



CSS combinators, pseudo-class and pseudo-element

All CSS Combinator Selectors

Selector	Example	Example description
<u>element element</u>	div p	Selects all elements inside <div> elements</div>
<u>element>element</u>	div > p	Selects all elements where the parent is a <div> element</div>
<u>element+element</u>	div + p	Selects the first element that are placed immediately after <div> elements</div>
element1~element2	p~ul	Selects every element that are preceded by a element

All CSS Pseudo Elements

Selector	Example	Example description
::after	p::after	Insert content after every element
::before	p::before	Insert content before every element
::first-letter	p::first-letter	Selects the first letter of every element
::first-line	p::first-line	Selects the first line of every element
::selection	p::selection	Selects the portion of an element that is selected by a user





All CSS Pseudo Classes

Selector	Example	Example description
:active	a:active	Selects the active link
:checked	input:checked	Selects every checked <input/> element
:disabled	input:disabled	Selects every disabled <input/> element
:empty	p:empty	Selects every element that has no children
<u>:enabled</u>	input:enabled	Selects every enabled <input/> element
:first-child	p:first-child	Selects every elements that is the first child of its parent
:first-of-type	p:first-of-type	Selects every element that is the first element of its parent
:focus	input:focus	Selects the <input/> element that has focus
:hover	a:hover	Selects links on mouse over
:in-range	input:in-range	Selects <input/> elements with a value within a specified range
:invalid	input:invalid	Selects all <input/> elements with an invalid value
:lang(language)	p:lang(it)	Selects every element with a lang attribute value starting with "it"
:last-child	p:last-child	Selects every elements that is the last child of its parent
:last-of-type	p:last-of-type	Selects every element that is the last element of its parent
:link	a:link	Selects all unvisited links
:not(selector)	:not(p)	Selects every element that is not a element
:nth-child(n)	p:nth-child(2)	Selects every element that is the second child of its parent
:nth-last-child(n)	p:nth-last-child(2)	Selects every element that is the second child of its parent, counting from the last child





:nth-last-of-type(n)	p:nth-last-of-type(2)	Selects every element that is the second element of its parent, counting from the last child
:nth-of-type(n)	p:nth-of-type(2)	Selects every element that is the second element of its parent
:only-of-type	p:only-of-type	Selects every element that is the only element of its parent
:only-child	p:only-child	Selects every element that is the only child of its parent
:optional	input:optional	Selects <input/> elements with no "required" attribute
:out-of-range	input:out-of-range	Selects <input/> elements with a value outside a specified range
<u>:read-only</u>	input:read-only	Selects <input/> elements with a "readonly" attribute specified
<u>:read-write</u>	input:read-write	Selects <input/> elements with no "readonly" attribute
:required	input:required	Selects <input/> elements with a "required" attribute specified
<u>:root</u>	root	Selects the document's root element
<u>:target</u>	#news:target	Selects the current active #news element (clicked on a URL containing that anchor name)
:valid	input:valid	Selects all <input/> elements with a valid value
:visited	a:visited	Selects all visited links

Reference:

https://www.w3schools.com/css/css_combinators.asp

https://www.w3schools.com/css/css_pseudo_elements.asp

https://www.w3schools.com/css/css_pseudo_classes.asp