

# Lecture 22

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## 1 Reynolds Transport Theorem

Derivation: Consider a one dimensional flow with one inlet and one outlet.

At time  $t$ ,

$$B_{\text{sys}}(t) = B_{\text{cv}}(t)$$

As both the system and control volume are equivalent.

At time  $t + \Delta t$ ,

$$B_{\text{sys}}(t + \Delta t) = B_{\text{cv}}(t + \Delta t) + \Delta B_{\text{out}} - \Delta B_{\text{in}}$$

As  $B_{\text{sys}}(t + \Delta t)$  contains some  $B$  which has left the control volume, but it does not contain the new  $B$  that has entered it. Then

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dB_{\text{sys}}}{dt} &= \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{B_{\text{sys}}(t + \Delta t) - B_{\text{sys}}(t)}{\Delta t} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{B_{\text{cv}}(t + \Delta t) + \Delta B_{\text{out}} - \Delta B_{\text{in}} - B_{\text{cv}}(t)}{\Delta t} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{B_{\text{cv}}(t + \Delta t) - B_{\text{cv}}(t)}{\Delta t} + \dot{B}_{\text{out}} - \dot{B}_{\text{in}} \\ &= \frac{dB_{\text{cv}}}{dt} + \dot{B}_{\text{out}} - \dot{B}_{\text{in}} \end{aligned}$$

Derivation: General Case with multiple inlets and outlets,  $\rho, V, b$  may not be uniform across the inlet and outlet parts, and  $\vec{v}$  may not be normal to the inlet and outlet cross-sections.

We define

$$d\vec{A} := dA\hat{n}$$

Then

$$dm = \rho \vec{v} \cdot d\vec{A}$$

so

$$\dot{B}_{\text{net}} = \dot{B}_{\text{out}} - \dot{B}_{\text{in}} = \oint_{cs} \rho b \vec{v} \cdot d\vec{A}$$

and finally

$$\frac{dB_{\text{sys}}}{dt} = \frac{dB_{\text{cv}}}{dt} + \oint_{cs} \rho b \vec{v} \cdot d\vec{A}$$

**Example 1.1.** Derive the conservation of mass equation in Eulerian form using the RTT.

In Lagrangian form:  $\frac{dm_{\text{sys}}}{dt} = 0$

In Eulerian form:

$$\frac{dm_{\text{cs}}}{dt} + \dot{m}_{\text{out}} - \dot{m}_{\text{in}} = 0$$

Which can be rewritten as

$$\frac{d}{dt} \iiint_{cv} \rho dV + \oint_{cs} \rho \vec{v} \cdot d\vec{A} = 0$$

## 2 Momentum Equation

Derivation: In Lagrangian form,

$$\sum \vec{F}_{\text{sys}} = \frac{d}{dt} \vec{M} = \frac{d}{dt} \int_{\text{sys}} \vec{v} \rho dV$$

Substituting RTT,

$$\sum \vec{F}_{\text{sys}} = \frac{d}{dt} \vec{M}_{\text{cv}} + \dot{\vec{M}}_{\text{net}} = \frac{d}{dt} \iiint_{\text{cv}} \vec{v} \rho dV + \oint_{\text{cv}} \vec{v} (\rho \vec{v} \cdot d\vec{A})$$