)
$$g(x,t) = f(x)$$

 $g(x',t') - g(x',t) = f(x') - f(x') = 0$
 $g(x,t') - g(x,t) = f(x) - f(x) = 0$
(4) $f(x,t) = ax^{\alpha}t^{\beta}$ $a.\alpha, \beta \geq 0$
 $f(x',t') - f(x',t) = ax^{\alpha}t^{\beta} - ax^{\alpha}t^{\beta}$.
 $= ax^{\alpha}(t^{\beta}-t^{\beta})$,
 $f(x,t') - f(x,t) = ax^{\alpha}t^{\beta} - ax^{\alpha}t^{\beta}$.
 $= ax^{\alpha}(t^{\beta}-t^{\beta})$,
 $ax^{\alpha} > ax^{\alpha} \Rightarrow ax^{\alpha}(t^{\beta}-t^{\beta}) > ax^{\alpha}(t^{\beta}-t^{\beta})$
(1) $f(x',t) > f(x',t) > f(x,t)$
 $f(x',t) > f(x,t) > f(x,t)$
 $f(x',t') > f(x,t') > f(x,t')$
 $f(x',t') > f(x,t') > f(x,t')$
 $f(x',t') > f(x,t') > f(x,t')$
 $f(x',t') - f(x,t') > f(x,t') > f(x,t')$
 $f(x',t') - f(x,t') > f(x,t') > f(x,t')$

Apply Envolage Thm