Lecture 2

Why is hardware faster than software?

- Software usually has lots of things getting in the way
 - 1. Set of instructions to be excecuted
 - 2. Fetches instructions and data from memory
 - 3. Puts answers back in memory
 - 4. Keeps asking for instructions
 - 5. Very general
- Hardware has less
 - 1. Doesn't require instructions
 - 2. Data arranged to be there on time; no fetching
 - 3. If it isn't fast enough: build more hardware!

Transistors, Gates, Adders take time

- Electricity travels at the speed of light, but
- Wires have resistance
- Wires and transistors have capacitance

When to build hardware?

- Software are easier to create and test
- Hardware has to be manufactured, and cannot be easily modified
- It is only done when software isn't fast enough, or power is too high

What is assembly language? High level languages such as C/C++ are independent of processors. A compiler such as gcc optimises it, writes architecture specific assembly which is then converted to machine code

- Assembly is only really used when high speed or specific behaviour is needed, or when making drivers for certain I/O devices
- We learn it to learn how computers operate, understand compilers and computer architecture
- We will use RISC-V in this course
 - RISC: reduced instruction-set computer
 - Open-source instruction set architecture (ISA)

 ${\bf Number\ systems}\quad {\bf Decimal,\ Binary,\ Hexadecimal,\ 60,\ 20,\ 12}$